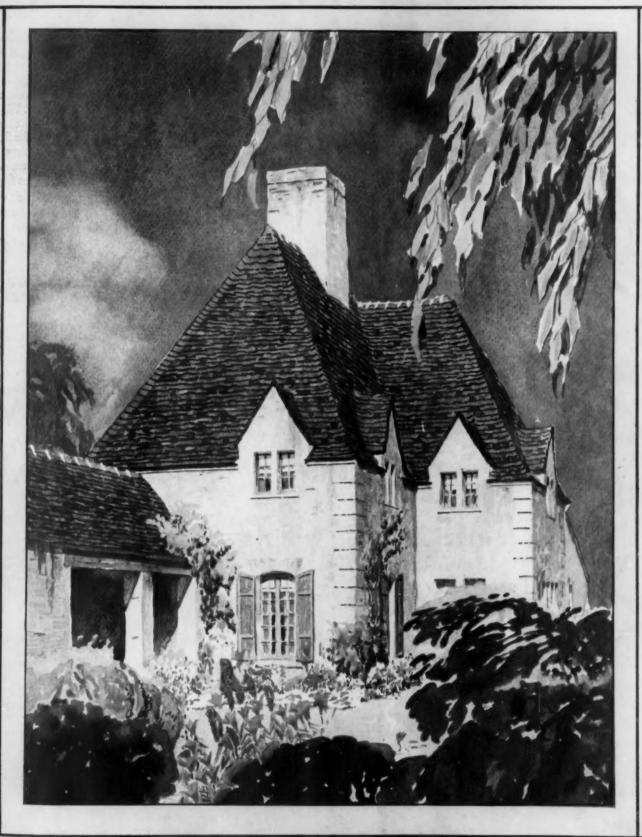
TEN CENTS

JUNE 1930

The American Home



10%

An Unusual House in the French Manner Complete with floor plans, and planting plans on page 312

Doubleday Doran & Company Inc.

"Now came still evening on . . . "

-MILTON

And what a magical time it is, in homes furnished for repose and quiet beauty. Then it is that cares drop, one by one, and we store up rest and inspiration to see us through the better day that's always on the other side of night.

Under the soft gleam of shaded lamps and candles, our rugs, beautiful in any light, take on an added lustre. It is then that we become most conscious of our floors and what their proper "clothing" means to us in beauty, warmth and comfort. We realize then why the poorest economy is to save money on our home's foundation—the floor covering—and why it is that leading decorators, following the way of Nature, always construct their interior harmonies from the base.

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Rugs & Carpets

BUILD HOME BLAUTY FROM THE BASE

The Pattern Shown is Akbar Seamless Wilton No. 368K.

BEGIN WITH YOUR FLOORS

The American Home for June, 1930



Harold Haliday Costain

A hospitable little gate bids a friendly welcome to this lovely garden of Mrs. M. W. Weld of Stanwich, Connecticut

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DOUBLEDAY, DORAN & COMPANY, Inc., Garden City, N. Y.

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PRESENTING

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INTERNATIONAL

FINE ARTS

Seward G. Dobbins
suggests
natural cypress
for smart

interiors



* A charming Tidewater Red Cypress interior, designed by Mr. Seward G. Dobbins of Atlantic City 9

FINELY grained by centuries of growth, Tidewater Red Cypress (Coast Type) creates a glowing charm that no other material can quite approach.

For years Seward G. Dobbins, prominent Atlantic City architect, has enthusiastically sponsored this lovely lumber—Tidewater Red Cypress.

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ARTS

In hundreds of his beautiful interiors, he has



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(COAST TYPE)

THE WOOD ETERNAL

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Photograph by Mattie Edwards Hewitt

A SYMPHONY IN CHARM

A perfect treasure nook is this corner of a Georgian bedroom in the residence of Dr. J. P. Hoguet. Ysel, Inc., decorators. The window treatment is unusual and the entire setting is a harmonious picture of grace and beauty

THE AMERICAN HOME FOR JUNE 1930



This attractive little house, in a modified Colonial style, is the first unit of a much larger house which is shown completed on page 305

The house that grows with your pocketbook

No need to sacrifice permanence in order to secure

the perfect home of your dreams

RITICISM of our present brand of homelife is chiefly directed at the mutability of our household gods and the ease with which we can escape from the shrines of our hearthside for an hour, a day, or forever. The critics would have us believe that the lares and penates are hardly unwrapped from the swaddling quilts of a moving van before they are packed up again and rushed off to grace some new, more modern hearth. This mutability, they say, is bad for the public morals.

We wonder, though, if this love of change is an entirely modern idea. It seems possible that the Pilgrim Fathers may have been considered a rather flighty lot when they left their ancient homes and set sail across three thousand miles of tempestuous water. And what did the stay-at-homes say about those pioneers who followed Daniel Boone into the wilderness or the first Forty-niners around Cape Horn to California? Whatever contemporaries said, thus was our country settled, and it is because men formerly sought new homes and new surroundings that we, their descendants, may now enjoy the fulness of prosperity.

It is a far cry from the founding or development of a continent to the settling of a new real estate subdivision, but the pioneer spirit manifests itself in many ways. It is better that men should adventure for perfection, even if the quest takes them no farther than from Main Street to Grand Avenue, than that they should rest unsatisfied at home. The fact that our frontiers have been pushed into infinity does not invalidate the ex-

istence of the pioneer spirit. If there are no longer any wildernesses to settle, there are plenty of townships to be developed and plenty of homes to be improved.

In other words, it is not the *reason* for moving that is objectionable to the critics; it is the fact of moving itself. They do not think the moving vans should be so busy. They say it breaks up home life for children and parents alike.

We are offering in this number our own solution of the problem "how to secure perfection without losing permanence." The architect of this unusual house, Mr. Jonas Pendlebury, of New York, planned it so that it could be built in four stages. The idea is that a home-builder who does not want to put too much money into his house at once can buy a lot in a locality he likes or has reason to believe he will like, and can erect there a house suited to his present needs. If it is a young man and his wife, they may build a four-room house. As time passes they may wish to add to their original structure. Mr. Pendlebury has designed his house so that this can be achieved without any loss of architectural character. If they do not wish to add; if, for instance, the land values in this particular section decrease rather than increase, they may sell their house and move to another place. On the other hand, if they continue to like their particular

neighborhood and do not wish to leave a house in which they have invested their first savings and which enshrines a host of pleasant memories, they may make some additions to it to take care of their changing needs. It is possible, in fact, for the



young home-owner to work out a financing scheme whereby future additions will be planned for well in advance. Regular savings, deposited in a bank, in insurance, or in building and loan shares, will assure a plump pocketbook when the time comes to enlarge the house.

The only necessity when this type of house is chosen is a lot sufficiently large to take care of the later additions. The dimensions of the first, and main, part of Mr. Pendlebury's house are 40 feet by 20 feet. The dimensions of the house in its final form are 93 feet by 39 feet, overall. The latter figure must be borne in mind when buying the lot if one intends to build the entire house.

Let us consider first the problems we placed before the architect when we asked him to design this type of house for us. The minimum house it is advisable to build we shall assume to have two rooms downstairs and two bedrooms and a bath. One of the two downstairs rooms should be a combined living and dining room, the other a kitchen. Of course, it is possible that this house might be begun as a week-end place in the country. It sometimes happens that young people, living in the city, buy land and erect a house before they are really ready to move out of town. In that case the finishing of the second floor could be deferred until such time as was necessary. However, such a plan would not affect the actual building of the house as described here.

The least expensive material for an "extensible" house is probably wood. Innumerable additions and alterations may be carried out where wood is used. As the work progresses and as each addition is completed a fresh coat of paint is all that is required to weld the original house and its additions into one integral whole. This continuing unity is a little more difficult to achieve with other materials. The colors of brick or stucco are harder to match, especially when time has passed and these materials have become

weathered and have lost their original textures. Of course, brick might be used and painted over, but in first cost this amounts to more than a wood finish. Stone, painted or unpainted, would still maintain the note of harmony, but it is a great deal more expensive.

If we decide on wood for the building material we come next to the question of style. The Colonial, particularly in the Eastern and Middle Western sections of the country, is well founded on precedent. It will, if soundly built, outlive the jerry-built contraptions which speculative builders scatter throughout our suburbs and as time passes and styles change it will help to justify the owner's investment.

As mentioned before, the first requirements are two downstairs rooms and two bedrooms with bath, so planned that when the time comes for future additions, they may be built on without having to rearrange the original plan. And to avoid unnecessary cutting and patching, the house must appear—at no matter what stage of the operation it is seen—always presentable. It must never look unfinished.

The house in its first stage has a hall of convenient size from which stairs lead to the second floor. On the right of the hall is a passage connecting with the kitchen. This passage prevents odors from the kitchen entering the hall and it also contains a coat closet of generous size. The passage is lighted by a window which, when the wing is added on the right side of the house will be converted into a door. The kitchen is $10'0'' \times 12' 0''$ with space for a range, dresser, sink, and broom closet and there is also ample room for a refrigerator. From the kitchen a stair leads into the cellar.

On the left of the entrance hall is the combined living and dining room, 18' x 21', containing a fireplace. Between this room and the kitchen is a passage which serves as a





The completed house as it will look when the three additions have been made according to the plans shown on the opposite page and described in the accompanying article. The architect suggests white walls and chimneys, a brown roof, and blue-green blinds. The garage wing is at the right, cleverly disguised with windows and shades

pantry and has a china closet in it quite large enough to hold all the table china. Three windows on the rear wall (the two windows in the living room and the one in the pantry) are to have full length casement doors or sash. These will, when the additions are made, require no alteration.

On the second floor at the head of the stairs is a passage leading, on the left to the master's bedroom, 14'0" x 16'6", in which there is a good sized fireplace, and to the bathroom; on the right is a door into the second bedroom which is 10'0" x 12'6". Each bedroom has generous closet space. There is also, in the hall, a linen closet which should be cedar lined.

This, then, is the house with which we begin. It contains a living room-dining room, kitchen, entrance hall with coat closet, two bedrooms and bath with their necessary closets, etc., and it will appear as illustrated on page 303. The cubical contents of this first unit, including a cellar under the entire house and estimated from the bottom of the footings, are 18,981 cubic feet, which at 55 cents a cubic foot would make the house cost \$10,439.55 to build. The price per cubic foot varies considerably, of course, in different localities.

The first addition to the original house would, no doubt, be the dining room. The combination living and dining room is a good space-saver but it ceases to be feasible when the family grows and more dining space is required.

The dining room addition is planned for the most convenient and practical place, adjacent to the living room and kitchen. It is 12'0" x 14'0" with a large bay window at the

end affording a lovely view of the garden. The passage between the original living room and kitchen still serves as a pantry and will prevent any kitchen odors from entering the dining room. At this time the opportunity of placing a porch in the angle made by the dining room and living room presents itself. This is easily accomplished.

The cubical contents of the dining room are 2,935.5 cubic feet and of the porch, 534 cubic feet, totalling 3,469.5. At 55 cents a cubic foot this entire addition would cost \$1,908.22. Therefore, the cost of the house plus the dining room and porch would total \$12,347.77.

The next step to be undertaken would be the addition of the garage wing designed to contain also a third bedroom, with bath and closet. The plan for this room makes it equally suitable as either a maid's room or a guest room. The window, which formerly lighted the passage between the kitchen and the coat closet, is now converted into a door, giving direct access to this room from either the entrance hall or the kitchen, and, as part of this wing, there is additional refrigerator space and a closet for food supplies placed in close proximity to the kitchen entrance. A narrow porch connects the main house with the garage.

The cubical contents of the garage wing are 7,262.5 cubic feet representing, at 55 cents a cubic foot, \$3;994.37.

If desired, this garage wing could be built in two parts: first the bedroom etc., and then the garage. Or, if one wished, the garage could be omitted entirely and placed somewhere else on the lot.

The fourth addition includes two bedrooms with closets, bath, and broom closet. The larger of the two bedrooms is 12'0" x 15'0", the smaller one 9'0" x 11'6". The cubical contents of this wing are 7,936 cubic feet, which at 55 cents a cubic foot would cost \$4,364.80, bringing the total for building the entire house up to approximately \$20,706.94.



We have become conscious of a kind of charm in flowers more subtle than color and fragrance, that is the graceful curves of their stems and the design and delicate shading of their leaves. A one, two and three flower arrangement in a simple vase pleases us



One should be very discriminating in selecting the type of container for the flower. Usually flowers with curved, fleshy stems look best in wide receptacles; thin stems look well in narrow openings A laboratory retort with its narrow neck and bulbous base makes an interesting container for trailing ivy, the lower leaves of which may be seen distinctly through the sparkling, crystal-like glass

FLOWER HARMONIES

Selected by Irina Khrabroff
Photographs by Clara E. Sipprell



Yesterday's charm combined with to-day's convenience

An old house that had its face lifted

MARJORIE LAWRENCE

HE Olmstead farmhouse was built originally about 1750. In its latter days, the film of age that crept over it obscured its charm almost completely, until Mrs. Flora Haggard, the present owner, sensed the underlying promise of the old house and undertook its restoration.

This delightful little home, which is still fortunate in having meadow land on one side, was built with the original old house as its nucleus, although there have been many additions and several radical changes. The fresh white paint on the shingles, and the touches of bright blue on the shutters and trim impart a sophisticated quaintness to its exterior that is most pleasing. The graceful arched doorway, lighted by an old lantern which has been electrified, is approached by flagstones laid in the grass.

Within the house, one feels that time has stood still. The illusion of a Colonial home has been re-created with such artistry that the honk of a passing automobile brings one back from the past with a start of surprise. Rough-

hewn oak beams support the low ceiling and the planked floor is scattered with hooked rugs. The great fireplace occupies one entire wall, and an iron kettle hangs on the hob ready for immediate use. In one corner, an odd little stairway rises to the second floor. White Dutch doors set in frames of dark old wood have tiny glass windows in their upper sections, and bolts and hinges painted black.

Three rooms in the original house have been thrown together to make the living room with the deep alcove which is at one's right on entering. Crowded bookshelves along one wall are topped by a ship model in a glass case and surmounted by two oval mirrors in heavy gilt frames. Between them hangs a specimen of handwriting inscribed, "To Mrs. Abigail Smith from her affectionate daughter Elizabeth, Ridgefield, 17th of February, 1815." The treasures of this little corner are so numerous that it is difficult to describe them all. A spinning wheel, threaded with flax stands near the hearth. In a corner between the windows is a cupboard of waxed pine, satiny in texture, which was found in the original house. Two fine old chairs, a Windsor

and a ladder-back are also noteworthy. The small-paned windows are hung with simple curtains of yellow chintz.

This alcove at the right of the fireplace, is only a small

section of the living room. The other part has more than its quota of riches. In the center of the room is a long saw-buck table with a top of pine and a base of maple.

At the left of the door, just under a window, stands a

simple desk of the old schoolhouse type. The chair that is used with this desk is known as a chicken-coop Windsor.

Alluring glimpses of the dining room may be had from the fireplace. This capacious room, which is one step down in the fascinating fashion of old houses, was about half its present size in the original dwelling. Mrs. Haggard has built on from here, doubling the depth of the room itself, and adding a bedroom and bath beyond it. The large screened porch on the left side of the dining room has also been built on.

Wherever it was necessary to secure additional wood, it was obtained from dismantled buildings of an early period, so that the effect of antiquity is not marred, even in such a recent part of the house as the dining room. The same buff-tinted walls of artstone and dark wooden rafters invest this room with the mellow charm of age. Window frames and cross-stripping, however, are painted green and dainty curtains of pink and green chintz are used. The large hooked rug is made in a colorful geometric pattern.

Splint-seated ladder-back chairs are drawn up to the drop-leaf table in the center of the room. The choicest piece of furniture, however, is a fine old Connecticut

dresser with a scalloped apron over the top shelf, with two drawers, and paneled doors on its cupboard section. Quaint English plates and Staffordshire figures are displayed to advantage on its shelves. In the corner on the other side of the dining room is a pine cupboard with closed front, while a low pine dresser stands against another wall. The lighting fixture which hangs over the dining room table is of especial interest. It is a small ox yoke, suspended from a heavy iron chain, with two old lanterns attached to it, concealing the modernity of the electric light bulbs which they hold.

Behind the dining room, another step down, are the large bedroom and bath which have been added to the house. While these sleeping quarters undoubtedly possess qualities of comfort and spaciousness which were rare in small Connecticut farmhouses, it is to the three little bedrooms upstairs that we must look for the quaint flavor of

antiquity that invests this country home.

The kitchen lies at the other side of the dining room, directly across from the bedroom which was built on, and has its own entrance at the side of the house. It occupies the same position as the kitchen in the original farmhouse and is painted pumpkin yellow.

Retracing our steps through the dining room, we come



Old, gnarled lilac trees screen the house from the road. The front door has interesting wrought iron hinges



Photographs by Richard Averill Smith An alcove in the living room which shows an old cupboard found in the original house. The posts and beams are hand-hewn



A typical bedroom in the farmhouse—an old four-poster bed with a patchwork quilt, an interesting hooked rug, and two rush-bottomed chairs

to the flight of stairs which have been moved a slight distance from their position in the original house. The stairs themselves are new and, owing to the change of position, easier to ascend than most old stairways. The old bannisters and newel post, however, have been preserved.

Upstairs, the three bedrooms are all tucked under eaves in the cozy fashion of Early New England. The room opposite the landing is covered in a sprigged wallpaper, patterned in blue and green. The four-poster bed has on it an authentic patchwork quilt and there are hooked rugs on the floor. The neat little bed table undoubtedly began life as a washstand before the house boasted such an asset as the delightful green bathroom which now opens into the hall of the second landing. Rush-seated chairs and a simple pine dresser complete the bedroom furnishings. At one end of the room, the wall projects where an old fireplace has been plastered over.

A smaller bedroom across the hall is finished in pink, everything in this room being small and dainty. A maple attic bed—a type much lower than one usually sees in Colonial homes—fits under the eaves and is covered with a patchwork quilt. A tiny draped dressing table stands beneath an oblong mirror in a lacquer frame. There is also a small three-drawer chest in the room.

Next door is the third bedroom with a blue- and yellowsprigged paper on its walls and a geometric hooked rug on the floor. The curtains of blue chintz have a small red and yellow floral pattern which harmonizes nicely with the Turkey-red in the patchwork cover on the bed. A Hitchcock straight chair and a rocker of the same type are used in this room.

In the hall of the second floor hangs a sampler with the words, "There is no place like home," embroidered in bold

letters. In this fascinating place with its lingering fragrance of bygone days, the overworked motto strikes a chord of sentiment buried deep within us. To the hardy colonizers of the New World, "home" undoubtedly meant something that few of us to-day can really grasp. It was a refuge from the devastating winters of New England-a haven after long, long days of back-breaking labor. These old houses that still are standing-even the old furniture that has weathered the years-are invested with something precious which is being caught and held for us in the fine reproductions that are available to-day. This delightful, quaint New England home holds a picture for all of us who love good furniture, and who appreciate the simplicity and charm of these early homes of America. If we have to look at such homes with the feeling that these lovely old chairs, beds, and tables were only for the favored few who could obtain the old pieces, discouragement would fill our hearts. Fortunately, the spirit of the craftsmen of that other day has been handed down to the craftsmen of our own time, and we can now find reproductions of these pieces.

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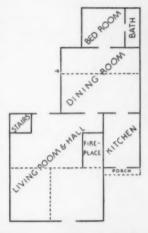
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Half of the dining room has been built onto the original house, but old wood is used for the beaming, even in the addition. The dresser is a fine specimen of Colonial workmanship





The dotted lines on the floor plan indicate the walls in the old house. The line through the dining room was the rear wall

The great fireplace in the living room is rich in mementoes of the past. A cobbler's bench has been adapted to modern usage



Furniture for all weathers

FLORENCE BROBECK

IME was, and not so long ago, when "summer furniture" meant either the rustic chairs and table which stood the year round under the trees on the side lawn; or the iron furniture which, freshly painted, was placed on the terrace. Then, too, in many homes summer things meant an assortment of wicker rocking chairs, bulbous and squeaky, both ungainly and uncomfortable. A few enterprising souls ventured to coat some of the old golden oak with green or white paint and to use these pieces on the porch and in the back yard. But summer furniture per se had not arrived.

The good old rustic styles still prevail in many side yards,

The good old rustic styles still prevail in many side yards, but their crudities have been modified, the lines changed to provide comfort, and the seats and backs made of pliable woven splint—reasons enough why this furniture should

still be in demand.

Iron furniture, which was as much a part of Victorian gardens as the iron deer and dogs, has held its own through changing styles. It has been modernized until it may appear with the furniture made of the modern duraluminum and other lightweight metals on a terrace or in a formal garden. As in the olden days, the iron furniture may be painted green, or, for a newer effect, it may be a gay orange, a soft yellow, a sky blue, or some other tint more suited to the awnings, the lawn umbrella, and the oilcloth cushions which we moderns find so well adapted to garden furniture.

Improvements in construction provide the newest iron

chairs with flexible seats and backs, features that add immeasurably to the comfort of garden enthusiasts. With the addition of cushions or pads, such chairs are surprisingly restful. They are undeniably smart and easily handled as well. They will stand on the porch or terrace through rain storms and intense sun and show no signs of injury, if they have been painted originally with proper metallic paints intended for such furniture. These pieces, (Continued on page 340)



Photograph by Richard Averill Smith





Photograph by Harold Haliday Costain

The beauty of the Norman type of architecture is shown in this home designed for Mr. M. E. Hatfield of Montclair, New Jersey, by Frank J. Forster. Another example of Mr. Forster's work in this style is shown on page 313 of this issue

Taking the ire out of fire

Be sure you understand your policy

ALBERT W. FRIBOURG

R. BROWN was examining his home which had caught fire the night before, and his feelings were tinged with regret and congratulations. It hurt him to look at the havoc caused by the flames and the water, but withal he congratulated himself upon his foresight in having his home insured. The damage, he figured could be repaired for about \$4,000 and the house was in-

sured for \$6,000. The insurance company adjuster was to meet him that morning and the loss, he felt sure, would be paid quickly.

The fire, too, had justified his theory about insurance. He had often said, "No house in our town ever burns to the ground. We have a fine fire department and the fire is always checked before it has destroyed the entire building. It is foolish to insure your house for its full value."

Mr. Brown's house, exclusive of the land on which it was built, was worth \$10,000. He had insured it for \$6,000 and he felt that he was adequately protected. The fact that the damage done amounted only to \$4,000 indicated, he believed, the soundness of his theory.

The adjuster arrived and after an examination agreed with Mr. Brown that the house could be repaired for \$4,000. But, just as he was leaving, he made a remark that perplexed Mr. Brown.

"I shall see that you get your check for \$3,000 within a

week," the adjuster promised.

"Three thousand," exclaimed Mr. Brown. "Didn't you just say that it would cost \$4,000 to rebuild the house?"

just say that it would cost \$4,000 to rebuild the house?"
"Yes," explained the adjuster, "but your policy contains
the 80 per cent average clause which makes you a coinsurer, and you have to stand one fourth of the loss."

Taking from his pocket a copy of Mr. Brown's fire insurance policy, he read: "This company shall not be liable for a greater proportion of any loss or damage to the property described herein than the sum hereby (Continued on page 338)

Complete from hearthrug to hedgerow

A description of the house illustrated on the cover of this issue and in the following four pages

of working with an architect in the design of a house must envy us an editorial position which permits us to have one or more houses a month designed for us. It is one of our duties that we enjoy almost above all others. This month we had an especially

pleasant experience.

First of all, we persuaded the well-

known architectural firm of Frank J. Forster and R. A. Gallimore to design us one of their special houses. French provincial architecture in this country has almost come to mean Frank J. Forster, so successful has he been with this particular style. While the converse of this statement is not true, since Mr. Forster is too versatile to confine himself to one style of architecture, it is a fact that the Norman

Architects
FRANK J. FORSTER
R. A. GALLIMORE

Decorator
LURELLE GUILD

Landscape Gardener MARY RUTHERFURD JAY type of house has grown largely in popularity because of Mr. Forster's excellent designs in this style.

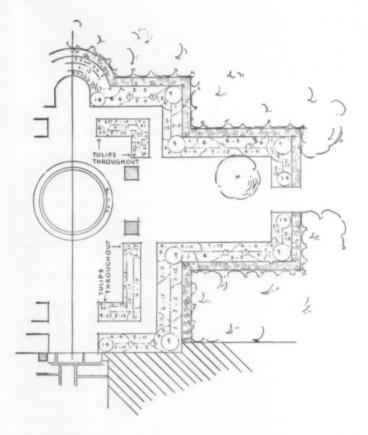
We then asked Mary Rutherfurd Jay to work out for us two planting plans for this house, one planting plan for the house if it is built south of the Mason-Dixon line, and another plan for the house as it would be in the North.

We gave the drawings of the house and Miss Jay's planting plans to Paul Windom, an architect who is familiar to readers of *The American Home* for the architectural research work he did for us in Europe last year, and asked Mr. Windom to model the house and grounds for us in clay.

And, lastly, we asked Lurelle Guild to give us some suggestions for the interior decoration of the house and to depict two of the rooms for our readers.

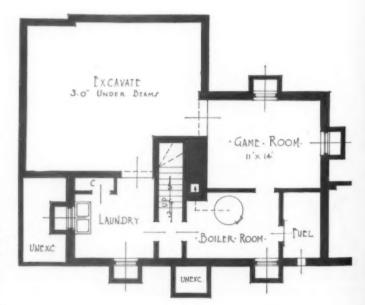
The results of these several enterprises are shown in the following four pages. The garden side of the house, painted in water colors by J. Floyd Yewell, is shown on the cover. On this page we shall merely try to give you a supplementary word picture of the house and grounds.

The architects' recommendations for the building itself are as follows: The walls to be of brick veneer on frame construction or on 6-inch hollow tile. Two coats of whitewash for walls and chimney. The quoins at the corners of the house and around the main entrance to be of bricks projecting half an inch from the rest of the wall. Common brick of uneven texture, the architects think, will make an interesting surface. The cornice is (Continued on page 336)



A general planting plan for the garden of the house on the opposite page is shown on page 315. Above is a detailed plan for half of the flower garden. The other half will be the same, reversed. The key to the numbers is on page 336

The excavaled portion of the cellar of our French provincial house is shown at the right. Stairs lead down from the kilchen to the laundry, boiler room, and game room. The estimated cubical contents of the house includes these rooms





The article on the facing page outlines the architects' specifications for this French provincial house designed for us by Frank J. Forster and R. A. Gallimore, architects. Referring to the floor plans, it will be seen that in the drawing of the house, above, the two small windows to the left of the front door are in the kitchen. The large window to the right is in the living-room. The round window to the left of the porch door is a decorative feature of the half-enclosed porch; the other round window is in the garage

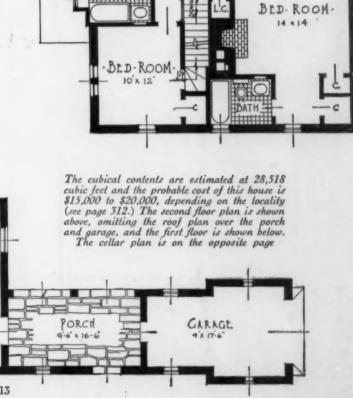
IN THE FRENCH MANNER

The house on the cover

DINING . ROOM.

VING . ROOM.

MAIDS ROOM



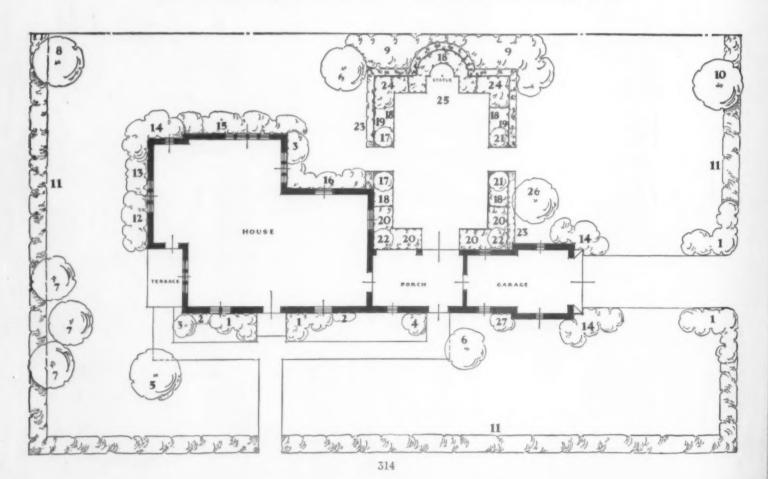
BID-ROOM

Roof



It is perhaps easier to grasp the proportions and mass of a house in a model than in a drawing. For that reason we had a model made of the house designed for us by Mr. Forster and Mr. Gallimore. Above is shown the front side of the house with the garage, at right, facing on a side street. We also had two planting plans

made, one for the house if built south of the Mason-Dixon line, the other for a northern garden. The planting plan for the southern garden, which is shown below, suggests the use of various trees, shrubs, and plants not commonly selected by southern landscape gardeners. The key to the numbers on the plan is on page 336

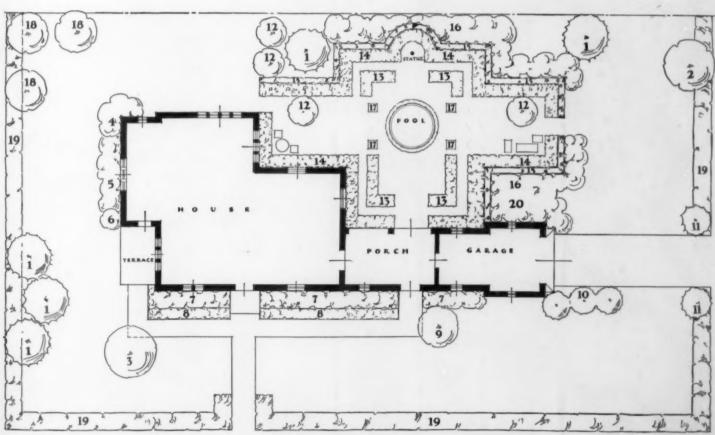




Above is shown the garden side of the model of our house as it would be on n 120 x 75 ft. corner lot. The pool is in the center. This side of the house is also shown in color on the cover of the magazine. The planting plan for a northern garden is shown below. As described in the article on page 312, the garden could be land-

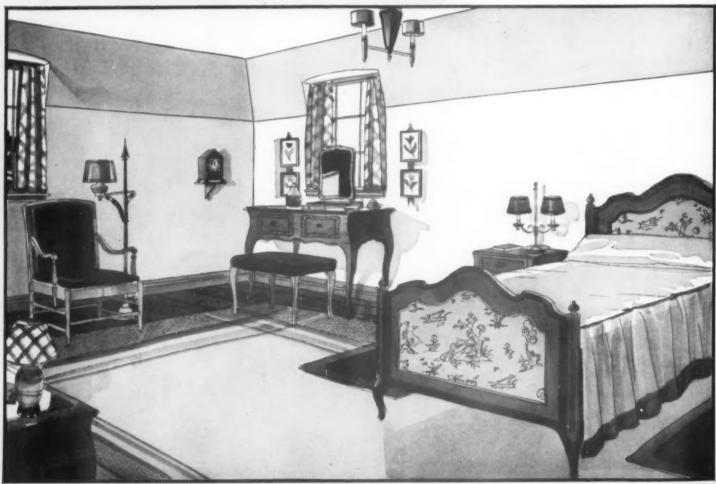
scaped in easy steps. First the trees, then the tall boundary hedge, next the low privet hedge, then the flower garden (a detailed plan of which is given on page 312) and finally the pool and statue. Chairs and tables are indicated on the plan in the corners of the perennial garden.

The key to the numbers is on page 336





Eurelle Guild, who designed and drew the accompanying sketches of suggested interior treatments for our French house, describes them as follows: The living room, at left, to have cream white plastered walls, walnut French provincial furniture and a blue and white color scheme, using della Robbia blue for the rug, the curtains in the cupboard, and the plaid covering of the armchair, which is blue and white. The settee cushions are a darker blue. The door into the hall, at the left, may be painted blue or stained. The fireplace is simply framed with heavy stones. The view of the master's bedroom, shown below, is taken from the corner formed by the junction of the bathroom wall and the fireplace. Mr. Guild suggests the following treatment for this room: The walls to be light green and the curtains to be two tones of green. The toile used on the French provincial bed has a green background printed with a brown-black design. The bedspread is green with a darker green border. Vermilion is used for the bedside lamp and chandelier and for the post of the bridge lamp, which has a parchment shade. The rug is tan with a wide green border. Walnut is again used for the furniture, this being the customary wood used in the French provincial style



Pottery with a past
—and a future

ELIZABETH H. RUSSELL

OSIAH WEDGWOOD was born on July 12, 1730, in Burslem, England, and the two hundredth anniversary of his birth will be celebrated this year during the week of May 18th to the 24th, at Stoke-on-Trent. Here will take place daily historical pageants, and visitors will have the opportunity of seeing exhibitions, both of the modern pottery and

of a loan collection with beautiful examples of old Wedgwood, including some sent by Queen Mary from Windsor Castle. On the quaint memorial tablet designed by Flaxman, in the parish church, visitors may read: "Josiah Wedgwood converted a rude and inconsiderable Manufactury into an Elegant Art, and an important part of National Commerce."

Josiah was the son of Thomas Wedgwood, and one in a long line of a family who had been potters in the Staffordshire district all during the seventeenth century, so he came naturally by his love for his craft.

In Miss Eliza Meteyard's interesting history of Wedgwood's life, a charming picture of his childhood is drawn. The Wedgwoods were a self respecting and amiable family, with parents and children all singularly united. The small Josiah trudged daily, with his older brothers and sisters, seven miles to a school in a neighboring village, and in those walks there is no doubt that the beauty of the lovely English countryside was deeply impressed upon his sensitive and observant mind.

There he gathered honeysuckle and wild strawberries, blue convolvulus, ivy, holly berries, trailing vines, and autumn leaves, all of which appeared in his favorite designs later on. It is said that on a rough shelf in one of his father's working sheds Josiah had a childish collection of shells, surely prophetic of the future when so many of his lovely forms were based upon these curious and natural objects.

But when Josiah was only ten his father died, and he was immediately taken from school and apprenticed to his older brother, Thomas, who had taken over the management of the family business. Here he learned to "throw the clay," that is, shape it on the wheel, and from this humble start

in early childhood he progressed year after year to the pinnacle of his fame.

Examples of embossed Queensware, classic shapes with decorations of delicate grape vines on cream ware. (Photograph by Dana B. Merrill)

In 1752 he became manager of a small pottery at Stokeon-Trent, at a very moderate salary. Within the year, however, he had advanced to a most important position, for he became the junior partner of Thomas Wheildon, of Fenton Low, then considered the most skillful potter in Staffordshire. Many of Wheildon's apprentices became master potters but Wedgwood heads the list, and there is no doubt that this experience encouraged him to become a manufacturer on his own account.

In 1759 he took the Ivy House and works, at Burslem, and there turned out great quantities of the salt glaze and common green and yellow wares which were staple in the households of England, and found a ready sale. The salt glaze finish was discovered by accident, as a woman who was cooking salt pork in an unglazed vessel noticed that where the brine had boiled over the sides a glaze had been formed on the coarse pottery. From this humble beginning was developed the "salt glaze" which was popular in pottery making for many years.

After Wedgwood had added the Brick House works to his holdings, he labored to develop the cream color ware and, after many failures and great losses, he secured the beautiful lustrous ware which was one of his outstanding successes. In 1761 he gave a service of this to Queen Charlotte, who was so delighted with it that she allowed him to call it

"Queensware" in her honor, and in 1763 he was appointed Potter to the Queen. In 1773 Catherine of Russia ordered a "vast creamware service to bear views of British scenery," for use at Grenouillière, which formed a part of the palace at Tzarsko-selo, near St. Petersburg. The mark of a frog





Wedgwood's most famous achievement, a perfect reproduction of the Portland Vase. An outline of this vase is used for the Wedgwood trade-mark The great classic revival in England influenced the design of many of the Wedgwood vases. Figures and other decorations were put on by hand



"Prairie Flowers," a design made from an entirely American inspiration. The artist travelled to the West to see the spring wild flowers. (Photograph, Dana B. Merrill)



Josiah Wedgwood's portrait by Sir Joshua Reynolds, reproduced on a Queensware plate as a souvenir of the 200th anniversary of his birth

An attractive cream soup service of Wedgwood china, and flat silver in the new "Orchid" pattern showing the new long-handled Viande knife and fork. (Silver, International Silver Co.; photograph, Dana B. Merrill)

was to be painted on the under side of each piece as a distinguishing sign. This was one of the most famous dinner sets of the world. An interesting book, "The Imperial Russian Dinner Service," has been written about it by Dr. George C. Williamson.

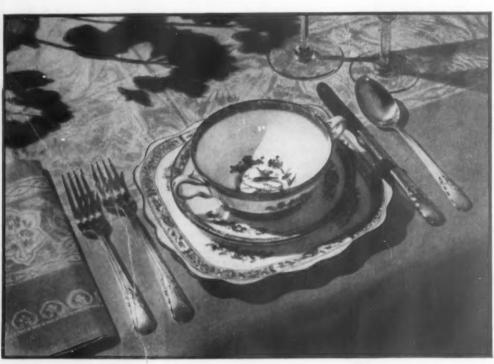
Another famous table service was made at the Wedgwood works when they carried out an order from President Roosevelt for a 1200-piece set to be used at the White House. The plates of this set are decorated in gold with a conventional border of stars and stripes, upon which, in a panel, is imposed the coat of arms of the United States in colors.

The beautiful Queensware, both plain and embossed, is still made at the Wedgwood potteries, and has always been a favorite on account of its lovely design as well as for its serviceable quality. In the embossed ware the delicately raised decorations, the tiny grape vines, and miniature figures of Greek origin are all put on by hand as they were in Wedgwood's day. The purity of the designs is due to the fact that many of them originated one hundred and sixty years ago at the time of the great classic revival in England.

AFTER Wedgwood had placed his manufacture of domestic products on a money-making basis, he turned his attention to the production of artistic wares. The intellectual world of his day was much excited over the discovery of Pompeii, and in the recovery of the wonderful painted vases from Italy, so it was natural that Wedgwood, always abreast with the times, and keenly interested in anything to do with his art, should have turned at once to these exquisite models for inspiration. Among the able artists who worked for him at this time is the great John Flaxman, R. A., who copied many of his designs from originals in the museums of Italy. These were often used in the cameos which were incorporated in the jewelry of the time, or in larger medallions which Robert Adam, the great architect, used as decorations in chimney pieces, and even occasionally in furniture. Collections of these miniature masterpieces were a popular fad of the day, and many of them are to be found now in great houses in England.

About 1754 a new form of printing on pottery was invented by Sadler and Green of Liverpool, and this roused Josiah Wedgwood's keenest interest. Perhaps it was on a tour to Liverpool to learn more about the new processes

that he met the man who was to become his partner and dearest friend, Thomas Bentley. Apart from his extremely happy marriage with his cousin, Sarah Wedgwood, this friendship with Bentley was the richest relationship of Wedgwood's life, and Bentley was the person to whom he ever turned for sympathy and understanding in all his ambitious undertakings. They entered into partnership in 1768, and this connection ended only with Bentley's death in 1780. Bentley was well educated, a handsome, courtly man, skillful in making social connections. When he took charge of the new venture, the salesrooms in Soho, London, their success was guaranteed from the start. The rooms became the rage and the rendezvous of quality and nobility, the sales increasing so rapidly that larger space had to be taken very shortly and the business (Continued on page 362)





Quite original is the decorative effect of designs cut from wallpaper and pasted on a mirror to be used over a mantel

Some unusual uses for wallpaper

Which have proved successful

PIERRE DUTEL

Sketches by Jack Manley Rosé



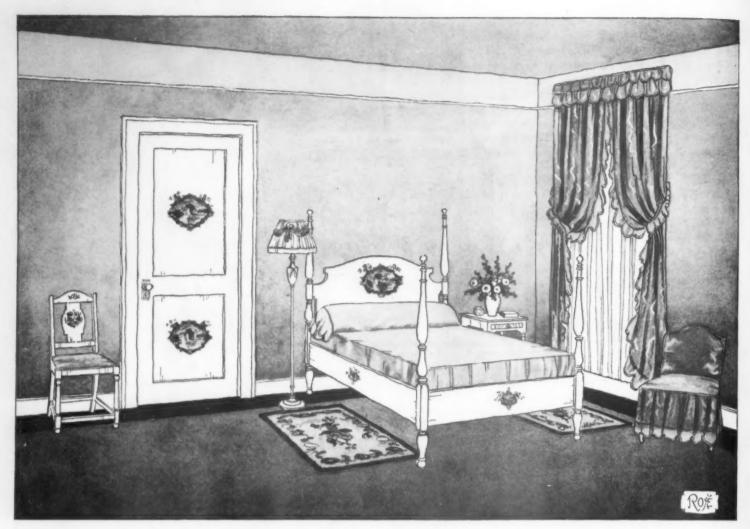
FEW unusual decorating ideas that I have seen successfully carried out are outlined in this article. None of them involves much outlay of money and all of them can be achieved by the housewife herself without the assistance of decorator or painter. In my experience as a decorator in New York, I have found that the most attractive effects are often produced by the simplest means. It is not always necessary to invest in period antiques or expensive hangings to redecorate successfully. Furniture reproduction and quantity manufacture of materials have achieved the positions of subsidiary arts. They should be cultivated by the housewife.

To begin with, in decorating or freshening up one's house there is nothing so helpful as wallpaper, whether it be to repaper a room and thus entirely alter the previous decorative scheme, or merely to do over some nook or corner and thus introduce a new note into the present scheme. With the modern excellent stock of wallpaper designs and the increasing number of ways in which they can be put to good decorating use, it is possible to achieve any number of de-

sired effects in very simple ways.

One suggestion is to make use of the border papers which have recently returned to the favor of decorators. To take a specific example: the walls of a certain room were repainted a soft gray-green and they were then divided, in proper proportions, into panels, by the use of an architectural border paper which comes by the yard already cut out. This particular border paper was in tones of gray and followed a well-known classical design. It was used to divide the walls into upper and lower panels and also to simulate a

A border paper in blue with narrow gilt band on each side and little rosettes of gold at intervals was used to outline the panels in this room. With the peach color walls and soft blue ceiling the effect is unusually dainty



The central pattern of a toile de Jouy paper was cut out carefully and used to decorate the painted furniture and door, lending charm and distinction to this room

chair rail around the room. A strong paste was used to fix it to the wall and then the entire wall was waxed and rubbed so that it became one harmonious surface ready for pictures, draperies, and other decorations.

This treatment is particularly good for halls and entrance foyers that are simple and formal in design. Where it is desirable to introduce more color and design into the wall surfaces, cut-out panels of marbleized paper can be inserted within the applied borders.

Another suggested application for border papers is to use them to outline the baseboard and cornice of a room

and then carry the borders up the wall in the corners to form an effective outline for each side of the room. Such a treatment is shown in the illustration on the preceding page. The walls were painted peach color. The ceiling was kalsomined a soft blue. Then a blue border with a narrow gilt band on each side and little rosettes of gold at intervals was applied to the wall as described above. The dressing table in this room was also treated with the same border paper. Strips of it were pasted on the flat wooden mirror frame of the dressing table (which is draped in peach silk) and a band of the same border was pasted underneath the glass top of the table.

Many of the loveliest of modern wallpaper designs are of the toile de Jouy type. These are especially suited to the purposes of the home decorator. Not only are they excellent for all-over room decoration, but they lend themselves to interesting transformations with scissors and paste-pot. One of the accompanying illustrations shows a room in which great success was achieved in this way. The central pattern of a toile de Jouy paper was used on the painted furniture in this room. The design was cut out and pasted on the back of a painted bed, and some chairs, and on the fronts of drawers in a little painted chest. The door panels were decorated, too. The final effect was charming.

I shall never forget the surprise and pleasure I experi-

enced some years ago in visiting a Western home which I had helped to decorate by correspondence. One difficult feature of this house was a hallway that had seven doors in it. Now doors are almost the hardest things to incorporate in any decorative scheme; too often they are merely rectangular blank spaces in an otherwise harmonious whole. What could one do, I wondered, to make anything of a hallway in which there were seven large doors! But how pleasantly was I surprised when I actually entered the house!

This hallway, which should have been a perpetual curse to the erring (Continued on page 366)



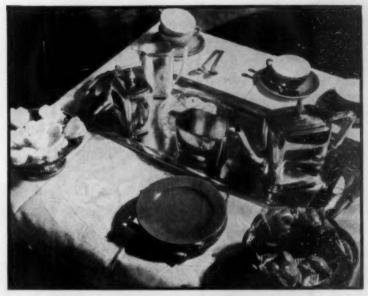
To hide an unattractive view of a yard or court it is possible to treat a window with wallpaper

Tempting tea time tables

MARGARET HARMON



A low tea table of Early American origin lends itself well to this pewter service. (Courtesy, R. H. Macy & Co.)



A service for tea after a bridge game. The sterling silver shown is particularly interesting for its smart modern lines. (Courlesy, Sterling Silversmith's Guild)

MERICANS are gradually losing the feeling that there is something effeminate about tea drinking. Gatherings on Saturday and Sunday afternoons now are apt to contain an increasing masculine quota. The American business man rarely takes time off during the week to include in tea sipping and the leisurely conversation which is its natural accompaniment, but business women who have short hours often find that a cup of tea and a chat make for pleasant relaxation after a hard day.

Tea parties are a delightful and facile way of entertaining, within reach of all. Dinner or luncheon parties require infinitely more preparation, and the problem of service must be considered when a large group foregathers. Self-service at afternoon tea is almost a fixed rule, and its preparation is a simple matter if one keeps the necessary supplies and appointments on hand. The informality of the intimate tea party is, of course, its chief attraction.

Tea in the living room requires, first of all, a table for the service. One of the living room pieces may be cleared for action or a card table may be set up and spread with a tea cloth. The shops abound in fascinating small tables that are quite adequate for two or three people. A low table which stands in front of the couch or easy chair where the hostess sits to pour is the vogue of the moment. This piece should, of course, be in keeping with the other furniture. Provincial French combines well in a room with Early American reproductions or antiques. Eighteenth-century English types nearly all (Continued on page 346)



Tea for two—with attractive china and equally attractive silver plate flatware (Courtesy, Stern Bros.)



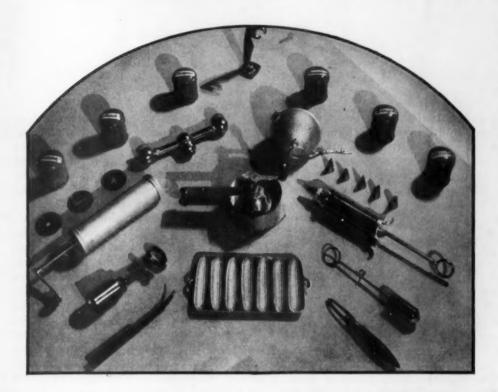
Rebele

A waterless cooker in the center surrounded by sturdy aluminum and steel utensils, a Dutch oven, double boiler, mixing bowl, accurate scales, automatic can opener, kitchen clock, knife sharpener, grapefruit snippers, and electric reamer. These all assist in the smooth running of the cultinary side of the household. (Courtesy, R. H. Macy & Co.)

FIRST AIDS TO HOUSEHOLD EFFICIENCY

Newcomers in the kitchen

DOROTHY STACEY BROWN



tables, and dessert. Only a small quantity of water is put in the cooker and as soon as the automatic vapor lid begins to click, the gas underneath may be turned down to a pin point and cooking will continue. An advantage of this cooker is that one may start a meal in it and leave it for hours, returning to find the food cooked perfectly.

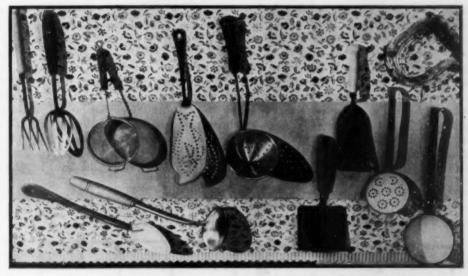
Rice is now boiled in a "grown-up" tea ball, with a short chain by which it may be suspended to drain, so that its contents are white, dry, and fluffy when taken out. New can openers tempt the modern housewife to make constant use of the variety of canned foods of excellent quality now on the market, since by clamping one of these ingenious openers onto her table, standing a can on it, and turning a screw, the top comes off neatly with all the sharp edges turned in. Fruit reamers are essential for the preparation of our daily quota of citrous juice, and vary from the inexpensive glass models to the more intricate ones with suction feet which keep them firmly on the table, and ending with the stately, laborsaving electric machine that is a boon in a large household.

An interesting kitchen miscellany of small but useful devices, each one well designed for its particular purpose. (Courtesy, R. H. Macy & Co.)

NYONE about to furnish a kitchen may be envied her task with all the new, useful, yet inexpensive equipment that beckons alluringly to her from every kitchen department. To achieve perfection, she must begin with the essentials, add a carefully chosen number of the ingenious devices that save time, temper, and labor, and finish with a few of the implements needed only occasionally. Then her housekeeping will be raised to a science, if not to an art.

She may start with several of the new pots and pans of indestructible steel which will prove an eventual economy, since these heavy, beautifully made pieces are guaranteed for a lifetime. They will not rust, burn, or be affected by vegetable acids, and they come in all conceivable shapes and sizes, including double boilers, mixing bowls, preserving kettles, frying pans, and even refrigerator dishes in which roasting or baking may be done and the food kept in the same dish and stored in the refrigerator until used.

Aluminum is as popular as ever, and just now more and more pieces are appearing in the extra heavy ware for waterless cooking. Triplicate pans, closely fitted together, make it possible



A few of the spoons, ladles, turners, and strainers which the well equipped kitchen should possess. A pastry mixer is in the upper right hand corner. (Courtesy, Gimbel Bros.)

to cook three foods over one burner and permit the housekeeper to keep her fuel bill down. Self-basting skillets and Dutch ovens which roast and braise on top of the stove are very satisfactory, but most wonderful of all is the cooker in which it is possible to prepare a whole meal at once over one burner. It contains pans and racks for meat, vege-

For the preparation of our other daily appetizer, the grapefruit, there are various types of stainless steel knife—one with double edges like miniature saws, one with a two-pronged blade with which to remove seeds, and to complete the job, a strong corer that snips out those tough centers with great dispatch. Knife (Continued on page 368)

The costs of building a house

JULIUS GREGORY, A. I. A.



The house (and, below, the floor plans) designed by Mr. Gregory as the model for this series of articles

MODERN system of plumbing is so different from the old style plumbing that there is little comparison between them. The layout of a modern plumbing system arranges the skeleton of pipes and fixtures in such a way that every part of the system can be easily reached for repairs. This necessitates access doors in some cases at the head of the bath tubs, particularly when the bathrooms are tiled. These access doors can be either in a

closet or in the wall of the adjoining room. The pipes in the plumbing system are installed after the framework of the building is up and frequently timbers must be cut to allow pipes to pass. It is essential, therefore, to guard against the cutting of any timbers which would weaken the framework. Sometimes skilful planning is required to reduce the cutting of timbers to a minimum.

The first consideration in the plumbing installation is the lead-in from the city water main. A permit has to be obtained to tap the city main and the lead-in pipe should be either brass, lead, or galvanized wrought iron. In some cities where the water pressure is excessive, it must be reduced

by placing a pressure regulator on the water supply pipe just inside the cellar wall. This is necessary because it is not wise to have the plumbing system under a constant high pressure. In this manner water enters the pressure regulator under high pressure and flows out the other end under reduced pressure, the reduction being accomplished by a system of springs and levers inside the regulator. These can

be regulated by adjustments to deliver water at any number of pounds pressure from forty down to twenty-five pounds. The size of the water supply pipe from the street into the house is sometimes limited by the regulations of the local water company. Some water companies limit the size of the lead-in pipe to 1", but once the pipe is inside the building it may be connected to a larger pipe if desired.

When the water supply has been brought into the cellar,

it is carried along walls or ceilings to the various basement fixtures, then up through floors and partitions to the floors above. The sizes of pipes vary to meet the requirements of the particular fixtures, for instance: laundry trays need a 3/1 pipe; sinks, a ½" pipe; bath tubs, a ¾" pipe; showers, a 1" pipe; wash basins, a ½" pipe; water closets, a 1" pipe; and if flushometers are used, 14" and 1" to hose bibbs on the outside of the house. Various shut-offs should be arranged in the basement in the different lines of water supply pipes so that one branch may be shut down for repairs without disturbing the supply of water to other branches. All pipes must pitch back to these. A main valve should be provided

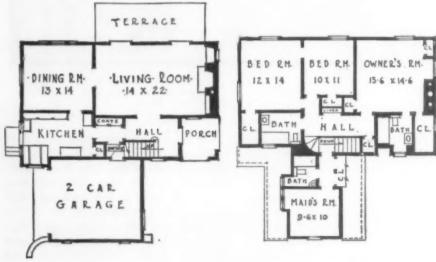
just inside the cellar wall to shut off the entire supply. Each bathroom should have a separate shut-off. These valves should be arranged conveniently in the basement, each one tagged with a metal tag and labeled so that in emergency one can go to the cellar and quickly shut off any line. Also these valves should be provided with a drain so that when the lever handle of the valve is turned it shuts off the supply

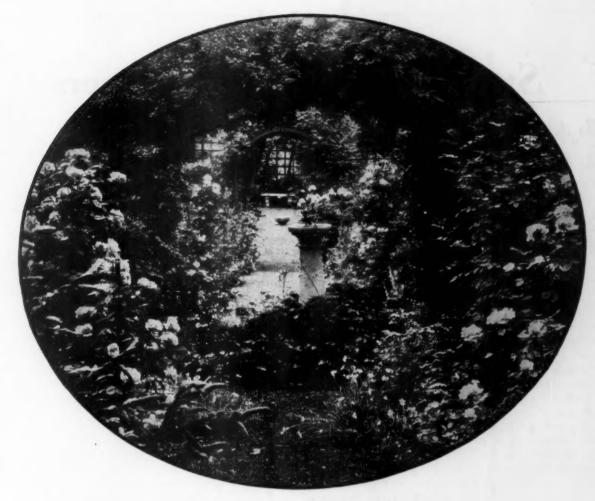
of water and at the same time allows all the water contained in that pipe line to drain out through a hole in the side. Where the location of pipes would indicate there is danger of freezing, they should always be protected by pipe covering consisting of felt or some other insulating material. Hot water pipes should always be covered. Water piping installations are made with brass, copper, copper tubing, steel, or wrought iron. Sometimes galvanized iron is used on the cold water lines.

In addition to the cold water supply, it is necessary to run a corresponding system for the hot water. The owner should always insist that what is known as the circulating system be employed. This consists of a small pipe returned from the highest section of the hot water riser back to the boiler. Thus a loop (Continued on page 348)

Editor's Note

Mr. Gregory, who is a well-known architect of New York, designed for The AMERICAN HOME a house that can be built in four ways: in wood, stucco, brick, or stone. The first article in this series (this is the fourth) outlined the specifications for the house. Contractors' estimates showed that it would cost \$17,000 to build in stucco in the neighborhood of New York. Subsequent articles enlarged on the specifications and described the variation in cost caused by the use of other materials. This month Mr. Gregory gives the full details of the plumbing and heating systems intended for this model home.





Roses reward the gardener with luxuriant bloom in proportion to the thought and the careful attention that is expended upon them

Keeping in step with the Roses

LAURA MARK BRAYTON

T ALWAYS seems a pity to me that the rose season comes so comparatively early in the gardening year. After the great late June and early July display of rose bloom is past, most of our gardens are never so lovely. There seems to be a zest and urge to the gardener in the early summer to bring his Roses to perfection; and even though the Hybrid Teas produce the entire summer, more or less continuously, the magical desire wanes a bit after the first luxuriant bloom.

We grow our Hybrid Perpetuals a little differently from the prescribed rules of most rosarians, but we have been especially successful with them and the bushes are very prolific of bloom. When the plants are uncovered in the early spring we cut off all weak side shoots and dead or broken branches. We then cut back the plants to about three feet and tie them as tightly as possible to stakes

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of the same height. Experts say the flowers will not be large unless the cut back is severe, but I do not find that to be so. My Roses throw out blooming shoots all up and down the three-foot bushes, completely covering the stakes and I defy anyone to have larger, more perfect or more profuse flowers on good long stiff stems than I have here.

or tended. We uncover our bushes early—before they have a chance to start growing under their winter covering. They are all gone over and dead wood is removed. Climbers are tied securely to arches, arbors, and stakes. The Hybrid Teas and the Polyanthas are severely pruned to about nine inches. All are well fertilized with bone meal, wood ashes, and old cow manure if available. When the buds form, we dig a trench around each bush about three

inches from the main stem and sprinkle in some nitrate of soda—about two tablespoonfuls for a large bush and half as much for a small one. This is covered with earth and if there is no rain within twenty-four hours, the hose must be applied and the tonic washed to the roots.

Be sure in this month of June, and the succeeding ones, to keep your Roses free from green aphis by spraying with Black leaf 40 to which some soap chips have been added to make the fluid spread more freely. Regular applications of Massee dust will eliminate black spot; and be sure to keep watch for green worms and rose bugs. We have been particularly fortunate here in Central New York in never having had a rose bug! I never have even seen one, to my knowledge, and hardly dare say so as I am afraid they may arrive at any time. (Continued on page 368)

Staking tall growing flowers

Skillfully done with inconspicuous supports it is an art that simulates nature

C. R. OESTERLEIN

HE use of plant stakes may be regarded as a necessary evil, but I prefer to classify it among the arts which conceal art and strive to simulate nature.

A flower garden, all neatly staked and carefully tied, with every stake showing and every knot in evidence, may be an indication of conscientious care but it is certainly not "a lovesome thing"—neither is one in which nature has been entirely unaided. Plants, blown and broken by wind, beaten down by rain, bent by blooms too heavy for frail stalks, mutely cry out for help; and when it is really necessary, help should be given.

Often the need for staking can be obviated by correct planting, however. This is notably true of Gladiolus and Lilies, to give two examples that come most readily to mind. If the bulbs of these plants are put deeply enough into the soil, the flower stalks, even when tall, will not require support. In the case of Lilies, it is particularly desirable to eliminate the use of stakes, since a gentle swaying is an essential element of the charm of these garden beauties.

But there are many flowering plants which, however correctly planted, require some support. For this purpose a number of materials may be employed and care should be taken to use the kind most appropriate to each need.

Tulips, especially the tall Darwins and Breeders, often need a little support and this is best supplied by placing bits of twiggy brush among them. The Tulip leaves conceal the twigs, and no string or tying of any sort is necessary.

For taller plants, that are not too heavy, bamboo canes, stained green, have been found quite satisfactory. A stake of this sort should always be placed in back of the plant and close to its main stem which should be tied to the support with green string. The foliage of the plant and the inconspicuous color of the staking material combine to render the support actually invisible. Sometimes, in the case of large clumps (such as Delphinium or Anchusa italica) several bamboo canes may be needed. These should be placed in an arc in back of the clump, the cord knotted firmly around each stake in turn and then brought loosely around the entire clump.

Also excellent for plants of this character are the readymade wire supports which consist of an upright wire and an attached wire loop. In fact, these stays (which come in various sizes and are adjustable both as to height and size of loop) are the most adaptable of all staking materials and are, of course, by far, the most durable. Given a coat of paint occasionally, they last for years. These wire supports are particularly useful for bushy perennials of a somewhat loose and straggling habit of growth. The vertical wire holds the plant upright, and the loop serves to keep the clump pleasantly compact and yet allows it to spread enough to appear desirably unrestrained. Covered by foliage and flowers, the wire is extremely inconspicuous.

Heavy tall plants, such as Chrysanthemums and Holly-

hocks, often require a stronger support. For them the tapering green-painted wooden stakes should be chosen but never those which, for some unknown reason, are white-tipped. No amount of skill can conceal their offensive conspicuousness and artificial effect.

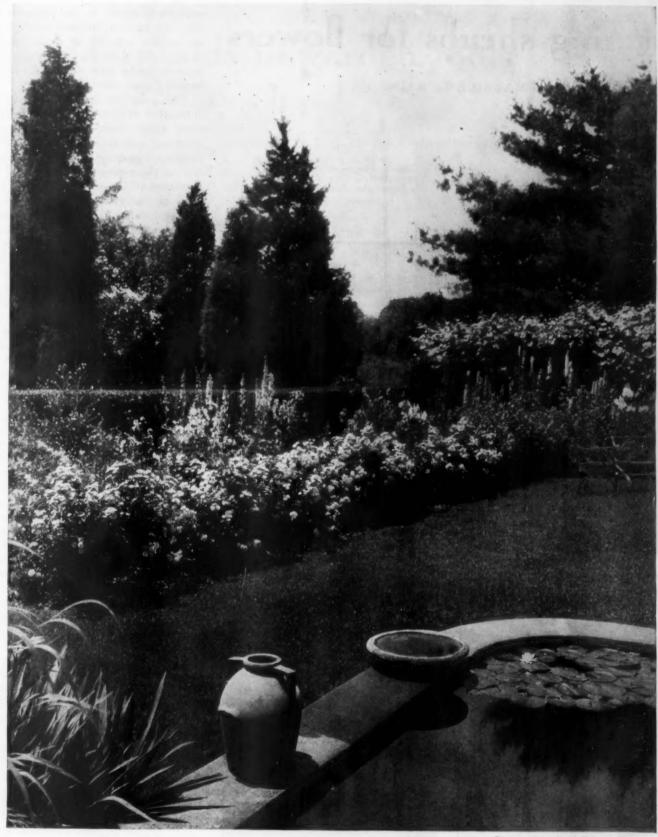
A problem of a unique sort occurs in the case of Sweetpeas, for here it is impossible to conceal the support since it must be in place and ready to function when the vines are only an inch or two high. But, happily in this instance, the question is not primarily an aesthetic one since Sweetpeas, dainty though they are, lend themselves but little to garden design. Grown in rows in the cutting garden, or even introduced among the humbler denizens of the vegetable patch, they are happily at home, and it matters little whether the support to which they cling is itself decorative or not. The one most commonly used is chicken wire, yet it is, perhaps, the least satisfactory support for Sweet-peas. In days of intense heat, the wire becomes hot, and scorches and shrivels the delicate tendrils by which the vines cling. What does it avail us then that the roots of the Sweet-peas are deeply entrenched in cool moist soil and the ground is protected from the sun's rays by a mulch of grass clippings if the flowering-vines, for whose sake we have seen to all this, are seared by the support we have provided? Better than wire is hempen netting stretched between sturdy posts. Its disadvantages are that it tends to sag, and hence the uprights must be close together and, after a season's exposure to sun and rain, it is likely to have rotted and must be discarded. Best of all for Sweet-peas is brush arranged in a row to form a close and compact support, for brush possesses merits both practical and artistic. It is always cool, its irregularities provide encouraging foothold for the clambering vines and its natural effect harmonizes well with the character of Sweet-peas. Indeed, a background of brush actually enhances their simple and homely charm.

Whatever staking material is used, one precept must be borne in mind—the stake must never be as tall as the plant it supports. Sometimes, in fact, even in the case of tall plants, a stake, two or three feet in length, will be sufficient to keep the plant upright even in stormy weather. Perennial Asters and Boltonias are plants of this type. If well supported for about a third of their height, the flowering top will spray out with careless grace giving an effect of luxuriance and airiness which taller staking would prevent. It is in this connection that the wire contrivance—and there are several on the market—is so suitable.

The method of tying also may require a word of explanation. The string should always be tightly knotted about the stake, to prevent slipping, then brought loosely around the plant and tied in back close to the support. Both in the interest of efficiency and appearance the tying should be nearer the base than the top of the plant. If more than one tying is needed, the lower one should, of course, be tighter than the upper.

In staking, as in all other branches of the art of gardening, skill develops with practice, but, in conclusion, two guiding principles may be stated: The supporting stake or wire must always be strong enough and deeply enough embedded in the ground to fulfill its function of being useful; and it must, as far as possible, be rendered invisible as,

in no case, can it be ornamental.



Photograph by Mattie Edwards Hewitt

TALL FLOWER STALKS
HARMONIZE WITH THE TREES

n

Spires of tall growing flowers lend much to the garden picture, but often they need a little encouragement in the way of a support. This support must be rendered invisible, if possible, as it can never be ornamental

Pruning shrubs for flowers

MAURICE G. KAINS

Forsythia flower buds are not protected by green leaves, nor are they developed on green shoots. Flowers open before the leaves appear Weigela blooms on tips of short leafy shoots arising from dormant buds that were formed the previous summer and fall









Redbud has naked flowers like Forsythia, nestling closely to the trunk and branch of the bush, and almost invisible in winter time

Quince is like Weigela in making bloom as shown above on the tips of short new green growth of the current season

HEN you are told that "the proper time" to prune your shrubs varies with each shrub do not imagine that you will have to become familiar with an endless amount of detail, for the principle is so simple that you can boil it down into a terse rule, easily remembered: Prune after blooming!

The principle has to do with the formation of the flower buds and the time these buds burst into bloom. Without exception, the blossom buds that open in early spring are developed during the previous summer and kept dormant all the winter. Some of them, such as Forsythia and Spice-bush, are so conspicuous that you can recognize every one. You may even pick them out in late summer or before the leaves drop in the fall. Others, for instance, Weigela and Mockorange (Philadelphus), that blossom later in spring, you cannot determine so easily, though observation during the spring will show you that they appear either at the ends or along the sides of short green growing shoots. The buds which develop into these shoots were also formed during the previous summer.

FURTHER observation during the blooming season will show you that the majority of the flowers are borne on the outsides of bushes near the tips of the branches where they get most air and light. From all this you will correctly conclude that not only do all spring blooming shrubs carry their blossom buds over winter but also that every time you cut off a stem, especially one which is well branched and twiggy, you reduce the numbers of buds that would bloom in due season.

You can see also that when the "peripatetic pruner" in spring barbers a bush to any set form, he destroys the very parts that you grow the bush for—the parts that bear flowers! In other words, the more you prune during the dormant season, the fewer flowers you get! As the great majority of flowering shrubs bloom in spring or early summer you see that your disappointment will increase in proportion to the number that you abuse by pruning while they are dormant.

Though at first glance the small minority of shrubs that blossom between June and October may seem to belong with the spring and early summer kinds that produce their flowers on short green shoots, they properly constitute a little class by themselves, for though they do produce their flowers on green shoots, you can and should cut them back more or less while they are dormant or just as their buds begin to swell. This will (Continued on page 390)

Modern aids in garden tools

ADOLPH KRUHM

ARDENING came later than farming. Farming being a matter of quantity production, tools were developed to cover a maximum of ground in minimum time. When someone created the first garden, he made it with the handiest farm tools, and the same type of tool is still in use!

Some of those farm tools become a real garden menace in the hands of the inexperienced. It is one thing to hoe a potato patch. To manipulate the same hoe in a garden full of diversified crops is a different matter. And small, indeed, is the number of gardeners familiar with the widely varying root systems of different garden crops.

The home gardener must recognize four very distinct types of root. This applies to vegetables and flowers alike. In one group we find distinctly elongated or so-called tap roots; in ananother, fine, fibrous, compact root sys-

tems. The third and by far the largest class presents a combination of the other two, having both tap roots and fibrous lateral roots in a greater or lesser degree. A fourth

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class brings us distinctly bulbous or fleshy roots such as we find in Gladiolus, Tulips, etc., with any fibrous roots extending down below. These we need not consider here at all, because cultivation of this class is simply a matter of adequate surface tillage.

Using a few of the more popular vegetables and flowers as an illustration and calling the first three groups, Class A, B, and C respectively, here is an example as to how to classify the various groups in your mind:



A comparison of the original type of agricultural rake with the newer small garden size. Similar pairs to right and left

roots in a greater lesser degree. A four

A modern lawn broom that really is a rake with





Class A (Tap roots)—Beet, Carrot, Radish, Snapdragon, Lupin, Oriental Poppy.

Class B (Fibrous)—Celery, Cucumber, Tomato, Marigold, Cosmos, Delphinium.

Class C (Combination)— Corn, Egg Plant, Lettuce, Iris, Peony, Aster.

Class A appreciates tillage to a depth of three or four inches. Class B needs hilling, partly to provide support for the plants (Marigold and Comos),

partly to keep any disturbance away from the roots (Cucumbers, Tomatoes). Class C cannot be dealt with in such general fashion. However one rule is absolutely safe: Do not hoe within the circle created by the foliage spread of the plants. If any closer weeding has to be done, use a short-toothed scratch weeder or small rake. Corn and other tall growing vegetables and flowers in this class should be supported by hilling.





Long rooted weeds like Dandelion and Dock call for a special tool that will remove not cut off the root

For every score of cultivated plants every garden holds a hundred weeds. They vary widely in their habits of growth and mode of multiplying.

Some scatter seeds and then die, leaving many offspring to carry on the war of invasion. Some of these, like Pigweed (Amaranthus), develop so rapidly that, if undisturbed, three generations will bloom and go to seed in one season.

Another group, far more difficult to combat, spreads seeds, develops formidable roots which are perfectly hardy and survive the winter as Perennials. The best known offenders in this class are the Wild Carrot, the Dandelion, and Dock. A third class also spreads seeds, but in addition multiplies by division of the plant. Chopped or broken off parts of plants take root and become new plants. Purslane is the worst of this type. And still another group multiplies by spreading roots which send up new shoots in all directions. Mint is an example.

OBVIOUSLY no single method of eradication can be used and no single tool can successfully assail the varied horde. Fortunately, tool manufacturers are constantly at it, developing special tools that will enable even a novice to weed and cultivate with safety. Besides the three tools needed in garden making, spade, rake, and hoe, we now have a vast number designed especially for keeping garden and grounds in order. It is about these (Continued on page 572)



Annuals, mostly in blue and shades of yellow and gold, planted among the bulbs will solve the problem of flowers for late summer and fall

Gaiety in the fall garden

LAURA MARK BRAYTON

IFFICULT to achieve this season? Not a bit! On the contrary, this is the easiest achievement of our whole place—this follow on effect of abundant bloom in the fall where the spring bulbs were. The dominant colors are blue and gold.

This little garden is a small plot about thirty-five feet by fifty feet in size. It is surrounded by a hedge of Honeylocust kept to the height of two feet. And, by the way, the foliage of this hedge rivals the Maidenhair fern for beauty in use for foliage effects with flowers. Sweet-peas are especially attractive surrounded by the tender green of the Locust and all flowers look well in its company.

JUST inside this hedge is a three-foot border. At the back of this border we have a row of Helenflowers (Helenium) which to me are most attractive in late summer, are wonderful for picking, very hardy, and altogether useful. There are four good varieties which we grow here: Helenium autumnale superbum, all yellow; Riverton Beauty, yellow with a dark brown center or cone; autumnale rubrum and Riverton Gem, both of which have reddish bronze flowers of wonderful texture. They look like rich dark velvet. Each stalk that comes up in the spring is sure to bear a large bunch of flowers and their season of bloom is long. They must be staked and tied loosely as they grow between five and six feet and are easily laid low by wind and rain. The bronze varieties do not seem to increase quite as fast as the others.

Each corner of this border has a good clump of White Mugwort (Artemesia lactiflora), a tall plant the foot long flower heads of which are studded with creamy-white pearls that last a long time in bloom. Every three feet, in front of these plants, I have a clump of Delphinium. While their main bloom is over before this plot is at its height of loveliness, the second blooming gives us many a blue spire in late summer and fall. I have tried several years to have the much lauded Blue Salvia bloom with these late fall things but have finally given up as only in a very late fall will it bloom at all in my northern New York climate, and then it blooms only sparingly.

The remainder of this border is filled with orange and lemon African Marigolds, blue Cornflowers, blue Lupins, and showy Coneflower (Rudbeckia speciosa) with clumps, here and there, of Goldband, Tiger, Orange and Batemann Lilies. The annual blue Lupins are exceptionally good with the African Marigolds, and have a remarkably long season of bloom if the seed pods are persistently removed. The dark blue is better than the lighter shade, but both are pretty. This border has an edging of Dwarf Marigolds planted six inches apart. These as well as all the Annuals are started indoors in March to give a longer period of bloom.

The four tiny beds each have a pyramidal Juniper, the prettiest of the evergreens, I think.

The four beds running east and west are filled with Calendulas, one color to a bed, Orange King, Golden King, Lemon King, and Meteor. Orange King and Golden King are very similar, but as I use more of this shade for picking than any other, I do not mind too much.

Two of the larger beds are filled with the newly developed handsome Zinnias, one bed with Oriole, the other with Canary Bird. The other two large beds are filled with the intermediate Snapdragons Hallmark Salmon and Golden Monarch, one variety to a bed. These do very well for me—each plant a bouquet in itself. We stake them when they need it, give several doses of dry sheep manure during the season, and cultivate continuously.

ALL beds are bordered with Blue Perfection Ageratum of which I can never have enough. It makes a lovely bright border and is indispensable for cutting and combining with other flowers. Its only fault is that it forms seed pods rather quickly and these must be removed to keep it looking tidy and shipshape. I wish someone would evolve a pink edging plant as good and as attractive.

All these Annuals will bloom until exhausted or until frost cuts them down. and make a delightful, bright spot from the end of July on.

For early spring effect these beds were bordered with Tulips, both early and late, each two beds alike. The early Tulips are Coleur Cardinal, Hobbema, Boule de Niege, and Murillo; the late ones, Dream, Milicette, Beethoven, and Fiancee. It is a very simple matter to set the Annuals after the Tulips are gone without disturbing the bulbs at all. The Annuals are all set a (Continued on page 360)

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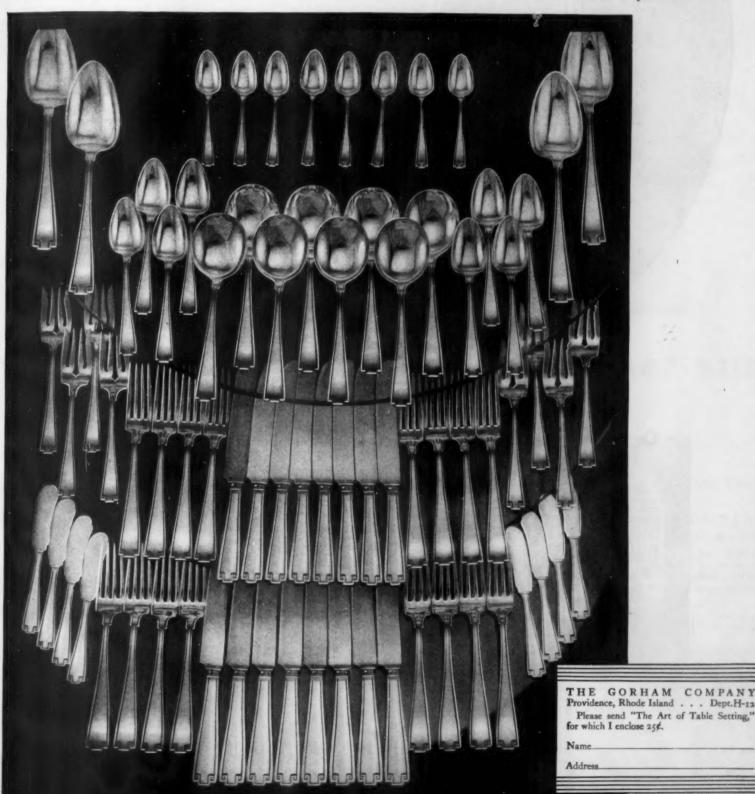
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Arches and arbors

H. ROSSITER SNYDER

As hrine in the garden, a stopping place where we are to pause, listen, and look at the smiling, breathing, gently-perfumed glories of our landscaped plot the arbor often has a practical use. It is not a house with a light-proof roof, but rather a suggestion only of shelter.

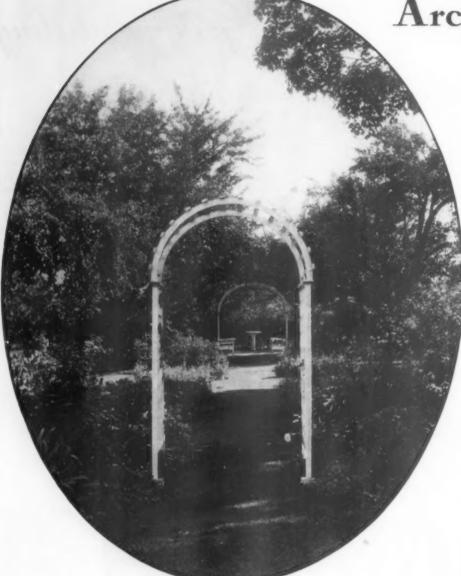
Location, pattern, and size are important considerations. As far as the according to the stopping of the

portant considerations. As far as the actual construction is concerned, very excellent ones can be made by home talent, but it is usually easier to buy the factory-made kind.

Arches may be used at entrances to main-axis garden paths, or on some of the cross paths, and used as supports for perennial flowering vines.

As a rule the choicest location for our garden shrine is that which will give it the effect of an altar in some cathedral whose columns are trees and whose walls are foliage and banked flowers.

Scores of pleasing patterns have been designed. Your possible choice starts with the simple, lattice-panelled arch, always graceful, and advances through various stages of complication to projects so complex and elaborated as to fit only in elaborately designed areas. You may build with finished lumber, planed on all four sides, and ultimately painted white or cream color; or you may prefer to use the good creosote shingle stains, instead of paint, in cases where it is (Continued on page 570)



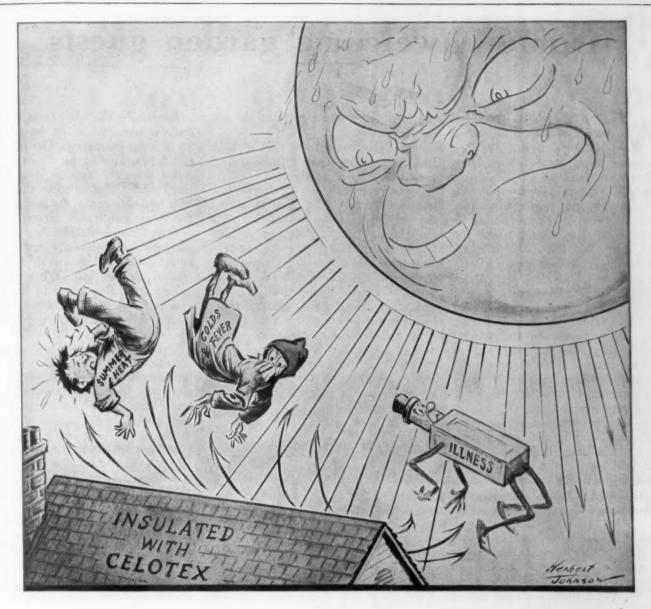
The arches give perspective and depth to this informal garden. Block them out and see the marked difference!



The two lower photographs explain the details of the arches shown at top of page. Uprights set in concrete



A place to rest awhile, from which also to contemplate the garden features



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Some unwelcome garden guests

By E. BADE

IREWORMS are the larvae of the click-beetles, those peculiar beetles which, when placed on their back, snap into the air and turn over, right side up as they land. They are about one inch in length and vary from a pale yellow to a dark brown and usually spend a number of years in the larval stage under the ground. They eat the roots of many plants—Pansies, Asters, grains, Potatoes, etc.

Since the potato is eagerly sought by these grubs, the smaller garden plot may be freed from their infestation by placing cut potatoes on the ground and collecting the wireworms that have come to the feast.

The tarnished plant-bug, brassy brown marked with black and yellow, is found everywhere on many kinds of plants—nursery stock as well as ornamental plants and cultivated crops. It is a chief offender in the destruction of the flower garden since it will attack and injure such plants as Marigold, Saffron, Aster, Dahlia, Zinnia, and Chrysanthemum.

This is a sap sucking insect and since it does not remain stationary for very long it is almost useless to spray the beetle. The best thing is to spray for the nymph and the young bug with nicotine sulphate solutions. In addition, all weeds and trash that may serve as hibernating places should be removed. These bugs will not remain over winter in a clean garden.

The cutworm cuts off the young growing plants near or just below the surface of the ground, and if control measures are not taken at once, little hope for the saving of the crop can be expected. Cutworm activity begins with the young seedlings and it continues until early July. The injury is done by the caterpillar of a grayish or brownish moth which can be seen by the hundred around electric lights at night during the summer. Anywhere from two to five hundred eggs are laid and these hatch during the fall. The caterpillars hibernate and emerge again in spring. They feed at night and so are seldom seen for they are from half to

one inch below the surface of the soil during the day.

The best control is poison bait. Individual collars of paper placed around the plants will protect them.

Striped cucumber beetle, striped yellow and black, is the greatest enemy not only of the Cucumber, but also of the Melon, Squash, Pumpkin, and related plants, eating the leaves of both young and old plants and even destroying the fruit. The larva tunnels within the underground parts of root and stem. In addition, the cucumber beetle is a carrier of plant diseases.

Several methods of control are available, the simplest one being a poison spray. Tobacco and lime dusts are effective sprinkled on the soil and plant when moist. To a great extent, this prevents egg laying.

called, does the damage by defoliating the bushes. The sawflies deposit the eggs into slits cut in the leaf and when the young hatch, the larvae begin to devour the foliage. The slug is yellowish green and feeds only on the surface layer of the leaf tissue so that the veins remain on the leaf. When fully developed, the slug drops to the ground and enters it to pass its resting stage. This is followed by the appearance of the mature sawfly.

One successful method of control is with poison spray. A very strong

Rose slug-The adult form is a sawfly

and, as such, it cannot be controlled

for it is far too active. The more slug-

gish larva, or slug as it is commonly

One successful method of control is with poison spray. A very strong stream of water applied to the plant, especially the foliage, throws the slugs some distance from the plants where

Rose beetle (rose chafer) has a voracious appetite and although it primarily attacks the Rose, is also partial to the Grape, Apple, Plum, Cherry, and Peach. Leaves, flowers and even the young fruit are taken. Then, too, such ornamental plants as Spirea, Deutzia, and Hydrangea as well as Dahlia, Peony, and Hollyhock fall victim to it. The beetle is yellowish brown and measures only about one third of an inch in length.

Roses are in bloom and remains for about six weeks. During this time, and even before its appearance, it is well to use a poison spray on all plants that are attacked. The old-fashioned remedy of picking the beetles off by hand in the small home garden is also of service.

Strawberry rootworm, or leaf beetle, does its damage in the two active stages of its life, first as the grub or larva, and the second as the adult or beetle. It attacks such diversified plants as Strawberry and Raspberry, Apple and Peach, Black Walnut and Butternut, and various kinds of Roses.

The beetle eats the green parts of the plant, leaves, young flowering buds, and even green bark of twigs which are often girdled. The (Continued on page 394)



Wireworms are young click-beetles



Tarnished plant-bug visits all kinds of shrubs and herbaceous plants



Cutworms, working at night, cut off many newly set out plants



Cabbage worm comes from the common white butterfly and eats almost anything



Rose slug attacks the leaves, where the eggs are laid, skeletonizing them



Striped cucumber beetle likes all plants of the Melon family and may carry disease too



Rose beetle (also visiting Peonies, Grapes, and fruit trees) is a well known nuisance



Strawberry root-worm is to be looked for in most vegetable plots and also on nut trees

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If you are planning to build, send for our free illustrated booklet, "Hardware for Utility and Ornamentation." You will find it interesting and instructive. Here is shown a Colonial rim lock authentically reproduced. A strap

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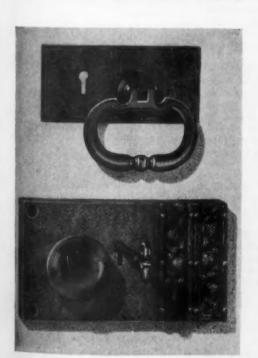
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For interior doors in the English residence, this Sargent rim lock is particularly appropriate. Adapted from an Elizabethan original, it is wrought of enduring bronse.



This interesting interpretation of English architecture is substantial, comfortable and, above all, livable. Seeburger & Rabenold, Architects, Philadelphia.

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I am interested in Modernizing. Send book on Modernizing and Reshingling and Pamphlet of Prize-Winners in the 1929 WEATHERBEST Home Modernizing Contest.

I enclose snapshot or photograph. Please make sketch to show possible changes.

Name..... Address.....

Complete from hearthrug to hedgerow

Continued from page 312

of brick, too, formed of two rows, projecting about one inch.

The roof, a very important feature of this house, should be of flat red clay shingle tile or a graduated thatch slate. It is, of course, steeply pitched since this is a characteristic of the French provincial style, and the attic space can be developed if small dormers are cut in above the other dormers, as shown in the model. The roof valleys of the dormer windows should be rounded.

The architects have carefully estimated the cubical contents of this house to be 28,518 cubic feet and they believe that in the New York area it would cost at least 70 cents a cubic foot to build according to their specifications. This would make the house cost \$19,962. As our readers know, estimating the probable cost of a house is very difficult. It depends on the location, the time, and the quality of materials employed. Such a house as this one might well cost 85 cents a cubic foot in the metropolitan area. On the other hand, if one skimped on quality, one might build it for much less. In practically every other part of the country it would cost less to build than in the New York area.

For the interiors of this house it is suggested that two coats of plaster be used for the walls, finished with a slightly uneven trowel surface. The interior woodwork may be stained or painted and the floor of the dining room and living room should be of vide oak boards, stained a dark brown. The other rooms may have

narrow oak floors.

The garden for the house if built in the north, and, of course, for the southern house as well, has been designed with the thought of providing an out-of-doors living room for the owners. It is, essentially, a garden to be lived in and enjoyed at leisure and not merely a place to walk through or for show. Space has been provided for tables and chairs where the dogwood trees will give a welcome shade to the visitor but not a deep enough shade to hurt the flowers. Hardy and simple plants, that will thrive and will not require frequent replac-

ing, have been used. If the owner does not wish to do all the planting required at once, which is often the case, the plan can be very successfully carried out in slow stages. The trees should be planted first and then the shrubs, beginning with the high hedge. The design of the garden should then be made by planting the low privet hedge and next the perennial beds and, perhaps a year later, the annual The pool can go in the next year, if necessary, although it would be wise to have the supply and drain-age pipes laid before the garden is started. The boxwood trees in the tubs and the statue will finish the garden. The statue will require a great deal of thought and must not be chosen hurriedly. Above all things, avoid cheap masonry or statuary in your garden. Choose a piece of sculpture that you know will be a feature that will give permanent delight.

On page 312 is shown one half of the planting plan for the flower garden. The other half, of course, will be exactly the same, merely re-

verse the plan. The first figure on the plan represents the quantity and the second the key number below:

Perennials

1-Boltonia latisquama

2—Digitalis gloxinaeflora

-Delphinium -Iris pallida dalmatica

-Goldband Lily

6—Lilium speciosum rubrum
7—Madonna Lily
8—Oriental Poppy Mrs. Perry
9—Peony Pride of Langport

10-Phlox Miss Lingard Phlox divaricata

12-Phlox Mrs. Milly van Hoboken

13-Pyrethrum roseum

14—Shasta Daisy 15—Sweet William Newport pink

16-Vinca

Annuals

17-Snapdragon, pale yellow

18-Annual Larkspur

19-Candytuft, giant variety

20-Marigold, dwarf 21-Marigold, tall

-Pansies

Petunias, white, double, fringed On page 314 is shown the planting

plan for the southern garden. The key to the numbers given there is as follows:

1-Pittosporum (Three)

Bigonia venusta (Two) Nerium oleander

Duranta plumieri

Cocos nucifera (20')

-Jacaranda ovalifola Cocos australis (10'-12')

8-Cocos australis

9-Hedge of Cocos Australis (4')

10—Cocos australis (15')

11-Hedge of Carissa acuminata

12-Hibiscus (Three) 13-Crotons (Seven)

14-Aralia balfouri (Three)

15-Hibiscus (Five)

16-Duranta plumieri (Three)

17-Allmanada neriifolia

Jasminum primulinum

19—Fuchsias

20-Plumbago capensis

21-Lantana

22-Tecoma capensis

23-Hedge of Carissa acuminata 24—Plumbago capensis (Three)

25—Yellow and white Callas all through back of border

26-Jacaranda ovalifolia (10') 27—Jasminum gracillimum

On page 315 is shown the planting plan for the northern garden. The key to the numbers given there is as follows:
1—White Pine

2-Elm

3-Elm, 30'

4-Philadelphus coronarius (Three)

Syringa vulgaris (Lilac) (Five)

Spirea vanhouttei

7-Berberis thunbergi 8—Pachysandra

9-Linden

10-Retinospora filifera (Three)

11-Spruce, 6'

12-Cornus florida (Dogwood)

13—Annuals

14—Perennials

15-Low Privet hedge

16-Viburnum dentatum (Ten)

17—Boxwood in tubs

18-Maple

19-Hedge of California Privet

20-Syringa vulgaris (Lilac) (Nine)

nting

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(Five)

Vine)

Glorious

"Mount
Vernon"

Now More

Last year "MOUNT VERNON," the home of George Washington, was painted with Outside Barreled Sunlight. Now it sparkles in the Virginia sun with new beauty... new distinction.

Stately

Monticello



BOTH FORMS OF BARRELED SUNLIGHT are sold in cans of all sizes, 5-gallon buckets and large drums. Extremely easy to tint with oil colors. Quantities of 5 gallons or over tinted to order at the factory without extra charge.

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Beautiful

"MONTICELLO," the stately home Thomas Jefferson designed with his own hand. Recently painted with Outside Barreled Sunlight, "Monticello" is now more attractive than ever.

THE historic estates of George Washington and Thomas Jefferson. Glorious old homes...famous for their dignified beauty. Now they are more attractive than ever. They fairly sparkle in the Virginia sun . . . brilliantly white . . . richly lustrous . . . painted with Outside Barreled Sunlight.

You can give the same distinction to your own home. The paint which has made Mount Vernon more beautiful...renewed the glory of Monticello... has added charm to thousands of fine private homes the country over.

Everywhere Outside Barreled Sunlight is acclaimed. Home-owners are delighted—their neighbors frankly interested. Every-

one calls it the whitest of all white paints.

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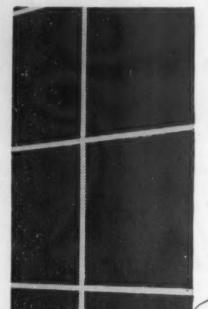
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State

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The finest window screens « you can buy



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No fall storing or spring hanging

Rolscreens, the modern conception of window screens, are attractively unobtrusive. There are no wide frames and a specially woven electro-plated "AluminA" (double life) wire is scarcely visible - a harmonious part of the windows.

> The performance of rolling up to completely disappear in the top of the windows fascinates the home owner with the realization that fall storing and spring re-hanging are no more. What a sav-ing of labor and expense! Rolscreens may be rolled away whenever the windows are closed.

The trade marked "Rolscreens" are the world's first successful rolling window screens and carry fifteen patented features that are most important to the opera-tion and life of the screens. For those who insist on the best, look for the trade mark » »

(Rolscreens)

Illustrated Rolscreen Booklet Mailed Upon Request

> ROLSCREEN COMPANY

389 Main Street Pella » » lowa

Fifteen Patented Features of Roiscreens are essential to practical rolling window screens.

A section through guide showing lug in selvedge of screen wire which prevents sagging. "A non-sagging" feature found only in Rolscreens. « « « FULLY GUARANTEED

Taking the ire out of fire

Continued from page 311

insured bears to 80 per cent of the actual cash value of said property at the time such loss shall happen."
"In other words," said the adjuster,

"unless you insure your building for at least 80 per cent of its value, you become a co-insurer and you are bound to bear a portion of the loss. Take your case, for instance. Your house is worth, you have said, \$10,000 and that, I believe, is a fair appraisal of its value. If you had insured the house for \$8,000 (that is, for 80 per cent of its value) you could not, in any case, get more than \$8,000 from the insurance company. Even if the house had burned to the ground that is all you could get. On the other hand, if the damage caused by the fire amounted to \$8,000 or less, you would get the full amount of your loss.

"But if you insure for less than 80 per cent of the value of the house, you become a co-insurer and the company does some mathematics to find out how much you are entitled to. The amount it has to pay you bears the same proportion to the amount of the loss, as the amount your house is insured for bears to 80 per cent of its value.

"In your case, the mathematics is easy. Your house is worth \$10,000. Eighty per cent of that amount is \$8,000. The damage caused by the fire amounts to \$4,000. The sum you are entitled to collect from the company is to \$4,000 as \$6,000 is to \$8,000. Six thousand is three fourths of \$8,000. Therefore, you are to get three fourths of \$4,000, or \$3,000."

Mr. Brown found this explanation very interesting, but he was not convinced until he consulted his lawyer, who told him that the adjuster's explanation of the 80 per cent average clause was correct, and then gave him some useful information about

fire insurance policies.
"Back in 1886," said Mr. Brown's lawyer, "a group of insurance men met to draft a Standard Insurance Policy for the State of New York. They did their job so well, that the policy they wrote was adopted not only by the state for which they had prepared it, but twenty-six other states adopted it as written, and many others with minor changes. In most of these states all insurance companies are required by law to use this policy. It is the policy under which our homes, our offices, our factories, and our personal property are insured. No legal document is of greater importance to more people than this New York Standard Fire Insurance Policy and every home owner ought to be acquainted with its terms.

This policy agrees to pay to the insured, in case of loss by fire, an amount, not greater than:

(a) the amount of the policy (b) the actual cash value of the damaged property at the time of the loss, proper allowance being made for

depreciation or (c) the actual cost of repairing or replacing the property and, with two exceptions, not less than the smallest

of these three amounts. One of these exceptions is the 80

per cent average clause. This clause is not part of the standard policy but, in New York and other states, is attached to the policy as a standard rider, which is a clause approved by the Superintendent of Insurance or other officer, and pasted on the policy. It is contained on many policies and it is not an unfair clause. If you wish to save premiums, it is only fair that you assume part of the risk.

The other exception, however, does not always work out fairly to the policy holder. The standard policy contains this clause: "This company shall not be liable for a greater pro-portion of any loss or damage than the amount hereby insured shall bear to the whole insurance covering the property, whether valid, or not, and whether collectible or not."

This clause means that if your house is insured by two companies one issuing a policy for \$3,000 and the other a policy for \$5,000, that the first company shall, in no case, be liable for more than three eighths of any loss. This clause is perfectly fair, so long as both policies are valid, and a loss thereunder collectible. But if one of the companies should fail, you could collect from the other company only its share of the loss

The standard policy contains a ause stating: "Unless otherwise provided by an agreement in writing added hereto, this company shall not be liable for loss or damage occurring, and then lists a number of circum stances which void the policy, the most important, from the standpoint of the home owner being:

"(c) while mechanics are employed building or altering the described premises beyond a period of fifteen days" and

(f) while a described building, whether intended for occupancy by owner or tenant is vacant or un-occupied beyond a period of ten

If you intend to violate either of these provisions, send your policy back to your broker and have him get the insurance company to endorse the policy and to write on it a specific consent permitting you to do the thing you desire to do.

This consent may not be valid if it is given in any other form than an endorsement on the policy, for the standard policy provides that nothing shall be deemed a waiver of the terms of the policy except such a written agreement included on the policy.

The last clause of the standard policy states: "The company may require from the insured an assignment of all right of recovery against any party for loss or damage to the extent that payment therefor is made by the company.

But even in the absence of such a clause, an insurance company paying a loss is subrogated to the rights of the insured against any person liable for the loss. If a fire is caused, let us say, by a negligent plumber, who, in repairing the house heating system, permits a fire he has built in the furnace to spread from it and to ignite combustibles in the cellar, the owner of the house can sue the plumb er and recover the amount of the damage caused by the fire. If, instead of suing the plumber the owner collects from the insurance company, the company is subrogated to the rights of the owner against the plum ber and it may sue the plumber.



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Only the trees can whisper the age of these beautiful homes



SCATTERED throughout the quiet, green towns of New England are homes so old, so much a part of another age, that no definite record of their construction remains. Yet the care, the patience and skill of the men who built them reveal more than any written word. . . . In the great majority of cases, those early craftsmen worked with White Pine.

In this good wood they found a quick response to hammer and chisel. The joints stayed tight, the surface unmarred by cracks or craze. The pine responded with a beautiful finish to oils, paints and enamels and held its beauty even after long years of exposure. White Pine was the perfect building lumber.

It was . . . and it is today. For in the Inland Empire of the Great Northwest stand virgin forests of genuine White Pine. The qualities that recommended the earlier wood to early craftsmen are inherent in Idaho White Pine. Inside or outside-for porch columns, siding, entrances, cornice work, for all interior and exterior trim, Idaho White Pine fits the requirements exactly. And for your protection, Idaho (genuine) White Pine is trade-marked. Look for the familiar imprint when you buy. Western Pine Manufacturers Association, Portland, Oregon.

This is the trade-mark imprinted on Idaho White Pine at the lum-ber mills-it affords a definite pro-tection for home owner, builder, architect and lumber dealer.





A fibre sofa as cool as it is sturdy. (Courtesy, S. Karpen & Bro.)

Furniture for all weathers

Continued from page 310

however, do not belong to the snug little cottage that lives modestly beside a country road, or to a small suburban yard. But the slender iron chairs and tables look trim and at home on a terrace of a country house, in a pent house on the roof of a city apartment, and around the swimming pool and tennis courts of a large country house or a club.

A combination of metal and reed or fibre has made its appearance this season in light weight, very modern and graceful pieces. These are of duraluminum and woven fibre or wicker, in colors or natural tone, and somewhere between the moderate price of the rustic furniture and the necessarily high price of the all-metal furni-

But for most of us who have front porches, or side porches, screened living porches, little informal terraces, or side yards and lawns in suburban and country houses, the large group of summer furniture commonly described as wicker, fills our every need. Many pieces in this classification of chairs, tables, seats, swings, bridge sets, and desks are of wicker, but there are others of reed, rattan, willow, and fibre in various combinations, qualities, and styles. This furniture which is the surprisingly beautiful development from the old wicker rocker known to the front porches of America ten or fifteen years ago, has

much to recommend it for very wide use this summer.

The styles have been developed so that modern simplicity and excellent colors are to be found even in the lower priced groups. Some of this furniture has metal construction underneath the fibre or reed, adding sturdiness and durability as well as comfort.

The upholstery fabrics and the style of the upholstery are worthy of the finest wood furniture, for good linens, cottons,

and fabrikords, as well as oilcloth, mohairs, and even woolens and velvets have been used by some of the manufacturers to add to the comfort and desirability of the chairs and sofas. The handsome printed linens of large pattern and bold colors as well as some of the very new hand-printed cottons are, perhaps, the best choices and if the furniture is selected for the quality and character of its upholstery as well as the character of its construction, it will last many summers, lending an outdoor atmosphere and summer freshness to porch or terrace wherever it is used.

As a rule, fibre furniture is less expensive than stick willow, reed, and rattan but in different designers' hands, the various types develop into very fine furniture, priced accordingly. In the lower priced pieces woven cane is often combined effectively with reed or willow.

The same rules one follows when electing fine wooden furniture should be observed when choosing summer furniture. Consider the style of the house and such points as: where the chairs and tables are to be usedin the house, on the porch or terrace, or in the yard; whether the house is large or modest in size; whether it is definitely Spanish, Tudor, New England farmhouse, Georgian or some other individual type of architecture; and whether unusual displays of color already appear on the terrace, at the windows of the house, in furniture already in use, and in garden umbrellas and awnings.

If the furniture is to be used in the house, in a sunroom or a living room to replace heavy, upholstered winter furniture, the style should be more conventional and the colors of the

upholstery should be chosen to match the room's scheme, the pattern of the linen or cretonne on the chairs should not be like those designed for the porch. If the furniture is for porch and terrace use, the selection of nonsturdiness of construcportant, as this furniture is subjected to unexpected sunning vanked about with



or lawn day in and day out should, of course, have removable cushions, mere pads of waterproof fabric. These are taken off at night or before a storm, although if made of fabrikord, oilcloth, or some other moistureproof material, an (Continued on page 346)



The newest in metal furniture for summer use. (Courtesy, Ypsilanti Reed Furniture Co.)

OHN ALDEN TUSCANY

M HUNTER

WHEN YOU ENTERTAIN.

Your guests notice your table silver. They can't help noticing. They take your forks and spoons into their hands. A gracious hostess uses nothing but sterling . . . * The charm, loveliness and undeniable correctness of these exquisite designs in Watson Sterling will thrill

you and your guests. Distinguished simplicity of line and decoration makes each a perfect modern expression of good taste. The soft, platinum-like sheen, the impressive weight, the splendid silversmithing speak unmistakably of tableware that is genuine. A "But", you may say, "can I afford solid silver? I know that people of social prominence insist upon it". You certainly can! The price of silver bullion has been tumbling and has now reached the lowest levels in history. A You can buy a complete 26-piece foundation set of beautiful Watson Sterling for less than fifty dollars. Our budget plan allows you to postpone payments if you wish. A Your name and address here will bring you a beautiful brochure.

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This Bride's 54 Chairs Remain a Mystery

HISTORY does not make clear why the good Mrs. Oort had 54 double and single nailed chairs when she began wedded bliss with Captain Kidd. Nor, indeed, if she was able to keep them, in the face of the Captain's well-known and unconventional attitude toward private property.

Significant to us is the regard in which furniture was held in those days. It was carefully listed, piece by piece bequeathed and bestowed. It is almost without price today.

Stickley copies these ancestral things that all lovers of Early Americana may enjoy the intimacy of ownership. No unique vagary of design is omitted; no ingenious device to which the almost tool-less craftsmen were forced to resort. Stickley reproductions are faithful to the originals that inspire them. If delicate appropriateness counts today, there will be a riotous blooming of bridal bed chambers, done in the quaint, sweet style of Early America.



To facilitate setting up and dismantling, and to insure rigidity in use, Stickley beds employ the rail and post assembly shown in the cross-sectional drawing above.

Visitors are always welcome to visit the work shops at Fayetteville, N.Y. Illustrated booklet F on Stickley pieces will be gladly sent on request.



Furniture for all weathers

Continued from page 340

occasional wetting will not injure them.

The new summer furniture is styled to many types of architecture so that the Spanish house with its patio may choose Mexican "equi-pales," those comfortable and graceful pieces of furniture made of stout pigskin and mesquite (scrub wood from the desert plains) laced with thongs. There are now available everywhere through furniture stores shops other chairs of pigskin and Mexican wood, and various other ranch house and lodge types of furni-ture created in the West, in Mexico, and in Spain. Any fabrics used with these pieces for cushions or table covers should also be in the spirit of Mexico or Spain—coarse striped cottons of brilliant colors, bright toned awnings, Indian rugs, or rugs of Mexican and imported fibres printed in Mexican and Indian designs.

The Tudor house leans a little to the Chinese reed, bamboo, and wicker furniture made in China, India, and the Philippine Islands, selecting conservative shapes and fabrics in keep ing with the furniture. Some of the batik cottons from Java are used with good effect on the peacock chairs and Chinese bamboo pieces; also India cotton prints and other Oriental fabrics printed in characteristic de sign are excellent in this English set. ting. The Georgian English house chooses from the handsome cane, stick reed, and other fine pieces, which have cushions and upholstery of Georgian printed linens, or of calicos or Indian prints. The little farmhouse must select the more modest pieces of summer furniture and cushion them with cretonnes, linens, chintzes, and the waterproof fabrics that are colorful and gay but not too large in pattern. The size of the pieces must also be in accord with the size of the house

Tempting tea time tables

Continued from page 321

attractive with a tea service. A useful patented tray-table, imported from England, which can be adjusted to two heights, and which also folds up to fit in a closet, sells for \$35, in a variety of finishes. This type of table is always desirable when space must be conserved. Another table, much less expensive, that takes up little room when not in use consists of a folding stand, on the principle of a camp chair and, fitting on top of this, a separate tray painted to match.

Balancing a teacup on one's knees, is an art for which most people have little or no natural aptitude. A nest of tables is an excellent solution of the problem.

Another answer to the comfort question is the "lap-tray" which is being adopted by enthusiastic hostesses. These may be had in matching sets and are large enough to hold cup and saucer and one or two plates, as desired. Painted metal with antiqued Godey prints or sporting pictures in the center decorate these trays, which sell at \$1.50 each.

Whether or not one invests in "laptrays," some kind of tray is essential for the tea service itself. Lovely ones made of fibre and painted in elaborate Venetian designs, after antique models, range in price from \$19.50 to \$35.

The charm of appearance of the tea table is, of course, largely dependent upon the service used. The woman who owns a sterling or plated silver service is, of course, fortunate but her neighbor has an equal chance of achieving an attractive layout by the discriminating selection of pottery or porcelain, or of pewter combined with either of these.

Teapot, sugar bowl, and creamer may match the cups and saucers or may be of totally different material such as silver or pewter or even copper. Pewter is very much the vogue just now and one sees enchanting sets both in the duller finish and in the type that closely resembles silver. A service of simple curved line and an appearance that is definitely "pewter" may be had for three or four persons for \$13.89. A Guernsey jug for hot water is a good addition.

The informality of the tea hour permits the use of patterns which might be out of place in the dining room. Of this type is a "gingham" set, plaided in broken lines of bright color, such as pink or blue. This sells for \$7.94. Imported tea services from Germany feature modernistic designs in soft shades of beige and gray, touched with rose. Quimper, the French pottery, has made it appearance in an enchanting tone of green this season, and twenty-three pieces decorated with quaint Brittany figures may be had for \$13.45.

For those who have cautious inclination towards contemporary design, there is an American pottery which is deep ivory in tone, touched with narrow silver lines and having a single conventionalized floral motifing green and yellow for decoration. For modernistic enthusiasts, a set of pottery consisting of three square pieces, fitting compactly side by side in a tray may be had for \$12.50.

The linen for the tea table should, of course, harmonize with the tea set. Very smart and dainty are the new sets of sheerest linen which closely resemble men's French handkerchiefs — in pastel shades striped and dotted. These cost \$8 or \$9 for cloth with six napkins. Other sets of white handkerchief linen, decorated with fine colored applique cost \$5.75. The colored tea cloth is most popular at present, in view of the extension was of reary, in view of

the extensive use of gay pottery.

If silver and fine china are used, it is more appropriate to have a white a écru cloth, or one of pastel-tintel damask. Naturally, a good lace cloth is never out of place with the more elaborate tea service, but tawdy imitations should be avoided. Italias cutwork on natural linen is an exclent compromise measure between lace and gay colors.

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By far . . . the most popular book of 1930!

CIMARRON

by Edna Ferber



The best-selling and most widely discussed book in America today, unfolding the destinies of Sabra and Yancey Cravat and the Southwest whose history was made in an hour."Like a loud shout." - Atlantic

Monthly. "Headlong in its story-telling fervor."—N.Y. Times . . \$2.50

The publishers of CIMARRON and ROGUE HERRIES invite your attention to this list ...

MILLENNIUM

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The costs of building a house

Continued from page 324

is established through which hot water circulates constantly from the heater and boiler back to the boiler or heater, regardless of whether water is drawn at the fixtures or not. The circulating pipe maintains hot water at the fixtures at all times but when there is no circulating pipe, water in the pipes cools off quickly when none is being drawn from the fixtures. There are many ways for heating water but the best method, I believe, is to have a separate heater and storage tank in the basement. This heater may be either a gas, coal, or oil heater of which there are many types. The tank may be either copper, steel, or galvanized iron. The selection of this apparatus depends chiefly on what you can afford. The durability of the equipment is in direct ratio to the cost. This system may be valved and cross-connected with the main boiler so that a coil can be used for heating the water in the winter when the boiler is operating. However, in the early spring and late fall the owner is apt to find that the coil does not generate sufficient hot water to meet the requirements.

The drainage system of a house consists of a complete water-tight and air-tight system of pipes to carry the waste from the various fixtures to the sewer in the street or to the septic tank system toward which it pitches. From the top of the house where the cast iron line of the drainage system ends with a length of pipe extending up through the roof, the stack called "soil-pipe riser" runs down through the bathroom partitions to the cellar, where it connects with a horizontal drainpipe also of cast iron extending across the basement floor or hung to the ceiling. This pipe is carried to a point about a foot outside the face of the cellar wall. From that point either cast iron or tile pipe extends to the sewer or the septic

At the roof, in order to prevent rain or snow from following down the crack between soil pipe risers and roofing materials, a sheet of lead is tacked to the roof boarding under the shingles or slate and brought up over the top of the soil pipe, turned down inside and soldered, thus making a waterproof apron around the stack. It is essential that the runs in the soil pipe installation be as straight as possible and that they do not rely wood for support because any settlement is apt to dislodge the joints and allow sewer gases to escape into the house. The soil pipe which extends through the roof from the highest fixture acts as a ventilator for the ventilating stack which runs into it above the highest fixture. The stack is a two-inch pipe, connected to the waste lines of the various fixtures, which runs parallel to the soil pipe and maintains a constant current of fresh air inside the riser.

To prevent sewer gas from entering rooms by means of the soil-pipe riser and branches connecting fixtures, traps are inserted between the branch and the fixture. The idea of the trap is to provide a hollow in the pipe to hold water, this water acting as a seal for the gas on the other side of it. Even when carried straight and true, the soil pipe drainage system is

liable to become stopped up and provision should be made to have clean-outs installed at various points. A clean-out consists of a cast iron fitting not unlike an elbow containing a cap screwed on at the side. When this cap is unscrewed and taken off, a long, flexible cleaning rod may be pushed through to reach the part of the system for cleaning purposes.

In residences the usual size of a soil pipe is four inches and the quality should be what is known as extra heavy. In some cases where there are fixtures in the cellar, if the main sewer should back up it would cause their overflowing, and to prevent this, what is known as a back-water valve should be placed just outside the house in the sewer line.

The selection of the plumbing fixtures is largely a matter of price Inexpensive fixtures are quite as sanitary as expensive ones when they are made by a reliable manufacturer.
All of the best lines of fixtures are now practically standard, that is most of the fixture companies have corresponding sizes and patterns. There is quite a range in price in plumbing fixtures, the decorative ones, either colored or chromium plated are, of course, more expensive than the plain ones. The greatest assurance an owner can have on his plumbing fixtures is the name of the manufacturer. For that reason only standard makes should be selected and these should be purchased through a recognized dealer of that manufacturer because in case of error the owner is always able to get satisfaction from the manufacturer. It is also advisable to select fixtures after an inspection of the actual pieces by visiting the show rooms of the nearest dealer rather than by trying to select them from catalogs.

In case there is no city sewer a septic system has to be installed, the owner should exercise the greatest care in awarding this contract. The type of soil and contour of the property makes practically every instal lation an individual problem, so it is plainly evident that if the job is not given to a good contractor, the owner is inviting trouble which is not apt to become apparent for a year or so after-after all the landscaping work has been done. It is very discourage ing to have to take up grass and shrubbery in order to repair or enlarge a system which if done right in the first place would have given no trouble.

Equal in importance to the plumb ing is the heating system. In fact, believe there are more houses with poor and inadequate heating systems than there are with poor plumbing systems. It is apparent when a plumb ing system is not operating properly, but a heating system may be losing a good percentage of its efficiency without the owner realizing this fact. If the owner does realize it through the increased cost of his fuel, it is hard to find the trouble unless one has a heating plan to check again For this reason not only should great care be taken in the selection of heating system, but it should be laid out by a heating engineer. Most the large companies furnishing heat ing equipment (Continued on page 352) Home

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Her own small home will have the habit of quality

From the very first day, callers will see the salient points of character about the new home-the things that define a family's living requirements and decide its standing. For books and bed linen tell far more about a person than motor-cars and millinery. The bathroom is more expressive than the sun-porch.

Kohler fixtures have always had the quality of genuineness. Their clear and

shining beauty is not simply on the surface. They are fine through and



An attractive all-Kohler bathroom with vitreous china STANDISH lavatory and VICEROY tub—both having all-metal chromium-plated fittings in the Dynamic design.

through. The master artisans who make them are trained in a long tradition of excellence. Every step of their work reflects

-and to you assurance of everlasting comfort.

Kohler fixtures are armored with a lustrous shell as smooth and hard as polished glass. The enamel

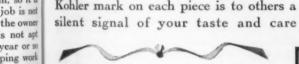
is made by an exclusive formula—and fused to the metal beneath it in an everlasting bond. Each piece of vitreous china is fired twice in intense heat. It has a permanent surface that is as beautiful and as easy to keep clean as your choice table china.

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Even in the most modest homes, the finest is not too fine. Kohler fixtures, in color, with Kohler fittings to complete their beauty and usefulness add little to the price you might have paid for ordinary design and temporary service.

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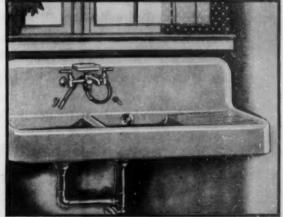


old-world ideals of craftsmanship. The

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- 4 Kohler colors are soft, livable pastels. The white is a perfect white.
- 5 Metal fittings match the fixtures in style, character and quality.
- 6 Made of finest materials . . . show craftsmanship and care.
- 7 This year's Kohler products are next year's new ideas in plumbing. 8 Kohler quality extends to kitchen and
- 9 Kohler quality costs no more . . . and saves money later.
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The costs of building a house

Continued from page 348

will supply this service to the home owner without charging for it.

If you will refer to the specifications for this house published in the March issue, you will see that a one-pipe steam system was called for. The reason for specifying this system was to provide a starting point from which comparisons with other systems might be made. I do not believe that a one-pipe steam system can be called upto-date, for not only is it more expensive to operate, but it is less satisfactory in operation.

The two-pipe steam system in this particular house would cost only \$250 additional and the saving in fuel would be noticeable. It is possible also by the use of special valves which would add slightly to the cost to make the two-pipe steam system into a low pressure steam system. If a vapor vacuum system or hot water system were installed, the price would be \$400 over a one-pipe steam system. If the old-fashioned hot air system were installed, it would be \$400 less than the one-pipe steam. But the old-fashioned hot air system is passé. The makers of the hot air furnaces are producing a re-circulating system which automatically humidifies and purifies the air and forces it through the system under pressure. It offers the advantages of humidified air and absence of radiators. Provision is made not only for introducing the hot air into the rooms but also for taking the cooler air out. This system is gaining popularity. It is essential if such a system is to be used that the house be planned for it from the start inasmuch as the ducts may be large and provision has to be made to accommodate them when the house is framed. The cost of this system is equivalent to hot water or vapor vacuum.

The above figures are based on using coal as fuel. If an oil burner is added, the cost will be approximately \$850 more whereas if a gas boiler is used, the boiler cost will be increased approximately \$150. It is impossible to give any average figures regarding the cost of gas heating because rates vary so radically all over the country. However, it is safe to say that it will generally cost more to heat by artificial gas than by any other fuel.

I will not endeavor to go into a discussion of the relative advantages of the various heating systems because I feel the subject could become too technical and involved and I have found that most home owners have pre-conceived ideas as to what type of system they want and it is a matter only of getting that particular system laid out properly, the proper radiation computed, and a boiler of the right size specified. I might say, however, that the one-pipe steam system should be avoided except hen necessary to keep costs down. In computing the radiation required for a residence, various items are considered exclusive of sizes of rooms and windows, for instance, the covering of pipes, whether the radiators are recessed and the walls insulated. In explanation of the above, I would say that all exposed pipes and pipes in partitions should be insulated with an approved asbestos covering.

find that most prospective home builders express a definite desire for recessed radiators and the only reason that it is not done more often is the expense one may run into. Heating engineers increase the radiation of all recessed radiators by 25% in order to overcome heat loss. The ordinary cast iron radiators cannot be recessed unless the house is of stone or brick except perhaps on the second floor where there may sometimes be space under the dormer windows. However, there are several types of radiators now on the market that can be recessed in the ordinary four-inch stud wall. These radiators come as units which include the grille and the lining. In this particular house if the fin type radiator were used throughout the master portion, the increased cost would be \$400. However, it is evident that much space would be saved in the rooms and the appearance improved considerably. In the case where cast iron radiators are recessed, it is important that the tinsmith on the job install back of the radiator shields of sheet iron with a curved top and line these with asbestos. It is also necessary to provide fronts and grilles for these radiators. The cost of this type of installation, of course, depends on the type of grille selected and the necessary carpentry work in making the fronts.

It is conceded that insulation cannot be overdone and should be applied not only to the roof or second floor ceilings but to the walls as well. The owner of an insulated house will save very noticeably in his fuel bills and will find also that the insulation gives him a protection against sound. There are so many different types of insulation on the market that I will not endeavor to explain them, but I have found that the effectiveness of the installation, looking at it from various angles, is usually represented by its cost, that is, some materials which give very good insulations are apparently less expensive than other materials giving an equal amount of insulation but the fire hazard is much greater. On the other hand, there are other types that give equal insulation at an apparently lower cost which will not withstand dampness. I have, therefore, found it advantageous in a house to use different types, according to what I believed the particular location and conditions warranted. When considering insulation one must consider the importance of weather stripping, otherwise the air leakage around doors and windows will undo all the good done by the insulation.

A further convenience and saving with regard to the heating system may be effected through the use of a thermostat. There are many approved makes of thermostats and thermostatic controls on the market that are adaptable to nearly any kind of heating system. These make the operation of the heating plant automatic; they cut down the heat during the night and keep it uniform throughout the day. Some of these controls are entirely automatic and some are hand operated. Practically all oil burners are automatically controlled and the same applies to gas boilers. The coal boiler also can be controlled.

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Pewter

will please the modern bride as it did the brides of '76



Pewter's history is long and proud. The Chinese wrought strange gods of it two thousand years ago. The Romans brought it with them to Britain. But it was in Colonial America that the art of the pewterer reached its height. Brides of that period cherished presents of pewter above all else—kept their candlesticks and goblets and platters polished bright.

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the donor, there is a rich variety of individual pieces and sets, with a correspondingly wide range of prices! In choosing pewter for a bride, or for yourself, look for the three "touch marks" shown below. You'll find them in the finest shops. On graceful bowls and candelabra, on tea or coffee services, on sturdy pitchers and porringers, on quaint lamps and tobacco jars—on a host of pleasant pieces like those pictured on this page. Each of them assures you of authentic design, honest craftsmanship and moderate price. They mark the products of the International pewterers.

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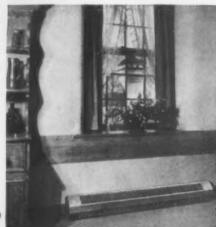


TO SATISFY COMPLETELY DEMAND FOR MODERN RADIATION

Inconspicuous

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"RICHMOND" FLOORLINE RADIATOR

THE RICHMOND FLOORLINE radiator has none of the objectionable features of the ordinary radiator—and it can be installed at a cost favorably comparable with the old-fashioned type of radiator.

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In order that we may send the most helpful information please check the space that identifies you:

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Gaiety in the fall garden

Continued from page 330

foot apart in the beds which gives them plenty of room to develop and also makes cultivation easier. The plants completely fill the beds when attaining maturity. For the cultivation of these beds and all others where possible I use a rake, long tined but only six inches wide, which to me has become indispensable and may be a worthwhile suggestion to some other gardener. It does not go deep enough to disturb the roots but makes the surface loose and smooth and may be used easily between the rows.

None of the plants here used are attacked by bugs or blights, except the Zinnias which have been troubled with a small bug about one eighth inch long which flies about when the plant is disturbed or sprayed. However, several applications of slug shot have been most effective. The Calendulas may have the yellows but only a small percentage will succumb and may be removed and new plants substituted if a reserve supply be grown elsewhere for this purpose. Of course, the Delphiniums might get their dread disease, the blacks, but I understand that spraying with nicotine solution is the latest prescribed treatment for that.

If, when transplanting, the gardener will make a hole with his trowel place the plant in it, fill the cavity with water and then replace the soil. he usually will not have to water the plant again. Also, if he will take the extra precaution of winding a paper collar about an inch wide around the stem of the plants at the soil line, it will protect them from the cutworms which like to nip them off and do not even eat them but leave them lying about. It seems like a lot of work, but will be found well worth while.

PLAN REQUIREMENTS

Plan requires the following quantities of plants, approximately

56 Snapdragons for each bed 56 Zinnias for each bed

40 Calendulas for each bed

150 Dwarf Marigolds

75 African Marigolds

30 Lupins 30 Cornflowers

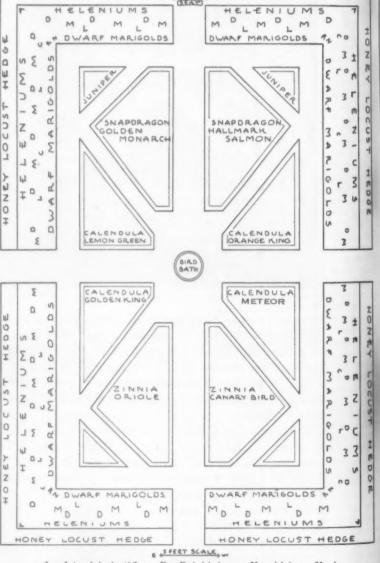
500 Ageratums

100 Honeylocust 60 Heleniums

32 Delphiniums

4 Artemisia lactiflora

4 Rudbeckia, and as many Lilies as gardener wishes



HONEY LOCUST HEDGE BLANCH HONEY LOCUST HEDGE

A—Artemisia lactiflora, D—Delphiniums, M—African Marigolds (planted in groups), L—Blue Lupins (planted in groups), C—Blue Cornflowers (planted in groups), R—Rudbeckia speciosa (newmanni). Ageratum borders all beds. Lilies mentioned in text planted in groups here and there. All paths are of grass

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San-Equip Sewage Disposal Systems have been nationally advertised for years. They are recognized everywhere as standard for quality and safe, depend-

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Beautify the door and protect the screen against pushing and pawing that make it bulge, sag and break. Adjustable sizes to fit almost any door. Three handsome finishes—brass, bronne and antique copper. Ask your dealer about low prices of Everedy Adjustable Grilles to fit your screen doors, or write to The

Pottery with a past—and a future

Continued from page 318

grew phenominally, making both partners rich men.

They were absorbed for several years in building the splendid new potteries near Stoke-on-Trent, which ere given the classic name, "Etruria, a title they bear to this day. Wedgwood built for himself a fine house near the potteries, called "Etruria Hall," and here he lived for the rest of his life, famous for his hospitality, and surrounded by his devoted family and friends. One of his daughters became the mother of Charles Darwin, the great naturalist, whose scholarly mind showed all his illustrious grandfather's love of nature and interest in

JASPER WARE

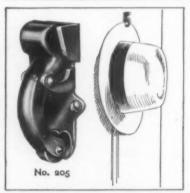
One of the glories of the new works at Etruria was the development of Jasper ware, which was possibly Wedgwood's crowning achievement as a potter. Its invention and perfecting required many years of experi-menting and labor. Wedgwood worked over it for many years of his life and the Museum at the works shows many examples of his experimental pieces, but in 1774 he was able to write to Bentley, "We are now Absolute with the Jasper." In his catalogue of that year he describes it as "a fine terracotta of great beauty and delicacy, proper for cameos, portraits, and bas-reliefs." The copy which Wedgwood produced of the Portland Vase, of which a picture is shown at the bottom of page 317, is made of Jasper, and is generally thought to be his masterpiece. An outline of this vase is used for the present Wedgwood trade-mark.

WEDGWOOD RETIRES

Bentley died in 1780, and this loss combined with various misfortunes and illnesses, both his own and his beloved family's, made great inroads upon even Wedgwood's vigorous health, but he kept on with the business alone until 1790 when he took into partnership several of his sons, with his nephew, Byerley, and laid down the reins of his own control.

Wedgwood died January 3, 1795, possessed of a considerable fortune, and rich in all the honors of his day. But far beyond these material affairs was to him the knowledge that he had created on English soil one of its greatest industries, always to be associated with his name, and always to maintain his steadfast ideal of perfection at any cost.





SURE-GRIP HOLDER

-THE HOLDER WITH A HUNDRED This versatile holder is one of the handiest little articles for use around the home. Here are some of the places where

you can use it. (You can probably think of many others.)



(SW)

holding hatsin closets, autos

> ...holding towels in bathroom pantry, kitchen



THE STANLEY WORKS New Britain, Conn.



The opening is un-usually large and allows plenty of room for reason-The rubber roller

...holding papers,

-in the kitchen

ably bulky articles. together with the strong spring assures a sure grip. All projecting parts of the holder are nicely rounded.

Decide right now where you can use two or three of these holders to advantage. You have a choice of several attractive finishes. Your hardware dealer will gladly take care of your requirements.

HARDWARE STANLEY

against HIGH GAS BILLS

Before you say you can't afford to heat your home with afford to heat your home with gas...investigate the Pittaburg House-Heating Boiler and our estimate of monthly cost. The Pittsburg Boiler is so scientifically constructed is so scientifically constructed and accurate in operation that we can tell you in ad-vance the exact amount of your winter gas bills. We give this figure with an abso-lute money-back guarantee, agreeing to pay any excess over our estimate. No other over our estimate. Noother manufacturer of gas - fired house - heating boilers ever offered you such a guarantee. The Pittsburg is supplied for Steam, Hot Water or Va-

por heating, and is made in a wide range of sizes.



Let us send you our new booklet, "Efficient House Heating with Gas", and est-mate the cost of heating you home with a Pittsburg. No home with a Pittsburg. obligation.

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Pittsburg Water Heater Co., Pittsburgh, Pa. A-2 Please send me your book, "Efficient House Heating with Gas", and estimate the cost of heating my home with a Pittsburg Boiler. Name.

Address. City. State. lome

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Make Your Garden

a summer living room!

Just imagine a stretch of inviting lawn bordered by bright beds of blossoms and set about with gaily colored tubs, tubs made comfortable with cushions to sit upon, tubs with table tops attached, for books or tea.

books or tea.

Picture a line of little trees, planted in Rainbow tubs of chinese red, nile green, venetian blue, or canary yellow. They can be carried to your Suntons or another garden nook, at will. See how much charm you add by including a bird bath, sun dial, or winding walk of colorful iron stepping stones.

These unusual pieces are just coming on the market. If your dealer does not yet carry them we will gladly send delivered prices and complete information so you can buy direct from the factory. Mail oupon below for the new "Rainbow Book of Gardens" to get delightful suggestions for making lawn and garden nooks more livable and interesting.

RAINBOW
GARDEN FURNISHINGS
Division, Alaska Freezer Co., Winchendon, Mass-

THE ALASKA FREEZER CO., INC. Dept. A-6, Winchendon, Mass. We are interested in Rainbow Garden Furnishings. Please send booklet and name of nearest dealer.

Address

building

New types of construction and equipment discussed by experts in the pages of

The
American Home
\$1.00 a yr. Garden City, N. Y.



All garbage and rubbish may instantly be deposited in the *Genico*. The constant air circulation maintained eliminates all odors during filling period and dries the moisture in the garbage.

CINERATO

Genico holds two bushels and when filled merely requires lighting contents at top—no other fuel or attention needed. The down draft principle produces burning from top downward—thus no odors during burning.



Genico is finished in green with black and nickel fittings—is guaranteed for ten years.

First cost is last cost.

Genico means perpetual freedom from garbage and rubbish annoyances.

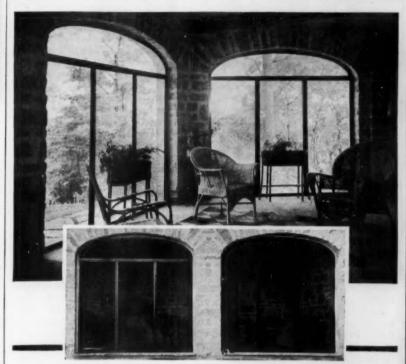
Sold by oil burner and home utility dealers, and plumbers.

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GENERAL INCINERATOR CO.

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OUTSIDE IS INSIDE



with Higgin Screens

IGGIN SCREENS let all the sunlight and breezes of outdoor June into your home . . . keep you as cool and fresh on your porches in the evening as though you were out under the trees on the lawn . . . yet protect you completely against bugs and flies and mosquitoes.

Except to keep out insects, the Higgin trim narrow frames and almost invisible bronze mesh don't obstruct the openings at all. The view is practically as clear and just as much light and air come in as though there weren't any screens there. You don't have that "closed-in" feeling that ordinary screens bring. It's really outside brought inside!

Let the Higgin expert in your locality advise you as to the best method of screening your house. He can prescribe exactly the right type of screen for every opening, because Higgin makes them all . . . rolling, swinging, sliding. Higgin

> Screens in every window door and porch will be a source of endless satisfaction to you. 'Phone our representative today or write to us.

THE HIGGIN MFG. COMPANY
Specialists in Screens Since 1893

General Offices: Washington Ave, Newport, Ky. Branches: Kansas City, Mo., Toronto, Ont.

HIGGIN SCREENS

THE HIGGIN MFG. CO. 510 Washington Ave. Newport, Ky.

TO PRESENT HOME OWNERS

HOME OWNERS
Before you have to repeat the yearly bother and expense of repairing, painting and installing your worn out wood screens, let us estimate on replacing them with Higgin All-Metal Frame or Rolling Screens. It will save you money and you'll never have to worry about screens again. No more warping, twisting or breaking. No more makeshift repairing. A permanent, beautiful screening job that will give you lasting satisfaction. Decide now to give up your spring struggle with inefficient screens.

I am interested in Screening

☐ New Home

Old House



T/N BRINGS

YOUR BATHROOM

up-to-date

LET your wall-tank water closet follow the tin bathtub onto the ash-pile. No wall-tank takes up valuable space with a T/N. For tank and bowl are built in one piece of vitreous china. T/N fits almost anywhere. With it you can turn any spare closet into a convenient washroom.



Bring your bathroom up to date with a T/N. Its streamline design is modern. Its supreme quietness is ahead of the times! And its cost is reasonable, indeed. See your plumber, or mail the coupon below, today.



ONE PIECE WATER CLOSET

W. A. CASE & SON MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Dept. 1306, 210 Delaware Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.
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Please send me free descriptive literature on the T/N One Piece Water Closet. I am interested in

REMODELING

NEW HOME.

CALIFORNIA HOMES



EVER has such a series been publis this E. W. Stillwell Collection, which has the choicest homes of Hollywood W. Hills and Pandens

STILLWELL COLLECTION CONTAINS

and two-story types of homes of conventional design. 25 duplexes, 4 fial pages. Price

THE ROY HILTON COMPANY

Long Beach, Calif.

Some unusual uses for wallpaper

Continued from page 320

architect who designed it, had actually been made a charming inner room. The owner had most diligently cut out an intricate design from a French wallpaper and had pasted the design on each one of her seven doors. The doors had previously been painted and then design, doors, and all were shellacked many times and rubbed down until I thought they were really old lacquered doors.

In the past few years I have found another old idea that I think could be used to-day, namely, copying decalcomania vases. One need only find the right size of transparent glass vase, cut out a wallpaper pattern and paste it on the inside of the vase. The whole piece could then be painted on the inside with a thick paint and finished with a coat or two of varnish to protect the design. The final result should approximate the beauty of those old decalcomania

An idea I used in an over-mantel mirror proved to be effective. The illustration at the beginning of the article shows the way it worked out. I took the remnant of a wallpaper that had a design of a large urn, two cupids, flowers, and birds scattered over it and cut out the central design. I admit it was an intricate and tedious job to cut it out carefully with a pair of manicuring scissors and then paste it smoothly under a large specially shaped piece of glass, but when it was done and an extra piece of mirror glass made to back this one, and the whole thing put into a gilt picture frame, I felt that the beautiful result was well worth my pains. It was by no means a luxury and yet it gave a final touch to a smart-looking French

To hide an unattractive view of a back yard or court or to lend interest to one of those dark, old-fashioned halls, it is possible to treat a window with wallpaper so that the vista will be improved and the interior itself made more attractive. A suggestion for this treatment is shown in one of the accompanying illustrations (see page 320). In this case a wallpaper design with a château seen through a vista of trees was pasted over the upper sash of the window. The paper has lovely coloring and a good depth of perspective. It was treated with a waterproof varnish and a little oil was rubbed over the paper to make it semi-transparent. To decorate the lower sash, the central pattern was cut out of the design and the remainder was pasted on to make an attractive frame for the window. The final step was beautifying the interior. The window frame itself was marbleized (this can be done with paint or with a marble wallpaper) and it was then covered with a simple wooden trellis. Two pots of ivy were added, and the resulting composition was exceptionally lovely. The means employed were simple, but the effect given was quite luxurious.



There's Comfort Behind WARREN'S Porch Shades

They add another light, airy, cool room to the Home, and bring Beauty, Com-fort, Privacy, Protection,—at the most trifling cost.

Warren's New "RAYN-TITE" especially,—the only Porch Shade of its kind. Proof against Drenching Rain or Hot Sunglare, ya admits ample ventilation and light.

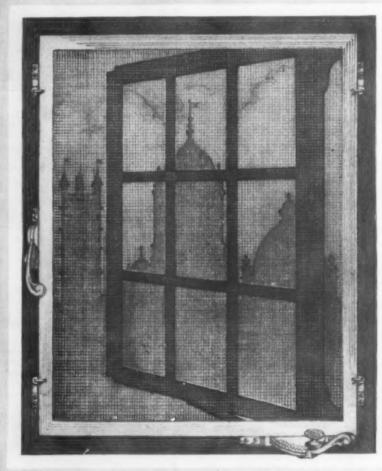
The velvety smooth slats have slanting edges which change sunrays into a soft diffused light and shed water like a duck's feathers, giving complete protection to occupants and furnishings.

3- to 12-foot widths, 6- or 7-foot drops; soft rest-ful colors. If your dealer hasn't Warren's Perd Shades we will fill your order at the factory.

WARREN SHADE CO.

401-3-5 Summit Place

Sauk Rapids



Catalogue will be sent on receipt of ten cents.

INTERNATIONAL SCREENED CASEMENTS

TNTERNATIONAL Metal Casements— ■ both Custom-built and Cotswold now are available equipped with Screens. Note the Solid Bronze Hardware which permits the casement to be opened and closed without removing the screen. Note also there are no holes nor slots in the screen, an important feature ensuring easier handling and longer screen life. No other screened casement possesses such advantages.

INTERNATIONAL CASEMENT CO INC JAMESTOWN · NEW YORK ·

Agents in all principal cities.

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Ever try to relight a cigar through the Ash?

or to heat a house with a boiler

muffled in Soot

CLEAN OUT says the legend on the boiler door. Good advice-if you want economical heating. Now that your fire is out, give your boiler a spring cleaning.

Flaky soot in the boiler passages forms an insulating blanket. Often responsible for more than a 25 percent loss in efficiency of the Fire Surface. Clean the soot out for the same reason you knock the ash off a cigar before relighting. Give the Fire Surface a chance to serve you efficiently.

But more important still, be sure your boiler has enough Fire Surface. If the cigar is cracked above the ash, you will not be very successful in relighting it even with the ash knocked off.

Even with the soot cleaned out, a boiler with too little Fire Surface is the most wasteful thing you own. It loses up the chimney a large percent of the heat generated. It often lets your house go cold and uncomfortable. It lets your fuel bills climb sky-high.

The New Smith "16" boiler has more Fire Surface than any other boiler made of the same grate area, and twice as much as some of them. It provides for small-to-medium homes the same luxurious heating and the same welcome economy that the larger H. B. Smith boilers (Mills "24", "34" and "44") have provided for large homes and mansions for the past fifty years.

The amount you can save on the first cost of a boiler is nothing compared to the amount an efficient boiler will save in fuel. You pay for your boiler only once, but you pay for your fuel every year. A 15 to 30 percent saving in fuel every year



(which is perfectly possible) pays the entire cost of a New Smith "16" in from 3 to 5 years.

If you are interested in an actual saving in money, if you take pride in getting your money's worth or if you have an inborn hatred of waste in any form, send for our two booklets, "The New Smith 16", and "Does It Pay to Install an Oil Burner". Use coupon below. The H. B. Smith Company, Westfield, Massachusetts.

The H. B. Smith Boilers for steam, hot water and vapor heating; radiators; and hot water supply boilers; are made for every type and size of prioue home, office building, factory and public building.



The New Smith "16" is finished like a fine automobile to suit the modern cellar room. It burns coal, coke, oil or gas with equal and high efficiency.

THE H. B. SMITH CO. Dept. L-14 Westfield, Mass.



Why not give the old shingles on your roof or sidewalls a new lease on life - new beauty?

Creo-Dipt Brushcoat Stains will renew the color and preserve them against rot and decay.

Easy to apply-one brushcoat is usually sufficient. Inexpensive. Come in all the rich soft shades that have made Creo-Dipt Stained Shingles famous for their lasting beauty.

Ask your lumber or paint dealer about Creo-Dipt Brushcoat Stains . . . how little they cost. Mail the coupon.

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FREE color card

CREO-DIPT COMPANY, INC. 1630 Oliver Street, North Tonawanda, N. Y. am interested in Creo-Dipt Brushcoat Stains for old hingles. Please send me free illustrated booklet and

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See them at your department or china store. If you have difficulty in finding them, we will send the complete set post-paid for \$1.50; west of the Mississippi \$1.65.

THE WELLSVILLE CHINA CO. Wellsville, Obio

Newcomers in the kitchen

Continued from page 323

sharpeners there are, too, perhaps the most reliable being a device which clamps onto table or shelf, and has parallel discs through which the blades are drawn, coming out, after a few passes, with razor edges.

Among the smaller inventions for our modern kitchen are fish lifters, perforated ladles, ladles with pouring lips, mixing spoons, soup ladles in gaily colored enamels, and a whole tribe of implements with wooden handles which may be bought to harmonize with any kitchen ensemble. There are long cylindrical devices through which the luscious cooky dough may be forced into professional shapes, others with plungers where icing is forced to take delightful forms

of rosette and curlicue, and wire pastry mixers to fit the mixing bowl.

There are scales, reliable to the fraction of an ounce, and weighing up to twenty-five pounds. They too, come in delightful colors to match the bride's kitchen and to conceal their stern utility.

And, finally, the happy hours of her day may be marked by the addition of a guaranteed kitchen clock, in colorful porcelain, which will conscientiously remind her when meals must be started, the baking looked at, the laundress paid, and all the other small domestic duties the prompt accomplishment of which leads to a smooth running house-

Keeping in step with the Roses

Continued from page 325

While visiting a garden last summer quite near here I told the gar-dener that I had no rose bugs. He said, "Well, you have never grown a Rose, then," meaning, of course, that I did not know the trouble it entailed. I suppose the reason why I have never entertained this un-pleasant horde is that my garden's soil is quite heavy and the rose bug prefers a sandy one.

A circle, intersected by two paths,

forms the four beds that contain the Hybrid Perpetuals of which I have already spoken.

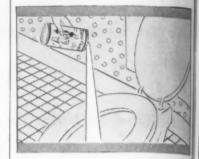
As this is the center and focal

point of my sundial garden, we try to keep these beds gay at all times. Very early in spring the edges boast Emperor Narcissus and Royal Blue Forget-me-not.

The center of this plot, where the paths meet, has a sundial. The Climbing Rose in the photograph on page 325 is Crimson Rambler and is so luxuriant that I cannot bear to have it removed.

The most effective Rose of all, Paul's Scarlet Climber, is also in bloom now. To me, and to the many visitors to my garden, this is the outstanding

Bathroom drudgery is now OLD-FASHIONEN



THE MOST disagreeable of all household tasks-scrubbing an unclean toilet bowlis out of date and unnecessary now. Much better results can be obtained without unpleasantness.

Sprinkle a little Sani-Flush in the tolet bowl, follow the directions on the can flush, and instantly the bowl will be snow white. Odors will disappear, germs will be killed, and perfect sanitation will take the place of dangerous impurity.

Spare yourself needless hard work, Sani Flush is sold by all grocery, drug and hardware stores in convenient punch-top cans, 25c; in Canada, 35c. The Hygienic Products Co., Canton, Ohio. (Also makers of Melo-a fine water softener.)

Sani-Flush





"No library complete withou Kipling complete"

ANGIER APRONS 8 for 81

Made of soft, durable, splashproof Ripplekraft, they protect the wearer during housekeeping hours.

Just the thing for women's chi church suppers, gifts, and pris Thousands of women have for this new way of eliminating of work. No laundering—always after apron handy. Attractively best in assorted colors, and mailed # paid at eight for one dollar. Si send one dollar bill, money order check direct to Dept. O.

ANGIER CORPORATION Fountain St., Framingham,





A modern exterior, or the latest mode of furnishing and decoration, are not the full measure of a modern home. The modern home is convenient, and no home is truly convenient - or entirely modern-without a satisfactory means of disposing of rubbish and garbage. The Kernerator—pioneer of domestic incineration—completely modernizes the home by furnishing a convenient, trouble-free and sanitary means for the destruction of rubbish, household waste and garbage. Your architect will tell you about the Kernerator and the years of success behind it. Or a line to us will bring an attractive and instructive booklet. KERNER INCINERATOR COMPANY 1222 North Water St., Milwaukee



BUILDING PLANS For Modern Homes



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Write Doubleday, Doran & Company, Inc., Garden City, Long Island, for a list of their

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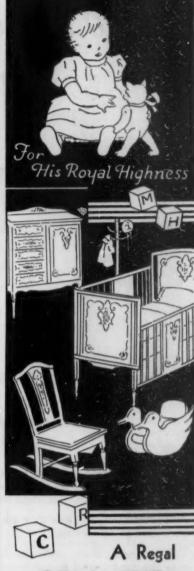
STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912. of THE AMERICAN HOME, published monthly at Garden City, New York, for April 1, 1930. State of New York, County of Nassau. Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and County aforesaid, personally appeared John J. Hessian, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Treasurer of Doubleday, Doran & Co., Inc., owners of The American Home, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 411, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are: Publishers, Doubleday, Doran & Co., Inc., Garden City, N. Y.; Editor, Reginald T. Townsend, Garden City, N. Y.; Rusiners Managers, Doubleday, Doran & Co., Inc., Garden City, N. Y.

2. That the owner is: (If owned by a corporation, its name and address must be stated and also immediately thereunder the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding one per cent. or more of total amount of stock. If not owned by a corporation, the names and addresses of the individual owners must be given. If owned by a firm, company, or other unincorporated concern, its name and address, as well as those of each individual member, must be given. If owned by a firm, company, or other unincorporated concern, its name and address, as well as those of each individual member, which we have a serven in the proporation, the names and addresses of the individual owners must be given. If owned by a firm, company, or other unincorporated concern, its name and address, as well as those of each individual member, but the proposal of the company of the proposal of the company of the proposa

DOUBLEDAY, DORAN & COMPANY, INC.
By John J. Hessian, Treasurer.
Swom to and subscribed before me this 17th
day of March, 1930.
[Sagned] Frank O'Sullivan.
Notary Public Queens County No. 1501
Certificate filed in Nassau County.
Term expires March 30, 1930.





GEM CRIB

r complete bedroom suite is sure to win his royal assent

—and the full approval of his mother and dad. For Gem nursery furniture transforms his room into a palace fine and helps to keep him happy. Furnish his "kingdom" as carefully as you furnish your own rooms. Let him hold his daily court amidst an ensemble of lovely Gem pieces which will give him a of lovely Gem pieces which will give him a chance to grow up with a keen appreciation of fine things. Now—while he is young give him a true sense of freedom, cleanliness and ease. These things you can do so very easily, so inexpensively with Gem nursery

furniture.

Gem cribs, bassinets, dressers, nursery chairs and other pieces have been popular with the most discriminating mothers for almost fifty years. They are faultlessly made and beautifully finished.

But let us send you, free of charge, our interesting booklet by Alice Arden called "Planning for Charm and Beauty." In it you will find many helpful hints about furnishing the nursery.

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Gem Crib and Cradle Company Gardner, Mass.



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LATCH SET Set of 4 piers or interesting of ware.

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RATIO gham, M

8 out of 10 women

... asked a lot of good questions, watched the Walker answer them ... and then decided to buy

MOST women are born skeptics. Say what we will about Walker Dishwashers, sales aren't made until the woman actually sees the machine do its job. Then eight out of every ten buy.

And what keen questions they ask! Here are the more important ones . . . answered very simply.

"Will it really wash, rinse and dry my dishes?" Yes, more perfectly than the most careful pair of hands...and in far less time.

"Will it wash pots and pans?" Yes. It will wash them perfectly. It will not scour or remove burned-in-food.

"Does the machine itself require cleaning?" No. The thorough water action keeps the glistening porcelain bowl clean as a china dish.

"Are my finest dishes safe in the Walker?" Yes, far more so than when they are washed by hand. The dishes remain stationary.

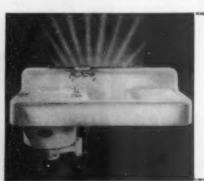
"Why should I have a dishwasher when I have a maid?" For sanitary reasons, to protect your family's health . . . to keep your maid contented and save her time . . . for your own use when the maid is not there.

Have you any further questions? If so, please use the coupon below. If not, see the answers to these questions, by checking No. 1 and mailing the coupon anyway. You'll bless the day!

WALKER

Sink and Cabinet Models

A few territories still open for responsible distributors



Walker Dishwasher Corporation Syracuse, New York

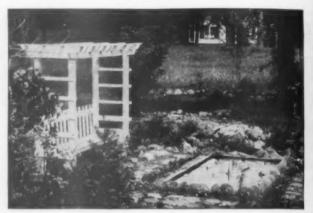
1. I'd like to see a Walker work.

2. I'd like a complete booklet.

☐ 3. I'd like to improve my kitchen. Please tell me all about your Kitchen Planning Institute.

Name.....

City.....State....



Many are the designs of arbors and arches offered cut to plan and all ready to assemble, usually easier than making at home

Arches and arbors

Continued from page 332

desired that the architectural note blend gently into the natural colors of the garden.

Then again there are rustic constructions of cedar with the bark left intact, the typical rustic grape arbor type designed without curves. These find their place in utterly informal gardens which are inclined to wild nature effects in the use of rocks and the choice of plantings.

As to the floor, we have a choice of clipped turf, flagstones laid in turf, flagstones laid with mortar joints, brick laid in sand or mortar, according to the immediate environment. Bare earth is not good because of the inclination of rains to splash it upon the posts of the structure. Gravel is hard on shoes. For strictly rustic work, dull red brick or tile, or slate gives a pleasing result and finished effect of flooring. Frost upheavals may be avoided by a substantial foundation of cinders.

Upon delivery it is well to paint or stain the lumber on all sides and ends for best preservation until it is used.

In assembling, paint again all raw ends which have been cut to fit. The finish painting requires either two coats of shingle stain, or three coats of house paint, including the thin priming coat. Rustic cedar pieces should have spar varnish dabbed on every open cut and joint for the same protection.

All nails and spikes should be galvanized and, for very fine work in attaching lattice panels, brass screws are best. If cross beams and frames are of quite heavy lumber, they should be bolted to the columns with galvanized bolts.

Wood that comes in direct contact with moist soil rots very rapidly. Hence preventive measures are needed. Posts may be creosoted upon the ends which are to go below the surface, or they may be heavily painted with several coats of house paint. The best method requires that holes be dug four inches deeper and eight inches greater in diameter than the column when set. Cement mortar, or an ordinary concrete mixture, is tamped into the bottom of the hole. Thereafter the post is set and the mortar shovelled around it to a level one inch above the ground. While this is hardening, the post must be braced in perfect vertical position.

Once the chosen pattern is drawn on paper and the framework set, as above described, the carpentry problems are simple indeed.



An arch often gives emphasis to a garden axis by giving the eye a focus spot

Home

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These New SCREENS ADD BEAUTY To Your Home

Don't be satisfied with screens that just perform the function of keeping out flies. The new metal frame screens add beauty as well.

Styled to harmonize with your home's architecture, or decorative plan, they are smarter, neater, more durable. They let in more light—may be installed outside or inside. Frames in metal tones or decorative colors.

Before you buy, let us give you the latest news about screens, published by the Association comprising America's foremost screen de-

SERVICE BUREAU
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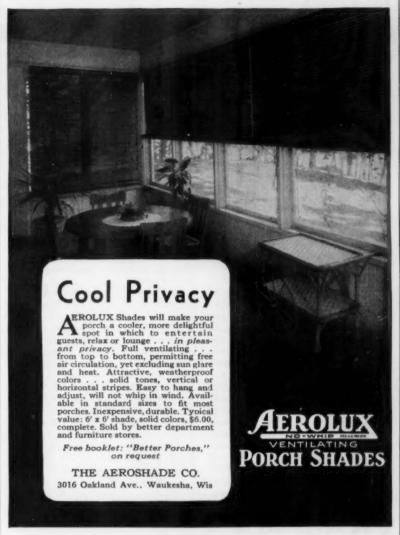
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Association of America

Member Representatives in All Principal

Member Representatives in All Principal Cities





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Modern aids in garden tools

Continued from page 329

that I would tell you, in order that your garden may become more productive and your grounds more beautiful, with less effort.

Which desirable tools other than the three mentioned deserve your consideration? Which logically ranks next in importance to spade, rake, and hoe? I should say a fork, because it will prove useful not only for digging in soil of a heavy or clayey nature, but also for removing piles of weeds, rubbish or other material.

I have spoken of the hoe as an implement dangerous in the hands of the novice. Yet it is probably still the most important implement in general use for keeping the garden in order. And yet, what a makeshift it is for certain purposes, alongside of other, more efficient tools available. For instance, a short six-toothed rake will do more thorough work and do less harm to the root systems of the cultivated crops than any hoe. It will pulverize the soil better, bring small weeds to the surface, and will not chop up those that multiply by division, such as Purslane mentioned previously. Incidentally this particular rake constitutes one of four tools commonly called a "Ladies' Set," because of its small proportions. The other three members of the set are a hoe, a spade, and a fork. The spade is particularly commendable beause it does certain work more easily than a trowel, and, where deep dig-ging is not essential, it will turn the soil with less effort than is required

to handle a regular spade. The blade, size $4\frac{\pi}{8} \times 7\frac{\pi}{2}$ inches, is almost akin to the so-called trench spade.

Get a good trowel, one with a long, strong steel shank supporting a short wooden handle, rather than one with a long handle with a hole in it, accommodating a long-necked metal shovel. There is more money wasted annually on cheap trowels than on any other garden tool.

One tool for which there is abundant use in every suburban garden is a dandelion digger. Here again I voice a warning: get a good one that will last, not the flimsy kind with a short V-shaped blade that will cut the root in halves, bends easily, and finally breaks.

In going after weeds growing close to cultivated plants, I have found two small hand tools to be of special merit. One is a four-pronged scratch weeder to uproot deeply rooting weeds among tap-rooted cultivated crops. The other one is a three-pronged hand fork, for loosening shallow rooted weeds about fibrous rooted flowers or vegetables. And both these tools have larger brothers in the form of a scratch weeder with a three-foot

handle, and a small spade.

The subject of trees and shrubs brings us face to face with the vital need of two tools—pruning shears and pruning saws. If your place is larger than a quarter of an acre you could almost use two of each. Every gardener surely needs at least two pruning shears (Continued on page 380)

Keep Clothes Orderly on Fresh



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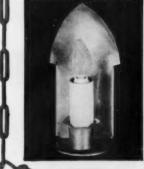
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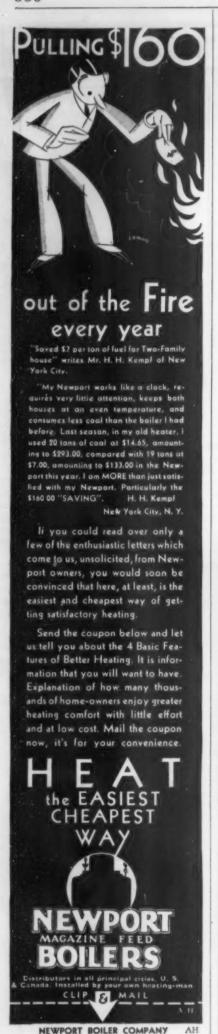


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Modern aids in garden tools

Continued from page 372

a light, small one for gathering flowers, and a heavier one for pruning shrubs and small branches. A splendid double-duty saw with fine teeth on one side and coarser ones on the other, may be bought for as little as \$1.50.

Every home owner with a lawn has, of course, a lawn mower. But few lawn mowers receive the care they should, with the result that they work but poorly. Most lawn mowers "chew" instead of cutting the grass. All need oil and few are properly "set" or sharpened. Be kind to your lawn mower! For large lawns there are power mowers that are great labor savers.

After the grass is cut it should be raked. The ordinary garden rake is utterly unfit for that job. The latest and best device for lawn raking is the lawn broom which is operated in a sweeping motion.

A lawn edger is as essential to a well kept lawn as is a good pair of lawn shears-and a line should be used to cut the edge straight.

Lawns are thirsty. Few parts of the garden show the effects of drouth more quickly, and few will react to systematic watering more favorably than will the lawn. A good water distributor is an essential accessory to well-kept lawn, and makers of irrigation apparatus have given us a wide choice of types. The rotary or revolving style of sprinkler is perhaps the most popular for small plots, where oscillating fans are designed

especially to sprinkle square or oblong Regardless of style or size, spaces. you will find any sprinkler a tremendous time and labor saver.

And there is still another very important accessory needed by every home gardener and that is a spray pump. In the majority of cases a small hand-compressed air-sprayer will serve sufficiently. Among scores of kinds available, one type stands head and shoulders above the rest, as far as effective work with least effort is concerned. It is a doubleacting, continuous automatic sprayer with which, with little effort, one generates a pressure sufficient to throw a stream fifteen to twenty feet high.

However where the garden or grounds hold quantities of fruit trees and tall shrubbery, it will pay the gardener to invest in a larger spray pump of greater capacity, knapsack or even barrel type. Either comes with extension rods, enabling the operator to reach ten feet high or even higher. All spray pumps come in two metals-galvanized iron and brass. It is well to remember, when buying, that the brass styles, while more expensive, are by all odds the more lasting.

As a final hint don't forget the greatest step- and time-saving factor in the garden—the wheelbarrow. Incidentally, where a strictly utility garden, size 50 x 100 ft., is maintained and laid out in straight rows a wheelhoe, with its interchangeable adjustments, is indispensable



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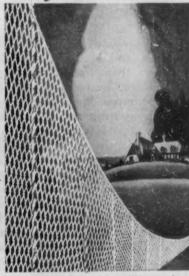


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In and About the Garden





HILE I hope that I am still receptive to novelty and anything that makes for progress in the garden, I must still register an emphatic dislike to the attempted innovation of "moderneism" into the garden plan. But I have been asked the question several times, indeed, as to how I look upon this effort to introduce moderne (with the e) fashion outside the home. I am not quite sure that I like it too much inside the home. But, that is something else again, and we'll let it go at that. A little of it, to me, goes a long way, although I appreciate the emphasis of straight lines and simplicity of detail. Nay, more than that, I like it; but when freakish, over-elaborated decoration is superimposed upon simplicity of basic design my spirit rebels. I feel just the same way about it when we go into the garden.

Modernism in garden design intruded into the garden suggestions staged in the several flower shows this past spring, and even last year as well. One display in particular that I have in mind was in a big western flower show this year. It suggested to me nothing better than blatant publicity for a gasoline filling station or a hot dog garden. There were upstanding racks something like the old-time dust catching, revolving bookcases in which shelves were set at an angle in which you were supposed to place potted plants. All very well for sale display but hardly expressive or appropriate to the spirit of repose and rest that one looks for in a garden. Then there were square tanks with running water with obviously obtrusive pipes protruding so that the higher tank emptied itself in a commonplacely utilitarian manner into its companion tank on a slightly lower level-a sort of glorified horse trough arrangement or shall we say a dog trough.

Elsewhere this modernism found expression in sharply pointed narrow beds projected into the greensward from the general border planting. Not perhaps entirely unpleasing in effect, but how suggestive of labor and upkeep! The lawn mower couldn't clip the grass around these lightning flash or starfish protrusions; and plantings in such narrow elongations and spurs, if they are to emphasize the angularity of the design, must be clipped and sheared with geometric precision.

After all, is this not largely a reversion to the old fashioned (and I had almost hoped obsolete) type of carpet bedding that was found so unsatisfying

half a century ago, when William Robinson inspired and led the revolution towards naturalistic beauty? Let us not fall from the grace that was won in such strenuous battle fifty years or so ago. Very few of the present day garden amateurs recall that time when flowers proved themselves so utterly inadequate to the



Modernistic effect attained in an old way with hedges of Yew in an English garden at Old Place, Lindfield

"gardener's" desire for color and precision that he resorted to dead plastic material, broken bricks, chips of stone, etc., to create the static color pictures which he failed to find possible with the living plant. Naturally, using dead, never changing material, the garden itself was degraded into nothing other than a crazy patchwork of inert materials from which it was easiest to abolish the living plant altogether. That is what I fear modernism, as it is finding expression to-day, judged by these flower show gardens, will lead us into. Then all over again shall we revive the argument: Is the plant made for the garden or the garden for the plant?

Perhaps the error lies in part in trying to produce the desired precision and angularity entirely on the horizontal plane. That means merely pattern bedding. The very essence of modernism in interior decoration and design is in the perpendicular line. Perhaps there is a place for the development of the perpendicular line with rigid precision in the garden.

Hedge material will certainly lend itself easily to modernistic treatment for the more a hedge is clipped and sheared with precision, the more satisfying it is, for a hedge in the very nature of things, if it be part of a cultured garden, is artificial. Fundamentally, of course, nearly all gardening is artificial unless we call the wild woods gardens, and I for one do not. I differentiate sharply between

a garden and wild nature itself. A garden must be gardenesque. It must be gardened by a gardener.

It is not suggested that we cannot change nor improve the style of garden design that we have grown into at the present day. The thought is that the development of modernism in the garden should look to the perpendicular line which offers a rich field of exploitation. The flat horizontal plane exemplified in the ribbon border and in geometric and carpet bedding of years ago has been tried and was found wanting.

A SCORE CARD FOR GARDENS

HETHER a perfect method of scor-Wing gardens in competitions has been devised, or can be devised for that matter, may be questioned, but the desire to have some basis of measurement is a real one. Local garden contests are growing up in many communities. My own experience in helping to judge such contests has hardly ever been entirely satisfactory to me because of a lack of a basis of fundamental principles of the contest. Therefore, I am glad to reproduce here a score card which I find in More Beautiful Ohio, a publication of the Extension Service of the Ohio State University. Professor Ries elaborates in this publication the various points in the score card for which there is no room here, however, but this score card is offered at all events as a practical working basis:

I—Good Taste in Design. 35 points Screening and background . . 10 Unity of yard

Unity of yard	2
Harmony between house and yard	5
Color harmony in plantings and	
house	5
Use of simple accessories—pools,	
seats, trellis, etc.	5
Individuality and use of possibili-	
ties	5
I—Plant Materials. 35 points	
Proper selection and arrangement	
of varieties)
Continuity of bloom and effect . 10)
Permanence	5
Proper spacing of plants	5
	-

Flower borders in garden . . . 5 III—Maintenance (Neatness essential). 30 points

Lawn	open	cente	er,	wee	dle	ss,
	ed, edg					
Plants	healthy	, vigo	rous,	and	l fr	ee
from	disease	and i	nsect	S		
Proper	cultiv	ation	and	wee	edle	ess
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Proper	prunin	g				

These three sections together give a total of 100 points.

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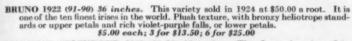
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75c each; 3 for \$1.50; 6 for \$2.50; 100 for \$35.00

LENT A. WILLIAMSON 1918 (88-88) 42 inches. In 1922 the American Iris Society voted this THE WORLD'S FINEST IRIS. It is a gorgeous flower with campanula violet standards and rich velvety pansy violet falls.

50c each; 3 for \$1.25; 6 for \$2.00; 100 for \$25.00

SUSAN BLISS 1922 (85-86) 40 inches. Six years ago you could not have bought a single plant of this exceedingly choice variety for less than double the price of this entire collection. Its introduction created quite a sensation. The color is an exquisite orchid-pink.

\$1.50 each; 3 for \$3.75; 6 for \$6.00

LORD OF JUNE 1911 (88-78) 40 inches. A gigantic blue toned variety with a delightful cinnamon fragrance, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25; 6 for \$2.00; 100 for \$30.00

GOLD IMPERIAL 1924 (86-87) 33 inches. The richest and finest deep yellow, being a deep, rich, smooth, chrome-yellow of the finest form and texture.

\$1.50 each; 3 for \$3.75; 6 for \$6.00

QUEEN CATERINA 1918 (88-88) 36 inches. A fascinating flower of large size and perfect form with soft lustrous lavender-violet coloring and exquisite fragrance.

50c each; 3 for \$1.25; 6 for \$2.00; 100 for \$30.00

Iris Opera

OPERA 1916 (82-83) 24 inches. One of the richest red toned bi-colors, with lower petals like a piece of velvet.

75c each; 3 for \$1.75; 6 for \$3.00; 100 for \$40.00

75c each; 3 for \$1.75; 6 for \$3.00; 100 for \$40.00

SHEKINAH 1918 (84-84) 36 inches. A handsome, clear, soft yellow, with a deeper yellow at the throat and an intense orange beard.

50c each; 3 for \$1.25; 6 for \$2.00; 100 for \$30.00

MME. GAUDICHAU 1914 (91-88) 40 inches. The largest and finest dark purple. An exceedingly large flower and exquisitely fragrant.

\$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.75; 6 for \$5.00; 100 for \$60.00

\$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.75; 6 for \$5.00; 100 for \$50.00

DREAM 1918 (84-84) 38 inches. A dream of a soft, clear, uniform pink toned Iris that everybody is in love with.

50c each; 3 for \$1.25; 6 for \$2.00; 100 for \$30.00

MME. CHOBAUT 1916 (81-80) 36 inches. A most unusual Iris, with groundwork of a soft, pleasing yellow; the silky ruffled standards being flushed rosy bronze, while the falls are edged with a buttonhole stitching of Prussian Red.

75c each; 3 for \$1.50; 6 for \$2.50; 100 for \$35.00

75c each; 3 for \$1.50; 6 for \$2.50; 100 for \$35.00
WHITE KNIGHT 1916 (79-80) 24 inches. A sweetly scented flower of snowy whiteness and waxy texture.
50c each; 3 for \$1.25; 6 for \$2.00; 100 for \$20.00
MOTHER OF PEARL 1921 (84-84) 44 inches. A large, perfectly formed flower of iridescent mother-of-pearl coloring and a white throat overlaid gold.
50c each; 3 for \$1.00; 6 for \$1.75; 100 for \$20.00

50c each; 3 for \$1.00; 6 for \$1.75; 100 for \$20.00

AFTERGLOW 1918 (83-82) 36 inches. A lovely blending of smoky lavender, soft buff, pearl gray and light yellow. Very fragrant.

50c each; 3 for \$1.00; 6 for \$1.75; 100 for \$25.00

MARSH MARIGOLD 1919 (82-81) 30 inches. Rich buttercup yellow standards with pansy textured falls of brownish red, margined bright yellow.

\$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.00; 6 for \$3.50; 100 for \$40.00

SEMINOLE 1920 (33-83) 30 inches. A brilliant velvety crimson bi-color and the originator's masterpiece.

riginator's masterpiece.
50c each; 3 for \$1.25; 6 for \$2.00; 100 for \$30.00

PROSPER LAUGIER 1914 (86-84) 36 inches. The finest of the bronze toned varieties, with iridescent fiery bronze standards and rich ruby falls.

50c each; 3 for \$1.00; 6 for \$1.75; 100 for \$20.00

I WILL FURNISH ONE OF EACH OF THESE 20 "PRIZEWINNERS" FOR \$13.50 THREE OF EACH, A TOTAL OF 60 PLANTS, FOR \$22.00
SIX EACH, 120 PLANTS, ENOUGH FOR A NICE CLUMP OF EACH, \$50.00

RAINBOW COLLECTION

My space is limited and I must, therefore, move certain stocks to make room for the propagation of new varieties. My necessity is your good fortune. I guarantee that everyone of these collections would cost \$25.00 or more if purchased at regular catalogue prices. I also guarantee that every collection will contain such "Prizewinners" as Ambassadeur, Lent A. Williamson and others of equal value, but I cannot label any of the varieties in the RAINBOW COLLECTION. For those who wish a garden full of fine flowers in all the colors of the Rainbow, this is a real opportunity.

50 Choice Bearded Iris, my selection, without labels for \$6.75 100 plants, Choice Assortment, without labels for \$12.00

EARLY IRIS GARDEN COLLECTION

The varieties I will furnish in this collection will bloom from two to three weeks ahead of the regular Iris season. You'll get a great thrill out of AN EARLY IRIS GARDEN. This collection will include only choice varieties that are free flowering, hardy and easy to grow, and in a good range of colors.

30 Plants in 5 Choice Varieties, all labeled, my selection \$7.50 60 Plants in 10 Choice Varieties, all labeled, my selection \$12.00

DWARF IRIS COLLECTION

These miniature jewels are especially adaptable to the rock garden, or for planting in the border in front of the taller varieties. They bloom in the early spring, just after the crocus has finished flowering, and come at a time when flowers in the garden are so much prized.

20 Plants in 4 Choice Varieties, all labeled, my selection, \$5.00, 100 Plants in 10 Choice Varieties, all labeled, my selection, \$23.50

SIBERIAN IRIS

Many eminent authorities consider these the finest of all Irises. They are rugged and hardy and easy to grow, in any soil or location, in full sun or semi-shade; and are excellent cut flowers.

6 each of 4 Choice Varieties, my selection, all labeled, total 24 plants, \$6.00 6 each of 10 Choice Varieties, my selection, all labeled, for \$12.50

JAPANESE IRIS

I have a wonderful collection of these gorgeous beauties, some almost as large as dinner plates. There are singles, doubles, selfs, mottled and striped effects, soft pastel shades and brilliant colorings. Nothing is more showy or striking than the Japanese Iris, which blooms after all the others have finished flowering.

25 Plants in 5 Varieties, mixed, unlabeled, \$9.75
100 Plants in 10 Varieties, mixed, unlabeled, \$25.00

My 1930 catalogue of 120 pages is free for the asking. It contains a vast amount of Iris Information and lists of the World's Choicest Varieties. Send for your copy.

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Oyster Bay, Long Island, New York

eries at Valkenberg, near Leiden, Holland and at Babylon, Long Island, N. Y.

Garden Reminders

The approach of summer

JUNE, the month of romance and dens are hardly complete without some varieties of the latter but, of course, careful attention must be given the bushes to keep them free from insects and fungous maladies.

NORTH

The Flower Garden. Finish planting seeds of tender Annuals.

Last of the spring bulbs soon ready for digging up.

Sow new perennial seeds. Get a start on the fall planting.

More Perennials to stake. Others to transplant.

Make late sowings of Sweet Alyssum. Seed pods will form on Sweet-peas unless you are careful.

Make Chrysanthemums bushy by pinching tops back.

Take cuttings of Sedum, Iberis, Arenaria, and Creeping Phlox.
Get seedlings out of cold-frame as

soon as strong enough. Start Chrysanthemums for autumn

Apply bone meal to ground near Iris. Plant Dahlias.

Don't permit bedding plants to become straggly. Pinch out the tops. Plant the last of the summer bulbs early this month.

Spray Roses. A weekly treatment of bordeaux mixture will prevent bud

Keep nicotine, flowers of sulphur, and bordeaux mixture on hand at all times this month.

The Vegetable Garden. Continue sowings of tender vegetables.

Tie up tall plants.

Layer vines of Squash and Melons. Apply bordeaux mixture to prevent

Continue sowings of Lettuce, Rad-

ishes, and Carrots. Transplant late Cabbage, Kale, Cauliflower, and Broccoli.

Let Asparagus shoots grow; cease cutting.

Transplant Beets into rows 24 inches

Sow Wax Beans for succession.

Set main Celery crop. Not too late to plant Cucumbers. Sow early fall Turnips.

Keep Onions free from weeds. Turn

over the earth after rain.

Pinch off side shoots of Tomatoes.

Spray with bordeaux mixture. Train tall sorts to poles or trellis. Thin out Spinach.

Plant early Sweet Corn every week this month.

Miscellaneous. Look out for borers. Trim evergreen hedges.

Give lawn top dressing of bone meal. Prune shrubs after blossoming.

Train evergreens to grow bushy by pinching off side shoots. Protect newly planted trees with

mulch. Roses and Magnolias may be layered.

Shrub cuttings should be put in a

Red spider doesn't like water. Vincas and Tradescantia do well in

window boxes Thin out constantly. Rake the ground often. Weed carefully. Spray per-

sistently. These are the four most important rules of the month.

Give plenty of water to newly planted trees, Perennials, and shrubs. Don't let newly planted trees develop shoots yet. Prune hedges.

SOUTH

The Flower Garden. As spring flowers fade, replace with plants which will blossom in summer or fall, or with foliage plants like Caladiums, Acalypha, Coleus.

Set out Buddleia, Lantana, Althea, Clerodendron, Hibiscus, Jasmine Plumbago, Cestrum, Duranta, and Cassia corymbosa.

Put Palms, Begonias, Geraniums, and other greenhouse plants into the ground.

Not too late to sow seeds of annual vines. Take cuttings of rock plants.

In the upper tier of states, German Iris may be planted; in the far South, wild Swamp Iris do best. Torenia, Browallia, Balsam, Vinca,

Zinnia, Petunia, and Portulaca may still be planted.

Cosmos, Sunflowers, Cannas, Caster Bean, Euphorbia, Salvia, Gaillardia, and Argemone are showy summer bloomers.

Dust Roses with flowers of sulphur to prevent mildew. Keep caterpillars away with arsenate of lead. Pinch out tops of Cosmos, Heliotrope, Dahlias, and Chrysanthe mums for first half of month.

For bloom this year Hardy Phlox must be planted the first week of the month, or it will be too late.

The Vegetable Garden. Plant some more Beans. Safe to get all kinds in. Make one or two plantings of Corn. Plant more Cucumbers, Me Squash, Pumpkins, and Okra.

Set out Tomato plants, and plant cuttings of Sweet Potatoes.

Miscellaneous. Hoe regularly to get rid of weeds.

Prune all spring-flowering shrubs. Mulch with grass clippings around roots of plants.

Keep ant poison around the fruit trees.

THE WEST COAST

Set out the young Chrysanthemum plants when rooted, cutting them back for vigor.

Make cuttings of Carnations, Pinks, Nepeta mussini, and root Wisteria by layering.

Cut down the Delphiniums after blooming, fertilize with bone meal, keep watered for second blooming.

Prune deciduous spring blooming shrubs; remove spent Lilac blos-soms; prune and train the vines and climbers.

Irrigate rather than sprinkle; cultivate the beds, and mulch trees and shrubs.

Plant Blue Salvia for autumn bloom-

ing. Continue planting Dahlias for late blooming; plant stakes with the tubers.

Keep Rose bushes free from faded blossoms, fertilize with bone meal; irrigate and mulch beds.

Keep the summer garden neat, well swept and raked, and spent plants and blooms removed. Keep the best blossoms for seed.

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~ Preserves moisture ~ Keeps down the weeds

Imagine your garden with an abundant supply of moisture all summer long through drought or dry spell.

Imagine a garden where weeding is practically unnecessary. These results are both attained through the use of

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This year the Detroit Model Moto-Mower incorporates new mechanical advantages, a throw-out clutch that permits operation of cutting and traction units through separate clutches. There is also a new "drop-out" reel-it permits complete removal of the reel in almost a matter of seconds.

There is nothing like the Moto-Mower in simplicity of operation and ease of handling. With the two handle grips it can be turned to right and left or started and stopped by a "twist of the wrist." It turns on its own power, with the power always applied to the outside wheel.

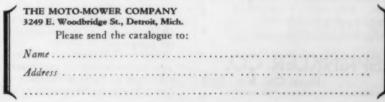
> The Detroit Model Moto-Mower can be equipped with a sickle-bar for weed clipping at small extra cost. It can be atping at small extra cost. It can be attached by removing one nut from the tie rod.

The Moto-Mower Company

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Malcolm C. Ludlam, Proprietor



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401 Coce Cole Bldg.

Kansas City, Mo.

What you ought to know about Dahlias

I. GEORGE QUINT

SO COLORFUL, so profuse, and so remarkably free from insect and diseases are Dahlias that they are the ideal late summer and autumn flower for the novice and the expert alike. The following problems seem the most common:

1. In what kind of soil do Dahlias do

A light, sandy soil, with good drainage and sufficient plant food, is the best, though Dahlias will grow in almost any kind of soil. To the earth add about 25 per cent of humus, to obtain most satisfactory results. Mix some bone meal with

the soil when planting.
2. When and how should tubers be planted?

In northern latitudes tubers may be planted late in May or early in June. Divide tubers, so that each has one eye. Use a sharp knife. If tubers are not divided, the plants will come up in thick clumps, with a resulting weak growth and poor blossoms. Place tuber on its side in an opening large enough to cover the eye with six inches of soil. Bulbs should be three feet apart.

What is the proper food for plants while they are growing?

Applications of a balanced fertilizer at monthly intervals, dug around the base of the plants, will stimulate growth and flower formation. Do not give nitrogenous fertilizers alone, as they have a tendency toward causing vegetation at the expense of blooms. Well rotted sheep manure may be given the plants two or three times during the summer.

How can large blooms be obtained? Prune plants often to increase their height, and to carry food to stems and flowers. As buds appear, re-move all but the terminal bud, permitting food to go to that one bud and stimulate large flower growth. Keep suckers away from joints below buds. Remember to leave but one bud on a branch, and you will have one large blossom on each branch.

What insects and diseases affect Dahlias; what remedies?

Mildew may be controlled by powdered sulphur or bordeaux mixture. Red spider should be treated with forceful spraying of water. Stalk borers may be eliminated by slitting the stems and removing the worms.

Aphis and lice are best eradicated by use of nicotine sulphate. Root aphis should be treated by tobacco stems or tobacco dust near the plants.

Spray plants weekly with bordeaux mixture to keep pests away.

6. What are the most common varieties of Dahlias? How can they be distinguished?

A new classification is being tried this year by the American Dahlia Society and may be adopted for general use. It follows:

I. SINGLE-Open-centered flowers, with only one row of ray florets, regardless of form or number of florets. Example: Newport Wonder, Fugi San, Eckford Century, Colt. ness Gem.

II. ANEMONE-Open-centered flowers, with only one row of ray florets, regardless of form or number of the florets, with the tubular disc florets elongated, forming a pin-cushion effect. Example: Ada Finch.

III. COLLARETTE-Open-centered flowers, with only one row of ray florets, with the addition of one or more rows of petaloids, usually of a different color, forming a collar around the disc. Example: Diadem, San Mateo Star, Ami Nonin, Geant de Lyon.

IV. DUPLEX-Open-centered flow. ers, with only two rows of ray florets, regardless of form or num-ber of florets. Example: Golden Sunshine, Mme. J. Coissard.

PEONY-Open-centered flowers, with not more than three rows of ray florets, regardless of form or number of florets, with the addition of smaller curled or twisted floral rays around the disc. Example: Geisha, Gorgeous, City of Portland.

VI. INCURVED CACTUS—Fully double flowers, with the margins of the majority of the floral rays revolute for one half or more of their length, the floral rays tending to curve toward the center of the flower. Example: F. W. Fellows, Bearclaws, Farncot.

VII. RECURVED AND STRAIGHT CAC-TUS—Fully double flowers, with the margins of the majority of the floral rays revolute for one half of their length or more, the floral rays being recurved or straight. Example: Ambassador.

VIII. SEMI-CACTUS—Fully double flowers, with the margins of the majority of the floral rays revolute for less than one-half of their length Example: Edna Ferber, Franc Lobdell, Sunkiss, Alice Whittier.

FORMAL DECORATIVE-Fully double flowers, with the margins of the floral rays slightly or not at all revolute, floral rays generally broad, either pointed or rounded at tips, with outer floral rays tending to recurve and central floral rays tending to be cupped; all floral rays in a somewhat regular arrangement Example: Sagamore, Jersey Beauty, Regal, Glory of Monmouth, Tren-tonian, Mrs. I. de Ver Warner and Judge Marean.

X. INFORMAL DECORATIVE-Fully double flowers, with margins of the floral rays slightly or not at al revolute, floral rays generally long twisted or pointed, and usually irregular in arrangement. Example Fort Monmouth, Jane Cowl, Barbara Redfern, Mrs. Alfred B. Seal Insulinde, Kathleen Norris.

XI. MINIATURE DECORATIVE—Fully double flowers, with margins the floral rays slightly or not at al revolute, conforming to the denitions of either the formal or informal decorative types, and less than these includes the property of the conformal decorative types, and less than these includes the conformal decorative types, and less than these includes the conformal decoration to the decorati than three inches in diameter. Es ample: Little Jewel.

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II. BALL—Fully double flowers ball-shaped (Continued on page 3%)

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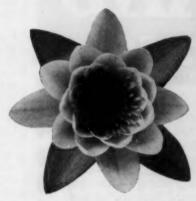
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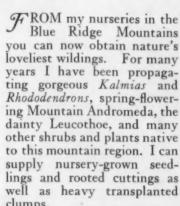
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Pruning shrubs for flowers

Continued from page 328

concentrate plant energy in the buds that remain and you will have finer flowers and probably more of them.

Our most conspicuous examples of this little class are the Hydrangeas, Shrub-althea (often erroneously but popularly called Rose-of-Sharon). These may be cut back severely, even to the ground and yet be full of bloom in their regular season. You may take advantage of this characteristic by cutting back to the ground the Snowhill Hydrangea and the Shrub-althea in early spring. The result will be that the former, in early summer, will make enormous heads of flowers which may bend over and touch the ground and the latter will become an erect leafy hedge which from July until September will bear abundance of large, showy, pink, white, red, or purple single or double flowers, cording to the variety you plant. You may do this pruning year after year with these plants. You can not do it, however, with the kinds that bloom on short, leafy shoots in spring without reducing the number of flowers.

To sum up this whole matter and state it in a rule that you can easily remember: Do no shrub pruning except the removal of dead, diseased, puny or old and worthless stems during the dormant season. Wait until a week after the flowers have faded and fallen. Then cut out such parts as you think superfluous, that are failing, or whose removal may tend to give the bush a better shape or the remaining and new stems a better chance. In short: Prune after flowering!

Whenever you cut off a twig, a branch or a stem go back to the point where it starts, whether this be a crotch or the ground, and cut it off clean with a keen-edged knife, shears, or saw. Always cut off whatever is to be removed so close that no stub will remain to accuse you of poor workmanship and perhaps jeopardize the life of the branch or the whole shrub by the entrance of decay. Nothing so blatantly advertises the poor pruner as a stem cut back so little that a long prong thrusts itself forward for attention.

Every shrub has a distinctive beauty of its own both in the form it would develop naturally and in its flowers. You can either enhance and encourage the development of that form by judicious application of the rules given or you can even more easily destroy form, flower, or even the shrub itself by disregarding them. Cut out dead stems and parts

whenever you see them-summer or winter. These stems can never again produce leaves or flowers, so they can never again be of use. On the contrary, they are a positive menace to the well-being of the living stems be-cause they interfere with the entrance of light and air; they evaporate valuable water which should go to living stems, leaves, and flowers; they serve as harbors for insects and disease; and they make the shrubs unsightly.

It is also easy to understand that puny shoots which spring up, at or near the ground especially in the center of a bush have a slim show to amount to anything when compared with sturdy stems. So you may as well cut them out whenever you feel

sure they have no chance.

Then there are the very old stems, those that are diseased and others that are evidently failing for some reason you can or more likely cannot determine-perhaps insects boring inside them and cutting off their sup-ply of sap. These will probably die so soon that you may as well cut them out whenever you feel sure that their usefulness is ended.

Burn immediately all parts cut off. You will thus destroy insects and their eggs as well as diseases and their germs. To burn green or damp stems you need only place them on dry wood which will destroy them as it burns. Such parts as fail to burn in this case will become so hot that any bugs, eggs, or germs will be destroyed.

All this may be called the coarse

work of shrub pruning. It applies all the time to every shrub. When a shrub grows without hu-man intervention and without competition from other shrubs close by, it will naturally become beautiful because it will fulfill the law of its being. Also it will bear flowers in proportion to the adequacy of the plant food, light, and air it can get. But sooner or later it will fail, become prey to insects or diseases, and die. However, we can indefinitely postpone such a calamity by pruning out the dead and weak stems and by reducing the number of those that are evidently failing. Moreover, we can increase the abundance, size, and quality of the flowers by doing such pruning at the proper time.

What you ought to know about Dahlias

Continued from page 388

or slightly flattened, floral rays in spiral arrangement, blunt or rounded at tips and quilled or with markedly involute margins, the flowers two inches or more in diameter. Example: Dreer's White, Frank Smith, King of Shows.

XIII. POMPON—Having same characteristics as Ball Dahlias, but less than two inches in diameter. Example: Belle of Springfield,

XIV. UNCLASSIFIED-Not otherwise provided for in classes I to

7. How are tubers cared for over the

After the first fatal frosts, cut off

tops of plants, to about six inches from the ground. Dig bulbs. Leave them in the sun about six hours, then pack in boxes of dry sand or sawdust, stems down. Store in temperature which will remain at 40 or 45 degrees through the winter. You will find when digging up, that each tuber has produced about a dozen others.

(Note: Where the word bulb is used, it is in a general way. Dahlia "bulbs" really are not bulbs, but tubers. Dahlias are tuberous-rooted tender Perennials whose name comes from the Swedish botanist Dahl.)

NEXT MONTH-What You Ought to Know About Perennials.

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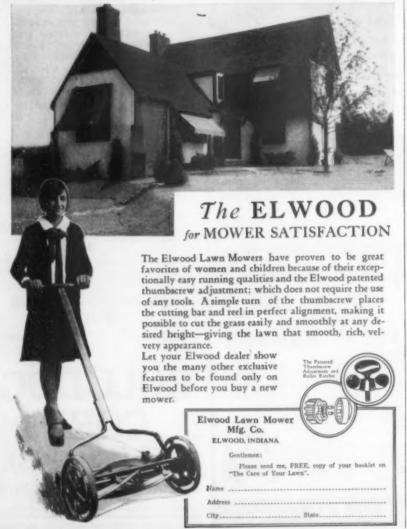
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I. GEORGE OUINT

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As a general rule insects that suck juice from foliage plants, etc., must be treated with a contact spray. Among such are Derrisol, Wilson's O.K. Plant Spray, Acme All Round Spray, M. G. K. Evergreen, and

Insects toat eat foliage, fruits, flowers, etc., should be treated with poisonous insecticides. In this class are Lead arsenate, Hellebore, Slug Shot, Bug Death, and many others.

Fungicides are used to combat plant diseases. Bordeaux mixture, Lime-sulphur and Fungtrogen (ammoniated copper solution) are the most common.

Insecticides should never be ap-plied when fruits are in blossom but before or after.

Bordeaux-arsenate is regarded by many as the best all around combined insect and fungus remedy.

Ants are not generally destructive but may be a real nuisance. They are best attacked by a direct poison like Cyanogas or by a poison system like Antrol.

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Beetle-Lead arsenate, Slug Shot, Calcium caseinate

Rust-Fungine, Flowers of sulphur, Bordeaux mixture

BEANS

Anthracnose-Fungine, Flowers of sulphur, Bordeaux mixture

Aphis, green fly-Kerosene mis-cible oil, Wilson's O.K. Plant Spray, Derrisol

Beetles, caterpillars—Lead arsen-ate, Slug Shot, Kerosene mis--Lead arsencible oil

BEETS

Beetles, bugs-Lead arsenate, Bordeaux mixture Root aphis-Tobacco dust, Ver-

mine, Scotch soot Worms, caterpillars-Nicoteen,

Bordeaux mixture, Lead arsenate CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER,

BROCCOLI, KALE, KOHLRABI, TURNIPS

Aphis, green fly-Kerosene mis-cible oil, Aphine, Nicoteen, Aphistrogen Beetles, caterpillars, worms-Lead

arsenate, Kerosene miscible oil, Calcium caseinate

Cutworm—Snarol, Cutworm Killer Club root—Vermine, Lime Maggot-Corrosive sublimate, Mag-

o-Tite Plant lice-Soap and Black Leaf 40 CARROTS

Beetles, bugs-Lead arsenate, Nico-Fume, Slug Shot

Green lice-Kerosene miscible oil, Lime-sulphur, Nicoteen

Web worm-Lead arsenate, Slug

Leaf blight, spot-Ammoniated copper solution

Blight-Ammoniated copper solution

Beetles, bugs-oil, Nicoteen bugs-Kerosene miscible

Celery worm-Lead arsenate Caterpillars-Bordeaux mixture,

Lead arsenate

Green lice-Aphine, Lime-sulphur, Nicoteen

CORN

Earworm—Paris green

Caterpillars, worms—Lead arsen-ate, Slug Shot Root aphis, grubs, wireworms— Scotch soot, Tobacco dust, Ver-

mine Cutworm-Snarol, Cutworm Killer Cinch bug-Kerosene miscible oil,

Nicoteen Smut-Cut out diseased portions

CUCUMBER

Aphis-Aphistrogen, Derrisol, Kerosene miscible oil, Wilson's O.K. Plant Spray Beetles, worms-Bordeaux mixture

Lead arsenate, Slug Shot Red spider-Nicoteen, Flowers of

sulphur, Derrisol Blight, mildew-Bordeaux mixture,

Ammoniated copper solution, Fungine EGG PLANT

Potato bug-Lead arsenate, Nico-Fume, Slug Shot

Cutworms—Snarol, Evergreen, Cutworm Killer

Aphis-Fish-oil, soap, Nicoteen, Derrisol

Blight-Ammoniated copper solution

Fungus-Flowers of sulphur

ENDIVE Greenworm-Buhack insect pow-

LETTUCE Aphis, green fly-Derrisol, Melrosine, Tobacco dust, Wilson's

O.K. Plant Spray Green worm-Hellebore, Calcium

caseinate Root lice—Scotch soot, Tobacco dust, Vermine

der, Sunoco

MELONS

Aphis, green lice-Derrisol, Keromiscible oil, Melrosine, sene Aphistrogen

Caterpillars, worms-Lead arsenate, Kerosene miscible oil, Slug

Blight, mildew-Bordeaux mixture, Ammoniated copper solution, Fungine

ONIONS

Maggot-Mag-o-Tite, Bordeaux mixture, Volck, Scotch soot, mixture, Vol Tobacco dust

Thrips—Soap and Black Leaf 40; Nico-Fume, Wilson's O.K. Plant Spray

Smut-Formaldehyde Cutworm-Snarol, Cutworm Kil-

Mildew or blight-Bordeaux mix-

ture, Calcium caseinate

PARSLEY

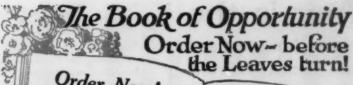
Green worm-Bug Death, Slug Shot Leaf Scorch-Bordeaux mixture, Ammoniated copper solution PEAS

Cutworm-Cutworm Killer, Snarol Aphis, green lice-Kerosene miscible oil, Lime-sulphur, Nicoteen (Continued on page 394) FASY MOWING ON STEEPEST TERRACES Equipped with Briggs & Stratton 4-cycle gasoline motor

The Cooper Power Mower rolls the turf and trims the grass in one operation. The sectional traction roller is corrugated and equipped with disappearing traction lugs which provide additional traction when needed, as in mowing up steep terraces. Individual clutches with convenient finger tip controls, operate drive roller and blade reel independently of each other. Five blade reel is reversible for self-sharpening. The mower frame and body are of fabricated steel construction insuring the greatest strength with least weight. Cooper pioneered the quick detachable "drop-out" reel for power mowers. Gears are grease packed and ball and roller bearings are used throughout. Made in 20 and 27 inch widths with grass catcher and riding sulky as additional equipment if desired. Write for copy of "Golf Green Beauty for Your Lawn".



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your plants, flowers, shrubs and evergreens with Wilson's O. K. Plant Spray . . . the nationally recognized standard insecticide for all flower and garden pests. It is highly effective, yet will not injure the most tender young plants. It is harmless to humans, clean and easy to apply. For sale at all dealers, order your supply now.



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Finding the fitting remedy

Continued from page 392

Mildew—Fungine, Flowers of sulphur, Bordeaux mixture Weevit—Fumigate with carbon bisulphide POTATOES

Colorado beetle—Lead arsenate,
Bordeaux mixture, Paris green
Flea beetle—Bordeaux mixture
Blight—Bordeaux mixture
Scab—Corrosive sublimate, For-

maldehyde Wireworm—Scotch soot, Target Scale Destroyer

Black leg—Semasan Bel PUMPKIN, SQUASH

Bugs, beelles—Black Leaf 40, Nicoteen, Slug Shot
Aphis, green lice—Kerosene miscible oil, Nicoteen, Slug Shot

RADISH

Maggot—Scotch soot, Tobacco dust, Vermine, Mag-o-Tite Club root—Vermine, Lime SPINACH

Aphis, green fly—Derrisol, Nicoteen, Tobacco dust, Aphistrogen SWEET POTATOES Blacktot—Sulphur

Blackrot—Sulphur Beetles—Lead arsenate TOMATOES

Worms—Hellebore, Slug Shot Flea beetles—Bordeaux mixture Blight, leaf spot—Bordeaux mixture, Ammoniated copper solution

NOTE: Next month will be given a list of preparations for attacking insects in the flower garden.

Some unwelcome garden guests

Continued from page 334

grub or larva, which lives below the surface, works in a more insidious manner not only eating the young roots, but also gnawing into the main or tap root.

A good deal of the damage by this pest is done in greenhouses and special control is here demanded. Handpicking is of some use, but fumigating with hydrocyanic gas is better. A poison spray is of great value. Dusting with arsenicals in early spring outdoors is also effective.

The cabbage worm although usually found in the vegetable garden, is also

met in the flower garden, where the caterpillar feeds on Nasturtium, Mignonette, Sweet Alyssum, and several other ornamentals.

It has a velvety green color while the adult or butterfly is the familiar white one found everywhere. The principal damage is to young plants but older ones are also infested. Whole plants may often be destroyed while the great majority of them are deformed. As many as three broods of this pest occur annually. The best remedy is a poison spray or a poison dust. (Turn to page 392)



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