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It is a great satisfaction to the home builder to be able to visualize his house in miniature before the actual construction is started. Detailed instructions for making a model of a house will be found on page 19.

The American Home

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The blue door and window trim as well as the blue wheelbarrow under the old apple tree lend a note of color and charm to the weathered shingles of this little house in Chappaqua, New York.

"Be it ever so humble—"
Monday at Three

A new note to replace a blue note

by Louise Gibbons Gurnee

Eight o'clock in the morning! Breakfast is over, and the commuter husband has left. The telephone jangles in the shiny new hall of the shiny new house and the shining new bride answers. "Bridge at three? I'd be delighted!"

Shades of our be-bustled grandmothers and be-pompadoured mothers for whom Monday was a great big deep indigo-blue splotch on the calendar! Monday was blue Monday. Monday was wash day. Monday was the day when mother rose at dawn, threw on her oldest clothes, rolled her sleeves above the elbows, pinned her skirts up in the back, stepped into a pair of storm rubbers—and put on her Monday frame of mind.

And usually what a frame of mind! She was prepared for the worst task of the week; she was ready to bite nails. Breakfast was a "catch-as-catch-can" meal served with no smiles and luncheon was something to be eaten hurriedly on the kitchen table in a cloud of soapy-smelling steam from the wash boiler. Supper time found her worn and frazzled with all of her good nature still pinned to the clothesline with a couple of blankets that just wouldn't get dry. And there were no bedtime stories.

And now the bride has made an engagement to play bridge at three o'clock. Tsch! Tsch! Is that the way to hold a husband? Is that the way to keep house? Is that the way to treat Monday of all days? The answer is "Yes"—not just plain yes but decidedly yes! And now other questions follow that: "How is she going to get away at three o'clock?" "Just leave everything?" "How is she going to get dinner?" or "Will they eat in a restaurant?"

Lend your ears. Sunday night when the guests left (there's always company in a new house) the living room looked quite upset. The furniture was all askew. Cigarette trays were smoking like incense burners. The Sunday paper had lost its self-control and was just here, there, and everywhere. The music on the piano—a page of a Bach fugue was lost in "Swingin' in a Hammock."

But that room was put to bed before anything else was done—not thoroughly cleaned, of course, but "redded up" as our grandmothers used to say. And it only took a moment or two. Perhaps the husband helped. We hope he did. And then to the kitchen where a quick-cooking breakfast cereal was put to soak in a double boiler. Soaking over night only makes it that much quicker to cook in the morning. The toaster was set on the breakfast table and the table laid for breakfast. No, the oranges were not squeezed. For the bride knows that orange juice left over night loses some of its vital vitamin content. And so to bed.

Then when the alarm whirs in the morning the first dash is to the kitchen where hot water is placed in the bottom of the double boiler, the gas turned on, and the breakfast cereal left to itself. Then the bathroom is hers and she emerges a few seconds later ready for blue Monday. The complacent commuter is probably fast asleep again but Monday is wash day and so he is soon routed out and the sheets and pillowcases come off the bed!

While the electric washer is humming and doing the work that used to take the skin off grandmother's knuckles the bride is free to run the vacuum cleaner over the living room rug.
Work days aren't what they used to be. The clouds of steam, the raw knuckles, the bad tempers have been wiped away by science and industry. We knew that the modern housewife could find time for recreation any day in the week—even on a blue Monday—and we asked Mrs. Gurnee to prove it—and she has!

The other bed clothing is then tossed around as though a young cyclone had made this room its playground and the window is raised to the top and the doors closed so the room can have its daily airing. We hope the commuting husband has had time to snatch his clean linen before he dashes to his bath.

Then while he is splashing in the tub the coffee is in the process of preparation and the bride-laundress-bridge guest is in the kitchen reaming the oranges. She may be using one of those electrical juice extractors that work with a whizz and a zip, or she may have one of the tricky hand extractors that are so popular now, the kind that looks a bit like an old-fashioned coffee grinder. One part is an aluminum cup holding some wires inside. The upper part is in the shape of half an orange and is filled with little metal teeth which hold half an orange securely. The orange then fits over the cup, a handle is turned, and out comes the juice and pulp. The seeds stay in the extractor.

This task over, she concentrates on the toast. It is made of sliced bread, of course—the divine inspiration bakers have had this past year. Every slice is uniform and fits exactly into the toaster. Out it comes with a click, crackle, and pop, ready to be buttered and served plain or sprinkled with cinnamon and powdered sugar for good, old-fashioned cinnamon toast. Contrast the following breakfast menu with the one the husband may have had on wash day when he was a child: Orange juice, hot cereal with cream, buttered or cinnamon toast, and coffee. This to be eaten at a bright breakfast table opposite a wife who looks as though she had nothing more arduous to do the rest of the day than powder her upturned little nose.

He's off to catch the 7:55!

Then there's the telephone call.

But she doesn't sit down later with an “Oh, dear why did I say ‘Yes,’ why didn't I say ‘No.’ Life is hard and time is fleeting.” Time is fleeting, to be sure, but Monday morning in a modern house is not nearly so tiring as Monday morning on a golf course—and it may be every bit as exciting.
If the kitchen sink has a dishwasher attachment, those few colorful breakfast dishes are scraped with a rubber scraper (the ten-cent stores and department stores sell literally millions of these scrapers yearly), then rinsed under the hot-water faucet, placed in the dishwasher, and forgotten. No woman with an electric dishwasher washes dishes more than once a day nowadays. If there isn't a dishwasher there is always the rubber spray attachment for the kitchen faucet that can be bought for almost a song. The spray of hot water is shot through a wire soap basket (you know the kind that looks like a miniature corn popper and is filled with left-over scraps of soap). The hot suds cleanses the dishes like magic. Then they are stacked in a wire draining basket, the silver in its special compartment. Clear hot water is sprayed into the basket on the draining board, the basket covered with a clean dish towel, and forgotten—all but the orange juice glasses and flat silver, of course, which really must be dried to keep them shining.

The left-over cereal goes into the refrigerator to be heated again or used in muffins. But the coffeepot is emptied and scrubbed. There was a day, long ago, when coffee just simmered and simmered all day on the back of the stove and grew strong as lye, a day when our mothers washed a coffeepot with soap only on special occasions. It was almost a sign that "company" was coming when that great granite pot went into the dishpan.

Now if the bride has been given an electric washing machine for a wedding present or if she has bought one from her electrical company on those convenient time payments she will do all of her laundry at home. If not, she will probably send out the flat work. But she will, no doubt, still prefer to wash her silk things and her treasured trousseau linens at home. Modern laundries are as careful as they can be, but most women feel they can be even more careful themselves.

Just because there will be old-fashioned people who will say our new-fashioned bride can't play bridge at three unless she sends most of the wash to a commercial laundry, we shall go through the entire process here on paper. And here's how:

She'll know that every single garment in her laundry basket can be washed in that electrical machine. This means silk things, too. She'll know that no husband likes, desires, or prefers to come home at night to a bathroom where the towel rack, the shower curtain bar, the edge of the bathtub is bedecked with pink chemises and green silk nighties that have been washed out in the bathroom basin.

She'll know that clothes can be rinsed more thoroughly and more efficiently in that washing machine by a mechanical rinse than if they were put through countless numbers of old-fashioned hot and cold rinses and then doused in a final rinse as blue as the deep, dark sea.

She'll know that boiling is absolutely unnecessary unless there is a case of infectious disease in the household and in that event she probably will not be playing bridge anyhow.

She'll know that there are soap powders, soap chips, soap flakes, soap beads and granules on the market that cleanse clothes without leaving her hands as rough as a nutmeg grater and red as flannel underwear. (Continued on page 48)
A Course in Furniture

I. The Furniture of Thomas Chippendale

Sketches by LURELLE GUILD

This is the first of a series of illustrated articles on the great furniture makers. Other outstanding furniture styles to be shown in this series are Sheraton, Hepplewhite, Duncan Phyfe, French Provincial, and Colonial. Chippendale furniture shows an intimate knowledge on the part of its maker of proportion and detail.

- Honduras mahogany, a novelty in the 18th century cabinet making, was so hard that it could be carved and incised almost like metal.
- Fretwork backs and rails, the ornamented cabriole leg, the ornate chair back, and claw and ball foot all show fine points of Chippendale's design.
- This fine bureau shows many points which mark the master hand in its making.
- The making of rich and elaborate mirror frames was a characteristic of Chippendale's later work.
- Delicate brass finials showing urns, pagoda tops, pineapples, and vase shapes gave a finish of great elegance to secretaries and smaller pieces.
- Elaborate hardware became the vogue in this era of furniture making, and added much to the decorative effect of the dark furniture.
- This drop-leaf table, shows beautiful detail in its stretcher with flame finial.
HE "great Thomas Chippendale," so called because there were two others of that name, was born near London in 1717, and died there in 1779. He was brought up by his father, for whom he was named, to follow the family trade of cabinet making. His first pieces were of oak and walnut in the style of Queen Anne, but as he grew older he popularized fine mahogany as a material for furniture making. He had a practical, working knowledge of veneering, inlaying, gilding, lacquering, turning, metal mounting, and many other processes necessary to his trade, but his preference was for carving as ornamentation, and, except for order work, his pieces were usually embellished with carving alone.

Mahogany furniture had been made in England since 1715, but the wood was not often used in cabinetwork until about 1745, when it found its highest expression in that medium at Chippendale's hands. His first chairs were of the bandy-legged Queen Anne type, with claw and ball feet, broad seats, and fiddle backs. As he developed his styles he elaborated the splats, enriched the carving with rococo work after the French manner, beautified the cabriole leg, and adopted the bow-shaped or curved top-rail.

Chippendale designed many examples in the rococo manner and, although they were always well executed, they became too elaborate and finally exceeded the limits of woodwork. During his best period when his workshop produced the beautiful ribbon-backed chairs, the use of mahogany was shown to its greatest advantage. Chinese designs swept the London world during Chippendale's middle years, due to the growth of England's trade with the Orient, and he evolved pagoda tops, lattice work in the Chinese manner, fretwork carving, and many other elaborate details founded on this vogue for the Oriental. He also designed many pieces of furniture in the Gothic manner which was popular for a time in England, when it was afflicted with a "Gothic revival" about 1750, due largely to the influence of Sir Horace Walpole and his coterie at Strawberry Hill.

Chippendale's chairs were his best and most characteristic pieces. Their construction was flawless, balanced to sustain weight, with structural parts strongly made, and the designs showing great variety and charm. The best known of the different types of chair were: 1. the French types, 2. the ladder backs, 3. the Chinese fretwork, and 4. the ribbon-backs. Chippendale made no sideboards, these coming into favor with later designers. All Chippendale's construction was solid, strong, and honest, and his material the best obtainable. His style is heavier and more elaborate than his successors, but fully expresses the rich, ornate life of the period, and has great decorative value.

Chippendale was one of the rare instances of a designer and cabinetmaker becoming rich and famous—as well as, whispered his contemporaries, a little arrogant. His workshop in St. Martin's Lane was the meeting place for celebrities, and Dr. Johnson, David Garrick, John Wilkes, Horace Walpole, Sir Joshua Reynolds (who painted the only known portrait of Chippendale) as well as his noble patron, the Earl of Northumberland, were habitués of the place. His book, The Gentleman and Cabinet-Maker's Director, dedicated to the Earl of Northumberland, which was brought out in London in 1754, was a revelation to the public, and placed Chippendale at once at the pinnacle of his fame. His work has withstood the test of time more completely than any of his rivals or successors, as well as having the unusual distinction of having been appreciated in his lifetime and his name "is by general consent attached to the most splendid period of English furniture."
Although these garden gadgets are right up to date they are not untried. In the upper left-hand corner is a sprinkler nozzle. In actual use this would be connected by fifteen feet of hose to a similar nozzle which, in turn, would be connected with an end nozzle (lower left-hand corner) also fifteen feet away. Laid straight, these three nozzles will sprinkle thoroughly an area about fifty feet long by twenty feet wide. (Peter Henderson & Company). In the upper right-hand corner are shown shears which cut cleanly and tirelessly. (Stumpf & Walter Company). Beside these shears is a fertilizer attachment for a faucet. Attach the short length of hose to the faucet and attach your own hose to the top of the fertilizer cylinder (12" x 3''), then as you sprinkle your lawn a concentrated fertilizer is sprayed out of the nozzle. Beside this in the photograph is a pistol-grip hose nozzle for easy watering. Just below this are flower gathering scissors that hold the flower after it is cut. In the lower right-hand corner is a garden marker with a magnifying glass set in the head to make labels easy to read. At the bottom right of the diagonal band are shown two wall nails that have a lead extension to bend around stems, trellises, etc. One is shown bent. Just above these are three labels of green celluloid. (Fertilizer, nozzle, scissors, marker, nails, labels from Max Schling Seedsmen, Inc.). Above the labels are two hose couplings (hardware stores have them) which can be clinched to hold hose having no couplings, and above these is an attachment to fasten on a faucet so that a hose coupling can be screwed on to it.

Garden Gadgets of 1931

by Norman Tanner
A Look before Leaping
How to make a model of your home

by EDWARD M. ELLIS

If you lack the architectural mind which permits one to see a finished house in a roll of blueprints, try making a model. It costs nothing and it is really lots of fun. All you need is some cardboard, scissors, glue, and paint. You will also need four elevations and the floor plans of the house you are going to build, or model, and these must be secured from an architect unless you feel qualified to make scale drawings of the four walls yourself. You will not need the detailed working drawings and the specifications. These two items must be left to the architect or builder. But from the simple elevation drawings you can make a perfect model and can try out different porches, landscape effects, etc., until you decide on the exact house that suits your fancy and your pocketbook.

Not everyone can read blueprints intelligently. But each and every one of us can get a real thrill to see just how the house of his dreams will look by making an exact model of it.

For you who are reading elevations for the first time, there...
are a few things that are puzzling. One is the "flatness" with which all elevations are drawn. If on the front elevation a porch is indicated you see only the width and height of it but not the depth. However, if you look at one of the end elevations you will note that the depth of the porch is shown there, as everything seen from that point of view is carefully drawn on that particular elevation. Also, all architectural blueprints have lettered on them the scale to which they are drawn. If you should see one sixteenth or one eighth scale, it means that for every foot of measurement the architect has used one sixteenth or one eighth of an inch to represent a foot. As an example, a house twenty feet deep would be drawn, if one eighth scale is used, two and one half inches or twenty eighths inches deep. If your plans should be one eighth scale and you desire to make the model one quarter inch to the foot, take the measurements from the blueprints and multiply by two.

As this is a good time for a suggestion, and one that is really very important, I should strongly advise that you consult a good architect about the design of your house. If this is impossible, talk over your house building problems with a reliable contractor. Either one will save you many heartaches and regrets.

The second thing to do is to gather the material necessary for the construction of the model. All you need is a couple of sheets of stiff, white cardboard, just thick enough to have a firmness and a body; some used razor blades of the type that have but one sharp edge (do not attempt using the kind with two edges); a ruler with a metal edge; a can of good glue (paste is useless for this purpose); a paper of common pins; a pencil; and a triangle.

Now, decide on the scale you are going to use. One quarter inch scale is an excellent one as it gives a greater freedom for detail than a smaller scale. First of all, cut out a piece of cardboard large enough to include the whole lot reduced to quarter scale. One hundred feet will be twenty-five inches at quarter scale. Later we shall make a base for our model and this piece of cardboard will be used for the ground layout. In order to determine where the house should be placed on the lot, cut out pieces of wrapping paper to the correct size of the house, garage, garden, etc., and move them around until they suit your desires.

When the position of the house has been settled, draw, in pencil, the outlines of the foundation, that is, the outside dimensions of the first floor plan, on the spot you have selected. When this is done, put it aside so that it can be referred to but will not be in the way.

With the front elevation of the house before you, draw, on another piece of cardboard, the two horizontal and two vertical lines that form the outlines of this elevation. Then carefully pencil in the windows, porch, door, and the type of construction. If clapboards are used, rule lines across the house front, spacing the boards in the proper scale. Pencil in the other elevations on three other pieces of cardboard, indicating all the essential details as shown on the plan. (In Figure one, below, are shown four elevations properly placed in relation to the foundation plan.) Where a chimney or a porch is indicated, just leave the proper amount of space, as these are made separately and glued on. Refer occasionally to the ground drawing you made first, checking the size and the projections which may show.

Upon finishing the drawing of the four main walls it is then that the cutting begins. If you have an old glove from which you can snip a finger, do so, and slip it on the index finger of the working hand—the pressure used in cutting, while not great, is apt to make your finger tender unless protected. If possible, thumbtack your cardboard elevation drawings to a movable board so you can keep the cardboard steady and yet be able to move the board for cutting in different positions.

Using the metal-edged ruler and a razor blade, carefully cut out the windows, leaving the main crosspiece in, if you wish, if double-sashed windows are used; for casement windows, remove the entire panel. The best way to use a razor blade, with the ruler as a guide, is first to cut about half way through the cardboard, and then cut again. This will give a clean-cut edge. You do not have to cut out the door, as the paneling or type may be indicated by drawing in the detail. If, however, you should like to be a trifle more realistic and show the depth the door sets back from the house front, cut out the door, redraw it on another piece of paper, leaving at least one quarter of an inch on the two sides and top of the door (for gluing) and cut around the one quarter inch line. Then glue to the inside of the elevation.
The foregoing directions apply to the square-box type of house which has no gables. We shall now consider one which has wings and ells and we shall take as an example a house designed by Theodore Whitehead Davis for *The American Home* which was published on page 565 of the March, 1930, issue. This house proved very popular with the readers of the magazine and was built according to the plans which were published. In making a model of this type of house it is advisable to follow a slightly different method so as to give the model proper stiffening.

Referring to Figure one on page 20, you will note that each wall is numbered to fit a corresponding space on the foundation plan. By merely placing these elevations on their lines, you will have the entire outer structure of the building. The blank elevations marked "Braces" in Figure one are the stiffening mentioned above and are to be used as inner braces for the model house. When making your model, draw each elevation on a separate piece of cardboard.

When all the elevations are cut out as described above, place them face down on the board and bevel or miter each end. This is done so that when the walls are finally joined the corners of the building will fit snugly and will not show a seam or the edge of the cardboard.

Now do all the detail work on the elevations. One very important thing to bear in mind is that all the details must be finished before the house is assembled. The chimney is made separately, as well as anything else that projects beyond the main walls. If the walls are of clapboards or shingles and you wish more realism than just pencil indications, cut strips of a thin, stiff paper a trifle deeper than the boards or shingles would actually be in scale and, starting at the bottom of the elevation, glue each strip so it will overlap the lower one just a bit. Actual clapboards or shingles would be laid by a carpenter the same way. Pencil lines can be used to simulate the joints between shingles. For brick, score the surface with a blunt tool or use a pencil to indicate bricks of the proper size. If stucco, use a fairly heavy paint which will give a slightly rough appearance. Stone requires more artistic ability but can be closely simulated.

As we shall leave the roof until later, check all elevations, see that all detail is finished, and that you have every necessary piece. If you were doing the house shown in Figure one you would check each individual wall with the blueprints and foundation plan. The only missing detail will be the window frames and shutters, as these are left until the house has been painted.

In the case of Mr. Davis' house, take wall number one and glue it to wall number three. When you glue, apply some glue on the beveled edge of one elevation and place the beveled edge of another against it, so that the walls will be at right angles to each other. Press pins through the corner of (Continued on page 50)
THE CHARM of a NORMANDY COTTAGE

by

THEODORE WHITEHEAD DAVIS

Something of the formal informality of a manoir in France, where one drives through the stableyard to reach the front door, is suggested by this cottage. The materials are whitewashed brick walls for the first floor, stucco and weathered half-timbering for the second. Below is shown the fireplace side of the living room. The floor plans are quite as individual as the exterior and it will be noticed that a garage could be worked into the first floor or basement without serious difficulty. The cubic contents is estimated to be 18,834 cubic feet and, at a base price of 55 cents a cubic foot, the house would cost $10,358.70
Designed by an architect in Louisville, Kentucky, this house reflects in its general proportions and use of materials the less ornate architecture of the South. Mr. Elswick estimates the cubage at 23,000 cubic feet and says that it can be built, in his vicinity, of nationally advertised materials, for 42 cents a cubic foot. In the New York area, which we use as a basis, it would probably cost $11,500. Painted brick is used on the living room end of the house. Matched boarding in a strip above the clapboards adds interest to the front elevation. Where building codes permit, a door from the garage could open directly into the kitchen.

**A MEMORY of the SOUTHERN COLONIES**

by FRED H. ELSWICK
Proper Equipment is Half the Battle
The clear sunlight of spring has a discouraging way of showing up all the streaks and stains left behind by the past winter. Even the bride who moved into a spotless new home the preceding June is likely to be shocked on some bright April morning by formerly unnoticed spots on carpets, accumulations of dust in hard-to-reach corners and scratches on hardwood floors. Restoring a whole house to shining speckleness is a rather overwhelming prospect at first consideration, but the housewife need not be discouraged if she plans her work intelligently and takes advantage of the up-to-date labor savers offered to simplify the eternal war on dust and dirt.

As she goes through her rooms considering the work to be done the housewife will notice many things which must be stored away during the warm weather; these should be seen to before the actual cleaning is begun. There are the precious woolen blankets to be washed with care in a suds of warm water and mild soap; swish them up and down in the water, squeeze the Suds gently through the fabric, but do not rub or twist it. If necessary, use more than one soap bath. Then rinse thoroughly in clear, warm water and hang the blankets in the air to drip with one half of the weight on either side of the line so that they will keep their shape.

Furs should be well brushed, and hung in the sun and wind for at least a day before being put away. Heavy woolen garments should be brushed and any spots removed with a good cleaner, then they should be hung outside for a day. The problem is simplified by a cedar-lined closet where all these things may be stored and remain airtight, or you may buy a cedar wardrobe or chest of drawers, made in various sizes and costing from about $50.00 up. If you have a quantity of valuable garments which would run into a heavy cold storage bill it may be worth your while to buy one of the new clothes vaults, costing $110.00, which safely protect against moths and theft. Clothing that is free from moth eggs and larvae when placed in a cedar closet is in little danger, but if you have doubts, or the closet is not perfectly airtight, it is well to add a good moth destroyer. It is also possible to keep furs and woolens safe by placing them in a strong cardboard box with a good moth destroyer and sealing all the openings with strips of gummed paper. Or there are now on the market large bags chemically treated that are mothproof and can be hung up in an ordinary closet. These can be purchased at any hardware or drug store.

The bride need not fear for the beautiful things of her trousseau if she safeguards them with the new moth destroyer which was discovered by the Department of Agriculture during the campaign against the peach borer and out an odorless, heavier-than-air gas. The container is hung a cost of $1.00. There are also several efficient anti-moth sprays which keep the larvae away from any garment treated with them.

When these details are out of the way the housewife should decide whether she has any heavy curtains, draperies, or thick rugs which would be better replaced by lighter ones for summer. These may need to be sent to the cleaner and when they return any which contain wool should be treated with an anti-moth spray before being put away.

These preliminary engagements clear the house for action and the real business of cleaning may begin. It is most economical of labor to begin at the top of the house and work down, so the bedrooms are usually the first to receive attention. First the mattresses must be well brushed, and vacuum cleaned if you have the proper attachment. There is a special mattress brush with medium stiff, rather short bristles, costing seventy-five cents, which simplifies the operation. The mattresses should then be moved out of reach of dust and, if possible, laid out in the sun until it is time to replace them. Rugs should be given a thorough vacuum cleaning, rolled up, and moved out of the room. Any minor stains on them which need attention may usually be removed by applying a heavy soap pad and wiping immediately with a cloth wrung out of clear warm water. Pictures should be taken down, dusted, and put aside. Then take the long-handled wall brush of lamb’s wool or fibre, an indispensable tool to be found in many types priced from about $1.25 up, and remove the dust from the ceilings, walls, the tops of doors and windows, and the electric fixtures, working from the top down. Next, with an absorbent dust cloth, go carefully over woodwork and furniture, and use a long brush to reach the springs and frame of the bed. Dust on the floor may then be swept up; use a long-handled dustpan to collect the debris and be sure that it is designed to hold the dust instead of immediately spilling it out again. A chemically treated dry mop should be used to pick up any specks which may have escaped.

This is the best time to take the floor polish and apply a surface which will last for months and need very little attention. There is a good hand polishing outfit which costs $3.19, but one of the electric machines which costs about $39.50 is likely to give better results with infinitely less expenditure of energy.

It has been proved by experiment that a surprising amount of labor and energy is saved by continuing each cleaning process through all the rooms on one floor until it is complete, instead of doing one room at a time. One’s muscles move more quickly and easily as they catch the swing of a set of motions continued for some time. It has been said that many bathrooms could be cleaned without injury by simply turning the hose on them, but most of us still prefer the less strenuous method of wet mop and bucket. By all means have a mop that wrings itself without the need of wetting the hands—a good one costs $1.00—and a pail divided into two compartments, one for soapy and one for clean water costing $7.00. The only other equipment needed is a cleaning cloth of heavy knitted metal polish cloth, and a long-handled toilet brush.

The modern bathroom is ordinarily such a spotless place that it is unlikely to need any particular attention except the laundering of the window curtains at housecleaning time. It has been said that many bathrooms could be cleaned without injury by simply turning the hose on them, but most of us still prefer the less strenuous method of wet mop and bucket. By all means have a mop that wrings itself without the need of wetting the hands—a good one costs $1.00—and a pail divided into two compartments, one for soapy and one for clean water costing $7.00. The only other equipment needed is a cleaning cloth of heavy knitted metal polish cloth, and a long-handled toilet brush.

When the upstairs rooms are (Continued on page 54)
House your Car

by HENRY HUMPHREY

The title of this article may be read as an admonition or as a question. Taken either way, it represents an interest in what is one of the most important investments a man makes. If your car be not well housed the answer to "How's your car?" cannot be cheerfully given.

As an admonition, "House your car" is generally heeded. We hear of people in the South who leave their cars standing outside all day and night to save storage fees, but they are exceptions. Depreciation on an automobile is by no means rapid, but nothing will hasten it like exposing the car to the open roads where motoring is a delight. Certainly it is true that a house in the suburbs implies the possession of a motor car. There the automobile is not a luxury; it is a necessity. To explore the beauties of the countryside, to visit one's friends, to get to the train, or to take the children to school one must have the convenient and quick means of transportation afforded by a motor car. Public garages, wherever they be, are expensive. It is a good investment as well as a great convenience to build one's own.

Garages may be divided into three general types, and there are almost as many ways of treating each one of these types as there are houses to build them with. First there is the attached garage, by which is meant one that is either attached to, or incorporated in, the house. Then there is the semi-attached garage, which is connected with the house by a covered walk, porch, or arbor, and thirdly there is the detached garage.

The attached garage may be a wing or ell of the house. The garage entrance may be on the same level as the house proper, in which case it may be situated in part in the attic. The doctor constructed a ramp leading up to the attic and housed his car there so that in the dead of night he could roll it down the ramp and get away without waking his family.

The semi-attached garage may likewise be planned in a number of ways. It is, of course, an architectural feature, but it is often the basis of the landscape plan, too. Between the semi-attached garage and the house may be an open porch or arbor which will lie in the main axis or a subsidiary axis of the plant plan. Or there may be an enclosed yard between the garage and the house which will be used as a children's play yard or a service yard in which deliveries may be made or clothes dried. Sometimes this area is enclosed with a little picket fence and flowers or vegetables planted there. Where an automobile is of first quality, people buy cars very often for their looks. There is little turn-in value in a car that has lost its sheen.

It has been said by an authority on real estate that the purchase of a home is very often dependent on the purchase of an automobile. The car owner who lives in the city finds his pleasure in his motor car is restricted because of expensive garage fees and the difficulty of getting out to the open roads where motoring is a delight. Certainly it is true that a house in the suburbs implies the possession of a motor car. There the automobile is not a luxury; it is a necessity. To explore the beauties of the countryside, to visit one's friends, to get to the train, or to take the children to school one must have the convenient and quick means of transportation afforded by a motor car. Public garages, wherever they be, are expensive. It is a good investment as well as a great convenience to build one's own.

The attached garage is a wing or ell of the house. At the same time an "attached" garage may mean one which is actually incorporated in the house proper, in which case it may be situated in any part of the floor plan, even, as in the case of a doctor's house in California, in the attic. The doctor constructed a ramp leading up to the attic and housed his car there so that in the dead of night he could roll it down the ramp and get away without waking his family.

Man has no more hard working or serviceable friend than his automobile. Therefore, the least he can do is to see that his car gets proper care and protection from the elements. On the following four pages are suggestions for one- and two-car garages suitable for varied tastes and pocketbooks.

The advantages of the attached garage are these:

- It may help the architecture of the house. Particularly is this true when it is used as a subordinate wing. It may save driveway space. On a small or narrow lot this is very important. If the house is put on the front of the lot and a detached garage put at the rear some valuable lawn or garden space will have to be sacrificed to a garage and a driveway. An attached garage is good for a sloping lot where the garage can be put in the basement. Where the garage can be put on the first floor right next to the entrance hall perhaps the ultimate in convenience is reached. The light switch can be put in the hall and one can step directly into a lighted, heated garage from one's front hall.

- The advantages of heating, lighting, and plumbing are usually won in attached garages to a greater extent than in the other types. It is easy to run the heating lines from the house boiler into the garage.

- At the same time the interior walls in attached garages are usually finished which is not always true in the other types. Thus heat loss is lessened.

The plumbing in an attached garage may consist of a lavatory (with hot water from the house boiler), or a lavatory and toilet. This secondary bathroom is particularly advantageous in the house where there are children.

It may be that the attached garage will be a cheaper investment than one of the other types. This depends on how carefully the other types might be finished and equipped. Certainly walls which are part of the house walls are less expensive than those which are built separate from the house, but the heating, lighting, and plumbing in an attached garage may be (Continued on page 46)
In the article on the facing page the subject of garages is fully discussed. On this and the following four pages are shown an architect's suggestions for one-car and two-car garages, attached, and semi-attached, and detached. As the latter are usually merely modifications of the house itself, only two of this type are shown. We believe any prospective home builder or owner will get some valuable suggestions from these practical designs, so ably drawn by Frank A. Wallis.

An attached garage which cleverly repeats the design and the materials of the house.

A sloping lot makes quite possible the placing of an extra room over the attached garage.

A guest or servant's room in the garage wing of a Spanish house.

Always take full advantage of a hillside lot in placing the garage.

At left is a suggestion for a garage attached to an English cottage, both decorative and efficient.

In the design at right the large garage doors are skilfully subordinated by an overhanging bay.
On this and the facing page are shown two designs of attached garages. The plot plans for both garages are shown at the bottom of the two pages. In the middle of this page are shown three typical garage layouts. At the left is an attached garage for a house on a corner lot, with a short driveway. In the middle is a semi-attached garage connected to the house by a covered terrace. At the right is an attached garage showing how the rear section of the lot may be fully utilized with this type of garage.

In the middle of the opposite page are shown a few of the many ways in which doors may be fitted to your garage. Doors that swing or fold in have an advantage over those which must be pushed out, since snowdrifts impede the latter. Overhead doors, easily operated, are proving very popular. In the two garages shown on this and the facing page, rooms have been put over the garage. These may be used as week-end lodges until the house is built, then they may be used for servants' or guests' quarters.
An arcade in Colonial style covers the walk to the garage

Below is an interesting Spanish design of good proportions

A covered walk is a welcome feature on wintry or stormy days

On this page are shown some schemes for semi-attached garages for several of the best known types of architecture. Notice particularly that in the designs on this and the foregoing pages the garage doors are very carefully subordinated to the rest of the design.

Picket fences can be used to tie the house and garage together

The French design below leaves a yard between house and garage

Two-car garages well planned are scarcely larger than for one-car

Picket fences can be used to tie the house and garage together

The French design below leaves a yard between house and garage

Two-car garages well planned are scarcely larger than for one-car
ETCHINGS ARE NOT EXPENSIVE

"A Quiet Evening" by K. Vernon (Courtesy of Harlow, McDonald & Co.)

BEAUTY
in
Black and White

by GWENDOLINE KEENE

It is almost unnecessary nowadays to point out the aptness with which etchings fit into modern decoration. They seem made just on purpose to be hung in our present-day small rooms. They are meant to be studied at close view, and are made in such infinite variety that not only living rooms but sleeping rooms and dining rooms welcome them. Their austerity and clean-cut air appeal especially to men and the universality of their attraction makes them unusually suitable for gifts. Mounted on a wide mat—drawing paper is ideal—and framed in the simplest of frames—perhaps a narrow ten-cent one lacquered black or some strong color—a good etching adds a finishing touch to a room. It should be mounted by pasting lightly on the two upper corners. Or, if you like a studio touch, the frame is omitted and the picture merely placed, as in the art galleries, behind a piece of bevel-edged glass fastened to the wall by little gadgets like those used to secure frameless mirrors. Such a treatment is specially convenient if you want to change your pictures from time to time, to vary the subject.

The acquiring of etchings or their reproductions is only half the fun. The real thrill is becoming acquainted with modern etchings as a whole. This is by no means as difficult as it sounds. The great modern revival in etching and its sister-art, engraving, started at the same time as France’s great art renaissance in the middle of the last century. Given its present-day impetus by Whistler, in the last quarter of that century, it continued, interrupted only by the war, until to-day all the world of art is on the crest of its wave. So it is that in all the large cities, and even in many of the smaller ones, all the art galleries and many bookstores carry a large stock of etchings always on hand and hold special exhibitions of special collections. Museums, too, carry large numbers, which the curators are glad to show, and books and periodicals on the subject are numerous and interestingly written.

The reason why etchings are so comparatively inexpensive—thems being perhaps the only field where the best is available for so little—is because so many impressions can be taken from a single plate. During its making an etching is immersed in acid which etches, or eats away, the plate, and that explains its name. The plate, usually of copper, is covered with a protective waxy ground and on this the picture is scratched with a needle. Then the plate is placed in the acid bath, which etches, or “bites,” it where the needle has scratched away the ground. It is taken out, inked, rubbed comparatively clean, and the etching is made by placing a piece of paper on the plate...
and running them both through a roller press. The process is simple in its essentials, but the opportunities for perfecting the work in every stage are innumerable. If the artist wants certain lines to be "bitten" deeper than others, he fills up the latter with a "stopping out" varnish and puts the plate back in the acid for the unstopped lines to be "re-bitten." Or he may find a whole portion of the plate not to his liking, in which case he pounds and scrapes that part clean and starts all over again.

In the printing, too, a master hand is essential. A perfectly clean-wiped plate would result in an impression as clear-cut as a visiting card; a soft ink-film is used almost always in, for instance, the sky or a great expanse of water. The very decision of how much pressure to apply when passing the plate and paper through the press may make a difference, and so it is that almost every impression of a plate may differ in value from every other. After some one hundred impressions, or even fewer, are made, the artist usually destroys the plate, not so much for the sake of making each impression more rare and therefore more valuable, but because the plate wears down and gives a less fine impression.

Dry-point is not, strictly speaking, a branch of etching, because no acid is used in its making. It employs an etching needle, however, and is so allied to etching that it is almost considered in the same category. Correctly it is an engraving, because, as in an engraving, the tool scratches directly on the plate. In a dry-point the needle throws up a tiny scraping, or "burr," and this gives a soft, velvety effect, but it wears down quickly and makes the life of the dry-point plate even shorter than the etching's. Other forms of graphic art which are having a revival nowadays are aquatints, mezzotints, stippling, line-engravings, lithographs, and wood-cuts, many of which may be and often are done in color. All of them are popular, especially wood-cuts, but none are as popular as etchings.

Among American etchers alive to-day Frank Benson pictures wild ducks and very little else, but, as ducks, his etchings are probably the best of their kind in the world. Others familiar to the art world include Louis Rosenberg, Childe Hassam, Edward Hopper, Marguerite Kirmse, Leon West, Arthur Hentzelman, Carton Moorepark, Alfred Huty, Martin Lewis, Roy Partridge, Carl Rungius, John Taylor Arms, Ernest Roth, George Wales, Roland Clark, Frederick T. Weber, Samuel Chamberlain, D. Shaw MacLaughlan, and "Pop" Hart.

Along with the revival of etching and engraving has come the publication of really fine reproductions of (Continued on page 54)
There is always a fascination about a small white cottage which is reached by the devious windings of a narrow country lane—and the home of Reginald A. Ward, at Pleasantville, New York, is no exception. It might be more exact to say that the Ward cottage is an outstanding example of the charm dispensed by a small house in an especially fortunate setting.

The wooded lane on which it stands branches off abruptly from an excellent cement road which leads directly to the station and the heart of the town. Yet the little house seems miles removed from any faint atmosphere of suburbanism.

It turns a well-built shoulder to the lane while its fresh, smiling face confronts the natural rock garden in which it is ensconced. Stepping stone paths have been built through the rockery, and perennial flower beds and shade trees make the front lawn a delightful spot on a summer day. The grounds, on the side which runs along the lane, are enclosed by a hedge, backed by a stone fence and a retaining wall, while a quaint white picket gate opens onto the flagged path which approaches the front door.

It is hard to believe that this charming cottage began life as a carriage barn. The architect, Mr. Oscar Vatet, has

A LITTLE HOUSE
at the end of the lane

by MARJORIE LAWRENCE
made few changes in the actual construction of the exterior, with the exception of adding the small entrance porch with its sloping roof. The enormous living room is on the right as one enters. It was created quite simply, by removing old partitions and running up girders which are hung by rods passing through the second floor partitions and connecting them with the roof. A small cellar, housing an oil burner, has been excavated beneath a portion of the ground floor. The remainder of the rooms have air space under them.

The living room also acts as the hall since the stairway to the second floor is built against its west wall. The velvet-finish plaster walls are of a neutral tone and the woodwork is tinted a warm ivory, with the sole exception of the fireplace wall. This end of the room is vertically sheathed in panels of five-ply wood in a dark, natural tone. The fireplace itself is adapted from one in the Paul Revere house and is built of clinker brick. On either side are “blind” doors, with hand-forged hardware, painted black.

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The ceiling beams, proportioned with care, are unequal in size. Lighting brackets of zinc with scalloped edges have been used. These, together with the iron crane and other old hearth implements, bring to the room a flavor of antiquity which is accentuated by the discrimination shown in the selection and grouping of the furniture.

Owing to its size, the living room might easily have become inhospitable in feeling, but this tendency has been overcome by the skillful grouping of the furniture and by the deft use of color. The pleasant irregularity of the bookcase arrangement, along the south wall, (Continued on page 70)
Wisdom in the Market Basket
Choosing meat wisely and well

by RACHEL DUNAWAY COX

In mastering the fine art of housekeeping nothing presents more seemingly insurmountable difficulties to the novice than marketing intelligently for meat. Most of us come to it with only the faintest notion of what is good and what is poor in quality. Our ideas about prices are vaguer still, and in the first stages of the housekeeping venture we probably bought loin steaks and chops over and over again and, on big occasions, rib roasts without knowing that in selecting these familiar cuts we were getting the most expensive things in the market.

Buying meat correctly is a vastly more complicated matter than getting chops three days a week and steak the other four. It means knowing what cuts are available, in the first place. Chops and steaks are a mere beginning. It involves finding out which pieces come cut across the grain and which with the grain; it includes knowing the various meats—beef, lamb, veal, and pork—when we see them, and making a pretty safe guess as to whether any particular piece we see will be tough or tender. The marketer must know what she can serve safely at a company dinner when wrestling with a tough piece would mean not only an unsuccessful dinner, but untold embarrassment for the proud young cook. And, more vital to the family budget, she must know about the cheaper cuts which can be made nutritious and palatable and attractive, and in what guise each of these inexpensive cuts appears to best advantage.

In identifying meat, color is our best guide. Beef is bright, almost cherry-red; the bones in tender pieces are pinkish and porous rather than flinty white, and, if the cut is good, it will be marbled with fat. By marbling is meant the streaking of the lean meat with fat; this is a fairly reliable sign that the meat will be tender and of good flavor. Pork is light pink, the lean meat fine grained and firm and the fat white, untinged with pink, and much softer than the fat of beef or lamb. Brittle bones with a large marrow cavity are characteristic of pork. Mutton is a dark, brick red, and lamb is light pink, darkening with the increasing age of the animal. Lamb cuts will be noticeably smaller than those of mutton and the texture of the lean will be finer. Pinkish, porous bones and hard, flaky-white fat distinguish both
lamb and mutton. Veal is very pale pink and of a fine, velvety texture, with lines of connective tissue running through it.

Well-preserved meat smells fresh and is free from the unpleasant, though not absolutely spoiled odor that puzzles so many inexperienced cooks. Pronounced odors indicate poor refrigeration and sound the danger signal. Resilience to the touch is another indicator of good meat. The degree of firmness varies with the kind of meat, pork and veal being normally less firm than beef and mutton, but with marketing experience we can learn what we have a right to expect. The eye can be trained to tell which meat is be-draggled and likely to be flavorless and dry because of long exposure, and it is well to learn to use eyes rather than fingers.

Just what each day’s meat purchase shall be has probably been decided long before the crucial moment for selection comes, for every efficient kitchen has its week’s menus tacked up in a convenient place, ready for daily consultation. These menus, of course, should be elastic enough to take advantage of “Specials” offered by the butcher. It is when menus are made out that the question: “What shall I buy?” is asked and answered. How it is answered will depend primarily upon how much money there is in the budget and, second, on who is to gather around the family board. No matter how limited may be the sum allowed for meat, most of us like to spread hospitality with a generous hand, preferring to use a meat substitute at another meal rather than stint on company days.

If the company be masculine, with a high and hearty appetite, nothing could be more appropriate than a life-sized steak, chosen from the loin. The loin is that part of the beef that lies in the hind quarter just under the backbone, and the thing that makes loin steaks worth the high price asked for them is their fine flavor as well as their unsurpassed tenderness. It is from this section that our familiar sirloin or pinbone, porterhouse, T-bone, and delmonico steaks come. One to one and a half inches is the usual thickness for these cuts, though some hostesses like the magnificence of two-inch cuts.

When ladies come to luncheon or dinner, lamb or veal chops or cutlets form an ideal pièce de résistance. Lamb chops cut from the loin are the choicest of that variety. The infinitesimal circle of meat that each chop offers is almost always of fine quality and tender. But for ordinary (Continued on page 64)

AT THE BUTCHER’S

Fresh beef should be bright red
Fresh pork should be light pink
Fresh mutton should be dark red
Fresh lamb should be light pink
Fresh veal should be pale pink

A variety of chops, left to right: French chop, veal chop, rib lamb chop, loin lamb chop, and pork chop in the foreground. On the preceding page is an attractively garnished planked steak
Perennials 
to plant NOW

Start your garden early

by ROMAINE B. WARE

It seems, no matter how much we are urged to plant in the fall, the great wave of garden enthusiasm is present only in the spring. Gardeners that lose most of their ardor when warm weather multiplies their difficulties prove hard to enthuse in the fall, but by spring they are once again overflowing with the planting spirit. The deluge of seed catalogues, with their alluring temptations, instills within all of us the desire to plant.

And perennials with their relative permanency find the greatest favor. Yet he who plants perennials, thinking he is doing the job once and for all time, is due for a rude awakening. There are very few perennial plants but must be divided and reset every few years.

Though there are perfectly valid reasons why fall planting is desirable, yet just now we are much more interested in the things that may be planted at this time. Not everything may be planted now, but a surprisingly large proportion of the more important ones are available.

If we are to make the best use of perennials we should study the more important ways that they may be employed, and make a review of the varieties. Present-day gardening uses them in borders of various widths and usually places these borders around the outer edges of the lawn area. They may be used also along driveways or as a division between properties. The poorest place is around the foundation of a house, because there moisture is usually limited and upon the sunny sides additional heat is reflected by the walls. Neither perennials nor any other flowers should be planted in small beds cut out of the lawn or circular beds in the center of the yard. In width, borders should be three to ten feet wide as narrow spaces will not accommodate good grouping of varieties.

Borders that are viewed from one side only should have the taller kinds at the rear, those of medium height in the middle, and dwarf kinds for edging. This is not a hard and fast rule but is best followed in a general way. Where borders are viewed from both sides, plant the tallest kinds in the center. In borders five feet or more wide, several plants of a kind are desirable for masses of color. (Continued on page 80)

Lilies are the really aristocratic flowers of the border and fortunately all the worthwhile kinds may be safely planted in spring. Plant several bulbs in a group. Lilium speciosum
A feeling of greater age is given to this one-year-old garden through the thatched roof to the garden house and the irregularity in planting the Box edgings.

**A one year old**

**FLOWER GARDEN**

An actual plan and actual results shown together from which you may easily pick out parts that might fit your needs.

It was only one year old when the photographs were made; one year from the planting of the perennials and the Boxwood. The site was older and framed around with Locusts and Cherry trees that had the growth of many years and which helped greatly in giving a frame to the picture, something that any flower garden really needs. The spot selected for this flower garden was an old house foundation which thus surrounds the sunken garden, and determined its outline. The wall itself was brought into play as an effective part of the garden with Ivy and other vines planted about it. A semblance of age was brought in by avoiding too regular planting of the Box used as edging.

It will often happen that the most pleasing results can be had by accepting the conditions as they are, as was done in this case, rather than by making an entire reconstruction without intimate tie-up. The herbaceous material was set in according to the plan on the opposite page. It is quite practical for anyone to take a piece of this plan, as may suit conditions, and translate it bodily into a new environment; but it should be remembered that the background of trees (enriched by the planting of flowering shrubs in the foreground) is an effective part of the garden picture as a whole. Although perhaps not usually thought of as part of a flower garden, the frame or background is important. And then, too, there is the adequate preparation of the soil before planting so that the plants may feed and grow. This garden was designed by L. Lundquist, landscape architect, for Mr. J. Barstow Smull.
We look across the flower garden and up into the Roses. The change of levels brought about by using the sunken excavation area of the old house adds an element of interest and a semblance of distance in this charming garden.

The detailed planting plan below was used in making the accompanying garden pictures. There surely is enough suggestion here to fit almost any personal problem—individual borders, or edgings, or beds, as the case may be. The quantities to be used can be roughly measured on the basis of allowing from one to two square feet for an individual plant.
Judging by what I read generally in current magazine articles, most writers seem to feel that the amateur gardener is a poor creature, deserving of few of nature's gifts and those the most unattractive. If I were obliged to keep within the confines of a list recently given in an article on house plants I should either immediately put my nose to the grindstone and work until I was out of the amateur class, or else give up house plants altogether!

My greatest surprise was that the Primula was listed among the plants which only a professional with a greenhouse might undertake with any hope of success. I myself am the rankest of amateurs. I have no greenhouse. My plants are obliged to live, grow, and have their being on a sunporch where the family spends many hours of the waking day. My benches were not designed for the greenhouse, but started out in life as lowly wash benches and have been painted to match the woodwork of the porch. My flats were made at home and painted to match the benches. On this porch and with this equipment I raise and carry over from year to year some of the loveliest Primulas I have ever seen; and the photographs herewith are the evidence.

The porch is enclosed on its two exposed sides, south and east, by full length glass sash which are removed in the late spring. The benches are placed against the glass so that the plants may benefit by every ray of sunlight. There is a radiator on the porch which is turned on at night during the cold weather, but is generally left turned off during the day if the sun is shining. A sunporch cannot, of course, be kept at a perfectly even temperature as a greenhouse can; (Continued on page 72)
A thoroughbred among silverware

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April, 1931
SHRUBS should be pruned annually, not that it is a matter of life or death, but of beauty, which is more important. Left to itself, a shrub soon loses some of its beauty of form and quantity of bloom. Shrubs are of two types: one, blooming on the current year's wood, and the other blooming on last year's wood.

As the season opens up in spring we are not concerned with the first class because removal of any wood at that time would reduce the quantity of blooms. Althea (Rose of Sharon) being late to start growing may still be pruned, the bush shaped. Half to two thirds of the previous year's growth is removed to induce a vigorous growth as the longer the new branches the more numerous will be the blooms as they are produced along the growing branches.

Shrubs blooming on last year's wood should not be pruned until after their blooming period. As soon as the flowering season is over, the blooming wood is removed and the bush generally shaped so as to promote the growth of new flowering wood during the present season for the following season.

The following well known kinds belong here: Azaleas, Cercis (Judas Tree), Crataegus (Hawthorn), Cydonia (Japan Quince), Deutzia, Forsythia (Golden Bell), Hydrangea hortensis, Lilac (Syringa), Philadelphus (Mock-orange), Ribes (Flowering Currant), Spiraea (Bridalwreath, etc), Tamarisk, Viburnum (Snowball), and Weigela.

Another reason for pruning shrubs soon after they have flowered is to prevent the seeds from forming. These, besides being unsightly, take a great deal of strength that might otherwise be used in growing wood for more blooms the following year.

The method of pruning these shrubs varies according to the species and often types within the species. Some have beautiful fruits in the autumn and while the bearing of these may inversely influence the profusion of blooms for the following year, it is often advisable to leave them on especially if the shrub is an isolated specimen. The Hawthorns (Crataegus) are of this class; being often used as a hedge, they should in that case be sheared or "boxed" regularly, and in each spring they make wonderful walls of flowers. As specimens, either of the low pyramidal forms or as trees, it is better not to prune them and in late season their clusters of scarlet pills are a thing of beauty long into winter.

Deutzias, Spiraeas, and Weigelas are all pruned in the same fashion: removing the long (Continued on page 82)
"Old France gave me inspiration for this furniture design"

SAYS
GILBERT ROHDE
Member of the American Union of Decorative Artists and Craftsmen, and creator of the new Heywood-Wakefield furniture

CALL it Old World inspiration if you will—but not even modern Paris, the style center of the world, can equal the designs Gilbert Rohde has created exclusively for Heywood-Wakefield.

That's what prominent designers and decorators say. One glance tells them this furniture is something brand-new . . . different from anything they have ever seen.

You'll see it, too. You don't need a stylist's knowledge to recognize the distinctive smartness . . . nor an artist's eye to appreciate the beautiful lines of this new furniture.

Even the upholstery is perfect . . . almost as if it had been specially made. Isabel M. Croce, specialist in upholstery materials, spent weeks in making a personal selection of these smart patterns and fabrics. They are the last word in correct design and color harmony.

Where can you see these new Heywood-Wakefield designs? At any of the better stores. They're on display now. Just ask for them.

HEYWOOD-WAKEFIELD
Executive Offices, Boston, Mass.

Makers of Fine Furniture
It is quite easy to get a long season of bloom from Gladiolus if planting is done with that purpose in view. Following the simple rules laid down here will bring beauty to the garden at a time of the year when other flowers, excepting the gorgeous Phlox, are either at rest or have not begun to show their wares. And, not even excepting the Phlox, a greater choice of color schemes is possible with these summer flowering bulbs than with any other flower of the garden.

By selecting varieties known to have beautiful and lasting foliage, and known also for their sturdiness of growth and consequent resistance to storm, wind, and rain, and to the sun’s burning rays, and further known for earliness of bloom, a well-kept display may be had over a period extending from early July to late September, and even through October in the milder sections by the simple expedient of using different sized bulbs of just one variety—not a collection of varieties of the same general color.

By different sized bulbs I mean that you should plant bulbs known as Numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 in the trade, No. 1 being the largest and grading down in size to No. 5 which is the smallest that will bloom in Eastern gardens, of a given early or early midseason blooming variety, provided all these sizes are planted as early in spring as the soil may be safely worked, and all at the same time.

The season’s bloom then starts with the large No. 1 bulbs, followed by No. 2. The other sizes slowly and in succession develop their bulbs to a size which is eventually followed by bloom from them. The first three sizes give normal length spikes of bloom, whilst the next two will be somewhat shorter. Also if certain varieties noted for their precocity of bloom are selected, the season should show a correspondingly greater burst of bloom by virtue of these varieties either developing spikes that branch, the branches opening their buds after the main stalks have passed on, or the large bulbs developing several blooming sized bulbs for each one planted, each of the “splits” throwing normal sized spikes, some of which will also be branching. The most precocious of these is Los Angeles, which does all that has been said, with the added quality of giving additional spikes from the base of the original ones, provided the bulbs are given a space apart of six to twelve inches.

Of the Large-flowering varieties, (Continued on page 84)
April, 1931

Keep out Thieves of Sleep...

with SCREENS that CANNOT RUST

THE PENETRATING WHINE of a solitary mosquito... Insects have an uncanny way of finding even the tiniest break in a screen.

Screen wire is only about one one-hundredth of an inch in diameter. Consequently the action of rust is quickly damaging in spite of any surface protection.

Copper and Bronze Wire are immune to rust. The American Brass Company manufactures both, but recommends Bronze because of its greater strength. Screens made of Anaconda Bronze Wire have lasted for 25 years and longer. Bronze Wire is not expensive; costing only from 50¢ to 75¢ more per window or door than the kind that rusts.

Leading screen manufacturers standardize on Bronze screen cloth. They supply many types to meet the requirements of architects and home-owners. There are screens that roll up like a window shade... those that slide vertically or horizontally... and those that hinge.

Screen frames should not warp or corrode... should hold the screening taut... and should operate easily. Bronze frames meet every requirement and their cost is moderate.

Whatever type of screen you select, be sure that the screen cloth is made of Anaconda Bronze Wire. Should you have occasion to re-wire serviceable frames, Bronze screen cloth may be obtained from local hardware stores.

We will gladly send you a copy of the illustrated booklet, "Screens That Meet The Test." Address the American Brass Company, Waterbury, Conn.

WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS OF
Anaconda Bronze

Can't Rust  Anaconda  Save Money
Permanent roof decided on for old homestead at Plymouth, Vermont

Rather than take chances on the old roof, the Coolidges re-roofed the old homestead at Plymouth, Vermont, with Ambler Asbestos Shingles. They wanted a fireproof, permanent roof which had real beauty and which would blend in with the old New England setting.

You, too, can practice this same economy, and before your old roof leads to expensive repairs, select an Ambler roof now. Many beautiful and variegated colors, from the mellow Newport Gray of old New England to the gorgeous tints of Autumn leaves. And you can count on Ambler Asbestos shingles actually outlasting your house itself.

House your car
Continued from page 26

The danger of carbon monoxide poisoning in a closed garage when the motor is running is always present. Therefore put at least two windows in your garage and, preferably, put one of the windows in the walls so that a gable is never hermetically sealed. It is also possible to slip a tube over the exhaust of an automobile and thus protect the garage from the escape into the outer air.

Put radiators near the ceiling so that neither you nor the car may be scorched by them. Put lights at the side of the car, rather than overhead, so that the car will not be in its own shadow. Glass doors in the doors may help, but they are usually at the rear of the car. Windows are better. Plan for one or two base plugs: for a trouble light, on a twenty-foot wire, and for a power outlet if you intend to use machinery.

You will want a hose connection in your garage and this may be overhead for convenient washing of the car, or placed near the floor.

Dress up the interior. Cover the walls with an insulating metal lath and plaster. These will help conserve heat and will improve the appearance immensely. A ceiling of insulating board or matched lumber is also a good investment. If there is room for storage space overhead put in 2 x 8 joists and matched lumber to make a ceiling, and disappearing stair.

In cases where the building codes permit a door from an attached garage directly into the house proper, of course, a great convenience. But this door must be fireproof and should preferably be self-closing. It should not have glass panes in it.

A number of incidentals one may want in one’s own garage: a work bench, a closet for work clothes or tools, a self-closing can for rags and waste, a drip pan for the floor, and a fire extinguisher. One may want a floor pit under the car. This should be sunk about four feet below the level of the floor and should have steps in it.

Garage doors almost deserve an article to themselves. Some can be bought out of stock for as low as $25. They are not so substantial nor so satisfactory as swinging doors that slide along the interior walls or overhead or those popular doors that fold up in the ceiling. For all the advantages of the attached type there are some cases where the car is put away more often and this must be considered when choosing a type. Some people did formerly, that the back of the house is not so important as the front. Do not put the garage or by means of a plate set with a hillside lot, a ramp will have to be cut to get the garage in the basement. It is possible to design a first floor plan on different levels so that only a slight slope will have to be cut to get the garage in the basement.

Among other disadvantages of the attached garage may be the matter of the approach. This is a landscape plan problem and will differ considerably with different lots.

Just one word of caution about the attached garage. Do not think, as people did formerly, that the back of the house is not so important as the front. Do not put the garage doors at the rear of the house just to hide them from the front. If they do not have some use other use than other type of garage.

Some points to be considered before you actually build a garage are these:

A two-car garage can be built for little more than a one-car garage. The second car space can be saved for visitors’ cars, until the family exchanger permits the purchase of the increasing number of second cars, or it can be used as a tool room or a place to store children’s rolling stock, that is, tricycles, etc.

A small one-car garage can be built for $150 and if you build your own garage, you will save the price of labor which is a costly item. Remember, though, that cheap materials are expensive.

In planning your garage, remember that it should be large enough so that you can walk and work comfortably around the car. Some representative dimensions of cars are as follows:

Length: 12” 111/2”, Ford, to 18’ 9”, Cadillac.

Width: 9’ 2”, Essex, to 6’ 6”, Cord.

The American Home

Send this useful messenger off today.

AMBLER ASBESTOS SHINGLE & SHEATHING CO., Ambler, Penna.

Check your desire.

□ I am interested in a new roof.
□ Please send me free folder.
□ I want my present roof inspected with our cost or obligation.

Name________________________Address________________________

City________________________State________________________

For kitchens, bathrooms, etc., see Ambler Asbestos Wainsole—beautiful, gleaming surfaces easy to clean. Many charming colors, and a permanent installation. Our Masonite has the beauty of marble without the expense.

AMBLER ASBESTOS SHINGLES
Ambler Asbestos Shingle & Sheathing Co.
Ambler, Penna.
St. Louis, Mo.

The American Home
Build the small family home of Concrete for economy and comfort

Concrete offers many advantages that are of especial interest to the builder of the small family home. Walls of concrete masonry construction go up quickly, saving time in building. The air space between inner and outer surfaces insulates against extremes in temperature. Coal bills are less, in consequence; comfort is greater, in winter and summer. Such walls are firesafe, too.

Coated with portland cement stucco, concrete masonry walls are given any desired texture or color tint. The stucco bonds perfectly with the wall surface — becomes part of it. Such walls retain their attractive "newness" indefinitely. Maintenance costs are practically nothing. Additional maintenance savings result when interior walls, also, are of concrete. Door frames remain true; corners stay plumb; decorating expense is less, in consequence.

Build the small family home of concrete — for economy and comfort. If you wish further facts, write us.

PORTLAND CEMENT Association

Concrete for permanence and firesafety
Gentlemen: I should like a copy of the Orinoka booklet, "Draperies and Color Harmony." I am enclosing 10 cents.

THE ORINOKA MILLS, 185 Madison Avenue, New York City

Draperies...colors guaranteed sun and tubfast

The Orinoka Mills, 185 Madison Avenue, New York City.

NOW, knowing all these things are true, because men and women who have spent their lives in learning just such interesting household things have told her so, this is how she will proceed:

The clothes will be sorted into groups according to the degree of soil.

The bath towels, wash clothes, bath mats, cotton underwear, sheets, pillow cases, shirts, handkerchiefs, dish cloths, dish towels, house dresses and aprons (these will be of a fast color, manufacturers of such articles guarantee their colors nowadays) will go into the washer first. There is no feeling now about dish towels and shirts going into the same tub for we know that soap cleanses and sterilizes.

This load will go into the machine filled with lukewarm water to which has been added water softener as they some kind—borax or other similar agent on the market. The power is turned on and the clothes are given a "break"—a term used in laundries. While this is happening, the bride is reading the dust mop over the bare polished floors in the rest of the house.

Then the clothes are put through the wringer and back again into the washer in the first, last, and only suds they will need. She may still prefer, as her mother did, to rob the more soiled portions of these clothes first with a good bar soap. That, of course, is her prerogative. The water in the washer should be hot (about 130 degrees F.) but not boiling. The directions with the washing machine will tell her how full the machine should be of water and of clothes. And the directions on the package of the soap she is using will tell how many cupsfuls of that product she will need. Manufacturers are extremely careful about such directions. They maintain testing laboratories for just that purpose.

The load goes on again and while the washer is doing the job that used to take the skin off grandmother's knuckles our bride is at the telephone ordering groceries. We shall tell you later what she orders for, although you may have. She even has a chance now to run the vacuum cleaner over the living room rug. Perhaps if she is particularly sprightly she will have time to do the bedroom rugs and the little mats in the hall.

Out of the suds come the clothes and through the wringer. Then back again into a washing machine with hot water. It can really be hotter than that. The clothes are colorfast as they should be. And the machine hums away for five minutes. She can sit down and read a Magazine or she can put the_PAGES_ in the load she will add the required amount of liquid bleach now on the market that makes clothes whiter than snow on the Alps. If there are colored clothes she'll use a little bleaching and the clothes will have another five-minute mechanical rinse. These two mechanical rinses of five minutes (and household authorities bear out this statement) will equal four or five of the old-time hand rinses. And now they're ready for the line without even a passing nod at a wash boiler. Or ready for that machine drying that some washers give.

If they are to be hung on the line or on a clothes dryer that pulls up to the ceiling of your kitchen or whatever unit you can hang them up while the next load of clothes is being washed. This is the load of silks and fine linens. And there is no reason in the world why they cannot be washed in the machine. They simply go into a lukewarm swab of mild soap and are given a five-minute agitation in this, then they are rinsed twice for five minutes in the machine with lukewarm water, and finally put through the wringer.

The silks are run a in heavy bath towels for to-morrow's ironing and the linens hung to dry with the first load of clothes.

Well, what about starch? No one wants starch in sheets. And whoever heard of starch in bath towels? As a matter of fact, all the day of starched ruffled panties is gone. Table linens, when ironed damp have a smooth glossy finish of their own. As for shirts for the head of the household—even commercial laundries say most of their customers prefer their soft collar soft. But they are preferred stiff, a good cold starch, sold with adequate directions. Can be mixed in a small dish and the cuffs and collars dipped into this just before ironing.

There is still time before noon—oh yes there is, the electric clock on the kitchen wall says so—for the beds to be made up fresh and the piano and all the desks and the tables and chairs that anyone could crowd into a house under way and eat a bowl of some good canned soup (there'll be refreshments at the party). But what will the poor husband have for dinner? Delicatessen potato salad and cold meat? No, indeed! He'll have:

Cream of celery soup served with puffed cereal

Baked roast beef hash

Grilled tomatoes

Mushroom sauce

Canned green string beans

Cream cheese and pineapple salad

Coffee

Hot rolls and butter

The groceries have come. They included the canned soup, half pint whipping cream, box of puffed cereal (it will find its way to the breakfast table, too, some day during the week), five cents worth of dry onions, half pound fresh mushrooms or a small can, one green pepper, four ripe tomatoes, a can of string bean head of lettuce, one pat cream cheese, small can of sliced pineapple, bottles of ready-mixed French dressing, pot rolls (which only need a knob of butter). As you may have already guessed, Sunday's dinner was of roast beef. But it won't be served cold, for it came to the table almost hot. It was poured over hot toast, that stone milks and the next night. There was also milk in the refrigerator and butter, of course.

The roast (Continued on page 50)
Smart hostesses are no longer satisfied with one set of table silver. They realize that a luncheon demands different silver from an elaborate dinner; that a town house requires one type of design, a country cottage another. Fortunately, with this new fastidiousness about using only silver appropriate to the setting and the occasion, has come a drop in the price of silver. One can now have the finest quality of sterling table silver to suit each individual occasion, at very low cost.

Among the seven famous patterns of Watson Sterling table silver is one to fit every decorative scheme and every social function. These lovely patterns may now be had in graduated sets, carefully planned to meet the needs of any household. A beautiful solid mahogany chest is included with the set illustrated, and a buffet drawer tray or lacquer chest accompanies the smaller units. The sets cost from $27.50 for a Commencement Set for four, to $295, for a complete Family Set that will serve eight people.

The Complete Family Set, 94 pieces in a Solid Mahogany Chest
In the John Alden Pattern - $250.

COUPON
THE WATSON COMPANY
ATTLEBORO, MASS.

Please send me price lists of your sets in the seven famous Watson table silver patterns.

Name
Address
Monday at three

Continued from page 48

beef goes into the food chopper with a small onion and the green pepper. The cream sauce is made like this: 2 tablespoons butter melted in a saucepan, 2 tablespoonfuls flour stirred in, 1 teaspoonful salt, 2 cupsfuls milk added slowly and cooked till thick, stirring constantly.

Half of this cream sauce is blended with the meat mixture. (A little addition may be needed from the garnish pot if the meat mixture in the casserole is still cold.) Then sauce and aspic are added to the frican baking dish, covered with cracker or dried bread crumbs and dotted with butter. It is allowed to cool, and then put into the refrigerator.

Mushrooms are washed, skinned, cut, and sautéed in a frying pan with butter, or good cooking fat. When brown they are added to the rest of the cream sauce. That is set away to cool, and put into refrigerator. The pan of soup is opened into a pan, a cupful of water added to it and it is placed in the refrigerator. Later, just as it is taken from the range, a few tablespoonfuls of whipped cream are added to the soup to give it a delicious richness.

The tomatoes are washed and cut in half, placed in a greased baking dish, sprinkled with crumbs, salt, and pepper, dotted with butter, and set aside.

The beans are opened and turned into a frying pan with all their liquor. We hope not! (Yes, that's the accepted way now to prepare canned vegetables so they taste like fresh ones.) Later they'll be simmered slowly till the liquor is gone—and butter and seasoning added.

The lettuce is washed and placed on salad plates. The pineapple peeled, drained, and a perfect slice put on each salad plate. The cheese is rolled into neat, round balls and set in the hollow of the pineapple. Into the refrigerator goes the salad. The dressing should be shaken thoroughly and added to the salad just before serving. The cream is so easy to whip, why talk about it?

And all of the soiled dishes go into the sink to soak. The bride now has a chance to wash the dishes. She may need help from the washer man in one of those quick cleansing bath-room products (but she won't tell him how easy it was) and give herself a modern five-minute manicure, loll in a soapy refreshing bath, dress in her Sunday-go-to-meeting clothes, and frisk away to her party.

And be back in time—perhaps with the prize—to pop the food into the oven in its rightful sequence. And give the commuting husband a freshly cooked, hot dinner the like of which his father nor his grandfather never got on wash day back in the "good old days."

And she tells him about the rug in the bathtub it will be after dinner and not during dinner. She never brings her troubles to the table.

Maybe she'll tell him when they're tuned in on a popular dance program. Or maybe she'll interrupt him when he's telling her about the "nice thing the boss said to-day."

But maybe she won't. More than likely she'll have forgotten about it—just as he has!

Editor's note: The vacuum cleaner is illustrated on page 13 is the Premium made by the Premier Vacuum Cleaner Co. The electric dish washer illustrated on page 15 is the Walker Cabinet Dish washer made by the Walker Dishwasher Corporation.

A look before leaping

Continued from page 21

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Continued from page 21

Off wall so they stick into the wall, thus saving you the labor of holding the pieces together. Take three triangular pieces of cardboard and glue on the inside corners, one near the top, one at the bottom, and the third in between. The walls will then be squared and absolutely true, a most important thing as your house will be out of alignment if this is not done.

Hereafter, the elevations will be referred to as wall one, wall two, etc. Walls ten and eleven are glued to wall nine, and wall eight is put on to complete the first unit (composed of walls ten, eleven, and five) against the blank space on wall three. You find that the front and the right sides of the house are assembled. By joining wall four, wall nine, and wall eight another unit is formed. (Constant repetition.) Figures two and three on pages 20 and 21 will give a comprehensive idea of this procedure. Join wall six and wall two, then walls twelve and seven.

You now have five separate units. By back a frying pan, with all its liquor, saving has given the model a firmness and strength that is surprising.

Give the building a coat of paint. Use water colors or "sign writer's" paint.

Now make the windows. Use a transparent paper like thin celluloid. First lay out the windows on a piece of white paper, indicating frames and crosspieces. This is done as it is possible to draw on the transparent paper. Then thumbnail the transparent paper over the drawings of the windows, with paint, color the frames the desired tint. Cut out the transparent paper windows, leaving a border of a quarter of an inch all around them to glue them on the backs of the elevations.

Measure and lay out the roofs. If you merely wish to indicate the type of roof construction, draw @

Note: This is the first story of a series about Margaret... her new home... and her rugs.

WHITTALL RUGS

M. J. WHITTALL ASSOCIATES, LTD., WORCESTER, MASS.

ORIGINATORS OF THE FAMOUS ANGLO PERSIAN QUALITY
In the creation of modern hardware for monumental office buildings, municipal and public structures, RUSSWIN keeps pace with all that is new and authentic in architectural thought and design. Enriched by almost a century of intensive creative experience, RUSSWIN is today the acknowledged originator of hardware in the modern school... hardware that is distinctive in its expression of good taste, striking appearance and true individuality. In addition, RUSSWIN hardware... made of the finest base metals, brass or bronze... gives a life-time of satisfaction and trouble-free service. The design shown is one of the latest RUSSWIN creations in the modern spirit.
HERE'S the new wax that actually cuts work in half and gives any floor a beautiful, lasting surface. It is emulsified and blended by a new and secret process—called the Koric Process—which removes all the objectionable features of ordinary wax and makes a super-fine compound that is creamy-smooth, supple as can be and unusually durable. Neither heavy, slow-drying nor sticky.

When you use this new wax compound you'll discover first of all, that in a very few minutes it gives the floor a wonderful finish of jeweled loveliness. Then, as time passes, your admiration will increase as you watch the rich, velvety surface resist heel marks, scratches and wear much longer than you ever expected.

Now keep your floors gleaming—whether varnished, shellaced, painted, waxed or covered with linoleum—and save yourself a lot of work. Use this new process wax.

**Attention:** There is just one wax prepared by the Koric Process... and that is Old English. Made by The A.S. Boyle Co., Cincinnati, O.; Windsor, Ont.

**The Only Wax Made by the Koric Process**

**Old English Wax**

PASTE and LIQUID

A look before leaping

Continued from page 50

you wish to indicate real construction by over-lapping strips of paper, glue the roof to the house before you put on the strips. In either case, do not paint the roofs until after they are permanently attached to the house walls and the glue is thoroughly dry. This is to prevent warping. The chimney is placed on the house before the shingle strips are glued.

**Making the Blinds**

The blinds are now made. They are drawn separately and the detail indicated. Bear fairly heavily with your pencil so when you color them green the pencil ridge will give a feeling of the actual construction. After cutting them out, paint the front and edges before gluing. Make the garage, following the type of the house architecture.

Now the entire house and garage have been completed and we shall construct a base for the model and property. In this case we make a box the size of the first drawing, the ground layout. We shall cut out a piece of cardboard a trifle larger than this piece and four strips two inches high, two the width of the property piece and two the length. Bevel the ends and glue along the under edge before gluing. Make the garage, following the type of the house architecture.

Now glue onto the braces the bottom end of the tree trunks, the pencil ridge will give a feeling of the actual construction. After cutting them out, paint the front and edges before gluing. Make the garage, following the type of the house architecture.

Now all that remains to be done is to glue down the house, garage, bushes, trees, and gates. Bore little holes in the base of the model, sharpen the bottom end of the tree trunks, apply some glue, insert the pointed ends and the trees will be permanent. See Figure five on page 19.

There you are, the finished house, showing the beauty of its design and the harmony of its coloring and arrangement. As you can readily see, if the appearance is not just what you desire, a little change here or a wee bit of an addition there will make it absolutely certain that the real house will be a thing of charm. Changes can be made in a model that would be very costly in a real house.
One Cent a Day To Wash Dishes

THE DAY'S DARKEST HOUR

BECOMES FIVE LIGHT MINUTES

MAIL THE COUPON

With no fuss, no bother, a whole day's dishes wash, rinse and dry themselves in the Walker Electric Dishwasher. Then the Walker cleans itself—you never need touch it. Your fine china is safer, too, in the motionless, rubber-coated trays. They are washed cleaner than is possible by hand. Doctors will tell you that only in this way can dishes be rendered truly clean and germ-free—a safeguard against colds, etc., passing from one to another of the family. Does this sound too good to be true? Mail the coupon and we will send complete literature and the names of users near your home who will verify all this and more.

SEND THIS COUPON

Walker Dishwasher Corporation,
1024 South Waller Ave.,
Chicago, Ill.

I'd like complete literature.

Name ____________________________

Address ____________________________

City ____________________________

Above is the portable cabinet model; at the left one of the built-in sink models. The Walker Electric Dishwasher has been perfected after years of development. Equipped with General Electric motor.

P. & F. CORBIN NEW BRITAIN, CONN., U. S. A.

The American Hardware Corporation, Successor

NEW YORK CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA

Makers of the world's most complete line of builders' hardware

* The Corbin Cylinder Lock—thieves hate the very sight of it *

GOOD BUILDINGS DESERVE GOOD HARDWARE

Corbin Cylinder Lock - thieves hate the very sight of it

P. & F. CORBIN NEW BRITAIN, CONN., U. S. A.

The American Hardware Corporation, Successor

NEW YORK CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA

Makers of the world's most complete line of builders' hardware
Beauty in black and white
Continued from page 32

the very best work by old and modern masters of this medium. William Edwin Rudge, New York, has issued a volume on each of fifteen leading etchers, mostly modern English ones, and The Crafton Collection, Inc., New York has done the same for eight leading American etchers. There are more to come in both series. Each book contains twelve different reproductions of the artist's work. The books are $2.25 and $2.50 apiece, respectively, and the reproductions they offer are perhaps the nearest thing to genuine etchings to be found to-day.

Minton, Balch and Company, New York, publish annually Fine Prints of the Year containing one hundred reproductions, each from a different artist and more than half of them British, and these, too, on glossy paper and not so clear cut, yet still acceptable for commercial work. This book costs $10.00, but a group of friends could purchase a copy among them and divide the pages.

Anyone who has access, through library bookshelves, to current magazines on prints or art in general could also find reproductions which would be worth a copy of the magazine. And once in a while there is a book worth buying for the sake of its illustrations as well as its content.

The question of buying etching and other prints as an investment is something that intrigues hundreds of collectors now. It is true that a good work often appreciates in value many times but it is also true that, while an artist's best prints may double or triple in price, his ordinary ones will remain at about the same level. So unless you are a gambler, or as extremely keen critic, it is best to buy "for keeps" and just for your own enjoyment. Furthermore, good dealers are very averse to selling in speculation, so to speak. The print collector should be a connoisseur of art, not a dabbler in a stock market.

Proper equipment is half the battle
Continued from page 25

cleaned, close all doors leading into both upper and lower halls and clean them and the stairs, working from the top down. There is a very helpful brush whose long, soft bristles are continued into a thick, bushy mop at one end, making an invaluable weapon for pursuing the dust that hides in the turnings of banisters and the corners of steps. It costs $2.25.

Downstairs rooms are made more complicated by heavy upholstered furniture and it is here that one needs particularly to apply the modern principle of cleaning by complete absorption and removal of dust rather than stirring it up and scattering it. Every house needs a vacuum cleaner; if it is a small home without thick carpets the place of a full-sized cleaner; if it is a small home without thick carpets the place of a full-sized cleaner is a new combination window brush costing thirty-three cents which need only be moistened to give a shining clean a chemically treated window does. An easy task, while for the inside there is a chemically treated window cloth costing thirty-three cents which need only be moistened to give a shining spick and span.

For mirrors a cleanser is usually sufficient.

There are many good metal polishes on the market, and the main requirement is to choose one absolutely free from grit. One of the best size polishes has recently appeared in powder form in a can with duster top, making it easy and clean to use.

Among the indispensable aids for spring cleaning is a stepladder stool, unless your house has exceptionally high ceilings a stepladder stool is all you need. This is cheaper (a well constructed one costs $4.50) and so light that a woman can carry one with ease; as it makes a useful piece of kitchen furniture it is always of hand when needed instead of being out of reach in the cellar. A tray for dust cloths, soap, cleaning preparations, and other small new will save many a trip back to the kitchen for details forgotten or too numerous to carry. A useful one divided into compartments of various sizes, costs $5.00.

The vast array of household help shown to-day are so tempting that it is easy to buy something because at the moment it seems attractive and helpful, and then use it twice a year after the rest of the time it takes up space and collects dust. The experienced housewife should watch this part of her budget carefully; buy first the things that will be most frequently used and in which you are economical to look for quality rather than low price. She should choose tools easily kept in order, with handles comfortable to grip and long enough to eliminate much stooping.
Plan to Build or Modernize
NOW and Save Money

There are many savings in using Weatherbest Stained Shingles as a sideward material as well as for roofs. Weatherbest Dealers are especially qualified to serve you.

Air flow—Bennett Bonded Fireplaces. Air is drawn in from outdoors through heating chambers in the Bennett Unit. It enters warm, and is evenly distributed—circulated.

Air flow—ordinary fireplaces. Air is drawn in from outdoors through cracks around doors and windows. It comes in as sharp, cold draughts, drops to the floor and is sucked into the fireplace.

Heat that Chills!

Ordinary fireplaces make a house colder in spots...

A Bennett Bonded Fireplace makes it warmer all over.

Fire needs air. Ordinary fireplaces draw in this air at outdoor temperature through leaks around doors and windows. (See lower illustration.) This cold air rushes to the fire, cooling everything on its way—and the heat from the fire goes up the chimney.

With the Bennett Bonded Fireplace, fresh air from outdoors is drawn through unseen heating chambers, enters the home warm, and is circulated. (See upper illustration.) This means even comfort in the home—effective winter-time ventilation—real heating service in Spring and Fall. And the Bennett Fireplace is guaranteed by National Surety Bond not to smoke!

Before you build—send for the Bennett Catalog.
Any of these articles can be purchased by sending your check or money order to the firm mentioned below. For any other devices or information write to Diana North.

**THE** Unlittree comes finished in mahogany, walnut, olive green, ivory, or in a new brown with oxidized copper trim. Postpaid for $10.00 east, or $10.50 west of the Mississippi. This useful tree is made by Unlittree Products, 75 Varick Street, N. Y.

**THE** Handy Broiler (above) will broil steaks, chops, fish, fowl, bacon, and oysters. Gives that old-time taste of broiling over hot coals. Saves all the meat juices and there is no drip. Place meat on top of closed broiler. Easy to clean and economical. Uses only one burner. $3.50 prepaid. Made by Handy Broiler Company, 44 North Fourth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

**THE** Toast table can be used for writing, playing solitaire, or for light luncheon. Folds into small space 15 x 20" also size of table top. This comes in walnut, mahogany, maple, dark green, or Chinese red. $5.00. Edward L. Brown, 130 W. 42nd St., N. Y.

**THIS** tray will keep your oranges, apples, and lemons from rolling all around your refrigerator shelf, pushing over your milk bottles and other articles. Also good for eggs. Size 14" x 8" and 2½" high; thus, bring in any ice box. $1.00 prepaid. Lewis & Conger, 78 W. 45th St., N. Y.

**THIS** new hanger (left) is a grand convenience for all those who give parties. It will hold a dozen coats and hats. Afterwards it can be folded into two slender poles 39" long, 3½" square and stored away in a closet. Ed-ward L. Brown, 130 W. 42nd St., N. Y.

**T**his new hanger (left) is a grand convenience for all those who give parties. It will hold a dozen coats and hats. Afterwards it can be folded into two slender poles 39" long, 3½" square and stored away in a closet.

**A N ALARM** call buzzer or electric signal. Place bell near invalid then go about your daily housework. Entirely self contained with 50 feet of cord. Box 6½ wide and 7½" high containing two dry cell batteries. Olive green. $10.00. Lewis & Conger, 78 W. 45th St., New York.

**WHY** not make crisp and flaky doughnuts in your own home with this Clover Leaf mould? Delicious doughnuts all ready in only fifteen minutes. This mould is designed to fit over any gas burner, enabling it to bake evenly. Does away with the troublesome method of frying batter in deep fat. Price $1.50 prepaid. The Ace Company, 2944 Michigan Ave., St. Louis, Mo.
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THE HOME WAS BUILT

—and no one has
touched it since!

RUNNING water at the turn of a faucet
— with never a thought of failure of
supply. What a pleasure it is to have a water
system like that —always dependable, trouble-
free! Nothing can add more to your daily
comfort and convenience than a good water
system. And, today, you can have one that
is absolutely reliable.

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Farm Estates, Summer Cottages
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Make sure that your architect or plumber specifies
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There is a reliable standardized Myers Water System
to meet every condition and requirement from 250
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gasoline engine, windmill or hand. For deep or
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completely automatic—self-starting, self-stopping,
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HELPFUL BOOKLETS

ARE YOU faced with some problem in constructing, remodeling, furnishing, or equipping your home? There are many helpful ideas and suggestions contained in the literature of reputable manufacturers.

Read the advertisements in this issue carefully and request literature direct from the advertiser wherever possible. Then, if you do not find what you are looking for, scan this list. The American Home acts as a clearing house between reader and manufacturer. You can order the booklets you wish on the coupon at the bottom of page 62. We will forward your name and address to the manufacturers involved, and they will send their literature direct to you.

—HEARTSTONE EDITOR

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(Continued on page 64)
Where is the Mother who would deny her child a home?

Our recent booklet, “Stepping Stones To A Perfect Nursery” reveals the secret of furnishing a nursery gradually or completely at one time. It is absolutely FREE. See coupon below.

O F COURSE, you want your children to be strong, healthy men and women, leaders in business, popular in society, possessing all those qualities which worthwhile people demand. Then give them a chance to make your dreams come true. Give them a nursery furnished with Gem Cribs and nursery furniture of the same color and design.

This you can do, easily and gradually — as space in the home permits — as the budget allows — or completely at one time. Doctors say that a nursery is essential. It teaches self-reliance and good habits. It helps to form character. It gives an ideal foundation for a child’s future.

In pleasant nursery surroundings the mental structures of children are patterned. They are free. They can play safely: sing, shout and laugh and have endless enjoyment without interfering with the home routine. In this way are they given pleasing personalities and dispositions. They are given the real thrill and happiness of childhood days which every child deserves before assuming the serious problems of the world in later life. A nursery furnished with Gem Cribs and matched sets is what you need.

For reasons of safety, attractiveness, variety of colors and designs, cautious mothers insist on Gem Cribs, bassinets, baths, chairs, play yards, dressers, junior beds and other Gem pieces. Non-poisonous paints are used. Crib bars are set closely together. Not even the tiniest baby’s head can get through.

Every mother should know about Gem Cribs and nursery furniture, and know how to furnish a nursery with them. Let us show you how to do it. Just send in the coupon below. In no time, you will receive our booklet “Stepping Stones To A Perfect Nursery”. It will tell you all you wish to know.

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Sold at all good department and furniture stores
One of the clues told of in the Hither and Yon booklet led to an old chest in an up state garret, built when heat was mostly fireplaces and Franklin stoves.

The CLUES In Your Treasure Hunt For Thrifty Heat

Cosy comfort heat, without needless waste of fuel, is what we are all hunting. It's a treasure hunt that leads into queer places, unless you have the right clues to go by.

Here they are, all in a bunch. Printed and bound up in a booklet called "Some Hither and Yons".

No tiresome technicalities to wade through. Just a friendly chat on heat thrift, and how to get it.

Help, too, in choosing the kind of heating system best suited to your needs. And some talk of our own about boilers and what makes them fuel-thrifty. It's something we ought to know considerable about, after half a century of making Burnham long-fire-travel boilers that make such short coal bills.

Send for a copy of "Some Hither and Yons," just published for the especial benefit of seekers of heat contentment and fuel thrift.
"FOR $50 or LESS
A good-looking table meets the needs of the homemaker," says Elsa Oppenheimer.

Miss Oppenheimer endorses the opinion of home enthusiasts everywhere. Fashionable tables look—particular which, and yet so inexpensive! Each

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Shelf. Priced from $10 to $25.

The Contour occasional table is on display at the leading dealer's in your city.

An interesting booklet, "Tables in the Home," will be sent on request.

IMPERIAL FURNITURE COMPANY
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K-Veniences— the architecturally-designed lines of clothes closet fixtures. Protect your garments. Doubles the capacity of your closets. Keep your clothes neat, orderly, and accessible.

Clothing Carrier

Folds your clothes out into the room. Native to the inside of your closet. All sizes. $5.00.

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Fastens up wall or shelf. Holds up to 17 pairs of shoes. $2.00.

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Convenient, neat, orderly way to hang your ties. Fastens on wall or shelf. $1.50.

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Holds four pairs of trousers, full length, by cuffs. Keeps them in press. Screws on wall or door. $1.00 and up.

Extension Closet Rod

Modernizing the toilet seat was an excellent start. Immediately the bathroom took on new life. The corner that was once untidy, and really unsanitary, became the attractive part of the room.

The walls, I painted a soft apple-green. Then up went tiered curtains of dainty voile in shaded tints of green. Beneath the window a tiny dressing table covered with light green voile. Finally, a soft bath mat and fluffy towels in Nile green sprinkled with water lilies. The Church Bathroom Stool and Chair in lavender were constantly used, the stool costing only $10.00.*

To know how really charming even a small bathroom can be when modernized with a colorful Church Sani-Seat, you must see it in actual color. So do let me send you "Modern Bathrooms for Old."

How to "do over" the small bathroom above, including color suggestions for modernizing other bathrooms, will be sent you by Miss Stevens. Send coupon below and 10c for "Modern Bathrooms for Old."

No wonder they call it "Woman's Kitchen"

Thousands of women can tell you that one of the most admired possessions in their homes today—and one of the most useful time and labor saving appliances they ever had, is the CONOVER Electric DISHWASHER

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Imperial Tables

Church Sani-Seats

MODERNIZE AND BEAUTIFY YOUR BATHROOM


I would like you to be one of the first to know about the exciting new book on bathroom decoration. I am enclosing 10c to cover mailing costs.

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occasions the rib chops are quite all right, and they come several cents a pound cheaper than the loin chops. Best veal is expensive. The cutlets come from the leg and the chuck—the portions that in the full grown animal yield round steak and pot roast—and, as prices run, they are quite reasonable. The loin chops for bread- ing and roasting are the highest priced, while just below them in price and desirability come rib chops. Buying a roast for two is almost an impossibility unless the single large piece is to be converted over and over again as the week progresses. But when a company occasion arises, a housekeeper whose menus do not often include roast will seize the opportunity for bringing it into her menu. A rib roast on the first day when two or three guests are present makes a good point of departure for the balance of the week’s food schedule.

In beef the best thing is the prime rib roast. As its name tells, the cut comes from the front or ribbed quarter of the animal, and the roast with ribs still in, will form a sort of isosceles triangle. Since it is the finest in flavor and tenderness of all the roasting cuts, we are prepared to pay more for rib roast than for any other piece. A two-rib roast will weigh about six pounds, and at the rate of the necessary half pound for each person (weighed before shrinkage involved in preparation and roasting) this six-pound roast will serve twelve persons. The butcher will need to figure out, with her guest list and the menus for the rest of the week in mind, just about how much the roast is costing her per meal and per person. The large first outlay will dwindle considerably through this consideration but, even then, rib roast is expensive. Short ribs, cut from the end of prime ribs is mainly fat and bone, but its flavor is fine and suggests a vegetable and meat braise. Needless to say, this is hardly suitable for company.

Rump is another beef roast which, though not so tender as the best rib roasts, makes a good even roast, and yet is bought for less money. Its chief difficulty is that it seems to lack sufficient fat for the best flavor. This lack can be made up to some extent by the use of salt pork, skillfully drawn into the meat with a barding needle.

Tastes vary, but to our mind, nothing is more delicious for either a company or a family dinner than beef roast, and a comparatively small quantity of the chuck (one of the inexpensive cuts) used in combination with a flaky crust and vegetables, touched off with garlic, peppercorns, bay leaf, and the inevitable onion is a dish that will call forth great rejoicings.

In veal the best roasts for company occasions are taken from the loin and the rib section of the animal. If the weather is mild, jellied veal makes a most acceptable main dish for a light dinner or luncheon, an inexpensive cut being quite all right for a successful leaf. Shoulder and neck portions are recommended.

The mistress of the meat course of the subject of these out-of-the-way pieces will go to her cook book for the meat charts and study the diagram given there to familiarize herself with the locations of the various cuts. Common sense will tell her before she reads the text that the flank, cut long way of the abdomen of the animal, will probably be a tough piece of meat, since the meat is cut on the least tender than those cut with the grain. The shank being main of bone as cartilage will yield the finest flavor for soup.

Chuck will be almost without bone and of slight degree of emptiness, but, like rump and brisket, requires long cooking for tenderness. Pot roasts made from any of these cuts can be cooked until the meat is so tender that it will (Continued on page 56)
HOT WATER for Kitchen, Laundry, Bath, or heat for Spare Room

Continuous supply of steaming hot water 24 hours a day, with fuel bills cut in half. Equipped with double wound copper coils, fire brick firepot. Burns coal. Circulation rapid. No rusty water. No cracked castings. Built for years of service. Automatic Regulator controls fire 2 to 3 days without attention. Write for folder, prices.

MULTI-FLOW
Copper Coil Tank Heater

The National Pipe Bending Co.
204 River Street, New Haven, Conn.

Est. 1883

KNITTING WOOL RUG YARNS

300 samples free—prompt mail service
ASSORTED BRIGHT COLORS
Colonial Yarn House
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NOW—At a SAVING of ½
RUGS of rich Oriental Luxury
Made from Your Old Rugs.

CONANT-BALL COMPANY, BOSTON, MASS.

A Bedroom of Distinction

More and more women of today are using furniture of Colonial design to create beautiful, homelike effects. In its simplicity Colonial furniture is easily adapted to any style home and when grouped with pieces of other design gives an air of grace and charm to whatever setting it is used. Its growing popularity stamps Colonial furniture as the preferred design for distinctive homes. Insist on authentic reproductions. Conant-Ball pieces are reproduced from originals and their trade mark stamped on each piece.

An Interesting booklet on Colonial Furniture is yours for the asking.

How’s your hospitality?

If you like to hear a flutter and a twitter round your place, we can help you. We’ve built enough bird houses to know that birds have definite ideas on home-making. This one is the Old Homestead, for martins and swallows. 10 rooms, 16-foot pole included—$15. Write for Hodgson booklet X-4, which pictures many others, from $1.50 up—and shows all sorts of lawn and garden furniture, dog kennels, picket fences, pet stock houses, tool houses, poultry houses, etc.

* E. F. HODGSON CO.
1108 Commonwealth Ave., Boston, Mass.
730 Fifth Ave., New York
Wisdom in the market basket

Continued from page 64

eliminate the bother of separate cooking processes and will delight everybody who appreciates the savory flavor of meat and vegetables cooked together. Swiss steak, beef goulash, and sautéed beef are other possibilities of chuck and rump.

Flank and plate, at about a third of what rib roast would cost can be stuffed and rolled and baked with excellent results if plenty of water is kept in the pan during the cooking period. Don't let these cuts (both "with the grain" pieces) get dry while they bake and expect a tender result. For good old-fashioned home-cooked steaks round is not to be scorned, for while it is tougher than the others it is considerably cheaper, and by turning a few household tricks we can make it tenderer than the most complete novice might. It needs some beating to break and loosen the hard connective tissue. Put roast or pan broiled quickly to prevent the escape of the juices. When it is done to a turn, summon the family to the table post haste, for even a few minutes of standing will toughen round steak deplorably.

Hamburger or ground beef for loaves should not be neglected. Most housekeepers find it best to buy underground pieces of round, shoulder chod or neck and have the butcher grind it while they wait. However, if there is a chance that the meat may have to be held a day or before use, it is better to buy the uncut piece and grind it at home, since ground meat spoils quickly.

Devotees of pork chops, and their name is legion, will resent the relegating of their favorite delicacy to the everyday class. We do this, not because pork chops aren't excellent meat, but because plain or seasoned up with apples or pineapple or sweet potatoes and onions they form a delicious main dish. They must be cooked just as in the family circle meats because in this day of diets a hostess to an assorted company of guests is more apt to run into a prohibition with pork than with any other meat.

The same thing is true of so fine a pork cut as ham. Ham is justly famous in song and story of the old and new Southern cookery. Not the most delicate fowl or fish or beast can overshadow baked Virginia Ham. When this meat is to crown the board it should be bought in as large quantities as the family can consume over a reasonable period of time, since cured ham bought by the half or the whole ham costs about half what ham by the slice does. Sixty cents a pound is an appropriate price for ham by the slice and that, as every woman knows, is very high! Whole hams may now be purchased in tens and, although they cost more than ordinary smoked hams, it must be remembered that the bone has been removed and you are buying solid meat.

If you're the sort of family that can be induced to eat pig's feet and sauerkraut, take advantage of its weakness and serve the dish once in a while; it is one of the cheaper offerings. What a good many cooks, both young and old, have not discovered is that Canadian bacon, that narrow little strip of half lean and half fat bacon that comes from the loin of the animal, is just as good as ham for flavoring stuffed vegetables, and since the slice is very narrow and is customarily sliced quite thin, the savory ham flavor is achieved economically. Spareribs are far from elegant in appearance, and eating them is sometimes a challenge to their flavor, but their flavor is unsurpassed. Baby with a sage or apple stuffing, or roasted and served as a Southwestern dish they provide a delicious meat course.

Inexpensive veal cuts include the neck, the Shank, and the breast. These portions are used chiefly in the stew type of dish, for croquettes, or served diced in a cream sauce. Veal veal is good for either a simple home meal or for a dainty plate supper. The economy of the cheaper veal cuts is one of their main attractions.

Lamb carcases with summer squash is another little-known possibility. Lamb, when tender, is more expensive than veal, but when the leg and shoulder of mutton require no more than one and a half to two hours cooking. Nothing beats baked meat, from the plate about double that time.

Not to be forgotten, are the edible odds and ends of the main meat yielding animals. Liver, kidneys, and sweatbreads vary in price and require preparation differing with each item. Sweatbreads are considered an especial delicacy and are correspondingly expensive.

In many of the best markets of the country a new type of food has made its appearance. It is quick-frozen meat. Handsome steaks cut in size to suit any customer, from the luscious delmonico for two to the enormous porterhouse, roasts, chops, and poultry come ready for use and dressed up in a tailored looking cellophane wrapper. Besides the addition this wrapping makes to the appearance of the product, it insures the "untouched" quality we covet for all our foods.

The greatest excitement the food industry has known for many a day is the development, upon it about two years ago when through the efforts of wise and ingenious persons the quick freezing process reached a stage of wide commercial importance. This refrigeration magic has touched not only meats of practically every sort and poultry come ready for use and dressed up in a tailored looking cellophane wrapper. Besides the addition this wrapping makes to the appearance of the product, it insures the "untouched" quality we covet for all our foods.

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Life's getting EASIER

Tuna's one household job that never need be done again, and it's the most unpleasant of them all — scrubbing toilet bowls.

Sani-Flush, an antiseptic, cleansing powder, does a quicker, easier, safer job. Just sprinkle a little into the toilet bowl, follow the directions on the can, flush, and the bowl is instantly spotless. All odors are eliminated, all germs killed. Even the hidden trap, which no brush can reach, is completely purified. And Sani-Flush cannot injure plumbing.

Sold by grocery, drug and hardware stores, 25c; in Canada, 35c. The Hygienic Products Co., Canton, Ohio. (Another use for Sani-Flush — cleaning automobile radiators. See directions on can.)

Sani-Flush
CLEANS CLOSET BOWLS
WITHOUT SCOURING

on your rugs with every footfall ...
...unless you cushion them with Ozite!

IF YOU could add together the weight of those who walk on your rugs—then multiply by the number of steps each one takes—you would have an estimate of the force that crushes the life out of your floor coverings. Each heel is a hammer blow, driven by the weight of the body!

Science now offers you Ozite—a shock-absorbing cushion. When a heel descends, the rug sinks into the Ozite, springs back unharmed. Ozite actually doubles the life of your rugs! Amazing? Yes, but see Ozite at your nearest dealer's and learn why.

Ozite also imparts a glorious softness and luxury to rugs—brings to your home new richness and quiet. Provide Ozite now—double the life of your floor coverings, re-double their comfort.

Ozite is a cushion of felted hair, like a thin hair mattress. Never wears out . . . always stays soft. Mothproof. OZONIZED. Made in all sizes. Requires no fastening. Buy it wherever rugs are sold.

Ozite Rug Cushion is sold under a guarantee of absolute satisfaction.

Look for the name OZITE plainly impressed on the face of every rug cushion. Accept no other!

Bassick NoMar Rests will keep your floors and floor coverings beautiful—free from gouges and matted spots. Free from scratches and blemishes.

NoMars spread the weight of furniture four times on their broad, unbreakable Atlasite bases, protecting floors, rugs, carpets. NoMars are easy to install. Their natural brown wood-tone blends in with furniture—adds a fine, finished appearance.

Equip your furniture with NoMars and notice the big difference they make. A few dollars invested in floor protection will save you many times that amount when it comes to refinishing floors and replacing coverings.

Buy Bassick NoMar rests and casters at your nearest hardware or house furnishing store. Or mail coupon below.

BASSICK Co.
Bridgeport, Conn.

... for the legs of your davenport, upholstered chairs

Bassick NoMar Rests fit nearly any castor, at any price. Download "Ozite" and "NoMar" data. Or mail coupon below. ozite.

For 35 years the buy-word for fine casters and furniture rests

THE BASSICK CO., Bridgeport, Conn.
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"Ozite" also imparts a glorious softness and luxury to rugs—brings to your home new richness and quiet. Provide Ozite now—double the life of your floor coverings, re-double their comfort.

Ozite is a cushion of felted hair, like a thin hair mattress. Never wears out . . . always stays soft. Mothproof. OZONIZED. Made in all sizes. Requires no fastening. Buy it wherever rugs are sold.

Ozite Rug Cushion is sold under a guarantee of absolute satisfaction.

Look for the name OZITE plainly impressed on the face of every rug cushion. Accept no other!

Bassick NoMar Rests will keep your floors and floor coverings beautiful—free from gouges and matted spots. Free from scratches and blemishes.

NoMars spread the weight of furniture four times on their broad, unbreakable Atlasite bases, protecting floors, rugs, carpets. NoMars are easy to install. Their natural brown wood-tone blends in with furniture—adds a fine, finished appearance.

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THE BASSICK COMPANY, Bridgeport, Conn.
For descriptive literature showing where and how to use Bassick Casters and NoMar Rests.

Send me descriptive literature showing where and how to use Bassick Casters and NoMars Rests.

Name
Address
City
State
A little house at the end of the lane

Continued from page 54

gives a homelike air to this large room. The couch, photographed, is covered in green sateen while the Cogswell chair wears a slip cover of gay chintz. The fine old pedestal table catches the gleam of the firelight in its smooth patina, and the lacquered red border on the map screen brings a touch of vivid color.

The "blind" door to the east of the fireplace leads into a little study. The door to the west gives on a bedroom which may be used either as a guest room or as a maid's room, since it also opens into the kitchen and need not necessarily be entered from the living room. Between the study and bedroom is a dainty bathroom which may be reached through either one.

The bedroom is an adorable little place which serves either to house the overnight guest or as a dressing room for friends who have motored up from town to spend a few hours. Its walls have been painted a soft shade of green. The bedspread on the maple four-poster is made of an American toile in rose and cream, and the same fabric is used for the simple, straight draperies.

The hooked rug and quaint Windsor chair add interest to the decorative scheme. Opposite the window, a shelf which is tucked to the wall has been draped in butter-yellow chintz, piped with rose, and forms an attractive dressing table. Passing through the living room to the little entrance foyer, one is greeted cool, inviting porches. A little house at the end of the lane.
KITCHEN odors, smoke and greasy fumes are enemies of health and comfort. They must be banished and that is why every modern home needs an efficient Victor Ventilation. Be sure your home is so equipped and you'll be amazed at the difference! Fresh, clear air throughout the house, lower cleaning bills, and a happier and healthier family are some of the joys you will quickly experience.

Vinci Ventilators are made in several models that include perfect inlets. We put in every ordinary window as well as the wall of your kitchen. The fan draws air from the closet (or the capacity of the average kitchen) every minute. The motor does not interfere with radio reception and is fully guaranteed.

Ask your electrical dealer about Vinci Ventilators today or write at once for our free booklet on "Home Ventilation" and we will send you your nearest dealer's name. Mail a post card today!

THE CINCINNATI VICTOR COMPANY
725 Reading Rd. Cincinnati, Ohio

Here I Am! Coo Coo

The Lucky Bird
1931 Bridge Price

I'M A bit skeptical I'm afraid, for my lady said I'm too, for my gaily colored, gay and clever. I'm not just the bird for 1933... good luck perhaps. But I'm just the bird for you, and I'll keep the brist or move the smoke. I'm the bird for you, and I'll keep the brist or move the smoke. I'm your bird for you, and I'll keep the brist or move the smoke. I'm just the bird for you, and I'll keep the brist or move the smoke. I'm just the bird for you, and I'll keep the brist or move the smoke.

Pohlson, Pawtucket, R. I.

Oil Heating--The Home

A complete little book based on a five-year experience with different types and makes of oil burners, written in a language laymen can all understand.

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Syracuse, N.Y.

Are you missing the real significance of wallpaper?

Hardly a magazine on home planning and decoration today fails to make frequent mention of wallpaper. It brings to rooms a personality which nothing else can give. It is the skilful decorator's chief reliance in making walls play their real rôle in the decorative plan. How can it enhance your home? How can you draw together and give new character to rooms which have mixed styles in furniture? How can you make irregular wall spaces harmonious? What paper should you use with Queen Anne furniture, with Hepplewhite, or Sheraton, or early American? What paper should a French bedroom have? How can the rooms of your home reflect more truly the spirit of the exterior architecture?

Thibaut wallpapers can help you answer these questions. They are authentic in style; they are gathered from all over the world to give you the freshest and most charming creations of great designers, past and present. For many years, Thibaut papers could be seen only in New York City. Now you can arrange to see Thibaut designs in the city where you live or wherever you do your shopping. If you wish to see the world's loveliest papers, write to Thibaut. Only by writing a carefully planned selection can a correct choice be made. So tell us the name of the decorator or store to whom a collection should be supplied, and we will arrange to have selected Thibaut papers shown to you.

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Write to Thibaut
A personal selection suitable for your rooms will be sent to the decorator or store you name, if you give us such facts as these:

How many rooms do you plan to paper?
What are they? What are the predominant colors? What is the period of the furniture (or is it mixed)? Do you want rooms to look larger or smaller? What light does your room get—North, East, South, West? Does the architecture of your house fit a definite period? Please address letter to Richard E. Thibaut, Inc., Dept. F S, 24 West 40th Street, New York, N. Y.
Primroses for the sunporch

Continued from page 60

but Primulas have very nice dispositions and accommodate themselves to the changes of temperature just as we humans do. On a very bright sunny day, when the porch becomes very warm, I spray the plants and benches several times to keep the air moist, and supply fresh air through an open window in an adjoining room. To insure an early fall blooming, Primula Bees are best in late January or in February or in March—the earlier the better. They germinate very rapidly and give practically no trouble during the early growing period. When the seedlings have from three to five true leaves they must be shifted to another flat and planted an inch or so apart, and later (when they begin to look like real plants) put into pots. The soil in which the seeds are sown, and for the first transplanting, should be garden loam and fine sand in equal parts. A good soil for the larger plants is a mixture of loam and humus in equal parts with a generous sprinkling of cow manure, bone meal, and sand. The plants will grow along during the warm days, demanding very little care beyond a thorough watering every two or three days; then late in the summer they can be shifted to their winter pots. First year plants will be perfectly comfortable all winter in four- or five-inch pots; but those carried over from the year before will require pots of six or seven inches, as Primulas always increase from the root. A plant having but one leaf crown the first year will have four or five, all of which will bloom. The soil in the pots must be kept moist and a weekly dose of fertilizer, either liquid manure or one of the commercial fertilizers, will help to foster a strong growth.

Of the species available let us take first the Top Primrose (Primula obconica), with which most people are familiar, as it is the only one of the house Primulas generally handled commercially. It is a hardy, long-lived suffering specimen, that will live on and continue to bloom under the most trying conditions. The foliage is in late dark green; it flowers profusely and steadily in various shades of pink, lavender, and plum. The obconica has but one disadvantage—the aphids adore it and if not kept at bay will cover the under side of the leaves with a black soot. A faithful spraying with warm water each day, however, is generally all that is needed to keep the plant free from these pests.

Of all the Primulas, the one dearest to my heart is the Chinese (P. auricula). It is very hardy and easily broken stems is not grown for commercial purposes. Noth-

ing, however, is more easily raised or grown in the house and nothing could be lovelier. Even before the blossoms come the plant is decorative, the leaves being a fresh light green and in shape much like the Rose Geranium leaf. The Chinese Primula is a faithful bloomer, each flower stalk lasting for weeks, and the blossoms come in a wide variety of color. There is a pure white, single or double, with frilled petals. The pinks range from the softest, palest rose to the deepest shades, sometimes of rose, sometimes salmon. One very handsome variety is a rich, deep crimson. Besides its beauty, this Primula has a quality which makes it a particularly satisfactory house plant; it is never attacked by any form of insect pest. Its hairy leaves probably make it an uncomfortable place of abode. One year I raised the Auricula, than which nothing is more exquisite when it is in bloom, the flowers having pale yellow throats and spreading petals edged with deep plum or rich purple. I found, how-

ever, that on the sunporch it blooms but once a year; therefore Primula auricula was shifted to the garden where it seems much happier and has a better. Even before the blossoms come the plant is decorative, the leaves being a fresh light green and in shape much like the Rose Geranium leaf. The Chinese Primula is a faithful bloomer, each flower stalk lasting for weeks, and the blossoms come in a wide variety of color. There is a pure white, single or double, with frilled petals. The pinks range from the softest, palest rose to the deepest shades, sometimes of rose, sometimes salmon. One very handsome variety is a rich, deep crimson. Besides its beauty, this Primula has a quality which makes it a particularly satisfactory house plant; it is never attacked by any form of insect pest. Its hairy leaves probably make it an uncomfortable place of abode.

The well-known Baby Primrose (Primula malacoides) is a lovely plant with its luxuriant bloom of tiny flowers in delicate pastel lilac shades. Like obconica and sinensis it will bloom all winter if the flowers are cut off as fast as they fade.

Buy just one packet of Primula seeds this year and use me in order to get a real "How-To-Plan-It" book that answers every question on window draping. Beautifully illustrated—every woman should have a copy. If you act now, a copy of this valuable book will be mailed to you absolutely free—bear in mind that only a limited number of copies will be mailed on the non-charge basis. It comes with the compliment of Kirsch—manufacturers of the world's finest line of drapery hardware sold by leading dealers everywhere.

Kirsch DRAPERY HARDWARE
YOU live in the TROPICS!

THOUGH your home is in the United States, you endure summer heat more severe than that of the tropics.*

Awnings made of Otis Woven Fabrics afford grateful protection against this heat. They make your home brighter, cheerier, infinitely more attractive.

The new Otis patterns are aflame with magnificent color—dozens of rich, glowing shades, many never before seen in awnings. Skilfully combined, these colors form patterns of outstanding beauty. Woven through the cloth—not applied to the surface—the patterns are as brilliant on one side of the fabric as on the other. They are available for houses of varied types.

Let us provide the name of a nearby Otis dealer. Fill in the coupon below.

*These comparative figures represent highest recorded temperatures:

- **Tropics**
  - Bombay: 99
  - Tahiti: 92
  - Mexico City: 94

- **United States**
  - New York: 104
  - Minneapolis: 102
  - Denver: 105

He knew why

General Meredith's wife went crazy...why the General never married Martha Purefoy after all.

He knew why young Sir Harry Catterick was neurasthenic, and why his daring escape from his iron mother would set him right.

He knew why the proprietor of the Jolly Highwayman swallowed false names and bad checks and didn't care what went on upstairs.

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by Helen Ashton

He knew the secrets of their hearts, the deep hidden motives behind all they did. This distinguished novel, revealing 24 hours in the life of an old-fashioned doctor, is a cross-section picture of an English town as broad and fascinating as The Spoon River Anthology come to life. Praised by a host of critics at home and abroad, selected by the Book-of-the-Month Club for July. Already read by thousands, and now selling at the rate of over 1,000 copies a week. In constantly increasing demand everywhere.

$2.50—a beautiful oversize volume, with a jacket by Jos. K. Sandford.

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**Pyrofax**

It's equally flattering to the housewife to have Pyrofax Gas for cooking in her home beyond the gas mains. Finer, better meals—with less trouble.

And this year Pyrofax dealers are offering a whole new series of plus-value gas ranges made expressly for Pyrofax by leading range manufacturers. For the first time these ranges are available as complete units, accompanied by standard, full-sized Pyrofax Gas equipment. Buying now gives you both range and equipment for practically the price of the range alone!

Cook with real gas, no matter where you live. Why tolerate any longer the dirt and labor of old-style cook-stoves when you can have one of these ultra-modern, ultra-convenient Pyrofax units at no greater cost than a good coal-range? Cook with Pyrofax if you live beyond the gas mains. Send coupon for "Cooking Made Easier," our new booklet.

You can now have a complete Pyrofax unit—modern Pyrofax gas range and full-sized Pyrofax equipment—at prices ranging from $79.50 to $198, plus nominal lease fee (which includes cost of installation).

FOR 10% DOWN
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*These comparative figures represent highest recorded temperatures:

- **Tropics**
  - Bombay: 99
  - Tahiti: 92
  - Mexico City: 94

- **United States**
  - New York: 104
  - Minneapolis: 102
  - Denver: 105

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OTIS COMPANY,
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Please send complete information regarding Otis Awning Fabrics and the name of the nearest Otis dealer.

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City & State: _____________________
AN EASTER hymn of joy is being played for you by this tiny Rabbit Band. An original table decoration or can be used for place cards. Made of painted wood, they are only 2" high; an assorted dozen, each one different, costs $15.00. Half dozen $7.50; prepaid from the Gift Shop of Lambert Bros., Jewelers, Lexington Avenue, corner of 60th Street, N.Y.

The liqueur set (center) comes straight from Stavanger in the south of Norway. A quaint round decanter of yellow pottery has bands of contrasting colors, and the eight glasses are only 2" in height; $4.50. The shop has the direct exclusive importation. Signe Kavli, 651 Lexington Avenue, N.Y.

Though no room should be without a really comfortable chair, it is difficult to find one with as much style as this maple wing chair. It is 39" in height, and can be had in a variety of chintz or denim, or your own material applied for the same price of $37.50. The footstool is 14 x 12" across the top and is 12" high; also can be had in many materials; $9.00. The

Newly imported glass toilet set, with effective etched ship design. Soap box, lotion bottle, tumbler, and bath salt jar. Choice of green or amethyst.

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Your Flowers Need this Watering Can...

A charming design for garden or window box use. Dull finished tin with brass nozzle. 10" high by 12" wide overall. Price $2.50.

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Sheltered Garden Seats, Enclosed Tea Houses, pergolas, decorative lattice fences and gates, suitable for the small city garden or the large estate—these and other Hartmann-Sanders Garden Structures are certain to give satisfaction. Thirty years specializing in Outdoor Woodwork has developed a type of construction which will withstand the worst that weather can do. You may select from our Catalog, or we will design individual structures to suit your requirements.

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Doubleday, Doran & Co., Inc., Dept. K, Garden City, N. Y.

(When remitting, add 10c per volume to cover mailing costs.)

Name

Address
Two topics to which reference has been made on this page seemingly have wide ramifications of interest. Therefore, no apology on my part for referring once again to the lost fragrance of Musk and to the soil affinities of Delphinium.

Who knows Musk fragrance?

Widespread correspondence both here and abroad concerning the Musk fragrance seems to clarify these points: (1) That the fragrant Musk as introduced to English gardens was collected in western North America by Douglas and all the stock of the fragrant Musk in Europe was derived from that. (2) Apparently that was an unusual, perhaps an individual, variation for never again has the wild Mimulus moschatus been noted as having the Musk fragrance. Now a correspondent of the English Gardeners' Chronicle raises the question as to whether many of the present generation even know what Musk smells like at all. The plant Musk odor closely resembled the true musk oil from the musk deer but that has equally disappeared, and the oil is no longer obtainable in commerce even when listed. The present day synthetic musk seems to be a near approach to, but not an actual parallel of, the genuine article. So only those old enough to carry memory back to many years can really know what the Musk odor means, and an odor is something that you cannot convey by description. I can be counted as one of those fortunate, or unfortunate enough, according to the point of view, to be old enough to have known the real thing. I have letters in plenty telling me of the existence of the Musk plant, but not a word as to fragrance.

Soil likings of Larkspur and Lupine.

Still it goes on and I might almost be led to believe that the elusive Delphinium and Lupine are the most sought of all flowers for the modern garden. Perhaps the solution of the Delphinium problem rests in the ultimate development of a type or strain that will lend itself to successful treatment as an annual by starting seed early in development of a type or strain that will lend itself to solution of the Delphinium problem rests in the ultimate successful treatment as an annual by starting seed early in

One type of modern Delphinium with long, massive spike evenly bloomed and copious lateral shoots as exemplified in the Blackmore & Langdon strain, the basis of most of our domestic strains.

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I went Delphinium mad—bought seed from Pudor, Vanderbilt, Hoodacres, Wrexham and Toole, their most expensive strains. Planted some in the fall of 1928, and some in the spring of 1929; some in a trial bed and some in the borders. The soil is all new, some black loam, some heavier clay, and because it was new I did not use lime. I am a great believer in lime for Delphiniums and use lime and dusting sulphur on the plants. When I discovered the cause of the black leaves the plants were rather far along in bloom, so before cutting down the stalks I thought I would experiment with sprays. A few days later I took a magnifying glass and went hunting for mites. I found plenty, but few when Volck was used. I then cut down all the stalks. All the new growth was strong and a good shade of green and sent up more flower spikes. Some (Continued on page 88)
The Spring Parade is on its way! New and Glittering Gems for the Flower Garden! Succulent Delights for the Gourmand!

For example, this collection of 12 Exquisite Flower Rarities

A cut flower collection of unusual charm—chosen for quick growth and easy culture to give you armfuls of lovely blooms from July to frost. Sow in late April and early May.

A $5.05 Collection for $3.00

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The Lovely Sunshine Aster, assorted colors.

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Callipogon Dazzler, Maroon-red with broad golden yellow margins.

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Chosen, hand picked Mammoth bulbs

2 Regale (Royal Lily)—clusters of long slender strap-shaped flowers with rose-colored edges, 3-4 feet... $1.90

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3 Regale (Royal Lily)—clusters of long slender strap-shaped flowers with orange-red edges, 3-4 feet.

3 Schling’s Pedigree Extra-Early—Height, 2! feet. The earliest Pea grown.

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Experts recommend the “Dreer Dozen” Roses

The twelve varieties in this perfectly balanced collection of roses were carefully selected for those who wish only a limited number but want a supply of extra choice flowers to cut throughout the season. The selection was also made to include roses which do well in all sections of the country. They are:

**Mme. Butterfly.** Light, soft pink, tinted yellow at base of petals.

**Mme. Edouard Herriot.** (The Daily Mail Rose.) A superb coral-red shaded with yellow rose scarlet, passing to shrimp-red. A wonderful color combination.

**Mme. Jules Bouche.** White centre with faintly tinted blush. The ideal white bedding rose.

**Radiance.** Brilliant carmine-pink with salmon-pink and yellow shading. Should be in every garden.

**Red Radiance.** A counterpart of Radiance but a bright cerise-red.

**Betty Uprichard.** Inside, delicate salmon-pink to carmine; outside, glowing carmine with coppery sheen.

**Duchess of Wellington.** An intense saffron-yellow stained deep crimson.

**Etoule de Hollande.** Brilliant crimson-red, the best all around red bedding rose.

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Strong two-year-old plants of any of these roses, $1 each, or $11 for the dozen, $90 per 100.

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This beautiful climber is a strong, vigorous grower, perfectly hardy and proof against disease and insects. The Windflower-like blooms are white flushed with mauve-pink and are from \( \frac{1}{2} \) to 2 inches in diameter. Strong plants, $1 each.

Perennials to plant now

Continued from page 57

The grouping of varieties to make pleasing color combinations is a subject by itself and numerous effective plantings may be worked out. This is a phase of gardening that may almost become an interesting hobby. In planting a mixed perennial border there is little danger of clashing colors if you will avoid planting such combinations as cardinal and crimson when they bloom at the same season. The fact is that few flowers really clash because they are so set off with foils of greenery. Using liberal quantities of white flowers in a border also tends to blend everything together.

In spring planting we are dealing with plants in active growth. For this reason they must not be out of the ground any longer than actually necessary. Dormant plants in the fall will stand much more abuse. If you can, place a plant in its permanent location at once, heel it in temporarily. Where possible, most plants should be moved with some soil around their roots though things like Hollyhock, Hardy Aster, Helianthus and others seem to withstand a lot of exposure.

Regardless of what season of the year you plant perennials take great care to prepare the soil thoroughly. Nearly all perennials need soil that is rich in plant food but most of them resent manure in contact with their roots. Perennials need a reserve supply of food in the soil because they are usually left in one location for several years and, being deep rooted, it is difficult to add food and place it where the roots can make the best use of it. Compost, lots of it, and well-rotted manure thoroughly mixed with the soil to a depth of eighteen inches is ideal preparation. If compost is not available humus in some form may be had commercially. Pulverized peat moss is good but too much of it makes soil acid and it must be watered well just after being added. Bone meal and composted horse manure are usually left in one location for several years and, being deep rooted, it is difficult to add food and place it where the roots can make the best use of it. Compost, lots of it, and well-rotted manure thoroughly mixed with the soil to a depth of eighteen inches is ideal preparation. If compost is not available humus in some form may be had commercially. Pulverized peat moss is good but too much of it makes soil acid and it must be watered well just after being added.

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**Red Radiance.** A counterpart of Radiance but a bright cerise-red.

**Betty Uprichard.** Inside, delicate salmon-pink to carmine; outside, glowing carmine with coppery sheen.

**Duchess of Wellington.** An intense saffron-yellow stained deep crimson.

**Etoule de Hollande.** Brilliant crimson-red, the best all around red bedding rose.

**Felicity.** Mallow-pink shading to bright cerise at edges.

**Miss Rowena Thom.** A blending of fiery rose, rosy mauve and old gold.

**Mrs. Erskine Pembroke Thom.** A rich, deep lemon-yellow—the best yellow bedding rose.

**Mrs. Henry Bowles.** An intense, brilliant pink with lighter salmon-pink shading.

Strong two-year-old plants of any of these roses, $1 each, or $11 for the dozen, $90 per 100.

The new Anemone-flowered Clematis a gem among climbing plants

This beautiful climber is a strong, vigorous grower, perfectly hardy and proof against disease and insects. The Windflower-like blooms are white flushed with mauve-pink and are from \( \frac{1}{2} \) to 2 inches in diameter. Strong plants, $1 each.

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has for nearly a hundred years been the guide book of amateur and professional gardeners in all parts of the country. It lists all worth while varieties of flowers and vegetables and pictures hundreds of them. Its cultural advice is invaluable.

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For Quick Sure Results

BELL FLOWERS
Campanula is their other name. There are many kinds; both dwarf and tall growing. All in lovely shades of blue or white. We especially recommend the dwarf Carpatica in blue or white. It makes a lovely edging to any bed or walk. Does well in shade or sun.

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Wayside Gardens
MENTOR, OHIO

GILLETTS

Special for Rockery Enthusiasts
ROCK gardening is now recognized as the most alluring form of the great garden hobby. It is the tonic that will "pep up" waning garden enthusiasm. If you do not have a rockery as yet, start one now. If you have one, enlarge it or build another one. And here we are willing to help.

Rock Garden Collection of 100 Plants for only $12.00
We will supply ten plants each of ten distinctly worth while kinds, including such favorites as Sedums, Hens and Chickens, Rock Cress, Ferns, etc. Half the collection (so plants) for $6.50. Selection of varieties to be left to us.

Gillett's Fern & Flower Farm
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Lilies for Spring Planting
The American garden lover will be pleased to know that, here-tofore they have been obliged to plant their lily garden in the autumn, they may now secure many of the finest Lily bulbs for spring planting.

This has been brought about by the wonderful advancement made in the science of refrigeration, with the result that commercial florists have been growing them to bloom at any time of the year desired from bulbs taken from cold storage.

Regale (Royal Lily) —A famous Lily of Japan. Spotted Lily of Japan.
Auratum—The Golden-Banded Lily of Japan.
Tigrinum (Tiger Lily) —A famous Lily widely grown in our country.
Magnificum—The beautiful pink spotted Lily of Japan.

All bulbs of good outdoor planting size. Plant in April and May for Summer Blooming.

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Then there is Wilson's SCALE-O ... the powerful dormant spray so necessary to the successful growth of fruit and other trees. SCALE-O kills Scale insects and exge- even in Winter. Mixes readily in cold water ... covers very rapidly and evenly. 1 Gallon $2.00; 5 Gallons $9.00.

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Dept. A4
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I just to save a few pennies per plant, are you willing to wait two or more years for the results you might just as well have had this first year? Not to mention the heavy losses which are unavoidable with plants that have not stood our survival-of-the-fittest test.

Facing the facts, here is what happens. Your penny saving plants will be worth all you pay for them. No more. You get penny values. But such plants can't be vigorous ones that have stood their ground through at least two winters, such as Wayside sells. They can't have their abundant root growth, that means for you a quick strong start, soon as planted.

In short, the penny saving kind are still in short plants when you buy them. While Wayside Gardens' have reached the long pants age, so to speak, and are filled with life and vigor. Wayside plants are a finished product of highest quality. You can depend on their giving you quick satisfaction results the first year.

Furthermore, we flatly guarantee that every plant will reach you in perfect condition and if given half a chance, bloom the first year. Anything not good, we cheerfully and promptly make good. No haggling correspondence about it either. We at once make good.

Such therefore, are the advantages of Wayside Gardens quality rock and hardy plants. Send for the catalog. Order early. Insure your having satisfactory results the first year.

April, 1931
SOIL Texture absolutely controls plant growth

While plants and flowers depend upon a number of elements for their growth, the functioning of the soil is of the utmost importance. Plants do not live upon the atmosphere alone, but obtain their life from all soil texture, or its physical condition is as very poor as 25.

With properly textured soil, plants breathe, secure good and proper conditions for root development, and grow. With improper soil conditions (too light, too heavy humus) they wither and die more or less. Poor results are usually due to improper mixtures of conditions more than lack of fertility or elements. Because correct soil texture is absolutely necessary to make the crop, select good seed, and grow it properly.

Give your plants the chance to grow a strong, self-supporting root system by conditioning the soil with S. P. M. Peat Moss this spring. This material is highly organic and has a very short period of time than any other soil conditioner. After the S. P. M., you can add sand if you wish, to bring it up to a high quality as high as the S. P. M. is working. Make any difference which you choose. Dr. M stand only one now; moss can be added at any time. When you use S. P. M., your flowers and lawns will grow a great deal better than before. S. P. M. makes poor soil good and good soil better. A REAL BEAUTY FOOD FOR LAWNs AND GARDENS

A healthy looking garden is always beautiful—but health only comes from the right kind of food. DRICONURE is Nature’s Own Fertilizer—contains all the vitalizing elements of deodorized fresh cow manure, and peat moss in readily available form. It won’t harm for foliage and growth; phosphate acid for stimulating flowering and fruiting; potash for building tissue... in fact DRICONURE just “teams” with life-giving organisms so necessary to plant life... and it gives lasting effects that carry over a much greater period of time than the average fertilizer.

But better still, DRICONURE is really an old friend in a new form. It is cow manure from dairies where peat moss was used for bedding... especially processed. After the peat moss has become thoroughly saturated, with the manure the whole is dehydrated, reduced, giving an absolutely safe fertilizer that will not burn, is odorless, free of weed seeds, many granulated and pleasant to handle. Use it for top dressing lawns and in general garden work. You know it is safe! Driconure is a much better fertilizer?


Perennials to plant now

Continued from page 80

satisfactory but all clumps should be divided every third year. You must never allow Phlox to go to seed. Self-sown seedlings are almost always inferior and soon spoil a planting. It is the growing of your own Phlox that is pleasurable to you but it is not stirring to them. The following are the most desirable perennials. The new variety Bristol Fairy is extra choice. Never move an established plant unless absolutely necessary as they are very deep rooted. Hemerocallis has been greatly improved in recent years and many of the hybrids are very choice. Their season of bloom has been lengthened and the flowers are larger.

Coreopsis and Gaillardia are two of the most important perennials because of their long season of bloom. They bloom from early in the season till killing frost and can always be depended upon to make a bright spot of color. There is a variety in the forms but V. longifolia subsessilis is an indispensable blue for the hardy border. Good also for cutting and should be planted liberally. Astilbe, better known as Spirea, sold so much pretty at Easter, is perfectly at home in the border and comes in many delightful forms. It should be planted in every garden but not as liberally as some other things because its season of bloom is comparatively short. The Japanese Anemone is one of our most delightful fall flowers. It resents being disturbed, so move with a large ball of soil. As their roots are very close to the surface, it is best to mulch them lightly and do not cultivate.

Chrysanthemums is another flower that does not receive the attention it deserves and doubtless it is largely because its requirements are not understood. To give the best results, Chrysanthemums must be divided to single stems each spring or new plants started from green cuttings. Chumps crowd themselves, produce smaller blooms, and readily fall prey to diseases. Young plants started anew each spring and kept growing vigorously will bloom profusely and produce the most satisfactory fall flowers. Iris are by great odds one of the most important flowers of medium height and except in sections having a great amount of rain in the spring may be planted at this time.

The best time to plant is just after their blooming season is over. Practically all Iris must be divided and reset every third year. You must never neglect this if you want quality bloom. Ten good dwarf perennials for spring bloom are not hard to find because so many of the low growing things bloom too early to recommend them for this time. Of course, with potted plants almost anything can be planted, but this is not the choice of the average grower in many varieties, Myosotis, and Viola Jersey Gem are three of the most desirable, and the blue Perennial Flax is a good fourth. These are satisfactory almost anywhere. Oceonothra is not very common but should be included in every border. Several of the Sedums, Thymus, Semprevivum, and Tunicia saxifraga, while generally classed as rock plants will do nicely in the hardy border. As a final one of the ten dwarfs, Veronica rupestris is in a perfect gem. This is a perfect for the others are best planted from pots and most growers handle them this way.

No spring planting list would be complete without reference to Lilies. They are fast finding an important place for themselves in our borders. At this season the following species may be planted: auratum, browni, elegans, hansonii, henryi, regale, speciosum, and tigrinum. If you are limited to just one kind, by all means let it be Regale. This is the finest all-round Lily for the average garden.

Two important perennials that should never be planted in the spring are the Peony and the Oriental Poppy. Plant the latter in August when they are cut back and may be moved with perfect safety, and the Peony in September and October. Both are worthy of a place in every garden but the serious mistake to move either of them now. Peonies disturbed in the spring have been known to wither and refuse to bloom for several years and it is nearly always death to a poppy to dig it up at the end of its season of bloom.

The above is by no means all the perennials that may be moved in the spring, but the majority are worth while garden should you confine yourself to them. As your garden experience becomes greater you will find that the rules for planting and transplanting are very flexible.

Pruning for better bloom

Continued from page 42

arching branches that have borne flowers—these are spent and never again will flower well. Their removal promises a new growth of flowering wood for the following season.

The Forsythia is in a class by itself as the best blooms come on light twiggy branches, generally laterals. The vigorous shoots coming each year from the base do not bloom—or very sparingly—the second year, but they will then grow laterals which will be a beautiful sight the following year. After that, these laterals are cut off at about an inch or so from the main stalks from which new laterals will grow.

Hydrangea hortensis (French Hydrangea) blooms are some of the few at the beginning of the year. Hydrangeas should not be pruned except in late summer after their blooming season, as the flowers on most of them are large and some do very ungracefully.

Lilacs have also a distinct habit of their own of forming very early the "heads" have become discolored, or very sparingly—these flowers are spent and never again will flower well. Their removal promises a new growth of flowering wood for the following season.

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The Beauty of Hardy Ferns

Cannot be described to any words of my command. You knew how it is sometimes impossible to say what you feel. But these Ferns, we have an infinite variety of them, great, little, green, white and crimson. We have the small Green Chip Fern, which is a perfect beauty, and the large Lady Fern, and the many varieties of Wood Ferns that seem almost to fall off the rocks, until you discover what a wealth they have.

We want you to have some of these beautiful Native Ferns and make you the following offer, good until May 1st, 1931.

10 Cinnamon Fern. 12 Maidenhair Fern. 12 Hayscented Fern. 12 Christmas Fern.
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All the above 74 Hardy Ferns for $10.00, or one half the collection for $5.50, you to pay express charges.

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All for Water Lilies for $12

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A spray that kills all garden bugs

This picture shows a few of the chewing insects that attack gardens. Bending, Colorado Potato Beetle (Potato Bug), Cabbage Cossack, and Cabbage Worm. There are many other chewing insects, such as Mexican Bean Beetles, Japanese and Aztec Beetles.

Two kinds of bugs attack gardens. One chews the foliage; the other sucks vital juices from the plant.

Till now, gardeners could not get a complete spray that would kill both kinds. Those who didn't know one bug from another often lost their vegetables or flowers in spite of spraying.

But now, in Nicotine Pyrox, there is one spray that gives complete protection. It kills all of the 31 common types of insects—sucking and chewing bugs alike—and controls plant diseases as well. And it's so easy to use! Just mix it with water, and spray.

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FREE: Write for free booklet, "What and When to Spray," which tells you all you need to know about protecting your vegetables, flowers, and shrubs. Bowker Chemical Co., Dept. A-1, 419 Fourth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

Just mix with water—and spray

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JACOBSEN MFG. CO.
742 Washington Ave., Racine, Wis.

Pruning for better bloom

Continued from page 82

tamarisk is justly coming back into favor. There are two kinds requiring different treatments, the spring flowering (T. gallica, japonica, and tetrandra) should not be pruned until after blooming; while the summer flowering T. aestivis (panstandra) late July or August, and T. pectinata, September-October, should be pruned in the spring, or at least shaped as the shrub is not of a compact, regular form. The Viburnum or Snowball family is a large one, some are sterile and the faded blooms are cut off to clean the shrub; those bearing fruits, and those are many, are not pruned because these berries, some red, some black, and others purple-black like small grapes, are ornamental.

RHODODENDRONS AND AZALEAS

It is often said that Rhododendrons and Azaleas bloom profusely only every two years. It may be true for some varieties but the flowering would be equally abundant each year if the blooms were removed as soon as faded. The flowers would bloom early for the following year at the same time as the seeds are forming, and these are likely to exhaust the plant thus preventing the bloom buds from forming. The following year, the blooms being scarce, the seeds will be few to feed, therefore bloom buds come in abundance and thus is the two year cycle established. Remove the flowers and enjoy your plant every year. No pruning shears or knife are needed as the leaves break off with but little pressure.

Plamhing gladiolus for all-summer bloom

Continued from page 44

those having sturdy dwarf or medium height stalks are much to be preferred. Of the smaller flowered types, the stems need not be limited as to height, as they are generally tough and hardy, and in a general way are the best for adding beauty and bringing continuity of bloom in a garden planting of Gladiolus.

When planting to obtain the best effect throughout the group, the different sized bulbs of each variety should be mixed and planted about four inches apart each way, and about four to five inches deep, the greater depth in light soil, that the plants may aid one another in staying up right in a storm and thus carrying on the beauty of the planting throughout its long blooming season. Have the soil fairly rich, which is easy of accomplishment by giving a top dressing of poultry or other manure (not fresh) just after planting and once or twice more during the season.

HARVESTING THE BULBS

To make this plan a success from season to season, it is but necessary to harvest the bulbs in the fall, store as you would potatoes, and then the following spring order more stock of the smaller sizes ranging from No. 5 down to No. 9, as but few small-sized bulbs will be found when the original stocks are harvested. Repeat this from season to season.

One of the happiest situations for a long season of Gladiolus bloom is in the perennial border, in which case masses or sizable clumps in color harmony amongst the hardy plants—almost any color combination is possible with the Gladiolus, preferably using self-colored ones, or those having large contrasting throat blotches.

SOME SUGGESTED VARIETIES

Here is a list of suggested varieties, but the offerings of Gladiolus varieties are so numerous that there is abundant room for each gardener to make his own selections according to his fancy:

Large-flowered. Scarlet Princess (scarlet); Los Angeles (deep salmon); Miss T. Rose (Buff); Gold Eagle (yellow); Orange Queen (orange); Giant Nymph (pure pink); Henry C. Gochl (white); Kalamazoo (purple); Routea (rose); Opalescent (lavender); Small Flowered. Souvenir (yellow); Scarletta (scarlet); Mrs. L. S. Hubbard (plum); Mainsens Blue (pale rose-pink); Virginia Lou (old rose); Golden Frills (orange-yellow); Patricia Carter (rich pink); Viola Bird (deep lavender); Sydonia (purple); Jewel (salmon pink).

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The American Home
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turn somber places into Fairyland

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At porch entrances, around house walls, in groups along the driveway, native shrubs and broad-leaf evergreens are at their best. In the mountain fastnesses of North Carolina native plants thrive mightily and bring their hardiness and vigor to lowland gardens.

Azaleas and Rhododendrons
Laurel and Leucothoe
are produced in quantities in my fields. All are nursery-grown, strong bushy plants, that will please the most critical buyer. They are produced in quantities in my fields. All are nursery-grown, strong bushy plants, that will please the most critical buyer.

Eight great dahlias, at an actual saving of $4.00
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COMPLETE instructions and a key to pruning each variety for best results is contained in our 1931 catalogue. Here you will find most of the new and all the worthwhile established varieties, many illustrated (some in color). Dahlia lovers the World over are learning the advantages of planting Potash Fed Dahlias. We shall be happy to mail you a FREE copy on request.

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**10 for $25.00**

**BLUE DARLING.** Very light blue, spikes of flowers in inner pale blue, black center, dotted with gold. **MILLICENT BLACKMORE.** Medium blue and violet-mauve, black irregular center. **JAMES W. KELWAY.** Clear bright blue, flowers on tall stately spikes. **AE.** Medium blue and mauve tips, striped black center. **WATSON.** Double soft blue inside mauve tips, striped black center.

**Garden reminders**

**North**

The Flower Garden—In the hotbed sow seeds of Asters, Petunias, and Heliotrope.

In the open ground sow Mignonette, Dianthus, Cosmos, Gypsophila, Eschscholtzia, Nasturtium, Lavatera, and Centaurea. These plants are not easy to shift, and should be started where they are to grow.

Prepare beds for planting those seeds and seedlings which will go out later this month or next month. Turkey, Hyacinths, etc., will be in bloom shortly. Uncover bulb beds. Continue to plant roses. Take covering away gradually. Pruning of last year’s plants should have been done last month. If you neglected it, do so before plants begin to grow.

Tuberoses, as well as Gladiolus, may be sown about the middle of the month. It is advisable to make plantings of Gladiolus every two weeks for eight weeks. This will give a succession of bloom.

Set out Pansies that have wintered in the coldframe.

Sow Sweet-peas early this month if you didn’t get to it in March. Seeds started in the sunporch boxes last month will be ready for transplanting soon.

Divide and reset perennial seedlings that have been in the ground for three years. Take out the forced bulbs and Easter plants. They may be put into the border. The Vegetable Garden—In the hotbed sow seeds of Cucumber, Melon, Pepper, Tomato, Eggplant.

In the open ground sow Beets, Brussels sprouts, Early Cabbage, Carrot, Cauliflower, Lettuce, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Pea, Potatoes, Celery, Radish, Spinach, Early Turnip, Salad, and Kohlrabi.

Cabbage, Beets, and Cauliflower started in the frames may be put out.

Make second sowing of Peas two weeks after the first. Successive sowings will result in successive crops.

Vegetables started indoors or in the frame and which are not ready for transplanting should be hardened off.

Stakes should be prepared for use with climbing vegetables. Mixtures—Plant new trees and shrubs now if the ground is dry. Prune Grapes and fruits. Dig around the earth and give them some fertilizers. Cuttings may be put into the frame.

If there is room in the coldframe sow seeds of some unusual variety of flower or vegetable. Evergreens may be transplanted. Roll the lawn. Give it fresh seed is necessary. Give a top dressing of a good chemical fertilizer if you didn’t do it in March.

Put a few Tomato seeds in small pots, and place in the coldframe. Plants started in pots receive a healthier, firmer foundation.

Get your supply of seeds at once from a reputable dealer if you have delayed doing it, for May is around the corner, and all annuals should surely be in the ground then.

**The West Coast**

Divide perennials growing in clumps. Stake, irrigate, and mulch new shrubs.

Plant Gladiolus for succession, also plant Tigridias and start Tuberosum Begonias in sand. Set out Fuchsias in the coldframe.

Start Chrysanthemum cuttings in sand. Prepare beds for Dahlias and Chrysanthemums.

Divide Violets and transplant. Do not let seed form on Sweetpeas.

Continue sowing seeds of annuals for summer and autumn blooming. Disbud Roses and spray with nicotine or soap for aphids.

Set out young seedlings of both perennials and annuals, in open beds. Shift Passies twice for root growth.

Try the new salmon pink Petunias. Overhaul the window boxes, renew soil, and plant for summer. Try Leadwort (Plumbago lartenta) in the shade.

**South**

Prolong the blossoming season of both annuals and perennials by cutting their flowers freely, allowing no seed formation.

The best way to prune the spring-blooming shrubs, such as Deutia, Syringa, Forsythia, and Spirea, is to cut the flowering branches back to bring indoors or to give away.

Phlox, Pinks, Larkspur, Snap-dragons, and other border plants will bloom into June or later, if you sow them, and not permitted to make seed.

Plan the fall garden now, and plant for as well as for midsummer bloom.

The Flower Garden—Vines, such as Bougainvillea, Jasmine, Coral Vine (Antigonon), Clematis, Climbing Nightshade (Solanium jasmoides), and Japanese Morning-glory (Ipomea leari) may be planted over fences, garages, and trellises.

Many handsome shrubs for late bloom may now be set out from pots: Aloysia, Duranta, Hibiscus, Centrum, Jacobinia, Justicia, Plumbago, Oleander, Crepe-myrtle, Vitea.

For background in large yards Bamboos, Pampas-grass, and other fragrant Vetiver may be used, with Bananas, Ricinus, Thalial, Aralia, Yucca, Canna, Alpinia. In smaller gardens Hedychium and Curtuma, Egyptian Papyrus, Caladium, Coleus, Alacpaya, and Fern give luxurious foliage effects. Varied with Dusty Miller (Cineraria and Centaurea) and Artemisia, with their luxuriant foliage effects. Vary with Bougainvillea, Jasmine, Coral Vine, Dusty Miller (Cineraria and Cen- taurea), and other border plants that will bloom into June or later, if you sow them, and not permitted to make seed.

Plant late-blooming bulbs—Grisum, Monbretia, and Zephyranthes. The latter come in white, rose, and yellow.

Seeds of the tenderer annuals may now be sown—Balsam, Brownwall, Petunia, Amaranthus, Nasturtium, Portulaca, Torenia, Vinca, Zinnia, to replace the Passies, Daisies, Candytuft, and other early annuals.

Annual vines, such as Gourds, Mallow, and the various Morning-glories, Cape Violets, Moonflower, etc., may also be sown.

Transplant Pinks, Phlox, Snapdragons, and other (Continued on page 88)
Milbradt Power Lawn Mowers are roller driven and give the lawn a gentle rolling as they cut. Made in 4 different sizes, suitable for large and small lawns. So easy to operate, a 12-year-old boy can run one. Let us prove it.

The easy-reading Barnes Bros. 60-page catalog, "The Easy Way to Beautiful Plantings," gives in a very simple manner much information, both in text and illustration, needed in the planting of a rose garden, rock garden, border screen, corner group, etc. It also contains descriptions of over 1200 magnificent flowers, shrubs and trees, many pictured in full colors. This new catalog marks the 41st year of The Barnes Bros. Nursery Co. Send for it now—be ready when planting time comes. It will help you to beautify your grounds—free in New England, N.Y., N.J., Pa., Del., Md. Elsewhere: 25c. The Barnes Bros. Nursery Co., Box 25, Yalesville, Conn.

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For a profusion of blooms all summer long, plan now. Plant field-tested "Star Roses"—for they are guaranteed to bloom.

This year's "Star Guide to Good Roses" shows the best roses for America—10 "Star" novelties and 250 "Star" favorites—many in color—and makes it easy to choose the best roses for your garden and your climate. In our 34 years as rose specialists, we have never had better plants than are now ready for you. Early choice is desirable—send today for your "Guide".

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a corner group?

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IDEAL POWER LAWN MOWER CO.

The New IDEALS

With generous power, completely controlled, the 1931 line of Ideal Mowers has established new standards of cutting perfection and handling ease. The newly designed, precision-built motor is alert, responsive, powerful. It permits a flexibility of operation never before obtainable in a power lawn mower. It throttles down for dexterous handling on difficult places—or instantly releases a smooth, deep flow of power that conquers steep grades and covers the straightaway at a fast pace. (Riding trailer can be furnished with all models.)

Every model adheres to the high Ideal standard that has become traditional through 15 years of manufacture—and service on 25,000 fine lawns—of the world's largest line of mowers. New Roller models develop rich, thick growth instantly releases a smooth, deep flow of power that conquers steep grades and covers the straightaway at a fast pace. (Riding trailer can be furnished with all models.)

The Vegetable Garden—Sow the tender vegetables after Easter—OKra, Squash, Cucumbers, melons, Cabbage, Sweet Corn. Plant entire fruit of Mirliton (Vegetable Pear), setting two near each other where the vines can climb over a trellis, and fertilize each other.

Good Friday is the traditional day to plant Beans—both Bush and Pole, Snap and Butler. Succession sowings of Beets, Radishes, Carrots, etc., may be made this month.

Before it gets too hot, make one more planting of Lettuce, Endive, Cress, Mustard, Swiss Chard, Roquette. Put in Sweet Potato slips, cultivating regularly each week. Set out Tomatoes when all danger of frost is over.

In and about the garden

had the mites on again so I dusted with Podosud sadd nicotine. In the spring a few of the plants were very sickly green so gave them a trowel of lime and that soon fixed them up.

This spring I intend to use lots of lime and to mulch with tobacco stems. I am hoping tobacco stems will keep the rose bug away from my house on Cineraria, Primula, and Heliotrope. I am using dusting sulphur and nicotine there.

I think that Delphinium blight is not a blight at all as the plant comes back so healthy. It is nothing but the red spider or cyclamen mite, and the proper thing to do is to find the host plant and I get provisions for it. Every time I read in a magazine that one should dig up and burn Delphiniums that have the black. The mite is tiny, colorless, with one dark spot at the head. I also have it in my green house on Cineraria, Primula, and Heliotrope. I am using dusting sulphur and nicotine there.

—Rose W. Burton, Detroit, Michigan.
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CAUTION! Be sure to buy only the hardy North China Elm, as sold by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Cheapest Chinese Elm from many so-called mail order Nurseries have none of the fine qualities of the North China Elm, and results from planting them are disappointing. We grow only the hardy, North China Elm.

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What you ought to know about Roses
1. GEORGE QUINT

Thousands of persons in every section of the world know only one flower, the sovereign of them all:

1—What are the chief types of Roses?
   b. Hybrid Tea: Continuous bloom. Fragrant. Hardy. Probably the most popular of all the Roses.
   c. Teas: Slender growing bushes. Must be protected in winter.
   e. Moss: Mosy growth on sepals.
   g. Ramblers and Climber and Pillar: 2—Where should roses be placed in the garden?
   Always plant by themselves, in a sunny, open space sheltered from severe winds; not near large trees.

3—What is a good soil?
   Most varieties, except the Rugosums and Japanese types (Climbers), do best in a heavy clay loam.

4—When should they be planted?
   An excellent time is early in April, though they may well be set out in the latter part of March.

5—How should the rose bed be prepared?
   Preparation of the bed is 50 per cent of the game. Dig soil to a depth of about two feet, see that there is good drainage at the bottom; if necessary, put in a layer of stones. Enrich the soil with well-rotted manure, and add a complete chemical fertilizer later. Make the bed about four feet wide.

6—How far apart should plants be set?
   Three feet for Hybrid Perpetuals, 18 inches for Hybrid Teas, and 15 inches for Teas. Others should be placed farther apart or nearer together, depending on the habit of the particular variety.

7—How old should the Rose bushes be when ordered?
   Two-year-olds are best.

8—How should Roses be pruned?
   Prune won't shoot severely, and strong shoots more gently. See full details in March issue, page 438.

9—How can insects and disease be controlled?
   For mildew or leaf spot, dust with dusting sulphur or potassium sulphate; for rust; alternate; also Bordeaux mixture. For Lice: nicotine sulphate. (Black leaf 40)

For green rose worm: arsenical of lead. Bordeaux mixture is a general remedy for most Rose troubles. Another good general cure-all is a mixture of arsenite of lead (one part), powdered tobacco (one part), and dusting sulphur (nine parts).
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- Rose Marie, satiny pink
- Sunrise Sunburst, rich yellow
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