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APRIL: A special issue devoted to a symposium on consumer

preferences in postwar housing . . . including contributions by

leading editors of general magazines.



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VOLUME 82. NUMBER 3

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THESE FIGURES are not ours. They were revealed in a nation-wide survey made by the Reader-Consumer Panel of American Home Magazine.

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> Upson Quality Products Are Easily Identified by The Famous <u>Blue</u>-Center

> > PANELS

CRACKPROOF

NEWS... 56,000 more war houses (this page) ... Wallace to spearhead urban redevelopment in Commerce Department (this page) ... Murray Committee will gauge postwar building jobs (page 6) ... House built like a plane is born in Wichita (page 8) ... Prefabs for Britain fill many a plant (page 10).

RECONVERSION OUTLOOK

There will be no sudden lifting of war controls after the collapse of Germany. Prompt shifting of the war effort to the Pacific will mean tightened controls, especially of manpower to block any big shift from war to peace jobs. In communities where surplus manpower is available, Building can expect gradual acceleration of the H-2 or "hardship" housing program. There are no present prospects for easement of L-41 building restrictions.

Even when L-41 can be revoked, war price controls on building materials will stick. WPB and OPA are sure to use price controls during the reconversion period to check an inflationary scramble for materials. If L-41 were repealed entirely, Building would be the only major industry benefiting from material price ceilings whose end product is not price-regulated. A good bet is that L-41 authority for programming new construction according to price class will be the last part of that famous order to be wiped off the books.

Already price inflation in existing properties has reached threatening proportions. With Congress still reluctant to try to tax away speculative profits on real estate sales, OPAdministrator Chester Bowles asked for extension of the price control act to put a ceiling on property prices. But some thought it would be easier to check the bounding prices by clamping down on mortgage credit, the only kind of installment credit not now controlled.

Building's new war assignment was 56,000 more houses; public money would pay for 36,000, private capital supply the rest. After a long stall in the Budget Bureau, extension of the Federal Housing Administration's war insuring authority by another \$100 million was finally on its way to Congressional approval. This means that private building can soon get started on its quota of 20,000 houses. For the first time in many months the NHAdministrator got approval for almost all the public war housing money he asked from the cautious House Appropriations Committee. The new appropriation of \$84,373,000, which will soon clear Congress, brings public expenditure for war housing to more than \$1½ billion. Spurred by Army and Navy demands for immediate housing, the Committee, for once, did not try to whittle down NHA's definition of urgent need.

But Congress was not yet convinced of the need, almost equally urgent, for planning postwar public works. Of the \$75 million in federal funds it promised to state and local governments for works planning (ARCH FORUM, Jan. '45), Congress is ready to supply only \$5 million. While Mayor Fiorello La-Guardia and others tried to convince Congress that pennypinching now would mean dollars wasted later, New York went ahead with its own plans for keeping Building busy in 194X. First step towards cooperative private redevelopment was reported from Brooklyn, where savings banks said they would team together to buy acreage that would be condemned by the city when it starts work on Brooklyn's proposed civic center. The banks will finance an apartment development adjoining the civic center site.

FULL BUILDING EMPLOYMENT?

With Senate confirmation of Henry Wallace as Secretary of Commerce at month's end, rumors mounted in Washington of big things ahead for Building. Already building men are being quietly tapped for Commerce jobs. The Budget Bureau is looking at plans that would give the Department responsibility for an urban redevelopment program and for technical assistance to construction enterprise.

Because a thriving building industry is the keystone of full national employment, because the rebuilding of our cities is perhaps the most challenging opportunity before private initiative, men who have worked with Wallace say he can be expected to put these two goals near the top of the Commerce job. As Secretary of Agriculture, Wallace expanded the extension service that gives the farmer expert help in improving his product. It is a good bet that he will steer the Department of Commerce in *(Continued on page 6)*

NEWS

the same direction, make it serve the urban economy just as Agriculture serves the rural economy. One proposal now under study is to group under Commerce government aids and services relating to city planning, neighborhood development, traffic control, land use and taxation. The Department is already operating in some of these fields, but it lacks the direct and familiar approach that Agriculture has developed in its extension service.

Commerce has paid scant attention to building problems since Herbert Hoover's study of home ownership and of building codes. Hoover left the Department a weighty legacy of research activities, and the flow of statistical and fac-



WALLACE: let's work together

tual data has never ceased. But, for the most part, the Department has lacked the drive to put its research in useable shape and in the hands of men who need it. Examples:

▶ Census Bureau housing studies are a gold mine of information for those who know how to analyze them. Wallace's approach would be to have economists and marketing specialists relate these statistics to what the average builder should know about buying trends.

▶ Bureau of Standards materials testing is the most valuable part of the Department's present service to building. But the Bureau's last published study of building materials was so technical that almost nobody in the industry could understand it.

Park-and-shop developments have been statistically measured by the Department, but the figures have never been interpreted.

Under an active service program as planned by Wallace, all these studies and many new ones could provide valuable guidance for building enterprise. "If unemployment of men results from unemployment of ideas, we will know whom to blame."

-Anon.

"EVER-NORMAL" CONSTRUCTION

Like Henry Wallace, Senator James E. Murray (Dem., Mont.) believes the system that yielded a \$170 billion national income in time of war can yield 60 million jobs in time of peace. With Wallace, Senator Murray believes that existing government mechanisms — taxation, social security, foreign trade regulation, monopoly control, fiscal policy—can be used to supplement the competitive effort of private capital in maintaining an "ever-normal" economy.

The Murray bill, giving the federal government power to balance the national job budget, is now before Congress. It is no coincidence that the author of this plan for evening out the irregular cycles of business activity is interested in the building industry. For of all industries, construction shows the highest booms and the lowest busts. Last month Senator Murray said that his Small Business Committee will soon undertake the umpteenth probe of Building's problems.

The Committee will go to work on these questions:

How much of a 60 million job goal can Building reasonably be expected to provide?

How soon will it be ready to put men to work?



MURRAY: how many building jobs?

Will it need special help to get off to a prompt reconversion start?

How can a public works program best be used to keep Building on an even keel?

Unlike some of the Congressional

building inquiries that have preceded it, the Murray study will not be a witchhunt. The Committee is not anxious to travel the rutted roads of old controversies. It hopes instead to point new directions.

REAL ESTATE PRICE CURB?

For months the Federal Housing Administration has spoken solemnly about the threat of runaway real estate prices. For months the Federal Home Loan Bank Administration has frowned at soaring appraisals. For months lenders have told each other how important it is to get a firmer grip on giddy values. But real estate and farm land prices are still chasing each other up the hill of inflation. A National Housing Agency "opinion" survey found that house prices in some war-crowded cities have increased as much as 75-100 per cent over the last four years. Small money was booming the market (it was easy to buy, impossible to rent), but big money was in it, too. Trustees and institutional owners shook many an expensive foreclosure out of old portfolios; in New York, Chicago, Los Angeles, Miami, it was a poor week that did not see a dozen downtown properties change hands. In a period of bounding prices and ready money, real estate remained the only major commodity unregulated by federal price control.

Last month the worry about real estate inflation spread beyond federal housing circles. Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau joined the general viewing-with-alarm, put in a word for a capital gains tax designed to halt speculation. Federal Reserve Board Chairman Marriner Eccles dramatized the danger for the Senate Banking Committee: "It means that the soldier will come home, buy a farm or home at inflated prices and then find the same thing happening to him that happened after the last war — the bottom drops out."

Eccles wants Congress to add a clause to the existing capital gains tax, strong enough to wring out all of the profit in quick turnover of real estate or securities. The tax would be graduated according to the length of ownership preceding sale. Profits from quick resales would be taxed away. Proposed more than a year ago to check farm land price rises (ARCH FORUM, Sept., '43), this kind of tax has so far failed to arouse much enthusiasm from Congress. There were no signs that Congress was ready to take Eccles advice, close the road up the hill that leads to mortgage collapse.

Photos: Dave Robbins



ARCHITECTS stage their own political rally at Waldorf-Astoria, hear Joseph Hudnut, dean of Harvard's Graduate School of Design (left), and George Howe, Public Building Administration Commissioner for Design and Construction. John Burchard (MIT) smokes a pipe.

PLANNING IS POLITICS

Weary of city planning and rebuilding as practiced on the podium instead of on the ground, some 100 top-flight architects and planners got together in New York last month to organize a society whose credo will be action instead of debate.

The members of the new American Society of Architects and Planners are men who believe that modern design is more than putting flat roofs and corner windows on little houses. In spirit, the Society is closer to CIO's Political Action Committee than to any traditional pattern of professional organization. Just as labor is beginning to understand that its traditional aims can best be achieved by action on the political front, conscientious planners are seeking the political force without which their professional aims may be forever frustrated.

Although ASAP is dedicated to action, opposed to fruitless verbiage, a semantic controversy pre-empted a large part of the first meeting, a day-long session at the Waldorf. (Shouted one member: "I am anti-semantic!") Heated discussion about what the new group should call itself was finally resolved in time to hear the National Housing Agency's Jacob Crane report on British planning and AFofL's Boris Shishkin tell about labor's stake in better building.

Dean Joseph Hudnut, elected ASAP president, told members that they cannot hope to be politically effective until they end separatism in their own ranks. "It is unthinkable that planners, however enraptured by the promises of science, can long continue an indifference to the interpretation of their subject matter in the language of structures set in space, or that architects, discovering the true dignity of their art in social serviceability, should long neglect its power to give meaning and importance to the human drama."

The Society will make a beginning on its theme of linking planning to action by going to work to secure backing for a unified neighborhood development. Recognizing that sound planning and building calls for teamwork that will include not only architects and planners but also sociologists and economists, ASAP hopes to devise a pattern for such collaboration. George Howe is the group's vice-president; Hugh Stubbins, Jr., is secretary.

LOST & PROFOUND DEPARTMENT

"One New York decorator derived very happy inspiration from the sudden sight of a blue garbage can trailing a bit of watermelon."

HOUSE & GARDEN

BOOM FOR PREFAB

The first 500 barracks units promised by the U. S. to house French dock workers were already on their way. Last month WPB voted a top priority rating for the first 7,000 family units promised to Britain, approved a material allotment to cover the whole job of 30,000 houses. Enough space in British ships to deliver the houses would soon be earmarked. Even the closet door controversy (ARCH FORUM, Feb., '45) had smoothed into amity. The British negotiators had argued stubbornly for closet doors; WPB had been equally as

(Continued on page 10)



NHA's Charles Ascher, Marcel Breuer, Robert Kennedy (M.I.T.)



G. E. Kidder Smith, Philip Johnson, Har vard's Walter Gropius, Eero Saarinen



Lt. Vernon DeMars, Paul Lester Wiener, Elizabeth Mock (Museum of Modern Art)



Hugh Stubbins, John Johansen, Morris Ketchum, Jr.



José Sert, Siegfried Giedion, Herman Field



Boris Shishkin (AFofL), Oscar Stonorov, Catherine Bauer Wurster

Ignoring the past, embracing today, will this round prefab capture tomorrow?

Last month in Wichita, Kansas the first house completely engineered for factory production was finished — on paper. Beech Aircraft was turning out the first parts for a full-sized model. If the model meets Beech engineering tests, the aircraft company will stand ready to produce the house by the thousands. If the model meets Army Air Force tests for barracks use in the Pacific theater, both materials and immediate volume orders will be assured—and the mass-produced house, presaged by visionaries over the last quarter-century, will be on its way to a mass market.

Inventor Buckminster Fuller likes to explain the tension support principle basic in his house design as a matter of using every existing force to maximum advantage. Fuller's radical re-design of house structure has existed as a stimulating theory for two decades. If the famous Dymaxion house is finally translated into the reality of mass production, it will be because powerful new economic and technological forces are available and because Dymaxion Dwelling Machines, Inc., a radically new kind of corporation, proves able to take advantage of them.

A major force—with all the pull of a giant vacuum—is the 94 per cent cutback looming ahead of the nation's warexpanded aircraft plant. This is what made Beech Aircraft, whose output last year reached \$190 million, ready to listen to Fuller's plan for a house that could be built like an airplane.

Two million men and women are working night and day to speed the flow of war aircraft. The unplumbed political force of millions demanding the right to work has only just begun to be expressed through the labor unions. This is why the International Association of Machinists, now swelled to seven times its prewar strength of 100,000, defied old prejudices to appoint its president, Harvey Brown, to Dymaxion's board of directors, becoming at once the first union to be represented in the management of a private corporation and the first AFofL union to back a factoryproduced house.

Symbol of a new force beginning to emerge in U. S. business, Dymaxion's president, William Stix Wasserman, is an international banker with a rather flamboyant talent for making money. But Wasserman represents more than capital seeking investment, more than the know-how for entering foreign markets—although both of these are impor-



PLASTIC BATHROOM in new Dymaxion will stem from this Fuller unit. The company has recently acquired patents from Phelps-Dodge.

tant to the enterprise. He is, as his friend Henry Wallace put it, a "business man who understands the social value of business vision." His reason for backing Dymaxion: "The only excuse for capital is its willingness to take risks."

Precision Production. Operating within this capital-labor combine is the technological force that may be decisive in bringing the mass-produced house to birth. Growing up from a custom-building industry with an output of 3,675 planes in 1938 to a mass-producing industry with a 96,369 output in 1944, aircraft manufacturing has put in the nation's hands the most highly developed technology the world has ever known. "We no longer have to hope," says Fuller. "We go right to the tables and come out with a solution we know will be feasible today." Tools and techniques have been brought to a precision never glimpsed in the heavy engineering that invented mass production. Light engineering-as developed to produce, say, a 50 ton weight that will move through the air at about half the speed of sound-has yielded a new kind of mass production machinery, whose full range and flexibility have yet to be exploited. Add to



ORIGINAL DYMAXION (1927) had two hexagonal decks from Duralumin mast. Walls between decks were t translucent plastic. Rooms in new model have same g shape but are curved on outer edge.

this the miracles of alloy chemistry— Reynolds' aluminum alloy with the tensile strength of steel at a third the weight, steel alloys with three times the weightstrength factor of earlier steel. Add in the size of the war-built facilities for producing these materials. You may reach Fuller's conclusion: "The U. S. must use its war-spawned technology to rebuild a war-shattered world."

Back of these new forces is an old force, tremendously accelerated by the bombs that have left 70 million homeless: world-wide housing need. Already representatives of the French and British governments are asking for quotations on 1945 delivery of Fuller's dwelling machine. And in the house-hungry U. S., those who heard about a \$4,000 house, completely equipped for livability even to air conditioning, were asking, "How soon?"

Farmers May Help. One big block of housing need will focus on the Dymaxion board through the member soon to be appointed by the National Farmers Union. Farmers' cooperatives, the firm hopes, will join with labor unions in boosting the house to the mass market



UNION LEADER C. R. Richards says Dymaxion design sells itself to machinists on the basis of their own shop experience . . . REALTOR WILLIAM GRAHAM will buy Dymaxions for 800 Wichita lots . . . AUTO DEALER J. A. BUTTS says he will put them up.



EL GRAIN BIN HOUSE Fuller developed in 1941 for housing collapsed under the stress of steel shortage. e were purchased by the Army and flown to far-off ts for barracks use.

which its production formula demands. Other board members: Leon Henderson (who resigned while on a special mission for the Foreign Economic Administration); Laurence Hartnett, general manager of General Motors of Australia; Morris Rosenthal, vice-president of Stein Hall Co.; T. K. Quinn, president of Monitor Equipment Corp. and former vice-president of General Electric; William M. Parkhurst of Shattuck, Bangs & Davis, attorneys. Fuller is chairman of the board.

Labor Boost. Dymaxion officers are two young men who know a lot about labor and a young woman who worked with Fuller at the Foreign Economic Administration. Cynthia Lacey, who helped plan Dymaxion's corporate set-up, is assistant secretary - treasurer. Gregory Bardacke, who went to work for the hatters' union when he got out of college, will become Dymaxion's vice-president on completion of his job as chief of WPB's labor service section. Herman Wolf, who helped the garment workers' union found the New York Dress Institute and worked on the government's War Production Drive, is secretarytreasurer. These men were influential both in securing Dymaxion's labor backing and, with Wasserman, in raising the kind of money that would welcome labor as part of the management team. Dymaxion stock sells for \$10 a share, and there are few big stockholders. Most of the \$90,000 raised to finance production of the prototype model has come in a few hundred dollars at a time, practically all of it from investors interested in the kind of dividends measured by more than dollars.

Labor gave the Dymaxion design its first decisive boost towards production. When Fuller last summer looked around for the right first step towards somebody's postwar assembly line, he went,

(Continued on page 20)



BUCKMINSTER FULLER (above) at his desk, which is hung from fine aluminum wires. Completely rigid, desk illustrates tension support principle of house. Dymaxion officers Herman Wolf and Cynthia Lacey (below) show how tension-hung aluminum circle makes one phone serve three. Such Fuller capers encourage many to take crackpot shots at him.



DYMAXION'S PRESIDENT William St Wasserman believes the Corp. is right step toward 60 million postwa jobs. John Gaty, head of Beech Ai craft, and Harvey Brown, head of Ir ternational Association of Machinist (below) get together on Dymaxic planning.







WILL FULLER'S NEW DYMAXION look like this phantasy sketched from published description? If it does, will village fathers permit its use on conventional streets? How and where to market round aluminum houses is one unsolved Dymaxion problem. Union sponsorship of planned Dymaxion neighborhoods might be one answer.

NEWS (Continued from page 7)

determined to leave them out of the emergency houses. This breach in Anglo-American relations turned out to be simply a confusion of terms: the British had been talking about water closets.

The U. S. prefabers who will go to work next month on the first batch of British houses will have the help of priorities as high as anything the Army and Navy have except for the most critical war items. Bathtubs will go into the first 7,000 houses; after that, WPB hopes the British will supply the bathtubs—maybe using an efficient ceramics model they have already developed. Use of lumber will be cut to a minimum; exterior siding will be wallboard or fiberboard.

The Federal Public Housing Authority has mailed invitations to bid to 300 prefabers, who must send in their price estimates by March 5. FPHA expects the first batch of houses to be ready for shipment by April 1, and the rest of the British order (financed by the Foreign Economic Administration under lendlease) to be filled before the end of the year. The barracks units for France were being produced by a dozen prefabers at a clip of 80 a day. Daily wire reports from each contractor kept production on schedule. FPHA said all 5,000 units would be ready to ship by the end of March.

Wherever produced, all barracks parts are made to a single standard and are therefore interchangeable. Standardized production here means standardized assembly in France. With the units, FPHA sent a manual written in French, with measurements converted to the metric system, showing how to assemble the panel construction.

So far, the French units are split among these prefabers:

Houston Ready-Cut, Houston, 200 units; Green Lumber Co., Laurel, Miss., 550 units; National Housing Co., Dallas,

"Just because there's a ceiling on rents doesn't mean there's a roof over your head." —CHARLES ABRAMS, Housing Economist





PLAN

PREFAB HOUSE FOR BOMBED-OUT BRITISHERS is on display in Washington, near the Federal Public Housing Authority building. U. S. prefabers will soon go to work on 30,000 of these houses—the biggest job they have had for many a lean year. To make Britishers, who are accustomed to fireplaces, feel more at home in the temporary units recessed space for a heating stove has been planned to give some of the effect of a fireplace.

920 units; Tovell Construction Co., Martinsville, Va., 500 units; Goedde Lumber Co., East St. Louis, Ill., 150 units; John A. Johnson Construction Co., Brooklyn, 500 units.

UNLOVED NHA

Last month the National Housing Agency, which has tried to do good by practically everybody, had reason to wish that virtue might be oftener its own reward. NHA has taken pride in the way it has sliced the war housing job to keep a healthy sector of private building enterprise and building money alive. But, as one business group after another buttonholed Senator Robert Taft and his inquiring committee (government witnesses had already been heard; see ARCH FORUM, Feb., '45), one thing was clear: nobody loves the National Housing Agency.

When in 1942 the President used his war powers to group all the federal housing agencies in one operating arm, the NHA was hailed by many as a longoverdue move toward effective administration. Even the National Association of Real Estate Boards, which now wants to take the housing jig-saw puzzle apart again, seemed to feel that the unification was in large part its own idea. The National Housing Agency's lease on life expires with the war emergency. Official spokesmen for builders, realtors, lenders and material manufacturers are anxious to discourage any inclination Congress may have to keep NHA on the job. Most of their anxiety focused around the public housing member of the NHA family.

February's sheaf of Taft Committee testimony yielded no criticism of NHA's operations. Everybody thought its war job had been well done. But most of the witnesses seemed sure that killing NHA would mean a death-knell for public housing.

Eric Johnston, president of the U.S. Chamber of Commerce, is convinced that the Federal Housing Administration and the Federal Home Loan Bank Administration "should not be handicapped by being made a part of either a war housing liquidation activity or of a subsidized rental government housing activity." Johnston thinks anything NHA may have to do about disposal of temporary and permanent war housing can be done better by an "appropriate liquidation agency in the Treasury Department." He would also give the Treasury the job of winding up the affairs of the United States Housing Authority, the Home Owners Loan Corporation, and the Defense Homes Corporation.

Producers Council head, Douglas (Continued on page 12) Wondering about costs?

A **small** slice

of the building dollar installs BYERS RADIANT HEATING

Practically every home has to be built inside a pocketbook, so it is only natural that the question of the cost of Byers Radiant Heating should be uppermost in the mind of everyone contemplating its use.

Since the size of the heating plant varies not only with the house but with its location, no universal figures can be quoted. But by a fortunate circumstance, costs of six Byers Radiant Heating jobs, all designed by one architect, all located in areas with approximately the same climatic conditions, and all installed by experienced contractors, have been made available. The figures very definitely indicate that Byers Radiant Heating is completely practical from an economic standpoint in any architectdesigned home; and they should give you a practical basis for allocating the building dollar in any preliminary planning.

The homes were all in the \$5000-\$8000 class; one costing \$5200, one \$6000, two \$6500, and two \$8000. The cost of the Byers Radiant Heating ranged from \$490 to \$625. The group-average house cost was \$6700, and the group-average radiant heating cost \$530.

You will recognize that these are comparable to the usual pre-war costs of a quality wet-type system. Actually, the comparison is more advantageous to radiant heating than the figures show, for all these homes had considerable glass area—a feature that seems to be anticipated in post-war building—and this would have demanded a considerable increase in size of the usual pre-war installation.

Just as experience answers questions about cost, so does experience answer any questions about the proper pipe material. Byers Wrought Iron offers an unmatched combination of advantages: ease of fabrication, excellent welding qualities, high heat emission, thermal expansion almost identical with that of concrete and plaster so that cracking is avoided and bond maintained, and *demonstrated durability and dependability*.

Please feel free to ask us about any points you want clarified. Since this company pioneered the collection and distribution of engineering information on radiant heating in this country, and has since sat at the right hand of designers of hundreds of jobs, we have most of the answers in file . . . and will be delighted to pass them on to you.

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Water scoots to somewhere the instant it lands, or collects, on slicksurfaced flashings. WASCO copperfabric flashing not only directs dissipation, it facilitates drainage. But, these are least among WASCO warrants for preference. WASCO forms a permanent water stop at less cost, with less labor, and more dependability, than costlier, 16 oz. copper. Our A.I.A. Folder tells why some 1,570 Architects have specified WASCO for flashing more than 3,000 important buildings. May we send it?

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Mass.



MONTH IN BUILDING: NEWS

(Continued from page 10)

Whitlock, wants to return FHA and FHLBA to the Federal Loan Agency, give the Federal Works Agency responsibility for any needed public housing, and ask the Department of Commerce to collect facts and statistics that will be useful to private building. Whitlock's proposal was favored by a majority of the private groups who appeared.

END OF FUEL BILLS?

One cold bright morning late in February George Lof turned off the gas furnace that heats his bungalow in Boulder, Colorado. All day long room temperatures stood at 70° . By the time the sun went down, Lof was ready to call his solar heat trap a working success.

Lof, who teaches engineering at the University of Colorado, installed the 12 by 20 ft. heat trap on the south slope of his bungalow roof at a cost of \$500, thinks the mechanism might be produced in quantity for less than half that cost. Unlike the experimental unit at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and a good many water heating installations in use in the southern states, Lof's trap is designed to heat air. The air enters the trap at the eaves, passes through a double layer of glass panels (the bottom layer is painted black for heat absorption), and is carried by ducts to the furnace pipe system. Temperature can be varied by controlling the speed of the air moving through the glass layers. Lof will soon add a storage tank which, he thinks, will make the solar unit a self-sufficient heating device in southern states. He will also contrive a



SOLAR TRAP heats Colorado home



canvas screen to roll over the glass panes for keeping heat out in summer and protection against hail damage.

The solar-conscious (302 days of sunshine) University of Colorado has been doing a substantial amount of heat trap research, with help from WPB's Office of Production Research and Development. After basic principles had been worked out by using a battery of huge light bulbs inside the laboratory, a 20 by 30 ft. trap was built on the roof. One day last August the laboratory trap caught an average of 31 per cent of the solar energy hitting it and delivered air at a temperature of 160°. Set up by these results. Lof installed what reputedly is the first solar trap ever actually used for home heating.

"We need legislation and treasury rulings to permit families to pledge war bonds in lieu of a cash down payment to build or purchase a home. Owner occupants would thus retain their bonds to maturity and then reduce the indebtedness on their home purchase."

-Morton Bodfish

U. S. Savings and Loan League

BILL OF DIVORCE

If the times have joined government and business in marriage, the National Association of Real Estate Boards is a querulous and unwilling spouse. To those with the patience to follow the gyrations of lobbyists, cantankerous NAREB has often seemed loath to live with, fearful to live without government. Under the marriage bed, the realtors have always seen "tendencies, theories and practices which historically have led to the decay of democratic processes." Last month the Association filed a dignified new bill of divorcement.

NAREB wants to be divorced from quite a lot of things, including rent control ("an enforced contribution by 12 million property owners to 14 million tenants"), the Federal Public Housing Agency ("no more public housing should be built"), the National Housing Agency ("should be abolished and replaced by a Central Mortgage Bank"), federal taxes ("we are creating a federal tax monopoly which may eventually destroy our democratic system"). The Association wants all federal housing agencies "streamlined into one Central Mortgage Bank . . . framed to permit establishment of a Mortgage Discount Corporation, privately owned but publicly regulated."

Except for reaching into the public purse for a certain amount of alimony, NAREB wants nothing to do with government. "The immediate restoration (Continued on page 16)



These sheets offer you a convenient, authoritative source for data on applying insulation . . . because they represent the best application practices . . . because they help you provide greater owner-satisfaction in insulated structures. Prepared by the makers of Balsam-Wool-leaders in the field of blanket insulation-these data sheets are yours for the asking, without obligation. Mail the coupon for your set!





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LIFETIME PLUMBING FIXTURES

as your file: Sweets File: Data helpful in designing fireproof steel-reinforced plaster construction

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A handbook of steel building products that permit you greater freedom in expressing your conceptions

TEEL COMPANY

The Milcor section in Sweet's is a working manual designed to help you in the application of metal lath, corner beads, metal trim, casings, and window stools as mediums which are artistic as well as utilitarian.

Here is a quick picture of the industry's most complete line of fireproof steel building products-which will again be available to help you meet tomorrow's design requirements: smooth, simple, unbroken planes ... sweeping curves . . . ornamental relief . . . crackproof surfacing for radiant heating installations . . . etc.

Long wartime curtailment of these preferred construction methods daily emphasizes the fact that temporary construction is only temporary. Thus the basic advantages of steel-reinforced plaster-as briefed in the following paragraph - are now appreciated by your present and prospective clients more than ever before:

Fire-safety - guarding both lives and property. Space economy. Sound retarding properties. Sanitation for health. Crack and impact resistance -assuring permanent beauty of plaster walls and ceilings.

Also included in the Milcor Manual are pages on Milcor Steel Roof Deck - a basically sound, quicklyerected type of industrial, public, and residential construction. Application details are illustrated, tables of safe loads are given, etc.

On all your design and specification problems concerning fireproof steel con-struction - for structures large and small refer to the Milcor Manual in Sweet's, with confidence that you will receive real help in doing a creditable job with less time and trouble.

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The place to look for information on:

- Metal Lath and Accessories
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- · Blackboard Moulds
- · Chalk Troughs (with Insulmat Sound Deadening)
- Chair Rails
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 - ... and other steel building materials



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CATALOG "D," Highly Ornamental Iron Fences and Gates

CATALOG R-38, Railings, Pier Lanterns, Interior Gates, Veranda Work, etc.

CATALOG W-40, Window Guards, Wire Mesh Partitions, Folding Gates, etc.

CATALOG I-42, Industrial Fence Specifications Manual

The Stewart Iron Works Co., Inc. 1265 Stewart Block Cincinnati 1, Ohio



MONTH IN BUILDING: NEWS

(Continued from page 12)

of a free market after the war will do more than any other one thing to create intense action, provide employment, and overcome shortages." Noting the dan-

gers of real estate inflation (see page 6), NAREB firmly said: "We do not believe that any restrictive or regulatory legislation can be beneficial in halting or controlling this trend. If any law is enacted which seeks to control capital



VAN HOLT GARRETT

values it would make static our entire economy."

NAREB is already actively courting a new alliance, aimed to increase its potency. The Association has long sought but never quite found the way to the hearts of property owners. Said NAREB's new president, Van Holt Garrett, Denver: "There are many threats at hand to the ownership of property. These threats, which are real, can only be countered by proper organization of our property-owning citizens. They are the bedrock of our nation, and they should be given the means of uniting their strength and influence."

RENT CONTROL SPREADS

When the New York State legislature finally put a lid on climbing commercial rents (ARCH FORUM, Jan., '44), it wrote in a formula for easement where the lid would clamp down a little too hard. Under the new state law, manufacturers and wholesalers will pay rents not more than 15 per cent higher than they paid on March 1, 1943. But if the landlord's return is less than six per cent after expenses, plus two per cent for amortization, he may ask the courts to adjust his rent schedule upward. To figure his return, the landlord may use present assessed valuations. While court calendars filled up with adjustment petitions, the landlords' ancient war against New York's high tax assessments came to a sudden truce.

At mid-month the law got its first judicial nod of approval from a Municipal Court Justice who ruled that a tenant who pays ceiling rent may not be evicted for the duration of the "public emergency" as defined by the rent control act. In the first decision on constitutionality, another municipal justice said: "Commercial space to earn a livelihood is a necessity of life. It is just as essential to the well-being of the citizens of this country as is dwelling space. The argument that the legislature cannot use its police power to regulate this essential sphere of necessary activity is specious."

In New York pressure mounted for extending commercial rent control to stores and offices. In Washington real estate interests contemplated a gloomy and almost certain prospect: business and commercial rents would be brought under national control when Congress extends the Price Control Act, expiring in July. Even the Congressmen who have been opposed to this kind of rent control are worried by the ugly threat of real estate inflation (see page 6). Commercial rent control would be one way of tying down ballooning real estate prices.

BOOST FOR REBUILDING

In the opinion of the Illinois Supreme Court, the power of eminent domain may legally be used to acquire urban land for private rebuilding. This use is a public purpose even if public controls cease when the development is finished, the Court ruled.

The Supreme Court decision, reversing the ruling of a lower court, means that the Illinois Redevelopment Corporation Law will stay on the books. It also means favorable judicial precedent for similar legislation promising public aid for private rebuilding, now pending in Indiana, Michigan, and Washington.

A year ago an Illinois circuit court justice had ruled (ARCH FORUM, Feb., '44): "Since all public control for the perpetuation of public uses is removed with the completion of the redevelopment area... the purposes for which the property would be taken and used would be a private purpose for pecuniary profit."

The Supreme Court's reply: "The fact that continued use of the property for public purposes, after the elimination of slum and blight areas and the redevelopment of such areas has been achieved, is only partially assured and safeguarded by the act, is wholly immaterial. When such areas have been reclaimed and the redevelopment achieved, the public purpose has been fully accomplished."

The Illinois law, passed in 1941, grants the power of eminent domain to any private corporation which has assembled 61 per cent of a redevelopment site by voluntary transactions. No tax exemption is provided. If private initiative is to undertake the rebuilding job, use of the power of eminent domain is imperative. But this single public tool is hardly enough. "It is very questionable," said Walter H. Blucher of the American Society of Planning Officials, "if urban redevelopment can take place by private developers in any large urban areas with only this inducement. Some further form of subsidy is required."

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column covering, department store revolving doors, the interior of an elevator, and shelving, wall paneling and table tops in the Annex to the Library of Congress.

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Most plants have "hot spots." Yet, even in these locations, fires that start big and fast, can usually be extinguished quickly ... with no break in production schedules ... if you get at them soon enough with enough of the right extinguishing medium.

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It is no coincidence that frequently when hazards are toughest to handle protection is provided by Cardox Fire Extinguishing Systems.

A Cardox System-engineered for the specific hazards it covers-extinguishes both large and small fires, indoors and outdoors, by a timed mass discharge of Cardox CO2. This non-damaging, noncontaminating fire extinguishing medium stored at 0°F. and 300 p.s.i. in a single storage unit containing 500 pounds to 125 tons—is instantly available in TONS for large fires, IN POUNDS for small ones.

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Enhanced extinguishing performance is possible because-as controlled and

applied in Cardox Systems-(1) Cardox CO2 has uniform extinguishing characteristics regardless of plant or atmos-pheric temperatures; (2) Applications can be engineered to the requirements of each indoor and outdoor hazard covered; (3) High CO2 snow yield provides increased cooling effect (carbon dioxide released at 0°F. yields 45% CO2 snow); (4) Effective projection through relatively great distances is achieved-even outdoors.

If you would like more information for use in solving current war plant fire protection problems-or in formulating fire protection plans that will prevent dangerous delays in getting post-war production in high-write on company letterhead for Bulletin 635.

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tems assures maximum protection.



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For example, the CONCEALED OVERFLOW OUTLET in Eljer vitreous china lavatories. The unbroken smoothness of the back surface is a good selling point not only for the fixture, but for the house, itself.



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Write for your copy of Eljer's Condensed Catalog

SINCE 1907 MAKERS OF FINE PLUMBING FIXTURES



(Continued from page 9)

not to one of the aircraft production giants, but to Eric Peterson of the International Association of Machinists and to Walter Reuther of United Auto Workers (CIO). IAM caught on immediately, named Beech Aircraft as tops in the country for sound labor policy, sent one of its representatives to help Fuller sell Beech on a plan for producing the model.

Reuther was enthusiastic, too-he had been one of the first to look to the

INS





THOMAS: house production is not UAW business . . . REUTHER: a factory house can mean UAW Jobs.

factory-built house as one reconversion solution for aircraft plants. But UAW's executive council cautiously thumbed down Reuther's request to be appointed to Dymaxion's board of directors. Resolutely adopting the "consumers' point of view", housing spokesmen for UAW's million members said: "It is not our business to endorse a specific housing product. We are interested in all efforts to lower housing costs. Mr. Fuller's solution is as yet unproven. We are watching his work with interest. . . We are also watching Mr. Kaiser."

UAW's head, R. J. Thomas, is somewhat less eager than Reuther to challenge the jealous AFofL building trade unions by moving in on house production. IAM, on the other hand, is beginning to feel its strength as the biggest AFofL union, and odds are on the machinists' readiness for any fight necessary in the AFofL council, long dominated by the building trades. The nature of the Dymaxion product adds up to a good jurisdictional argument. It is more machine than house; erection will require no carpentry, masonry, or plumbing skills. It may well be that machinists will not only produce it in the

(Continued on page 24)

Workability for easy tailoring!



when available again - SPECIFY: "U.S." NAUGAHYDE

"U. S." Naugahyde-so pliant it practically flows to fit every curve, bend, recess or angle-will be a revelation to you in minimizing coated-fabric tailoring problems. You'll also like its almost limitless range of never-dimming colors—its imperviousness

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UPHOLSTERY

In River Forest there's a lady who's 33 Pelighted 39

Atuminum windows in a residuing the River Forest, III.

"Aluminum windows are just fine! Lift one and see how casily, they work." Here's enthusiasm based on three and a half years of living with them. "We'll certainly have aluminum windows if we build again."

we build again. Sash and frames are narrow, giving maximum glass area. Asked what care was taken to keep them look. at attractive—"I guess we wife them off

and attractive Transmission of the windows. Nothing more," nish the windows. A number of manitows not build windows. A number of maninest as soon as the war permits. Specify them for new home and add to the joy of living there, i wint w Comrany of America, 1840 II Building, Pittsburgh 19, Pennsylvania.

Windows of

LCOA ALUMINUM

ALCOA ALUMINUM

This Kind of Talk

about Aluminum Windows sells houses, and keeps them sold

> "Aluminum windows are the outstanding thing in our home. We love them!" "Our neighbors are jealous of our aluminum windows. If we build another house, we'll certainly have them again." "Maintenance? We haven't had any. Just wipe them off when we wash the glass."

> That's the kind of talk the Alcoa men are hearing, as they inquire how aluminum windows have performed in the years since they were installed. It's mighty gratifying, even though Alcoa supplied just the aluminum. Various manufacturers were responsible for making this versatile metal into fine windows.

> Homeowners, architects, builders, bankers, all speak highly of windows made of Alcoa Aluminum. ALUMINUM COMPANY OF AMERICA, 1866 Gulf Bldg., Pittsburgh 19, Pennsylvania.

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Advertisements like this, appearing in various home magazines, promise windows of Alcoa Aluminum as soon as the war permits.

ALCOA



We know the answer to this one ...

If sometimes tenants complain about not enough heat... If other times they're annoyed at too much heat... If your fuel bill has shown a decided increase... there's only one answer: Your heating system needs *control*.

A Webster automatically-controlled Steam Heating System will assure even heat in every room, regardless of exposure or outside temperature. No overheating . . . No underheating . . . No costly waste of rationed fuel.

In the Webster Moderator System, there are just four control elements—an Outdoor Thermostat, a Main Steam Control Valve, a Manual Variator and a Pressure Control Cabinet. These controls are an integral part of the Webster



The Webster Outdoor Thermostat automatically changes heating rate when outdoor temperature changes.

System — assuring the highest expression of comfort and economy in modern steam heating.

More Heat with Less Fuel

Actual surveys made by Webster Engineers show that seven out of ten large buildings in America (many less than ten years old) can get up to 33 per cent more heat out of the fuel consumed.

We'll let you be the judge ... Send for our free booklet "Performance Facts", and read case studies of 268 modern steam heating installations in commercial and institutional buildings. Shows savings in dollars and cents. Can we help you? Address Dept. AF-3.

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In modern construction, noise is conspicuous by its absence . . . clatter and chatter belong to the "noisy-nineties" . . . yes—noise is on the way out, replaced by Today's Quiet Way . . . Sabinite "M".

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noticeable than the plaster walls themselves. It follows flowing contours or simple, unbroken surfaces with ease and flexibility.



ACOUSTICAL PLASTER FINISH All these advancements group themselves around the fact that Sabinite "M" is an acoustical plaster finish. Combines noise quieting, decoration, light reflection, and fire protection in one material. Can be used for new construction or reconditioning and sound conditioning present interiors as well. Sabinite "M" follows accepted

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23

PAINT

MONTH IN BUILDING: NEWS

(Continued from page 20)

factory, but also put it up at the site.

John P. Gaty, the engineer who is vice-president and manager of Beech. has heard more schemes for prefabricated housing than he likes to remember. "None of them has ever made such sense," he said. "In every other proposal I've heard, cost of shipping would eat up the cost saving made by factory production. We hope to be able to ship eight Dymaxions in a freight car. This would mean that transportation cost anywhere in the country won't amount to much more than \$50. Fuller is aiming at a house that will weigh not more than two tons, ship in 150 cu. ft."

Round House. The new Dymaxion will be round. This is the most important modification Fuller has made in the basic Dymaxion design he first outlined in 1927 (ARCH FORUM, July, '29). The essential principle is unchanged: utilities are grouped about a central mast support, from which a light shell enclosing living space is hung in tension. Use of aluminum for the outer shell, new light-weight steel for the main structural supports, Nylon-type material for interior finish, plastics for windows and plumbing fixtures is a major factor in weight reduction.

The 1927 Dymaxion was hexagonal in shape. Fuller began to work with curved parts when he developed the grain bin house in 1941, much-publicized as a bomb-proof war housing solution. The round shape of the new design means that additional structural strength will derive from even distribution of stress over the house surface. It also means that the house will fit easily into metal-working techniques developed to produce the curved surface of the airplane fuselage. Curvature of parts yields maximum materials economy.

Fuller has turned his back on prefabrication's search for a single wall material that will provide insulation as well as surface and structure. The dwelling machine will be kept at an even temperature winter and summer through application of what Fuller, while he waits for patents, roughly describes as "aeronautical principles." To doubters, he simply points out that the aircraft designers have found out how to maintain a constant interior atmosphere in outside temperatures ranging from -80° to 140°

500 Parts. Fuller's point of view on materials is: "We can't afford to use any but the best we can find for the purpose." In the building field this is iconoclasm; in aircraft design it is the first rule in the book. All the Dymaxion

(Continued on page 28)

LINOLEUM Patterned in 9-inch Cross-Directional MARBLED SQUARES in One Tone, Two **Tones and Contrasting Tones!** Available with Victory!

* No two Marbled Squares alike! Each square is exquisitely marbleized, with individual graining and real depth and purity of color. Each square is set cross-directional to add to floor-beauty and artfully hide all seams.

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Breeze Flexible Tubing, manufactured in many diameters from a wide variety of metals, is used as ventilation and exhaust ducting in industrial, aircraft, marine and automotive applications. The same basic tubing, with the addition of a braided metal covering, becomes light-weight shielding conduit, used extensively for shielding ignition systems and any electrical circuit to insure dependable radio communication.

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Many different types of interlock construction — plain, packed, and soldered—are available to meet varying use requirements. A few of these are illustrated below.



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MANUFACTURING

• American Kitchens are nationally advertised – have consumer acceptance. • American Kitchens are the last word in modern design – rich in eye appeal. • American Kitchens are easily installed—any mechanic can set them up quickly. • American Kitchens are durable—made of steel to last a lifetime.

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In addition to making things beautiful, Eagle White Lead protects against the ravages of time and weather. Its tough, durable film is flexible...expands and contracts with temperature changes. Eagle does not crack or scale, but ages gracefully by even chalking, so that when repainting time finally comes, the surface is in perfect condition. Eagle's broad coverage and great hiding power combine with its long life to make for true painting economy.

Speed the final victory with more War Bonds!

THE EAGLE-PICHER LEAD COMPANY

Cincinnati (1), Ohio

Member of the Lead Industries Association



MONTH IN BUILDING: NEWS

(Continued from page 24)

materials are expensive (aluminum 45 cents, alloy steel 30 cents, Nylon \$1.60 per lb.). But, through repetition of parts, a precision design, volume orders, Dymaxion production costs may conceivably drop somewhere near the automobile figure of 17 cents a pound. One very favorable cost factor: the dwelling machine has only 500 types of parts, as compared to the automobile's 5,000, the airplane's 25,000 to 45,000.

God Bless Our Dwelling Machine. Factorymade heating, refrigerating, air-conditioning, laundering, dish washing, bathroom and cooking units will be fitted into the central mast. A ventilator at the top of the mast will draw outside air into the dwelling; the plastic windows that circle the house need never be opened, although special louvers will be provided. According to Fuller, automatic controls will grade solar illumination imperceptibly to the dwelling's own lighting system, whose color controls will provide change in interior color and intensity as desired. Living space will amount to 1,000 sq. ft. The dwelling machine's one concession to nostalgia: a fireplace for buyers not completely reconciled to mechanics.

If the design turns out to be foolproof as a production formula, will it connect with a market? Will U. S. families buy a round house?

The people who live in Wichita often say that the town is "kind of slow about taking up with a new idea." But the 14,000 workers at Beech registered immediate approval of the Dymaxion plan -if a sharp drop in the quit rate after its announcement is a fair index. In a town where they turn out a B-29 aluminum giant every seven hours there is nothing particularly startling about a proposal to turn out an aluminum house. And, in a town where they point out a mile-long line-up of B-29's as the most beautiful part of the scenery, there is nothing appalling about a row of aluminum houses.

Wichita is Sold. Neither C. R. Richards nor W. E. Edmondson, the representatives of IAM's District 70 who helped present the Dymaxion plan to Beech, were at all slow to take up with Fuller's idea. Master mechanics who have worked on almost all kinds of aircraft assemblies, these men are representative of the big reservoir of machine skills in Wichita, where almost everybody with enough room in his garage has become a sub-contractor for one of the four aircraft plants. Checking what (Continued on page 32)



B PLUGIN UNITS



Left: O Circuit Breaker provides full automatic protection against short circuits or dangerous overloads. Time-delay action prevents unnecessary interruption of service.





Left: Klampswitchfuz has silver-plated contact parts on an extra heavy insulating block. Easy to install and operate.

These three units can be arranged to attach on either or both sides of the Plugin Busduct. Their rugged construction permits heavy usage and frequent connect and disconnect to accommodate changing plant conditions.

Your electrical distribution problems

are solved for the present and a long time to come when you select (?) Busduct. Correctly engineered, it provides all the capacity needed for heavy and light machinery. From the service entrance, Feeder (?) Busduct carries the heavy current with minimum voltage loss directly to where it is needed. Plugin (?) Busduct provides multiple outlets for equipment that is closely grouped.

A plugin outlet every foot means shorter distances from power source to machine...it means convenience, flexibility, the elimination of many long lead-ins with a consequent economy of operation. Convenient for adding new equipment...flexible for relocating present equipment or rearranging the entire plant layout, it is made in standard 10 foot sections that are easy to install and reassemble should the plant layout change again.

Busduct for lighting and power distribution is designed for 2, 3 and 4 wire systems, 250 volt DC and 575 volt AC maximum. Write today for Bulletin 65 giving complete descriptions. There is a ^(B) Sales Engineer near you who will be glad to assist in planning new or extended electrical installations.



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With peace will come amazing new Anthracite-burning equipment bringing new concepts of comfort, convenience, and efficiency in home heating. Paralleling these advances are today's modern methods of mining and preparation which make D & H Anthracite the model modern fuel.* Be sure to include anthracite heating equipment in your plans for post-war American Homes.

*Clean-no soot. Economical-more heat for less money. Convenient-use can be fully automatic. And above all, Healthful-maintains even temperature, eliminating constant fluctuation between hot-and-cold, on-and-off periods.





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PRODUCERS OF D&H ANTHRACITE

: : : TUNE IN D&H ANTHRACITE'S SUNDAY MORNING WORLD NEWS 9 A. M. EVERY SUNDAY, CBS. : : : :





(Continued from page 28)

they heard from Fuller against their own shop experience, both were quickly convinced of the design's production possibilities.

Wichita's city manager hopes to see the town's 6,000 units of temporary war housing replaced by dwelling machines. Somebody reminded him that there would be no window in the Dymaxion bathroom. His reply: "We'll write a new building code that can be a model for the country."

To William Graham, an experienced realtor who has supplied a whacking lot of war housing in Wichita, the Dymaxion design makes sense as a house that will link more easily into his real estate business than conventional construction. Graham built two big war housing developments, made money because of the job standardization possible. "If mass building can cut costs below what I ever thought possible," Graham says, "it is certainly reasonable to expect immense cost cutting through factory production." Graham owns about 800 scattered lots in Wichita which he wants to develop after the war. "I won't be able to use my cost-cutting system for these isolated building jobs. I'm' planning to put up dwelling machines."

Auto Money? Unless Graham wants to maintain an erection and servicing crew, he'll need help from somewhere. This is where automobile dealer Jake Butts and hundreds like him—comes into the picture. Butts, whose firm sells Wichita its Cadillac, Oldsmobile and Buick cars, believes that automobile sales and service methods are a natural for distribution of the dwelling machine.

"From the show room for display of models right down to the numbered bins for replacement parts, we've got the equipment," Butts says. "We've got the trained mechanics. We've got the sales organization and the financing methods." Butts, used to financing where the equity is on wheels and depreciates with precarious rapidity, thinks auto finance channels will leap at a chance to adjust rates to a point where cautious building money will be up against tough competition.

Even among the most enthusiastic protagonists of the mass-produced house, there are some who gasp at Fuller's revolution in structural design. Those who fear revolution have been quick to dismiss him as a high-powered Buck Rogers. Others have called him a genius born ahead of his time. But it may well be that the times have caught up to Fuller.



A step forward .

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Measurements conform to the American Institute of Architects 4" unit module system.

Glass Shower Doors One standard size— 24 x 72 GROUP NO. 4..... Admiral type, de luxe class 32 x 32 x 80 36 x 36 x 80 40 x 36 x 80 36 x 40 x 80 40 x 40 x 80 (corner)

.. GROUP NO. 2 Cadet type, medium

priced showers

32 x 32 x 80

36 x 36 x 80 36 x 36 x 80 (corner)

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NO. 85—Recommended for homes, clubs, hospitals or public buildings. Size 36 x 36 x 78. Deep type receptor —heavy 1/4" MASONITE walls. NO. 80 Volunteer—has remarkable strength and is easily erected. A good shower for economical installations. Size, $32 \times 32 \times 76$ and $30 \times 30 \times 76$.

GROUP NO. 3

32 x 32 x 80

36 x 36 x 80

for "above installations

Marine, Ensign type.

above average

x 40 x 80 (corner)



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able for any height—even for low railings and counters. Made of asbestos and cement, they have a smooth, hard surface. J-M Transite Walls are fireproof. Last indefinitely. May be left in original gray finish, painted, or decorated.



Acoustical Ceilings. Ceilings of the J-M Unit Office System are sound-absorbing, demountable, acoustical units which permit hung ceiling construction, concealing air-conditioning ducts, overhead conduit, etc., yet making this service equipment readily

accessible. J-M Acoustical units are easy to clean, easy to maintain, have high light-reflection coefficient. An exclusive Johns-Manville patented construction system permits interchangeability of flush-type fluorescent lighting and Acoustical ceiling units.

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AN ENTIRELY NEW concept in flexibility, styling and comfort of executive offices now becomes possible with J-M Unit Office Construction. For this System is made up of:

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- ... acoustical ceilings composed of demountable panels which have the added advantage of allowing for flush-type fluorescent lighting.
- ... resilient, decorative floors, made of individual units which permit easy office alterations.

These three types of materials for walls, ceilings, floors, combined into one design,

This executive office is part of a complete J-M "Unit Office" layout. Note especially the decorative treatment of the Transite Wall panels, and the flush-type fluorescent lighting combined with the J-M Acoustical ceiling. offer limitless possibilities of office arrangement and decorative effects. The acoustical ceiling and resilient floor make possible new quiet and efficiency. The Transite Walls, while having all the advantages of a permanent wall, also provide flexibility to meet changing business conditions. And the use of these J-M interchangeable unit materials keeps maintenance costs low, permits expansion or rearrangement of offices at low cost and remarkable speed.

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A new brochure showing the many and varied uses of this J-M Unit Office System is available to architects and engineers. Ask for brochure No. BM-287A. Write Johns-Manville, 22 E. 40th St., New York 16, New York.



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Office Type Width	Walls: Carpeting Wood
Construction Work For Which Lighting Is Required General	Now fc. Needed rc. Now Current available Phase Cycles Volts g. ft. Exposure: North South West East windows, or colors, windows, or
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NAME:POSITION OR TITLE:	



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This company offers to share, freely, with any prospective user, or his architect, consulting engineer, and electrical contractor, the benefit of its 15 years' experience in the manufacture of gaseous discharge lamps and in designing lighting installations. Take advantage of this service. Fill in the form below; or, if you prefer, describe your problem in detail in a letter. Our engineering staff will make a sincere effort to help you with your plans, so that you get the best possible results from whatever fluorescent lighting you install.

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This service does not replace that of the architect, consulting engineer, or electrical contractor, but is simply specialized advice to them or to you. There is no charge for this service, and no obligation, other than your cooperation in giving us full information needed for a sound recommendation.

WHAT IS YOUR PROBLEM? Do you want help in planning a job, advice on the amount, type, and color of illumination? Perhaps you would simply like to have us check your plans. We will be glad to help you. Federal Electric Company, Inc. does not install lighting equipment, but sells it to contractors and wholesalers—and is glad to assist them in securing successful installations.



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LETTERS

Letter from Little Norway ... Kickback on the In-Out-Living Room ... Ex-G.I. blasts veteran's loans.



Vesle Skaugum in Canadian woods



Main Lodge at Vesle Skaugum



Swimming pool, Little Norway

LETTER FROM LITTLE NORWAY

This letter from a lieutenant in the Royal Norwegian Air Force describes the training camps for airmen designed and built in Canada under his supervision:

Forum:

During the next few months the Royal Norwegian Air Force will move its training facilities from Canada to a locality nearer the Norwegian homeland. Four and one half years will then have elapsed since the first Norwegian airmen came to Toronto and set up a training camp there to enable our Air Force to continue the fight against Germany.

Since that time, thousands of young men have escaped from Norway and joined their countrymen in the new camp, Little Norway, where they went through a rigorous training before being sent to combat zones.

In the fall of 1941, it was also found necessary to set up a rehabilitation camp and manning depot. Here, new recruits from Norway were put through the paces of physical training to regain lost health and strength after the period of strain in occupied Norway and the long voyage to Toronto, which often took them all around the world. For this purpose property was purchased in Northern Ontario in a setting of lakes and huge forests, familiar and dear to Norwegians.

The Commanding Officer, Colonel Reistad, specified houses which would make the new soldier feel at home, and since the lumber situation was difficult, he proposed that we build log cabins or houses in the "old country" way.

The buildings were therefore designed after the pattern of Norwegian ski lodges with the idea in mind that they could be used after the war as a resort hotel.

The log houses were built rapidly, and construction methods simplified to the extreme. In Norway corner joints are done elaborately and the logs somewhat flattened. However, our corner joints were done simply, and the logs cut only on the underside to give better weather protection.

As the logs were cut green, a considerable allowance had to be made for shrinkage, and we generally allowed 1/4 in. per ft. around doors, windows and masonry. The ceilings were insulated with rockwool, and cedar shingles were used for roofing instead of the traditional Norwegian "turf" roof, which was considered too much of a fire hazard in addition to requiring a very heavy roof construction.

The time required for building in this way was not much longer than would have been necessary for frame construction, as the work could proceed immediately without waiting for lumber allocations. In other words we found it easier and quicker to cut logs than red tape.

Shortly after the completion of Vesle Skaugum it was found desirable to transfer the Little Norway training center from Toronto to Muskoka Airport, about 40 miles from Vesle Skaugum. The size of this new camp was too large for the small gang of trained carpenters employed on the first job to tackle alone. Most of the barracks, therefore, had to be built in conventional frame construction.

The messes for officers, N.C.O.'s and airmen, however, were built in the Vesle Skaugum style, with logs from the property. The interior log walls were left uncovered and part of the furniture was made on the job, so that a genuine Norwegian character was given to the interior at little cost.

A swimming pool in front of the mess was dug by the soldiers themselves, and was made entirely of wood and canvas. A log retention frame was built and the sides of the pool were made of used form-lumber, waterproofed with canvas, two coats of all sorts of spare paint from the job, and two coats of the final blue, which had to be specially purchased.

It is possible that these buildings are not quite as modern in appearance as they would have been if built in Norway before the war. But we hope that this to a large extent will be excused by the fact that we all have been very homesick and therefore have built somewhat under the influence of a too romantic spirit. LT. JOHN ENGH

Royal Norwegian Air Force

THE RUSSIAN MYSTERY

Forum:

Like so many of us in the U. S., I have been anxious to accept in good faith a large part of the current propaganda painting the U.S.R.R. in more humanistic terms, largely because for so many years I have felt that, though the means might not have justified the ends, there had been an overdose of anti-Russian feeling.

It is then with some misgiving that I view the designs for postwar Russian cities in the December issue. I have become one of the large group of architects which believes that a society expresses itself through its buildings. I have noted an ever greater degree of humanism coming into practically all contemporary work (barring the Fascist states) whether it be in domestic building, memorials (as for instance the English ones illustrated in the same issue), or even in large scale civic design. I have felt these forms to be con-

(Continued on page 38)

design for lasting appreciation with Dow plastics

Many an architect and builder now in the Pacific area has lifted an interested eyebrow at the amazing performance of screen made from Saran. Ne's watched it on duty day in and day out under conditions too tough for metal screen.

These men will insist on using screen from Saran in buildings and homes they plan after the war. They know from actual observation that it won't rust even in steamy jungle atmospheres (made of Saran plastic, it's not affected by salt air, rain, snow, fog, or acid fumes). They know how strong and resilient it is—how it resists dents and bulges (tensile strength 40,000 pounds per square inch). They have seen that it admits more light (it's translucent). They appreciate how easy it is to handle (about one-fifth the weight of metal).

Add to these important advantages the fact that screen from Saran won't be expensive after the war, and you can understand why it will be in wide use in hospitals, public buildings and homes. Why not get acquainted with screen from Saran now?

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use of plastics in

Screen from



LETTERS

(Continued from page 36)

sistent with this Age of the Common Man, of communism, socialism, democracy, eventually true internationalism.

But these Russian examples force me to pause and wonder if we are quite as far along toward this goal of international understanding as I had supposed. If these designs are expressive of the true Russian culture I am forced to feel that their goal does not seem to be, even broadly speaking, the same as are ours. I see no indication of the professed eventual submergence of the State in the people, but rather the opposite; for these completely mechanical design forms proclaim in no uncertain terms the power and the glory of the Super-State, reduce man to but a cog in that State. I find again that same frightening spirit of coldness and awesomeness which has characterized so much of the German architecture under Hitler: the same impersonality and pomp of the totalitarian architecture of Paris.

Perhaps we can justify it in the same score as we must justify Washington on the grounds of representing an expression of the immature boastfulness of a young country growing in power.

Yet I find this somewhat difficult to believe in this era of enlightened planning. I merely wonder if there really exists the bond of progress which we have had pictured to us lately and which we would like to believe.

Cornell University THOMAS J. BAIRD Ithaca, N. Y.

Could it be that Russia, sure of herself within her own boundaries, must still try to impress what she considers a potentially unfriendly world by her strength and power? Or could these buildings reflect the suppressed yearning of the Russian who suddenly finds himself elevated from serfdom to citizenship? A current yarn concerns conversation between Stalin and an American who apparently shares Reader Baird's reaction to proposed Russian buildings. Stalin: "Twenty-five years from now they will know better. Then we will tear down all these buildings and start over again."—ED.

FUNCTIONAL DESIGN FOR CHINA Forum:

For many years the China Institute has been promoting cultural exchange between China and America. Our new project is to cooperate in the production of a film on functional architecture for the U. S. Government.

This film is intended primarily for use in China. It will explain and illustrate American modern functional design so that the Chinese public in general and architects in particular may bear in *(Continued on page 42)*





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LETTERS

(Continued from page 38)

mind this new development in their postwar construction program. To a minor degree this film will give information concerning the use and production of modern materials in America, such as plywood, glass, plastics, stainless and structural steel, etc.

Circumstances necessitate editing of the film largely from already existing footage. Therefore, the film producer, Ted Nemeth, (729 7th Ave., New York City, telephone, Lo. 3-1795) would like to get in touch with architects, manufacturers of modern building materials or any individuals or organizations who have motion picture material on the above topics (preferably 35mm black and white). Those having such footage are requested to get in touch with Mr. Nemeth . . .

CHIH MENC, Director China Institute In America New York, N. Y.

ROCK ME DADDY

Forum:

It isn't tradition—just solid comfort. Have always wondered at the reluctance to introduce a modern rocking chair. Hooray for Ralph Rapson!

O. N. GOLEMBROWSKA

Harvard University Cambridge, Mass.

"QUIET CORNER"

Forum:

My usual tremendous respect and admiration for THE ARCHITECTURAL FORUM is ocassionally shattered, I'm sorry to say, when I find you publishing bad house plans with perfectly serious intent, and no apologies. Are we to believe that you highly approve of everything you publish . . .?

House plans have been a sort of hobby with me and it is about a specific plan which you published (see ARCH FORUM, Dec. '44, p. 101)—the Indoor-Outdoor Living Room by Samuel A. Marx, that I write.

The main idea is superb—"revitalizing an outworn design ... achieving useful and gracious living space," but the execution defeats its purpose. ...

A. Destructive Criticism. Consider how awkard a "quiet corner" can be for any household, when in order to get to it, you are obliged to go through the living room itself....

1. Awkward Situations: Suppose you were curled up in the "quiet corner" in your pajamas and the minister came to call. Query: how could you sneak

(Continued on page 46)



LOOK AT THIS RECORD!

3000 SQ. FT. OF RADIATION HEATED FOR \$480 PER YEAR

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At only \$480 per year for beating the buildings seven days a week, the operating cost of this system is amazingly low!

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B & G Equipment now available for modernization

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Better heating for the small home

This attractive residence is equipped with a B & G Monoflo Forced Hot Water Heating System, selected for its ability to provide luxurious comfort at low cost. The house is one unit of a complete village development on Long Island, New York.

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HEATER





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This is a plus value of B & G Forced Hot Water Heating! A B & G Water Heater, installed on the same boiler that heats the house, furnishes a virtually limitless supply of hot water for all household uses. Not only in winter, but in summer as well—and at insignificant cost.





Picture of a man congratulating himself

He's thanking fortune—or some good dealer-salesman—that he has a fuel-saving Fitzgibbons steel boiler to see him comfortably through these days of fuel restriction. To him it's been just another winter of being thrifty with fuel, careful with the thermostat, of shutting off heat from unused rooms. He still has his comfort when he wants it.

In other homes, not so fortunate, folks are petitioning their rationing boards, with indifferent success, for enough fuel to see them into summer. Fuel rationing has taught them a lesson, the hard way. Thousands of these people have told us lately that they want Fitzgibbons steel boilers as soon as war conditions will permit.

BUY and HOLD U. S. WAR BONDS



Perhaps it *will* be soon. Fitzgibbons engineers are testing out improved designs in heating equipment, which will be announced when the time comes. To be sure you will get this data without delay, write us now.

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Member Indoor Climate Institute

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THE NAME THAT MEANS COMFORT IN THE HOMES OF AMERICA

Woodside Vill

IN STAMFORD IS NORGE-EQUIPPED!

ROLLATOR REFRIGERATION IS ON THE JOB!

PROJECT: Woodside Village PLACE: Stamford, Conn. ARCHITECT: Reuben Henry Bowden BUILDER: Markwood Construction Co. EQUIPMENT: 170 Norge Refrigerators

Here is further evidence of the high regard in which architects and builders hold Norge household appliances. The installation of 170 refrigerators is typical of this oft-expressed preference.

SEE NORGE BEFORE YOU BUY



ROLLATOR REFRIGERATORS GAS RANGES HOME HEATERS RO-TA-TOR WASHERS ELECTRIC RANGES COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATION



into our various apartments. It may be of interest for you to know that we formerly used oil in these buildings and then turned over to several makes of stokers, which

have been operating for the last eight years, and which you have replaced with your Winklers. The Winkler Stoker you installed last year has

been put thru exhaustive breakdown tests and has proved to be very satisfactory. This warranted us placing the order for the additional Winkler Stokers.

In the coming season, it will be necessary for us to replace approximately the same number of stokers which we are sure will be Winklers.

We wish to thank you for your prompt service and also your personal attention devoted to this

job.

Yours very truly, (NAME ON REOUEST)

What better guide to stoker selection could you find than the letter reproduced above? Here, in actual comparative tests, the Winkler Stoker proved its genuine efficiency and enduring, dependable performance.

Commercial Hopper Model

Winkler

You have only to make a casual examination of a Winkler to see that it combines sound,

creative engineering and precision workmanship with brute strength. There is no shear pin in a Winkler—its fully automatic transmission gives full protection against overload. It has extra power! A rock dropped in the Crusher Block opening of a Winkler is ground to fragments without interrupting stoker operation. Ordinary obstructions in the coal do not put a Winkler out of action!

The Winkler Econo-mizer Burner is noted for refinements of engineering which minimize segregation of coal sizes, provide for correct air distribution and in general improve combustion efficiency. The heat content of the coal is fully utilized-that's why Winklers make economy records.



U. S. MACHINE · CORPORATION · LEBANON, INDIANA

LETTERS

(Continued from page 38)

around the back way, get dressed and make a presentable appearance?

Or what if the high school set wants the alcove, while the grown-ups have the living room, or vice versa. Do they want to be continually running back and forth through the living room group for more cokes, etc?



MARX PLAN

Winkler Stokers are

available without

priority approval for

apartments, com-

mercial and indus-

trial buildings.

Send for this latest catalog of Winkler Stokers

Mr. Marx praises his alcove as a sick room in case of necessity. Consider the complications of caring for a patient who is quartered miles from the bath room and kitchen. What is it that is "conveniently situated for the patient?"

Any number of fine inconveniences arise for the house guest who is given the alcove as guest room. Separated as he is from the bathroom by the living room and the front hall, he has to use both tact and ingenuity, not to mention a sense of humor, in preparing for the night. In other words, someone is always interrupting something, or getting stranded in Mr. Marx's "quiet corner." It is staggering to think of all the old "colonial plans" which may be moder-nized badly on the strength of this article. It is more than sad to realize that such bad mistakes can be made by architects themselves and it is even more sad to realize how duped the poor renovated family will feel when they realize what a bad arrangement they have spent their money on so hopefully and confidently.

B. Constructive Criticism. This can best be presented, I believe, by a roomby-room explanation of the suggested plan.

Hall: Mr. Marx's changes are very good here.

Living Room: Front of room, use Mr. Marx's ideas.

Alcove: The crucial point of the plan. It should be on the other side of the living room, toward the back. The convenient back entrance improves the general circulation of the whole plan and its consequent livability. With this arrangement, the alcove has convenient

(Continued on page 50)



Peacetime products

COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATION . AIR CONDITIONERS BEVERAGE, MILK, AND WATER COOLERS ELECTRIC REFRIGERATORS . RANGES . WATER HEATERS HOME FREEZERS . ICE CREAM CABINETS

of Empire State, Inc.

the florist shop . . . providing complete refrigeration for the

meats, vegetables, fruits and dairy products served from the

Empire State Club kitchens. "Frigidaire has proved an ex-

ceptionally sound investment, based on fine performance over

a period of 13 years," says Robert C. Brown, Vice President

A Powerful Force That Can Help Sell

ow

Postwar Homes

THE KITCHEN will be a powerful factor in selling postwar homes. And kitchens designed around America's most popular gas range will have a real advantage in public acceptance.

That is why we believe you will be interested in the Magic Chef advertisement shown at the right. It is one of a series designed to stimulate public interest in New Freedom Gas Kitchens with Magic Chef Gas Ranges. This particular advertisement appears in the March GOOD HOUSEKEEPING and other leading national magazines.

Consistent national advertising is one of two major reasons why Magic Chef has become a magic name to millions of American homemakers. The other reason is the unparalleled performance record of the product-performance based on quality of design and manufacture.

Why not let these powerful Magic Chef forces help sell your postwar kitchens in the homes you design or build?

Further details on Magic Chef Gas Ranges and how to fit them into your postwar kitchen planning will be gladly sent on request. Just write us today.

AMERICAN STOVE COMPANY 4901 Perkins Avenue • Cleveland, Ohio NEW YORK • PHILADELPHIA • CLEVELAND • CHICAGO ST. LOUIS • ATLANTA • LOS ANGELES



We have planned

New Kitchen Freedom for you

(1)

2 Red Wheel Oven Heat Regulator! Accurate control of oven temperatures at all times. Just set resperatures at all times.

No.

Automatic Lighting! All burners light automatically on your C. P. Magic Chef. No matches - just turn on the gas.



Even Heat! Magic Chef top burn ers are designed for perfect to burner cooking. Special Simmer Control for "wateriess" cooking.

Swing-out Broiler! Makes brailing easy - prevents smaking and food

envenient Work Tapl The top

... In the Postwar Magic Chefthe Gas Range with a Dozen Magic Helps

Picture yourself in the "dream kitchen" that no soon be yours! A "New Freedom Gas Kitchen" planned in countless thoughtful, ways for your case and convenience- and a kitchen built around a beautiful postwar Wagic Chef. This Magic Chef brings you'd everything you'd ever hoped a range could offer-a round dozen "Magic Heps" in addin ton to sturdy quality and ultra modern design. Soon, we hope, you can see the postwar Magic Chef at your Gas Company or Magic Chef dealer's showroom. Soon, too, we hope you'll be able to have one of your own!

If you live beyond the gas mains, postwar Magic Chef ranges will be available for "Pyrofax" Gas in eastern and central states and for other L P. (bottled and tank) gases elsewhere.

Magic Chef

AMERICAN STOVE COMPANY . Cleveland, Ohio

8 Non-Clog Burners I 9 Magic Insulation!

10 Cross-Fire Oven Burner

11 Easy Cleaning! 12 Porcelain Finish!

Magic Chef

RED WHEEL GAS RANGES AND HEAVY DUTY GAS COOKING EQUIPMENT

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST • GOOD HOUSEKEEPING WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION • ARCHITECTURAL FORUM PARENTS' MAGAZINE • BETTER HOMES & GARDENS

ok for "C. P." seaf of approval,

Look for the "CP" Seal on Magic Chef



Awarded to Quick Meal Stove Co. Division of American Stove Co. PARENTS' MAGAZINE · BETTER HOMES & GARDENS 45,265,474 <u>READERS</u>



Craw-Fir-Dor can be specified now for early postwar building. Production plans are fully developed and the improved Craw-Fir-Dor will be ready within weeks after the "go-ahead" is given.

> For special residential or industrial installations, write: Crawford Door Company, Detroit, Michigan, maker of a complete line of sectional, overhead-type doors.

> > D

A Trouble-Free More Attractive **Overhead Door**

二十二 一

R EADY for production the moment war restrictions are lifted is an improved self-energizing, overhead-type CRAW-FIR-DOR. It will be more durable, more trouble free, easier to install and operate. Two important factors will make this true: (1)-The Crawford Door Company, maker of Craw-Fir-Dor hardware, has gained valuable precision experience through war-time manufacture of parts for fighting planes. (2)-An extensive research program has thoroughly explored the Craw-Fir-Dor operating principle, improving mechanical detail.



INSTI The National Association of Fir Door Manufacture Tacoma 2, Washington

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Compact Kitchen; Capacity 600 complete meals per day. Planned and equipped by The John Van Range Co.

Let us detail ...

Your Kitchen Blue Prints

Provision for mass feeding has become a MUST to architects responsible for industrial and commercial projects as well as for hospitals, schools and other public institutions. Because of the highly specialized nature of food service planning, leading architects find it profitable to avail themselves of the assistance of

JOHN VAN RANGE FOOD SERVICE ENGINEERING

When you have such projects on your boards or in prospect you, too, will find our help acceptable. We will utilize the available floor space to maximum advantage and locate all service intakes and outlets on your own blue prints. We have been serving the profession in this way for nearly a century.

Proceeding from a sound architectural plan we design, manufacture and install all equipment, both for preparing and for serving food. Competent engineering and expert craftsmanship combine with superior materials to reduce costs of operation and maintenance.

We invite your inquiries



328 EGGLESTON AVE., CINCINNATI, O.

I FTTERS

(Continued from page 46)

access to powder room and small closet space, both of which are vital to its use either as sickroom or guest room.

Back Hall: Note that intelligent use of the former lavatory space is the key to the success of the plan. It provides circulation to all parts of the house.



Powder Room: Moving the lavatory fixtures into the old pantry space should be fairly easy and not too expensive.

Dining Room: Position of door into kitchen is changed.

Kitchen: The former kitchen was full of waste space. The refrigerator is now several steps closer to the sink counter. The stove is much more convenient moved nearer the sink. New cupboards will be built in above the sink.

Back Entry: By enclosing the former back door stoop, winter drafts can be kept out of the kitchen. Broom closets and cupboard space is provided.

After studying the suggested plan, I hope it will be realized how many minor, miscellaneous inconveniences of the original plan Mr. Marx could also have improved while he was at it, with only slight added expense which more than makes up for the advantages gained.

ELIZABETH FITTON

Princeton, N. J.

THE FORUM is impressed with Reader Fitton's ingenuity, suggests that most fam-ilies don't mind occasional contact with each other, explains that architect Marx was not given the liberty to change any part of the house except the living room, since this would have cost several hundred extra dollars.-ED.

RED TAPE LOANS

Forum:

In this month's FORUM you have an item, Inflation Blocks GI Home Loans. I thought you might be interested in some additional difficulties the GI encounters in purchasing a home, particularly with reference to obtaining loans.

(Continued on page 54)



6. L. JOF" WOULD CALL IT

"JUSTIFIED EXPENSE ON THE HOME FRONT" . . . BUT HE'D EXPECT HIS MONEY'S WORTH BECAUSE JOE'S A PRACTICAL GUY AND HE GETS RESULTS! HE'D WANT TO KNOW . . . "HOW GOOD IS IT?"

And our answer would be, "A ROOF IS AS GOOD AS THE MATERIALS, DESIGN, AND WORKMANSHIP THAT GO INTO IT."

Money, manpower, and materials to maintain dependable service in roofs are justified when you specify ABESTO COLD PROCESS ROOF-ING MATERIALS. Used with any standard brand roll roofing Abesto makes a new protection that will give many more years of efficient service.

There are several plans for the roof that needs repair that you, as designers and builders, know in general. We'd like you to see the specific ABESTO PROCESS for these general plans.

Abesto materials plus Abesto Cold Process design make good workmanship simple and easy . . . so the combination of Abesto materials, Abesto Cold Process design, and that good workmanship will give a roof that "G. I. JOE" would okeh as justified expense!

Write for our free specification sheets which show the various types of construction for which Abesto is used.

ABESTO MEG. CO. MICHIGAN CITY, IND.

Yes, it's time now to *decide*. It's time to clear mental decks for immediate action. It's time to decide what line of Oil Burners and other Heating Equipment is going to be your most valuable ally, your most profitable partner, come postwar. Indeed, it is time to consider the possible costs and hazards of delaying

Don't wait for the Victory Whistles to start blowing

decision; the immediate rewards for prompt action, the future rewards for wise decision.

We invite you to build with TORIDHEET. We invite you to turn TORIDHEET'S reputation, quality and value to your own profit. We invite you to convert TORIDHEET'S nationally recognized operating efficiency, low service costs and low maintenance costs into a powerful sales tool for your own growth and advancement. We invite you to benefit from the broad, helpful, sales policies back of TORIDHEET.

Decide to do this now. It will instantly help you. It will at once provide you with a sound, intelligent base for planning, for building, for selling post war.

You will discover that the TORIDHEET dealer backs you with all those vitally necessary cooperative helps, that contribute to the success of your plan . . . An alliance with TORIDHEET is a pleasant, satisfying experience for both you and your clients.

TORIDHEET DIVISION

OIL WATER HEATERS

CLEVELAND STEEL PRODUCTS CORPORATION . CLEVELAND 2, OHIO

OIL BURNERS

AIR CONDITIONING UNITS

COAL AND GAS FURNACES

BOILERS

CORRUGATED TRANSITE for Modern Streamlined Buildings?



Yes, more and more, architects find J-M Corrugated Transite ideal for expressing the new design trend for simplified construction.

B_{CAUSE} of its amazing durability and fireproof characteristics, *Corrugated Transite* has been used extensively, and with outstanding success, in industrial construction for many years. Now architects are discovering that it is equally adaptable to EVERY type of modern building. Unusually attractive in appearance it lends itself to flexibility of design.

An excellent example of this new trend is the modern, streamlined college building shown above. Here, the entire exterior walls are *Corrugated Transite*. In other cases used vertically and even horizontally, it provides pleasing contrasts in combination with other exterior building materials, such as stone, brick, etc.

Here are a few of the outstanding advantages of *J-M* Corrugated Transite that have made it popular in wartime use and that qualify it for your consideration, no matter what type of construction you plan . . .

I. It's durable, because it's made of asbestos and cement, two almost indestructible materials, compressed and corrugated under terrific pressure for extra strength.

2. It's practical, because it can't burn, can't rust, can't rot, and has high resistance to acids, to gaseous fumes, and to severe temperatures.

3. It's economical, because it requires little or no maintenance, is 100% salvageable . . . easily and quickly installed.

4. It's versatile, because its stone-gray color and beautiful, symmetrical lines blend well with modern architectural plans and designs.

If you desire more specific and detailed information as to how J-M Corrugated Transite can solve your con-

struction problems, send for our illustrated brochure on this subject. Call or write Johns-Manville, 22 East 40th Street, New York 16, New York.



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RESTORE YOUR BUILDING WITH A <u>WATERFOIL</u> RAINCOAT

The Unique Treatment for Exterior Masonry

It took ten years of laboratory and field research to develop Waterfoil . . . the "raincoat" for buildings. Waterfoil improves the appearance of the structure and lengthens its life.

Waterfoil is manufactured from irreversible inorganic gels. Reacting with the lime hydrate in the masonry,

bonds chemically and physically, forming a hard dense coat. It lets out water vapor but impedes water absorption inwards thus preventing reinforcing bar rust and spalling; masonry can breathe, as it should! The appearance of the structure is like new.

If you are responsible for property maintenance and its protection, you should have the important information contained in the Waterfoil literature. Why not send for it today?

A.C. HORN COMPANY

Established 1897 Manufacturers of Materials for Building Maintenance and Construction Long Island City 1, N. Y. Houston, Texas San-Francisco, Calif.



3 REASONS Why Architects Specify **ANCHOR** Fence

HERE'S why so many architects make Anchor-Weld Iron Fence the artistic "finishing touch" to their projects:

1. Beauty. Anchor-Weld Iron Fence achieves beauty by architecturally correct designs, use of grooved square pickets and rails, and ornamentation to suit personal taste.

2. Strength. Anchor-Weld Iron Fence cannot sag or get out of alignment. Each joint of picket and rail is permanently fused at eight points by Anchor's exclusive flange-welding process.

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Free Specifications Manual For Your A. I. A. File 14-K

Let us send you our free 44-page Specifications Manual on Iron Picket and Chain Link fences gates for your A. I. A. File 14-K. Preand pared especially for architects and engineers, it contains installation photographs and sectional drawings . . . describes in detail the various heights, weights, structural features and applications of Anchor-Weld iron picket fences and gates . . . includes helpful sample specifications for many types of fencing jobs. This book will prove helpful in planning many of your postwar projects. For a free copy write: Anchor Post Fence Co., 6635 Eastern Ave., Baltimore 24, Md.

Nation-Wide Sales and Erecting Service



LETTERS

(Continued from page 50)

I was discharged from the Army about a year ago and last summer one of our enterprising realtors persuaded my landlady that she should sell her house which I have rented for five years. The asking price was modestly set at only 50 per cent above its "reasonable normal value" and since all other houses here apparently sell for approximately the same inflationary prices, I had to raise a down payment and buy it along with a 15 year mortgage at 6 per cent interest.

Before I decided to select this house I looked at at least 150 other houses in the same price range all over the San Francisco Bay area. Renting a house was impossible. As you know, this is probably the most critical housing shortage area in the country. I found several houses that I considered satisfactory, and this is where the shortcomings of veterans' loans come in.

As soon as I found a satisfactory house I notified the State veterans' bureau who would send some one out to appraise it. If the house was not sold by the time he got there (even though it might take him less than a day to examine the property), he would invariably find some small matters that would have to be taken care of, such as a joist needing replacement, before a loan could be approved. Naturally the seller wouldn't wait around and have repairs made before acceptiong other offers. And I could not afford to risk my down payment on a house to hold it until the place could be repaired and a loan granted. I finally decided to take the house I had lived in. The Veterans' Bureau wouldn't even consider making a loan on it because it hasn't a frontage on the street. Access is by means of a permanent right-of-way, and its seclusion is one of the principal assets of the house in my opinion. The State Code on Veteran's Housing has no law which excludes from loan provisions a house without a street frontage. It is excluded simply by administrative rule, apparently on the grounds that there is more risk to the investment. Yet the house is in one of the best residential districts in Berkeley and has never been vacant since it was built twenty years ago. This factor of course was not considered.

The point I wish to make is this: Since both State and Federal Veterans' housing loan agencies operate similarly. the returning veteran will probably run into the following barriers, among others, which may make such loans inaccessible to large numbers of veterans.

(Continued on page 58)



SEND FOR THIS Booklet

Because the functional uses of color are acquiring an ever-increasing importance, you'll want to be thoroughly posted on the Optonic Color System ... the new science of using color to improve production, safety conditions and employee morale, and reduce absenteeism. A note on your business letterhead will bring you our new booklet on the subject-"Color Power for Industry."

THE ARCO COMPANY CLEVELAND, OHIO . LOS ANGELES, CALIF.



inviting you

to visit our newly decorated and refreshed New York display rooms, where fine furniture by Tomlinson finds the setting it deserves, where the available selection of living room, dining room and bedroom furniture and our decorator's collection of antiques would, in normal times, be remarkable ... is, in these times, exceptional. The ideas about living you see presented today are prophetic of great things ahead ... when the reunited homes of America become a happy reality.



in New York: 385 MADISON AVENUE

IN CHICAGO: 1666 MERCHANDISE MART . IN PITTSBURGH: 907 PENN AVENUE . AND IN HIGH POINT, NORTH CAROLINA



Type "A" shown above may be applied to either wood or hollow-metal bevel doors. Or as a stop bead, or at bottom of doors.



Type "E" Mortise Astragal may be applied to bull-nose hollow-metal or wood double doors, or at bottom of doors.

MICHAELS PRODUCTS:

Fixtures for Banks and Offices Welded Bronze Doors Elevator Doors Elevator Enclosures Check Desks (standing and wall) Lamp Standards Tablets and Signs Railings (cast and wrought) Building Directories Stamped and Cast Radiator Grilles Grilles and Wickets Bronze Lighting Fixtures

Kick and Push Plates Push Bars Wire Work Cast Thresholds Extruded Thresholds Extruded Casements Store Front Sash Exhibit Cases Parking Meters Bronze and Iron Store Fronts Bronze Casement Windows Bronze Casement Windows Bronze Markers and Plaques Wrought Iron Lighting Fixtures ing Fixtures

adjustable Astragals

Michaels Adjustable Astragals of extruded bronze or nickel are designed to compensate for expansion or contraction of doors and to keep them closed as tightly as possible. They prevent draughts, air currents and help to keep out dirt and dust. Michaels Astragals are simple, practical, rugged, easily installed and adjusted, and are available in several styles for any type of door. Send for literature which contains complete details and specifications.



THE MICHAELS ART BRONZE CO., Inc., COVINGTON, KENTUCKY Manufacturers since 1870 of many products in Bronze, Aluminum and other Metals

MODERNIZING THE BATHR IN THE POST-WAR HOME





Architects will find Weisway Cabinet Showers effectively meet the demand for more and better bathing facilities in the extensive remodeling, as well as new building, which follows the war.

In the meantime, Weisway Models V and V Deluxe provide satisfactory bath facilities for war-time needs in homes, institutions, industrial plants.

"Before" and "After" pictures on this page show the striking modernization easily possible with complete, self-contained, leakproof Weisway Cabinet Showers. This installation also emphasizes the rapidly growing popularity of the shower as the healthful, cleanly bath. This Weisway was originally installed to supplement the tub. In a few months the tub was removed, replaced by the built-in dressing table!

Architects are invited to write for information about the complete line of Weisway Cabinet Showers for peacetime living—as well as the special

war-time models which are immediately available.

HENRY WEIS MANUFACTURING CO., INC. 302 DAK STREET, ELKHART, INDIANA



Here is the modern grass. A permanent year 'round sod retaining its attractiveness in spite of punishment.

BEAUTY: Flawn stays green in the summer heat. Flawn is so thick it chokes out weeds. Flawn grows slowly—only one mowing a month. All summer it provides your building a setting of richly textured carpeting of trim green.

UTILITY: Walk on it; play on it. Together with its "good looks" Flawn adamantly resists heat, weeds and bugs—it retains for all summer its captivating, rich texture. You actually can't suppress Flawn because the more traffic it receives, the finer the leaf growth and the less mowing it requires.

Flawn is impervious to Jap Beetles, Grubs and Cinch Bugs. It will crowd out Crab Grass.

If you can't believe the facts write today to



LETTERS

(Continued from page 54)

1) In a seller's market which we will probably have for many years, the lapse of time involved in getting final approval of a loan will make it extremely difficult for a veteran to get the house of his choice unless he can risk a down payment to hold it.

2) The bureaucratic restrictions are such that it is likely that the veteran will have to select his house in a district or area not of his choice, probably in some FHA approved realtors' subdivision of architecturally prehistoric cracker-box houses.

3) Appraisers apparently are bankers and real estate men, whose ideas on housing are generally extremely conservative and who look upon any sort of modern architecture as a poor financial proposition.

4) Inflation, as you point out, will cause many rejections, and it's possible that such inflation will last beyond the time limits in which a veteran may apply for a loan.

These barriers are enough to convince me that the housing benefits of the GI Bill are extremely dubious. Incidentally one of its big shortcomings is that loans cannot be obtained under it for refinancing in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The worst feature, however, is the time limit placed on applying for a loan. If the bill is to have any real meaning, it will have to be amended to take cognizance of economic realities and made flexible in application to those realities.

Robert A. Muir Berkeley, California

To bungling Veteran's Administration a reprimand and timely warning to mend its ways. Indications are that Congress will presently extend the time limit on applications.—ED.

FLEXIBLE LIBRARIES

Forum:

It seems to me your review of Fremont Rider's book (see ARCH FORUM, Dec. '43, p. 176) missed the real point for the architect.

The book raises one challenging point for any architect who is now to plan a library building. Technological developments of the sort described by Rider are on their way, but it is too early to say they have arrived and to scrap the stack. As insurance against the failure of the technological change to come. about, the stack needs a provision for future accessions over an adequate period (don't ask me what an adequate period is!). But such a stack is a big thing, a costly thing, a specialized thing, *(Continued on page 62)*



...and so did Labor Turnover

In this plating room at J. P. Seeburg Corp., Chicago, nine Propellair fans dispose of disagreeable fumes from tanks containing acids, cleaners, and greasing and etching solutions.

Vapors are drawn right from the surface into vents at the end of each tank, then upward into wood ducts leading to outside exhausts. Photographs show ventilation first "off," then "on." It's easy to understand why Superintendent of Finishing O. W. Towner says, "The efficiency of Propellair tans is far beyond anything I have ever seen."

Propellair ventilation can't always cut labor turnover to zero, as it did at Seeburg, but it can always provide maximum air movement at minimum horsepower. There are types and models for every industrial need. Send for Catalog 10-AF.





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the acquisition by the Faraday Electric Corporation of the signal systems business of the Holtzer-Cabot Electric Company of Boston

Combining this old established signal systems business with our Stanley & Patterson Division will result in the widest and most complete line of signal systems equipment in the country.

The rigid standards of efficiency and quality and the high type of service which have been established by each of these organizations in the past will, of course, be maintained in the future. Manufacturing will be done in

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434 Newbury St., Boston 15, Mass.

Branches in all Principal Cities

IN CANADA: Burlec Limited, Toronto 13



Here's an idea with wide appeal for the huge post-war remodeling market . . . just the sort of practical and attractive idea you can use to help a home-owner make up his mind. It's a bedroom and bath for the unfinished attic-"twins" in construction and in decoration. And an ideal job for Masonite* Presdwoods, the versatile building materials made from exploded wood fiber. They go up quickly and easily over bare rafters (or old plaster), producing easy-to-paint-and-clean walls, ceilings, built-in furniture and even flooring.

You can create the most up-todate bathroom interiors with Masonite Presdwoods. They are available in a ready-to-paint smooth surface or in custom finishes of gleaming baked-on enamel in a variety of designs and colors. They resist moisture, scrubbing, hard wear-and-tear . . . and you can rest your mind about cracking or splintering—these hardboards are grainless. Let us send you complete data. Write Masonite Corporation, Dept. AF-3, 111 W. Washington Street, Chicago 2, Illinois.

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MASONITE

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ODUCTS

ALUMINUM WINDOWS FOR MODERATELY PRICED HOMES

GENERAL BRONZE

announces

the formation of a new subsidiary THE ALUMINUM WINDOW CORPORATION

This new company will specialize in the production and sale of fine quality aluminum windows in stock sizes for residential and apartment construction. It will be backed by all of the resources and experience that have made General Bronze Corporation world leaders in the production of non-ferrous windows.



For Architects designing Residences and Apartments This colorful, well-illustrated book gives complete information on these new ALWINCO Aluminum Windows. It should be a part of every architect's files. Write today on your letterhead for a Free copy.

THE ALUMINUM WINDOW CORPORATION A Subsidiary of General Branze Corporation

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TERMAGLAS "asks no favors" of any waters ... it likes them all ... hard waters of the plains, soft waters of the mountains, acid waters of the bayous, iron-laden waters of the ore regions, or whatever type of water predominates in your part of this land of many waters.

A. O. Smith engineers devoted 23,000 test-years to perfect *Perma*glas... the one and only sparkling blue, mirror-smooth, glass-fusedto-steel that resists corrosive action in ALL waters, and delivers hot water as clear and pure as the source of the water itself, *always*.

WRITE for "The Inside Story of Permaglas." It will help you give valuable water heater facts to your clients.



A LETTER FROM THE PUBLISHER

Dear Reader:

Response to our G. I. Jobs program has been something less than spectacular. Whatever the reasons, our determination to help servicemen find jobs in the building field remains undiminished.

For those who skipped this department last month, we briefly review our proposal:

To help discharged servicemen locate positions in the building field, we will publish without charge fortyword advertisements citing the applicant's qualifications for whatever type of position he seeks. Also, we will maintain a registry of jobs available to assist these men in locating suitable employment. Finally, we will shortly publish a pamphlet for general distribution to those in or recently out of the services. This pamphlet, Building, War and Postwar, will review the recent past and its implications for postwar practice; no charge to anyone requesting a copy, but printing will not be completed until sometime in March. Meanwhile, below are sample comments on the program. If we can help you or others you know, please address G. I. Jobs. c/o Architectural Forum, 350 Fifth Avenue, New York 1, N.Y.

Forum:

We are delighted with your letter in the FORUM, outlining your plan for assisting in the postwar placement of architects.

As you may know, the American Friends Service Committee is administering, under the Selective Service System, a program of work of national importance for men classified by their draft boards as conscientious objectors. There are, within Friends Civilian Public Service camps and units, men with architectural training and experience who, we believe, can make a real contribution to postwar America through their professional activities . . .

Your plan seems to us to be a very helpful approach.

EARLE EDWARDS Civilian Public Service

Forum:

I read in the FORUM that you are planning to publish a pamphlet which will review the major building events of the war years.

This sort of pamphlet might be extremely valuable to our Outposts or Information Libraries overseas.

We would very much appreciate it if you could send us some more information on Building, War and Postwar and advise us if some copies might be available to us.

MARJORIE D. MATHIAS Office of War Information, New York



Mention of 350 Fifth Avenue (slang for Empire State Building) reminds us that we have just moved into the 50th and 49th floors with our good neighbors on FORTUNE. Here we will not only work, but hold exhibitions and, in general, engage in a variety of nefarious practices which are such a delightful feature of journalism as we practice it. You are cordially invited to come and see all for yourself on your next visit to the World's Biggest Store just one block west of us.—H. M.

LETTERS

(Continued from page 58)

and it can become an awful thing if it remains empty.

This means that flexibility has become a requisite of library planning and any one who makes a building anchored in monumentality may cause the same anguish to his posterity as has been caused the present generation by library architects of the past.

This same determination to have flexibility of use throughout the building is limiting librarians' ambitions to settle their readers in no matter how good a replica of Caracalla's baths or the nave of Bourges.

JOHN E. BURCHARD

Director of Libraries Massachusetts Institute of Technology Boston, Mass.

We appreciate Mr. Burchard's interest and the fact that he makes the point of new technological developments versus the old stack much more clearly than Mr. Rider. We suggest that a book dealing with the

new design aspect of libraries and their re-

quirements would be of wide use .- ED.

No Foolin

The April issue of this magazine will show and tell you all about

BURNHAM'S SENSATIONAL NEW DEVELOPMENT IN RADIANT HEATING

Only 30 days more to wait before you get the whole story on Burnham's latest development on Radiant Heating! So watch for our Advertisement in the April issue of this magazine. Worth waiting for? You bet. For here is a new type of Radiant Heating equipment which ...

• Makes rooms more comfortable at lower temperatures.

- Saves fuel. Provides more heathful living conditions.
- Is so inconspicuous as to be practically invisible.
- Fulfills the engineering ideal of "placement where heat loss is greatest".
- Is 100% practical. Easy to install.
- Reasonable in price. And built for, life-long, trouble-free service.

Burnham Boiler Corporation

IRVINGTON, N. Y., Dept. J • ZANESVILLE, OHIO, Dept. J Export Department 50 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK 7, N. Y.



When that air castle

settles to earth

> It's fun to build castles in the air. Today millions of people are buying war bonds to pay for that dream home of the future. After the war, when that air castle settles to earth, the dreams will have to be tempered by practical reality.

> No building plan will be complete or satisfactory unless it provides for certain important essentials. For instance-adequate and intelligent ventilation. Write for full details.

> > Α.

Q. Will guests continue to be hidden from view by an unwelcome smoke screen?

screen? Not if the host and hostess are mart people who planned ahead. Intelligent planners are insisting on Victron Ventilators in their recreation rooms. With a flip of the wrist these clever home-owners will keep the atmosphere clear and will keep the atmosphere clear and the party bright with magic Vic-tron Ventilation.

Q. Will a clean, odor-free kitchen be a A. Definitely! No woman would go on Definitely! No woman would go on being a willing slave to grease, grime, international states and odors if she knew a way out. That's where a Victron Venti-lator comes in — to provide cool, clean comfort for the housewife in the score where she spends the the room where she spends the greater part of her time.

Q. What's the answer to bathroom "droopiness"?
A. Let a Victron Ventilator carry away the steam before it has a chance to settle. Continual circulation of air will keep the bathroom sparkling and fragrant. Gone are the days when it was expressive to open a window and risk a draft or get all steamed up while bathing. The Victron Ventilating Fan assures a well-ventilating ed, even-temperatured bathroom. Never again need hubby's shave Q. What's the answer to bathroom "droopiness"? while bathing. The Victron Ventilating Fan assures a well-ventilat-ed, even-temperatured bathroom. Never again need hubby's shave suffer from the annoyance of a fogged-up mirror, for the Victron Ventilating Fan instantly whisks away the steam and moisture.

MANUFACTURERS OF VICTRON DESK AND PEDESTAL FANS-VICTRON VENTILATORS-VICTRON



FANS-VICTRON AIR CIRCULATORS-VICTRON EXHAUST PORTABLE IRONERS - VICTRON F. H. P. MOTORS ELECTRIC









• Sworn facts from Sweet's Catalog have time and time again proved the quality supremacy of Mesker Steel Windows. Quality the architect can depend on. If you have not yet received your copy of the Mesker Brothers Book of Windows for Public Buildings, write for a copy TODAY. There is no obligation.

FOR YOUR NEW PUBLIC BUILDINGS . .

Versatile in design, these Mesker Steel Windows for Public Buildings are an appealing compliment to your architectural design. More important, they provide these features not found in ordinary double hung windows: • No draft built-in sill ventilators. • Awning type weather protection. • Washed entirely from inside the building. • No weatherstrips to "sing" in high winds. • Steel: Always easy to open and close—no weight to lift, no friction to overcome.

Mesker Windows for Public Buildings

The Mesker Steel Windows for Public Buildings are composed of the Series 200 M and 200 P Casements. These windows are a full 1¾" thick. Versatile in design they provide the perfect window for Civic Centers, Court Buildings, Airports, Police and Fire Stations, City Halls and other Government or Community Buildings.







MESKER BROTHERS . 426 SOUTH 7th STREET (2) SAINT LOUIS
First steps in modernization

Heating equipment of adequate capacity

> Automatic comfort control

Units thoroughly proved by extensive use

National Radiator Products offer all these plus advanced, efficient design . . . Write for literature

The NATIONAL RADIATOR Co.

231 Central Avenue, Johnstown, Pa.

OVER 50 YEARS OF SERVICE

TO THE BUILDING INDUSTRY

THE FORUM

Richard Neutra, who designed for Puerto Rico (p. 119) with one hand while teaching architecture at Bennington with the other, is still recovering from the shock of academic life. Striding into this outpost of unbridled

femininity, he removed the girls' feet from the mantel, placed them firmly under drafting tables. However, when he tried to keep them there on 24 hour shift the Bennington freedom both spoke and got up. The Neutra spirit took another beating when he was quartered in a tiny Colonial cottage. Asked about sunsets he muttered darkly: "Sunsets! Through 2 by 4 holes you eclectics call windows?"



If Joan Burns had any respect for pre-natal influence she would have given birth to a small Windsor chair instead of a bouncing boy. Working against time she



managed to finish her design analysis (p. 112) just a split second ahead of the stork's arrival. This devotion to duty intensifies an awe we always feel in her presence. How she juggles her FORUM job, Columbia night school and life en famille without getting nervous

twitches leaves us goggle-eyed-especially during the time when junior was kicking her amidships every time she put poche brush to paper.

William Lescaze, designer of the Norman house (p. 140) is master of the undiluted severity he brought with him twenty-five years ago from Switzerland. Applying it in equal quantities to houses, office buildings, radio studios and industrial plants, he has converted many a sentimentalist to Lescaze austerity. How far he car-



ries this esthetic asceticism is appparent - a man of many pipes, there is not a curve in his carload.

Tracing the effect of directives, counter directives, forms and triplicates on a usually placid architect might well prove a fertile field for the psychiatrist. We present, therefore, the case of Mr. G. who has obviously developed an army mule or "don't hurry me" neurosis; "Your



telegram alluding to deadlines neither terrifies nor moves us stop the sign above our desk reads why be difficult when it is only a little more trouble to be impossible unquote stop we are slap happy with urgencies, emergencies, necessities, priorities stop as for the peace and quiet of a postwar planning office so what stop or as my 19 month old daughter

comments succinctly quote aw foo unquote (signed) Charles Goodman, principal architect, ATC.

COMPARE THE EXPERIENCE OF YOUR NEIGHBOR WHO OWNS A WILLIAMS OIL-O-MATIC WITH THAT OF THE OWNER OF ANY OTHER OIL BURNER

ILLIAMS

BLOOMINGTON, ILLINOIS

8 D

(@

War Bonds are the world's best investment. Buy all you can as often as you can—and keep them!

ARMY E AN

For more cheerful, more interesting rooms

"Open" your walls with GLASS

Cheerfulness goes hand in hand with daylight and outdoor beauty.

And so, why not plan your postwar houses to bring in the daylight and make the most of outdoor views? "Open" the rooms to both-with glass.

In some climates, large windows have presented a problem of heat loss on coldest days. But that problem has now been answered by Libbey Owens Ford's amazing new Thermopane, the windowpane that insulates.

Because Thermopane is such a simple and practical way to insulate glass areas, it enables you to provide the charm of bigger windows with new standards of comfort and heating economy. In windows, Thermopane looks like regular glassbut what a difference it makes!

Thermopane is described briefly at the right. But if you want all the facts . . . the sizes, weights and types of glass in which Thermopane can be fabricated . . . insulation values . . . how to install Thermopane, write for copies of our illustrated Thermopane book and our new Technical Data Sheets by Don Graf. Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Co., 1535 Nicholas Bldg., Toledo 3, O.





Thermopane provides effective insulation because a debudrated inverted in in homosimily particular to a large the second Thermopane provides effective insulation because a dehydrated layer of air is hermetically-sealed be-tween its two panes of glass. Thanks to the patented Bondermetic Seal, used to prevent dirt and moisture infiltration there dirt and moisture infiltration, there are only two glass surfaces to clean. This double-glass windowpane fits into a modified sash, just like a single pane of regular glass ... stays in all year. It's a modern, practical way to provide the benefits of bigger windows, with assurance of winter comfort and heating economy.

Thermopane ... the windowpane that insulates

Makes big windows practical in any climate



State of the owner own

with a Kimpreg[®] Surface

A revolutionary new alloy-like material is achieved by fusing to plywood's surface a cured plastic skin of KIMPREC. This resultant material is not a plywood in the ordinary sense, not a conventional plastic laminate. It is a brand new, better structural medium with countless applications in many products—including, very probably, those you plan for post-war production.

With KIMPREG, plywood is converted into an improved substance which can be machined, formed and fastened like ordinary wood—yet has a plastic's smooth, tough surface and beautiful, permanent, paintless finish.

KIMPREC adds the following advantages to plywood: 1) increases durability and flexural strength; 2) provides resistance to moisture and vapor; 3) armor-plates

Among the users of KIMPREG are: Buffelen Lumber & Manufacturing Company; Olympic Plywood Company; Washington Veneer Company; and The Wheeler, Osgood Company; all of whom are currently producing a Douglas Fir Plywood surfaced with KIMPREG. This product is sold under the trade name of Inderon.

against extreme abrasion; 4) prevents surface checks; 5) diminishes grain-raising effects; 6) makes the material scuffproof, splinterproof, snag-resistant; 7) affords a stainproof, washable, "wipe clean" surface; 8) creates resistance to chemical action, decay, temperature-extremes, fire, vermin, and mold. Moreover, it is warm to the touch, does not have the chill "feel" of metal surfaces.

Today all KIMPREG is required for military needs, ranging from airborne "prefab" huts to glass-smooth tables for packing parachutes without snagging. Hence, the wartime color of KIMPREG is a soldierly olive-drab. Post-war, however, it will be offered in a variety of appealing hues.

Now is the time to investigate the possibilities of KIMPREG-surfaced materials for your *peacetime* requirements.

TRADE MARK	Send Coupon for FREE KIMPREG Book to: Kimberly-Clark Corporation, Neenah, Wis. AF-345
Kimpreg	Name
TRADE MARK	Type of Business
nufacturing Company; Olympic Theeler, Osgood Company; all of d with KIMPREG. This product	Address

FORUM OF EVENTS

U. S. Navy Special Devices Division shows the home folks how their boys are prepared for action.

U. S. Navy Photo



To his family and friends the air cadet may be a second Flash Gordon—but to the Navy he is just another fledgling with a lot to learn. In combat his equipment will be highly complex, sensitive and, if properly handled, deadly efficacious. In training his equipment is all of this and more. Through a series of specially developed devices that recreate and record the performance of both man and machine in simulated battle, the



FAVORITE WITH LAYMEN WAS PHOTOGRAPHIC ANTI-AIRCRAFT TRAINER

(Continued on page 74)

DRAMATIC LIGHTING AND PHOTOMURALS ENLIVEN ROTUNDA OF NEW YORK'S MUSEUM OF SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY



"I can't pull this curtain just yet... BUT...

I've just had a look at what Spencer Heater is planning for after the war, and Brother, you are going to rub

your eyes, then look again and again when the time comes.

Behind this curtain ... 50 years of experience in building heaters is teaming up with the aircraft production experience of The Aviation Corporation. Believe me... the result will be something to see, and something you'll want to include in your specifications for the great post-war homes you're going to build."



DROP US A LINE and we'll let you know more about the great things Spencer Heater is planning for the homes you're going to design and build.

SPENCER HEATER

DIVISION - THE AVIATION CORPORATION WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

FORUM OF EVENTS

(Continued from page 72)



THEME PANEL STARTS VISITORS AT OUTSET OF PILOT'S CAREER

cadet is thoroughly versed in attack and defense before leaving the ground. Some of these miraculous training machines are included in an exhibit now touring the U.S. They range from miniature planetariums to electronically operated anti-aircraft guns. Aside from its intrinsic excitement, the exhibit has the important effect of convincing the home front that in training as in combat, our armed forces profit by the most advanced equipment conceivable.

SMALL FRY PUT ELECTRONIC GUNS TO FULL USE



USNR, Director, Special Devices Division, Navy Bureau of Aeronautics, and CAPTAIN EDWARD STEICHEN, USNR, Photographic Officer, Navy Bureau of Aeronautics.

Tile-Tex means Healthy Hospital Floors

Sound, sturdy, time-tested floors are essential to efficient operation of a hospital. The floors in any institution get more actual usage than any other part of the building structure.

When you discuss flooring with your hospital client, remember that the health of both the staff and the patients of that institution are of prime importance. Tile-Tex Asphalt Tile protects that health in two ways. First, its smooth, compact surface prevents wearing in of grime and dirt, with consequent ease of maintenance. Second, the composition of Tile-Tex will not support any form of bacteria or germ life.

In addition, Tile-Tex floors have other advantages for hospitals. Their resilience reduces leg fatigue. The surface of Tile-Tex is slip-safe. Their low cost saves construction money, and their time-tested durability means long life and minimum replacement cost. Add to these virtues highly attractive appearance, and you know why millions of square feet of Tile-Tex have been specified for use in hospital areas during the past twenty years.



Robinson Memorial Hospital, Ravenna, Ohio — Chas. G. Kistler, Architect

Specify Tile-Tex for the hospital you are now planning-and if we can be of assistance with helpful data, don't hesitate to call on us.

The TILE-TEX Company CHICAGO HEIGHTS, ILLINOIS

These Features Mean *EFFICIENCY <u>PLUS</u>* In Cold Storage Doors

VERTICAL PANELS prevent moisture and dirt accumulation and add further to structural strength.

CROSS BRACING prevents sagging or warping...makes York Doors structurally strong...rugged.

SELF-ADJUSTING hinges and latches maintain constant and even gasket pressure. Hardware is streamlined ... built for heavy duty ... rust resistant.

KICK PLATE takes the bumps and reinforces the door against damage from shavings, ice or other obstructions that may be swept into the doorway.



YORK Cold Storage Doors keep temperatures and operating costs lower. The special advantages shown above reduce spoilage hazards and provide the structural strength to withstand almost limitless opening and closing. York Cold Storage Doors are specialized for every refrigeration service. Doors for all applications are available to your clients through a York factory branch or distributor nearby. York Corporation, York, Pennsylvania.



DOUBLE ROLLER SEAL with two water and grease-proof, wear-resistant gaskets insure perfect, enduring seal and prevent sweating and deterioration at the base.



Send for the "Architects' and Engineers' Manual York Cold Storage Doors." It gives complete information—plus valuable tables and dataf or refrigeration plants.



SYLVANIA NEWS ARCHITECTURAL EDITION

MARCH

Published in the Interests of Better Sight and Sound

Life Ratings Raised on Smaller Sizes of Fluorescent Lamps

New life ratings, based on a 3-hour burning cycle, under specified test conditions, have been announced for Sylvania Electric's 4, 6, and 8-watt miniature fluorescent lamps, as well as for the 14-watt T-12 lamp. Ratings have been based on the 3-hour cycle, since this approximates



Graph shows the new life ratings of 4, 6 and 8-watt miniature and 14-watt medium-base lamps, based on 3-hour cycle under specified test conditions.

the conditions under which these lamps are most likely to be used.

With the exception of the 4-watt size, all ratings represent a longer life than indicated in previously published data.

DID YOU KNOW...

That Sylvania Germicidal Lamps, under proper circumstances, can be installed in air conditioning ducts, as a means of destroying air-borne bacteria?

That the Sylvania-sponsored fluorescent lighting maintenance plan offers commercial establishments a simple means for keeping their equipment at full efficiency? Service is provided by contractors on a fee basis.

Sylvania Launches Study of Home and Commercial Lighting Trends

Consumers and Business Firms Being Queried on Their Preferences and Plans

In order to obtain first-hand information that will be helpful in evaluating postwar trends in domestic and commercial lighting, Sylvania Electric Products Inc. has undertaken an extensive survey of the ideas of homeowners and business establishments on the subject of illumination. Thou-



"Pardon me, but do you plan to use fluorescent lighting in your business after the war?"

NORTHWEST INSTALLS FLUORESCENT TUBING



Decorative possibilities of Sylvania fluorescent tubing are shown in this installation in the New York ticket office of Northwest Airlines.

sands of personal interviews have been conducted with householders, with a view to determining their preferences on types of lighting for various rooms. Calls are



Here is one of Sylvania Electric's questionnaire-type advertisements.

now being made on stores, offices, and other commercial establishments to learn their plans on the use of fluorescent light-

ing after the war.

These interviews form one of the two major phases of Sylvania Electric's compre-

hensive program. The second phase consists of a series of questionnaire-type advertisements appearing in national magazines and business executive publications.

Results of this survey will be published



in future issues of SYLVANIA NEWS, to guide architects in their postwar planning of lighting installations.



SYLVANIA ELECTRIC PRODUCTS INC., Salem, Mass.

MAKERS OF FLUORESCENT LAMPS, FIXTURES, ACCESSORIES; INCANDESCENT LAMPS; RADIO TUBES; CATHODE RAY TUBES; ELECTRONIC DEVICES

WHAT THE WELL DRESSED Front WILL WEAR

A Complete Line for Every Design



The store front of today and tomorrow artfully combines beauty and utility to attract the beholder and invite his patronage.

Doulevard

QUEV

With the complete Brasco Construction, unusual effects in modern metals, glass and lighting, are easily attained. It offers the architect endless possibilities in bold, attractive design because the line is completely unified—the various members complementing each other to make a harmonious whole.

But Brasco offers much more. Precision engineering, heavy-gauged metals and stoutly reinforced bars assure trouble-proof construction and safety to glass. Structurally sound. Brasco brings beauty that never wears out. Visual evidence is presented by thousands of installations all over the continent.

BRASCO MANUFACTURING CO. HARVEY · (Chicago Suburb) · ILLINOIS

National Distribution Assures Effective Installation

Copr. 1945 by Brasco Manufacturing Co.



SHOWER CABINETS

Take the GUESSWORK Out of Post-War Bathroom Planning . . . Every architect, builder and home planner will welcome the idea of STANDARDIZED SIZES for "Bathe-Rite" Shower Cabinets - ready to fit your post-war plans when building operations resume.

STANDARDIZED SIZES combine with a wide choice of attractive "Bathe-Rite" designs suitable for installation in every type of home or public building. You can make specific plans NOW with full confidence that "Bathe-Rite" Shower Cabinets will fit these plans exactly. Into each "Bathe-Rite" go many "extravalue" features of design, construction, greater strength, easier installation.

INCLUDE "BATHE-RITE" Standardized Sizes in your forthcoming plans and specifications.

4PopularStandardized "Bathe-Rite" Models, ranging in size from 32" x 32" x 80". Ask for details and range of measurements.



MILWAUKEE STAMPING CO. Milwaukee 14, Wisconsin

802-5 South 72nd Street

FORUM OF EVENTS

(Continued from page 74)

COMPETITIONS

Artists for Victory, Inc., have announced the opening of the second painting competition "Portrait of America" and the decision of its sponsor, the Pepsi-Cola Co., to make it a regular annual event. It is hoped that in broadening the scope of prizes and program requirements both the art and the artists will benefit. Among the changed conditions this year are a greater number of prizes, the artist's right to retain the title to his picture and to receive the sale price if a sale is made. All entries must be received between April 1st and April 15th. Entry blanks may be obtained by writing to Artists for Victory, Inc., 101 Park Ave., New York 17, N. Y.

First and second prizes in the Second Annual Small House Competition of the magazine Arts & Architecture sponsored by U. S. Plywood Corp., were awarded to architects in Washington, D. C.; first to Lt. Charles D. Wiley, second to Lt. (j.g.) Russell M. Amdal, U.S.N.R. Third prize went to Edward F. Catalano of Buenos Aires, now a student at Harvard.

Over-all results served best to reinforce the popular conviction among architects that standardization of certain sections of the house is practical and desirable and does not necessarily produce a monotonous appearance. Many of the plans submitted utilized a module or standard part system though the designs were extremely varied in character.

The house which won the first prize is described by its designer as "an all-weather plywood house with a new space conception." It can be used as a single or a double dwelling without noticeable loss of privacy. It is designed on a 4 ft. module and intended for prefabrication. Its most interesting char-

(Continued on page 82)

First Prize: Lt. Charles D. Wiley



WITH PROVED FEATURES FOR POSTWAR BUILDING



Lockwood Series 5100 of Standardized Cylinder Knob Locks.

Standard dimensions of The Hollow Metal Manufacturers' Association.

- All locks in this series interchangeable in the same mortise.
- Cast Bronze Pin Tumbler Cylinder and trim on Cast Iron Case.

PLUS Equipoise Balanced Knob Action — a Lockwood EXTRA. LOCKWOOD resourcefulness and ingenuity stepped into the future when it created Equipoise knob action for its standardized mortise locks. It is an oft-forgotten fact that men and women usually turn knobs in opposite directions. But Lockwood's Equipoise action is precision-built to compensate for this habit. The lightest touch turns Equipoised locks in either direction.

Especially important is this specification in planning locksets for banks, hotels, hospitals, apartments, schools and other buildings where women have to open the doors. The 5100 series, with Equipoise action, is modern as tomorrow, tested and proved today. Specify it in your postwar buildings and you add the earmark of good lock design.

You will find Lockwood hardware specifications simplified in Sweet's Architectural File 17bl, 1945 edition. A limited number of additional copies is available. Write for yours, if interested.

LOCKWOOD HARDWARE MFG. CO. FITCHBURG, MASSACHUSETTS Division of Independent Lock Company



A-2



Bare light tubing will be as unsightly and old-fashioned postwar as open plumbing. The answer is in Lumitile, which not only provides a higher quality, scientifically diffused light, but offers an attractive shield for cold cathode and tube type lighting, and greatly enhances the beauty of the lighting area. Lumitile increases the emission surface from that of the bare tube itself, to twelve or more inches wide. Molded of styrene, and has all the characteristics of this lightest of all plastics. Lumitile is resistant to water, acids, alkalis and alcohol, and is unaffected by age. It has high dimensional stability and does not warp. Production now restricted by war, but contractors can supply it postwar in a wide variety of colors. For further interesting information about Lumitile installations, write us today for free folder.

Section of individual tile; six- and eight-inch squares.

Diagram shows assembly of tile, from tube side, with angle iron supports and plate between panels. Also indicates optional felt strips. Panels may be butted together to form continuous lighting areas.



327 EAST EIGHTH STREET CINCINNATI 2, OHIO *

Roddiscraft

New Prefabricated Door Unit A Completely Assembled Opening

I N keeping with the trend toward prefabricated factory-finished parts, Roddis has developed the Door Unit—a complete opening, accurately manufactured to size, including the door, jambs, stops, and casings, put together with the hardware applied, and finished according to specifications.

Door - Manufactured to size.

- Jambs Manufactured to architects' detail insures perfect fitting.
- Casings and Stops Manufactured to architects' detail.

All - Finished to approved sample, assembled with door hung in place, and shipped, ready for immediate installation.

This Door Unit is CABINET WORK, i. e., one compact, shop-assembled unit, doweled, glued, and nailed together and completely factoryfinished, all lending to a durable, permanent product which will retain tight miters and other joints. The profiles of casings and stops will be made to architect's design. The Door Units are manufactured on a mass production basis in our plant by experienced craftsmen using modern machines and jigs. This streamlined method of manufacture results in substantial economies over the "assembly-at-the-building-site method."

Advantages of the

Roddiscraft

Door Unit

Reduces handling at the building site. Saves field labor costs.

- Applies the economies of mass production.
- Saves time at building, enabling building to be occupied sooner.
- Instead of paying out interest on partially completed building, owner is collecting rent.

Simplifies the supply problem.

Fixes responsibility at one source.

Factory-fitted to insure perfect fitting. Factory-finished by craftsmen.

Door Unit can be conveniently removed and reset without damage to meet tenant layout requirements.

Split Jamb Construction

All Roddis Door Units are made with split jamb to allow for variations in wall thickness. The stops prevent the joints from being exposed.

WAREHOUSES

Cambridge 39, Massachusetts 229 Vassar Street Chicago 8, Illinois. 1440 W. Cermak Road Cincinnati 2, Ohio. 457 E. Sixth Street Dallas, Texas. 2615 Latimer Street Kansas City 8, Missouri 2729 Southwest Blvd. Long Island City, New York Review and Greenpoint Avenues Louisville 10, Kentucky 1201-5 S. 15th Street Marshfield, Wisconsin Milwaukee 8, Wisconsin 4601 W. State Street New York 18, New York 515 W. 36th Street San Antonio, Texas. 727 N. Cherry Street

Fitting Jambs Attaching Jambs Gaining Jambs for Hinges and Lockplate Sanding Jambs **Finishing Jambs** Sizing Door Height Sizing Door Width Sanding Door Gain for Hinges **Applying Hinges** Fitting Lock

The

Applying Lock **Cutting Casings to Length Mitering Casings** Sanding Casings Applying Casings to Jambs **Finishing Casings** Cutting Stops to Length Mitering Stops **Boring Stops for Screws** and Washers Applying Stops to Jambs **Finishing Stops**

NEW METHOD Roddiscraft DOOR UNIT

The RODDISCRAFT Door Unit - completely factoryfinished, fits accurately into openings - is installed in one simple operation.

WISCONSIN

The RODDISCRAFT Door Unit can be quickly installed with simple tools. Tests indicate that 12 door units can be installed in the time formerly required to fit and finish one opening, saving costs and valuable time.

It-in red, white

MARSHFIELD

and blue • dowel trade-mark – permanently establishing identity and responsibility.



Dealers in all Principal Cities

See Sweet's Architectural File - for complete **RODDISCRAFT** Door Line and Specifications.

ODDISCR

SIGN

AHE

OLD METHOD

Accenting the Architectural Design with the Right Carpet!

SPACE and time are the architect's theme for this post-war lobby. Around the world time and large area maps recognize the coming importance of long distance travel.

The volume of space and perspective is re-emphasized in the selection of a Bigelow pattern that fits the design.

When Bigelow looms again make contract carpet, Carpet Counsel will be ready to help you select the right carpet for the right spaces at no extra cost per square yard.



BIGELOW-SANFORD CARPET CO., Inc. 140 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK 16, N.Y.

FINE TERRAZZO FOR MODERN HOSPITALS



Receiving ward for children, St. Vincent's Hospital, Philadelphia. Architect, Henry D. Daggitt & Sons; Terrazzo Contractor, United Marble Co., Inc.; both of Philadelphia.

Proven utility, combined with colorful beauty and faithful reproduction of designs and patterns, has demonstrated the value of fine Terrazzo for hospital floors—and wainscots too.

Sanitary, easy to clean and keep clean, economical to install and maintain, fine Terrazzo has the permanence and durability of concrete even under the heaviest foot traffic. Beauty and detail of design depend upon the varieties of marble chips and the color of the cement matrix.

Whether contrast or blend is desired, in the matrix lie the color overtones which can deaden or illuminate the floor's beauty. With Atlas White portland cement (plain or waterproofed), any color of matrix is possible. Its natural color is unsurpassed where pure white is desired, and gives true color values to the mineral pigments added when other shades and tones are required.

For further information, write to Atlas White Bureau, Universal Atlas Cement Company (United States Steel Corporation Subsidiary), Chrysler Building, New York 17, N. Y.

The matrix is as important as the marble chips



FORUM OF EVENTS

(Continued from page 78)



Second Prize: Lt. (j.g.) Russell M. Amdal, U.S.N.R.

acteristic is the floor level located two feet below grade so that, from within, flowers and plants appear at sill height.

The winner of the second prize has provided a child's bedroom with an adjoining court which permits supervision of play from the kitchen. The service unit divides the living and recreation area from the sleeping area and acts as a sound barrier between the two.

Winners of the 36th Division Memorial Museum competition have recently been announced. Alden B. Dow won first place, Rather & Rustay, second, J. Murrell Bennett, third, Donald S. Nelson and Thomas D. Broad, fourth. The program called for a design "of monumental and enduring character" to memorialize the sacrifices and services of the men of the 36th Division. It was also stated that the building should incorporate all appropriate modern facilities such as air conditioning.

Architect Dow's plan features an auditorium and a round central court for exhibitions. Sixteen rectangular piers encircling a small garden in the middle create 32 auxilliary surfaces for display.

Describing his design, Mr. Dow says: "Peace is generally regarded as a form of perfection. This is symbolized by the old symbol of perfection, the circle. In this building it takes on the form of a court open to the sky. Peace, or perfection, also represents freedom. Freedom in this building is illustrated by the openess of this court to the sky and more intimately by the freegrowing garden in the center."

(Continued on page 86)

The biggest news in home laundry equipment, is the Bendix! Prospective home owners everywhere will want the Bendix Automatic Home Laundry—will *demand* its miracle performance. And you'll want to be *ready* on the spot—with plans that wed the Bendix to kitchen, playroom, bathroom, basement or utility room.

The Bendix takes only 4 square feet of floor space. So modern, it washes, rinses and dampdries automatically—eliminates set-tubs completely! Helps sell the house. Available in many states for FHA financing. Your Bendix distributor has all the answers. Look for his name now in the classified section of your phone book.

BENDIX De Luxe Model: 26" wide, 36" high (control panel back board at rear). 38" high from floor, 2234" deep.
BENDIX Standard Model: 25¼" wide, 35" high, 2234" deep.

BENDIX automatic Home Laundry

Bendix Home Appliances, Inc., South Bend, Indiana ... Pioneers and Perfectors of the Automatic "Washer'

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Are Your

BENDIX Installation

Plans Ready? "Watch Out for Vapor Condensation".



DOUBLE INSULATION plus VAPOR CONTROL

That's What the Approved Insulite Wall of Protection Gives You



On outer-walls, Insulite Bildrite Sheathing builds a wind-proofed, weathertight wall of high insulation efficiency, superior bracing strength, and a wall free from open cracks or knotholes.



On inner-walls, Insulite Sealed Lok-Joint Lath builds a second wall of insulation, a strong and rigid plastering surface. Lath marks are eliminated, plaster cracks reduced to a minimum.



Sealed Lok-Joint Lath, with asphalt barrier against the studs, retards vapor travel. Bildrite Sheathing, being permeable to vapor, permits what little vapor escapes the barrier to pass towards the outside.

WALTER G. MEMMLER



A recent bome designed by Walter G. Memmler. Mr. Memmler is past president of the Association of Wisconsin Architects (Milwaukee Division), chairman of the Committee on residences of the Milwaukee Metropolitan Master Planning Association.

"New methods of air-conditioning, heat control and humidifying systems will put new demands on the walls of tomorrow's homes," Mr. Memmler says. "Vapor condensation within the walls will create serious trouble unless guarded against in construction.

"I believe in the Approved Insulite Wall of Protection (and specify it) because I have found, through practical experience with it, that its construction is scientifically sound, and permits what little vapor that escapes the barrier to pass harmlessly to the outside. I've never had an instance where vapor condensed within the wall and, of course, my clients also get greater structural strength and high insulation—all in one."

May we send you complete information on the Approved Insulite Wall of Protection? Send us the coupon today, for complete details, without obligation of course.





Think of Corbin

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Best in brass and bronze!

"Biggest housing boom yet headed this way" say members of the real estate profession and housing authorities. And what's more important, it will be in large measure a period of *quality* construction.

More than likely everything that goes into or on a house will be of higher quality for three reasons: (1) Substitute-shy home owners and prospective home builders are "fed up" with inferior materials (2) They will have the cash to pay for what they want (3) They will want to buy the security of long-established trade marks.

In builders' hardware, look to P. & F. Corbin to again supply the best in brass and bronze (and other materials too) for this new, great market.

Look to Corbin for everything that it takes in authentic design and helpful detailing to make your projects as outstanding as you *planned* them!



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U. S. Pat. 1,887,814 The exclusive interlocking grid core within the Rezo door allows constant air circulation, adds extra strength and provides greater rigidity. Doors are a dominant feature of every room. How important, then, that you specify a door that will work with your plans, like the Paine Rezo... a door that widens your opportunity to design refreshing effects with attractive, flush interior surfaces. But Paine Rezo doors do

not alone serve as a tool for better architectural design; they fulfill your client's interest, and yours, too, in long, trouble-free service. The patented air cell construction that only Paine Rezo offers, prevents warping, provides greater strength, extra rigidity and lightness in weight, at an installed cost no greater than that of common panel doors. No wonder, then, that the Paine Rezo is the flush door most frequently specified by architects... for more than one million have already been installed from coast to coast. Write now for detailed bulletin.



FORUM OF EVENTS

(Continued from page 82)

The 19th annual Alumni Collaborative Competition of the American Academy in Rome will close in April. Full details may be had by writing to the Alumni Association, R-1232, 101 Park Avenue, New York 17, N. Y.

EXHIBITIONS

The National Antique Show, the largest exhibit of antiques ever shown, will be held at Madison Square Garden, New York, from March 12th through March 18th. Design and display will be under the direction of David Robinson, industrial designer. Dealers from all over the U. S. are expected to participate in the show whose aim will be "to encourage collecting and to stimulate the taste for the things of the past."

The Museum of Modern Art has announced the opening of a small permanent gallery on the first floor for the joint use of the Department of Architecture and the Department of Industrial Design. Here small, special displays will be on view for two or three months at a time. Some will deal with new and timely developments in architecture and industrial design; others will show past achievements and illustrate basic principles. Heretofore these branches of modern art have been represented in the Museum only by occasional large exhibitions.

Art of the United Nations, recently displayed at the Art Institute of Chicago presented a careful selection of 37 objects of art, one from each of the United Nations. Included were paintings, sculpture, prints and decorative arts, chosen, within the limitations of a world at war, for their esthetic excellence. The selection was not limited to any period, civilization, style, medium or stage in a nation's growth. The oldest work was executed before 2,200 B.C.; the latest, in 1943. Neither was



Horizontal band joins recessed display cases

this a war exhibition. No object, even those by contemporaries, dealt with the present struggle. Mr. George Kepes, responsible for the admirable and unusual staging of the exhibit, took full advantage of the diversity of the material. Each object was given powerful individual emphasis in a variety of separate settings. A few ingenious devices, as simple as the *(Continued on page 90)*



... on your good money!



• One of the most expensive mistakes you can make, when buying or building a new home, is to get a *skimpy* chimney—no matter what kind of fuel you plan to burn. For a chimney that's *too small* chokes off your choice of ever using any except the *most expensive* fuels. And these may become even more costly in the years ahead.

If, on the other hand, your home has an *adequate* chimney, a chimney big enough to handle all fuels equally well, you'll be free at any time to burn any fuel you choose—including the most dependable and economical of all—Bituminous Coal!

It may surprise you to learn that the extra cost of such a chimney amounts to only about \$16 for the average 7-room house! And burning Bituminous Coal can save enough money to pay a good slice of your taxes or interest. No wonder 4 out of every 7 homes in the U.S. heat with Bituminous Coal!

Your architect or builder will tell you that a chimney adequate for burning Bituminous Coal is also efficient for any other fuel you ever might choose. Talk it over with him—it will pay you to do so!



AN ADEQUATE CHIMNEY is your assurance that you'll always be free to choose any heating fuel you desire —including money-saving Bituminous Coal, of which America has a 3,000-year supply! And, when used with a modern coal stoker, dependable Bituminous Coal is not only smokeless, clean, and "automatic" but also gives the most uniform heat of any fuel.

BITUMINOUS COAL INSTITUTE, 60 EAST 42ND STREET, NEW YORK 17, N.Y.

(This is one of a series of advertisements now appearing in home-makers' magazines)

Take a tip from the Navy!





In freezing arctic wastelands, and in the heat of the tropics, the Navy's famous Quonset huts provide welcome shelter to thousands of men, and protect vast quantities of supplies from the elements. These huts, insulated with KIMSUL, to protect against heat and cold, are the most widely-used prefabricated houses on earth. Prefabricated, easily transported and quickly constructed, these structures serve as barracks, administration buildings, hospitals, workshops and warehouses.

The advantages which make this insulation best for the Navy's use are highly desirable in insulating *homes*, too. The low cost of KIMSUL is important. So is the remarkable speed and ease with which it can be installed. And KIMSUL is one of the best heat-stoppers known. Its k factor is 0.27.

This is the ONLY many-layer insulation. Its construction is scientifically superior to that of loose "bulk insulations", and to blankets with only one or two plies. Why? Because you get uniform coverage over every inch of insulated area. The density doesn't vary; hence, there are no heatleaks through unprotected spots.

Furthermore, KIMSUL, unlike other insulations, cannot sift or settle. Rows of strong stitching hold the blanket's shape permanently, prevent sagging. KIMSUL stays put, and stays RIGHT, for the life of the structure in which it is installed.

Take a tip from the Navy-specify KIMSUL insulation.

For complete technical data on KIMSUL Insulation refer to Sweet's 1945 Catalog or write Kimberly-Clark Corporation, Neenah, Wisconsin



NO BETTER THAN ITS HEATING PLANT! builder for specification or recommendation of heating equipment. That will put more responsibility on your shoulders, for a home is no better than its heating plant. But if, in planning tomorrow's homes, you choose Round Oak equipment - constantly improved during 74 years-you can be confident of superior heating and home-owner satisfaction. For every unit in this famous line of modern air conditioning, or gravity systems, is designed and built to meet the most rigid requirements in its classification -for quality, ease of installation, heating efficiency, fuel economy, and dependability.

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A HOME

ROUND OAK'S POST-WAR LINE WILL INCLUDE

***** KITCHEN APPLIANCES Gas Ranges Electric Ranges Gas Combination Ranges Electric Combination Ranges Kitchen Heater Gas Ranges Coal and Wood Ranges New Kitchen Heaters

* HEATING EQUIPMENT Steel Furnaces Cast Iron Furnaces Gas, Oil, or Coal Air Conditioning Systems Space Heaters Electric Water Heaters Gas Water Heaters Oil Water Heaters Stokows Stokers Blower-Filter Units

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The men in uniform who so frequently are seen studying large scale maps plan death and destruction. But on the Home Front other groups — not in uniform — study plans for war's great aftermath — the building of homes for an enduring peace.

When the reconstruction era begins, time will be a vitally important factor. That is why, among other considerations, window planning must be under way now. And that is when the Grand Rapids Invizible Sash Balance must be a part of that planning.

Now being used in thousands of war housing projects, the Grand Rapids Invizible has proved itself smooth and dependable in performance; easily and quickly installed — an asset to contractors in war time and a boom to profits in peace.

At present governed by government priorities. Send for catalog for information and delivery details.

GRAND RAPIDS HARDWARE COMPANY GRAND RAPIDS • MICHIGAN

FORUM OF EVENTS

(Continued from page 86)



Wood and stone elements enrich primitive art objects

curving wood display wall, served to integrate and round out the show as a whole. Following an earlier and equally notable exhibition staged by Mies van der Rohe, *Art of the United Nations* further strengthens the Art Institute's prominence in advancing and developing modern display technique.

Bertha Schaefer, decorator, has organized a series of monthly showings of oils and water colors by leading contemporary artists at her gallery, 32 East 57th St., New York City. Her goal is the visual integration of painting, lighting and interior design.

PROJECTED WORK

Dr. Harold W. Dodds, president of Princeton University, has announced the appointment of the firm of R. B. O'Connor and W. H. Kilham, Jr., New York, as architects of the \$3,500,000 library which Princeton University will construct following the war.

The Courier-Journal and Louisville Times, Louisville, Ky., has commissioned Lockwood Greene Engineers, Inc., of New York to design and supervise the construction of a large new project which includes an administrative and office building, newspaper plant and radio station. The radio station, WHAS, is a unit of the CBS system.

ANNOUNCEMENT

ROLAND A. WANK, formerly head architect for the TVA and chief consulting architect for the REA has resigned from government work to join the design staff of Albert Kahn Associated Architects and Engineers, Detroit, Mich.

OPENING OF OFFICES

NATHAN A. SEIDERMAN, Architect, announces the establishment of his offices at 45 John St., New York 7, N. Y.

ISABEL BARRINGER and THEODOR MULLER, formerly associated with Dorothy Draper, Inc., announce the establishment of the firm of Muller-Barringer, Designers, at 11 W. 57th St., New York 19, N. Y.

ulius Gregory

ther parts of the house are pan-in Weidtex and other Weldwood dwoods.

His client demanded unusual beauty . . . yet provided a relatively modest budget.

It was the usual stumper. But this architect solved it . . . easily.

He designed a dri-bilt home specifying Weldwood Plywood.

Dri-wall construction cut labor costs considerably by saving six weeks in building time. And his client got a structurally better house.

He brought the interior to vibrant life with Weldwood Hardwood Plywood rooms . . . paneling in Mahogany, Walnut, Oak and Birch. A luxury? Yes, in appearance. But the cost? ... well within the budget ... and much



Waterproof Weldwood, so marked, is bonded with phenol formaldebyde synthetic resin. Other types of water-resistant Weldwood are manufactured with extended urea resins and other approved bonding agents.

less than you would expect.

He specified economical Weldwood Utility Panels for walls that were painted and papered. They provide a permanently smooth hardwood under-surface . . . free from checking or grain-raise.

Now his client has a home that will give him permanent satisfaction at a minimum cost for upkeep. Weldwood Plywood Panels are guaranteed for the life of any structure in which they are used.

Perhaps his experience suggests something to you.

THE MENGEL FLUSH DOOR

Light . . . Strong . . . Permanently beautiful. Matches perfectly with Weldwood Walls.







Weldwood Plywood and Plywood Products are manufactured and marketed by UNITED STATES PLYWOOD CORPORATION THE MENGEL COMPANY New York, N. Y.

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Distributing units in Boston, Brooklyn, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroir, High Point, Los Angeles, Newark, New York, Oakland, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Rochester, San Francisco, Seattle, Also U.S.-Mengel Plywoods, Inc., distributing units at Atlanta, Jacksonville, Louisville, New Orleans.Send inquiries to nearest point.

HERE'S WHY YOUR CUSTOMERS WILL WANT WELDWOOD:

BEAUTY

and the

BUDGET

STRUCTURAL ADVANTAGES Dri-wall construction cuts building time as much as six weeks . . . eliminates dangers of warping, swell-ing and cracking in sash ing and cracking in and woodwork due to the and woodwork due to the tons of water in plaster walls. All standard grades of Douglas Fir plywood are made in Weldwood's giant West Coast plants.

DECORATIVE FEATURES

DECORATIVE FEATURES Weldwood . . . in genuine mahogany, walnut, oak, knotty pine, figured gum, birch and Weldtex (striated Weldwood) . . achieves the warmth and beauty of wood-paneled rooms at un-believably low cost. Modern streamlined production has made this possible.

Inexpensive Weldwood Utility Panels, with satin-smooth hardwood faces, provide ideal wall surfaces for paper or paint . . . never show checking or grainraise.

ECONOMY

Final results balanced against investment show Weldwood Plywood con-struction to give far more value per dollar than old-fashioned materials.

Because Weldwood can be installed rapidly . . . inside and out . . building time is cut down, with resultant savings in labor cost.

DURABILITY

Weldwood Plywood Panels are crack-proof and are guaranteed for the life of the building. Weldwood walls are permanent walls, requiring no upkeep.



The house with "BLACK EYES" needs new screens of LUMITE

• No more unsightly "black eyes" that disfigure sills and sidewalls as a result of rusty or corroded window screens. For LUMITE, the new plastic screen cloth, woven from Saran," defies the elements!

When LUMITE is used, there's no necessity for constant repainting of tell-tale streaks and splotches. LUMITE does not rust or corrode, nor is it affected by acid fumes, salt air, rain, snow, heat or cold. Furthermore, LUMITE plastic screen cloth itself never needs painting. A wipe-off with a damp cloth restores its fresh, new look immediately.

As for durability, the tensile strength runs as high as 50,000 pounds per square inch, gives sturdy resistance against dents and bulges. LUMITE simply can't wear out through natural causes!

Tested every day, under every condition, by the Armed Forces, LUMITE offers a great new "proven" product for postwar building. We can't ship any LUMITE until after the war, but we'll gladly send samples and information.

*A product of the Dow Chemical Co.

TESTED IN WAR READY FOR PEACE

Not just a postwar dream product ... millions of feet of LUMITE are now in actual use, protecting the Armed Forces against disease-carrying insects.

- ★ Will not rust or corrode . . . longlasting
- Non-staining . . . no streaking of sills or sidewalls
- ★ Strong, resilient ... no dents or bulges
- * Unaffected by fumes or salt air
- * Non-inflammable
- * Will be competitively priced

The new plastic insect screen cloth



CHICOPEE MANUFACTURING CORP. Lumite Div. 40 WORTH ST., NEW YORK 13, N.Y. World's Largest Makers of Plastic Screen Cloth

DELANY FLUSH VALVES Have Only 6 Moving Parts



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ASSURING THE SIMPLEST, MOST EFFICIENT, AND EASIEST TO MAINTAIN FLUSHOMETER ASSEMBLY – with full protection against back syphonage and resulting water contamination.

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HEAVY PLATE GLASS has proved itself to be one of the most versatile materials yet employed in the creation of eye-catching interiors. In this interesting application, tall panels of Plate Glass are used, accordion fashion, to give beauty and appeal to a store interior. *T. H. Robsjohn-Gibbings, designer-René Brugnoni, architect.*

STURDY, RUGGED STRENGTH is a

marked characteristic of the Pittco De Luxe line of store front metal. This is an extruded metal construction, which combines an unusual ability to withstand hard usage with an exceptional purity of line and clean, sharp contours. Thus, Pittco De Luxe offers the architect both beauty and strength to assist him in designing store fronts and interiors of distinction and durability.





LIFE-SIZE MURALS of edge-lighted, decorated Plate Glass are now practical. For hotel, restaurant, store and theatre interiors, they offer a new design medium to architects. In the edge-lighted mirror panel shown, the sand-blasted figure is full life-size; the mirrored panel 7 feet square.

GLASS, SKILLFULLY USED, has played an important part in creating the present trend toward "open vision" in store design. Long the leaders in the store field, Pittsburgh Glass and Metal Products assure the satisfactory execution of the architect's design—the maximum effectiveness of the store front and interior as advertising and sales-building media. Store design by Skidmore, Owings and Merrill, architects.

We believe you will find much to interest you in our new illustrated booklet of ideas concerning the use of Pittsburgh Glass in building design. Send the coupon for your free copy.





WILL YOU SETTLE FOR A WALL THAT DOESN'T?

BELIEVE it or not, the Gold Bond Floating Wall is an important step towards solving the age-old problem—plaster walls settling with subsequent repairs and added expense. We don't claim this system will "hold the house together" despite h--- and high water. We do say, however, that it provides free floating action that gives the wall flexibility so that settling strains are not so readily transferred to the plaster. In addition, it adds 1-hour fire protection and reduces room-toroom noise.

The Gold Bond Floating Wall System is another important contribution by Gold Bond Research to better construc-

tion. For complete information see Sweet's or write us.

BUILD BETTER WITH GOLD BOND

Wallboard · Lath · Plaster · Lime · Metal Products · Wall Paint · Insulation · Sound Control

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ATC INTERNATIONAL AIR TERMINAL

The newest major world port is landlocked on the Potomac flats just outside Washington, D. C. Blood plasma, engine parts to put a B-29 back on a bombing route weigh in measure-for-measure with diplomats and generals for a place in the metal bellies of its fleet. Wounded soldiers are rushed home to expert care through its facilities. In its portable steel-ribbed hangar, Douglas C-54's are readied for departure, at a moment's notice, to all the political and military fronts of the world.

Built by the Air Transport Command of the Army Air Forces at a cost of \$500,000, the Washington Port of Aerial Embarkation was ready to handle its first flight four months after Major Gen. Harold L. George signed the order to start construction.

Since this terminal will undoubtedly tend to set a pattern for the rush of airport building bound to follow the war, it is fortunate that its design was never afflicted by anybody's notions about what the nation's first air gateway to Europe ought to look like. War material shortages initially determined the unpretentious and straight-forward quality of both design and construction. But a second and even more influential determinant was the architect's own positive sense of how precisely structure must be fitted to function. Goodman, who believes in "getting out on the field and talking to grease monkeys," spent weeks learning every step of flight operations and passenger and freight handling before he sat down at a drafting board. The terminal plan, therefore, stemmed directly from a flow chart plotted to move embarking and debarking passengers through a variety of processing stages with no crossing of paths and no bottlenecks.

Another major design consideration is stated by Col. Frank H. Collins, commanding officer of the base: "ATC's phenomenal expansion made it necessary to develop a dynamic system of building design free of structural complexities, which would be economical and simple to construct, revise and expand." Clear-cut separation of operating units, dictated by traffic flow requirements, also permitted insulation of each by a land area giving room for easy expansion. In effect the airport is three buildings under a single roof. Outgoing and incoming passengers are serviced in completely separate sections; flight personnel in still another distinct unit. Chief construction simplification is the architect's use of a 5 ft. 4 in. module by which windows, doors, all smaller structural parts were sized to drop into the structure's 16 by 16 ft. wooden gridwork. This framing freed both interior and exterior walls of load-bearing requirements, paid off in flexibility and permitted use of glass for 75 per cent of the exterior wall area.



FOR THE WORLD'S GREAT AS FOR G. I. JOE, THESE SIMPLE GLASS DOORS LEAD TO AND FROM THE NORTH AT





CIRCULATION IS DIRECT, SERVICES HANDY . . . FROM FRONT DOOR TO PLANE DOOR NOT A STEP IS WASTED

ARCHITECT: Charles M. Goodman CONSTRUCTING AGENCY: U. S. Engineers Colonel John M. Johnson, District Engineer CONTRACTOR: Charles H. Tompkins Co.



FUNCTIONAL SEPARATION MEANS DIRECT APPROACH TO ANY UNIT FROM DRIVEWAY



COMMANDING OFFICER VIEWS ENTIRE FIELD THROUGH GLASS WALL



All photos by Ben Schnall except those marked by asterisk, OWI, through Library of Congress, Lehey photographer

BRIEFING ROOM AND C.O.'S OFFICE ADJOIN







EXTERIOR OF C.O.'S WINDOW SHOWS HOW SASH AND FRAMES ARE APPLIED TO OUTSIDE SURFACE OF WALL FRAMING

Operations wing is self-contained, with its own carefully developed circulation pattern.

Not counting Theater of Operations installations, this airport is the first to take advantage of war-born radio flight controls. Reaching out from these rooms, radio spans every mile of the routes that lead over the hurricane winds, the thousand miles of seawaste, the ice cap of the North Atlantic.

With all necessary services arranged for ready access from field or front driveway, flight personnel need never pass through the passenger terminal. Yielding maximum circulation efficiency and increased light and air for both units, the clear-cut separation of the operations wing from the larger mass of the terminal proper is also utilized for placement of an exterior stairway which gives direct access to the field from a special second-story lounge for passengers whose eminence requires privacy and a certain amount of luxury.


AIR TRANSPORT COMMAND



STAIR TO SECOND FLOOR LOUNGE IS HIDDEN BEHIND DIVAN



ROOMS LOOK OUT ON PLANTED COURT; FREE - STANDING STAIRWAY LEADS TO SPECIAL LOUNGE FOR DIGNITAR









STOCK MODERN FURNITURE AND LIGHTING EQUIPMENT, USED THROUGHOUT, ARE GOOD LOOKING AND ECONOMICAL

Very Important People may view the field from a lounge which balances luxury and simplicity.

VIPs are such frequent passengers that the airport has its own abbreviated lingo to describe them and an abbreviated circuit to route them. While opaque glass blocks the view of the field from the main waiting room, the glazed wall of the VIP lounge looks directly on it. Because of security requirements, this is probably the first important terminal lacking any provision for spectators. While regard for view would certainly have indicated larger glass areas than the stock windows, this design possibility was deliberately sacrificed to allow complete standardization of the structural system. Careful handling of details, which gives warmth and intimacy to the whole building, is evident here in the lighting built into dropped ceiling, the decorative line of the Vulcan heating unit, and the bright, strong color in surface finishes and Hans Knoll furniture.









American Aviation

LONG COUNTER FOR CUSTOMS INSPECTION; BRIEFING ROOM DRAMATIZES WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF FORCED LAND





FROM EITHER WAITING ROOM OR FIELD PASSENGERS CAN ENTER THIS SPACIOUS BAGGAGE-HANDLING CONCOURSE

Waiting room is rimmed by logical sequence of facilities to speed arrival and departure.

Best measure of the effectiveness of the airport design is the scant 15 minutes it takes to route an incoming passenger and his baggage through medical and customs inspection, immigration and intelligence interviews, rail transportation desk. In 45 minutes, an outgoing passenger can be ticketed, weighed, debaggaged, medically inspected, relieved of any last-minute worries at a personal service desk, painstakingly briefed on how to live on a raft. Briefing for what ATS jocularly calls ditching is a highly specific business. Changeable panel displays illustrate every piece of emergency equipment; there is a life-sized raft and a real-as-life movie of a forced landing. This skilfully executed solution for processing international traffic will pay continued dividends in the postwar years when the terminal will be operated by CAA and used by anybody who wants to fly to Europe.



ENTRANCE CANOPY

CHARLES M. GOODMAN, ARCHITECT





PLANNING WITH YOU

Perhaps no one but John Hersey knows whether kindly Major Joppolo in "A Bell for Adano" lived in fact as well as fiction. But in another small Italian city a real American, John C. Harkness, has effectively assumed the role in moments spared from evacuating wounded between Isernia and Cassino. Ambulance driver by circumstance, architect by trade, young Harkness has worked with native colleagues in replanning from the rubble a fine Isernia for tomorrow.



HARKNESS AND PLAN AMID RUBBLE

On September 10, 1943 American planes dropped their first bombs on Isernia, a quiet farming village in the hilly central portion of Italy, then occupied by the Germans. Ten other raids followed and the destruction was continued by German demolition squads before evacuating the town. When the British arrived on November 4, rail lines were hanging loose from crumpled stone bridges, huge craters pockmarked the roads, public buildings were a mass of rubble, approximately one-third of the homes were leveled. Of the 13,000 inhabitants only 10,000 were still alive.

Like hundreds of other cities throughout Europe, Isernia's destruction followed a definite pattern: American bombers blasted a large area in the center of town; German explosives planted on the outskirts put bridges, roads, power plants and the railroad station out of commission. As in other war-gutted towns the civilian population, homeless, stunned, suffered most.

Because of the similarity between Isernia's plight and the situation in other towns which have become battlefields in total war, this small Italian village is a test case illustrating the problems of reconstruction which will be met throughout the war theaters.

In Isernia, this destruction is the latest of many disasters which have periodically shattered the town since its beginning around 2,000 B.C. Today's reconstruction, like that which followed each new attack, from Roman times down to the present, started the day destruction ended. It is not a postwar job. Civilians lucky enough to have escaped unhurt start digging for their dead, or to recover their property. They need shelter and start rebuilding their ruined homes, stone by stone, at best following the old pattern, at worst modifying to fit disorders that cannot immediately be cured. Much work, of course, is done by the advancing military machine. Bridges and roads must be rebuilt immediately while utilities and sewer systems must be put in working order to maintain sanitary conditions. This is reconstruction in its unplanned form which of necessity begins at once. As soon as possible, however, it should follow some plan, not merely to restore the town to its prewar condition, but to take advantage of the opportunity to improve it.

PLANNED RECONSTRUCTION

Unlike many Italian towns similarly blasted by the war, Isernia is fortunate in having an architectural and engineering firm which has undertaken this job almost from the beginning. Their preliminary solution, the work of Guiseppe Tarra, is an example of academic planning, relying on a formal pattern of building placement. Of particular interest, therefore, is a second reconstruction plan, executed by a young American architect, John C. Harkness, while he was stationed in Isernia with the American Field Service. Harkness worked in the office of the local planners and with their help reached a fresh solution which may well influence the final reconstruction of the town. It coincides with the local plan in many respects, but differs strongly in certain basic attitudes. The Tarra plan directs Isernia's growth eastward, almost completely separating new construction from the prewar town. The proposed dwelling units are thus grouped together on a flat open space together with several reconstructed factories. The Harkness plan provides a more informal multiple grouping of houses on hilly sections near the demolished town center, but oriented toward the open



RUINED CHURCH IN TOWN CENTER

ISERNIA, CENTRAL ITALIAN VILLAGE





PREWAR POSTCARD shows winding approach to lower end of town which passes terraced gardens on the slope. One of Isernia's many churches can be seen beyond river near road in foreground.

ROAD ENTERING TOWN is held by high retaining wall. Note the ramp at right which leads steeply up into center of eld town— suitable for carts and donkeys, but not for automobile traffic.

country. An analysis of the town's geography and the habits of its townspeople will help in understanding the problems involved in such a plan.

PHYSICAL ANALYSIS

Any city which has survived the series of destructions which has been the history of Isernia must have a real reason for being. This reason, no prehistoric accident, has remained valid for centuries and is rooted in the farming country which makes up the central part of Italy. The land is hilly, ascending to rugged mountains in the Capricotta and Rocarrassa areas toward the north. It has been the custom of Italian farmers to group together in little villages, going out to their small fields each day, rather than spotting their farmhouses about the countryside as we do in America. An innate wish to live in groups is largely responsible for this arrangement and may stem from a desire for protection in the Middle Ages. A further expression of the same desire is seen in the way so many of the little villages are perched on hilltops. Thus, Isernia is essentially a farming town whose influence extends into the surrounding country. However, unlike the typical small village of 500 to 1,000 people Isernia, with a prewar population of 13,000, shelters more than just the farmers of the area.

Geographically, Isernia is at one of the crossroads of central Italy. It lies at the head of the Volturno Valley which opens out to Naples and connects with the Liri Valley leading to Rome. In the opposite direction, it is near the Sangro Valley, the other side of a divide which tapers toward the Adriatic. It is situated on the winding road to Campobasso in the southwest which swings down the Volturno Valley to Naples. Isernia is therefore, a trading center for the surrounding country, a central marketing town for many smaller villages from which grain is brought to be ground in its mills.

The fact that Italy has very little in the way of natural resources also exerts a constant influence on the growth of its towns. Water power and sun (because of a high percentage of clear days even in winter) are the greatest natural sources of energy in this part of the country. Isernia is well located for utilization of water power, since it is on top of a rise, flanked on either side by the Sardo and Carpino rivers which drop sharply in a short distance. To take advantage of this phenomenon, nine electrical plants are already located on the two rivers, supplying power and light for the town and its small cloth and grain factories. By consolidating these into one or two larger units it is believed that the cost of electricity, already low, can be reduced sufficiently to make feasible its postwar use for cooking and heating.

LAYOUT ANALYSIS

The old lower part of Isernia, mainly destroyed by bombing, is medieval in location and layout. It is crowded onto the top of a ridge, in a long line, with the hills falling away steeply in terraced gardens to the rivers on either side. The streets are extremely narrow, making auto traffic impractical in normal times, although during the war machines have crowded in. The narrowness of the town makes it possible to provide most of the houses with good light and air, and to take full advantage of really stupendous views of the surrounding countryside. In the past the great majority of houses faced in toward the narrow central street rather than out towards the landscape.

The first consideration of both plans,

therefore, is to get more light and air into the center of town. Under the Harkness scheme, destroyed areas are turned into squares and parks, or are rebuilt much more sparsely with special thought to orientation. Since the main auto traffic is already routed around this part of town, the most important problem is provision of parking space on the outskirts so that people can leave their cars and walk in. Traffic is much less of a problem than it would be for a community of equal size in the United States, as there are no more than fifty privately owned automobiles in the entire town.

In the newer, upper part of town, the existing street pattern is the familiar rectangular plan with through traffic going down a central main street. Although the population density is much lower in this section, it lacks much of the charm of the older town. The main problem here is to reroute traffic around the town and adopt a layout sympathetic to the landscape.

PLANNING FOR USE

Because of the slow growth of most Italian towns, there has been little organization into different functions up to the present time. In the Harkness plan for Isernia, efficient segregation is an important factor. Of the dwellings destroyed, approximately 75 per cent belonged to farming people. These buildings are therefore reconstructed around the outside of the town grouped in different directions to face their fields. If successful, this scheme will move most of the farmers out of the central area thus reducing congestion of wagons, horses and mules.

The central part of town where the destruction was greatest is to be left open as a market place or "mercato." Here the farming people from the sur-



OLD TOWER AND GATE were undamaged by bombing, will be seen to better advantage in new uncrowded plan.

Photos: George C. Holton

CENTER OF TOWN (right) took worst punishment. Buildings have been partially wrecked, their walls and foundations so shaken that they must be completely torn down. Reconstruction will leave this section open, making room for a spacious muchneeded market place.

RAILROAD BRIDGE (center left), erected early in the twentieth century, will not be rebuilt under the Harkness plan. Instead, the mainline of the railroad will bypass Isernia, while a short dead-end line from the main track will service the town.

VEHICULAR TRAFFIC BRIDGE (extreme right) affording main approach to town from south and west was wrecked by retreating Germans, has undoubtedly been restored by American engineers to allow passage of troops. The other route up the hill is too steep for anything save donkey and foot traffic.

CLEARING THE WRECKAGE from town center (below) was started at once by Yank truck crews in order to make Isernia useful to the advancing army. This type of reconstruction is of military necessity, and because of the speed required waits for no plan.



DESTROYED AREAS of original town are concentrated in the center as a result of American bombing raids (shown by hatching) and on the outskirts where fleeing German demolition squads blew up roads, bridges, railroads and power plants (shown by cross hatching).





THE NEW ISERNIA as planned by Guiseppe Tarra, Italian architect, (left) follows a formal street pattern, places most new building east of the older, bombed-out town on a flat open space. The Harkness plan (right) utilizes a scattered housing arrangement which takes full advantage of the natural topography. Farmer's homes are grouped on the outskirts of town facing their fields and placed to receive the maximum amount of air and sun. The heart of the town, formerly overcrowded, is opened up where old buildings have been destroyed by bombing. New civic developments are carefully placed for most efficient use.



OPEN MARKET (left) is planned to replace a large section in the almost totally destroyed central area of Isernia. The space set aside for this purpose is conveniently located for farmers who bring in their produce. It is also large enough to allow a separate parking space for wagons, thus relieving former congestion. New buildings for shopkeepers in the town proper (lower left) combine welldesigned stores on the first floor with living space above, take advantage of beautiful mountain view.

FARMERS' HOMES (below left) are also divided into two areas with storage and housing for animals on the first floor, living space on the second. These homes are logically placed on the outskirts of town, oriented towards the farmlands beyond. Space is allowed for smæll gardens between dwellings. The typical postwar house (below) will have large glass areas toward the south to take advantage of solar heating. Its cooking facilities will be partly electrical, partly the old-fashioned open charcoal fire.





small gardens between duellings



rounding country will come twice a week to sell their produce. Formerly this took place in the crowded square of the cathedral, spilling up and down the adjoining streets. In the new scheme, wagons will be left in a special parking area at the lower level.

A permanent shopping center designed to take advantage of sunlight and air, is scheduled for a space near the market, while the administrative and business section is located in the newer part of town. Beyond the business section a theater and hotel are placed in a large park. Fortunately the schools, none of which were destroyed, are all grouped near the proposed park space so their location need not be changed. Because of this convenient juxtaposition, part of the park can be utilized for playing fields. Intertown football matches and similar recreation will require a larger field outside of town where the land is more level. This need not be done until everything else is completed, but such a field is a healthy aspect of community life and should be considered in any complete picture since the people themselves have long planned for it.

The industrial life of Isernia is limited to several small factories run by electrical power from the two rivers. Although relatively noiseless and smokeless, these factories should be grouped together for the most efficient functioning of the town. Located on the road which was formerly the main route, but is now only a secondary loop, they are convenient to the railroad, thus simplifying transportation problems.

RESIDENTIAL PLANNING

In determining the site and orientation of dwelling units, those local factors which influence housing are of great importance. As was pointed out earlier, Italy is short on natural resources.

There is no oil, gas or coal and since wood is limited, it (and the charcoal made from it) will always be relatively expensive. Sensible planning must get the highest possible value out of what Italy does have: water power and sun. The residential scheme, therefore, orients housing blocks as close to due south as their contours allow, thus utilizing the solar system of heating. Since glass is a cheap natural product in many parts of Italy, the proposed large glass areas are not unreasonable for low cost housing. The solar factor, combined with a desire to take advantage of the lovely views, determines house and site location. Natural orientation as opposed to a rigid. inward-turning block structure is the chief difference between the Harkness and Tarra plans.

In considering actual house design, the customs of the inhabitants must be considered. The fireplace is a center for all social functions in this part of Italy as well as the sole source of heat during the winter months. At present small windows with no thought toward orientation do little to relieve the coldness and dampness of the interior. Additional warmth received from the sun through large glazed areas would be a great advantage. The fireplace, deeprooted in local house design would, of course, be kept and would still be used for evenings and bad weather.

With the increase in electricity, fireplaces might be supplemented by electric heaters which could be moved from room to room as needed. Judging from prewar rates, electrical heating would compare favorably with the cost of wood or carboni. Electricity would also be a competitor with charcoal for cooking, because of its comparable price and advantage of cleanliness.

In analyzing this farming village Harkness has considered an additional question—the relation of prefabrication to

reconstruction in Italy. American housing projects have shown that at least mass site fabrication in wood is highly efficient. However, in central Italy and in most of central Europe there is relatively little lumber; stone is the main building material. In addition, there will be much unemployed labor which will have to be put to some productive activity, probably rebuilding their own homes and towns. It does not seem, therefore, that the shell of the housewalls, roofs, etc.-are well-adapted to prefabrication methods. But the mechanical core, including heating, plumbing and cooking is particularly suited to mass production. Building whole rooms, especially kitchen and bath in the factory and shipping as a unit is impractical because of high costs and the difficulty of fabricating appropriate designs. and sizes. It is therefore apparent that any mechanical part should be boiled down to its simplest form and designed for packing in the minimum shipping space.

Concludes Harkness: "The reconstruction job which will be in the hands of builders after this war will certainly be the largest in history. American architects and builders should be involved with this job. My sketches were made to try to learn something about the colossal problem, and although Isernia is only a sample of the work ahead, it is a specific sample. Work done at home at this time is inevitably in the form of generalities. An opportunity to be on the site made possible a study of real conditions in a typical Italian town."

To satisfy increased demands, THE FORUM'S planning booklet, "Planning With You," has again been reprinted. Copies for distribution can be obtained by sending \$10 for the first hundred, \$5 for each additional hundred.

THE ARCHITECTURAL FORUM 350 Fifth Avenue, New York I, N. Y.



DESIGN ANALYSIS

The Windsor Chair . . . product of American skill, tools and materials, is still unequaled in comfort and utility . . . its significance in contemporary design.

> The American heritage is not noted for ostentation, but its traditional simplicity, rationalism and tenacity of purpose have demonstrated many times over the basic soundness of our approach to the problems of everyday life. And, despite the fact that America's contributions to art and design have been less spectacular than its influence in other fields, there have been notable exceptions to this generality. One such is the Windsor chair. Appraised on the basis of design, construction or utility, it surpasses any other chair of a comparable period and, on all three counts, fully expresses the yet-to-be-achieved functional ideal of modern designers.

> This was no mean achievement. A chair is one of the most difficult problems to face the designer. Its relation to the human body is the most intimate of any piece of furniture. It must be mobile, easy to handle, good looking and must resist complex stresses; it should not cost too much. Its construction calls for resourcefulness and skill. And, because in chair design these characteristics — common to all design problems — are brought into the sharpest possible focus, an analysis of the Windsor chair reveals principles as applicable to building as to furniture. Like its contemporary, the Colonial farmhouse, the Windsor is one of the best models we have for an approach to present-day design.

> The Windsor chair, as we know it, is essentially American: a faithful reflection of the economic, social and political conditions that were roots of our present democracy. Legend contends that the genus of the style originated in an English village adjacent to Windsor castle. The validity of this theory, however, has never been substantiated and some authorities prefer to believe that the basic type evolved from a massive English Gothic chair. Actually, this question is of little consequence since in the century of its development the American Windsor became a highly distinctive and vernacular household article of purely domestic design. Its widespread use among all classes except those people of fashion whowith the British aristocracy - patronized the master craftsmen of the Queen Anne and Georgian periods, gave it a truly colonial character possible only in the social climate of the new world. Before the appearance of Windsors on the American scene, chairs of any type were uncommon in lower-class homes. Many farmers knew nothing more comfortable than a hearthside bench, settle or "joyned" stool. The earliest Windsors were little more than these same stools with the addition of a low, curved, spindle back. This type made its appearance in Philadelphia about 1725 and for a time was known as the Philadelphia chair.

> As the design evolved and was elaborated it became known as the Windsor in deference to those skilled English craftsmen who, until this day, have served their apprenticeships in the shops that supply Windsor castle and the surrounding lands. In pre-revolutionary America, however, chair making was only partly the work of such specialists. Lack of adequate communication and transportation facilities made it necessary for much furniture to be made at home, in front of the common fireplace during the long winter months. As the popularity of the Windsor chair spread, it changed from a cabinet maker's item to a folk product in which endless design variations were applied to a single structural formula. To assist this fireside industry, general stores, prior to 1825, carried "chair

These readily available materials and simple tools were the basis of the design.



Chair: W. & J. Sloane Photo: F. S. Lincoln

THREE STRUCTURAL INNOVATIONS

DRAWINGS AND RESEARCH by JOAN BURNS



The spindle back

FIVE BASIC TYPES



Bow back



Splayed legs

Fan back



The saddle seat

Bow back with comb



COUNTLESS VARIATIONS





"Duck-bill" joints



High bow back

Bow back with arm



Double comb back

parts"—spindles, stretchers and legs—sold by the bundle. This early form of prefabrication was probably instituted by local wheelwrights who could turn spindles as easily as spokes. Some Windsor chairs had hoop backs, some high backs with single or double combs. All had three basic features: the spindle back, saddle seat and splayed legs. Last to be developed was the Windsor writing chair with its broad arm, forebear of the golden oak desk chair so common in the American schoolroom.

Despite its superficial heterogeneity, the Windsor chair was, in design and manufacture, a unique product of the tools, materials and social customs of the time. Though a few (like the small, bow-back chair pictured in the frontispiece) were intended for a specific use—spinning, rocking the cradle, cooking on the hearth—the typical Windsor was broadly utilitarian. Its multiple use for working, dining, relaxation and entertainment represents precisely what the best contemporary designers have attempted to develop in furniture: a structural vocabulary expressive of production techniques and applicable to a wide variety of purposes.

Eastern forests supplied various woods used in the chairs. Spindles and bows were usually made of hickory or white oak because of their natural resilience, pliability and resistance to fracture. Pine or white wood planks, both easy to shape, were preferred for the hand carved saddle seats. The direction of the grain in the seat, always crosswise, was determined by the fact that all cutting and shaping would thus be in line with the grain. Easily turned woods—ash, maple, birch and chestnut—were most often used for the legs and stretchers.

The three characteristic structural features of the Windsor chair: spindle back, saddle seat and splayed legs, combine three disparate principles to create a sound, lightweight, flexible whole. The spindle back, progenitor of balloon frame construction, approximates several engineering forms. The bow member can be considered as a tie rod for the cantilevered spindles; taken as a whole, the back spindles act as an openwork cantilevered truss; the sweep of the bow and the spindles forward at the sides creates flanges like those of a channel beam. The evolution of the spindle back represents an unending effort on the part of the early craftsmen to improve on the comfort of the design. In its later, more elaborate form the back had bowed instead of straight spindles for added resiliency and better support; the individual spindles became finer and longer; backs became wider; first one, then two or three combs were added. The basic structural principle, however, remained the same and all Windsor chairs, whether bow, fan or comb back, have great strength, flexibility and comfort.

The saddle seat represents the only rigid structural element. Customarily made from two inch planking, its thickness provided an extremely firm mortise joint since the leg tenon projected through the seat from bottom to top. Green lumber was used to create tighter joints through subsequent shrinkage. In spite of its



Unbraced bow back functioned like the suspension rods supporting a marquee, stressing the joint at the seat.



Diagonal braces were added at the back of many chairs, relieving the tensional stress where the bow enters the seat.



Spindles supporting the high comb-type back acted in pure cantilever, were shaped accordingly.



MARCH 194



Splayed legs increased width of the base, made the Windsor difficult to overturn.



Angle of legs, in conjunction with loads acting vertically, braced chair against side sway.



H-plan of stretchers stressed the all-important joint with the leg at a 45° angle, making it less likely to come apart.

thickness, the pleasant contour of the saddle seat, rounded and tapered at the edge, produces a feeling of lightness that is a credit to the skill and artistry of the colonial craftsman.

Stability, one of the Windsor chair's most important virtues, was assured by the cant of the legs. Their angle stiffened the entire base against sidesway. Almost invariably the stretchers were arranged to form an H, leaving the front open between the legs. This characteristic provided horizontal and vertical bracing against the outward, diagonal strain of the splayed legs, making it difficult for the joints to pull apart. The broad base, of course, reduces the tendency of the chair to overturn.

The end of the Windsor chair era is popularly placed near 1825. For a hundred years prior to this date its design evolution had remained vigorous and purposeful and, compared to any other chair style, its life span was incredibly long. Though the Windsor has continued to be produced in chair shops and factories down to the present time, its history from 1825 is one of sorry decadence. For years it saw heroic service in hotels and stores from coast to coast; its nadir is represented by the Windsor type "executive" chair mounted on a massive swivel base. While such corruption is not pleasant to contemplate, it is, nevertheless, an understandable result of nineteenth century industrial expansion. With the advent of the factory, the principles of the hand crafts no longer applied. No Windsor chair, pure or decadent, is adaptable to modern production methods or living standards. Steam heat dries out its numerous joints, renders the entire structure brittle and shaky. In colonial times, the selection of the wood, careful shaping and delicate joinery were decisive factors in the quality of the product. Mass manufacture can afford neither the time nor the facilities for such methods.

The standard kitchen chair is a typical, low cost, mass produced item which, unfortunately, inherited some characteristics of the Windsor. In use, it is usually found with missing spindles, a cracked seat and rickety frame. The cheap tubular chair, on the other hand, is a natural invention of the mass production system and stands up relatively well.

Windsor desk and dining chairs still clutter this country's furniture showrooms and while they lack the beauty and structural finesse of originals, their "Early American" connotation mysteriously provides perennial appeal. This illogical perpetuation of an obsolete household article has produced only sad facsimiles. The highly individual and widely varied character of the true Windsor defies reproduction, challenges simulation.

THESE MODERN CHAIRS ARE CONTEMPORARY ATTEMPTS TO RECAPTURE THE WINDSOR'S UTILITY AND GRACE IN TERMS OF MACHINE PRODUCTION

Ever since the founders of the Bauhaus first focused attention on the potentialities of machine production and modern materials, designers all over the world have been striving to achieve a balance of comfort, utility and functional expression in a machine-made chair equal to the Windsor. It is only now being recognized, however, that these self-conscious efforts to express the machine actually were preceded by a number of highly successful—if unconscious—examples of industrialized furniture of at least equal merit. Two examples of this kind are included in the collection of chairs shown on the following pages: the original Thonet "ballroom" chair and the twisted wire "ice cream parlor" chair which enjoyed such enormous popularity just before the last war. Taken together with the more deliberate attempts of designers such as Breuer, Aalto, Rohde, etc., these chairs represent a continuous effort over the past 50 years to exploit the manifold possibilities of machine fabricating techniques. The designs shown stand out among their fellows because each involved—as did the Windsor—one or more significant structural innovation: some unique contribution to the technique of chair building. The Windsor formula has yet to be equalled for all-round comfort and usefulness. But its modern counterparts have the important advantages of greater adaptability to mass production, lighter weight and increased durability.



28 MARCEL BREUER and MART STAM. forerunner of the chromium jubilee of the rties, this chair was one of the first to induce a frame made from a continuous ce of sprung tubular metal. It was also e of the first frankly utilitarian designs to bade the American living room where, for decade, it held sway in metallic chastity. extremely simple production process puributed to widespread imitation and an entual flooding of the market.





35 GENERAL FIREPROOFING CO. It was t until weight was generally recognized an important factor that aluminum was roduced into jurniture. This chair was nong the first to utilize such an alloy and mains today in widespread demand, parcularly for hotel use. Made with fused etal tubing, it is capable of withstanding e hardest wear, a virtue which partially lisets its higher cost in competition with mparable wood and steel chairs.



1900 THONET. The familiarity and seeming agelessness of this chair are strong testimony for both the design and construction. Produced by a steam bending and twisting process invented in Austria about 1830, it remains today one of the best selling chairs in the world. An estimated five to six million have been produced by the American industry alone. The Thonet chair has three great qualities: indestructibility, light weight and low cost. Prosaic though its appearance may be, to date no designer has produced a chair that can eclipse its

1931 CILBERT ROHDE. This more recent version of the bentwood process, using the straight grain of the wood without twisting, is based on a carefully studied stress analysis which produced a sturdy, lightweight, flexible chair. A single piece of wood carrying through from the side rail of the back to become the side rail of the seat resists strain at the chair's most critical point: the back legs. Designed specifically for convention halls, stores and public places, over 250,000 of these chairs were sold prior to 1940 when manufacture was discontinued.



Tom Leonard

1905 ANONYMOUS. As much a part of the pre-World War I scene as the hobble skirt, the "ice cream", or barber shop chair, enjoyed an autonomous glory as picturesque as the product itself. Purely commercial in character, it originated in an era when functional design was more taken for granted than ballyhooed. Its quaint contours are the direct result of the manufacturing process—machine twisted wire—not a hangover of Victorian fussiness. Doomed to total extinction by the stationary stool, the ice cream chair vanished from the American scene unsung and without legacy.





1936 ALVAR AALTO. This chair, a single item from a complete line of furniture, illustrates Aalto's immense contribution to both the industry and the consumer: his development of attractive, standardized, mass produced furniture within the price range of the lower income brackets. In America this remains the unrealized aim of most designers. In prewar Finland it was a reality. Based on technical and practical considerations, Aalto's system of manufacture and distribution includes interchangeable, nesting parts and, of course, his famous invention, the solid leg laminated at the bending point which is screwed into place.





Sunami, Courtesy Museum of Modern Art

1941 JENS RISOM. A successful program of providing the consumer with a well designed, inexpensive, mass produced line of modern furniture has been that of Hans Knoll Associates. This chair, designed under wartime limitations, requires a minimum amount of material and labor. Ordinary lumber is used for the frame, no springs are used in the upholstery. Stretchers are omitted since the tapered apron renders them structurally unnecessary. As sturdy as it is refined, this small chair meets stringent government requirements as well as those of design. **1940** EERO SAARINEN and CHARLES EAMES. Winner of the competition "Organic Design in Home Furnishings" sponsored by the Museum of Modern Art, was a line of furniture including this chair. The design-principle is one of continuous contact and support for the body, substituting a thin laminated wood shell for the conventional builtup frame. A weak point is obviously the bracing of the splayed legs and while a special joint has been devised for this purpose, the chair has not yet been put into production and its serviceability remains undetermined.



Roy Stevens



Herbert Matter

1940 JORGE FERRARI HARDOY. Representative of the bold experiment now going on in furniture design is this Argentine hammock chair. Gently rounded angles distribute the body load from the one-piece, suspended, leather back and seat to the supporting frame of bent steel rods, combining strength, rigidity and economy of material. Frankly a lounging chair, the design invites sprawling sideways, is comjortable in any position. **1935** BRUNO MATHSSON. An occasional piece of furniture rather than a utilitarian chair, this Finnish design consists of bent, laminated members. As in the case of the Saarinen chair, the contour was determined by a desire for uniform support. Continuity of line in the body and the supporting frame provide balance and allow for the recumbent back. While this design is certainly more fluid and elegant than the average contemporary chair, comfort was sacrificed to style. As a reclining chair, the absence of arms is unfortunate.

4



PUERTO RICO

For "colonial" Puerto Rico Richard J. Neutra designs a school and hospital system, first step in a planned program to meet the island's newly awakened sense of its independent destiny.

In the West Indian island of Puerto Rico, last outpost of U. S. sovereignty in the Atlantic, an impressive planning program is underway. Its goal: to set up a minimum standard of living for every Puerto Rican family and to improve their health, education and social outlook. An integral and important part of this program is a complete new system of schools, hospitals, and health centers, both rural and urban, designed by Vienneseborn, U. S. architect Richard Neutra, head of California's State Planning Board and former professor of architecture at Bennington College.

Neutra's assignment is of particular significance, for it is toward Puerto Rico that the eyes of South America are turned. This small tropical island, strategically located between the two hemispheres, is regarded as the Latin American guinea pig in the hands of the North American experimenter. What happens in Puerto Rico may answer the question of all the Latin







HOSPITALS rise as high as eight stories. Their breeze fronts have a porchlike openness, while the lee fronts permit exit of cleansing air currents.





SCHOOLS are oriented toward the prevailing breezes, classrooms open into shrubbery-enclosed courts by means of center-pivoted doors (above). Corridors (right) are cement walks under a roof projection.



countries surrounding the Carribean as well as the British and Dutch colonies in this hemisphere. Their attitude is: What shall we look forward to if the gringos or "yankis" have their way? Apart from politics, are they in earnest about helping those who have long been colonials to grow into peoples — independent peoples capable of taking an independent place in the modern world?

So far Latin America has seen little in Puerto Rico to encourage her about the gringos. A mountainous island only 100 miles long and 35 miles wide with a population of 2 million, Puerto Rico has been given world-wide publicity for its miseria y hambre-misery and hunger. Certainly there is unrelieved overpopulation, poverty in living and housing, undernourishment, and disease, illiteracy, maldistribution of lands and tools to produce wealth and food. Nature, however, has made of Puerto Rico a lovely island. Behind coastal fringes of cocoanut palms rises a skyline of interior mountains towering into a sunny sky. A trade wind climate prevails with neither extremes in temperature nor a welldefined dry season. Showers usually last but a few minutes and are followed by brilliant sunshine. The temperature averages 76 degrees in winter, 80 in summer. These natural assets provide all the more incentive for correcting the man-made deficiences which have come about through centuries of colonial misrule.

Under both Spanish government, which ended in 1898, and present American sovereignty Puerto Rico has had limited powers of self-rule, but has not been allowed representation in the national government which makes decisions affecting its welfare. The island has had no voice in determining tariffs, coastwise shipping, labor laws and agricultural policy, although under the Organic Act it has secured considerable independence in the management of internal affairs. The U. S. has not taxed Puerto Rico for federal purposes and has returned excise taxes collected from continental consumers of Puerto Rican goods in the U. S.

After taking Puerto Rico by force in 1898, the United States until recently has shown a deplorable disinterest in its ward. Belatedly we are asking ourselves: Should the U. S. provide assistance on a basis comparable to that for a state? Provide only the type of assistance associated with the "good neighbor" policy? Provide special help? Whether Puerto Rico's future is determined by itself, by the U. S. or by both countries working together depends on the answer given to these questions.

The Puerto Ricans themselves know that they cannot

REXFORD G. TUGWELL, Governor of Puerto Rico DR. RAFAEL PICO, Chairman, Planning, Zoning and Urbanizing Board

SERGIO CUEVAS, Commissioner of the Interior SANTIAGO IGLESIAS, JR. Former Commissioner of Labor PAUL EDWARDS, Chief, War Emergency Program LOUIS STURCKE, JR., Chief, Bureau of Budget DR. FERNOS ISERN, Commissioner of Health DR. JOSÉ CANDARA, Department of Health RICHARD J. NEUTRA, Architect LUIS M. GUILLERMETY, JR., Exec. Director and Sec., Committee on Design of Public Works JACINTO CALIB, Chief Assistant, Committee on Design of Public Works STEPHAN V. ARNESON, Program Director JOSEPH BLUMENKRANZ, Hospital Consultant

FRANK BECK, Head of Drafting Room HENRY KLUMB, General Design OSVALDO L. TORRO, Architect PABLO REICHARD, Architect MIGUEL FERRER, Architect LUIS TORREGROSA, Chief Structural Engineer ANTONIO CALDERON, Chief Civil Engineer JAIME COBAS, Chief, Mechanical Electrical Section

exist without assistance from the U. S. However, like "possessions" the world over, this island has outgrown its status of complete domination by a larger power. The popular plan is to develop the island's resources and expand its production to the greatest possible extent with protection and subsidies. This movement reached political success in the last November elections when the majority of legislative seats were won by the "populares," the party founded by Luis Munoz Marin to awaken the peasant to his electoral responsibilities. This meant a reinforcement of planning aims and an endorsement of Rexford G. Tugwell, for years hailed by the growing popular party as the best American governor ever sent to the Island.

Tugwell had been attacked and blamed by the opposition coalition, a violently active minority of sugar planters and other special interest groups, for socializing Puerto Rico. Like many an oppositional statement, this was mainly for continental consumption and was based on a measure of continental ignorance. Actually democracy, in the form of the long-dormant peasant vote was making its demands heard. The power and luxury enjoyed by the wealthy minority at the expense of a miserably under-privileged peasant population was slipping away. For the first time the government was working hard and systematically on a most advanced system of rural health centers, village schools, district hospitals, etc. These projects were given urgent priority before the institutions of higher professional training which were also in the planning stage. To accomplish such an extensive program, Tugwell (under the auspices of the Planning Urbanizing and Zoning Board) appointed a Committee on Design of Public Works with a goal of producing detailed plans for \$50 million worth of building during a three-year planning period. It was this committee which chose Neutra as acting architect and consultant. In addition to his actual designing duties, it was the government's intention that Neutra should train young Puerto Rican architects and engineers. This is an important factor in the integrated development plan of the island. When in operation, the public works' projects are expected to turn out trainees to serve the island and its various new industries fostered by the half-governmental "Industrial Development Corporation." The workers thus trained would also be encouraged to emigrate to other countries in need of skilled artisans, preferably to parts of Latin America.

Starting in the fall of 1943, therefore, with the evergrowing help of Puerto Rican engineers and architects, Neutra embarked on a concentrated design program which put supposed tropical leisure to shame. Open air schools were designed for over 150 villages. One hundred twenty-eight rural health centers were planned, designed and redesigned to bring a preventive health program and a social service into the mountains of the interior. Four large district hospitals and an insular home for girls were also among the important projects, while a fifth hospital in the metropolitan area of the capital of San Juan was designed in conjunction with the medical college there.

The importance of these designs to the planning program as a whole results from Neutra's design approach. First, architectural treatment was completely compatible with the warm tropical climate. The outdoors was used as a space auxiliary with no additional building cube and no extra cost. Building types developed in the temperate zones were carefully restudied in their relationship to the function of heat economy. For example, it might be extravagant to propose in New York a pavillion for contagious diseases with an adjacent wing for services-janitor's and doctor's washrooms, serving pantries, sterilizing and utility roomsall laid between two different corridors. One of them is the "contaminated" corridor used after contact with the patients and the other is the clean corridor for use after being disinfected. Such a double corridor is expensive to build, to heat and to ventilate. But in Puerto Rico these two "corridors" are simply two inexpensive roof projections. The scheme is therefore feasible.

The second feature of the Neutra approach is his unit design which allows a standardization of rooms to be used in different arrangements for different sites. According to the needs of the specific community, more or fewer rooms can be employed to form a complete building. The classroom units, for instance, can be used singly or in rows to form buildings of various lengths. Hurricane resistant reinforced concrete of standardized design is the favored building material. Besides hollow concrete tile, other shop or yard-made elements and a number of prefabrication schemes were studied to facilitate transportation over poor truck roads to scattered village sites, and to reduce work on the premises.

The Neutra designs were approved by the Public Works Committee last May and one of the schools has already been built. It is expected that Puerto Rico will be able to carry through its project if current expenses are kept low, normal federal participation continued and existing economic relations with the United States undisturbed.



HOSPITALS are divided into separate units for varied grouping and future expansion.

The Puerto Rican hospitals have been designed as a group of separately functioning but related units, thus allowing better isolation and more advantageous site arrangement. Scheduled for already purchased plots of thirty to forty acres in the midst of a magnificient tropical landscape, they are oriented to take advantage of trade winds, land and sea breezes during both night and day. Their thoughtfully executed design anticipates future expansion. Principal multi-story buildings for patients, nurses and nursing students are grouped together while the one-story dining building and resident physicians' dwellings branch from the central area. A contagious pavillion has also been designed although it will not be included in every group. In addition to the actual hospital buildings, a large consolidated laundry and other central facilities such as laboratories and a common drug center will service the institutions.

Among the most important projects of this sort are the large district hospitals for Ponce containing 600 beds, those for Mayaguez and Caguas with 500 beds each and for Guyama with a 300 bed capacity. Simplicity and economy of both initial cost and maintenance keynote of all these structures. They characterize a coming era when tropical countries will enter a level of advanced technology heretofore found only in temperate zones.







TYPICAL WARD

Wings of the extremely narrow main hospital buildings from back to front are open to breezes from both directions. Movable louvered blinds make these rooms no more than semi-interiors, but they are protected from tropical insects by non-corrosive screening which covers all open areas including balconies. A generous roof overhang excludes excessive sunshine. Glazed windows and mechanical air conditioning are used sparingly in the hospital buildings and are restricted almost entirely to the area of adjunct services such as surgical and delivery suites and certain isolation rooms.

DISTRICT HORPITALS





NURSES' DORMITORY

Living space for nurses necessarily occupies a main building in any hospital group, the one shown here accommodating 300 nurses, students and graduates. Its typical plan consists of two wings, six stories high, and a central area which extends beyond the building line at one-and-a-half story height to form a communal living room equipped with visitors' bays on the left side, a reading alcove on the right. Doors lead from this room to open courts. The rest of the central area on the ground floor is occupied by an information and mail center and two rooms at the rear for sorting and distributing linen. The right wing contains single rooms for instructors and an apartment for the matron in charge, while the left wing is divided into bedroom-living room units designed for two nurses. These rooms are repeated in both wings of the upper floors, the central area being equipped with a shower and toilet group, sewing room and kitchenette. The top floor right wing is reserved for night nurses who sleep during the day, the left remains open as a sundeck with a superb view.

13.

14.

Sewing

Laundry



CONTAGIOUS PAVILION

Isolation for contagious diseases is provided by a separate one-story building connected to the main hospital by a covered walk. Individual rooms for patients occupy the top section of the T-shaped structure. An operating room, laboratory, sterilizing rooms, space for clean and soiled linen and bedding, toilets, baths and an incinerator are placed in a branch which extends from the center of the patients' section. This ingenious design makes possible the use of two separate corridors, clean and contaminated, placed on either side of the service rooms. As mentioned before, these corridors eliminate the danger of spreading disease, since one is used after contact with patients, the other only after nurse or doctor has been disinfected. Made merely by extending the roof, they add little to the building cost.







Ventilated roof construction

Designed to bring a social health service into the small villages of the interior, the health centers are distinguished from hospital clinics in that they practice preventive medicine and "case holding"-attracting persons with incipient tuberculosis, venereal disease or similar ailments to systematic repeat visits-rather than dealing with cases of acute illness. In addition to this function, the health centers are intended as meeting places where the "Jibaros," the poor mountain peasants, may enjoy their own social life, play dominos in the evening, strum a guitar or dance on the spacious porch. Neutra has provided a bench around the wide opening of the milk dispensary, making it into a stage for teachers or entertainers addressing the assembled community. Suitable programs will teach the villagers about child care, diet, cloth making and housekeeping. Neutra's intent is to dissolve the "institutional" character of these centers and make the villagers-who for centuries had little reason to trust a distant government-feel that the buildings are their own community property.





SCHOOLS are planned by the hundreds in Puerto Rico's campaign against illiteracy.

Of all necessary projects none will so profoundly influence the long-exploited peasant population as the building of rural schools. To insure educational facilities for the maximum number of communities, therefore, Neutra has designed his schools as classroom units complete in themselves, thus permitting the construction of one or many rooms according to specific needs and providing great flexibility of arrangement. Each classroom expands and opens into an outdoor court on one side, doubling the useful instructional area without increasing costly building cubage. Lockable compartments which form a baffle wall between classrooms and open walkways on the other side, are used for storing books. writing, drafting and modeling materials together with unfinished pupil work. The site allotted to these schools should be large enough to serve as a neighborhood center accommodating also the health station, milk dispensary and village fountain. Hedges of hibiscus will shield the extremely open plan from outside view and segregate the open air courts from each other.

A typical classroom (1) is airy and informal with movable stools and tables, reminiscent of the conventional schoolroom only because of its blackboard. As in all interiors, a continuous sub-soffit air change is accomplished with lowered spandrel spanning between the end walls. The sloping ceiling aids in reflecting

light toward the work area. The industrial arts shop (2) is an open space under a roof projection, carefully planned for specialized use. Drafting tables, electric wiring tables, wood-working benches with their machine tools and a metal working bench are carefully segregated from each other. A gluing table, painting bench and blueprint tank are near the sink adjacent to the drafting area. Separated from the shop proper by a glass panel, a smaller room offers space for storage, a library, planning table, and instructor's desk. The home economics laboratory (3) is placed near the shop structure at some distance from the quiet academic areas. A well-articulated space idea provides a combined cooking and sewing area open to the living room where meal service and managing of living quarters is taught. This is one of the few classrooms having continuous fenestration and is further distinguished by a small porch and model garden at its entrance. Lunch facilities (4) are designed as cafeterias for quick serving. The children form a line which passes handwashing troughs on one side of the building, files into the interior past the serving counter, and scatters to tables. Scraping and stacking of their own dishes is done outdoors at the other side of the building and china, glasses and cutlery are then taken into the dishwashing department of the kitchen.

1. TYPICAL CLASSROOM



E SIL

2. INDUSTRIAL ARTS



3. HOME ECONOMICS





4. LUNCH FACILITIES









L E G E N D I HATAUCTORE DESA 2 TOMA SEARCH STUDENTS TABLE 2 TOMA SEARCH STUDENTS TABLE 3 WALL COUNTER TAREF FT HIGH 5 DLAREAR TAREF TAREFORM 5 DLAREAR TAREF TAREFORM 5 DLAREAR TAREFORM 5 DLAREAR TAREFORM 5 DLAREAR TAREFORM 5 DLAREAR 5 DLAREA



GROUPING

School units can be arranged in innumerable combinations, but must be oriented to catch the breeze. For this reason, enclosed patios and the conventional block arrangement of rooms with windows only on one side are never used. Instead, single rows or freestanding rooms are the rule. Of the many variations, three are shown to illustrate the flexibility possible with the same schoolroom units. The first plan (above), an L-shaped arrangement plus a long separate row, is for a square plot. Lower grades and restrooms are grouped in the free row, upper grades are in the parallel row, and industrial arts, home economics and lunch facilities are apart from quiet classroom areas. This segregation is a keynote of all the plans. The second one (below) is varied to fit a long, narrow site, the third (bottom) is a two-story plan.





6. ADMINISTRATION



7. TOILETS



Science rooms (5) are not too specialized, but fit diversified programming without waste. Instead of distant storage for each science, extra equipment is kept in a small adjoining storage and laboratory room which may also serve for individualized experimentation. The main room is equipped with demonstration table, regular school seats and a bench along the window front. The outside science court is particularly important since it may be used to study soil cultivation and for observing living insects, reptiles, birds, etc. Administration offices (6) including a reception room for visitors, principal's office and teachers' restroom, are near the building entrance. Toilets (7) have separate sections for teachers and students. Showers and a space for athletic storage is included in the men's room.



VILLAGE CENTER

One of the most important ideas in the Neutra plan is his grouping together of school, health center, and, in larger villages, a social hall to provide some real focus for community life. Here music and entertainment, partly provided by the villagers themselves, partly by teachers or professionals, will help to make the people feel that the center belongs to them. Adult education will also be carried on-sewing clubs, agricultural meetings, classes in animal husbandry, plus broadcast programs of news and civic issues. With this end in mind, Neutra has related the design of all the buildings to insure a harmonious group.









HOUSES A large house in Rhode Island (p. 132) . . . Hillside house, San Francisco, Calif., (p. 134) . . . A modern patio plan (p. 138) . . . New York City town house (p. 140).

WOOD SUNSHADES, PLATE GLASS AND BRICK WALLS DETERMINED THE UNUSUAL CHARACTER OF THE FACADE



HOUSE IN PROVIDENCE, R. I. Samuel Glaser and Ladislav L. Rado apply mod



EXTERIOR BESPEAKS STURDY CONSTRUCTION



CONTINUOUS WINDOWS AND OPEN RELATIONSHIP OF LIVING ROOM AND STUDY ADD TO GENERAL SENSE OF SPACIOUSNE



ign to an old-fashioned living pattern.



GENERAL CONTRACTOR, F. N. Gustafson & Son

ENING IN PARTITION IS USED AS A DISPLAY CASE



UDY IS FURNISHED AS A SECONDARY LIVING ROOM





STAIR DETAIL ECHOES SUBSTANTIAL CHARACTER OF HOUSE

Since the great majority of modern houses built within recent years has emphasized economy of space, this larger, more formal example is a refreshing variation. The inclusion in the plan of a reception hall and morning room is reminiscent of a living pattern more often associated with traditional than modern architecture, but this impression is counteracted by a thoroughly modern organization of space, particularly as it affects circulation and service facilities. Only two short partitions divide the large living-dining area that occupies the entire front of the house. These, however, provide the necessary feeling of intimacy. Two fireplaces, one in the living room and one in the study, create two distinct furniture groups dividing the rooms atmospherically rather than structurally. The morning room, on the other hand, is segregated and can be reached from the upstairs without entering the main living area. A generous terrace is provided on each floor. Both are partially sheltered and located for maximum privacy. The second floor plan stresses light, comfort and convenience. The two bedrooms at the front of the house can be used individually or shut off to form a double sleeping unit with its own dressing room and bath.

CONSTRUCTION OUTLINE:

FOUNDATION—concrete. Waterproofing—Toch Bros. STRUCTURE: Exterior walls—brick veneer, boarding, studs, U. S. Gypsum Co. rockwool, wire lath and plaster or plywood. Floors—oak, E. L. Bruce Co. ROOF—slate. Deck—Traffic Top, Celotex Co. INSULATION—rockwool, U. S. Gypsum Co. SHEET METAL WORK—lead coated copper. Ducts—galvanized iron. WINDOWS: Sash—Fenestra steel, Detroit Steel Products Co. Weatherstripping—Chamberlin Metal Weatherstrip Co. Glass—Thermopane and plate, Libby-Owens-Ford Glass Co. DOORS—flush plywood, Roddis Lumber & Veneer Co. Garage doors— Overhead Door Co. HEATING—forced warm air system, filtering and humidifying and convectors. Boiler—International Boiler Works Co. Thermostat—Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co.

HILLSIDE HOUSE, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. An inverted scheme by Gard

Fitting a ten room house to a 30 ft. lot is in itself a major problem, but in the design of this residence the architect was faced with other equally challenging considerations. The site is located in a built-up hillside section and in order to overcome the surrounding obstructions to the view, it was most logical to reverse the conventional house plan and place the main living area on the top floor with bedrooms on the two lower levels. In California, however, where terrain and climate have encouraged a highly flexible building pattern, this solution is less of an innovation than it would be in other sections of the country.

The owner, whose hobby is gardening, wished to have the house subordinated to the grounds. By placing it at the back of the property, the garage at the front and filling the intervening grade to the level of the garage roof, a generous garden with a planting area on the garage roof was produced. The surrounding fence of redwood siding is treated as an integral part of the house and garage walls. ARCHITECT, Gardner Dailey LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, Thomas D. Church INTERIOR DECORATOR, Fritz Baldauf GENERAL CONTRACTOR, C. Stockholm & Sons



SIMILAR PARTIS, CONTRASTING FACADES IDENTIFY TWO HILLSIDE HOUSES BY ARCHITECTS DAILEY AND WURSTER



ley makes the most of a harbor view.

Photos: Roger Sturtevant





ENCLOSED GARDEN HAS ABUNDANT PLANTING, COMPLETE SECLUSION



FIRST FLOOR



FIRST FLOOR BEDROOM OPENS DIRECTLY INTO THE FRONT GARDEN



On entering the house from the garden, one actually arrives on the second floor, so only one flight remains before reaching the living room. The lower bedroom floor which has an excellent view, is above the grade of the rear of the lot but below the grade of the garden. The kitchen on the top floor is served by a dumbwaiter which acts as a delivery box. This and the garbage chute give the kitchen complete service without use of the stairs.

The front face of the house is of plywood painted cream. All other walls are of stained redwood siding. The garage roof, although of wood construction, is covered by a succulent garden growing in five inches of sand. The joists supporting the roof were designed to carry this load and an extra heavy roofing membrane was placed over the sheathing.

The interior architecture was carried out with the purpose of creating a contemporary background for the owner's collection of antiques. This consideration, however, in no way hampered an honest structural solution. The absence of a fireplace in the living room is a result of the owner's desire to have the conservatory the focal point of the living area.

FINISHES AND EQUIPMENT:

Construction is Douglas fir frame with 1 by 8 resawn redwood set vertically and stained. Front and rear elevations are of post and lintel construction. The front face of the house is covered with hot pressed exterior grade plywood painted cream white. Interior walls and ceilings are of plaster. Floors are oak, dining room, garden room, kitchen, pantry and bathrooms are covered with linoleum. The kitchen on the top floor is served by a dumbwaiter and this together with the garbage chute gives complete service without the necessity of using the stairway. The heating system is a forced warm air system using a Customaire furnace by the Heating Equipment Co. The automatic storage water heater is by Pittsburgh Water Corp. All lighting is indirect from fixtures designed by Hanschen & Goddard.

REAR OF HOUSE HAS RIBBON FENESTRATION, REDWOOD SIDING



BAY WINDOW CREATES SMALL CONSERVATOR



integrated setting for the owner's twin hobbies, gardening and antiques.





SECOND FLOOR KITCHEN OVERLOOKS ENTRANCE AND GARDEN

ARGE EXPANSE OF GLASS ON SECOND FLOOR OPENS THE LIVING-DINING AREA TO A PANORAMA OF HILLS AND WATER


HOUSE IN WEST LOS ANGELES, CALIF. Thoughtful location and separation



GARAGE AND SERVICE WING AT FRONT OF HOUSE SHIELDS ENTRANCE COURT, AFFORDS AMPLE AND CONVENIENT PARKIN

LIVING ROOM HAS A TRIM, URBAN APPEARANCE CONTRASTING AGREEABLY WITH THE RUSTIC INFORMALITY OF THE PAT



g and sleeping areas effects a major improvement in the familiar patio plan. Griswold Raetze, Designer.

tos: Julius Shulman



The mild climate of the southwestern states accounts for the great popularity of patio houses in that section of the country. It does not, however, explain the persistent and impractical custom of locating the living room across the end of the court so that it becomes virtually a passageway between the other rooms of the house. In this case the conventional plan has been greatly improved by clearly dividing the living and dining areas and placing them on either side of the patio. Because of its paved flooring and open treatment the dining room appears on the plan as part of the court. In reality it functions more or less as a unit away from the main circulation and closely related to the service wing. The orientation of all rooms to the south provides the sleeping area with needed privacy and opens the living room to the patio. While the location of the maid's room beyond the garage gives it desirable seclusion, this solution would hardly be practicable in a colder climate.

CONSTRUCTION OUTLINE:

STRUCTURE: Exterior walls—V-joint vertical boards; inside—studs and plaster. Floors—concrete slab and tile. WEATHERSTRIPPING — Chamberlin Weatherstrip Co. WINDOWS: Sash — steel casement, Continental Specialties Co., Ltd. Glass—double strength, quality B, Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Co. WALL COV-ERINGS: Kitchen and bathrooms—Sanitas, Standard Coated Products Corp. HARDWARE—Schlage Lock Co. ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION: Wiring—flexible conduit. Switches—Hart & Hegeman. Fixtures—Pryne & Co. KITCHEN EQUIPMENT: Range and refrigerator—Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co. LAUNDRY AND BATHROOM EQUIPMENT—Crane Co. HEAT-ING—warm air, forced air unit, Race furnace, Southern California Air Conditioning Co.

HANGING REED SCREEN DIVIDES DINING ROOM FROM ENTRANCE HALL



A VINED TRELLIS SHADES THE FRONT DOOR



TOWN HOUSE, NEW YORK, N. Y. This Lescaze design was included in the Mode

The venerable brownstone front, despite its awkward proportions. has at one time or another undergone a wide variety of ingenious rejuvenating measures. This example is one of the latest and best. Designed for urban living in its most gracious form, the plan allocates one entire floor to a living room and library and places smaller living areas on all other floors. The study, separated from the main structure by an atrium, can be used for relaxation and entertainment independently of the main living room and its adjoining library. Guaranteeing maximum privacy for all members of the household, the two children's rooms, one on the third and one on the fourth floor, have adjacent sitting rooms. Service facilities occupy the front of the house at street level where the outlook is least favorable. The dining room at the rear faces the study across a pleasant garden.

Because of the long narrow shape of the plan, bath and storage facilities have been concentrated in the center of the house to free high priority exterior wall space for the more important rooms. The rear of the house at second and third floors levels is cantilevered at an angle. This affords a southwesterly orientation and takes advantage of added light from the long axis of a typical New York grid-shaped block. The projection also provides a small overhang for the garden and a balcony for the top floor.



SECOND FLOOR LIVING ROOM EXTENDS THROUGH TWO-THIRDS OF THE HOUSE'S DEPTH. GLAZED, SLANTING WALL AT EN



seum's recent selection of outstanding architecture.

ARCHITECT, William Lescaze

HEATING ENGINEER, Leslie Hart

GENERAL CONTRACTOR, Sheppard-Pollak





ENS ONTO ROOF TERRACE

LIBRARY AT OPPOSITE END OF ROOM CAN BE CLOSED OFF WITH FOLDING DOORS

Photos: Gottscho-Schleisner





CANTED BACK WALL IS A STANDARD FEATURE OF LESCAZE'S TOWN HOUSES



COMFORTABLE MASTER BEDROOM FACES REAR GARDEN ON THIRD FLOOR



CONSTRUCTION OUTLINE:

STRUCTURE: Exterior walls-4 in. face of light brick, 8 in. common brick, wood furring and plaster. Floors-oak. ROOF -tar and felt, The Barrett Co. INSULA-TION: Roof - rockwool. FIREPLACE DAMPER - H. W. Covert Co. SHEET METAL WORK: Flashing-copper. Leaders - cast iron. Ducts - galvanized iron. WINDOWS: Sash — steel, Croft Steel Windows, Inc. Glass — plate, Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. Glass blocks - Decora, Pittsburgh-Corning Corp. FLOOR COV-ERINGS: Main rooms—carpet. Kitchen — linoleum. Bathrooms—tile. HARD-WARE: Schlage Lock Co. ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION: Wiring system - BX. Switches — Mercury. KITCHEN EQUIP-MENT: Range—gas, Frigidaire Div., General Motors Corp. BATHROOM EQUIP-MENT - American Radiator - Standard Sanitary Corp. Cabinets-Charles Parker Co. PLUMBING: Soil and branch pipes -cast iron. Vent pipes-steel. HEATING -two pipe steam system.

POSTWAR BUILDIN

To provide an accurate picture of postwar building seen through neither rosy futuristic spectacles nor through dark glasses — THE FORUM has prepared a series of articles dealing with those postwar developments which will inevitably influence future building of all types. The first article which appeared in January was devoted to new building techniques. The second, in February, discussed new materials, exploring the potentialities of their future applications. In this issue the last article reports on new equipment and its increasingly important role in postwar homes.

In the past few years thinking in regard to building has undergone a change. Besides new methods and materials developed during the war, there has been a shift in the basic idea of what constitutes a saleable house. Formerly, houses were considered shells to which the buyer added equipment as he could afford it. To compete successfully on the postwar market, however, houses like modern cars, will come fully equipped and the extra cost will be included in monthly mortgage payments in many states. FHA has approved the inclusion of major home equipment as part of the mortgage collateral. Just what items are eligible in any community depends on local custom and fixture law as determined by each state FHA office working with lending institutions. The advantages of this system are obvious. Monthly payments on a \$4,600 house plus installments on range, refrigerator and washing machine purchased separately total \$50.80. With house and equipment financed together, total monthly payments would be only \$37.32. To make the most of the postwar home market, therefore, it is important that architect and builder be informed on the type of equipment available.

HEATING

While war-rationed families turn down the thermostat and resort to extra sweaters in eking out their meagre oil and coal supplies, furnace companies are hard at work on new heating systems which will insure against the slightest shiver in postwar homes. The more efficient burning of coal is one result of such experimentation. Anthracite Industries Inc. has already completed an experimental furnace unit, forerunner of postwar models which will be based on a new principle of burning coal. The test furnace is merely a small steel tube 18 in. long and 6 to 8 in. in diameter which uses a concentrated fast-burning fire as opposed to the former method of burning anthracite slowly in a large firebox. Almost complete combustion is obtained without secondary air spaces. In addition the mechanism is completely automatic-coal is fed into one end of the small tube by a worm or plunger and ashes are discharged at the other end, making stoking and ash removal unnecessary. A small jacket around the sides of the tube is filled with water for cooling the burning coal enough to eliminate clinkers, and this water is drawn off through pipes for heating the house, thus eliminat-



ing the need for a separate boiler. The furnace can also be used for steam with an enlarged jacket and for warm air systems by substituting fins for the water jacket. Initial cost of this unit will be substantially lower than prewar furnaces of similar capacities because of its simplicity and ease of installation. One unit is sufficient to heat a six- to nine-room house and combined units can be installed for industrial heating. Since less coal is ignited at one time and the burning is more complete, less coal will be used during a heating season. Because of its small size, the unit is a particularly good solution to heating the basementless house, and it is one of the few inexpensive furnaces which can be used with hot water radiant heating.

Equally important is the new furnace developed by Julian R. Fellows at the University of Illinois for burning bituminous coal. This hand-fired "down-draft" burner utilizes soft coal without producing any smoke, and if widely accepted would eliminate or at least greatly reduce the soot nuisance in American cities. Smoke and gases are forced through the burning coals where they are mixed with preheated auxiliary air, thus burning completely. This increases heat obtained from the fuel by 25 per cent, might cut fuel bills in half. The "down-draft" burner is incorporated into two devices: a new furnace without any moving parts and a conversion unit which can be placed in almost any present furnace to give it down-draft advantages. The new furnace can be adapted to gravity or forced warm air circulation, to space heaters, stoves, boilers and water heaters. The conversion unit, a box-like affair, is pushed into the old furnace door.

In addition to the new developments in furnaces for large houses, the use of small heaters has increased during the war. Many housing projects have utilized improved space heaters—either coal, oil, gas, or wood types—and these will undoubtedly be used to a greater extent for heating small houses after the war. Some of the new small heaters come as completely packaged units requiring no extra installation work. Others do the heating job without costly ductwork. The new units incorporate improved draft and thermostatic control and cost approximately one-half as much as conventional basement furnaces. Since they occupy little space they are particularly suited for one-story and basementless homes.

Also a postwar potential is the use of individual room heaters, spotted about the house to provide separate temperature control in each room. This idea has come into prominence because of the tiny heaters developed for airplanes during the war. Postwar versions of such heaters could substantially reduce fuel bills because only the rooms in use would be heated.

Infra red lamps, either portable or attached, offer a possibility as an auxiliary heat source for postwar homes. It would be feasible to keep the air at a minimum temperature with a regular heating system, switching on the lamps when and where needed. Heat lamps may also be used in bathrooms, etc., where extra heat is desired at certain times.

Radiant heating, the revolutionary and much-discussed new system of heat supply, is sure to come into greater use after the war. Until recently this system was limited almost completely to floor applications. Coils for the hot water are imbedded in the concrete foundation, thus automatically eliminating cold floors and producing an even distribution of radiated heat impossible with convection of warm air. Recently, however, new methods of application have been developed. One system, perfected by the International Heater Co., consists of circulating hot air at a temperature of approximately 130° above a suspended ceiling in each room of a house. The air used for heating is not used for breathing. A partition is attached to the underside of the ceiling joists and 31/4 in. below this is suspended a conventional plaster ceiling. Within the enclosed space guide strips are placed for proper deflection of the air. The air is conveyed to and from the ceiling chamber by small riser pipes concealed between the studs within the walls. This system is particularly important because its low initial cost makes radiant heating available for the low price field.

A similar new system developed by the Crane Co., is the application of radiant heating to baseboard panels made of metal and painted to conform with room decorations. Hot water or steam circulates through channels in the enclosed space. The panels can be of suitable size and number to provide the correct amount of heat in relation to size of room and outdoor climate. Applicable to either new or old homes, it is the only form of radiant heating yet developed that can be applied to existing buildings at reasonable cost.

The American public, long accustomed to high standards of comfort, will find equipment available after the war for raising these standards still higher. Of these luxury items, the Moduflow control system (Minneapolis-Honeywell) is perhaps the most important. A similar system was used before the war in apartment houses and large industrial establishments. The small scale application of this principle of heat control for homes is a real advance in domestic heating. Where used to provide sectional control of a house from the central heating unit, it will solve the problems of exposure variations which cause some parts of a building to cool more rapidly than others, and will also regulate the heat in relation to changes of outdoor temperature. With conventional, intermittent on-off thermostats, the heat response is sluggish, allowing temperatures to go outside the normal comfort range. With the Moduflow system, the rate of heat supplied will be constantly equal to the heat loss from the house. When there is no heat loss, as in mild spring and fall weather, an automatic cut-off shuts off the entire heating system. There are three types of Moduflow controls: the bypass and reset methods for hot water and warm air and the modulating valve method for steam. The bypass system, best for radiant heating, keeps the heating



RADIANT HEATING, either hot water or steam, can now be used in a special metal baseboard panel designed by the Crane Co. This system is particularly suitable for remodeling.



CONTROLLED TEMPERATURE both summer and winter is supplied by Carrier's Weathermaster which allows individual room control by heating or cooling the air at room outlet.





MODUFLOW CONTROL SYSTEM, developed by the Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co., keeps heat input constantly equal to heat loss, thus maintaining the house temperature always within a comfort range impossible with former sluggish thermostats.





SMALL HOME HEATING can be done by a midget portable heater developed for the AAF (1), by the Conservator Circulating Heater, burning both coal and its gases (2), by a Chrysler space heater supplying radiant and convection heat (3).



3.

7.



INDIVIDUAL ROOM HEATING which allows sepa-

rate temperature control is possible by using

Panelray (4), a wall-installed radiant heater.

Infra red lamps (5) are an auxiliary heat source

applied where extra warmth is needed.



6.

LARGER HOMES can be heated by a new down-draft furnace (6) designed to burn bituminous coal without producing smoke. A down-draft conversion unit can be applied to old furnaces. New principle of burning anthracite (7) uses tube-like furnace only 18 in. long.

medium continuously circulating unless more heat is required when just the right temperature of heated water or air is delivered. The reset method, most practical for single thermostat control, constantly resets a temperature controller to produce the proper amount of heat. The modulating valve method regulates the quantity of steam used.

Developments in the field of air conditioning have also surged forward during the war. Combination cooling and heating units which also humidify or dehumidify the air according to season will be available for postwar use. They were manufactured to a limited extent before the war and have been thoroughly tested in actual field use, but their production on a large-scale basis for the moderately priced home has never before been realized. Both Servel and the Chrysler Corp. have developed these year-round air conditioners. The Servel model, made before the war, cost about \$1,000, comparing favorably with the cost of cooling systems which had to be added to heating equipment. In spite of the comparison this cost is high and promises to be reduced after the war. Summer operating costs in a test installation averaged \$1.00 a day and will undoubtedly be much the same at postwar electrical rates. The products of both companies are best suited for new construction, since the ductwork can then be arranged with both summer and winter outlets. The change from winter heating to summer cooling is accomplished merely by turning a manual control.

Carrier Corporation's Weathermaster, another important air conditioning development, combines not only summer and winter air treatment, but provides the added luxury of individual room control to suit the needs and desires of different occupants. Other important advances are the complete elimination of all return air ducts, the reduction of the air supply ducts to conduits the size of a plumber's waste



pipe-4 in. to 6 in. in diameter-and a unit size reduction of about one-third compared with other systems. Because of the small ducts, air velocities of 4.000 ft. per minute can be reached, and this high velocity discharge induces air from the room to enter the room grille in volume where it mixes with the treated air and leaves the unit at a relatively low velocity. Only about 20 per cent of the air volume necessary for the whole building is treated at the central unit. A supplementary device for heating or cooling the air is provided with each room unit, thus allowing separate regulation of heat, cold and humidity to suit individual requirements. Although promised at reduced cost in comparison with prewar prices for air conditioning equipment, this system is designed particularly for offices, hotels, apartment houses, hospitals and other large buildings. It would undoubtedly be too expensive for any but the most luxurious home.

Still in the experimental stage, a new method of air conditioning called reverse cycle refrigeration, heats and cools by extracting heat from the outside air. It will probably be available four or five years after the war. The system is based on a "heat pump," a refrigerating system in which advantage is taken of the heat given off in the process of cooling air rather than of the cooled air itself. Since there is heat in the air at all times, even in winter, the heat pump operates by simply extracting this heat from the cold air, adding the heat produced by the electrical energy of doing this work. The cold air is thrown off and the warm air thus produced piped through the house.

An adjunct to ordinary air-conditioning and heating systems is the Precipitron, a Westinghouse device now being used to "launder" air in factories, thus removing the menace of dust in precision war production. A postwar model for homes will clean the air of an average six-room house for



LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT includes the Westinghouse Laundromat (left) an automatic cycle washer which is vibration-free and can therefore be installed in kitchen or work center; the General Electric automatic hot plate ironer (center); and the Westinghouse water heater (right) equipped with automatic double action thermostatic controls.



NEW RANGES, although similar to 1942 model have many advantages. The General Electri (left) boasts a triple oven, automatic oven time 6 qt. thrift cooker. Westinghouse unit (center

only 60 cents to \$1.00 in monthly electrical costs. The Precipitron actually electrocutes dust particles, giving them a positive charge so that they are attracted to negatively charged plates. It removes 90 to 95 per cent of the dirt oil, smoke grease, bacteria and pollen, thus reducing housecleaning chores and cutting dry-cleaning and laundry bills.

Another method of air sterilization which kills all bacteria although it does not remove dust particles is the Westinghouse Sterilamp. A gaseous discharge lamp of the cold cathode type it radiates far ultra violet and operates only a few degrees above the surrounding temperature. It is already being used in hospitals to prevent contagion, in food and cosmetic industries to insure purity, and in restaurants for sterilizing eating and drinking utensils. Used in an airconditioning system it insures pure, uncontaminated air.

THE WORK CENTER

There has been a great deal of discussion about the combined work center for postwar homes, where cooking, laundry and all household tasks usually done in different parts of the house will be concentrated. The work center would eliminate running up and down the cellar stairs and would allow the housewife to keep her eye on several operations at once. In key with this thinking, equipment manufacturers have improved their products and introduced new ones. Some of the models were almost ready for mass distribution when war broke out, others are war-born ideas.

Both Bendix and Blackstone manufactured before the war completely automatic units which washed, rinsed, and damp dried clothes in a continuous process. Now General Electric and Westinghouse have developed automatic laundries. Major improvement in these postwar models will be the elimination of vibration, making them a more acceptable part of the upstairs work center. In addition to the cycle washers, one of the most important advances is the invention of a tumbler dryer which can be used in conjunction with the cycle washer. Each company has its own version of this dryer which eliminates hanging out clothes and does away with ironing of towels, sheets and pillowcases. Westinghouse and General Electric have also developed improved automatic ironers, and their equipment thus includes the washer, dryer and ironer—making the laundry process complete in a small space. Similarly Blackstone has designed a unit laundry which takes care of the three functions in a floor area only 25 by 96 in. The three matching units in standard counter height, can be assembled in any desired sequence, in a straight line or around a corner. The Hamilton and the Lovell companies have also developed automatic clothes dryers which are available in either electric or gas models. The Lovell gas dryer incorporates a range control which can be set at bone dry or any of four degrees of damp dry for ironing.

Like laundry work, the process of preparing meals—a tedious and time-consuming problem—will be simplified in postwar kitchens. Although stove and refrigerator manufacturers all proclaim that their immediate postwar models will be the same as 1942 versions, and that revolutionary changes will not be attempted for ten months or longer after the war, those models which will be available are new to the public and have many improved features. Enlarged broilers, warming ovens, deep well cookers, automatic timing devices and insulation against heat loss will be found in the new ranges. Westinghouse, Tappan, Lindeman and Hoverson are the only companies reporting stoves equipped with glass oven doors—darling of the "dream ad" copywriters.

Still in the experimental stage are two revolutionary developments which may be incorporated into many postwar gas stoves. The first is single point automatic ignition, based on making flame travel downward, in circles and around corners. This means matchless ignition for ovens and broilers through an ignition tube from a single standing pilot on the top of the stove to the oven and broiler burners. The second is a completely new type of enclosed burner, made possible by the development of a new form of flame which can burn in the products of its own combustion. This method may be developed to the point where burner and grates can be combined, serving as a support for utensils and providing smooth top section styling.

Another startling development is the principle of magnetic induction cooking, applied to a stove called the "Mystery Speedster." This method is similar in principle to a radio re-





eatures switch control of heat, illuminated by cowled fluorescent lamp. t also has automatic oven timer and a deep well cooker. Roper gas ange (right) is designed to fit flush with the wall and standard cabinets, has staggered burners, different heat speeds.

ceiver set and cooks without any heat in the stove itself. A transformer set in the range top transmits 60 cycle magnetic pulsations from the open-ended transformer cores. Waves surge through iron pole pieces in the bottom of a special cooking utensil, causing eddy currents to circulate in the aluminum mass and transfering heat to the food.

Besides the new stoves there have also been developments in the dishwasher line. General Electric promises an electric sink equipped with a garbage "Disposall" which grinds and disposes of all garbage automatically and with an electric dishwasher capable of washing a service of six in ten minutes. The Q.E.D. Dishwasher Co. will have a separate unit, unique in that it requires no motor. This hydraulic washer is completely automatic, even lifting dishes up to the drainboard level after washing is completed.

Like stoves, most postwar refrigerators will be similar to 1942 models, with a few additional features, such as extra compartments for storing meats, more efficient "crisping" compartments for vegetables, and in the General Electric, a butter conditioner. Frigidaire, Admiral and Gibson, however, are offering a new idea in refrigeration. Working on a principle of stratification, these refrigerators are separated into specialized sections. A top compartment for freezing is completely sealed off from the rest of the refrigerator, preventing the air below from coming in contact with the freezing chest and losing its moisture in the form of frost. Thus foods can be stored without covering and will remain fresh and crisp losing no moisture.

Another innovation in refrigerators concerns their structure. Aluminum frames said to be 50 per cent lighter than all-steel types have been developed by Lindsay & Lindsay. These frames employ neither rivets nor welds, but socket lock screws to fasten the side panels in place. With such construction it should be easier to move the refrigerator for cleaning and dusting.

Of interest in connection with the postwar work center is the Earle Unit Kitchen designed by Guyon Earle, a realtor who became dissatisfied with conventional kitchenette equipment for small apartments. They will be manufactured for general use after the war. The important feature of the Earle kitchen is complete redesign of kitchen equipment.



POSTWAR REFRIGERATORS may be the drawer type designed by Guyon Earle for his Unit Kitchen (top) or the shelved version with separate freezing compartment like the Frigidaire (above). Unit Kitchen costs less than equipment purchased separately, uses less electricity than standard refrigerators.

HOME FREEZERS will be available in small sizes for ordinary use and in large models for farm storage. Coolerator freezer (below) is equipped with baskets for convenient access to stored food, International Harvester's walk-in cooler for the farm (bottom) holds thousands of pounds of food.







AUTOMATIC DISHWASHER put out by Edison General Electric Appliance Co., both washes and dries dishes after they have been scraped and are stacked in the machine. Trap at left-hand corner of door releases Calgonite, a water conditioner which takes the place of scap.



LUMITILE, a shield for tube lighting installations, diffuses the light without an appreciable loss of lumens, adds to the decorative effect and protects the lamps from dust.



LOUVERPLAS, a plastic for use with fluorescent lighting, can be molded into different shapes to produce the desired fixture. It becomes transparent or translucent at different angles.

FLUORESCENT TUBING will be available in round shapes particularly suitable for use in home fixtures or in the conventional floor lamp. It will also be made in extra long slim sizes designated as Slimline for cove and showcase lighting.



Finding the standard refrigerator too bulky and under-counter models too cramped, Earle incorporated refrigerated drawers into a counter-high section and recessed the freezing unit and milk compartment above—flush with the other overhead cupboards in the unit. Next to the refrigerator was placed the sink and next to the sink the electric range. Thus stove, refrigerator, sink, overhead cupboard space and base cabinets are incorporated into a compact unit particularly suitable for small kitchens.

Many refrigerator companies are planning to put out home freezers in different models for farm and city use after the war. Some rural units may have a capacity as large as 40 cu. ft. for storing several thousand pounds of food, while urban units especially for apartment dwellers will be available as small as 4 cu. ft. capacity. The Frigidaire, General Electric, Coolerator, Admiral and Harder units are similar in design to rectangular ice cream cabinets. The Coolerator has the added feature of easy-toreach baskets. Also a rectangular box, the Arctic Trunk is unique in that it is the simplest of all the freezers, actually costing less than the most popularly priced refrigerator. The Deepfreeze is made in a patented round shape, and besides its regular double model promises the tiny 4 cu. ft. apartment model. The Wilson Cabinet Co. will put out a complete line from small home storage units up to large farm freezers. International Harvester Co. is concentrating on the farm market, however, providing a line of Zero Chests in various sizes. More important, they have worked out a series of combination units, offering both zero temperature and ordinary refrigeration in the same chest.

LAMPS

During the war years there have been many developments in both incandescent and electric discharge lamps which will provide increased utility and greater freedom of decorative use. Hot cathode fluorescent, already almost universal in business and industry, will undoubtedly be used in homes after the war. Longer life ratings for this standard fuorescent type have been announced, and new circular shapes have been designed especially for floor lamps and other home lighting fixtures. These new lamps come in 20 w., 30 w., and 40 w. ratings and in 81/2 in., and 121/4 in. and 16 in. diameters. Another new fluorescent development is the Slimline, much longer and thinner than former fluorescent tubes. It will be used for continuous lighting in showcases and cove lighting. Slimline lamps come in sizes up to 96 in., are designed to burn at various levels of brightness and will have the instant starting ballast, a completely new innovation. This ballast boosts the voltage high above normal to strike the arc, then drops to normal fluorescent operating voltage. To use this ballast, a lamp must be specially designed to withstand the high voltage shock starting. White and daylight lamps in 40 w. size are available with this new feature.

Cold cathode fluorescent has always had the instant starting advantage, but the fact that it operates on high voltage has so far limited it to business and industrial use. After the war, transformers and auxiliary parts will be engineered along with the new units to accommodate the proper voltage. This will eliminate special engineering jobs heretofore required and make cold carthode practical for use in the home. There is some talk that hot and cold cathode will not be distinguished as such after the war, but classified under the general term of fluorescent. (Continued on page 150)



<text><text><image><text>

Because architects and builders take pride in quality construction . . . because homeowners want long-lasting value . . . the NDMA seal of approval on toxic preservative treated wood products has won widespread acceptance. Knowledge of that seal—and of the principles for which it stands—has resulted in an increased measure of public protection . . . in an increased understanding of wood's ability to keep pace with modern service requirements in such building products as windows, doors, screens and frames.

It is for this reason that the sixth step in the NDMA program consists of educational effort in the public interest . . . consistent effort which spreads knowledge of the scientific research, the careful testing symbolized by the NDMA seal of approval.



The NDMA Seal of Approval—available by license to all manufacturers and distributors who conform to the toxic preservative standards of the NDMA represents these six steps of protection:

- 1. An efficient test for measuring effectiveness of toxic preservatives
- Minimum standards governing the toxic preservative treating of woodwork products
- 3. A seal identifying products treated in conformity with NDMA Toxic Preservative Standards
- Mill inspection of treating equipment and practices
- 5. Laboratory check-tests of preservative solutions
- 6. Educational effort in the public interest

NATIONAL DOOR MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION McCormick building · chicago, illinois



POSTWAR BUILDING TECHNIQUES

(Continued from page 148)



COLD CATHODE tubes can be bent and carried around corners.

For industrial applications, the new 3,000 w. mercury vapor lamp will supply the most economical lighting. Producing 120,000 lumens per lamp, it is especially designed for mounting in high bay areas and where a minimum number of light sources is required. These lamps in combination with incandescent units have been successfully installed in the unique indirect lighting system of the huge Budd Assembly plant at Bustleton, Pa.

At the opposite end of the scale from the huge mercury vapor lamps is the tiny fluorescent 1/10 w. glow lamp. It has been used by the Army and Navy for various indicating purposes, and will lend itself to postwar use as a night light for bathrooms, stairways and halls. This lamp is most economical, its annual energy consumption at average domestic power rates amounts to less than three cents.

Black light, which is near ultra violet radiation with the visible light filtered out is used to activate fluorescent coatings, making them glow in the dark. There are several types of lamps which can produce black light. One is the $2\frac{1}{2}$ w. argon glow lamp which needs no auxiliaries and can be used on either AC or DC. It is low in power but is the simplest and cheapest method. Another small lamp, the 4 w., RP-12 produces quite an amount of visible light in addition to the



ultraviolet radiations. Standard fluorescent made with a special phosphor can also produce black light, and mercury vapor lamps are used when a more powerful source is needed. A special incandescent lamp, the purple X, is also effective for short burning periods.

One of the most important new developments in home lighting is the new 275 w. sun

SUN LAMP screws in socket.

lamp which can be screwed into an ordinary lighting socket. Used over the bath tub or the bathroom mirror it will provide its owner with a tan while bathing or dressing. This bulb is a combination of the tungsten and discharge types of radiation — a mercury vapor lamp containing an internal tungsten filament ballast which operates at incandescence. This filament's infra red heat combines with the ultraviolet tanning rays to produce a light similar to real sunshine.

Infra red drying lamps are an important incandescent innovation which have been used extensively for quick-drying (Continued on page 154)

For 55 Years

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Wheeling has been producing high grade steel products and has never deviated from this policy. Now the complete line of Wheeling Fireproof Building Materials has been augmented by Steelcrete Expanded Metal products, long known and preferred by architects. Always include Wheeling in your specifications.

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Plan with STEEL

FOR PEACETIME BUILDINGS





In heating, ventilating and air-conditioning ducts in all sorts of buildings, U.S.S Paint-Bond Sheets withstand corrosion, can be painted immediately.

In this up-to-date hospital cafeteria, counter tops of U.S.S Stainless Steel with fronts of porcelain enameled VITRENAMEL are strong, durable, easy to keep immaculately clean.

War-Tested U.S.S Steels for Building

- U·S·S STAINLESS AND HEAT-RE-SISTING STEELS to provide permanent beauty, assure high resistance to corro-sion and heat, and to reduce weight.
- U-S-S VITRENAMEL—A special, high quality steel for porcelain enameling.
- U-S-S GALVANIZED SHEETS to pro-vide easy formability, workmanlike ap-pearance and long life.
- U.S.S COPPER STEEL to give at least twice the atmospheric corrosion resistance of regular steel at little additional cost.
- U-S-S COR-TEN—A high-strength steel with two to three times the resistance to atmospheric corrosion of Copper Steel.
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- U-S-S STEEL ROOFING AND SIDING in every wanted form for residential, in-dustrial and farm applications.
- U-S-S STRUCTURAL SECTIONS complete range of sections and sizes to meet every building requirement.

ONLY STEEL

CAN DO SO MANY

JOBS SO WELL

*HE widely known versatility of steel leaves no doubt about its importance in postwar building. No other material can do so many things so well.

No matter what the requirements -strength, durability, fire-resistance, appearance, economy, freedom from repairs-the chances are that steel will meet them better. For there is a type of $U \cdot S \cdot S$ Steel specifically designed to give satisfactory service and maximum life in practically every application.

U·S·S Steels include Stainless Steel for kitchens, restaurants, cafeterias, in schools, hotels, hospitals. VITRENAMEL, the special base for porcelain enamel, which offers so many attractive possibilities ranging

from washrooms to store fronts. Copper Steel and COR-TEN for air-conditioning and ventilating systems. Galvanized sheets that can be painted without prior weathering. Also a wide range of structural sections, concrete reinforcing bars, steel sheet piling and bearing piles for foundation work.

No other steel producer can offer such a wide variety of steel building products in so many different analyses, sizes and shapes.

The generous use of steel in planning postwar buildings will help you create stronger, safer, more durable structures for less money.

Check this list of U.S.S Steels and note how their special properties fit in with your postwar plans.

CARNEGIE-ILLINOIS STEEL CORPORATION, Pittsburgh and Chicago **COLUMBIA STEEL COMPANY**, San Francisco

TENNESSEE COAL, IRON & RAILROAD COMPANY, Birmingham United States Steel Supply Company, Chicago, Warehouse Distributors

United States Steel Export Company, New York

UNITED STATES STEEL



A Home To Live In, Play In-This design, winner in the Suburban Home class of the recent American Builder prize competition, is by Charles and Arthur Schreiber of Chicago, Illinois. It takes full advantage, with its triple-purpose recreation area, of the trend toward building ample play room into tomorrow's homes. Adapted from American Builder Magazine, to show how a new idea in home heating—the Coleman Floor Furnace-can help increase comfort and "livability.

Two Sparkling New Ideas For More Livable, **More Salable Homes of Tomorrow**

Warm-Floor Comfort; Low-Cost Area Heating-The floor plan below shows how a Coleman Floor Furnace system can provide independent, automatic heating, with "warm-floor" comfort, for each of the three major areas of the house. Such a

23

system includes one or more individual, automatic units (3 used here). Each floor furnace can be set to give ideal comfort for its own area—operates independently of other units-with minimum fuel expense. The initial cost of a multiple installation may be lower than that of a central heat plant capable of doing an equal job. Note that no basement is needed for warm floors with this new advancement. Coleman Floor Furnaces will be available post-war in gas, oil or LP-gas models.

Write for catalog and detailed information, Dept. AF-536, Coleman Lamp and Stove Co.. Wichita 1, Kansas



This Cutaway View of the Coleman Floor Furnace shows how 3 important features especially combat cold floors and increase comfort: (1) Coleman's exclusive patent-ed streamlined bottom that speeds warm-air travel, up to 35%-warms a bigger area; (2) Large area of heating surface for fast warming of cold

air before it flows out of the furnace; (3) Big efficient burner that gets most heat out of fuel for low-cost operation. At right: "Phantom floor" shows how the furnace is set in the floor, with only the register at floor level, in recreation room of Shreiber house.



THE COLEMAN LAMP AND STOVE COMPANY -

WICHITA 1 . CHICAGO 11 . PHILADELPHIA 8 . LOS ANGELES 54 . TORONTO, CANADA



Their world has changed since that fateful yesterday, but home, in whatever locale, is still "home sweet home." As one famous correspondent writes: "Bring out a picture from home and every G.I. will follow suit." Many of the boys have never seen or cuddled "Junior," but they dream about him gamboling across his nursery floor.

The boys know that their "homes of tomorrow" will be everything that the skill, experience and craftsmanship of America can produce, and the finest in woodwork will come from Biltwell.





POSTWAR BUILDING TECHNIQUES

(Continued from page 150)

enamel on tank parts and other war machines. Hundreds of them placed to form a tunnel reduce 15 to 20 hours drying time to 15 or 20 minutes. These lamps are similiar in construction to ordinary incandescent bulbs, but a special filament produces more heat, less light. They will continue to find widespread industrial application and might be used to advantage for home drying of paint jobs.

Incandescent spot and flood lamps have been developed with their own built-in reflectors, and are important news for industrial lighting. Since their surface is hermetically sealed with the lamp it cannot be affected by dirt, moisture, or vapors and does not deteriorate. Reflector spots project narrow beams for use where light of high intensity is required over a small area. Projector spots are similar except that their surface is of hard glass for outdoor use. The flood lamps are similar in construction except for more deeply frosted bulbs which provide a wide beam suitable for floodlighting displays and operations.

In addition to the new lamps which have been developed, fixtures themselves have been improved and redesigned. Plastics are being used to a much greater extent because they are lightweight, easily formed and have good stability and lasting quality. Plastic tiles and translucent or engraved plastic sheets such as Lumitile, Plexiglas and Louverplas give the architect and interior decorator a tool with which to make lighting a real part of the design. An engraved Plexiglas sheet placed against an opaque wall and lighted from one edge makes the light appear to come from the engraved portions of the material. Thus the wall rather than a lamp appears to be the light source. Louverplas, a sheeting with hairline partitions running through the material, gives transparent and translucent effects when placed at different angles. These materials can also be colored to give softer and more dramatic effects.

WIRING

Electrical wiring in the postwar home will require much more attention than it received in prewar installations. Even today 95 per cent of American homes are inadequately wired to carry efficiently an appliance load which has increased steadily through the years. With more and more appliances promised for the postwar home, this situation will become really serious. Realizing that appliances are worthless if houses are not equipped with wiring systems capable of carrying their load, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co. has developed a wiring plan that will stand the strain of serving air-conditioning equipment, quick-freeze units, automatic laundries, new types of lighting and more elaborate radio apparatus. As yet they are not thinking in terms of home television sets and sound systems for inter-house communications, but the fact that these new devices will be a factor in postwar house design gives the Westinghouse estimate even more validity.

In contrast to the service conductor of two No. 8 wires 50 amp. switch and two to four branch circuits now allowed by WPB for an average five-room house, Westinghouse recommends three No. 4 entrance wires, a 100 amp. switch and 18 branch circuits. They also include three branch distribution centers throughout the house to carry the greatly increased (Continued on page 158)



THE "LAST WORD" IN AIR FILTERS is the self-cleaning Electro-Matic, which is also outstanding because of the effectiveness with which it applies the principles of electronic precipitation. Dust laden air enters the ionizing unit (A) where all dust particles receive a positive charge. Then it passes through the continuous, belt-type filter curtain where, both at the front (B) and the back (C), dust particles are attracted to negative charged, oil coated filter plates. Plates are cleaned and re-oiled continuously as they pass through the oil bath in the base.

THE ELECTRO-MATIC STOPS THE FINEST DUSTS,

SMOKE, FUMES and oil vapors. Particles so small they can be seen only with the new electronic microscope, are removed by the AAF Electro-Matic Air Filter. The Electro-Matic removes 85% of these fractional micron sized particles, providing super clean air. In addition to its high efficiency the Electro-Matic can operate continuously at maximum efficiency because it is self-cleaning, which avoids the need for stopping the filter to clean collector plates. Where *really clean* air is needed to meet production requirements or to give employees the very best of working conditions . . . the Electro-Matic is the answer. Write for Bulletin No. 250-C.

AMERICAN AIR FILTER COMPANY, INC., 427 Central Avenue, Louisville 8, Kentucky. In Canada: Darling Bros., Ltd., Montreal, P. Q.



THE WAR...

YOUR ELEVATORS...

AND YOUR EYES



• On flat-tops, battleships, and cruisers, Otis precision-built elevators have been and are today serving the United States Navy on the seven seas. From our experience in providing this equipment have come marked improvements in design, new manufacturing techniques, and a store of knowledge destined to provide still further improvements in Otis Elevators after the war.



2. Today, therefore, when planning the modernization of your present equipment, give particular consideration to Otis Elevators. This company, with 244 offices throughout the United States, is in a position now to cooperate with you in the preparation of plans and surveys.



3. So, keep your eyes on Otis. In the days ahead, this company, through the continued use of advanced methods and new skills, will, as in the past, be ready to assure you of the last word in efficient and economical vertical transportation.



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Swartwout AIRMOVER "Open Roof" Method of Industrial Ventilation Can be custom built when necessary

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• "All the ventilation you want" means enough ventilation to clear workrooms of excess heat, smoke and fumes, gaining the employee comfort that improves morale, promotes efficiency, reduces spoilage and accidents. Swartwout AIRMOVER installations are doing just that in many important factories.

Only 32 inches high, this remarkable modern ventilator spreads over as much of your roofs as necessary, according to the nature of your operations. Uses no power — air flow is *natural* (gravity) with least possible air friction through roof.

Standard units, or custom built to your needs. Easily installed on any type of roof, on old or new buildings. Write for the full story.



POSTWAR BUILDING TECHNIQUES

(Continued from page 154)

circuit load. Feeder conductors to these branch panels from the main distribution center are 3 wire, 230 v. lines capable of carrying large current loads at twice the usual efficiency. With this system, lights will never dim when heavy equipment is switched on, and all appliances will work at top efficiency. Westinghouse may be over-generous with its wiring recommendations, but their plan is indicative of the increased postwar needs which must be considered by every architect and builder.

New thought, too, must be given to wiring for schools and industrial establishments. Postwar schools will make much greater use of the motion picture and the radio and such equipment should be included as an integral part of the school plan—of equal importance with plumbing, heating and other electrical facilities.

Industry will also be carrying increased electrical loads because of the new and greatly improved lighting installations which are now being recognized as most important to peak production. To provide the necessary wiring in many expanding factories, a new system of branch wiring was developed to combat the problem of critical material shortages. Because of its convenience, this method will probably





PLASTIC DUCT wiring system developed by the Pierce Laboratory, Inc. uses small amount of steel, less than half the copper necessary for conventional systems. It is an efficient and economical method of secondary wiring.

continue to be used as secondary wiring in industry after the war. The Pierceway system consists of tubular copper conductors enclosed in molded plastic ducts which are easily installed in interlocking sections on ceiling, walls or benches. It is an efficient economical method for supplying power to portable tools and small equipment and, in overhead applications, for supplying lighting current.

DOORS

Door and window developments have gone forward toward simplification and standardization. The Roddis Lumber and Veneer Co. has developed a prefabricated door unit which includes the door itself, jambs, stops and casings, put together with the hardware applied, and factory finished according to (Continued on page 162)



Every builder knows how often an inexpensive "extra" can turn "lookers" into enthusiastic buyers. With a woman it may be something special in the kitchen that makes her say, "This is the house I want!," with a man something special in the basement . . . But here's an exciting modern electronic "extra" that will sell them both —an Avco Automatic Door Operator on the garage!



What is it? An Electronic device that gives the modest householder the convenience and protection of a private doorman!



THE SALES IMPACT of this ultra-modern convenience will be plain to every builder and architect...The Avco Automatic Door Operator gives reliable service every day of the year at low cost...can be simply attached to any type garage door. We'll be glad to send you full details on request.



How does it work? The householder drives up in his car, presses a control button on the dashboard ... and the Avco Automatic Door Operator goes to work ... it opens the garage doors, turns on the garage lights, (and for a slight additional cost) the yard floodlights and the lights in the entrance to the house! He drives in and parks, goes into the house, presses another control button and the Avco Automatic Door Operator closes and locks the garage doors and turns off garage, yard, and entrance lights *automatically*. The process is simply reversed when the householder is going out.



. DINNER GARNISHED WITH A VIEW

DINING ROOM WINDOWALL OF ANDERSEN COMPLETE WOOD WINDOW UNITS

This is how one architect invites you to sit down to a dinner garnished with a view. Perched high on a bluff that looks down upon a busy valley, this WINDOWALL captures and frames a picture that changes with the seasons.

These windows are weathertight, like a wall-transparent, like a window. Operat-

ing sash on each side of the picture window provide ample ventilation.

They are Andersen Casements set on either side of a "picture window" — all stock units available now or after the war from millwork and lumber dealers. Remember, too, that they're made of beautiful, enduring, insulating wood.

Illustration shows Andersen casement "Picture Window" unit, over-all rough opening size 10' 1 1/4" wide by 5' 6 9/16" high. Unit has standard Andersen Casement ventilating sash on each side of fixed center sash. For additional details, see Sweet's Catalog, or write to Andersen.

Andersen Corporation BAYPORT MINNESOTA alle stelle



th enduring beauty by **SEAPORCEL**

The Seaporcel* Ceramic coated metals used to form the facades of this building will not fade or discolor through the years. Constant exposure to adverse weather conditions that would quickly destroy ordinary porcelain enamel finishes fail to dull the smooth lustre of its Seaporcel surfaces.

Available in practically any shape, color, shade or type of finish, Seaporcel gives the architect or designer almost unlimited latitude in creating building surfaces, sign faces, signs, etc. Its fast color and ease of cleansing make it an ideal building material.

Seaporcel is now available in limited quantities with the permission of your local W.P.B., and we are ready to help you plan your post-war buildings and signs. Write today for additional information.

U.S. Pat.Off.

ORCEL PORCELAIN METALS, INC. Borden Avenue, Long Island City 1, N. Y. Formerly Porcelain Metals, Inc.

POSTWAR BUILDING TECHNIQUES

(Continued from page 158)

specification. The profiles of casings and stops will be made to the architect's design. Substantial economies are gained by use of this door unit as it not only insures perfect fitting and finishing, but applies the economies of mass production and reduces labor costs. It is easily installed and is made with a split jamb to allow for variations in wall thickness. The Fir Door Institute offers Fac-Tri-Fit precision-made doors that are pre-fit at the mill, trimmed to size and ready to hang without sawing. They may be ordered completely machined-gained, bored or mortised by high speed precision tools. Another door offered by the Fir Door Institute which is gaining in popularity is a sliding door for homes, offices, hotels or apartment houses. Modern in appearance, it saves space wasted by the average swinging door. These units are simple to install, low in cost and operate smoothly and quietly. The frame comes completely set up ready for use, and two metal rollers glide quietly in the cylindric 1 in. channel grooved into the header. Doors and finishing hardware are selected separately. The units are designed for standard 2 by 4 partitions and stock width 13% in. doors, and can be ordered with doors pre-fitted at the factory. U. S. Plywood and the Mengel Co. will jointly produce a low-priced hollow core flush-type door available faced with gum and other hardwoods.

WINDOWS

Steel window manufacturers have already announced that their postwar units will be made in new sizes to coordinate with modular masonry, offering increased convenience to designers and builders. The Anderson Corp. are also planning to manufacture their wood windows in stock sizes which will be further standardized to conform more nearly to the modular system. Their postwar plans include developments of a new double-hung wood window to supersede their Victory unit. Croft Steel Products Inc. will offer a complete window finished in aluminum and plastic, prefabricated, assembled and packaged ready for installation in rough walls. They report it will be the most economical window ever developed, far lower in cost than either the regular double-hung wood window or the prewar steel casement. Various low cost window units have been developed for war housing, barracks, temporary schools, etc. and because of their economy will probably continue to be manufactured for the inexpensive home. One such unit made by the Rolscreen Co. is an awning type wood window which may be used with standard 2 by 4 frame or thin wall construction. It sets into the studding without frames, sash weights or balances and comes assembled except for lock handles. Another development is an all-season window with interchangeable screen and storm sash inserts, easily operated from the inside. Because of the lowered cost of aluminum and the greatly speeded wartime production techniques, aluminum windows will be available for the first time at reasonable prices. The Aluminum Window Co. has already announced a line of surprisingly inexpensive aluminum windows which will be available as soon as restrictions are lifted. They are suitable for the moderately priced home and come in stock sizes-9 double-hung and 8 casement sizes-obtainable in several different muntin arrangements. Plastic window screening which is impervious to corrosion and unaffected by moisture also offers advantages for future (Continued on page 166)





STEEL INSULATION

has 100% efficiency for the life of the building If you are weighing the *value* of insulating materials, consider this fact: Ferro-Therm Steel Insulation has 100% efficiency for the life of the building. It has the structural strength, rigidity and permanence that only steel possesses. And it cannot settle or pack down, as the sheets are stapled *permanently* in place.

Ferro-Therm is the most effective barrier ever developed for resisting the penetration of heat *from either side*. It reflects 95% of all radiated heat. In winter it reduces fuel costs by 25%-30%; in summer it reduces the temperature in a house by 10° to 12° . And, because it is *steel*:

- 1. It forms a definite fire-stop for wooden framework.
- 2. It does not absorb moisture, or convey any moisture to wooden framing members, which would cause them to rot.
- 3. It completely prevents the penetration of termites, rodents and insects.

A comprehensive report on the use of Ferro-Therm by the U. S. Army and Navy and leading authorities on insulation will be sent upon request. Write for your copy now.

AMERICAN FLANGE & MANUFACTURING CO. INC. Ferro-Therm Division

30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NEW YORK 20, NEW YORK



Indispensable to the Modern Super Market

Air Conditioning is increasing profits in many retail stores. Cool, clean, properly dehumidified air attracts customers, encourages them to stay longer and steps up "impulse buying". It protects fruits and vegetables by retaining their freshness and eye appeal. Perishables move faster, thereby reducing waste.

Chrysler Airtemp pioneered "Packaged" Air Conditioners. These time-tested units are ideal for the big open areas of Super Markets. Easily and quickly installed, singly or in multiple, Chrysler Airtemp hermetically sealed "Packaged" Air Conditioners provide quiet, dependable, trouble-free temperature-humidity control at low up-keep. Steam coils may be added for winter heating to provide year-round air conditioning.

Architects are finding the flexibility of application of the "Packaged" Air Conditioners decidedly helpful in remodeling and in new building design. • Airtemp Division of Chrysler Corporation, Dayton 1, Ohio.

Buy More War Bonds! Tune in Major Bowes every Thursday, CBS., 9 p.m., E.W.T.



the dramatic story of ALUMINUM

ee this Film.

HERE is a 34-minute educational film on aluminum that is jam-packed with interesting information on its processing . . . from the mining of bauxite, refining it to alumina, reducing the oxide to metal . . . right on through to the rolling of sheet, rod and bar . . . and the manufacture of fabricated parts.

This film, titled "A Recital of Faith," portrays the great advances in aluminum technology during the war years, and the infinite possibilities for aluminum in the post-war world.

Underlined is the part Reynolds Metals is prepared to play in co-operation with engineers and manufacturers who are now using, or plan to use aluminum, and the new lightweight, highstrength aluminum alloys.

Showings easily arranged

Every audience that has seen "A Recital of Faith" has praised it in glowing terms. It is now available, without charge, for showings before technical groups, engineering societies and manufacturers . . . 35 mm. or 16 mm.

For full information, just write Reynolds Metals Company, Aluminum Division, 2500 South Third St., Louisville 1, Ky. On your letterhead, please.



vou will want to



3 Dissatisfied "Consumers"

Most testimonials sing out praises. But here are three from highly dissatisfied "consumers." To them, lumber that has been pressure-impregnated with CZC (Chromated Zinc Chloride) is repulsive.

Yet, the desirable properties of the wood, such as strength, workability, etc., remain unchanged. It is odorless and clean to handle. When lumber is again available, be sure you have on hand this book on the advantages to you of CZC-treated lumber. USE THE COUPON NOW!



POSTWAR BUILDING TECHNIQUES

(Continued from page 162)

window construction. While at the present time it is considerably higher in price than wire screening, volume production should narrow this margin considerably. The Rolscreen Co. is experimenting with several types of this plastic screen cloth for their postwar units.

HARDWARE

Manufacturers of every type of hardware are planning new merchandise for their postwar lines. Most companies will undoubtedly utilize plastics to a degree never before tried and some are experimenting with formerly too expensive metals which will be cheaper after the war. Aluminum is one such metal which will be seen much more often in the postwar home. Plastics, however, will be everywhere. We may expect plastic doorknobs, doorpulls and keyhole plates; plastic bathroom and closet fixtures; electric switch plates made of plastic; even plastic screws, bolt, hinges, catches and hooks. Du Pont de Nemours Co. is cooperating with manufacturers on a line of extremely good looking lucite bathroom fixtures including towel racks, soap dishes, glass holders, paper hold-



PLASTIC HARDWARE includes doorknobs and piano type hinge.

ers and hooks. Of particular interest is the great diversity of closet fixtures, designed to make the postwar closet a truly functional unit with neat and convenient places for all the diverse articles which are usually crowded in upon each other in a hopeless jumble. Knape and Vogt has done an excellent job in designing a great variety of closet fixtures, easily attached to either closet wall or door. They include garment brackets, extension rods, utility racks, swinging trouser and skirt hangers, shoe racks, and portable shoe stands, tie racks, hat and coat racks, umbrella and cane holders. For the bathroom this company also presents sliding towel racks and for the kitchen disappearing pan racks.



PREFABRICATED SHOWER CABINETS made by Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. are easily installed in existing bathrooms.

Build Long-Term Satisfaction into Your Homes

with these EFFICIENT, ECONOMICAL



. Prewar Fuel Consumption in Gallons Per Square Foot of Floor Area

IN ROCHESTER

Average for territory	1.65	
Average GAR WOOD equipped	.77	
IN TOLEDO		
Average for territory	1.54	
Average GAR WOOD equipped	.77	
IN DETROIT		
Average for territory	1.54	
Average GAR WOOD equipped	.71	
IN HARTFORD		
Average for territory	1.30	
Average GAR WOOD equipped	.90	
IN DREXEL HILL, PA.		
Average for territory	1 18	
Average GAR WOOD equipped	.85	
IN RICHMOND		
Average for territory	.97	
Average GAR WOOD equipped	.86	
And the second ships a second ships a second ships a second		

Good homes, well planned and well built, offer the greatest possibilities for heating efficiency. Be doubly sure that your homes will give the utmost satisfaction by recommending either oil or gas-fired Gar Wood Tempered-Aire Units ... famous for efficient, economical operation. Actual surveys have proven their outstanding performance. Ask the Gar Wood dealer in your community to notify you when the new post-war Tempered-Aire models are available.

Jar Wood

HOME HEATING UNITS

PERED-AIRE

BUY U. S. WAR BONDS TO ASSURE VICTORY!

GAR WOOD INDUSTRIES, INC., HEATING DIVISION

7924 RIOPELLE STREET

DETROIT 11, MICHIGAN

HOISTS and BODIES . . . WINCHES and CRANES . . . TANKS . . . ROAD MACHINERY . . . MOTOR BOATS





Sand the wood smooth—free of dirt and smudges.



Apply second thin coat of Penchrome Clear Finish.

O'Brien, specialists in fine wood finishes since 1875, urge you to investigate Pen-chrome for plywood, trim, cabinets, floors—any new wood. It is the new "blonde" wood finish for low-cost housing projects, store remodeling, institutions and fine residences.



Apply Pen-chrome Wood Stain sparingly, with brush (or spray).



The result is a beautiful, lowcost, wax-like "blonde" finish that will stand years of wear and cleaning.

Full specifications on O'Brien's complete line of paints, varnishes and enamels will be found in the 1945 Sweet's Catalog.





Apply thin coat of Pen-chrome Clear Finish with brush (or spray). Sand lightly.



TEST PACKAGE: Try Pen-chrome. A test package—onehalf pint of stain and one-half pint of Clear Finish to seal the stain—will be sent without charge to architects and builders requesting it on their business stationery. Specify color: Sandalwood, Driftwood, Platinum, Blonde, Maple, Bleached Mahogany.

O'BRIEN VARNISH COMPANY 102 N. JOHNSON ST., SOUTH BEND 21, INDIANA

THE ARCHITECTURAL FORUM



If you have already obtained your program for the General Motors Design Competition you have only one thing to do—forward your solution before the closing date, April 16, 1945.

If this competition has escaped your attention until now, you have two things to do—get a copy of the program from the Professional Adviser now—and submit your solution before April 16th. Forward the coupon to get the rules, program and other needed materials. Act now, so that you will have as much time as possible to develop a winning solution.

You will want a share of the \$55,000 in prize awards: 5 distinct competitions, with 5 First Awards of \$5,000 each, 5 Second Awards of \$2,500 each, 5 Third Awards of \$1,000 each, 5 Fourth Awards of \$500 each, 20 Honorable Mentions and 20 Special Awards of \$250 each.

Practicing architects, builders and contractors will want the book "Design for Dealer Establishments," which will afford an interchange of ideas with other leading members of the profession. This book will reproduce many of the winning plans and design details, plus other reference material. It will be sent to all who enter a solution that meets the minimum requirements of the competition. Enter one or more solutions by April 16th.

COMPETITIO

ROYAL ARCHITECTUR

AR-3

	George Nelson, A.I.A., Professional Adviser, c/o The Architectural Forum, Empire State Building, 350 Fifth Avenue, New York 1, N.Y.
APPROVED BY	I intend to enter the GENERAL MOTORS competition. Please send me the program, including the conditions governing the competition and awards.
UTE OF ARCHITECTS	Name
AND	Firm (if any)
L INSTITUTE OF CANADA	Address
	CityState
T+3	Check one: ArchitectDesignerDraftsmanStudent
JRAIC-3	Other OccupationAF-3



THE \$4,000,000 SCHOOL HOUSE LANE APARTMENT PROJECT GERMANTOWN, PHILADELPHIA. AARON COLISH, ARCHITECT

with PERSONALIZED HEATING

Mayer I. Blum, operator of the 2601 Parkway Apartments. Philadelphia's largest and finest, which houses 520 families, and the creator of the School House Lane project.

TO BE CONSTRUCTED ...

As soon as Building Materials are Released

HONEYWELL Personalized Heating Control, is the greatest advance in apartment heating since automatic heating itself. One or more thermostats in each apartment permits tenants to select and regulate temperatures according to their own individual requirements or desires.

The \$4,000,000 School House Lane Apartment project, designed for tomorrow, will be one of America's outstanding apartment buildings. It consists of two buildings, of cross design, with spacious garage between, and contains 451 one and two bedroom apartments. The project incorporates many new and successful innovations, including sun bathing facilities with showers and lockers. Public spaces will be air conditioned, and air conditioning of apartments will be optional.

Mayer I. Blum, the creator of the project, is one of America's outstanding apartment builders and operators. He is also president

of the corporation which owns and operates the 2601 Parkway apartments, Philadelphia's largest and finest. It is significant that Mr. Blum has selected Honeywell Personalized Heating Control, with individual thermostats in each apartment. He recognizes that Personalized Heating Control will attract tenants, hold tenants, save in maintenance and save fuel.

As soon as materials are released, construction of School House Lane Apartments will begin. Plans are completed — materials are selected — including Honeywell Personalized Heating Control. If you are planning or working on an apartment job, we suggest that you, too, capitalize on Honeywell Personalized Heating Control. A request will bring you complete information. Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Company, 2740 Fourth Ave. South, Minneapolis 8, Minnesota. Branches and distributing offices in all principal cities.

Honeywell Personalized Heating Controls are Available Now!

EAPO

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CONTROL

BOOKS

Georgetown Houses . . . Democracy Under Pressure . . . Coaching Roads of Old New England



FLAT ARCH IS UNUSUAL FOR FEDERAL PERIOD





INTERIOR OF CHARACTERISTIC ELEGANCE

GEORGETOWN HOUSES OF THE FEDERAL PERIOD. By Deering Davis, Stephen P. Dorsey and Ralph Cole Hall. Architectural Book Publishing Co., Inc., New York. 130 pp. Illustrated. 81/2 in. by 11 in. \$5.

Unlike Williamsburg, Georgetown remains today a living community. Its power of survival is due not to a Rockefeller endowment but rather to its quiet defiance of a long period of neglect and decline that began in the middle of the nineteenth century. In its earlier prominence as a busy seaport, urban and social center, Georgetown was partially to blame for retarding the development of the newly purchased federal capital adjacent to it. However, the eventual expansion of Washington spelled decline and blight for the older town. Its incorporation as a part of the District of Columbia in 1871 was more an affirmation of weakness than an attempt to restore its earlier prestige.

Like many other victims of neglect, Georgetown retained in its isolation physical and cultural traits that would have normally disappeared with the tides of healthy urban expansion. Many of the older inhabitants, descendents of the town's founders, preferred its quiet elegance and exclusive location to Washington's newer and more imposing character. These families, whom we can thank today for the preservation of invaluable architectural and historical documentation, lived on in Georgetown, maintaining their former living standards in a community that was all but consumed by blight. Many of their children are now witnessing its restoration to a charming residential section of great cultural and historical interest.

The simplicity and informality of Georgetown architecture is an illustration of the Federal style in its most restrained and utilitarian aspect. That it pro- (Continued on page 176) in the line of the second

THERE IS A NEW TREND IN STORE DESIGN

SKIDMORE, OWINGS AND MERRILL'S conception of a grocery

"The ordinary 'corner grocery' need not be the disordered complexity that accident and usage have made it - a customer-confusing mess of everything from soup to nuts piled in the aisle and on the counter. In our plan we have allowed for complexity of function, but an ordered complexity.

"Cleanliness and easy maintenance are of paramount importance for a food-sales space. We consider glass in its various forms particularly suited to this purpose.

"The old type store window with its 'display' and 'Specials for Today' plastered all over the glass, serves only as a barrier. A window is a thing to look into, not at. In our plan, the whole store is the 'display'."

The new trend in store design demands versatile, adaptable construction materials. Pittsburgh Glass and Pittco Store Front Metal more than meet these requirements in a complete line of high quality products. They give the architect freedom in design, provide a type of glass for every need.

Near you is one of our nationwide system of branches and dealers, ready to serve you.

In 21 magazines Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company advertising urges merchants to plan now for postwar modernization, alterations, and new buildings-with the help of an architect.

"PITTSBURGH" stands for Quality Glass and Paint





PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS COMPANY PRODUCTS FOR STORE FRONTS AND INTERIORS
SPECIFICATION:

Keep floor plans fluid. Electrical requirements and interior partitions subject to frequent change.



Looks like a terrific technical headache, doesn't it?

It's a specification that is never written as such, but is, nevertheless, a constant factor in modern buildings.

Robertson Q-Floors are constructed so that the whole floor area is potentially an electric outlet. Steel cells are connected by crossover raceways. An electrician can easily and quickly drill in any six-inch area and install an outlet—for a production machine or an office machine. Floor plans stay fluid.

So far as the electrical future goes, a Q-Floor will stay limitlessly modern. Q-Floors in any building remove all worries about increasing mechanical demands. You can



change an outlet or add another in a matter of minutes, anywhere, anytime—and you don't dig a trench to do it.

Naturally, you might guess the cost of Q-Floors is out of line. Not a bit. In fact, they have many structural advantages which favorably affect construction time and cost.

Two men can lay 32 square feet of Q-Floor in thirty seconds. The floors can be completed almost as soon as the structural frame. No wet materials cause delay. The Q-Floor immediately becomes a working platform for all other trades. Installation is quiet, clean, fireproof, with no shoring or forms. Q-Floors are light in weight which makes possible the significant saving of lighter framework.

A Robertson representative will be glad to place more specific reference at your disposal and discuss the details of Q-Floors in general, or in relation to your current job. Electrical Fittings for Q-Floors are handled by General Electric construction materials distributors. For Q-Floor literature, write H. H. Robertson Co.

TIME-TESTED - OVER 3000 ROBERTSON Q-FLOOR INSTALLATIONS.



BOOKS

(Continued from page 172)

duced a well developed urban residential pattern as well as manorial and public buildings is clearly indicated in the Davis-Dorsey-Hall book. Full page exterior photographs of the more outstanding houses are included along with architectural details, interiors and gardens. However, the accompanying text reduces the work and its importance to a "decorator's item." Descriptions of the individual buildings read like a mixture of Elsie de Wolff's best 1925 prose and the files of the D.A.R. The beauty of Decatur House on N. St. is passed over in the following manner: ". . . Seven years after her husband's death Mrs Decatur, still dwelling upon her personal tragedy [the Commodore had been killed in a duel], refused to enter Washington proper lest she meet his opponent, or his second, whom she considered much to blame. As a result, in the words of an English visitor of that time, 'She sees a great deal of company at home' . . . Later, Mrs Decatur, who had become a devout Catholic, probably through her close friendship with the Carroll family, moved to a frame house

FINER, SMOOTHER

ARCHITECTURAL EFFECTS with CALCIUM CHLORIDE IN YOUR CONCRETE

Concrete has been developed from a rough and ready construction material into a vehicle for the expression of architectural beauty as well as for rugged strength.

The addition of calcium chloride in the concrete mix gives concrete the greater plasticity needed to make it flow into

> intricate forms more readily without tamping to distort the forms. Such concrete leaves smoother surfaces, fewer voids and less blemishes. It provides the high early strength and built-in curing so desirable in protecting fine formwork against damage.

> Our Bulletin 28, "Early Strength Concrete," gives the facts. Write for your copy.

CALCIUM CHLORIDE ASSOCIATION

4145 Penobscot Bldg., Detroit 26, Mich.



near Georgetown College. Her grave is in the cemetery there and several mementos of the Commodore may be seen today at the University. The house, well known for its fine doorway, is the property of Mrs Franklin Mott Gunther and has been leased by the Countess de Martino." The present lessee and the dwelling of Mrs Decatur, either on her personal tragedy or in Decatur House, are undoubtedly matters of great interest to the first families of Georgetown. To a national readership they are slightly less intriguing.

A little further along, under a photograph of the Berry House living room which shows a shocking display of neo-classic swags and placques over a delicate federal mantel, the caption says: "The original mantel with the design above it arranged by David Levitt, well known mural painter, to nullify the effects of modern wall lights." The absence of an active verb from the sentence should be no more confusing to the reader than the author's grave condonation of an extremely unpalatable bit of decorative hoodwinking, which, fortunately, is not at all representative of Georgetown interiors though this could never be discovered by reading the book. As it stands, purportedly a serious introduction to the historical background and architectural characteristics of the town, it is intellectually on a par with the story about our first president and his birthday hatchet. Had the work been published as a picture story, captionless and textless, it would have had infinitely more dignity and prerogative and an equal amount of documentary value.

DEMOCRACY UNDER PRESSURE. By Stuart Chase. The Twentieth Century Fund, New York. 142 pp. 51/2 in. by 8 in. \$1.

Even before the US entered the war, the Twentieth Century Fund, a non-partisan research institute, had decided to devote an increasingly large proportion of its resources to investigation of problems of postwar adjustment. As part of this program, Stuart Chase was invited to write six reports to appear under the series title, When the War Ends. The first volume, The Road We Are Travelling (1942) interpreted the sweeping social and economic changes that had occurred between the two world wars. Goals for America, which appeared the same year, established a postwar budget of our needs and resources and offered proof that we have ample manpower and means to produce them. The third volume, Where's the Money Coming From? (1943), demonstrated the ability of our nation to finance the outlined program for full employment of our human and material resources.

(Continued on page 180)

LOAD FACTOR COMPARISON The chart below shows relative weights of cot- ton and seven other insulating materials. These tests proved cotton to be by far the lightest of tests proved cotton to be by far the lightest of married insulation.
train Divers
all commercial legilation's Weight
all commercial insulation. This is Cotton Insulation's Weight
LICHTER INCI
LICHTER ITTO
IT IS 70% LIGT THAN NO. 3
IT IS 70% LIGHTER THAN NO. 3 IT IS 75% LIGHTER THAN NO. 4
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LICHTER ITTOIS
IT IS 80% LIGHTER THAN NO. 5 IT IS 83% LIGHTER THAN NO. 6 IT IS 90% LIGHTER THAN NO. 7
IT IS 90% LIGHTER THAN NO. 7
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HANDLES EASILY

One person can insulate an attic in a few hours, or experienced applicators are available to install Cotton Insulation.

SIMPLE TO INSTALL To lay it flat, just unroll it like a rug. to lay it that, just unroll it like a rug. For upright installations, you simply clip it on. Not abrasive. Harmless to skin and clothing.

MAXIMUM INSULATION Exceeds other materials 4% to 36% in insulating effectiveness. Can cut fuel bills up to 30%.

LIGHT IN WEIGHT With 20% to 25% less bulk required, Cotton Insulation represents a structural load factor 40% to 90% less than the same thickness of other materials.

WILL NOT BURN Even a blowtorch at 1800° will not make it burn. Nor will freezing affect it. Does not attract vermin.

WILL NOT PACK DOWN It stays fluffed and efficient with permanent resiliency. Neither age nor vi-bration will park it down.

MADE TO GOV'T STANDARDS Production is government inspected. FHA and FPHA approved. No priorities

SEND FOR THIS BOOK TODAYI needed. In this book you will find the full amazing story of Cotton Insulation and a full detailed account of government tests. Every architect, contractor, builder, and dealer can benefit by it.



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	Name	*************		
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1	Address	**************	State	
1	City			
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Cotton Insulation truly is the featherweight "champ"

So light is Cotton Insulation that a thousand square feet weighs but 219 pounds. Each square foot which supports it carries less than 4 ounces of weight. Yet this feather-light weight is but one of the many advantages of Cotton Insulation. In insulating value it

exceeds any other commercial insulation. Cotton is no longer the insulation of tomorrow. It is the insulation of today. Wherever building materials are sold, it can be purchased. No priorities are required. One man can install it – just unroll it like a rug. It's

truly the "champ" of the insulation field. NATIONAL COTTON COUNCIL OF AMERICA COTTON INSULATION ASSOCIATION



IKE THE AUTOMOBILE Sectrical Raceways

IN ELECTRICAL CONDUIT



Simple compression-type fittings make strong, water-tight joints in a jiffy . . . end laborious "steam fitting" work.



Exclusive knurled inside surface makes wire pulling as much as 30% easier.



The ELECTRUNITE Bender predetermines accurate bends—is easy to use.

SEE SWEET'S FILE

or write us for detailed information on these Republic Building Products

Pipe—Sheets—Roofing • Enduro Stainless Steel • Toncan Enameling Iron • Electrunite E.M.T. • Fretz-Moon Rigid Steel Conduit • Taylor Roofing Ternes • Berger Lockers, Bins, Shelving, Kitchen Cabinets • Truscon Steel Windows, Doors, Joists and other building products



IT PAYS TO BE MODERN WITH <u>SAFE</u>, <u>LOW</u> <u>COST</u> RACEWAYS OF REPUBLIC ELECTRUNITE E. M. T.

Republic ELECTRUNITE E.M.T.—the modern streamlined raceway for wiring—is safe. It is approved by the National Electrical Code—for exposed, concealed or concrete slab construction.

Light in weight, ELECTRUNITE E.M.T. offers adequate electrical and mechanical protection as determined by Underwriter's Laboratories. This weight reduction is made possible because it is threadless no excess steel is needed to act as a base for threading.

Two easy-to-use, compression-type fittings—coupling and box connector—create strong, water-tight joints which will not work loose even under vibration. In addition, the box connector makes it possible to combine ELECTRUNITE E.M.T. with existing threaded conduit installations and fittings.

Continuous protection against rust and corrosion is

furnished by a uniform, tightly-adherent zinc coating. Such protection—unbroken by threads and unmarred by biting pipe wrench teeth—cannot be duplicated with old-style methods.

Because it eliminates tedious thread cutting . . . is quickly and accurately bent in the shop or on the job ... makes wire pulling easier, ELECTRUNITE E.M.T. enables you to keep jobs moving.

Yes, ELECTRUNITE E.M.T. is the modern, safe, low-cost electrical raceway for practically every type of building construction. For further details see your local ELECTRUNITE Distributor, or Republic Steel and Tubes Division Representative.

REPUBLIC STEEL CORPORATION STEEL AND TUBES DIVISION • CLEVELAND 8, OHIO Export Department: Chrysler Building, New York 17, New York



BOOKS

(Continued from page 176)

In Democracy Under Pressure, his fourth book, Mr. Chase offers an analysis of pressure politics by lobbyists and discusses the increasing tendency toward monopolistic practice. However, the author is not out to make a case against all pressure groups. He advocates group representation (without prescribing a precise pattern) because the geographical basis of congressional elections does not permit the fair recognition of strong, existing economic and

political bodies. He plugs again and again the necessary interdependence of all factions, striking hard at those pressure groups which operate without regard for the common good. In order of their formation they are, Business, Labor, the Farm Bloc.

Business and industrial lobbies, which have existed ever since revolutionary times, evolved naturally enough from tariff disputes. Once a tariff had been granted, a lobby was usually maintained in Washington to see that it stayed in effect. Labor began its lobby tactics in 1890. The farmers organized following the collapse of farm prices after the



A "FUEL-SAVER" TWIN-SECTION **Requires No Field Welding**

The Type C, twin section, is a heating boiler in halves requiring no field welding, for installation where Type C one piece cannot be carried through existing passages. The only erection work is the bolting together of the two halves.

For years, International's "Fuel-Saver" Type C heating boilers have fulfilled the requirements for low cost heating in office and apartment buildings, hotels, schools, theatres, industrial plants, etc.

"Fuel-Saver" Boilers have cut heating costs in thousands of installations. They are especially suitable for post-war heating requirements providing-

QUICK STEAMING: Due to rapid and positive internal water circulation.

MAXIMUM HEAT ABSORPTION : Due to effective distribution of heated gases.

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Type KD heating boiler is shipped "knocked down" permitting the parts to be carried through a door or window. This eliminates costly cutting and patching of building walls, reduces boiler outage and speeds reconversion.

Complete range of standard sizes rated in accordance with S. H. B. I.-15 lb. A. S. M. E. Standard-for hand, stoker, oil or gas firing.



EAST STROUDSBURG, PA.

POWER BOILERS TYPES CR, FR, LFR, LFS

Every International Representative is a competent boiler man able to assist in solving heating problems.



World War I boom. Though it is a comparatively young group, the farm lobby is one of the most potent.

Mr. Chase's strongest indictment of special interest groups is their habitual reliance on a formula which tends to restrict production. Almost invariably they advocate a a high unit price rather than high production figures. The farm bloc fights for "parity" or prices pegged at high levels. Labor demands high hourly wages in preference to set annual earnings which would insure steady production throughout the year. Business interests are usually intent on realizing the highest price traffic will bear with a consequent reduction in distribution. These attitudes are naturally at odds with the basic concept of the enterprise system which envisages a constant lowering of price levels, wider distribution, more production, more employment, an ever ascending standard of living.

Finding the tracks of pressure politicians all over Capitol Hill, Mr. Chase is naturally distressed to find nobody at all exerting pressure on behalf of Mr. and Mrs. Average Voter. Since the author has lost none of his well-known knack for trapping fairly complex economic concepts in simple and impelling terms, few of his readers will fail to join him in viewing with alarm. This is, however, a good deal easier than sharing his optimistic conviction that it is not much more difficult to curb the powerful lobbyists than to understand what they are up to. For, as always, Mr. Chase returns from his pilgrimage through the economic wilderness with some shiningly specific notions of what to do next. Federal legislation to regulate lobbies is, not surprisingly, his first proposal (sixteen states already have such laws). He also wants to keep everybody minutely informed about all off-stage action on the Washington scene. Finally, he recommends that consumers organize in a sort of super-lobby which will represent the common interest. Mr. Chase has been busier trying to define this common interest than most writing men you could name, and it is likely that he overestimates the readiness of consumers to come to terms on what will do them the most good. All of us are consumers and so far we have notably failed to find any magic common denominator. But the size of the war plant that must be converted to new use should demonstrate for us all the essential unity of producer's interest and consumers' good. This is an old notion, but it has never been very popular. It is doubtful if Mr. Chase's determined pursuit of the consumer point of view will help to make it more so.

(Continued on page 184)



Suggested color plan for up-to-date office lobby decorated according to the principles of COLOR DYNAMICS.

Color Dynamics...

The scientific utilization of energy in color to promote efficiency and morale in office quarters!

D^{OES} your lobby give visitors the feeling of a flabby, disinterested handshake? Or does it reflect accurately the spirit and the character of your company?

With Pittsburgh's science of Color Dynamics you can create color combinations in good taste and of great beauty that will make your reception room an extension of the personality of your organization.

Color Dynamics is not an untried theory or experiment. It is based upon the physical and mental reactions of human beings to color.

Applications of its principles have demonstrated in scores of industries that it relieves workers' eye fatigue, reduces absenteeism, betters quality and quantity of production. Naturally, *Color Dynamics* recommen-

dations for offices are different, but the fundamental rules still apply.

Through the scientific use of energy in color you can select color arrangements that stimulate energy, improve efficiency and comfort—literally raise morale. With it you can create optical illusions . . . make ceilings appear higher or lower, rooms look longer or wider, halls seem wider and lighter.

> You'll find the whole absorbing story explained in our new book, *Color Dynamics*. Send for your free copy—today. Write Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, Paint Division, Dept. AF-3, Pittsburgh 22, Pa.



SBURGH PLATE GLASS COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Cores of Drawings

Simple Suggestions for More Attractive Wall Design Treatments with Douglas Fir Plywood No. 2 of a Series

Illustrated below is another of many wall design treatments possible with Douglas fir plywood. In this instance, a twopanel treatment is used, with panels in horizontal arrangement. Vertical joints should be used at each side of top of doors and at top and bottom of windows as shown in diggram. In cases where the width of the wall is 10 feet or less, however, panels may be run horizontally with the openings

cut out (Note B in diagram).

In all cases, follow this basic rule: start at the openings with vertical joints and divide the plain wall spaces in an orderly pattern for the most pleasing effect. If special patterns, or patterns made up of small panels are desired, the most satisfactory method is to

C

F

H

sheath with 5" of 3" Plyscord placed horizontally and apply the finish panels (Plypanel or Plywall) as desired. For technical data on these various grades, see Sweet's File for Architects.

> DOUGLAS FIR PLYWOOD ASSOCIATION Tacoma 2, Washington



CAN PLYWOOD BE SPECIFIED NOW FOR POSTWAR USES?

The increased capacity of the industry will make MORE Douglas fir plywood available for civilian consumption THAN EVER BEFORE, as soon as the needs of the armed services lessen or war restrictions are lifted. There will be no reconversion delays; the same types and grades of Douglas fir plywood that are now being made can flow immediately into peacetime building and construction. IT'S THE

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This concrete floor, insulated with PC Foamglas, is being laid to insure comfortable working temperatures. It will prevent downstairs heat from penetrating this room through the floor.



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In operation, the Comfort Package effects a constant balance between heat loss and heat supply, so that home temperature is held uniform, regardless of weather variations. Note in the diagram that the boiler is bypassed from the rest of the circulating system. Hot water from the boiler is admitted *only* when the temperature of the circulating water drops below the temperature required by weather conditions. Hence the system keeps pace with the actual need for heat and never delivers a fuel-wasting excess.

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Name..... Title ...

OUTDOORS 40°

INDOORS

BOOKS

(Continued from page 180)

COACHING ROADS OF OLD NEW ENGLAND, Their Inns and Taverns and Their Stories. By George Francis Marlowe. The Macmillan Co., New York. 200 pp. Illustrated. 51/4 in. by 81/4 in. \$3.50.

While this work is presented with less brocade and more calico than Georgetown Houses of the Federal Period it is equally saturated with local color. Selecting the five principal routes of earlier days that served as the structural framework of New England's historic development, Mr. Marlowe conducts the reader through villages and towns steeped in Americana. Since the inns and taverns played such an important role in the political and social growth of the region it is to be expected that the buildings themselves figure in the text. The author, however, does not set himself up as an architectural critic. A few of his own pencil sketches (see cuts) are used as illustrations but otherwise little effort is expended on the merits and beauties of salt boxes, gable roofs, hand hewn beams, etc.

He recalls anecdotes of Revolutionary days, of British spies, of George Washington's journeys, of old taverns and the dramas that were en-

PLASTIC-FINISHED MARLITE WALL PANELS for Faithful Reproduction of



If it is a note of friendliness; a cheerful, festive design; a pattern of grace or symmetry; or a stately, dignified atmosphere you want to capture for a room interior you're planning—then you'll want the character, warmth, color and beauty of Marlite wall paneling to bring your creative designs to purposeful life.

Marlite is manufactured in a wide variety of colors and patterns. Large, wall-size panels range from plaincolors to genuine wood-veneers, permitting full freedom of decorative originality and design ingenuity. Harmonizing moldings in plastic, wood, presdwood and metal are available. Marlite's pioneer high-heat-bake-

finish is impervious to the penetrating effects of dirt and moisture, and retains its original lustre and beauty for many years. Marlite is moderately priced and serves equally well for new construction or remodeling—for all types of rooms in all types of buildings.

These two photos typify the ultra modern and attractive interiors possible with Marlite paneling. Genuine Marlite wood-veneers provide the setting for the hat shoppe with plastic-finished Marlite (mirror black finish for walls and white Marlite for ceiling) in the bedroom.





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Mr. Staver's Inn, Portsmouth



Wayside Inn, South Sudbury

acted in them. The book is actually a small scale travelogue — a trying form of literature at best—but the usual stress on quaintness and charm has been as much underplayed as could be hoped. The reader, however, must not be deluded into thinking he is going to escape considerable reference as to where Washington did and did not sleep.

Architecturally speaking, Coaching Roads of Old New England is of negligible value. As an informal glimpse into Colonial history, it makes refreshing reading.

LIGHT, VISION AND SEEING. By Matthew Lukiesh. D. Van Nostrand Co., Inc., New York. 299 pp. Illus. 51/2 in. by 81/2 in. \$4.50.

In view of the author's position as director of General Electric's lighting research laboratory and the fact that this is his twenty-third work on lighting and related fields, the technical value and scientific importance of his latest book needs no underscoring. While the interrelationship of all factors, light, lighting and brightness, vision and seeing are simply enough treated to be understood and applied by the lawman it would be difficult to conceive of a more acurate and exhaustive presentation. The everincreasing importance of light engineering and optical conditions makes this book all but indispensible to a complete architectural library.

for the ARCHITECT Planning STORE INTERIORS

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IDEAS FOR STORE INTERIORS

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six new illustrated Ideas Portfolios, which are yours for the asking. These portfolios contain the best ideas of those gathered by Armstrong's through research conducted in collaboration with the leading trade association in each field. The portfolios form the basis for a special series of Armstrong advertisements, now appearing in national magazines, designed to stimulate retail merchants' thinking about future building and remodeling. Architects the country over have commended this Armstrong program, not only because it has directly contributed to improved plans, but also because of its high reference value.

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Looking Ahead

THERE'S no better time than now for looking ahead to what industry will offer the homebuilder of tomorrow—or for laying by a nest-egg of War Bonds to finance your home when you build it after Victory!

• Amazing developments for the future home owner will come out of America's vast war experience. Defoe's Housing Division, for example, is developing a method of producing factorybuilt homes, that have individuality of design plus the economy of volume production.

• You may plan a Defoe house of any size -kitchen complete with labor-saving equipment, living room, dining room, bath rooms, and bed rooms that contain built-in electric outlets, closets, bookcases, shelves, doors and drawers. And, if you wish, you may finish the exterior according to your own architect's or builder's plans.

• Today, of course, all of America's building facilities—including Defoe's—are concentrated on production for Victory. But when the Axis is defeated, large-scale production of these scientifically designed homes will be a major part of Defoe's postwar contribution to better American living standards and full employment.

HOUSING DIVISION - DEFOE SHIPBUILDING

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Four White Star Renewal Citations now decorate the Navy "E" Award won by Defoe workers.

SHIPS FOR VICTORY SERVANTS FOR PEACE

A HOT SUMMER IN WASHINGTON MIGHT HAVE "MOVED" THE RHINE



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In a little-known windowless building somewhere near Washington, D. C., out of which 100,000 maps a day have poured for fighting forces overseas — air conditioning prevents the fraction of a millimeter's error which atmospheric changes might cause in military maps. Such errors might "change" the course of rivers . . . spoil the accuracy of artillery fire . . . put parachutists on the wrong side of the ridge.

Humidity makes map film and printing paper stretch. Dryness shrinks them.

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machines installed in this "map factory" are part of the broad line of equipment Worthington can supply for air conditioning purposes.

Making so many of the "vitals" . . . from Diesel engines, condensers and compressors to valves and V-belts . . . Worthington is best able to engineer completely integrated systems for best results.

Write for facts on Worthington's fifty years in air conditioning, data on historic installations, and catalog material. Worthington Pump and Machinery Corporation, Harrison, N. J.



AIR CONDITIONING

AR 4-11

REFRIGERATION

PRATT & LAMBERT PAINT AND VARNISH

A glance at these remodeled interiors of the Greenbrier Apartment House, Chicago, shows what can be accomplished with careful redesigning, plus appropriate decoration. One objective successfully attained was the pleasing arrangements of the suites involved, with ample light and equitable distribution of the space available.

Pratt & Lambert Paint and Varnish have been used exclusively by Wm. Joern & Sons, not only in their entire new construction program, but also in their maintenance, rehabilitation and remodeling operations in cities from Rochester, N.Y., to Wichita, Kans. Whatever your work may be, the Pratt & Lambert Architectural Service Department offers you a valuable, timely, distinctive decorative and specification service that simplifies one of your ever-present problems.

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GREENBRIER APARTMENT HOUSE, CHICAGO, ILL. WM. JOERN & SONS, Realtors, Builders, Managers, Chicago; JIM T. POMEROY, Architect, Orland Park, III.; TRIANGLE DECORATING CO., N. RAPOPORT CO., Painting Contractors, Chicago. Photo, Hedrich-Biening Studies, Chicago.





KEPT ME WARM OVER EUROPE"

HERE'S a flier on furlough, planning for the time when his dreams for a home of his own will become a reality. How natural in his selection of heating equipment, to look to the same manufacturer who today is providing our Armed Forces with the world's finest aircraft heaters.

But there's more than a friendly feeling behind this flier's preference for Janitrol. He knows that the same engineering skill and combustion research behind the Janitrol Aircraft Heater are also applied to Janitrol home heating units. Just as the aircraft heater was designed *specifically* to burn gasolene as a fuel, all Janitrol industrial and domestic heating units are built *specifically* for the efficient combustion of gas. So it's a sure bet that Janitrol Gas-Fired Winter Air Conditioner the flier is planning on will be his best buy in performance and long lasting economy of operation.

Well, he's right. There's no other type of gas heating equipment which combines all the outstanding features Surface Combustion has engineered into Janitrol. Amplifire burners which concentrate the flame into a smaller, hotter space. Multi-thermex tubes which quickly transfer heat to the air stream. New automatic controls to maintain accurate temperatures for greatest possible economy. Complete factory assembly on popular size models to save installation time and costs. And extreme compactness to save space in the modern home. These are only a few of the many Janitrol advantages which will give America's home owners new heating comfort and long-lasting liveability just as soon as critical materials are again available.

To help your clients with their postwar homebuilding plans, write Surface Combustion, Toledo 1, Ohio, for further descriptions and information.



PREFABRICATION

Texas college students design a practical, compact house costing under \$2,000 and meeting minimum family needs.



important reductions in space requirements by showing that the same area could support a number of non-conflicting activities. The chart was created from a survey of the habits and customs of the people who will occupy the low cost Texas house. Students investigated housing conditions and housewives cooperated by keeping time charts of their activities. From these data the activity chart was formulated. The compactness of the plan (above) adds to the working efficiency without sacrificing any living comforts.

Designed for quick assembly and to cut labor costs this ingenious space saving house is natural for prefabrication methods. Planned by students of the Texas A & M College working with students at the Texas State College for Women, who served as guinea pig "clients," it is a real contribution to the fund of low cost housing plans. Smaller and more compact than most low cost houses it employs a number of space saving innovations that are based on a fact finding survey. Every detail in the house was carefully investigated and discussed before it was finally accepted.

The "average" Texas family, they found, was a man and wife having two children and earning an income of \$1,000 to \$1,500 a year. The Texas House they were to live in was to be located in an "average" town of 4,800 inhabitants, provided with the public utilities of water, electricity, sewers and gas and supporting a local millwork shop capable of supplying the necessary milled lumber. The design of the Texas House was a community affair; cooperative housewives kept time-charts of their various household activities forming the working data for the conclusions that were reached in plan. With this time-activity data the students were able to establish, 1) a basis for planning the correct relation of one area to another, 2) a basis for determining the correct size of activity areas, 3) the time and percentage of use of all areas for which proper orientation can be determined, 4) new minimums which eliminate waste space and provide a basis for combining ac-

(Continued on page 194)



SOCIAL STUDY, FIELD SURVEYS AND MODEL MAKING ARE COMBINED TO HELP SOLVE LOW COST HOUSE PROBLEM



Re-wiring of existing structures



CONDUITS-RACEWAYS WIRE AND CABLES FOR EVERY PURPOSE and wiring of new buildings in the post-war era will call for electrical materials that will carry a burden of demand far beyond today's expectations. Such insurance in building wiring and raceways, such extra inherent quality are certain when the National Electric System of wires, cables and raceways is employed. Specify National Electric products for all electrical wiring requirements in domestic and commercial buildings. Our 350 page handbook of electrical products and engineering data is available on request.

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National Electric PRODUCTS CORPORATION Pittsburgh, Pa.

THREE TYPES

New, fast method of



TYPE A. Two channels with top and bottom plate which, with service cover, form a twocell box beam shape when interlocked with adjacent section. 16" width, 3" to 9" depth elements of sections in combinations of 18 to 10 gage, spot-weld assembled.



TYPE B. One flat surface and two channel-type ribs. Flat side up or down, inside or outside. 16" width, depth 3" to 9" elements of sections in combinations of 18 to 10 gage. As with Type A, permits easy application of wood, concrete or other materials for floors, walls or roofs.



TYPE C. Panels set horizontally or vertically for walls. Normally filled with insulation at the factory. Corrosion-resistant metal can be used for outside sheet. Walls can be covered, inside or outside. 2" and 3" depth, 16" width. Gages vary according to application requirements. Readily framed for windows.

Fenestra

BUILDING PANELS FOR

The illustration above shows a way to build floors with new speed and economy. It employs the "Type A" Fenestra Building Panel as the main structural element, with the upper surface covered with a cemented-down, wood-finished floor ... the under surface left exposed as a painted paneled ceiling.

Constructio

Fenestra Panels permit great savings in field labor. Panels are interlocked. Type A panels have an open channel in which service facilities can be laid speedily. Then the service cover is interlocked into place.

The three types of Fenestra Building Panels shown at the left provide—with their many possible variations of length and gage—great flexibility of building design. Further information will be found in Sweet's Architectural File for 1945. In the meantime, mail the coupon for our descriptive folder.

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Please send me, without obligation, information on Fenestra Building Panels

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MOLTEN ZINC-applied by the Hot-Dip Galvanizing Processprovides the greatest possible protective coating against rust. A positive bond between coating and base metal is the result of the high temperatures employed in the Hot-Dip Method. The definite fusion of the two metals means longer life and service. Thousands of installations-their life increased twenty to forty years-are testimony to savings of millions of dollars in costly maintenance and replacement.

No guesswork in the Hot-Dip Process! Years of experience in laboratory and field have proved the rust prevention value of Hot-Dip Galvanizing. It is most economical and dependable.

If your products or installations are exposed to conditions that cause corrosion-let us tell you how Hot-Dip Galvanizing will extend their life and save you money. Write today. American Hot-Dip Galvanizers Association, Inc., First National Bank Building, Pittsburgh 22, Penna.

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WISCONSIN ACME GALVANIZING, INC., MILWAUKEE

PREFABRICATION



(Continued from page 190)

Exterior view shows panel spacing of studs for prefabrication and ease of erection. Sliding sash were made locally. Detail view of eave overhang shows slot for roof space ventilation. Generous overhang protects wall from summer sun.



Interior plywood panels are finished in soft tones to reveal grain, then waxed. Large space serves as living-dining-sleeping combination without crowding. Kitchen is ample for housekeeping tasks of low income family.



tivity areas for more flexible use of the house.

After correlating all field data the pattern of family activity took the following definite form:

Working Time	34 per cent
Sleeping Time	31 per cent
Playing Time	24 per cent
Eating Time	11 per cent

The time-pattern was then translated into an area-pattern as follows:

Working Areas	31 per cent
Sleeping Areas	23 per cent
Playing Areas	36 per cent
Eating Areas	10 per cent

These figures were transposed to the drafting board and model and determined the size, shape, and disposition of the rooms.

The Texas House is smaller in total square foot floor area than the conventional box-like low cost house. The saving of space is accomplished by the intelligent use of minimum areas and the proper combination of non-conflicting activities into one area. The plan also provides for expansion by extending the living room wall the width of one plywood panel. By intoducing an interior partition and a door an extra room can be provided. At the utility porch a carport can be added by extending the roof over the area.

The large area devoted to kitchen and utility porch in comparison to the total area of the house was deliberately planned because it was established that the major portion of the housework in this particular income group was devoted to the preparation of food and laundry work.

The separate bedroom, contrary to most planning and usage, is provided for the children and not the parents. The parents use the sleeping space combined with living and eating activities. The common sense of this is apparent when you consider the early-tobed routine of the children and the evening work or recreational time spent in the living space by the parents. In this scheme the activities of the parents are in no way restrained by the sleeping time of the children. The children's bedroom becomes on occasion a "closed door" sanctuary for reading, writing or any activity that needs quiet and solitude.

The most important change made in the established use of combined living areas was to separate the kitchen from the cooking-eating-living area and to create in its place an eating-livingsleeping combination. The living area combined with a sleeping area was found to be more desirable and flexible

(Continued on page 200)

WHAT IS THIS ? It is an artist's conception of what skyscrapers of

tomorrow will look like, when full utilization is made of the possibilities presented by air conditioning. With no need to open windows to secure fresh air, huge panels of glass can run from bottom to top throughout the entire building flooding it with sunlight. Moreover, in skyscrapers of the future, light alloys will play an important part. Girders, pillars, window casings and trim will be made of light alloys produced by Bohn. For both strength and beauty can be achieved through the use of these alloys. Bohn is an important name to remember as an outstanding source for light alloys.

BOHN ALUMINUM & BRASS CORPORATION GENERAL OFFICES-LAFAYETTE BUILDING . DETROIT 26, MICHIGAN

GENERAL OFFICES—LAFATETTE BUILDING • DETROIT 26, MICHIGAN Designers and Fabricators ALUMINUM • MAGNESIUM • BRASS • AIRCRAFT-TYPE BEARINGS

Things you can count on...

Sure as sunrise ... your guarantee of quality when you specify Flintkote.

You can count on it. Your clients get the best when your designs incorporate Flintkote Building Materials.

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BASIC ENGLISH...AGE OF FLYING AND TOMORROW'S LUXURIES



1 Bridging The Gap between the scientist's language and layman's is part of our editorial mission. Therefore, Willis N. Carrier, (center) Board Chairman, Carrier Corp., and L. N. Hunter, Research Head, National Radiator Co. test House Beautiful's Editor Ralph Bailey's vocabulary, so he can gratify, in simple basic English the public's curiosity about what makes air-conditioning tick.



2 Flying High yourself is the only way to determine how the predicted age of Private Planes will affect people's homes and community living. So Editor-in-Chief Elizabeth Gordon took a flying course. And for her down-to-earth conclusions on the subject, read "Will You Fly Your Own Plane After The War?" in the March House Beautiful.



3 Complete Coverage of the Post-War picture takes in plans for Post-War fabrics and fabric finishes. And here's Marion Gough, Chairman of House Beautiful's Post-War Textile Committee, previewing the subject with Albert C. Woodruff, Vice-President, Banco, Inc. Read her article "You Are Going To Need A New Definition Of The Word 'IMPRACTICAL'" in the March House Beautiful.



Trend-Spotter House Beautiful foresees a wider market for luxury goods because of increased war incomes. Finding out what Retail Stores intend doing about the matter, takes House Beautiful Editor Sara Little to John Brennan, Ad Manager of Georg Jensen, Inc. Here they discuss that store's Post-War plans for serving the larger market for luxury items.

HOUSE BEAUTIFUL is the magazine that interprets your market for you! It's FIRST in the home field... the must magazine for those who make it their business to know their business.



PREFABRICATION

(Continued from page 194)

than the living space combined with cooking and laundry activities. During the day the bed is used as a couch and is a decorative part of the recreation and living area.

The Texas House was carefully designed with due appreciation for the Texas sun and prevailing winds. The generous roof overhang shades the exterior wall from the eight months of strong sunlight and the house is so oriented that a maximum of sunlight in



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The Architect who strives for distinctive appearance in either traditional or modern design, and who must work within conservative budgets, is particularly appreciative of the possibilities inherent in Follansbee Seamless Terne Roll Roofing.

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the four winter months penetrates the rooms warming them with solar heat. A band of insect screen on the soffit of the eaves overhang provides ventilation for the enclosed roof space. Beds are placed directly in the path of the prevailing breeze and no partitions interfere with its progress through the house. As a Texan will tell you, a breeze is no good unless it is blowing directly on you. Movement of air for physical comfort in this climate is extremely important.

An interesting construction detail is the molded sill which receives the studs and forms a mechanical watertight joint at the point where the plywood panel joins the sill. The molded sill also serves as the interior base molding. The one-half inch resin-bonded plywood panels are glued to the studs with water resistant glue and are held in place by finishing nails until the glue sets up. The bottom edges of the panels are sealed with a waterproof compound.

The interior walls and ceilings are covered with 1/4 in. plywood nailed to the joists and studs. The interior plywood is finished with a color coat wiped with cheesecloth to reveal the grain and which also serves as a filler. Wax is used as a finishing coat and besides giving a soft tone can be revived at no great cost. The floors are concrete with a finish of heavy traffic wax built up in three applications and polished between each application.

Every detail in the Texas House was motivated by some reasoning, even to the selection of the gray-green paint on the exterior walls and the bright yellow on the soffit of the eaves overhang. In selecting gray-green a valid criticism is levelled at the standard white paint color scheme of the average low cost development. The white color scheme in making the house stand out vividly from its background emphasizes the smallness of the lot on which the house

(Continued on page 206)

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#	455/8"x 145/8"		
1	475/8"x155/8"		
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AIA FILE NO. 16E

PREFABRICATION

(Continued from page 200)

stands and also the monotonous regularity of an all-over white dot pattern. The Texas House blends with a soft harmony to its background and the yellow on the soffit of the eaves overhang gives a pleasant color-glow to the light it reflects into the rooms.

The plumbing system - gas, water and waste disposal piping-is designed for prefabrication as all of the piping is conveniently concentrated in one wall. A danger to prefabrication is the plac-

ing of low cost houses on small lots.



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Anaconda Through-Wall Flashing installed in Brighton School, Rochester, N. Y. Contractor Wil liam H. Long; Architect Charles Carpenter, Rochester, N. Y.

Through-Wall Flashing

Anaconda

Standard inside corner flashing unit. Dam on inside, drains out.

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FLASHING

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Dam side

FLASHING

Standard outside corner flashing unit. Dam on outside, drains in.

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 To determine the trends in the selection of flush valves for various types of postwar buildings, the manufacturers of Watrous Flush Valves recently completed an extensive poll among architects. The results of this poll covering schools, hospitals, industrial plants, airports, railway and bus depots, have already been published in the form of advertisements.

These application Data Sheets have now been reprinted in Bulletin No. 477, "Architects' Views on Flush Valve Applications". This bulletin includes a general summary which shows, among other interesting details, that a growing preference is indicated for foot-operated flush valves. It also shows that silent-action flush valves are now preferred for many applications.

We believe this bulletin will be particularly helpful in connection with your postwar projects. Write for Bulletin No. 477.

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Carey BUILT-UP ROOFS have piled up an impressive 50-year record in winning the never-ending war against weather and costs. Many applied more than 30 years ago are still going strong with a minimum of maintenance. This record is evidence of the low-cost, long-life performance delivered by Carey roofs-asphalt, asbestos, or coal tar pitch type-on all kinds of deck construction.

Your Carey Service Representative will be glad to consult with you on any roofing problem you may have. For ready reference use the Carey Built-Up Roofing Specification Catalog.



Rock Wool Insulation Asbestos Shingles and Siding Waterproofing Materials .



LOW COST PROTECTION for your clients is assured by the long life and minimum maintenance service of Carey Roofs



NATIONWIDE ORGANIZATION of Carey-Approved Roofing Contractors and Carey Service Representatives assures dependable application service regardless of job location.

CANADA: THE PHILIP CAREY CO., LTD. ICE AND FACTORY: LENNOXVILLE, P. Q.

Careyduct Built-up Roofing

Industrial Insulations Roof Coatings and Cements

. Asphalt Shingles and Roofings Asphalt Tile Flooring . **Pipeline Felt** Expansion Joint . Asbestos Wallboard and Sheathing . Corrugated Asbestos Roofing and Siding . Miami-Carey Bathroom Cabinets and Accessories

"It's the JANITOR ... he can't keep his eyes off the handsome new Venetian blinds"

olumbia WING JW SHADES

FIFTH

AND

2 2 5

VENETIAN

Actually, no janitor would be so daffy. From our experience, they're all practical men who recognize value when they see it. Who know that the name "Columbia" means value in smooth performance, quality and easy upkeep.

Right now, supplies are limited, so your pres-

MILLS

See Sweet's Architectural Catalogue for more

INC.

ent shades or Venetian blinds may have to do for a while. But if they are Columbia-made, you know you can depend on them for the duration. After that, there will again be that wide selection of good styles and sturdy quality which has made our name famous.

BLINDS

NEW

YORK

information on Columbia products.

AVENUE,

THE

COLUMBIA

10, N. Y.

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Tells how best to provide for using visual aids in school, church, hospital, and other buildings

7ISUAL aids are now important teaching tools in almost every educational program . . . are destined to be as commonly used as textbooks. Your clients will recognize the wisdom of providing for the most effective, convenient use of visual aids in your plans for building or remodeling.

Let this new, free handbook help you. It covers the requirements of both classroom and

auditorium . . . gives experienced counsel on seating arrangements; locations for projector, screen, loudspeaker, cables, and wall sockets; electrical specifications; illumination and acoustics; projection booths; service and storage rooms; other important considerations.

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MERCANTILE INSTITUTION Salt Lake City, Utah. Manufacturers of ELECTRIC RANGES • ELECTRIC WATER HEATERS • GAS RANGES • DIL STOVES • PORTABLE OVENS • DIL HEATERS • WICKS



VISIBLE electrical conveniences are often the factors that hasten clients' approval of new homes. And, to housewives, the kitchen range is often *the* major accessory!

In postwar L&H Ranges, you will find more *ultra* values and cooking conveniences than you expect. Electric ranges will have new automatic temperature and time controls to enable housewives to cook safely and conveniently while out of the kitchen or home. Gas ranges will be "tailor made" for the gas to be used.

Colorful, streamlined beauty will distinguish all L&H Ranges. Innumerable new features to assure maximum cooking efficiency and savings in time and labor will be available.

For 70 years, Lindemann & Hoverson have manufactured kitchen ranges of unsurpassed quality. The postwar L&H models will be even more attractive and easy to use.

To be sure of ranges that best fit your plans — and assure client satisfaction — keep L&H in mind! Send us your name now — so that complete presentations of the advanced L&H ranges can be mailed to you when war needs have been met and civilian production resumed.



AN AUTOMATIC END TO FIRE

Think how long people have been tied to a fire pit. Centuries!

VORSHIP

Only within recent years has a homeowner been able to touch a gadget on the wall, go away—for a month if he wants to—and know that come storm or blizzard, an automatic gas heating unit will hold the temperature in his home exactly where he wants it.

Bryant pioneered the compact, fully automatic gas boiler . . . since has followed with perfection of winter air conditioners, gravity furnaces and conversion burners. Bryant steadily brought the price down, with the conviction that even the smallest of homes is entitled to the convenience, comfort and cleanliness of modern, automatic heating . . . gas heating with fluid fuel, always on tap, never needing to be stored, shoveled or cleaned out afterwards.

"Let The Pup Be Furnace Man"—a suggestion to every homeowner in favor of more leisure from Bryant, one of the Dresser Industries.

THE PLUS OF DRESSER

Back of every Bryant product stands DRESSER INDUSTRIES—a central source of strength backing the independent managements within the Dresser Group. Dresser Industries furnishes them a Plus—a double backing that is a solid foundation for progress; a double O.K. upon their products that is extra assurance of satisfaction to their customers.

ROOTS-CONNERSVILLE Blower Corp., Connersville, Ind.

STACEY BROS. Gas Construction Co., Cincinnati, Ohio

BOVAIRD & SEYFANG Mfg. Company, Bradford, Pa.

DRESSER Mfg. Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont., Canada

VAN DER HORST Corp. of America, Olean, N. Y. and Cleveland, Ohio

DRESSER Mfg. Division, Bradford, Pa.

THE BRYANT Heater Company, Cleveland, Ohio

CLARK Bros. Co., Inc., Olean, N. Y.

PACIFIC Pumps, Inc., Huntington Park, Calif.

INTERNATIONAL DERRICK & Equipment Co., Columbus and Marietta, Ohio; Beaumont, Texas; Torrance, Calif.

ONE OF THE DRESSER INDUS



Storefront Designers counsel...

PPPUD GS

BARD VA

EAKIERY.

Storefronts conceived as a community project raise the tone of the entire group. More buyers are attracted to the neighborhood, and everybody profits.

BISTAURAN'S

Alcoa Aluminum serves a double purpose in this work. It helps give the desired impression that here's a wide-awake community. Aluminum gives a feeling of richness coupled with stability. At the same time, each store is able to achieve an individuality in keeping with its wares. Aluminum is a very versatile material.

Experience with aluminum storefronts, windows, doors and decorative work has proved that it pays to modernize with Alcoa Aluminum. ALUMINUM COMPANY OF AMERICA, 2166 Gulf Building, Pittsburgh 19, Pennsylvania.

Alumilite-finished* Aluminum Storefront, Architects: Block & Hesse, New York (*process patented)



BUILDING REPORTER





WALL NICHES for housing fire extinguishers provide convenient access to the firefighting equipment in case of emergency. Built into the house, they conceal unsightly extinguisher behind a flush door.

Electro Metallurgical Co.



STAINLESS STEEL used as a fireplace lining increases heat output, is easy to clean.



AUTOMATIC CLOSURE of windows or doors is possible with Lear Actuator.

FIREPLACE LINING of 22 gauge, satin finished stainless steel, greatly increases heating efficiency and adds much to the decorative effect of this ordinary fireplace. Increased heat is obtained because of the steel's highly reflective surface which is also easy to clean, and has lasting brightness. The installation shown was "tailor-made" by an ingenious owner. Steel was cut, bent to shape, and sprung into position without the use of any fastenings. In addition to the lining, stainless steel curved plates are used for decoration.

THE LEAR ACTUATOR which has been used on aircraft to control landing gear, wing flaps, etc., will be available after the war for such tasks as opening and closing windows or doors. It could be used to operate simultaneously a number of windows in a house or a bank of windows in a factory. It is also suitable for regulating the flow of air or heat in connection with modified air conditioning. The actuator is a simple device with a tiny motor for its power unit. The motor is connected to the spot where its power is needed by a direct telescopic arm which expands or contracts as desired, or by an arm which moves arcwise where needed. The illusFIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINETS or niches planned into original or remodeled home construction, offer quick, easy-to-reach fire protection in case of emergency. Research has shown that approximately 60 per cent of all fires, and 50 per cent of all deaths due to fire occur in dwellings. Steps to increase home fire protection could be aided to a great extent by architectural provision of extinguisher cabinets for housing fire-fighting devices. Designed into the building, they would also provide concealment for the unattractive extinguisher. As a guiding principle, the Safety Research Institute, Inc. recommends that extinguishers be located where they are accessible from at least two directions, but not adjacent to hazards such as stoves or heaters. Usually one extinguisher per floor in a compactly built house of less than six rooms per floor will constitute adequate protection. The architect can be guided in this matter by recommendations of the National Fire Protection Assn. Cabinets containing the devices should be large enough to eliminate difficulty in removing the extinguisher, and should be placed high enough to be out of reach of young children. The five generally approved locations for extinguishers in homes are 1) at the top of the basement stairs, 2) in the kitchen, near a door leading outside or to another room, and at a distance from the range, 3) in upstairs hallways, near the landing, 4) in a hall or doorway between wings or different sections of the home, and 5) in the garage, near a door.

tration shows the actuator crudely installed on the sill of a casement window during a test, but for postwar use the power unit could be concealed beneath the window sill, probably behind the radiator covering. Outside the window is a moisture switch. As rain strikes the switch the actuator is started and promptly shuts the window. A pushbutton switch on a table furnishes independent control when desired.

NEW PRODUCTS

WALL COVERING is durable, inexpensive. Name: Quaker Wall Covering.

Features: Quaker Wall Covering is a flexible, inexpensive wall covering fabricated on a lightweight, fresh-fiber felt backing, and having the same lasting, easy to clean enamel finish as Quaker floor covering. Available in two designs (Continued on page 220) Some things you can see with the naked eye. You can see the sparkling beauty of Kentile floors. Kentile is laid tile by tile and you normally combine 15 tile sizes, each one available in 44 colors. Even within the limited range of wartime colors and sizes the possibilities are marvelous. You can also see that the colors go through to the back—can't rub off. You can see that alterations are always possible tile by tile without disturbing the rest of the floor. And you can see how Kentile wears by observing the floors in Rockefeller Center, the Pentagon Building or Woolworth, A & P and Walgreen stores. Their maintenance men will tell you, too, how quickly anyone can clean Kentile floors by simple mopping. But we say "Please ask about the unseen factors." We can list below only a few "test tube" standards for floors. To be really informed, write for the Kentile catalogue. It's sent without obligating you any way, shows the Kentile color range and some pattern possibilities, and tells you the standards that determine maximum durability, usability, beauty and economy. Write David E. Kennedy, Inc., 80 Second Ave., Brooklyn 15, N. Y.

Tease judge floors by "TEST TUBE" standards

Kentile is so alkali and moisture resistant it can be laid right on concrete in direct contact with earth and below grade.

Kentile eliminates grease problems because in areas where oils or fats fall you can use matching GREASEPROOF Kentile.

Kentile bears 1000 lb. rolling loads without denting or cracking.

Kentile edges are micromatic square so that the tiles are seal-set together—an absolutely firm, bonded floor covering.

Kentile colors are structurally component parts of the tiles through and through to the back—can't "wear off."

And . . . Kentile invites "price testing" too. You won't find any durable floor that costs less.



BUILDING REPORTER

(Continued from page 218)

and six colors, it is applicable for bathrooms, kitchens, laundries, and for commercial establishments such as restaurants, food shops, and other places requiring low cost walls that are safe from dirt, grease, smoke and water.

Manufacturer: Armstrong Cork Co., Lancaster, Pa.



STEEL BUILDING PANELS for postwar building.

Name: Fenestra Building Panels. *Features:* This new line of building panels may be used to sheath the floors, walls, partitions and roofs of virtually all types of buildings. The design is based on smooth, flat panels of sheet metal complete with channel-type ribs. assembled at the factory, thus providing both framing and covering material in a single unit. Used for floors, the panels will replace joists, rough flooring and also plaster or plaster board ceilings, since the smooth surface of the units is suitable as a finished ceiling. Some types are filled with insulating materials at the factory, and will provide soundproofed walls, floors and roofs as well as effectively reducing heat loss. These insulated partition panels can be loadbearing in some types of structures. Installation is guick and easy and reduces labor costs. A variety of types and a considerable range of sizes permit great flexibility of design. Other advantages offered by these panels are lightweight permanent construction, rigidity, reduction of settlement problems with resulting plaster cracks, and a durability that reduces building maintenance costs for the life of the building.

Manufacturer: Detroit Steel Products Co., Bldg. Panels Div., 2250 East Grand Blvd., Detroit 11, Mich.

MORTAR CEMENT has characteristics desired by bricklayers, masons and masonry contractors. Features: This new mortar cement has been developed to incorporate improved characteristics of plasticity, yield, water retention, durability and strength. It is described as a smooth buttery product, which spreads and trowels easily. In addition this mortar cement has low volume change, color properties acceptable to the trade, durability in accord with a quality cement and strength that meets all requirements. It complies with specifications of the Federal Government and the American Society for Testing Materials.

Manufacturer: Universal Atlas Cement Co., 135 E. 42nd St., New York, N. Y.

ADHESIVE cuts bonding and assembly time.

Name: Amberlite PR-245.

Features: This adhesive promises to lower plywood production cost by cutting bonding and assembly time in hardwood plywood. It assures durable bonds, moderate flow during cure, fast cure at usual bonding temperatures and ability to cure at temperatures as low as 160° F. The fast curing property substantially increases output of a hot press thus lowering the glue line cost. A thermosetting phenol formaldehyde, Amberlite PR-245 comes in dry powder

(Continued on page 226)





National Die Casting Co., Chicago, Ill., Architect-Bernard R. Klekamp, Chicago, Ill., Associate Architects --Holzmann & Holzmann.



Panels of Insulux bring daylight in-keep prying eyes out. They help solve problems of temperature, humidity and dust control.



Insulux Glass Block is a functional building material — not merely a decoration. It is designed to do certain things that other building materials cannot do. Investigate!

OWENS - ILLINOIS

Insulux is a beautiful building material

... Practical too!

NATIONAL DIE CASTAN

Many of the buildings of tomorrow are sure to display lustrous, light-flooded panels of Insulux Glass Block.

The reason? Insulux is a functional building materialnot merely a decoration.

Panels of Insulux diffuse light far better than ordinary windows, and provide privacy along with light.

They reduce heat loss and condensation. They prevent the infiltration of dust and dirt. They reduce the cost of air conditioning.

Furthermore—panels of Insulux keep upkeep charges down. They are fireproof—non-combustible. They do not rot, rust or corrode. They are easy to clean—and to keep clean. And—they never need painting.

> For technical data, specifications and installation details, see our section in Sweet's Architectural Catalog, or write: Insulux Products Division, Dept. B-18, Owens-Illinois Glass Company, Toledo 1, Ohio.

So Smith joined the parade



 Smith hired many well-trained workers, But they never seemed to stay.
No one could have called them shirkers — Jobs were fine, so was the pay.



 Did Smith take a long shellacking 'Ere he copied Brothers J? No, he added what was lacking And his air's *correct* today.



 While at Johnson Brothers' factory Jobs were hard to get — and prized.
Workers found things satisfactory; Johnsons' had been modernized.

It pays to be sure that your clients have correct air conditioning . . . that temperature, humidity, circulation and ventilation are scientifically blended for the comfort of customers and for personnel efficiency . . . that air cleanliness is complete for protection of merchandise and furnishings.

Be sure your clients get it. Call for Westinghouse application assistance early in the planning of new or modernized commercial or industrial buildings.... Phone your nearest Westinghouse office or write Westinghouse, 150 Pacific Avenue, Jersey City 4, N.J.

THE SERVICE-PROVED HERMETICALLY-SEALED COMPRESSOR

These Westinghouse economy-satisfaction advantages have been proved by years of service in thousands of installations:—

No Shaft Seals. During wartime refrigerant shortages, few Westinghouse systems were ever "down." Why? Because seal leaks, cause of 90% of all system failures, are eliminated.

Few Parts to Wear . . . Direct-Drive Efficiency . . . Space-Saving Refrigerant-Cooled Motor.



Westinghouse CORRECT Air Conditioning





This efficient and livable roof plan by Charles H. Warner, Jr., in charge of instruction in architectural design at Columbia

School of Architecture, provides the same sort of flexibility and fluidity that is being favored for modern interiors.

Instead of a fixed surfacing, Mr. Warner has suggested flexible mats which can be laid over the roof, and moved around or rolled up and stored away when not in use. Similarly constructed screens are also movable and can be set to give wind protection or privacy. These and other roof accessories—decorative tubs for shrubs, wading pool, sand box, etc.—are all specially mounted so that they can be used without damaging the roof. A novel solarium with revolving sides and top serves as storage space in winter weather.

Through these devices the owner is able to expand or contract the living area at will.

* * *

Barrett Specification Roofs vastly extend the opportunities for architects and builders to make greater use of roofs after the war. Already Barrett Roofs are serving in many unusual ways—for gardens high above the street at Rockefeller Center, for outdoor recreation spaces and for parking accommodations. This trend toward greater utilization of wasted roof areas seems bound to grow. If you are interested in any project involving new uses for roofs, why not discuss your problems with us.

THE BARRETT DIVISION

ALLIED CHEMICAL & DYE CORPORATION 40 RECTOR STREET, NEW YORK 6, N. Y.

2800 So. Sacramento Avenue	Birmingham
Chicago 23, Ill.	Alabama
In Canada: The Barrett	Company, Ltd.,
5551 St Hubert Street.	Montreal, Que.

The small-plot house shown here is eleventh in the Barrett series of designs by outstanding architects devoted to functional planning in roof architecture. The complete series to date is bound in an A.I.A. file, and will be sent you free on request.

*Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Post pages.

NING POST

A ROOF TO LAST AS LONG AS THE HOUSE

1. Supremute her hand in a flar very samp 1800's is the birthment of the future horner, a pressing suptions search concern search search a principle of the internet assumetime region.

Ex appropriate changed to the Ethilan data, was a point of some-took pair price, respectively not too a reflector. On the stands, a hundrafe from a toolar. Camtion way that hum an of run. A with memorrhal to the lin per the angles antis. I had percent its par-

man who through to have donce momentum. Momore more more, "have a reserved." Her mited are already atomic with throughts of a new stal larger engines for transportation and 2

. plant the seed... that grows into homes like these

People purchase products that are pictured in the

BUILDING REPORTER

(Continued from page 220)

form, readily soluble in water, alcohol or mixtures of the two. For bonding either plywood or laminated constructions, the resin is used with catalyst Q-108 to accelerate the rate of cure. Permissible limits in assembly time for various applications range from a minimum closed assembly period of 30 minutes to a maximum open interval of several days, thus permitting flexible spreading and pressing schedules. The adhesive may be used with veneer moisture contents ranging from 4 to 10 per cent with uniform success. It is also adapted to the laminating of timbers where higher bonding temperatures are unobtainable and where durability is important.

Manufacturer: Resinous Products & Chemical Co., 222 N. Washington Sq., Philadelphia, Pa.

BLOWERS for furnaces and air conditioning units reduced in size.

Name: Series "V" Viking Blowers.

Features: The desirable characteristic of compactness has been incorporated with other features in this new series of blowers for furnaces and air condition-



FREE STYLING

Today's very definite trend toward "free styling" of store layout is uniquely met with Grand Rapids' flexible line of equipment which adapts itself to any plan. Incidentally, its slenderized lines and lack of ornamentation permit it to fit unobtrusively into any architectural design created to provide individual expression for the client.

GRAND RAPIDS STORE EQUIPMENT CO.

Main Offices and Factories: Grand Rapids, Michigan; Portland, Oregon; and Los Angeles, California Offices and Showrooms: New York, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Memphis

REPRESENTATIVES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES ... CONSULT PHONE BOOK



ing units. The over-all size of these new blowers has been reduced from 10 to 15 per cent without impairing their operating efficiency. Designed to operate against high static pressures encountered in air conditioning units, the blowers perform with greater quietness, lower power consumption, and slower speed than former models. These advantages plus the small size of the blower casing make it suitable for new air conditioning unit design. Photograph shows the comparative housing sizes of old and new models.

Manufacturer: Viking Air Conditioning Corp., 5600 Walworth Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.



GROUND RESISTANCE TESTING without cranking.

Name: Model 255 Vibroground.

Features: Model 255 Vibroground provides a greater range of low and high ground electrical resistance testing. It gives accurate, speedy readings for all ground conditions but is particularly adapted to arid or wet regions or where extremes of dryness or moisture are found. Model 255 has four ranges 0-3, 0-30, 0-300, 0-3000 ohms, and comes complete with self-contained power supply which eliminates hand cranking. With its direct readings no calculations are necessary. Reverse readings are unnecessary and polarization errors cannot occur. The design also excludes

(Continued on page 232)

NOTHING TO SLEEP ON

... IS SO RESTFUL AS FOAMEX

he above cross section shows how Foamex, Firestone's latex foam, modernizes mattresses (and furniture upholstering). One sag-proof, molded material provides both springyness and softness.

Foamex not only makes mattress construction wonderfully simple. It *feels* simply wonderful. It floats you to super-relaxation on millions of super-buoyant air-and-latex cells.

All those cells breathe. That's why Foamex mattresses and furniture cushioning are better ventilated, dust-proof, damp-proof, odor-proof.

And all those "floating comfort" cells are welded permanently together. No loose padding to lump, no inside parts to sag. No wonder *Foamex* lasts practically forever.

The cushioning-power of *Foamex* is so high, all we can make goes to shield fighting men against concussion.

But remember: After the war, Foamex will help in your fight for better living. *TRADEMARK

ANOTHER CONTRIBUTION TO A BETTER WAY OF LIFE by



FOR TOMORROW'S RESTAURANT

ILECT R



GENERAL ELECTRIC brings you another in its series of lighting perspectives for tomorrow . . . presents some inviting suggestions for lighting a restaurant by designer Donald Deskey, New York.

Says Mr. Deskey:

"A restaurant may provide the best of food and service but unless it also provides a pleasing atmosphere, it falls short of the mark. In producing such an atmosphere an essential ingredient is light . . . conceived in terms of function and dramatic quality.

"So the items in our lighting menu for a postwar restaurant include these:

- 1. a street facade which emphasizes a flooded surface of light, with a sign of small letters.
- 2. general illumination of relatively low intensity . . . reflected rather than direct.

BUY MORE

WAR BONDS

AND HOLD THEM

G-E MAZDA

LAMPS

GENERAL

ELECTRIC

G-EMP

GENER

ELECTRIC

GENE

- 3. 'local light' for diners, with the intensity varied for table groupings and hand-controlled at individual tables.
- 4. no unshielded light sources; and opaque instead of translucent shields should be used where low ceilings or restricted space prevail.
- 5. color is as important as the color of surface materials. Seasonal changes make desirable a range of atmosphere . . . but always with the lighting flattering to the individual."

A new booklet "Lighting Menu for Tomorrow's Restaurant" provides additional details of Mr. Deskey's ideas for postwar restaurants ... ideas which can be applied to small space or large. Write General Electric, Dept. 166-AF3, Nela Park, Cleveland 12, Obio.

THE CONSTANT AIM OF G-E LAMP RESEARCH IS TO MAKE G-E LAMPS Stay Brighter Longer

GE MAZDA LAMPS

Hear the G-E radio programs : "The G-E All-Girl Orchestra", Sunday 10:00 p. m. EWT, NBC; "The World Today news, Monday through Friday 6:45 p. m. EWT, CBS; "The G-E Houseparty," Monday through Friday 4:00 p. m. EWT, CBS.

lighting mean

ECTRIC



HANGING FLOWER BASKET

This might utilize several of the new circular fluorescents (circline lamps) to provide soft light overhead and back light for the flowers. Concealed in the center is a filament lamp to give soft diffused downlight when desired.

TABLE CENTER UNIT

Dramatizes flower arrangements and provides an attractive lighted accent on the table. A translucent diffusing shield softens the light from this built-in unit.

Planned in advance means built in for good



Built-in telephone facilities in tomorrow's homes should be planned right from the start. After construction it may be impossible to install conduit in the walls-to carry concealed wires to convenient outlets.

Today, due to wartime conditions, many people must wait for telephone service. But the day will come when telephones will again be available for all. Prepare for it now:

Help clients select convenient locations for telephone outlets and mark them on your drawings. Your telephone company will be glad to assist you.

Specify conduit to be built in during construction.

BELL TELEPHONE SYSTEM



A CASTLE? NO!

... APARTMENTS

... and the tenants are grateful for PAYNEHEAT

Unique in exterior design, suggesting a magnificent home, this Southern California apartment building is also noteworthy for its equipment. The PAYNE gas-fired heating installation assures a lifetime of dependable, healthful, economical warmth. + Ideal for apartment buildings is the time-tried PAYNE "Unit" system, now progressively improved as . . .

Payme ZONE-CONDITIONING

Circulated winter warmth . . . cooling summer ventilation if desired . . . controlled by zones (individual apartments, groups of rooms or single rooms). Write for new ZONE-CONDITIONING booklet.



HILLS,

CALIFORNIA

GAS FUEL

(HRS

CHATEAU COLLINE APARTMENTS, LOS ANGELES

Architect, P. P. LEWIS . Builder, A. W. ZIMMERLE

Dayne FURNACE & SUPPLY CO., INC., BEVERLY





Steam Pipe Line being installed in Ric-wil Tile Conduit at the Citadel.

The Citadel, The Military College of South Carolina founded in 1842, was one of the pioneer institutions to incorporate the advantages of central heating—installing such a system in 1904. Greatly enlarged, this system is still giving satisfactory service.

In 1920, planners of the new Citadel, looking far into the future, provided central heating for the new home of the college as a matter of course. New additions in 1926-27, 1936-37 and subsequently have made necessary expansion of the central plant and distribution lines. Today every permanent building on the campus except the chapel, is heated from the central plant.

Any Institution Can Enjoy These Advantages of Central Heating:

- Savings of 15% or better in overall fuel consumption.
- Elimination of separate boiler tending for each building unit.
- Elimination of smoke and soot which destroy original beauty of buildings.
- Increase of available space in building basements.
- Elimination of coal delivery and ash removal from buildings.
- Uniform, clean heat provided quickly, whenever needed.
- Central unfailing source of hot water.

Engineers and architects with present or post-war projects on their boards, will find the new Ric-will Catalog No. 44 a valuable source of information on efficient Central Heat Distribution for institutions, industrial or commercial building groups, bousing projects and municipalities.

RIC-WIL INSULATED PIPE CONDUIT SYSTEMS THE RIC-WIL COMPANY · CLEVELAND, OHIO

BUILDING REPORTER

(Continued from page 226)

strays from all sources. The portable welded metal case is water tight, thus assuring accurate readings even on sodden ground.

Manufacturer: Associated Research, Inc., 231 South Green St., Chicago 7, Ill.

LUMINOUS-INDIRECT LIGHTING FIXTURE for schools, offices, etc.

Name: Cadet.

Features: The Cadet was designed to provide superior visual conditions for



critical eye tasks in offices, drafting rooms, schools, etc., and has recently been installed in study rooms of the U. S. Military Academy at West Point. It is a luminous-indirect luminaire suspended 24 in. or 30 in. beneath the ceiling in individual or end-to-end lighting arrangements. Translucent cream-white deflectors deliver 90 per cent of the light upwards and 10 per cent down, best results being obtained with an off-white ceiling. The over-all efficiency of light output obtained with the Cadet is high for luminaires of this type. It is available now with suitable priority ratings in 48 in., 60 in., and 96 in. lengths, for 40 w., 100 w. F lamps, respectively. *Manufacturer:* The Edwin F. Guth Co., 2621 Washington Ave., St. Louis 3, Mo.



OPEN REFRIGERATOR for display of frozen food in clear view.

Features: Frozen foods can be displayed within clear view and easy reach of customers by means of this self-service display refrigerator. A glass front on the case allows full view of the merchandise, and any desired product can be reached without the nuisance of having to slide or lift doors. Mirrors on the case add sales appeal. Designed to eliminate reaching down into the refrigerator for merchandise, the new open self-service display case gives the same refrigeration service as conventional closed cases. They will be available as soon as restrictions are lifted by the WPB.

Manufacturer: Hussmann Refrigeration, Inc., 2401 N. Leffingwell St., St. Louis 6, Mo.



AXIAL FLOW FANS in new sizes.

Features: These unique high efficiency axial flow fans, 60 in. and 2 in., are believed to be the largest low pressure and the smallest high pressure propellers engineered and produced on the West Coast. The midget 2 in. propeller has been developed for a complete fan unit, (Continued on page 238)

8 EXCLUSIVE FEATURES OF WHITE - RODGERS HYDRAULIC - ACTION TEMPERATURE CONTROLS

1. May be mounted at any angle or position, above, below or on level with control point.

 Hydraulic-Action principle incorporating solid-liquid filled bulb and capillary provides expansion force comparable to that of a metal bar.

3. Diaphragm motion uniform per degree of temperature change.

★4. Power of solid-liquid charge permits unusually sturdy switch construction resulting in positive contact closure.

 Heavier, longer-wearing parts are possible because of unlimited power.
6. Dials are evenly and accurately calibrated over their entire range because of straight-line expansion.
7. Controls with remote bulb and capillary are not sensitive to change in room temperature. Accuracy of control is not affected by temperature changes in surrounding area.

8. Not affected by atmospheric pressure. Works accurately at sea level or in the stratosphere without compensation or adjustment.



POSSIBLE BECAUSE OF THE SOLID-LIQUID CHARGE Switches on White-Rodgers controls are

so sturdy and strong that it takes all the pressure you can exert with *two* thumbs to make them click. The power of Hydraulic-Action is so great that it readily overcomes this resistance. Because of that power, White-Rodgers can and does build a better, *sturdier* switch into all its controls—a switch that is built to last.

LIMITLESS POWER OF HYDRAULIC-ACTION ASSURES POSITIVE CONTACT

At left is a cross-section of the diaphragm and part of the liquid-filled capillary. In this view the liquid has contracted, releasing pressure on the diaphragm and causing the awitch contacts to function.

UNUSUALLY STURDY

* SWITCH CONSTRUCTION



CONTRACTED i

Every part of White-Rodgers Hydraulic-Action controls is built stronger and *sturdier* because of the tremendous power of the solidliquid charge. How this works is shown in these illustrations

EXPANDED Illustration of the White-Rodgers diaphragm body, the actuating element of every White-Rodgers temperature control. It is no designed as to exert FULL pressure at the point of contact with the switch mechanism.

WHITE-RODGERS ELECTRIC CO

Controls for Refrigeration . Heating . Air-Conditioning



For Every Type and Price Range of Home Building, Coolerator Has the Refrigeration to Best Complete Your Plans! For Full Details, Write THE COOLERATOR COMPANY, Duluth 1, Minn.

COOLERATOR ELECTRIC

HOME AND FARM FREEZERS



PRICE RANGE OF HOMES	NEW ELECTRIC COOLERATOR $7\frac{1}{2}$ cu. ft. and 9 cu. ft.		FREEZERS 61/2 and 15 cu. ft.			COOLERATOR ICE REFRIGERATOR 51/4 and 61/2 cu. ft.							
		Width	Depth	Hgt.		- 14	Width	Depth	Hgt.		Width	Depth	Hgt.
over \$15,000.00	9½ cu. ft.	331/2"	25¼″	661/8"		cu. ft. cu. ft.	30 ³ /8″ 28 ³ /8″	72″ 47″	38″ 37 ¾″	6½ cu. ft.	311/2"	27 1⁄4″	591/2"
\$ 8,000.00 to \$15,000.00	9½ cu. ft.	331/2"	25¼″	661/8"	1000	cu. ft. cu. ft.	30 ³ /8" 28 ³ /8"	72" 47"	38″ 373⁄8″	6½ cu. ft.	311⁄2″	27 1⁄4″	591/2"
\$ 5,000.00 to \$ 8,000.00	9½ cu. ft. 7½ cu. ft.	33½" 31½"	25¼" 25¼"	66½" 61½"	Contraction of	cu. ft. cu. ft.	30 ³ /8" 28 ³ /8"	72" 47"	38″ 37 ¾″	6½ cu. ft. 5¼ cu. ft.	31½″ 28″	27 ¼" 25″	59½" 55¾"
below \$ 5,000.00	7½ cu. ft.	311/2"	251/4"	611/8"	61/2	cu. ft.	28¾″	47"	37 ¾″	6½ cu. ft. 5¼ cu. ft.	31½″ 28″	27¼″ 25″	59½ 55¾

Under this one name "Coolerator" you can provide practically any kind of a home refrigerator . . . from the largest capacity Freezers and Electric Refrigerators to the most economical Ice Conditioned Refrigerators. This is a set-up unique in the refrigerator business . . . backed by a company with a proven record of fine styling and durable construction . . . with ten years of national advertising . . . nearly a million satisfied customers. Ready for early production of genuine postwar models, not makeovers of former styles.

Before you design or build postwar homes, remember Coolerator's unique, complete home refrigerator lineup.



America's Largest Sole Specialists in Home Refrigeration



To you, who are planning a house...

• Full of questions about that home you're planning? Here's a helpful little book-free, of course-that tells dozens of ways to avoid headaches and costly mistakes, and helps you plan practically.

Here are

he answ

Naturally, you'll want the expert advice of an architect on the building of your home, but even he must have help from you. You'll find that "How To Plan Your New Home" simplifies building problems, prepares you for down-to-earth planning.



With constantly changing postwar conditions, methods and materials, the services of an architect will be a building "must" for satisfactory results. Write for a copy of this invaluable booklet now — and get the important answers about that future dream home of yours!

Architects endorse this book...Get yours free!



• Architects, take a bow! You're in the "best seller" class. To date, over 75,000 prospective home builders have requested free copies of this book written for you...about you... prepared by Edwards and Co. in cooperation with the American Institute of Architects.

This latest advertisement in The American Home is one of a series addressed to the home planning public ... emphasizing the need of the architect's services and experience... and offering detailed information through the booklet.

Limited quantities of this booklet are available to architects-imprinted, if desired, with the architect's name and address. Write for a sample copy today. You'll find it helpful in selling your prospective clients on yourself!

EDWARDS AND COMPANY, NORWALK, CONN.

In Canada: Edwards & Co., Ltd.

prrow's la HOW WILL THEY BE HEATED?

• Many builders are laying plans now for the homes they expect to construct after the war. An important phase in this planning is how these homes are to be heated.

Obviously no one system is best for all houses—every type of system—every kind of fuel has its advantages. Climate, price, style of house and personal preference—all have important bearing on the heating system most suitable for the homes you are planning today.

To aid the builders of tomorrow's homes, Crane Co. will offer a complete line of boilers for steam and hot water, furnaces for warm air, radiators, controls, valves, fittings, oil burners and stokers—in fact, everything necessary for every type of heating system.

Right now there are necessary limitations on heating equipment that is available. However, when it is possible for you to start construction, your Crane heating dealer will be able to offer the latest and the most advanced types of heating, from the complete Crane postwar line.

CRANECO., 836 S. MICHIGAN AVENUE, CHICAGO 5, ILL. PLUMBING • HEATING • VALVES • FITTINGS • PIPE

NATION-WIDE SERVICE THROUGH BRANCHES, WHOLESALERS, AND HEATING DEALERS

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YOU can count on Cabot's famous Shingle Stains to give lasting beauty and permanent protection to all types of buildings! Quick, easy to apply, they cost less—won't peel or blister even when used on green lumber. Among the wide choice of colors—from clear brilliant hues to old New England grays and browns—you'll find the *right* stain for *any* building—traditional or modern!

WRITE TODAY for color card and your copy of "Stained Houses"—contains full information. Samuel Cabot, Inc., 1267 Oliver Bldg., Boston 9, Mass.





THE NEW FREEDOM GAS KITCH featuring a fine ROPER GAS RANGE

The gas industry is extensively advertising the New Freedom Gas Kitchen to American housewives everywhere. When that "dream" kitchen is born after the war, there'll be a new Certified Performance ROPER GAS RANGE that will fit perfectly, providing an ideal cooking service. Write today for Free kitchen booklet "A Peek into the Amazing New World of Tomorrow".



GEO. D. ROPER CORPORATION, Rockford, Illinois manufacturer of ROPER, "America's Illinois, manufacturer of ROPER, "America's Finest Gas Range" for all gases including L.P. (Liquefied Petroleum) gas.



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Models available for either remote or direct readings.

Accuracy unaffected by specific gravity of tank liquid.

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This standard six-light muntin Crawford Door for residential garage application conforms pleasantly with a number of architectural styles. Sturdiness and ease of operation combine with good design to make it a leader in popularity.

... on the Post-War Building Boom ...

We believe there is conclusive evidence that there *will* be a building boom. Residential construction has been cut to the bone since Pearl Harbor. What building has been done has been emergency housing—much of it temporary in nature. We know the money is ready and waiting and we know that the American desire to own homes is deep and basic. We also believe in being ready. Therefore, though almost our whole effort at present is in war work, we have been exploring new materials and methods so that we can rapidly reconvert to the manufacture of high quality, fine appearing, easy operating Crawford Doors when post-war building gets under way. If you, too, are thinking ahead why not get in touch with us **now** on **your** door needs.

Crawford Door Company, 401 St. Jean, Detroit 14, Mich.

UPWARD-ACTING DOORS Residential Garage Doors Commercial & Industrial Doors Hand or Power Operated Doors * Craw-Fir Doors *

BUILDING REPORTER

(Continued from page 232)

and will be powered by a tiny motor of approximately .002 hp. It will deliver 30 CFM at .30 in. S.P. The 60 in. low pressure propeller driven with a 10 hp, 1150 rpm motor delivers approximately 60,000 CFM free air, and 5,000 CPM at $\frac{1}{2}$ in. S.P. Wide general industrial use of these fans is expected, particularly where space, economy and efficiency is important in air movement. They are built in both single stage and multi-stage assemblies. The two-stage type doubles the single stage pressure characteristics of any given unit.

Manufacturer: Dynamic Air Engineering, Inc., 1619 South Alameda, Los Angeles 11, Calif.

PLASTIC COMPASS has improved features. Name: No. 5702.

Features: This improved plastic compass replaces Esco's former model and incorporates the standard .047 in. diameter compass lead used most commonly by architects and engineers. A positive clamping device provides for removal and replacement of the lead in the new model. Other features include



FREE for Architects and Builders . . . A file pocket containing 22 loose sheets of scaled details that enable you to create individual and unusual window arrangements from Pella's stock size Casement Units. Send for your FREE set today. The Rolscreen Company, Dept. A-35, Pella, Iowa.



ALSO PELLA AWNING AND PROJECTED SASH AND PELLA VENETIAN BLINDS

lightweight, easy adjustment, uniform tension spring washer, removable and replaceable shouldered compass point. The compass is $5\frac{1}{2}$ in. long, is \$1.75 FOB Sheboygan, Wis.

Manufacturer: Engineering Mfg. Co., Sheboygan, Wis.



HEATING COILS for air conditioning, heating, drying and processing systems.

Features: This new and broader line of copper blast heaters and booster units has been introduced to meet the specialized requirements of extended surface



heating coils in modern air conditioning, heating. drying and processing systems. It incorporates design modifications which contribute to improved performance and durability, and which adapt the coils more closely to requirements of heating engineers and drving equipment designers.

Features include all-copper and copper alloy condensers, scientifically dieformed fins permanently bonded to tubes by metal, pressure-resisting brazed construction of steam carrying passages, and new provision for even steam distribution within the coils. Casings are designed for duct installation in vertical or horizontal positions and the new baffle arrangement helps direct air flow through coil. The Modine line, available now with priority, includes standard blast heaters steam distribution blast heaters and booster units. Standard blast heaters are available in 7 types, 17 lengths and 3 widths. Steam distribution blast heaters and booster units are also furnished in many different types, lengths and widths.

Manufacturer: Modine Mfg. Co., Racine, Wis.

FLUORESCENT FIXTURE for easy maintenance.

Features: This fixture equipped with the E-Z Servicer is designed to eliminate the inconvenience of maintenance prob-(Continued on page 244)



Arches and beams laminated with Laucks Construction Glues have won a permanent place in the new architecture of America.

When building construction resumes you'll find them in a multitude of wardemonstrated applications: for hangars, gymnasiums, community halls, churches, passenger stations, in commercial, industrial, rural and even domestic structures.

Architects, builders and owners all appreciate the clean design, the freedom from supports, and the beauty of the material itself. They appreciate the safety and long life insured by new "engineering in wood" principles and the research of Laucks glue chemists that provided the modern construction glues for these strong, enduring structural members.

For full information about Laucks Construction Glues, as used for laminated arches, or plywood, prefabrication, stressed-cover construction, or drybuilt construction, contact "America's Glue Headquarters"...

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City Auditorium, York, Neb., designed by Meginnis & Schaumberg, architects, of Lincoln. Architectural concrete details produced by use of milled wood and plaster molds. Smooth exterior concrete walls cast in plywood forms.

Architectural Concrete

will fit your design requirements for any type of building

The adaptability of architectural concrete is demonstrated by its use for structures of all sizes from the largest public buildings to the smallest build- • ing for private use.

Architectural concrete meets most exacting design and service requirements at reasonable cost. It combines both architectural and structural functions in one firesafe, economical material.

Maintenance cost is low because

concrete provides the strength and durability for hard service and the most severe weather exposure.

In addition to the advantages of strength, firesafety, long life and distinguished appearance—concrete gives low annual cost, the true measure of economy in buildings.

Send for literature on recent design and construction practice with architectural concrete. Free in United States and Canada. See Sweet's Catalog.

PORTLAND CEMENT ASSOCIATION Dept. A3-7, 33 W. Grand Ave., Chicago 10, Illinois

A national organization to improve and extend the uses of concrete ... through scientific research and engineering field work

BUY AND KEEP MORE WAR BONDS.

This Big Boy really Changes Air... <u>21,100 Cubic Feet</u> <u>PER MINUTE !</u>



EMERSON-ELECTRIC 48-in. EXHAUST FAN...BELT DRIVEN

Clear the Air. in a Big Way!



Why They're Quiet ...

This rear view of the blade assembly shows clearly why these large fans operate quietly. Polished steel shaft is held in rigid alignment by two pillow blocks, securely bolted to a heavy base plate. Motor is adjustably mounted to permit increase or decrease of belt tension.



Emerson-Electric poweroperated gun turrets and electric motors for aircraft contribute to Allied military might on all battle fronts of the world. These Emerson-Electric Belt-Driven Exhaust Fans operate so quietly, it is difficult to realize, by sound, that they are efficiently handling a huge volume of air.

Powered by specially-engineered Emerson-Electric Motors, these fans have a newly perfected type of blade, rigidly assembled and dynamically balanced to minimize vibration....Resilient hub mountings insulate the fan from its housing....Fan-shaft bearings have a lubricant capacity sufficient for 2,000 hours' operation.

Made in 48-in., 42-in., and 36-in. Sizes

Production of Emerson-Electric Heavy-Duty Exhaust Fans has been resumed on a limited basis—in three popular sizes—suitable for factories, stores, plants, mills, lofts. These models will be available only on priorities—specified by the War Production Board.

Write for Bulletin X4566, it gives complete information.

THE EMERSON ELECTRIC MANUFACTURING COMPANY SAINT LOUIS 3, MO. Branches: New York • Chicago • Detroit • Los Angeles • Davenport



"Uniform Good Results"

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ARE COMPLETELY MANUFACTURED **READY TO INSTALL!**

America's leading builders are depending more and more on Tru-Sized doors to insure efficiency, uniform good results, and economy of time and money, on all kinds of construction projects. Tru-Sized doors are uniform in quality and modern in design. They are precision-made to exact book opening and fit perfectly any jamb that is plumb and square.

Tru-Sized doors are a product of America's largest door manufacturer-designed by engineering wood-craftsmen to help carpenters and builders do a better job than ever before.

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Jobbers and Distributors of MATERIALS FOR BUILDING ATLANTA C CCORCIA

ATLANTA I. GEORGIA. January 30, 1945

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The Wheeler, Oggood Company Tecoma, Washington Gentlemen:

Several months ago we furnished millwork for 500 units of War Housing, ror which our contract required us to furnish door openings completely assembled at our Mill. Assampled at our Mill. These of osgood Company supplied the mean of the second for this work, which were fitted to the second for hardware at your factor. Assampled at our Mill. Assampled at our

Yours very truly, CAMPBELL COAL COMPANY

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The Wheeler, Osgood Company, Dept. 11-26 Tacoma 1, Washington. Please send me free literature and detailed guide sheet for ordering Tru-Sized Doors. Name

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When specifying or installing a plumbing or heating piping system, the following leading questions concerning the arteries of the building should be of paramount importance. You should be able to answer them with a positive "yes".

Will the piping system continue to give peak service year after year for the life of the building?

Will the modern fixtures in the bathroom, kitchen and laundry be adequately supplied with a full flow of water?

Will the radiators maintain their maximum efficiency in heating every room in the house?

Will it be free from leaks, particularly in concealed places behind the walls and between floors and ceilings?

Will it be forever free from internal clogging due to rust?

Will it actually add to to resale value of the property?

If the answer to any of these questions is NO —then you are not installing the piping system that will give you the utmost for the money expended, but if you wish to answer all these questions with a positive YES—then your choice will be genuine STREAMLINE Copper Pipe and STREAMLINE Fittings and you will specify and accept nothing else.

A STREAMLINE piping system offers the greatest possible resistance to rust and leaking water. It provides a lifetime, trouble-free, plumbing or heating system that, with the possible exception of extremely abnormal water conditions, will outlast the building in which it is installed. Plan on specifying and installing STREAMLINE Copper Pipe and Fittings for your postwar construction—or for replacement.
BUILDING REPORTER

(Continued from page 238)



lems common to most conventional fixtures. It is hinged so that one man can easily open it for cleaning or changing tubes without the use of special tools. It can be installed either singly or in continuous rows.

Manufacturer: R & W Wiley, Inc., Dearborn and Bridge Sts., Buffalo 7, N. Y.

BLIND RIVET of plastic. Name: Des Rivet.

Features: These plastic rivets, molded as one piece and consisting of a head with plug attached by a thin breakaway section and a tapered shank split to form four tapered fingers, have proved to be superior fastening devices in innumer-



As a moisture barrier back of plaster, SISALKRAFT protects wood frame and insulation from moisture condensation. Photo shows plaster base being applied over SISALKRAFT.



As flashing, SISALKRAFT is economical to use and easy to install.

RAF

FAITHFUL

IN ITS PERFORMANCE!

Added assurance of performance in construction and long-lasting comfort are yours when you specify SISALKRAFT over the sheathing — as flashing around window and door openings as the moisture barrier beneath plastered surfaces. The *intact application* of this sisal-reenforced, asphalt bonded building paper shuts out wind and weather—assures maximum protection of the wood structure and absence of drafts.

> Samples of SISALKRAFT may be secured from your local lumber dealer — or write direct

Manufacturers of SISALKRAFT, FIBREEN, SISAL-X, SISALTAPE AND COPPER-ARMORED SISALKRAFT



able applications with metal, wood and plastic components. The shank and head are hollow to the same diameter as the plug. The design of the rivet is based on a wedging action and takes full advantage of the flow characteristics of plastic materials under pressure. Installation can be accomplished in a single operation by one man. Des Rivet is applied by pressing the tapered fingers into a drilled hole. Impact from the rivet gun instantaneously shears the plug and drives it into the plastic shank until the plug is flush with both ends of the rivet, maintaining the contour of the rivet head. Wedge action of the plug in the tapered shank expands the fingers against the walls of the drilled hole and upsets the shank end of the rivet. Des Rivet may be inserted singly or assembled in sticks by inserting the undriven plug of one rivet into the shank of another. A wide variety of shapes and sizes are available in several plastic materials, and may be obtained in all conventional and many special colors. Manufacturer: Plastic Development Div., Victory Mfg. Co., 1105 Fair Oaks Ave., South Pasedena, Calif.

LOW COST PRESERVATIVE against rot, decay, mildew and insects.

Name: Triple-A Naphthenate Preservatives.

Features: Triple-A Naphthenate Preservatives control or prevent dry rot, decay, fungi and molds in wood by sealing it against the attacks of these destructive organisms. Used on the interior or exterior of wooden structures, it provides long term protection at low cost. Non-poisonous to humans, it can be applied by brush, spray, dipping or pressure impregnation. It is available in four formulas, one of which can be used on heavy fabric. The material comes ready for use in 1, 5, 30, 55 gal. containers. One gal. will treat approximately 200 sq. ft. of wood surface, 350 sq. ft. of cotton duck or 25 lbs. of rope. Manufacturer: Quigley Co., Inc., 527 5th Ave., New York 17, N. Y.

(Technical Literature, page 250)



KEEP THE LITTLE LAMBS IN MIND

Surveys show that families with youngsters will be one of the most important groups in the postwar homes market. That means still greater demand for modern heating . . . the kind provided by Bryant automatic gas heating.

When you include Bryant in your new home plans, the client is assured efficient, economical heating. Compact design frees more space for your planning. Attractive cabinets of crackle gray harmonize with any interior. And, the expanded Bryant line offers you any type of gas heating from small units that fit into closet spaces to large, complete winter air conditioning systems.

Watch how your postwar clientele develops among families with children . . . and let the nearest Bryant representative work with you in choosing automatic gas heating for those homes where we all must *keep the little lambs in mind*!

THE BRYANT HEATER CO., CLEVELAND, OHIO One of the Dresser Industries

LET THE PUP BE FURNACE MAN



Announcing the formation of **PRECISION-BUILT** HOMES

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plants in major centers to service department

and furniture store customers, and other outlets for Precision-Built Homes. It is planned to

blanket the country with non-competitive fabri-

With an authorized capital of \$1,000,000, Precision-Built Homes Corporation becomes the largest single corporate organization in the country devoted exclusively to the promotion of housing construction.

Under a broad program of expansion, the company will promote the Precision-Built System of Construction by: (1) merchandising Precision-Built Homes directly through selected department and furniture stores, as well as to operative builders, lumber dealers, contractors, realtors, insurance companies, lending

institutions, prefabricators, industrial companies for employees, and through the export market; (2) licensing Precision-Builders to set up fabricating



tion, without sacrificing flexibility of design.

Licensees are ready to start large-scale home-

building-just as soon as wartime restrictions permit, Precision-Built Homes Corporation invites inquiries on all phases of its activities.

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cating plants, operating on a 75-mile radius.

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Typical Air-Maze Panel for heavy-duty service.

Dotting the nation from border to border and coast to coast are Air-Maze factory representatives. They are competent air filtration engineers trained, experienced, and ready to assist you with your air filtration problems. Take advantage of this Air-Maze service

because Air-Maze has specialized in engineered, precision-built air filters for twenty years. So, whether your interest applies to air conditioning, ventilating, compressors, blowers or engines, you can have engineered air filtration in

Air-Maze air filters are constructed of metal throughout. They are easily washable—last indefinitely. For further data on types and application send for catalog AGC-144. And remember—"If it uses air, use AIR-MAZE".

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Representatives in Principal Cities. In Canada: Williams & Wilson, Ltd., Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Windsor; Fleck Bros., Ltd., Vancouver.

FILTRATION

X-RAYING

We can all see with the naked eye that the Payroll Savings Plan provides the most stable method of war financing. Analyze it under the X-ray of sound economics and other important advantages are evident.

A continuous check on inflation, the Payroll Savings Plan helps American Industry to build the economic stability upon which future profits depend. Billions of dollars, invested in War Bonds through this greatest of all savings plans, represent a "high level" market for postwar products. Meanwhile, putting over Payroll Savings Plans together establishes a friendlier relationship between management and labor.

To working America the Payroll Savings Plan offers many new and desirable opportunities. Through this systematic "investment in victory," homes, education for their children and nest eggs for their old age are today within the reach of millions.

The benefits of the Payroll Savings Plan to both management and labor are national benefits. Instilling the thrift principle in the mind of the working men and women, the Payroll Savings Plan assures their future security—and is a definite contribution to the prosperity of postwar America!

The Treasury Department acknowledges with appreciation the publication of this message by

Your Payroll Savings Plan!

This is an official U.S. Treasury advertisement prepared under the auspices of Treasury Department and War Advertising Council.

To Prevent Refrigerant Leaks





Permanently Silver-Sealed CONDENSER JOINTS

The York Allis-Chalmers Turbo REFRIGERATION Compressor

FINNED copper tubes are "Silver-Sealed" into copper tube sheets forming permanent leak-proof joints. Individual tubes may be readily removed with the use of simple tools. Condenser shells are constructed from materials selected for their resistance to corrosion, provided with removable heads and special internal supporting plates for the tubes, and thoroughly tested after assembly.

York Corporation, York, Pennsylvania.

Other outstanding features

- Low center of gravity of compressor—permitted by trough type cooler—cuts vibration, provides accessible operation.
- 2. Stainless steel impeller blades resist erosion and corrosion assuring perfect wheel balance. Blade rivet heads are eliminated to provide unobstructed gas flow.
- Balancepiston to equalize wheel thrust makes necessary only a positioning thrust bearing, and results in less bearing friction losses.



5. Pre-rotation vanes permit greater capacity reduction (down to 10%.)

YORK REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING HEADQUARTERS FOR MECHANICAL COOLING SINCE 1885

TECHNICAL LITERATURE

(Continued from page 244)

RESIN GLUE. The Interesting Story of Plaskon Resin Glue, 28 pp., 8¹/₂ in. by 11 in. This colorful booklet describes the many new construction techniques possible with resin glue. It includes the history of glue, and the development of modern, permanent bonding, waterproof resin types. Methods of using them in fabricating and a wide range of interesting present day applications are illustrated and described. Plaskon Div., Libbey - Owens - Ford Glass Co., 2112 Sylvan Ave., Toledo 6, Ohio.

GARAGE PLANNING. How to Plan Your Garage, 18 pp., 6 in. by 9 in. This informative booklet offers sound advice on planning the home garage. It brings to attention those objects usually stored in the garage, or those which would be stored there if adequate room were provided. It offers suggested plans and renderings for large garage layouts and for lean-to additions which might house the workshop, storage room, etc. Cupboards and bins to tidy the garage are also attractively illustrated. A section is devoted to ways of avoiding driveway difficulties and is followed by a discussion of driveway toppings. Various Crawford garage doors are pictured and

FOR ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS PLANNING TODAY FOR TOMORROW

Standard Elevator and Dumb Waiter Specifications



FREIGHT ELEVATORS

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ELECTRIC AND HAND POWER DUMB WAITERS

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FLOORS. Belden Acid-Proof Brick Floors, 16 pp., 107/8 in. by 83/8 in. This brochure describes an acid-proof brick floor, designed to give a tough, wearproof, acid-resistant, working surface suitable for all types of industry. Data on sizes and shapes of the bricks and the different finishes available are covered together with complete instructions for installation with a special acid-proof cement. Also included are installation photographs illustrating use of the bricks in industrial plants, and test reports from recognized testing laboratories giving technical data on physical characteristics. The Belden Brick Co., Canton, Ohio,

INSULATION. Cotton Insulation, 36 pp.. 51/4 in. by 8 in. This attractive booklet describes the properties and advantages of cotton insulation, including weight. resiliency, flame resistance and the effects of freezing and thawing. Special chapters are devoted to a discussion of cotton's noncapillarity, cohesiveness, repellence to mildew and household pests. and its ease of handling and installation. Interesting photographs of tests conducted by the War Food Administration illustrate the various characteristics of the insulating material. National Cotton Council of America, P.O. Box 18, Memphis 1. Tenn.

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TECHNICAL LITERATURE

(Continued from page 250)

PLASTIC COATINGS. Amercoat, 12 pp., 8½ in. by 11 in. This catalog presents technical facts about Amercoat, a compound of thermoplastic, synthetic resins, solvents and pigments, used to protect metal, concrete and wood from corrosion or contamination. A list of industries using Amercoat and illustrations of actual installations are included. Amercoat Div., American Pipe and Construction Co., P.O. Box 3428, Terminal Annex, Los Angeles 54, Calif. **DOORS.** An Improved Prefabricated Ellison Balanced Door Unit, 12 pp., 8¹/₂ in. by 11 in. Full information about the Ellison modern entrance door is included in this booklet which covers installation, operation, hardware, door arrangements, and standard and special door designs. It also contains drawings of typical units, installation, and construction details. Ellison Bronze Co., Inc., Jamestown, N. Y.

ELECTRICAL WIRING. Manual of Better Home Wiring, 8 pp., $8\frac{1}{2}$ in. by 11 in. This helpful booklet sets forth simply the wiring requirements and specifications recommended as minimum stan-



dards for better wiring. It gives the minimum wiring requirements for service entrance equipment, circuits, distribution centers; lighting, switch, special purpose, radio and telephone outlets. Part two is devoted to suggested specifications for single family dwellings. Better Homes Dept., Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co., 306 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh 30, Pa.

VAPORSEALS. Destructive Bubbles of Moisture; Permanent as the Pyramids, 4 pp., each, $8\frac{1}{2}$ in. by 11 in. The first booklet gives information about Brownskin Vaporseal and how it is used as an effective protection for insulation. The installation is illustrated by diagrams of wall sections. Permanent as the Pyramids describes Copperskin, a continuous layer of sheet copper bonded to Brownskin sheathing paper. Advantages offered by its use, and complete installation data are included. Diagrams illustrate various installations. Angier Corp., Framingham, Mass.

AIR CONDITIONING. How to Plan Your Postwar Air Conditioning Today, 16 pp., 81/2 in. by 11 in. This illustrated booklet discusses how to plan postwar air conditioning to control temperature and humidity, clean the air, and provide adequate ventilation and air circulation. It illustrates and describes necessary equipment including compressors, condensors, units and coils. Installation photos illustrate three general types of air conditioning - self-contained factory-built within-the-space units; selfcontained factory built central plant units; custom-built central units. Westinghouse Electric Elevator Co., 150 Pacific Ave., Jersey City 4, N. J.

CHEMICALS. Labors of War for Peace, 44 pp., 9 in. by 12 in. This booklet, a review of former advertisements, focuses attention on the many and diversified products Hercules Powder Co. has developed to supply the industrial front. It describes the use of various items such as chemical cotton, paper makers chemicals, synthetics, terpene and rosin chemicals, explosives, etc. and illustrates the finished products-paints, plastics, industrial explosives. This company, through its resources offers help to other companies with reconversion and expansion problems. Hercules Powder Co., Wilmington, Del.

REQUESTS FOR LITERATURE

NASHAAT MORSY, Architect and Official Surveyor, 167 Khedevi Ismail St., Cairo, Egypt, would like to receive literature, catalogs, technical data and samples of manufacturers products.

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