STATE DIRECTORY OF ARCHITECTURAL FIRMS

THE PRESIDENT SPEAKS

WHERE DOES THIS MAGAZINE Go?

THIN PARTITION QUALIFIES FOR ONE HOUR

HOSPITAL SEMINAR IN BOSTON DECEMBER 2-3

GENERAL CONTRACTORS TO MEET DECEMBER 14

FOOD FOR THOUGHT

O. S. MAYNARD HOMES COMPLETED IN NASHUA

WAGE HOUR LAW REGULATION CHANGES

ARCHITECTOPICS

NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION IN MANCHESTER SHOWS INCREASE

N. H. CHAPTER MEETS IN CONCORD NOVEMBER 17TH

F. H. A. TECHNICAL BULLETINS AVAILABLE

APPLIED FARM BUILDING AT U. N. H. COMPLETED

SCHOOL BUILDING COMMITTEES TAKE HINT

OPENING DRIVE FOR RESTORATION OF SCHOOL AID HAS SUPPORT

ARCHITECTS INVITED TO EXHIBIT SCHOOL PLANS
A familiar name throughout the world, CHRYSLER stands for Pioneering research, engineering leadership and quality production. On heating, air conditioning or refrigeration equipment the words CHRYSLER AIRTEMP are a guarantee of excellence and complete satisfaction.

New Hampshire Automatic Heating Co.
CHARLES E. LEE, Prop.
342 MAIN STREET NASHUA, N. H.
TELEPHONE 2044-W
STATE DIRECTORY OF
ARCHITECTURAL FIRMS
WITH A. I. A. MEMBERS

C—Corporate Member
A—Associate Member
J—Junior Member
S—Student Associate Member

Firm Name and Address

JOHN D. BETLEY, Architect
944 Elm Street, Manchester, N. H.

ALFRED T. GRANGER ASSOCIATES
Munger Building, Hanover, N. H.

IRVING W. HERSEY ASSOCIATES
Town Hall Building, Durham, N. H.

HUDSON & INGRAM, Architects and Engineers
Hanover, New Hampshire

DAN KILEY, Architect
Franconia, N. H.

KOELHER & ISAAK, Architects
922 Elm Street, Manchester, N. H.

LYFORD & MAGENAU, Architects and Engineers
3 North State Street, Concord, N. H.

ORCUTT & MARSTON, Architects
35 South Main Street, Hanover, N. H.

EDWARD B. MILES, Architect
Exeter, N. H.

ARNOLD PERRETON, Architect
3 Capitol Street, Concord, N. H.

CARL E. PETERSON, Architect
217 Kennard Building, Manchester, N. H.

PROVOST & WRIGHT, INC., Architects
217 Kennard Building, Manchester, N. H.

NORMAN P. RANDLETT, Architect
614 Main Street, Laconia, N. H.

ROLAND S. SIMONDS, Architect
727 Maple Street, Manchester, N. H.

TRACY & HILDRETH, Architects
4 Davis Court, Nashua, N. H.

SHEPARD VOGELGESANG, Architect
Whitefield, N. H.

TODD WALLACE, Architect
435 Main Street, Laconia, N. H.

WILLIAM L. WHITE, Architect
Merrill Building, Exeter, N. H.

THOMAS WISTAR, JR., Architect
New London, N. H.

MAURICE E. WITMER, Architect
3 Hillside Drive, Portsmouth, N. H.

ROSS T. BITTINGER—C
619 E. University Ave., Ann Arbor, Mich.

HARRY G. FORREST—C (with State Planning & Development Com.)
110 Franklin Street, Concord, N. H.

ALEXANDER J. MAJESKI—A (with Federal Housing Admin.)
Manchester, N. H.

GEORGE R. THOMAS—C (Professor, University of N. H.)
19 Bagdad Road, Durham, N. H.

This list corrected to November 10, 1949
THE PRESIDENT SPEAKS

The problem of Health Insurance or Social Medicine may not fall within the province of the Architectural profession to solve—however controversial these subjects may be. Architects do, nevertheless, have an obligation on the part of their communities to understand the mechanical functions of these structures which serve the medical profession. As medical knowledge is in constant flux, just so is the construction field.

Johns Hopkins, the great benefactor, told his first board of trustees, “It will therefore be your duty to obtain the advice and assistance of those at home and abroad who have achieved the greatest success in the construction and management of hospitals.” That was seventy-nine years ago. Those early hospital trustees spent sixteen years studying, planning, and building before the doors of Johns Hopkins Hospital were opened. No elevators were provided between floors, patients being moved from floor to floor by hand stretcher. This wasn’t an oversight in plans. It was a detail of construction designated to prevent air from making its way from one ward to another. The contaminated air theory which resulted in the omission of elevators and unnecessarily high ceilings is, of course, now completely out-moded. Then, in the mind of the planners, it was the best available knowledge. We cite this example to show how architects and medical men charged with the actual task of designing and building a hospital in the 1870’s were forced to design and build by nineteenth century, not twentieth century knowledge. To meet the demands which will be made upon our profession as we enter an era charged with providing the best in planning and construction of hospitals and health clinics in our day—it will require diligent attention to the purpose and methods of medical science of this time.

To help the architect serve in his part of this task more ably and intelligently, the American Institute of Architects is holding a series of Regional Seminars on Design throughout our country: one of which will be held during December 2nd-3rd at the Hotel Kenmore, Boston. The Federal Program of Health and Clinical Services about to be instituted will be so broad in its community scope that any Architects interested in this field of service will be required to participate. These Seminars will provide the best of leadership in hospital planning and science with Architects, hospital consultants, Administrators, Public Health experts and technicians who will not only discuss their problems but, also, allow plenty of time for questions from the floor and meet with your state director of the hospital survey and construction act.

It will be one of the highest privilege to the Architects, whether an A.I.A. member or not, who can possibly attend. Col. Harold W. B. New England Regional Director of A. I. A., and our own Stewart Lyford, who is New Hampshire A. I. A. Chapter’s representative on the Seminar Committee, will tell us more about it at the Chapter’s meeting Thursday, November 17th.

WHERE DOES THIS MAGAZINE GO?

N. H. Architect has wide circulation.

A query often brought up by readers and subscribers of the New Hampshire Architect is “Where does this magazine go?” “To whom is it distributed?” In answer to this question, the circulation of the New Hampshire Architect is state wide, and in general, is limited to persons, officials, firms, and establishments which are now, or who might possibly in the future be, interested in any one or all of the branches of the building trades.

Needless to say, this would include all of the architects in the state. Engineering and general contracting firms are included, as well as the specialized contractors, such as plumbers, painters, electricians, etc. Suppliers of building materials, such as lumber yards, plumbing supply houses and masonry manufacturers receive the New Hampshire Architect.

A copy is sent monthly to the school boards and boards of public works, or boards of selectmen, in each city and town in the state, from the largest to the smallest. Officials in the many branches of county and state government receive this magazine, as do public libraries, schools and colleges throughout the state. Bankers and professional men are also included on the mailing list.

Many architects and contractors have submitted a formidable list of their clients, who are interested both in public and private building. To top off the circulation of the New Hampshire Architect, we are proud to announce that a professor of architecture in Madrid, Spain has requested that his name be added to the mailing list.
For the first time in history, a one and one-half inch partition has qualified for one-hour fire-resistant construction. Composed of perlite-gypsum plaster on metal lath attached to one-quarter inch cold-rolled channels, the test panels successfully passed the requirements for one-hour fire resistance in accordance with A. S. T. M. "Standard Specifications for Tests of Building Construction and Materials" (A. S. T. M. designation E119-47). Heretofore a two-inch solid partition has been considered the minimum fire-resistant partition that could be built.

Two panels were built for this thin partition test, one being subjected to the standard fire-endurance test and the other to fire and hose-stream test. It is certain that a partition with vermiculite-gypsum plaster would have qualified also.

Establishment of a rating for such a thin partition offers new possibilities. The two-inch solid metal lath and plaster partition has been widely used because of its space-saving nature. Now, however, this new size, which is one-half inch in thickness, provides the architect with an equally sturdy, solid partition that will offer even greater space-saving possibilities.

The test was conducted under the sponsorship of the Metal Lath Manufacturers Association at a large mid-west university.

The construction of the one and one-half inch partition was performed with standard materials except that floor clips one and one-half inch in width were used in lieu of the two-inch clip. These were attached to the test wall with concrete nails. Instead of erecting the channels with the flanges parallel with the plane of the wall, the channels were turned so that the web was parallel with the plane of the wall and were spaced at 24 inches on centers. The channels were tied to a standard type ceiling runner, and the metal base was then attached to the clips. Metal lath was wire-tied to the channels in accordance with industry practice.

Perlite-gypsum plaster, proportioned 100 lbs. of sisal fibered gypsum to two and one-half cubic feet of expanded perlite, was applied in three operations. The first or scratch coat was applied to the unbraced side of the partition.

After this coat had set, the second or brown coat was applied, and following this, the brown coat was applied on the reverse side, thus completing the application of the lightweight aggregate and plaster in three operations. The white coat finishes followed the usual practice.

The partition exposed to the fire-endurance test performed very satisfactorily. There was no spalling of plaster at any time. The surface exposed to the fire cracked in the manner customary for plaster surfaces of this type.

The panel subjected to the hose-stream test was not penetrated by the water.

The gas in the furnace was turned off at 62 minutes in the fire-endurance test when the end point on one of the unexposed surface thermocouples had been reached.

Those who are acquainted with the qualities of this one and one-half inch partition believe that it is going to mark a very distinct step forward in the development of dependable, stable, space-saving partitions that can be erected with speed and economy.
Hospital Seminar in Boston Dec. 2 - 3

A. I. A. Members urged to attend session

December 2 and 3 have been set as the dates on which a Hospital Planning Seminar, sponsored by the six New England chapters of American Institute of Architects, will be held at the Kenmore Hotel, Boston. The object of the Seminar is to enable the Architects and hospital authorities alike to become better acquainted with the problems and various phases of hospital building. The discussions will be limited, for the most part, to the small and medium sized general hospital, with at least half of the time devoted to question and answer periods.

General Chairman Charles D. Maginnis, Boston, Past President of the A. I. A., will open the seminar and welcome the group Friday morning, December 2. Speakers for the Friday morning session will include Henry N. Pratt, M. D., Director, New York Hospital, with his topic, "The Hospital Sets It's Building Program"; Slocum Kingsbury, Chairman, A. I. A. Committee on Hospitalization and Public Responsibilities"; and Allan Craig, M. D., New York City, President, American Association of Hospital Consultants, with "The Consultant's Duties and Responsibilities." A one o'clock luncheon will be served at which John J. Crof, M. D., U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., will give as his address "Hospitals Medical Surveys and Pertinent Health Laws." Speakers for the Friday afternoon session have yet to be announced, but the topics will be as follows: "Hospital Departments and Their-relationships," and "Problems of the Nursing Unit." Following each speaker a discussion and question and answer period will be held.

Scheduled for the Saturday Morning session are Carl Walter, M. D., Peter Bent Brigham Hospital, Boston with a talk on "Care of Patient as a Basis for Design"; Justin Kearny, Engineering Consultant, New Brit, Conn., with "Current Engineering Standards"; and Robert W. Cutler, A. I. A., Skidmore Owings and Merrill, New York, with "Flexibility and Expandibility in Planning" as his topic. The Saturday luncheon will feature a round table discussion.

All New Hampshire Architects are urged to attend this Seminar, as a better and fresher look in the planning of up-to-date hospital may be gained from such a meeting.

THE INDIAN HEAD

PLATE GLASS CO.

Nashua, N. H.

HOWARD LAPPE, Manager

Is pleased to announce the completion of all glazing at the Rock Rimmon Housing Project at Manchester, N. H.

14,000 lights glazed in aluminum frames

Give us a try Mr. Builder, we know you will be pleased with our work, too.

10 W. Hollis St. Nashua, N. H.

Tel. 4117

Bids Solicited Throughout New Hampshire
GENERAL CONTRACTORS
TO MEET DECEMBER 14

PERMANENT OFFICERS TO BE ELECTED AT
KEENE MEETING

New Hampshire Chapter Associated General
contractors of America meeting at Laconia the
last week of October, approved the budget for
‘50 and adopted a new set of by-laws. Thirty
members participated in discussions of the by-

Arthur Whitcomb of Keene was named to
head up a committee to arrange for the annual
meeting of the association to be held in Keene
in December 14.

At the December meeting permanent officers
will be elected to serve for the coming year, and
committees will be named to carry on the
different projects of the association.

Every section of New Hampshire was repre-
sented at the meeting, Col. John Jacobson of
Manchester, acting secretary, disclosed. Vin-
tant Swanburg of Manchester, acting president,
resided.

Heating - Ventilating - Plumbing
Engineering Service

ORR & ROLFE CO.

New Hampshire's Largest Heating, Ventilating and
Plumbing Contractors

OIL BURNER SERVICE

Tel. 4485 - 4486
4 Bridge St. Concord, N. H.
Estimates Given

INSURANCE AGENCY

HERMON H. DAVIS

LESLEY F. CARTER, Manager

General Insurance
Special Group Insurance Plans
Professional Disability Groups

134 No. Main St. 142 Main St.
CONCORD, N. H. NASHUA, N. H.
Tel. 3764 Tel. 128

"YOU BET WE
SPECIFY
BARRELED
SUNLIGHT."

We know from experience that the best
paint actually costs less!

THE WISE architect has learned that price per
gallon is a mighty poor yardstick for measuring
paint costs. He knows that quality paint not only
saves on material but also saves on painting labor
which today accounts for a good 80% of total
costs.

If you want to give your clients a better-looking,
longer-lasting job at lower cost for both paint and
labor, specify only the best. And
in our book, that means—
BARRELED SUNLIGHT!

J. J. Moreau & Son, Inc.
Exclusive Manchester Distributors
1117-27 Elm St., Manchester
Phone 4-4311
The newly formed Avery Dam Corporation disclosed recently that W. M. Bisson & Son, contractors of Laconia, were low bidders and have been awarded the contract for the new Avery dam. The old Avery dam on Mills street, Laconia was condemned and will be replaced by the new concrete dam, with work beginning this fall.

The amount of the bid was not disclosed, but it has been estimated that the total cost of the new dam and gates will be between $50,000 and $60,000.

The New England division of the Army Corps of Engineers announced recently that Anthony Ceriello of Concord was awarded the contract to remodel facilities of the Officers Reserve Corps offices, 31 North Main Street, Concord, with a low bid of $2865.

A bid was offered by the Swanburg Construction Company of Manchester, only other New Hampshire bidder.

The contract for a 79 building veterans housing development at Lowell, Mass., was awarded recently to the Davison Construction Company of Manchester, N. H., for a low bid of $2,422,000.

Frederick W. Roache, Chairman of the Massachusetts Housing Board disclosed that work on the development, which will house 21 families, will start on or about November 15.

**FOOD FOR THOUGHT**

Not to early to plan for Annual meeting!

Our annual meeting takes place within a few months. It is not too early for each of us to be thinking about objectives for the near
year of the Chapter's operations. Each member must have some opinions regarding how the Chapter could function best for the profession in the state. So, why not start now and jot down some thoughts for general discussion and for positive action. Here are some suggestions to stimulate thought:

1. Should the State Registration Law be revised?
2. Should we hold at least one joint meeting each year with the newly-formed Contractors' Association?
3. Should further steps be taken to advance the interests of practicing architects in connection with the building programs of the Highway Department and the State?
4. Should we take steps to offer some specific training courses on a competitive basis for the young men in our offices?
5. Should we have a traveling exhibition of the work of New Hampshire architects?
6. Could we arrange a joint meeting sometime with the Chapter of a neighboring state such as Vermont?
O. S. MAYNARD HOMES
COMPLETED in NASHUA

100 low rent dwelling units, fully equipped, made available for
Gate city residents - project erected under direction of
New Hampshire State Housing Board.

Recently completed for occupancy by 100 families are the O. S. Maynard Homes in Nashua, one of the two low rent housing projects erected in New Hampshire under the State Housing Act and under the direction of the New Hampshire State Housing Board. The other project located in Manchester is nearing completion. The O. S. Maynard Homes was erected by the Nashua Housing Authority with the following as its members: Aaron A. Harkaway, Chairman; Auguste U. Burque, William T. Spratt, Miriam W. Flather, Henry N. Bechard.

A. J. Schumacher of Cambridge, Massachusetts, is the Architect for the project with Tracy & Hildreth, Nashua, Associate Architects. The general contractor was the Davis Construction Company of Manchester, New Hampshire.

The project consists of twelve buildings offering a total of 100 dwelling units. These units vary in size: 60 four-room apartments, 20 five-room apartments, 16 three-room apartments, and 4 six-room apartments. Each unit
lipped with hotwater heat with individual thermostatic control, gas range, gas refrigerator, built-in sink cabinet, storage cabinets, linen closet and plenty of clothes closets. Since there are no basement facilities for the tenants, each apartment has a utility room.

The twelve buildings have been arranged in groups of four, each group having its own central heating plant and central facilities for operating and distributing domestic hot water. The foundations and the first floor are of reinforced concrete. All the framing above the first floor slab is of Stran-Steel and a fabricating shop was set up on the job for the fabrication of the light-weight steel wall and partition panels. The floor of the second floor and the roof are of 2 1/2" concrete over corrugated steel sheets. The exterior walls are of brick veneer. The interior wall and ceiling finish is of lath and plaster. Flooring is asphalt tile except in those where linoleum has been used.

The cost including the buildings and their mechanical equipment, walks, fencing, clothes poles, lawns, landscaping, etc., was approximately $11,500.00 per dwelling unit.

Major sub-contractors were: Plumbing, P. W. Loganhue, Boston, Mass.; Heating, John Venra, Lawrence, Mass.; Electrical, John J. Lilly, Manchester; Painting, D. F. Shea, Nashua; Roofing, M. J. Murphy, Dover; Walks and Grading, Winslow Company, Milford; Planting, F. H. Bailey & Sons, Nashua.

Architect Bill is a pretty smart guy.
He knows that on Osgood's you can always rely.
So he writes in the specs in letters fine
Get it at Osgood's. They carry the line.

Depend on
OSGOOD'S
For Your
BUILDING SUPPLIES
Serving Southern New Hampshire

Nashua, N. H.
Wage Hour Law Regulation Changes Planned For "White Collar" Worker

The following revisions have been proposed in regulations governing exemption of certain so-called "white collar" employees from the minimum wage and overtime pay provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act—the Federal Wage and Hour Law—as announced recently by Wm. R. McComb, Administrator of the U. S. Department of Labor's Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions.

Major Changes Proposed

For "EXECUTIVE" type of exemption:—
(1) Employee must receive salary of at least $55 a week. The present salary requirement is $30 a week. (2) Employee's nonexempt work—activities not "directly and closely related" to his executive functions—must not exceed 20% of his own weekly hours worked. At the present, the regulations describe non-exempt work as work performed by non-exempt employees generally and limit non-exempt work of "executive" employees to 20% of weekly hours worked by non-exempt employees under his supervision. (3) Employee who receives salary of at least $100 a week could be exempt on the basis of a shortened test. At present the regulations do not provide a shortened test for exemption of higher salaried employees.

For "ADMINISTRATIVE" type of exemption:— (1) Employee must receive a salary, or fees, at rate of at least $75 a week. The present requirement is $200 a month. (2) Employee must have as his primary duty (a) work requiring knowledge of advanced type in a field of science or learning, or (b) must perform original and creative work in an artistic field and his non-exempt work—activities not an essential part of and necessarily incident to his professional duties—is limited to 20% of his own weekly hours worked. The present regulations do not clearly specify a primary duty test for "professional" employees and limit their non-exempt work to 20% of weekly hours worked by non-exempt employees. (3) Employee who receives a salary, or fees, at a rate of $100 or more a week could be exempt on basis of shortened test. At present the regulations do not provide any shortened test for exemption of higher salaried employees.

For "LOCAL RETAILING" and "OUTSIDE SALESMEN" type of exemptions:—As present there would be no salary requirement for these types of employees. "Outside salesmen" employee's duties would be expanded to include obtaining orders or contracts for services as well as for the use of facilities. Both types of employees, non-exempt work would continue to be limited to 20% of weekly hours worked by non-exempt employees.
ARCHITEXTOPICS

is a new department and is being started with an open mind and no commitments. Any opinions expressed herein are the writer's. Statements of fact should be in error; if so, let's hear about it. If any reader feels like sending in questions, they might be answered here—if the writer knows the answer or feels like answering them. In other words, this side open—let's go!

—Gene Magenau

Visiting a well-known Animal Farm in southern New Hampshire the other day, I was struck by the poor design, or rather lack of design, in some of the exhibits which were behind glass. In every case, reflections on the glass were such that the exhibit could be seen with difficulty and annoyance.

Driving along the highway, this same characteristic lack of design is apparent everywhere. Hardly any building, its placement or surroundings, the roadside or its accessories, show any evidence of design, elementary or otherwise. It is interesting to speculate how different our physical environment would be if all of it could have the benefit of professional design.

Of course the problem is an economic one. Designers are all very positive that their advice will more than pay for itself, besides producing lateral benefits for others than the owners. But if some statistics can't be quoted proving the economics; but we can all think of examples such as the State park, or the Plaza in front of Rockefeller Center, where restraint and good design made all the difference in the world.

Private individuals are not the only ones who think they can't afford to hire designers. Recently the State of New Hampshire, through the Highway Department, called for bids on a Liquor Warehouse. The plans and specifications were prepared in the Highway Department, but the important part of the designing was left up to the bidders.

Of course this defeats the purpose of competitive bids, that is, to get prices all based on furnishing the same or equivalent materials and installations. The spectacle of the State resorting to this type of practice is dubious and annoying, especially since Commissioner Merrill's recent appointment of a "State Architect" who, we understood, was to conduct the department's building program with professional know-how.

At the cornerstone laying ceremony of the university's new million-dollar building for the College of Technology, which took place in Durham on November 11th, just about all the participants were New Hampshire people, except

(Continued on page 16)
NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION IN MANCHESTER SHOWS INCREASE

During the first nine months of 1949 permits for the construction of new homes in Manchester totaled 410 as compared to 290 permits in the same period in 1948, William M. Cullity, superintendent of the building department, the Queen City, reported.

According to Mr. Cullity's report, the estimated cost of this year's new home building runs to $2,265,005 as against $1,536,000 last year, or a gain of more than $700,000.

Total building in Manchester for the nine months of 1949 hit a new high of $3,459,177 while for the same period last year, the total ran to $3,123,477.

N. H. Chapter meets in Concord Nov. 17th

Now that the elections are over, we hope the printer will be able to get this issue out in time for the November meeting of the N. H. Chapter, American Institute of Architects.

This is scheduled for Thursday, November 17, 1949, at the Colonial Inn in Concord. The meeting will be of such quality and quantity that good attendance is assured . . . we hope and even without the stellar attraction: Col. Hall B. Willis, A. I. A., Director of the New England District.

Invitations have been issued to all practicing architects in the State. It is said that Willis is a worthy successor to Joe Lela so this will be a good opportunity to learn about the Institute's program and highlights of National Executive Board meeting held in October.

OUR APOLOGIES

The editors wish to make amends for omission of a credit line to the photographer who took the cover picture for our October issue. The view showing erection of rigid steel frame at the Towle High School Gymnasium in Newport was taken by Hall's Camera Shop of Newport. We cannot understand the policy of some newspaper editors who fail to credit the author.
plans or designs which they publish, so we understand the desire of photographers to receive credit when their pictures are used, and it is our intention to give credit where credit is due.

Revisions are in order for the current status of two architects whose biographies were published in previous issues. Edward B. Miles, contributor of the article on architectural colleges in this issue, advises that he left Mr. Witmer’s office in September, 1947, to resume his studies at Cornell University, where he recently won a degree of Master of Architecture. Now he is living and practicing in Exeter. Congratulations to you, Ed!

Also a letter from Bill Baker, the capable assistant Director for F. H. A., announces that Alexander J. Majeski, whose present occupation was omitted from his biography, was recently added to the F. H. A. staff at the Manchester office. He says that Alex will enhance their effort to serve the building public in New Hampshire in the best possible manner, and with this we all would agree.

M. J. MURPHY & SONS, INC.
"OUR REPUTATION IS OUR GUARANTEE"

ROOFING AND SHEET METAL CONTRACTORS
Slate Asphalt Shingles - Tar and Gravel - Roofing - Steeple Work Insulation - Water Proofing - Skylights - Gutters - Air Conditioning All types of Metal Work
NEW HAMPSHIRE'S LARGEST ROOFER AND ONE OF THE LEADING INDUSTRIAL ROOFERS IN N. E.
12 PORTLAND AVE. | CANAL ST. | 102 ISLINGTON ST.
DOVER, N. H. | MANCHESTER, N. H. | PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
TEL. 169 | TEL. 4-4281 | TEL. 3506

BUILDING MATERIALS and DETAIL MILLWORK

PAGE BELTING CO.
Eastman Street Concord, N. H.
Phone 1600
F. H. A. TECHNICAL BULLETINS AVAILABLE

William F. Baker of the F. H. A. writes:

"It occurred to me that the architects of New Hampshire would be very much interested in the technical research program authorized in the Housing Act of 1949 and I am enclosing a copy of Technical Bulletins No. 9 and 10 . . . ."

"These bulletins are available from various Federal Housing Administration offices and upon request from those interested, this office will be pleased to create a mailing list to whom additional bulletins will be sent as they are published. . . ."

These Bulletins are really technical and they are authoritative. Based on research authorized by the recently passed Housing Act of 1949, they cover such subjects as these, taken from Bulletins No. 9 and 10:


Every architect should take advantage of Bill Baker's offer, and should further avail himself of the help his office is able to give on any problem in connection with residential and rental housing.

APPLIED FARM BUILDING AT U. N. H. COMPLETED

Dedicator Exercises slated for Dec. 10th

The University of New Hampshire has announced that the new Applied Farming Building, just completed in Durham, will be named for George M. Putnam, who for so many years has been the President of the New Hampshire State Farm Bureau Federation. The dedication exercises will be held on December 10, 1949. Architects for the building were Tracy & dreth, Nashua, New Hampshire, and the General Contractor was the Hutchinson Building Lumber Company of Concord, New Hampshire.

(Continued from page 13)

the architect and the contractor. These were Arland Dirlam of Boston and John A. Volpe Malden, respectively. Others were Senator Bridges, President Adams, and a host of students, educators, trustees and spectators. I have no information about the building, but I understand that it is featured by an entrance made of polished gray granite with hammer

(Continued on page 18)

R. R. HARTFORD, INC.

Excavating, Grading, Landscaping and Paving Contractors

DIAL 2-5655

48 So. Willow St. Manchester, N. H.
The Panel Discussion which was sponsored by the State Department of Education for presentation before the School Administrators' Conference in Keene and again before the Association of School Board Members in Concord, appears to have been helpful in giving school committees a better understanding of the methods which should be employed in the selection of an architect. Eugene F. Magenau, Horace Witmer and Stephen P. Tracy were architects who took part in these panel discussions. It has come to our attention that a number of School Building Committees have followed the general procedures suggested in these discussions, and in a number of instances school Districts have appropriated funds for preliminary surveys by Architects.

This is encouraging, but there is still much work members of the profession can accomplish toward a further understanding and toward the elimination of some abuses which continue to exist.

OPENING DRIVE FOR RESTORATION OF SCHOOL AID HAS SUPPORT

Of potential import to architects and to a large segment of our population was the mass meeting in the State House on Nov. 7, which raised the question, "What About Our Public Schools?" with special reference to State aid.

Sponsored by the Business and Professional Women's Club, League of Women Voters, Farm Bureau, Taxpayers' Federation and the P. T. A. ... all non-partisan organizations ... this was the opening move for inducing the legislature to restore in the coming special session the $1,600,000 cut out of State aid last Spring.

Speakers were Mr. Henry Toy, Executive Secretary of the National Citizens Commission for Public Schools; Governor Sherman Adams; Mr. William Saltonstall, Headmaster, Phillips Exeter Academy.

Following some heated discussion, a resolution was adopted in favor of restoring state aid to schools without specifying the source of funds, and a permanent chairman was named to organize a committee to carry on the campaign. This was Mr. Donald Kimball of Franklin, a public spirited young farmer and President of the Parent-Teachers Association of Franklin.
ARCHITECTS INVITED TO EXHIBIT SCHOOL PLANS

The State Department of Education has issued invitations to architects to exhibit their school plans and photographs at the School Board Convention in Laconia on December 2 and 3. The material must be mounted on a card 20" x 30" and must be received either in Concord or at the Laconia High School by December 1, and architects are invited to attend the exhibit on Friday afternoon or all day Saturday.

It is to be hoped that this exhibit will impress the school people with the high quality and competence of a large number of New Hampshire architects.

(Continued from page 16)

flutings and other unusual shapes which required special designing and fabricating by John Swenson Granite Co. of Concord, subcontractor for the granite.

This Swenson granite gets into a lot of important places. You know it was recently used for the cornerstone of the United Nations Building in New York. We hope this cornerstone will impart its admirable qualities of endurance and stability to the organization!
CONSTRUCTION SPECIALTIES
CRAFTSMEN, INC.
148 State Street Boston, Mass.

Kalamein Doors Hollow Metal Doors
PRESSED STEEL FRAMES

Fire Door Hardware
Rolling Steel Curtains
Angle and Channel Frames

Special Hardware
Builders Hardware
Metal Toilet Partitions

DIRECT FACTORY DISTRIBUTORS FOR NEW HAMPSHIRE

OVERHEAD DOOR SALES COMPANY
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
SALES, SERVICE AND INSTALLATION

Phone 707 Milford, N. H.

---

When you want
THE BEST
be sure you're
GETTING IT!

---

Buy
DURACRETE
Concrete, Cinder and Catch Basin Blocks

DURACRETE BLOCK CO. INC.
DIAL MAN. 5-6293

Plant located at rear of
Manchester Sand & Gravel Co., Hooksett, N. H.

---

Building Lumber
Boards
Clapboards
Shingles
Fence Posts

Laths
Pickets
Rails
Flues

Bricks
Cement

THE WEST SIDE
LUMBER CO.
DIAL MAN. 2-6401
168 SO. MAIN ST. MANCHESTER, N. H.
Let Us Serve As Your Financial Architects

Planning the Financing of your home is as important as planning its construction. Without a competent architect to guide you in your home building, trouble is liable to set in. This is true of paying for your home, too. Come in and let us “Blueprint” your home-financing.

Conventional Mortgage Loans
F. H. A. Title No. 2 Mortgage Loans
G. I. Mortgage Loans

New Hampshire SAVINGS BANK
CONCORD, N. H.