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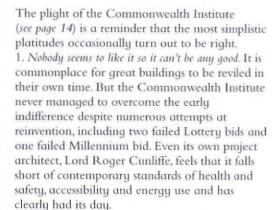
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IF THE GOVERNMENT HAS MADE THE RIGHT DECISION IT HAS DONE SO BY CHANCE

By Isabel Allen



2. Iconic public buildings detract money from more pressing social needs. Occasionally it doesn't hurt to listen to this blanket justification for substandard government buildings. Even the most militant architectural custodian has to be affected by the institute's claim that the financial burden of owning a listed building directly undermines

its attempts to provide funding for education for 75 million children from the world's poorest countries.

3. Good buildings don't leak. The odd technical hiccup is an inevitable side effect of architectural experiment. But the Commonwealth Institute didn't just leak when it opened. It leaked after its copper roof had been replaced, and has scarcely stopped leaking since.

The listing process can only remain culturally relevant if it is subject to constant review, and it may be that the Commonwealth Institute has simply had its day. But delisting is not to be undertaken lightly. The government's hasty volte face on this particular building's fate demonstrates a lofty disregard for procedure or for potential precedent. If it is the right decision, it appears that the government has fallen on it by chance. It may not have the appetite to rewrite all the rules, but it is perfectly willing to break them if they get in the way.

CONTRIBUTORS



Jonathan Foyle, who writes about architecture in the 19th century on pages 39-41 as part of his series on the history of architects, is an archaeologist and TV presenter



Ian Cox, who writes the leader about precast concrete on page 44 in the Concrete Quarterly supplement, is the chief executive of The Concrete Centre



Jim Mumby, whose work (with colleague John Pearson) is featured on the Sketchbook on page 74, is an architect with The Goddard Wybor Practice



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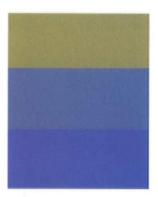
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Building Heritage 13th June 2006, 09h00-16h30 RIBA CPD Accredited Course

Robert Adam, DipArch (PCL) RIBA FRSA, will lead this Prince's Foundation education event, teaching the demonstrable quality and value of development that reflects heritage contexts.

Gorton Monastery is one of Manchester's most important landmarks, not only appreciated by architects and academics as one of the finest examples of High Victorian Gothic architecture, but by a much wider local, and regional community.

The Prince's Foundation will hold a one day seminar at the Trust's site headquarters, examining the implicit value of heritage assets and their power as a focus for wide-ranging urban regeneration. By interpreting such rich architectural vocabulary, designers, developers and regeneration agencies can shape the form of new buildings, articulating local urban character for wider gain.

With support from:



The seminar will be held at: The Monastery of St Francis & Gorton Trust The Angels, Endcott Close Gorton, Manchester M18 8BR

Registration fee for this event, including lunch and a Monastery tour is £100 + VAT. Limited scholarship places are available.

For a full programme please contact Amy Lemire: T +44 (0)20 7613 8546 E education@princes-foundation.org

www.princes-foundation.org













ENQUIRY 13 ON CARD WWW.AJPLUS.CO.UK/AJDIRECT

11th July 2006 - 27 Sussex Place, London NW1 CONFERENCES Historic Buildings Inspirational approaches to adapting heritage architecture for modern life Purcell Miller Tritton LLP English Heritage Chiltern Fire/Trada Heritage Lottery Fund **BRE Construction Division** DEGW Endorsed by: IHBC TRADA To register - Tel: 0845 056 8069 Email: constructconferences@emap.com Online: www.ajhistoric.co.uk

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TUESDAY 30 MAY

- Reiach and Hall wins contest for new Dundee council offices (above)
- Government U-turn leaves Commonwealth Institute under threat (see page 14)
- SMC promises even more takeovers as it buys Charter Consultant Architects
- Housing warning: Britain needs to build up to '57 new Lutons' over next 50 years

WEDNESDAY 31 MAY

- Mangera Yvars narrowly misses out on massive Islamic centre scheme (right)
- President Pringle to give Public Accounts
 Committee evidence over PFI problems
- Government Office decides against calling in Viñoly's 'golden banana'
- Demolition of one of two remaining Festival of Britain buildings to get green light

THURSDAY 25 MAY

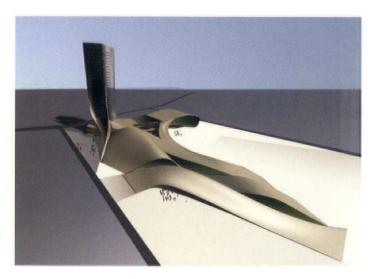
- · ARB secures two public convictions for abuse of title
- Gaunt Francis starts afresh after CABE slams
 St Katharine Docks scheme
- Hopkins' new power of veto in Jersey leaves Kuhne project in question
- From Najaf to King's Lynn Llewelyn Davies Yeang takes on Norfolk masterplan

FRIDAY 26 MAY

- Birmingham forced to reveal Richard Rogers' fees on aborted library project
- West London-based practice Hemingway Cumbo faces £700,000 negligence claim
- Designers hit back as fresh heritage row strikes Edinburgh (see page 18)
- Alec French's SS Great Britain museum scoops prestigious Gulbenkian Prize (right)



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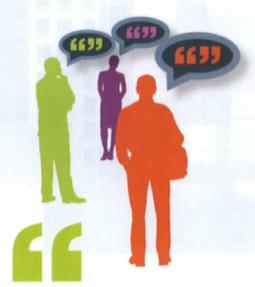
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HRH The Prince of Wales*



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- An in-depth look at consultation projects across a number of different sectors
- How to get 'buy in' from the community for your sustainable scheme

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www.ajcommunity.co.uk/2006

*A Vision of Britain, 1989





WILFORD AND DYSON OUT OF AFRICA

By Richard Waite

Michael Wilford and Chris Dyson's extraordinary proposals for a new Museum of Africa have been ditched by landowner Spier Holdings.

The £47 million scheme, planned for South Africa, provoked a barrage of criticism when it was first unveiled 18 months ago (AJ 25.11.04).

Wilford and Dyson were asked to design a museum and cultural village (pictured) as part of a major transformation of a wine-growing estate in Lynedoch Valley.

However, Spier Holdings has rejected the proposals and launched an open international competition for an alternative.

The move has prompted questions about whether Wilford and Dyson's vision was sufficiently 'sustainable' for the famously forward-thinking South African landowner.

Speculation continues to mount following the release of the new competition brief, for which all designs must demonstrate a 'new spatial approach... to create a community that will serve as a model for sustainable living elsewhere on the continent and beyond'.

Yet Tanner Methvin, a director of Spier Holdings and a competition judge, was adamant that the scheme's environmental and sustainable credentials played no part in its demise.

Methvin said: 'Wilford and Dyson's concept has been dropped. The list of reasons [behind the decision] is very long, but it was not related to the sustainable nature of the design.'

The new two-stage contest seeks an architect to masterplan

a scheme for around 3,000 people which features 'internationally significant' facilities for visual and performance art.

At least 350 practices from 54 countries have already registered for the competition, including 10 British entrants.

Dyson admitted he was disappointed by the move but argued he and Wilford had done everything asked of them.

He said: 'Our brief... was to produce a fine and memorable building and series of spaces representative of African people – this was admirably achieved.

'However, there have been many changes on the client side which are complex – the consequence of which has been a redrafting of the brief.'

Michael Wilford was unavailable for comment.

NEWS IN PICTURES



1



- 1. All apartments will face inwards to the gardens
- 2. Sketch of the new development
- 3. Site plan

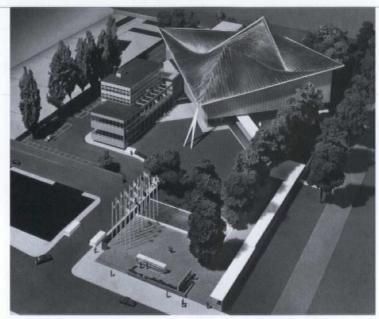




MJP FLIES THE FLAG IN THAILAND

MacCormac Jamieson Prichard has been given the go-ahead to overhaul the British Embassy compound in Bangkok, Thailand. The Foreign and Commonwealth Office has approved proposals to build 6,000 sq m of new residential accommodation and leisure facilities on the lush 3.8ha site. All the apartments will have views inwards towards the gardens - described as 'an oasis of calm in the heart of the city' - and will boast a number of environmental features, such as solar-shading canopies. Designed in collaboration with structural engineer Adams Kara Taylor, there are also plans for a new gym, a swimming pool and a clubhouse, which will 'float' in the middle of the existing pond. The scheme includes a reworking of the approach to the ambassador's residence following the sale of the land in front of the house. Work is expected to start on site in the next few weeks and is due to complete in early 2008.

By Richard Waite



Planned legislation could see the Grade II*-listed Commonwealth Institute knocked down

JOWELL THREATENS LISTING SYSTEM

By Ed Dorrell

The government is preparing to push legislation through parliament that could endanger one of London's finest post-war buildings and jeopardise the entire listing system.

A bid by two of Prime Minister Tony Blair's closest Cabinet colleagues to delist the 1962 Commonwealth Institute on Kensington High Street, west London, was revealed in a secret document leaked to the press last Friday, 26 May.

Not only would the bill – sponsored by Culture Secretary Tessa Jowell and Foreign Secretary Margaret Beckett – clear the way for the bulldozers, it would also put listed buildings nationwide in danger.

The pair are keen to force through the measure as a way of supporting the Institute's trustees, who want to maximise the value of the land the building is sited on by allowing for its demolition.

Campaigners argue that the legislation to delist – for economic reasons – Robert Matthew, Johnson-Marshall and Partners' Grade II*-listed Institute would set an extremely dangerous precedent.

And the move comes just a year after Jowell herself supported an English Heritage report which rejected an earlier bid to delist the building, described by Pevsner as 'informal and inexpensive, and full of post-war optimism'.

In July 2005 Jowell said:
'The advice from EH could not be clearer. Our experts on the historic environment believe that this is one of the most important post-war buildings of that period in London.'

EH boss Simon Thurley responded to the plan with horror, describing it as 'a demolishers' charter'.

He warned that it would undermine the existence of such masterpieces as London Zoo, the Royal Festival Hall, the National Theatre and the British Museum.

'This proposal to alter the law in order to make delisting the Commonwealth Institute possible is muddled, dangerous and completely unnecessary.

'Historically priceless buildings occupying valuable sites everywhere would be put at risk from demolition if it could be shown that maximum profit could be achieved for any good cause.

'There is already a constructive and democratic way of resolving cases like this.

'This undermines the fundamental principle that our best and most culturally valuable architecture is worth keeping, Thurley added.

And, unsurprisingly, the Twentieth Century Society (C20) agreed, launching a personal attack on Jowell.

'If the Foreign Office values the work of the Commonwealth Institute Trustees then they should consider grant-aiding them from their own funds,' said C20's Catherine Croft. 'They should not try to help them raise money by depriving us of a major cultural asset.

'Tessa Jowell's job is to protect our heritage, not to help her friends in other departments find ways around the legislation that she is supposed to defend,' Croft added.

This story appeared as it broke on Friday 26 May on www.ajplus.co.uk

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1.

LYALL HAS PLANS FOR KEY LIVERPOOL SITE

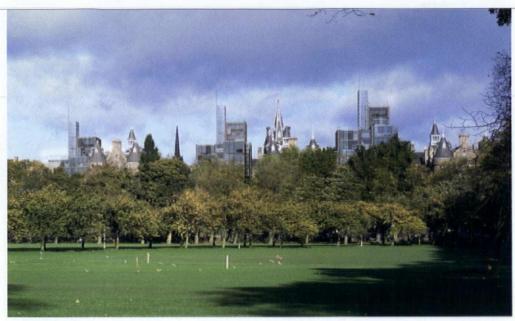
John Lyall Architects has submitted this new scheme on a pivotal Liverpool site for planning permission. The £100 million proposed development will be on a plot immediately to the west of the Three Graces on the Mersey waterfront. It sits just in front of Allford Hall Monaghan Morris' Unity development, which is nearing completion. According to Lyall, the project has so far faced just 'minor local planning controversy because of the height' and has been largely welcomed by planners and CABE. The scheme comprises two elements: a U-shaped medium-rise building and a thinner tower. The 25-storey tower will be largely occupied by a hotel. At the top it will also house a viewing platform for the general public. The U-shaped building will include 360 apartments, the ground floor being made up of doubleheight retail units. These units, which will face into a courtyard, will also be able to look out to the River Mersey beyond. Lyall is particularly keen to emphasise the facade treatment on both buildings. On the lower building it will be a mixture of fritted and non-fritted glass, while the effect of the facade treatment on the tower should make it appear 'white-ish' during daylight hours, but translucent at night. By Ed Dorrell

- 1 & 2. The scheme comprises a medium-rise building and a thinner tower
- 3. View of the proposed plot, just west of the Three Graces on the Mersey waterfront
- 4. Elevations of the two buildings





AJ 01.06.06



Foster and Partners' plans for Quartermile have encountered opposition from conservationists over the Scottish capital's World Heritage status

TIME FOR EDINBURGH TO SAY YES

By Clive Walker

Should Edinburgh ever need a witty marketing slogan Richard Murphy has a suggestion: 'The city that likes to say no.' His cynicism stems from years battling conservationists who claim radical architecture in the Scottish capital's New Town and Old Town will threaten its World Heritage status.

Murphy is only one of many whose visions for Edinburgh have had antidevelopment campaigners scrambling for their placards. Foster and Partners' plans for the Quartermile; BDP's proposal to replace Waverley station with a retail complex and underground terminus; Allan Murray Architects' Caltongate project - all have been mauled by conservation heavyweights the Cockburn Association and Edinburgh World Heritage Trust (EWHT). To what extent radical architecture threatens Edinburgh's World Heritage status is open to conjecture. There's no precedent for stripping a city of the title. So are conservationists simply crying 'wolf'?

Murphy is convinced there is an entrenched aversion to Modern architecture. 'Suggesting Edinburgh might lose its World Heritage status is a hollow threat,' he says. He also claims that designs in the city are 'being nibbled and nibbled into lowest-commondenominator architecture'.

This is illustrated by the tortuous nine-month journey Gordon Murray + Alan Dunlop's Calton Road mixeduse development took through the city's planning department. Although the project is finally on-site, Murray admits it is not

the innovative scheme he originally envisioned.

Murray agrees the heritage lobby is too quick to stamp down new architecture. The meaning of a World Heritage Site and what would detract from it is not fully understood, he says. Remember, the New Town and Old Town would have been radical for their time.

Naturally, both the Cockburn Association and EWHT claim to not oppose Edinburgh's regeneration. Yet just last week the Cockburn Association attacked Gillespies' multi-million rejuvenation of Grassmarket as 'bland and corporate' (ajplus 26.05.06). And in March the two groups issued a joint statement damning the Caltongate project as, yes, a threat to Edinburgh's World Heritage status (ajplus 10.03.06).

But Historic Scotland – in a response that may have conservationists spitting out their cornflakes – believes Caltongate is a prime example of 'informed change' that enhances cultural assets.

Historic Scotland chief inspector Malcolm Cooper adds: 'Bold new architecture is the heritage of the future. We need to be brave otherwise we create mediocre development.'

Edinburgh's status has increased pressure on architects to adopt a contextual approach to design. And rightly so. But heritage should not be an immovable roadblock to progress. New architecture is the signature of an economically confident city — if Edinburgh can't commit to radical regeneration it risks alienating future inward investment.



Annie Spink Award for Excellence in Architectural Education

Call for Nominations

The Royal Institute of British Architects is pleased to announce the fourth biennial Annie Spink Award, presented in recognition of an outstanding contribution to architectural education.

The Annie Spink Award is open to teachers (individuals or groups) working on any internationally recognised RIBA course who are involved in the development of architectural education and engage with the process of teaching and learning.

The award is financed by the Annie Spink Trust Fund, which was established in 1974 by the architect Herbert Spink FRIBA. He bequeathed the trust as a lasting memorial to his wife Annie, and conceived it as an honour for the 'advancement of architectural education'.

The winner will receive the Annie Spink trophy and a cheque for £10,000 on Wednesday 6 December 2006, at a ceremony presented by the President of the RIBA.

For further information contact: RIBA Education Department T +44 (0)20 7307 3678 F +44 (0)20 7307 3754 E john-paul.nunes@inst.riba.org

www.architecture.com

ENQUIRY 16 ON CARD WWW.AJPLUS.CO.UK/AJDIRECT 'Given the vast investment that all of us are being called on to make, it seems only reasonable to ask for a great park and some great architecture as well as a great Olympics'

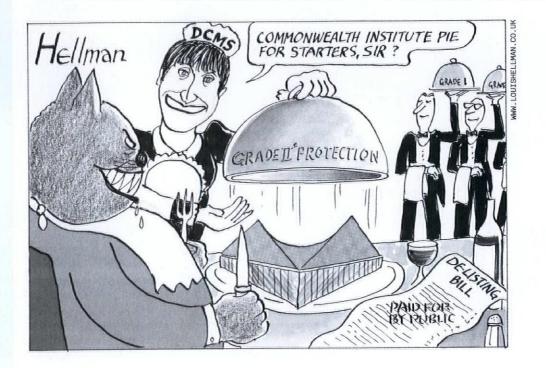
Deyan Sudjic. Observer, 28.05.06

'Sorry, but this attempt to make an office building look groovy is excruciating'

Rowan Moore on Foster's City Hall. Evening Standard, 24.05.06

'You have to be modest because you never know when your 15 minutes are going to be up'

Zaha Hadid. Cincinnati Enquirer, 25.05.06



HOW THE WEST WAS WON

What a week for parties. The flow of booze really started on Tuesday with the launch of Lifschutz Davidson Sandilands' new office all the way over in Chiswick, west London. It was quite a bash. The thing that left Astragal somewhat surprised was just how many of architecture's big names made it over to this western frontier. Paul Monaghan, Amin Taha, Sarah Wigglesworth, Crispin Kelly, a group of planners from Southwark, a coterie of senior AA bods and the AJ's old friend, Ken Powell, were among the many names who had ventured outside their usual central and north London beat to attend Bob Marley's former recording studio. The District Line back to civilisation resembled a veritable architectural zoo.

NOISES OFF

The launch of the Building Centre's 75th-anniversary celebrations and exhibition on Thursday also went with a bang - rather too literally. Just before Norman Foster stepped up to the podium to give the keynote speech at the opening, a loud noise made the assembled company jump. Fortunately it was merely the battery blowing in the microphone and normal service was quickly restored to allow Foster to say how impressed he was by the exhibition. And every cloud has a silver lining. The Building Centre Trust received permission the next day to invest in a more up-to-date microphone.

AVANTI'S ADVANCEMENT Denys Lasdun's Royal College of Physicians was the perfect place for a party to celebrate Avanti Architects' 25th year. Astragal was struck by how diverse the guests were – not just the capital's usual freeloaders, but a rich mix of clients, academics, conservationists and friends – and how much warmth there was towards the practice and its achievements. As Ken Powell said when he proposed a toast, Avanti really has kept its social ideals alive. Here's to the next 25 years.

TOKEN BOOK

Oh, and let's not be forgetting the bash on Wednesday for the RIBA Bookshop's 2005 International Book Award, supported by the AJ, which was won by Constructing Architecture, edited by architect and ETH teacher Andrea Deplazes. Well done.



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ENQUIRY 17 ON CARD WWW.AJPLUS.CO.UK/AJDIRECT



LETTERS

THE RIBA WILL IMPROVE COMPETENCE PROFESSIONALLY

Following the points made by the ARB's Alan Crane (AJ letters 25,05.06), it is worth noting that the RIBA has been concerned that CPD on an hours-and-points-only basis – in which CPD was generally unplanned – was not serving its overarching purpose of helping members to maintain competence. The way forward for us was therefore to establish a defined core curriculum focusing on key competencies and skills based on common learning outcomes.

When we began this work, we became aware that the ARB was also looking at the issue of competence of registrants. To avoid an undue burden on members, who may have had to follow two systems, we were pleased to work with the ARB to look at a curriculum that would give enough rigour to CPD to allow it to be used to maintain competence. The new core curriculum, written by the RIBA and supported by the ARB, has been based on the RIBA parts 1, 2 and 3 – rewritten and made flexible for the qualified architect. The overall requirement of 35 CPD hours remains the same – but we now stipulate that just over half of that total comes from this curriculum. This is a positive step forward for the profession, our membership, the consumer and the construction industry in general.

If the ARB does proceed with a new regime for registrants' competence, we are keen that it should be as easy as possible for our members to take part in, and that systems not be duplicated. We are happy to allow non-RIBA architects access to our CPD courses and systems in order to help them maintain their competence.

Jack Pringle, RIBA president

THE GAMES WILL NOT PROVE TO BE A WASTE OF ENERGY

Your article stating that plans for a £6 million revolving fund for investment in renewables and energy efficiency were aborted earlier this year by the London Climate Change Agency (LCCA) (AJ 25.05.06) is misleading.

It is simply not true to say the fund has been dropped. In reality, a decision was taken for each of the Greater London Authority functional bodies to set up their own individual funds as a more effective way to encourage energy efficiency. Savings from their projects will be directed back into these funds. To date, the Metropolitan Police has set aside £370,000 and the London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority (LFEPA) £3 million. The LFEPA expects to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 23 per cent from their 1990 levels by 2010. The LCCA is completing discussions with Transport for London over its allocation. The London Development Agency has £1.7 million in its budget for capital projects that aim to increase energy efficiency.

In addition, the LCCA recently announced a partnership with EDF Energy, which includes an initial £25 million of investment in decentralised and renewable energy across the London area.

Rather than diverting resources away from sustainability measures, the Mayor has made clear that he expects the 2012 Olympics and its legacy to be a beacon for environmentally responsible development.

Allan Jones, chief executive, London Climate Change Agency

BREEAM CAN SUSTAIN ITS MOMENTUM

Barrie Evans' article on sustainability (AJ 13.04.06) provided a valuable analysis of the current position of sustainable development. However, the article erroneously suggested that BREEAM had 'lost some of its momentum' – in fact the opposite is true.

During 2005, 554 non-domestic buildings were registered for assessment. This year 809 buildings have been registered to date – an increase of 45 per cent, with over seven months of the year remaining. The domestic scheme, EcoHomes, has also shown a similar percentage increase in the number of assessments, with over 96,000 homes registered in 2005 and 138,000 registered to date in 2006. Furthermore, the article suggested that there were questions about whether a UK Green Building Council (GBC) 'should be in the hands of a private company – BRE'.

Firstly, BRE is not a private company, we are owned by a registered research and education charity, the BRE Trust. Secondly, the draft prospectus for a UK GBC states that it should be an independent 'non-profit-making body with no private ownership'. BRE has no desire to own or manage the UK GBC – indeed we endorse the recommendation that it should be an entirely new entity – owned and funded by industry (for further information see www.ukgbc.org).

Prof David Strong, managing director, BRE Environment

WE CAN DEAL WITH NEW REGS USING GOOD PRACTICE

Having read your article 'Architects take a hammering from quantity surveyors' (ajplus 22.05.06). I must say that I am quite shocked that the AJ and your sister website www.qsweek.com would countenance publishing such utterly unprofessional drivel.

The statements made are totally ridiculous, suggesting that members of the quantity surveying profession are unable to properly assess costs of projects and implying that architects work in some kind of vacuum thinking up how to 'bust budgets'.

There has been much said over the problems of introducing the new regulations. All of us in the construction industry need to address the issue and in normal good practice we work as teams using the expertise of well-trained professionals to provide the most appropriate response to each brief. Elizabeth Dabell, by email

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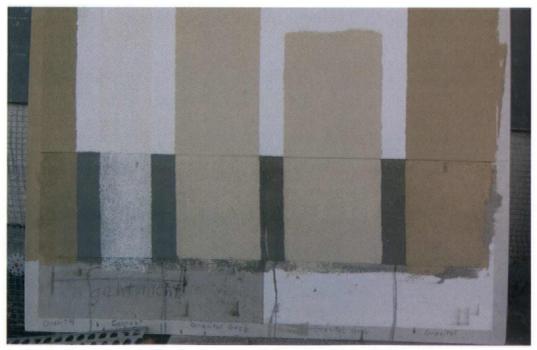
Andy von Bradsky, Associate, PRP Architects

Dr Sue Roaf, Professor, Oxford Brookes

Assen Gasharov, Consultant, Energy for Sustainable Development



LE CORBUSIER/ STUTTGART



1. Restoring the original colour scheme of Le Corbusier's double villa

IT STILL LOOKS LIKE A VISION OF THE FUTURE THAT NEVER CAME TO PASS

By Andrew Mead. Photography by Thomas Wolf and Architektur 109

When Le Corbusier formulated his *cinq points d'architecture* – pilotis, free plan, strip windows, free facade and roof garden – he probably envisaged the roof garden as a suitable place for a leisurely *aperitif* or a spot of nude sunbathing, not as a machine-gun post. But that's what happened to his double villa at Stuttgart. Built as a model of Modern housing for the Weissenhofsiedlung, the city's famous exhibition estate of 1927, it's had a very chequered history.

Now, with funds from the Wüstenrot Stiftung – a foundation which has financed work on several Modern Movement buildings, including Mies van der Rohe's Villa Tugendhat – Stuttgart-based practice Architektur 109, Mark Arnold + Arne Fentzloff, has restored the double villa, half as a show-house and half as an information centre explaining the history of the estate. The result is of interest on three accounts especially: for its response to the questions such show-house restorations raise; for highlighting the role of colour in early Modern buildings; and for focusing attention on the whole topic of Modernist housing.

Though part of it was bombed during the Second World War and rebuilt in a mostly retro style, the Weissenhofsiedlung still looks like a vision of the future that never came to pass. Mies van der Rohe was the exhibition's director and he found a superb setting for the estate on a hillside north-west of the city centre. Such well-known names as Walter Gropius, J J P Oud, Bruno Taut, Peter Behrens and Hans Scharoun, as well as Le Corbusier (with Pierre Jeanneret), were among the chosen architects*.

Mies' own long apartment block was the backdrop to the estate, anchoring it on the west, but the plum site went to Le Corbusier. This is at the south-east corner, where Friedrich Ebert Strasse climbs to meet Rathenaustrasse, which runs north in a shallow S-shape across the hill. Here Le Corbusier built both a single-family house and the double villa – the house just southwest of the villa, a little higher up the slope, but the two forming a unified composition as you approach. Together they represent the basic house types Le Corbusier had proposed earlier – the family one a Citrohan House, the double villa the Dom-ino House – and serve as a manifesto for the *cinq points*.

Of all the dwellings built for the Weissenhofsiedlung, Le Corbusier's proved the most difficult for the Stuttgart authorities to let once the exhibition was over. In 1932–33, to attract reluctant tenants, they made some major changes to the double villa, which were not reversed until this present restoration. Then in 1938 the Nazis requisitioned it and went on to install those machine guns; a photo shows a swastika flag flying from a pole in the garden.

The double villa suffered damage during the war, and thereafter saw successive occupants and more alterations until the City of Stuttgart restored it in 1984, along with much else at the Weissenhofsiedlung (10 interiors and four interior layouts), whose importance was acknowledged at last. But the restoration was crucially flawed – hence, 20 years later, this scrupulous new one.

This time there was the luxury of two years' analysis of the property, everything from paint scrapes to an archaeological



- 2. Weissenhofsiedlung site plan
- 3. The double villa today



3.

dig, before 15 months of building work. Mark Arnold explains the concept behind it. He says: 'On the basis of the research, there is a mixture of restoration and reconstruction, along with saving and making sound the original fabric where possible. Externally, we wanted to get the double villa as close as we could to its state in 1927. The same goes for the interior of the right wing – the show house. Meanwhile the left wing, which will be used for an exhibition on the Weissenhofsiedlung, gets a coat of white paint, but visitors can still see how it was altered over the years.'

Architektur 109 had to deal with structural problems – most seriously the lack of adequate foundations beneath the two cuboid blocks projecting at the back of the building, which house the staircases and small ancillary rooms. But the main visual consequence of the restoration is that the double villa has its original proportions again. The changes in the early 1930s included the construction of a cellar, which raised the base of the building by 30cm, and the addition of another 8cm to the parapet on the roof – matters which the 1984 restoration didn't redress. Now the levels are as they were at first.

The panoramic view from the roof terrace through the three-dimensional frame that spans the front of the building was prominent in *Bau und Wohnung*, the 1927 record of the exhibition. Up here, you see just how stunning the villa's site is, with Stuttgart in the valley below and a low range of hills in the distance — what a great place to relax. In another refinement of proportions, the paviours on the roof now have the dimensions of the originals.

Doubtless the low parapet troubles Stuttgart's health and safety fraternity but visitors here will only be in small supervised groups.

Le Corbusier's sliding-wood windows were lost in Stuttgart's early changes. In mid-1930s photos you see conventional substitutes with additional lights whose verticality subverts Le Corbusier's intentions – they no longer read as a 'strip'. The 1984 restoration partly dealt with this and Architektur 109 has completed the job by reinstating the slit-like windows at the rear which illuminate the corridors.

At the point when the double villa was built, Le Corbusier was keen to prove the flexibility of quite small domestic volumes, taking as his model the Wagons-Lits railway carriage. So the living space, entered through a very tight, carriage-like corridor, can be reconfigured at night to form bedrooms, by means of sliding partitions that extend from fixed storage units (concealing the beds) and slot through bisected steel stanchions near the window. (Hence the choice of stanchions rather than concrete pilotis at the front of the house.)

The storage units, originally made of concrete and later removed, were rebuilt in wood in 1984 but wrongly detailed and proportioned. Because of the expected floor weights when the house is open to visitors, Architektur 109 couldn't reconstruct them in concrete as Arnold had hoped (instead there's a steel frame), but it has corrected the other errors. The loading issue also compromised restoration of the roof, where the concrete planters have been remade in fibreglass.









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Adding much to the impact of the double villa inside and out is its recreated colour scheme. The 1984 restorers approximated it, but lined the walls of the interior with a textured paper and painted on that, whereas the paint now is on newly smoothed plaster, as in 1927. Including red ochre, brown, blue, rose, three greys, pale green and white, the colours reflect the palette of Le Corbusier's Purist paintings of the 1920s, which he later codified in his wallpapers for the Swiss manufacturer Salubra. They're close to those he used in the Maison Guiette, Antwerp (1926), which were restored in the late 1980s**.

'If this or that wall is blue, it recedes; if it is red, it holds the plane... Architectural polychromy doesn't kill the walls, but it can move them back and classify them in order of importance. Here a skilful architect has wholesome and powerful resources to draw on,' wrote Le Corbusier in his essay Architectural Polychromy (1931). So colour was, for him, a tool for spatial manipulation, though possibly more relative and unstable than he acknowledged, as Josef Albers went on to demonstrate in both his teaching and his paintings (see Review, page 62).

At the double villa the results are intriguing but ambiguous. Following Le Corbusier's theories, the blue walls at either end of the living area in the restored right wing should appear to recede and increase the dimensions of an otherwise modest room, but what really gives a sense of spaciousness is the view through the long strip windows, dispelling any feelings of confinement. The grey on the outer face of the staircase,

accentuating its presence, makes the little study behind it feel more cramped, while the light green and blue at roof level seem only decorative. How scientific can colour application be?

What we have now, though, is another early Modern scheme accessible to the public: a place to contrast Purist theories with those of De Stijl (the Rietveld Schröder House, the Sonneveld House) or such individual solutions as those in the Klee/Kandinsky House at the Bauhaus.

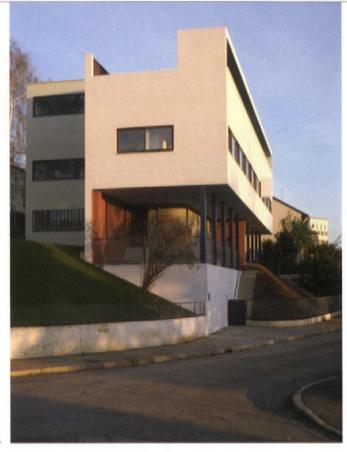
So what to make of this restoration? Acknowledging the extent of reconstruction (not always in the original material), Arnold says: 'In a sense it's just a picture.' But if it's partly an illusion, it's an instructive one, especially when you go next door to the left wing and see the enlarged corridor, a repositioned wall, and other evidence of life after 1927. The white walls for the future exhibition make it all look very spruce but some areas of original paint are still exposed.

In the context of Le Corbusier's great houses, whether the Purism of Villa Savoye or the enriched qualified Modernism of the later Maisons Jaoul, the double villa is not exceptional. It's a rather terse demonstration of the *cinq points*, and spatially less interesting than the family house nearby. But it is full of eloquent traces.

There are details, such as the window sills, that are not by Le Corbusier but by his assistant, Alfred Roth, who oversaw the project. There are clear signs that the job was done in a hurry, by workmen who were probably none too skilled – the uneven concrete slab above the living room, for instance. In the 1930s



7.



an opening was made in the party wall to connect the two wings and you can see where it's been refilled. On the ground-floor stanchions at each end of the villa, there is a small depression a few centimetres above the balustrade, which is where it was fixed when the cellar was constructed. All this adds up.

And the Weissenhofsiedlung, to which the double villa's exhibition will hold the key, is justly on the architectural tourist trail. The fact that it was partly rebuilt makes it look less an avant-garde ghetto than a place where Modernism has quietly triumphed, starting to eclipse its stolid traditional neighbours — another illusion. Around 90 per cent of it today is rented but, says Arnold: 'It takes a special person to live here; they have to be enthusiasts. It's still an island in the city.'

Flat roofs are about as popular in Stuttgart as they are here. With its clever planning by Mies and quite disparate housing, the Weissenhofsiedlung is the perfect place to consider Modernist ambitions and what became of them – a site which poses questions that still aren't answered today.

References

- * For a full history see Richard Pommer's Weissenhof 1927 and the Modern Movement in Architecture, University of Chicago Press, 1991
- ** Docomomo Technology Dossier 5, Modern Colour Technology: Ideals and Conservation, July 2002

- 4. Excavation revealing the change in levels that occurred when the cellar was constructed in the early 1930s
- 5. The double villa in 1927
- 6. Alterations in the early 1930s affected the building's proportions
- 7. This photograph following the 1984 restoration shows that the change in levels had not been addressed
- 8. The double villa after the latest restoration, now with the same proportions as when first built





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9, 10, 11 & 12. Much of the concrete of the roof-terrace 'frame' had degraded, partly because of shallow reinforcement, so this whole element has been rebuilt

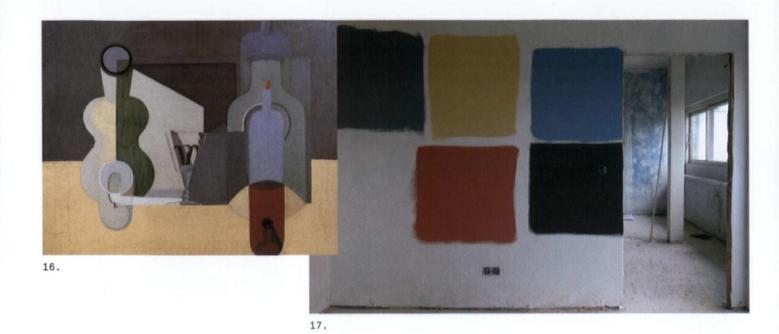


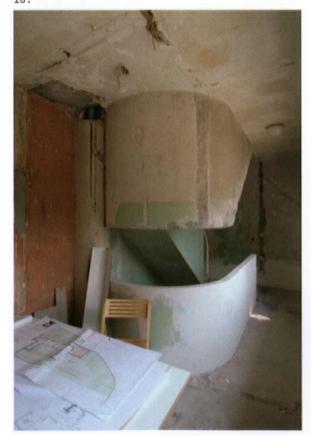




- 13. View from the roof in 1927
- 14. Before restoration, with paviours
- of the wrong dimensions in place
- 15. The roof terrace today







16 & 17. The colours resemble those

in Le Corbusier's Purist paintings

18. Staircase during restoration

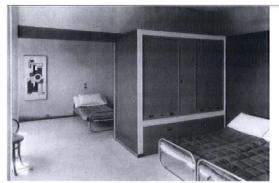
19. Rebuilding the fixed units

20. Living room in 1927

21. View through to kitchen, 2006

22. Restored colour scheme, 2006



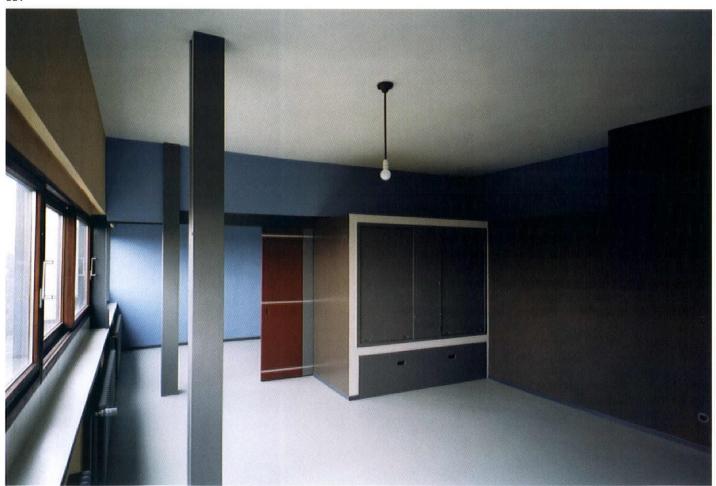


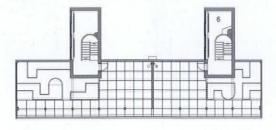
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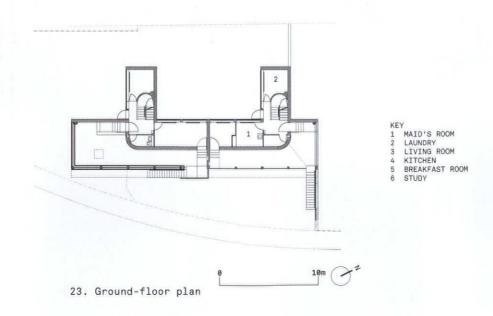




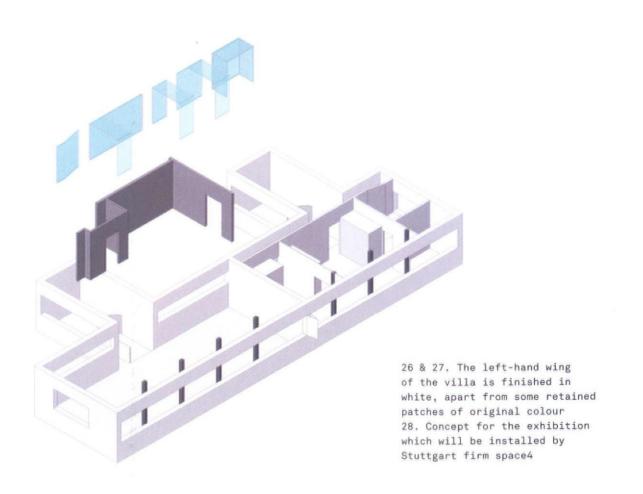
25. Roof plan



24. First-floor plan







Credits

Client Wüstenrot Stiftung Architect Architektur 109: Mark Arnold + Arne Fentzloff Project manager Sabine Schmidt-Rösel Consultants Prof A Gebessler, Prof B Burkhardt, Prof N Huse Restoration research H F Reichwald, Landesdenkmalamt Baden-Württemberg (protection of historic monuments) Dr Claudia Mohn Landscape architect Jochen Koeber Structural engineer Wenzel Frese Pörtner Haller Air conditioning Dipl. Ing K Graupner Heating Ing. Büro Zelano + Dohn Electrics Ing. Büro G Volz Exhibition design space4

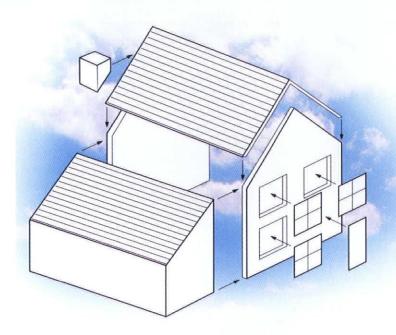
WEBSITES

www.architektur109.de www.space4.de www.weissenhof.de





29. The double villa together with Le Corbusier's 'Citrohan' family house





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THE ARCHITECTURAL PROFESSION HAD TO REGULATE ITSELF DUE TO THIS VAST BUILDING BOOM

By Jonathan Foyle

Jonathan Foyle's history of architects reaches the Victorian age and the regulation of the profession with the formation of the RIBA.

Queen Victoria's reign witnessed an unparalleled diversity of architectural styles, and the creation of the RIBA. Both would last beyond the duration of her lifetime.

During the previous half-century, Britain had established itself as the global leader of technological progress. In 1804, Richard Trevithick's *Penydarren* was the first locomotive to haul a load. It and all subsequent engines required new architectural solutions for spanning and embracing improbable distances. From the 1830s to the end of the 19th century, as the railways spread between urban centres, competitively grand public buildings filled Britain's towns and cites in a crescendo of civic rivalry.

The phrase 'middle class' was first coined in 1811, and the nouveau riche spent much of their money on creating domestic idylls. With no aristocratic lineage, the architecture of the middle classes usually conveyed the impression of ancestral grounding with overblown historical references. For many of the lower classes the 19th century was an uneasy time: clamouring for work at docksides as ships came in or toiling at a machine for most of the daylight hours. Their houses were often shared back-to-backs with a common pump in a yard.

New industrial cities were founded from tiny nuclei: Manchester, Leeds, Bradford, Birmingham and Newcastle reshaped the Midlands and the north of England, while Glasgow, Belfast and Liverpool formed the Irish Sea urban triumvirate. As town centres were cleared for the railways, the architectural profession had to regulate itself to meet the demands of this vast building boom.

The Institution for British Architects (IBA) was founded in 1835, with its raison d'être to create a professional identity and foster education for architects. In order to establish a prestigious public image, the transactions of meetings were published in the Architectural Magazine from 1834-37, the Civil Engineer and Architect's Journal from 1837, and the Builder from 1842.

The publication of the IBA's transactions allowed for open inspection of the mandate of the institute, which received a royal charter during the year of Victoria's coronation. Overseen by its inaugural president the Earl de Grey, the Royal Institute of British Architects in London (it dropped the last bit in the 1890s) increased it membership from 82 in 1835 to 159 within five years. It took seven years' practice to qualify as a fellow; an associate would seem to have had less than seven years' experience.

Nonetheless, Ruskin thought the whole enterprise pointless, and in *The Seven Lamps of Architecture* (1855) he barked that 'the suggestion of an independent architectural profession' was nothing more than a 'mere modern fallacy: isn't architecture the sum of diverse artisans' labours?'.

The Victorian designer differed greatly from his Georgian predecessor: in the 18th century the Palladian ideal was near-universal and there was little scope for falling out over style. But in the 19th century, style was a highly personal matter,





1, 2, 3, 4 & 5. Manchester Town Hall - a triumph of Gothic free planning

and cementing client trust became an important issue. An architect might favour Elizabethan over Perpendicular, Greek, Indian or Romanesque, but a client could have different enthusiasms in an age when style and politics had become powerfully connected. The RIBA promoted design competence within a broad church. The architect had to be able to understand various idioms and argue the merits of another matter; education was the key.

The problem was that the RIBA didn't provide a rounded education: the in-house topics stretched only to botany and geology. But the establishment of the University of London in 1836 brought about a professorship of architecture, and UCL offered a three-year course leading to a diploma in architecture and engineering. The curriculum was encyclopaedic:

- year one: junior mathematics, natural philosophy (experimental), inorganic chemistry, general geology and drawing;
- year two: senior mathematics, natural philosophy (mathematical), civil engineering, architecture, economic geology and drawing;
- year three: civil engineering, architecture, organic chemistry and drawing.

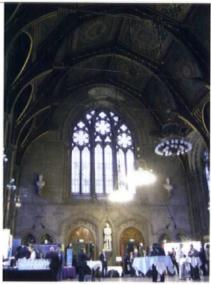
The professor, T L Donaldson, also happened to be the first secretary of the RIBA, and he provided two year-long courses of lectures for part-time students covering a syllabus of five pages, which cost $\pounds 9$. These courses were 'architecture as a science' and 'architecture as an art'. This dubious division between the functional and the aesthetic might well represent attitudes to Victorian design for the rest of the century.

Disenfranchised students have always created alternatives, and so it was with the young architects alienated from the RIBA. They founded the Association of Architectural Draftsmen in 1842, and would teach themselves through mutual criticism. By 1847, this renegade institution had shortened its name to the Architectural Association (AA) and met at Lyons Inn Hall in the Strand. Its fortunes wavered; however, a celebrity lecture by Ruskin boosted numbers after 1857 and, during the 1860s, in response to French practice, the AA established the first professional syllabus for architects, with testing and examination.

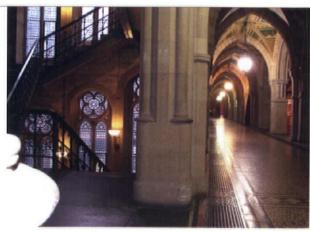
In 1840 the Institute of the Architects of Ireland was inaugurated, which sought parity with the RIBA in establishing codes of conduct. It estimated that 5 per cent was a suitable commission for design and superintendence; 1 per cent for a detailed estimate, and expenses at a fairly generous shilling a mile.

The Institute of Architects of Scotland was founded in 1840. Liverpool followed in 1848; Bristol in 1850; the Northern Architectural Association in 1858; and Nottingham in 1862. The Manchester Society of Architects followed in 1865.

The RIBA continued to attract some adverse criticism. In 1870 *The Times* declared it to be nothing more than a trade union; the charge was answered by the solidarity of the first general Conference of Architects in 1871. Its aims were to conform fees nationally, and to streamline the submission and judging of competitions, the basis of most large civic commissions. The latter was especially pressing since the debacle of George Gilbert Scott's







5.

Foreign Office, which was designed in the Gothic manner and accepted as such in 1861, but was, at the insistence of Lord Palmerston, subsequently reclad in Florentine Renaissance garb.

Manchester Town Hall offers a case study of a major Victorian competition. The heart of Manchester had been established as Albert Square with its Albert Memorial of 1862. Manchester's civic pride made it the first city in Britain to ban back-to-back houses, while the town hall competition of 1867 was to be partly funded by profits from the municipal gasworks as a response to the gigantic halls of Leeds and Liverpool. The competitors were numerous but politics left few distinguished designers in the running. The winner was the Lancastrian Alfred Waterhouse, largely on account of the ingenuity of his plan, which made the best use of the triangular site. He put municipal offices around the perimeter and an elevated great hall in the centre. Bu using broken facades, oriel windows and stair turrets, he articulated the diverse functions and sizes of rooms, with the mayoral chambers expressed by large windows overlooking Albert Square.

The clock tower identifies the entrance at the centre of the square. It covers a vestibule rich in sculpture, where sweeping stairs rise to a great triangular-plan corridor with dramatically long vistas at each angle. Stairs interpenetrate, and bridges join the corridor to the Great Hall. In this design, Waterhouse had overcome the Foreign Office debacle and instead produced something that could never merely adopt a Classical skin because picturesque asymmetry was celebrated in the soaring and jutting

angles. Furthermore, Gothic free planning triumphed where Classical rectilinearity would have failed, a principle for municipal offices then promoted in the Builder in 1878. The reaction from the people of Manchester was that it symbolised not only 'the opulence of the city but also the great principle of self-government'.

In 1886, the RIBA attempted to create a registration system to account for would-be 'architects'. Though the phrase 'registered architect' might have softened the blow, few were convinced that even voluntary registration would be anuthing other than a first step to the statutory exclusion of anyone who called themselves an architect or practised as one without the RIBA's corporate blessing. This, thought Richard Norman Shaw and T G Jackson, editors of Architecture: An Art or a Profession? (1892), was an absurd situation: 'What then is an architect? [...] Put him into homely English and he appears simply a Masterbuilder - a chief craftsman - he to whom other workmen look to be told where to put their walls, how to shape their doors and windows, and how to cover them with the roof. [...] The profession of architect is an absurdity. [...] It is time the public should place the architect in his proper place, namely at the head of the arts, where he should be, and not endeavour to thrust him to the tail of the professions'.

Eight years prior to the 20th century, the idea of the modern architect was still a long way off.

Jonathan Foyle is an architectural archaeologist and TV presenter



A TAXING TIME

By Brian Waters

As the Treasury's move on planning gathers pace with Kate Barker's imminent report on possible reform of the system¹, so consultation on her Planning Gain Supplement (PGS) has closed with much quashing of teeth.

Barker proposed a PGS in her review of housing supply. The consultation suggests:

- a self-assessed tax on the uplift in land value consequent on the grant of planning permission, payable upon the start of development;
- simplifying planning obligations to deal only with matters directly related to the proposed development – and affordable housing;
- a possibly reduced rate of tax in regeneration areas, a small-scale threshold to apply and householder improvements to be exempted; and
- tax to be recycled to fund strategic infrastructure at both regional and local levels.

In April's Planning in London² Barker wrote: 'In my view the value the planning system places on undeveloped land is too high. In addition, the incentives faced by many players – local authorities; existing homeowners; the development industry – [are] such that they add up to encouraging undersupply, at the expense of the first-time buyer.'

While there is an urgent need to cut back on planning obligation agreements, Barker was on to something in suggesting that PGS receipts should pay for local infrastructure and community benefits. This could persuade planning committees to permit more development and help offset the generally conservative pressure from existing residents.

Ironically the Treasury seems to have translated this intention into a centralised tax with a vague suggestion that some of it would be recycled to the local and regional level.

The common complaint, especially for Housing Growth

Areas such as Ashford, is the apparent lack of finance for infrastructure needed to support such development. The initial hostility of developers to a 'roof tax' as a means of dealing with this has, with the emergence of the threat of a land tax, changed to loud enthusiasm.

Paradoxically, the consultation response representing the growth areas says that PGS 'would make delivery harder'. Martin Bacon, director of delivery vehicle Ashford's Future, says: 'Growth areas should be exempt from PGS. Its possible introduction is making it harder to agree a roof tariff deal with developers. It might work in average rural constituencies but it would be a "bloody mess" in the growth areas.'

Local authorities are also concerned PGS would reduce their ability to negotiate local community benefits.

The consultation has flushed out many legitimate concerns and demonstrates

the difficulty of using tax as an incentive. In reality it could end up operating to redistribute resources from areas in need of infrastructure with strong development pressure to areas where the market is calling for subsidy. The costs of managing valuation and collection would reduce resources, and the new tax would also diminish current taxable profits made by land sellers and developers, reducing the gains anticipated by the Treasury.

A solution might be to let local authorities collect a simple, locally determined, roof tax, keep more of the council tax on new development and deal with loopholes such as offshore developers, whose profits are not properly taxed.

www.hm-treasury.gov.uk
 www.plannninginlondon.com

Brian Waters is principal of the Boisot Waters Cohen Partnership, see www.bwcp.co.uk

CONCRETE QUARTERLY/ SUMMER 06

The **Concrete** Centre

LEADER / ROUND-UP



Precast concrete is well suited to meet the demands of today's construction industry, not only for faster, more productive construction of assured quality, but also for the demands that buildings, in the short- and long-term, are more environmentally sustainable and cost effective to use.

The benefits of precast concrete include those which are inherent in all concrete construction: thermal efficiency, fire resistance, sound insulation, enhanced vibration performance and long-term durability. In addition, precasting of concrete has its own specific advantages. Produced in a factory, the product is weather-independent, offers 24-hour working capabilities and attractive economies of scale and scope. Speed, quality and efficiency are all specific attributes.

Initiatives such as 'Rethinking Construction' have focused interest on the advantages of treating construction as an on-site assembly of factory-manufactured components. This is where precast concrete comes into its own. Columns, beams, floors and stairs can all be manufactured in a controlled factory environment. Installation on site is fast and provides an early weatherproof envelope that allows faster access for follow-on trades. There is also the possibility for whole rooms to be cast as a module or pod.

In addition to offering practical structural solutions, precast concrete offers an unrivalled range of finishes and with a little thought it also offers bespoke-looking buildings using standardised components. And the material has good environmental credentials. Precast production uses less energy than either structural steel frame components or curtainwalling systems while offering inherent thermal efficiencies.

With such a range of benefits it is little wonder that the potential of precast concrete is increasingly being realised.

Ian Cox Chief executive, The Concrete Centre

Issue number 216. For free downloadable archived copies of CQ since 1947, visit: www.concretecentre.com/cq

TEACHING A CONCRETE LESSON

Due to be published during the summer, a new report from The Concrete Centre, 'High Performance Schools: Using Concrete Frames and Cladding', outlines how concrete's free benefits of thermal efficiency, fire resistance, sound insulation, minimum vibration and robust finish facilitate cost-effective school building construction and use. In addition to fast construction programmes, concrete facilitates future flexibility and adaptability. Basing school layouts on columns with no beams, using the flat soffit of an in-situ concrete slab provides totally flexible design solutions particularly for future services changes. And with classroom sizes a key issue, concrete crosswall solutions allow flexibility in joining classrooms. Both normal and post-tensioned concrete slabs can easily accommodate holes for new services. The report will be available free from The Concrete Centre, tel: 0700 4 500 500, or download from the publications library at www.concretecentre.com





MADRID FIRE REPORT PRAISES CONCRETE'S PERFORMANCE

A survey of the fire-damaged structure of the Windsor Tower, Madrid, concluded that the concrete structure 'performed extraordinarily well in a severe fire'. The study, 'Fire in the Windsor Building, Madrid: Survey of the Fire Resistance and Residual Bearing Capacity of the Structure after the Fire', was carried out by the Instituto Technico de Materiales y Construcciones. It concluded that the 'need for fireproofing of steel members to guarantee their performance in the event of fire was reconfirmed. The fire started on the 21st floor of the 32-storey building in February 2005. It spread quickly due to a lack of fire stops between the curtain wall facade and the concrete floor slabs. Designed and built in the 1970s, traditional design methods were used. Extensive refurbishment was under way at the time of the fire, including measures to bring the building's fire standards up to date with the installation of active fire prevention and fire-resistance measures. Structural failure happened with the collapse of the steel perimeter columns and the floor slabs collapsing as this edge support was taken away. The massive concrete transfer slab at the 20th floor prevented further progressive failure. The Concrete Centre is funding further research into the behaviour of the tower's concrete structure at the University of Edinburgh.



LIBESKIND TO GIVE 2006 LUBETKIN LECTURE

The 2006 BCA Berthold Lubetkin Memorial Lecture, sponsored by The Concrete Centre, will be given by Daniel Libeskind, on 9 November 2006 at the Kensington Conference and Events Centre, London. Bookings will be accepted from July via www.concretecentre.com/events

STUDENTS INVITED TO CONCRETE SUMMER SCHOOL

The 2006 Graduate Summer School is being run by The Concrete Centre in collaboration with the University of Kingston School of Architecture and Department of Engineering, on 21-25 August, at Kingston, London. The five-day residential workshop under the theme of Adventures Beyond Modernism will allow recently qualified architects and engineers to build on the basics with sessions on materials, structures and surfaces. These will extend to adventures which will explore the latest concrete developments. Activities will include lectures by designers and specialists, visits to notable London buildings, tests/demonstrations and 'hands on' construction with concrete. Contact The Concrete Centre on tel: 0700 4 500 500, email: seminars@concretecentre.com or go online to www.concretecentre.com/events

MASONRY ALLIANCE FORMED

A new organisation aimed at further improving the quality, efficiency and sustainability of masonry construction has been established. In particular, the alliance will demonstrate how masonry homes can provide future-proofed construction options against likely climate and ecological changes. It will also promote innovative development and improved productivity, like the tin-bed masonry illustrated, and underline how masonry construction offers a range of modern methods of construction. For further information visit www.modernmasonry.co.uk



PRECAST CONCRETE IS THE DOMINANT FORM OF CLADDING IN NORTHERN EUROPE

By David Bennett

Precast facades have the potential to be made very cheaply using highvolume, standardised components, or made bespoke and shaped by unique profiles at very high cost. So it is not surprising to find it is standardised precast panels that are the dominant form of construction for housing schemes and for medium- and low-rise commercial buildings in Northern Europe.

Precast concrete as an engineered and decorative material offers wide-ranging possibilities of expression, application and performance. The choice and range of colours and raw materials, combined with surface texturing and profiling, gives scope for designing with freedom and imagination. It continues to be the dominant form of construction in Northern Europe because the precast units are made in large volumes to standardised profiles to maintain their price-competitiveness.

There are numerous examples of multi-storey apartment blocks in Scandinavia specified with structural load-bearing panels of up to 12 tonnes that are fully insulated and architecturally finished. There are also many examples of lightweight precast units like GRC (glass-reinforced concrete) that can dramatically reduce dead load and integrate precast with high-tech curtain wall systems. The panels are easy to handle and do not require heavy craneage – they can be installed using a cradle system. They are resilient and a popular choice in Austria and Germany.

The economic advantages, the method of manufacture and the aesthetic quality of these two mass-produced facade options are highlighted in this review. Some of the research for

it has been taken from the book *The Art of Precast Concrete Architecture* published by Birkhäuser and available from The Concrete Centre (www.concretecentre.com).

SANDWICH PANEL CONSTRUCTION

This is the most structurally-efficient concrete building option and the dominant method of constructing residential buildings in Scandinavia. The sandwich panel is a storey-high precast unit that can be up to 8m long with an outer skin 60–80mm thick, a layer of insulation and then a backing leaf of load-bearing or self-bearing precast concrete 90–140mm thick. (Self bearing means it only supports its own weight.) When it is load bearing it can support the structural floor and the facade above it and is the more efficient and popular choice of panel.

The structural floors are usually precast hollow-core planks that are stitched to the top of the inner load-bearing panel. Load-bearing sandwich panels offer many advantages – for example they are fast to erect; they eliminate the need for columns and wet trades; they are self finished; and they are extremely competitively priced.

The two skins of the precast panels are interconnected by steel ladder reinforcement which acts as wind and shear connection. The thermal bridging through these steel connectors is minimal. The system has the advantage of providing structural integrity without placing any reliance on the insulation for load transfer. It can be configured so that an elevation can have solid





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1.

1 & 2. Preparing glass-fibre mats for linear flatbed casting by Reider in Salzburg

panels or long continuous spandrels, also known as band systems, or slender rib systems with built-in columns for highly glazed facades. The cassette modular system (see SID Building, page 48) developed by precasters offers scope for even more architecturally challenging designs using sandwich panel construction.

PRECAST LIGHT - GRC

The trend in modern building construction towards lighter weight 'high-tech' facades using glass curtain walling, resin-coated aluminium and steel fascias has some advantages over the heavier precast and reconstructed stone cladding unit. Typically, the skin thicknesses of GRC panels is 13–20mm, making them as much as 80 per cent lighter than the corresponding precast concrete unit. Weight reduction of this magnitude offers substantial savings in transportation, structure, handling and site erection cost.

GRC is composed of a mortar mix of cement, selected crushed aggregates, sand, fillers, admixtures, water and alkaliresistant glass fibre strands. The glass fibre is typically 6-51mm long and 10-30 microns in diameter. It obtains its alkali resistance from a coating applied over the glass strands in the manufacturing process. For sprayed GRC it is recommended that 5 per cent of fibre by weight of the total cement mortar should be contained in the mix, to optimise on the tensile strength. Combinations of fibre lengths and the production process will ensure that adequate bond strength develops between fibres and the cement matrix and encourages a quasi-ductile failure by fracture of the fibres.

The various techniques used to manufacture GRC products – manual and mechanised spray methods and linear flat bed wet casting – enable the material to be formed in a wide variety of shapes and profiles. It can be moulded easily to suit Classical or Modern architectural expression using thin flat sheets, curved pieces with embossing or angular surface profiles. Being cement-based with no metal reinforcement, it also has inherently good durability and chemical resistances. It is non-combustible and produces no toxic smoke emissions and has high impact strength. It is not susceptible to rust staining or corrosion, and can be used in combination with insulating material and sound-proofing. Constraining factors in performance are generally due to its relatively large thermal and moisture movement and low ductility.

The need for GRC cladding to be flexibly mounted on the supporting structure to accommodate thermal and moisture movement is therefore important. Many of the problems associated with GRC have resulted from the lack of mobility in fixing design, from errors of installations or as a result of introducing some other restraint to panel movement. Wherever possible, design GRC panels as independent skins to allow maximum freedom to shape, curve and profile panels. Good detailing of panel size; reducing horizontal flat surface areas like window sills which may collect surface water and create high moisture gradients in the panel; and avoiding panel shapes that wrap around a building corner causing large thermal movements, will ensure a longer service life.

PRECAST CONCRETE / CASE STUDIES







3.

1

The following three examples feature precast sandwich panel construction:

RASTIPUISTO APARTMENT BLOCK

At Rastila, Helsinki, Finland, by Helamaa and Pulkkinen Architects. Precast by Parma Oy, Nummela

The ribbed profile finish to the lower panels has been achieved using a set retarder, and water jetting has removed the surface laitance to reveal the small aggregates. To form the ridged horizontal bands plastic strips are fixed to the film-faced plywood in the moulds. Chemical retarder was brush-applied to the formwork and the profiled plastic strips before the concrete was cast. (For more on precast finishing, see pages 56-57.)

For the upper levels of the building, brick slips were placed carefully in the mould between the timber battens that form the recessed mortar joints. When the concrete panel was removed from the mould it was transported to the water-jetting area where it was cleaned under high pressure to remove all the retarder and the unset cement paste, revealing the fine aggregate finish. Using high-pressure washing avoids any cement fines streaking over the surface and leaving a dry, crusty film.

In the production of the sandwich panel, the exterior panel is compacted by an integrated shock-compacter which is built into the tilting table mould. The interior load-bearing element is compacted with a poker vibrator. Demoulding takes 12-14 hours.

SID BUILDING

At Aarhus, Denmark, by 3XNielsen Architects. Precast by Dalton Precast, Aarhus

When pigmented precast panels are specified, customers are advised that colour consistency cannot be guaranteed. To achieve a very consistent black concrete, the only option is to use single-sized black aggregates and expose it on the surface. This can be done by retarding the concrete set in the mould and then water-jetting the surface to remove the cement paste to expose the coarse aggregates.

The panels on the SID Building were cast in five sizes – they were all 3.5m high, and either 1.2m, 1.5m, 1.8m, 2.2m or 2.7m wide. Special corner units were made which formed part of the returns for both elevations to avoid a vertical joint line at the edge, which the architect felt would not be as good. The edge was given a $10 \times 10 \, \mathrm{mm}$ rebate to emphasise the corner line.

MUSTAKIVI SCHOOL & COMMUNITY CENTRE

At Vuosaari, Helsinki, Finland, by Ark-House Architects. Precast by Rajaville Precast Company, Oulu

The panels on the exterior of the school building have an outer skin 75mm thick, then 145mm of insulation and a 160mm inner skin of load-bearing concrete. To produce the stain effect of terracotta and green on the panels, a white concrete panel was cast on the outer skin and allowed to harden. Iron oxide chemical stain







- 1. Rastipuisto Apartment block
- 2. SID building
- 3. Mustakivi School & Community Centre
- 4. Stadtvilla Apartments
- 5. Private house, Ulrichsberg

in a dilute hydrochloric acid solution was applied over the surface for the brown-red colour and copper sulphate solution for the green effect. The iron reacts with the calcium hydroxides of lime in the concrete to create the colour on the surface. This finish will appear streaky because of the direction of brushing and patination owing to the varying absorbency of the surface.

For the white panels, white cement was used, plus white limestone fines and whitish sand; there were no pigments. For the black panels, grey concrete was used with black rock fines, 3 per cent black pigment and special black 0-8mm gabro aggregates. The surface set was lightly retarded and the water jetted to expose the black aggregates to ensure colour consistency.

The following two projects illustrate the use of GRC panels:

STADTVILLA APARTMENTS

At UnterneuStadt, Kassel, Germany, by Alexander Reichel Architects

The in-situ concrete load-bearing structure was clad with insulated GRC elements, the GRC just 30mm thick to prevent thermal bridging. Each precast component was coated with a hydrophobic fluid to produce a consistent, water-repellent outer surface. This gave the surface a 'milky' two-toned shade.

The GRC panels were made by hand-spraying the concrete mix and the chopped fibres into the moulds. The unreinforced face mix of 5mm was colour-matched to the grey concrete of the frame. This was overcoated with a reinforced backing mix which contained chopped fibres and was added at a dosage of 2 per cent of the concrete volume. The backing mix was applied in five layers each 5mm thick and compacted by rolling to build up the panel thickness of 30mm.

PRIVATE HOUSE

At Ulrichsberg, Austria, by Habringer-Landerl Architects, Linz. GRC by Rieder, Salzburg

This private house is clad in thin sheets of smooth, colour-stable GRC panels. Rieder has been manufacturing GRC panels for over 20 years and recently invested in sophisticated automatic production methods for making 13mm flat sheets of GRC of exceptional quality using a continuous fibre strand feed and wet casting on a moving metal mould bed. The mould bed is 1,250mm wide which fixes the sheet width, but it can be as long as 5.3m.

The external face was cast face down on a layer of stretched polythene placed on the metal bed to give a very smooth marble-like finish to the surface. Each 6.5mm layer of concrete is poured through grouting tubes with the glass fibre strand then stretched over the top and chopped to size to sink into the wet concrete. The wet layer is lightly rolled by the machine before the 6.5mm backing layer is placed in exactly the same way.

David Bennett is the founder of David Bennett Associates

THE POTENTIAL OF PRECAST CONCRETE'S FABRIC ENERGY STORAGE IS BEING REALISED FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION

By Andrew Minson

Precast concrete, already widely recognised for its fast construction and buildability benefits, is now winning the sustainability arguments as well. As with in situ concrete, precast concrete has a wide range of benefits that makes it well suited to sustainable construction compared with other materials: high thermal efficiency and fabric energy storage (FES); fire resistance; sound insulation; minimum vibration; long life; use of recycled raw materials, including industry by-product streams; local sourcing and transport.

FABRIC ENERGY STORAGE

Of these benefits, FES is increasingly embraced by forward-thinking clients and designers. Here, concrete stores and releases heat to stabilise the internal temperature of a structure, thereby reducing the need for heating and air conditioning. Increasingly, the potential of precast concrete's FES is being realised for new construction. Developers report capital costs reduced by 5-20 per cent due to the reduction or removal of air conditioning and suspended ceilings. Users report reduced operational costs.

There are two types of FES: passive and active. With passive FES, exposed soffits use natural or assisted ventilation together with night-time purging to cool the building space. Active FES has controllable systems of air ducted through plenums or floors. Tests show that they emit 50 per cent less $\rm CO_2$ than air conditioning. Furthermore, the limited fabric energy storage of lightweight frame structures offers just 6–10W/m² of cooling compared with 15–20W/m² for passive concrete FES and 25–35W/m² and beyond for active concrete FES.

The use of FES significantly increases a building's sustainability. The $\rm CO_2$ emission level from the lifetime operation of a building is far higher than that of the embodied $\rm CO_2$ of its construction materials. Indeed, over 50 per cent of the UK's carbon emissions results from the operational use of buildings. So reducing a building's operational heating and air conditioning requirements reduces its real environmental impact. Over its full life cycle, a lightweight framed building will result in higher $\rm CO_2$ emissions than a heavyweight framed building. The buildings designed using FES also appear to be free of sick building syndrome.

CONSTRUCTION IMPACTS

The other inherent benefits of fire resistance, sound insulation, minimum vibration and long life mean that precast concrete reduces the need for additional protective coatings, preservative treatments and vibration–damper systems. All of this significantly reduces the environmental impact of precast concrete. As does the fact that precast concrete is UK sourced. There is growing concern over the 'air miles' ${\rm CO_2}$ impact of transportation. Timber and the iron ore for steel often travel many thousands of miles.

Sustainability benefits are not restricted to frames. Precast paving can also actively improve the environment by reducing the level of pollution caused by nitrogen oxides (NOx). Developed by Mitsubishi in Japan, precast paving treated with titanium dioxide has been shown to significantly lower pollution by absorbing NOx. Cement additives based on titanium dioxide also provide a



1. Precast for Canon HQ



2. Brighton Library by Bennetts Associates

concrete finish that is self-cleaning. The material reacts with sunlight and rain to clean off airborne spores and pollution. It has been successfully used by Richard Meier for the Dives in Misericordia white concrete church in Rome.

MORE FROM LESS

The precast industry is making significant progress towards placing sustainability high up the construction agenda. It has implemented a 'more from less' programme to examine the sustainability issues for the precast sector and how best to tackle those issues.

To this end, the sector has established sustainability and health and safety committees to provide a pan-industry approach to sustainability; a Concrete Targets Award scheme to improve health and safety; and Best Practice Awards to recognise and promote excellence among the membership of British Precast in the areas of innovation, health and safety and the environment. The 2005 awards, sponsored by The Concrete Centre, were given to a range of simple and cost-effective solutions that reduced water consumption, eliminated a hazardous waste stream previously sent to landfill, implemented energy-saving programmes and overall waste-reduction programmes. Details of all the 2005 award entries and winners can be found at www.britishprecast.org

In addition, British Precast is working on a four-year research project with Loughborough University to develop a sector-wide approach to sustainability. The Sector Sustainability Strategy project will:

- identify the economic, social and environmental impacts, both good and bad, of the precast sector;
- establish the precast industry's awareness of the opportunities and threats related to sustainable development; and
- · establish objectives, targets and indicators for future improvement.

The project is currently examining the industry's sustainability priorities, and the action it needs to take. Further details can be found on www.sustainableprecast.com

British Precast has been working with the British Cement Association on a joint approach to the sustainability of cement and concrete. The role of cement in improving the sustainability profile of precast concrete is important. Furthermore, precast manufacturers are reporting a significant move towards recycled aggregates and industrial by-products.

So in addition to the inherent benefits of precast concrete that offer the potential to significantly reduce the environmental impact of a building's operation, the industry is actively seeking ways to reduce the energy and materials used to manufacture the product. This, together with improved health and safety, increased manufacture and construction efficiency, and the development and implementation of an industry-agreed sustainability strategy, means that precast concrete is able to provide a construction solution that truly offers 'more from less'.

Andrew Minson is head of framed buildings at The Concrete Centre



APARTMENT DESIGN IS IDEALLY SUITED TO PRECAST CONSTRUCTION

By Susan Dawson



1 & 2. Precast wall panels off and on site

It's hard to imagine a city where house prices are higher than in London, but this is the case in Dublin, a consequence of economic boom, shortage of old housing stock and the lack of a skilled construction workforce. To satisfy demand, apartment blocks are now beginning to rise on brownfield sites such as the former docklands on the banks of the River Liffey. To solve the labourshortage problem many of them are built with factory-made, precast concrete components. The cellular and repetitive nature of apartment block design is ideally suited to precast construction. Sound reduction at party walls is easy to achieve and the solidity of precast concrete recalls traditional concepts of enclosure.

One of the largest docklands developments, designed by O'Mahony Pike Architects (OMP), is Hanover Quay. The site, once a gasworks, stretches from the Liffey quayside to the banks of the Grand Canal dock. It is a mixed-use development, 13 blocks of four to eight storeys accommodating 292 one- to three-bedroom apartments (including affordable apartments) with basement car parks, a crèche, retail units, a pub and restaurant. The blocks looking directly on to the river contain two lower floors of office/retail units and upper floors of apartments with large balconies, some of which are 'winter gardens' with glazed sliding screens.

The apartment blocks are a composite structure of loadbearing precast concrete external wall panels, precast concrete internal wall panels and precast concrete floor slabs. On the top floors the external precast panels have been extended to create a parapet. This must be the sixth or seventh job where we have used precast concrete panels,' explains the architect. 'In Dublin, where labour is scarce and time is at a premium, it's the way to go.'

However, this is the first time that OMP has used precast concrete insulated sandwich panels, produced by Techrete, a manufacturer based in Ireland and the UK, with a head office at Howth, just outside Dublin. The Techrete insulated sandwich panels comprise an outer leaf, a layer of insulation and a backing leaf of plain grey concrete. They are cast as one. The insulation, installed under controlled factory conditions, is well protected by the concrete. Panels have a range of options: the outer leaf of precast concrete is available with a wide choice of stone-like finishes or applied facings such as stone, brick or terracotta. Panels can be integrated into the building fabric as part of a load-bearing structure to support either precast or cast-in situ floor slabs.

A combination of Techrete's single-layer precast-concrete panels and, on the gable walls, precast-concrete insulated sandwich panels, were used at Hanover Quay. The sandwich panels have a 150mm load-bearing structural inner leaf connected to a 75mm outer leaf with stainless steel wind/shear tie connectors, with a cavity former, 75mm of mineral-fibre insulation and a vapour barrier between. The outer leaf is separated from the inner leaf by the connectors; it is free to expand and contract and is not intended to support any load. (See Working Detail, pages 54-55.)

Both single-leaf and sandwich panels were produced by Techrete with an identical mix. The main panels are a light buff reconstructed stone with an acid-etched finish. Stair core and



3. Two of the 13 blocks that comprise the mixed-use Hanover Quay

balcony edge panels are of dark charcoal grey reconstructed stone with an acid-etched finish. The panels incorporate window openings and circular apertures for ventilation extract from the apartments. Damp-proof coursings around window openings were pre-fixed to the panel at the Techrete factory.

The outer leaf of each sandwich panel extends at the top above the floor junction to co-ordinate the live joints at the external face with the finished floor level. The outer leaf is watertight, with double seals at joints. There is a vapour control layer behind the insulation. Calculations established that the dew point could not occur within the cavity. Each panel has a horizontal dummy joint aligning with the window head to reduce the scale of the panelled facade.

Sandwich panels offer many advantages. They provide a strong, durable, energy-efficient, fire-resistant cladding system. And all aspects of the production process are carried out in a factory, ensuring the highest quality possible. Hanover Quay shows how a fully integrated structure and skin sandwich panel system, where load-bearing wall panels provide both structural support and external finish, speed up construction and minimise on-site labour costs.

Credits

Architect
O'Mahony Pike Architects
Contractor
John Sisk and Son
Load-bearing precast
concrete insulated
sandwich panels
Techrete
Load-bearing precast
single-leaf concrete
panels
Techrete

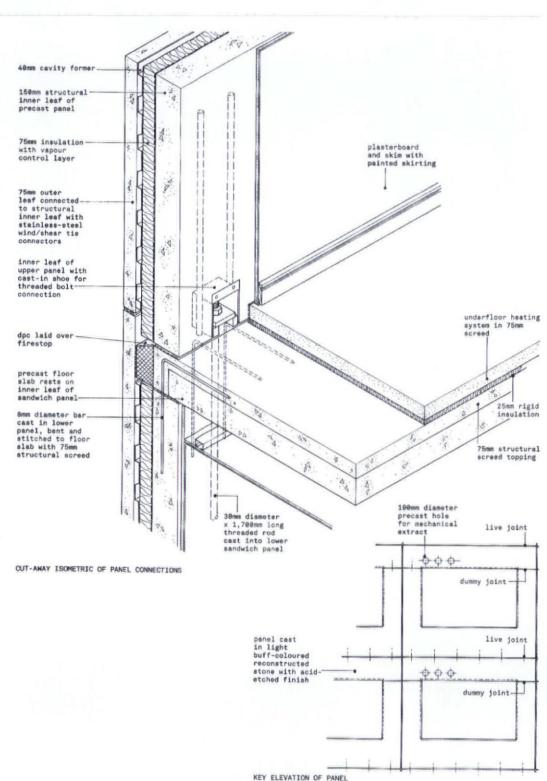
WORKING DETAILS / HANOVER QUAY

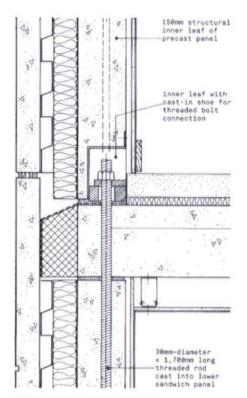
PRECAST CONCRETE GABLE WALLS

The construction sequence of a typical gable wall:

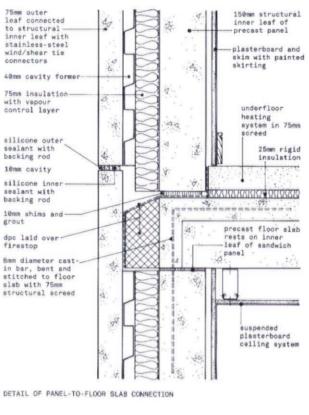
- a row of 3m-high precast concrete insulated sandwich panels was installed by crane.
 (At ground floor level the loadbearing inner leaf of each panel rests on a cast in-situ concrete boot beam):
- a series of precast floor slabs (2.4m or 1,200mm wide and 8-10m span) was craned in, with edges bearing on the 150mm load-bearing inner leaf of the insulated sandwich panels. The 8mm-diameter reinforcing bars projecting from the tops of the precast panels were bent over and covered with structural screed topping to stitch the panel to the floor slab;
- a firestop and dpc were fixed in the cavity and the dpc was dressed down;
- the upper precast concrete insulated sandwich panels were craned in so each 150mm inner leaf would rest on the screed, exactly above the inner leaf. The pre-fixed, threaded bolts projecting from the inner leaf of the panel below were fixed into shoes cast in the inner leaf of the panel above; this formed the panel-to-panel connection; and
- · the sequence was repeated.

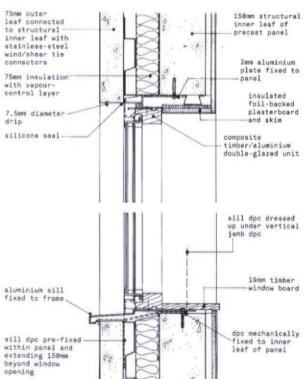
Because the precast elements could be craned in, the erection sequence was speedy and an early weatherproof enclosure was created to let following trades install plasterboard wall finishes, the underfloor heating pipes in the screed and the composite timber/aluminium windows. By Susan Dawson



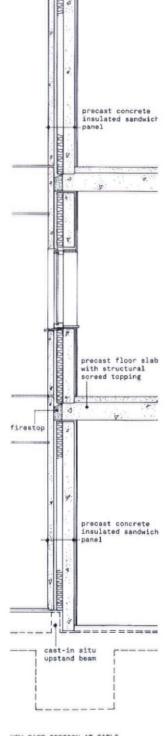


DETAIL OF PANEL-TO-PANEL CONNECTION

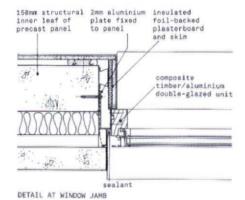




DETAIL AT WINDOW HEAD AND SILL



KEY PART-SECTION AT GABLE





WITH SELF FINISHES, THE PRECASTER HAS A LIBRARY OF SAMPLES

By Stephen Maddalena

When it comes to concrete, the precast cladding industry is now able to produce virtually any finish and effect called for by architects. Essentially, precast cladding panels to BS 8297 have two generic types of surface finish that, combined with the facility to design robust 3D shapes and profiles, offer the widest choice of facade design and construction to the architect. These generic types are 'self finishes', where the concrete surface is on view, and 'applied finishes', where other materials are applied to and supported by the precast concrete.

SELF FINISHES

Self finishes exploit the ability of the precast manufacturer to design concrete mixes by selecting the cement (white or grey) and the aggregate with the option of adding a range of stable purposemade pigments. Exposed surfaces are generally textured to produce a range of effects, typically: acid etching/surface retarding; rubbing; grit blasting; bush hammering; and grinding and polishing.

False joints and other profiles may be formed by timber ribs in the mould. This gives a natural effect on acid-etched panels and improves weathering properties. Rubber mould liners can produce many textures and profiles. Techniques used are:

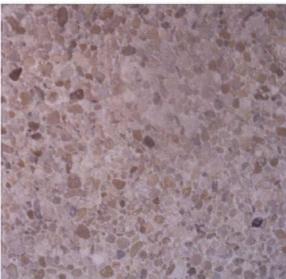
• acid etching and surface retarding. Etching with dilute hydrochloric acid removes surface laitence to expose the sand and tips of the main aggregate in the mix, producing a stone-like texture. The depth of exposure can be varied to produce from a relatively fine texture to a deeper etch giving more pronounced exposure of the aggregate.

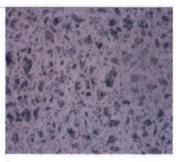
However, not all surfaces are suitable for such treatment. Vertical cast surfaces may have blow holes, which need to be filled with a paste of cement and fine aggregate in the same proportions as the design mix of the main body of the panel. A final acid etch can then produce a consistent surface. Casting face down or vertically will produce subtle differences in the finished surface.

Coarser textured surfaces can be obtained by applying a retarder to the surface of the mould. After demoulding, the retarded surface is brushed and washed to expose the main aggregate. Surfaces cast face up do not require a retarder; instead, the surface is sprayed with a fine water jet to expose the main aggregate;
• rubbing. Surface laitance may be removed with a hand stone or orbital sander;

- grit blasting. This uses air or water as the propellant and various grades of fineness/coarseness of grit, which will determine the depth of aggregate exposure. The effect is similar to acid etching but, being more vigorous, the depth of exposure of the aggregate is greater. In addition, the aggregates are partially abraded;
- bush hammering. More vigorous than grit blasting, this involves roughening the panel surface using a mechanical pneumatic/ electric hand-held machine equipped with a variety of tools from needles to various chisel star-points. The finish produced is visibly more aggressive owing to the exposure and shattering of the surface of the main aggregate;
- grinding and polishing. Although expensive and time-consuming, this can produce spectacular results. Grinding machines section the







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3

- 1. Rubbed and acid-etched concrete Cornish finish
- 2. Acid-etched concrete Portland finish cast from a textured form liner
- 3. Exposed aggregate-finished concrete, cast face up using Cotswold gravel with white cement
- 4. Ground and polished concrete, cast using Cornish granite aggregate with white cement

aggregate. Final polish varies according to the hardness of the aggregate, ranging from a honed effect to a high polish.

APPLIED FINISHES

Applied finishes include bricks, brick slips, tiles, terracotta, slate, granite or limestone – preassembled in the mould before casting. This can realistically replace on-site masonru-laying.

With bricks, a machine-made brick with three perforation holes is typically used. To produce a dovetail key, these bricks are cut longitudinally on the centre line and laid to a grid in the mould. Special bricks are cut or formed for different shapes and keys. Grout seal strips are inserted into the brick joints and the concrete is cast. Panels are finished by removing the strips and gun-pointing the joints with a colour-matched proprietary mortar. Tiles and brick slips are treated similarly, cast face-down in a mould in a grid of timber strips or on a rubber mat with a grid.

Proprietary terracotta cladding tiles with extrusion holes are split to give very effective bonding grooves on the inside surface. The terracotta tiles are set in a gridded mould and, when cast with open joints, the precast panel acts as a rainscreen.

Typical stone facings used are granite, limestone and slate. Hard stone such as granite is applied as a veneer at least 30mm thick, while other stones such as Portland limestone are applied no thinner than 50mm.

Stone panels are drilled in the back for bonding in 60mm stainless steel dowels. These are set at 60° to the stone face and

alternate rows of dowels are reversed in angle. A flexible grommet is fitted to the dowel at the stone face and the rear face is treated with a de-bonding agent. These enable the stone to move relative to the backing concrete panel to accommodate thermal movement.

Stone-to-stone joints are a minimum of 5mm wide (as BS 8298:1994, Table 10) and are grout-sealed in the mould with waterproof tape to prevent penetration by the backing concrete.

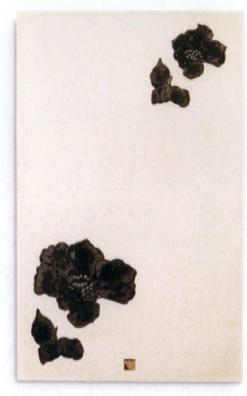
SAMPLES AND MOCK-UPS

With self finishes, the precaster will have a library of samples, which can be the starting point for developing a unique finish. A panel at least 1m² should be cast to production standards, and its casting must replicate actual manufacturing conditions. For applied finishes, an approved sample of the stone, etc, must be permanently displayed in the factory.

On large contracts, a mock-up enables finishes and details to be viewed at full scale. The viewing distance of finished units should ideally be not less than 3m. On larger projects, and particularly for complex, tight-tolerance units, a full-scale premanufacture prototype should be considered. Generally, the architect should inspect regularly during manufacturing.

Varying conditions of lighting and weather, and time since casting, will cause different colour shading. Time must be allowed for the units to mature to a consistent appearance.

Stephen Maddalena is chairman of the Architectural Cladding Association





1.

- 1. Gold Seal Alicia by Peter Weigl
- 2. Gold Seal Uphelia by Peter Weigl

WEIGL'S CONCRETE ART BLOSSOMS

Contemporary artist Petr Weigl recently unveiled his latest concrete work at the Air Gallery, Mayfair, London. The exhibition, sponsored by Lafarge, Castle Cement, Marshalls and The Concrete Centre, saw the launch of his new Gold Seal range.

The Gold Seal range mirrors the delicacy and natural beauty of flowers. Weigl hand-sculpts and inserts floral designs into concrete and gilds them with gold and precious stones. The result is a delicacy of touch that contrasts with the robustness of concrete.

In addition to Gold Seal, Weigl exhibited works from his Fossil and Contour series. Here, concrete is transformed from a construction material to a polished, marble-like medium that depicts an encapsulated evolutionary process or geographical moment in time.

Weigl's work challenges the monolithic two-dimensionality of concrete. Instead, it examines the three-dimensional and tactile potential of concrete by taking a manufactured construction material back to its fundamental essence and then presenting it as a new entity that resembles marble with an organic twist. The pieces are created in a mould. The final results are totally dependent on the precise timing of each stage of the process. This ensures the uniqueness of each piece which is finished with the Petr Weigl wax seal of authenticity.

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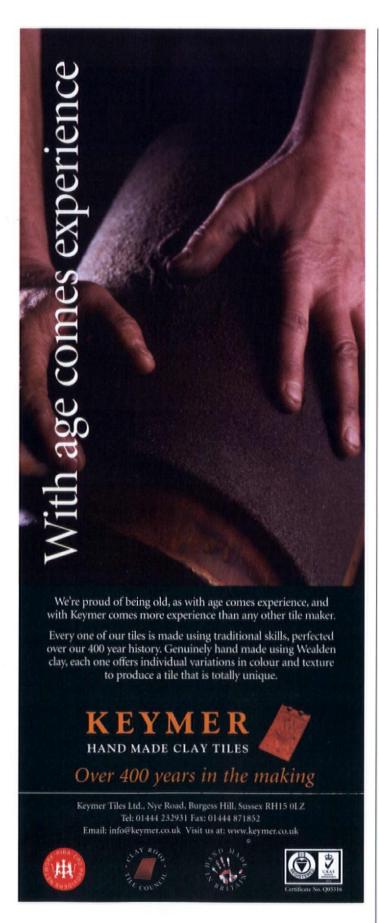
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LOSING THE WAY THANKS TO FINE ORGANISATION

I've never been a great fan of planning committees or selfappointed design do-gooders. So I was bound to take a bleakish look at CABE's new site at www.cabe.org.uk - and cautiously because CABE's deputy chairman is sitting half a dozen metres down the office in the AR enclave. He's younger and fleeter of foot than me.

Whatever, architects approve of CABE as a bulwark against the tide of schlock planning and Highgroveism. And chairman, John Sorrell, is a national design treasure. So it's a surprise that the site is so civil-servantish and bland.

I suppose the website of a government advisory body can't afford to look too clever and has to include stuff about how you complain to it about itself and how people are appointed and who they are. And it has commentary on completed buildings but it takes seven clicks to get through to design review panel commentary on an individual project. And when I typed 'Islington' into the search box I got two Islington schemes and one in Southwark.

The site declares that 'The wider CABE family... is around 350-strong.' Maybe some of them could start work on better website navigation.

sutherland.lyall@btinternet.com

AT WHAT COST?

Although most litigation involving architects concerns allegations of negligent design or contract administration there is usually, nestling away in the background, a claim by the architects for their outstanding fees, writes Kim Franklin. Because the sums at stake in the negligence action usually dwarf any fees claimed, they are more or less overlooked until the final reckoning. If anything is said about them, they tend to be agreed, subject to the crossclaim. The upshot is that there are very few cases concerning the principles upon which fees should be calculated.

There may be another reason why disputes about fees do not feature prominently in the law reports. The basis upon which a consultant charges fees is gareed with the client. The clearer the contract, the less scope there is for argument.

But construction contracts are inherently complex. The quintessentially English tradition of permitting the employer to vary the scope of the works after the contract is let means that, almost by definition, there is no certainty as to what works will be done. how much they will cost, or when they will be finished. Where consultants link the calculation of their fees to contracts of this nature. the client is signing up to uncertainty. In one case an employer sought to argue that

although an architect's fee was charged as a percentage, it was fixed on the original contract value and ought not to be increased to reflect substantial changes in the works.

Alternatively, the rigidity of charging on a fixed-fee basis does not sit comfortably with the flexible nature of the underlying contract. Fixed-fee agreements usually therefore include provisions permitting the consultant to charge extra fees for additional services. What is, or is not, an 'additional service' can of course present fertile ground for debate.

As any non-contentious lawyer will tell you, the way to avoid ever having to meet a contentious lawyer is to ensure that your contract of engagement clearly explains uour entitlement in all eventualities. But it is human nature to enter into new projects with a spirit of enthusiasm rather than looking over your shoulder trying to predict what might go wrong. And seemingly straightforward provisions such as '10 per cent of all sums certified' may not look so clear cut when part of the works are let on a contract that does not provide for certification.

The picture is further complicated if the retainer is determined before the conclusion of the contract. Many contracts provide for the suspension of services or determination. Some provide for the consultant to recover 'losses caused' or 'costs incurred' as a consequence. Few spell out what those losses or costs are. Is the consultant entitled to claim the whole fee that would have been earned had the retainer not been determined? If so, is it calculated on the projected final account value at the time, or the actual final construction costs, even where those costs have increased considerably, post-determination? The answer is that it depends upon what you agreed in the first place.

Kim Franklin is a barrister and chartered arbitrator at Crown Office Chambers in London. Visit www. crownofficechambers.com

REVIEW

EXHIBITIONS

Bu Andrew Mead

Erich Mendelsohn; Graham Ellard & Stephen Johnstone; Bridget Smith All at the De La Warr Pavilion, Bexhill-on-Sea, until 2 July



One of the Motion Path triptychs



A photo by Bridget Smith

Previously seen at Manchester's CUBE (AJ 04.11.04), and originating in Germany, it's apt that this Erich Mendelsohn exhibition has at last reached his most celebrated British building – if in a reduced form.

The show is subtitled 'Dynamics and Function', but the dunamic side of Mendelsohn's work was better reflected in the installation at CUBE, which had real flair, than in the staid, rather cramped display at the De La Warr. It's not helped by the fussy, framed montages of small-scale photographs that line the walls, and the blocks of inelegant text. Photos are of course a problem for curators of Mendelsohn exhibitions as many of his best buildings are lost, but it must be possible to give archive images more impact than they have here.

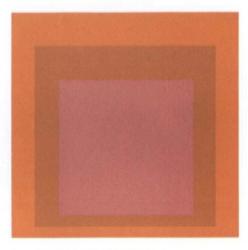
Fortunately there are plentu of sketches, which are very easy to like, though as Peter Blundell Iones pointed out in the catalogue to a 1987 Mendelsohn exhibition, theu're in a way misleading cementing the idea of him as an Expressionist at the expense of 'the subtlety of his planning and the quality of his detailing'. Best of all there are some two dozen models on show spanning Mendelsohn's career from the Einstein Tower to the late Russell House in San Francisco (1950), which revisits earlier themes. They leave you in no doubt of his talent, though remind you too that its flowering was cruelly frustrated by politics and exile.

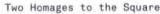
Neatly complementing this exhibition is Graham Ellard and Stephen Johnstone's Motion Path: videos shot in four Mendelsohn buildings, including the Schocken department store in Chemnitz and the De La Warr. Each is presented as a triptych, the scenes split onto three screens at the end of a low table, the central one a little in front of the others. Conceived as 'a form of video sculpture', they gleam in the darkened room like little high-tech altarpieces.

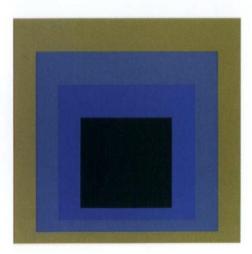
The images sometimes echo, more often supplement each other, as the sinuous route of one camera offsets the slow drifting or stasis of another. Ellard and Johnstone say that the 'fluidity' of Mendelsohn's architecture more or less determined their shooting script; the results here are certainly absorbing.

In the high first-floor gallery at the De La Warr is the third show: photographs taken by Bridget Smith during John McAslan's recent restoration of the building. Only in passing do they record technical aspects of the work; they're not detail pictures of, say, exposed reinforcement, as in Le Corbusier's Stuttgart double villa (see Building Study pages 25-37), but pictures of a place in temporary disarray.

The art they recall is various (Duchamp's ready-mades, Aaron Siskind's photos of disfigured walls) and they're becoming something of a cliché; Mark Power did the same thing at the Treasury, Oliver Godow at Camden Arts Centre. But interacting as they do with the De La Warr Pavilion itself, they can be telling – a reminder that all three shows have a special rapport with the building in which they're housed.







BOOK

By Andrew Mead

Josef Albers -Formulation: Articulation Text by T G Rosenthal. Thames & Hudson, 2006. 168pp. £60

A note opposite the contents page suggests why this book is so desirable: 'Albers' images have been printed on 200 gsm Gardapat Kiara paper with matt high-density inks and matt varnish in order to reproduce as faithfully as possible the original screenprinted portfolios.' Such decisions really do make a difference – they capture the fine discriminations that were Albers' longtime concern.

Unlike Le Corbusier in his Purist period (see Building Study pages 25-37), Albers didn't promote a particular theory about colour and its psychological or physiological effects. His teaching at Black Mountain College and Yale showed instead how relative it was. 'Colours present themselves in continuous flux, constantly related to changing neighbours

and changing conditions,' he says in *Interaction of Colour* – that invaluable guide to *seeing* (now in a new cheap paperback from Yale University Press).

Formulation: Articulation, published in 1972 when Albers was in his eighties, consisted then of two large boxed portfolios of screenprints, whose motifs spanned Albers' long career from the 'skyscraper' abstractions of the 1920s to the Homage to the Square series of his last years. On the initiative of the art historian T G Rosenthal, whose introductory text gives an excellent resumé of Albers' life, work and painting techniques, this new publication from Thames & Hudson presents all 127 prints in book form for the first time - reduced in size but otherwise faithful to the originals. What Rosenthal calls 'colour values of quite

fiendish subtlety' survive, partly because the book's printer scanned from the actual prints, not transparencies.

It could be seen to encapsulate almost half-acentury's research on Albers' part, and as in the splendid exhibition still at Tate Modern, where Albers is twinned with Moholy-Nagy, the book shows that some aspects of that research were more fecund and rewarding than others. The curvilinear and 'organic' motifs; the geometrical figures that flip inside-out; even the zigguratderived images (arresting though they are), all have less to offer than the orthogonal works based on building facades and the Homages to the Square.

Happily, both those series appear in quantity in the book and the examples of them are neatly juxtaposed. Without

comparison and choice there is no evaluation. And why are we afraid that thinking and planning – necessary in all human activities – will spoil painting?' asks Albers in one of his accompanying notes. Always the teacher as well as the artist, he keeps prompting viewers to assess what they see, not just surrender to aesthetic pleasure, tempting though that is.

'The students of Albers were smart to have chosen him and lucky he was there,' said Donald Judd. We're lucky to have this book. Though costing £60, it almost seems a bargain. No wonder that Tate Modern had sold out of it last week.

The exhibition Albers and Moholy-Nagy: From the Bauhaus to the New World continues at Tate Modern until 4 June



BOOKBy Catherine Slessor

Le Corbusier's Hands By André Wogenscky. MIT Press, 2006. £9.95

In 1936, 20-year-old André Wogenscky stepped tentatively into Le Corbusier's office in the Rue de Sèvres, hoping to meet the master. This impromptu encounter between colossus and novice shaped the course of his life. Wogenscky became Corb's loyal assistant and associate and, after his death in 1965, carried the torch, both in his own practice and as director of the Fondation Le Corbusier.

It is never easy to live your life at the side of a great man, yet from his tenderly awestruck tone, Wogenscky clearly feels he was fulfilling his destiny. Short, tangential musings on various themes (Joy, Space, Progress, Utopia) provide a nuanced insight into the 'real' Corb, revealing the humanity beneath the hauteur. We learn that he liked wine, pastis and Rabelais. He was candid, poetic and

always drawing. Being the trusted confidant, Wogenscky enjoyed a ringside seat at historic Corb occasions, such as meeting Picasso and lunch with the Dominican monks who talked him (an agnostic) into designing Ronchamp.

But despite the reverential tone, an undercurrent of demented genius is still palpable. Corb nearly throttles Wogenscky's German shepherd 'to feel how far I can go', while death is a mere bagatelle — 'the horizontal of the vertical; complementary and natural'. In the crowded Corb publishing canon, this slim memoir has no great pretensions but is a delightful amuse bouche. And if you read between the lines, you may find the bouche has bite.

Catherine Slessor is managing editor of the Architectural Review



CRITIC'S CHOICE

By Andrew Mead

In an issue of the AJ that spotlights the Weissenhofsiedlung in Stuttgart, it seems apt to mention another model housing development whose construction started 66 years later – the Prince of Wales' Poundbury near Dorchester. Not quite what Mies had in mind, though as *Robert Cowan* pointed out in his assessment of Poundbury on its 10th anniversary, its 'basic urbanism' could support development in 'a variety of styles, which might or might not draw on Classical or local vernacular models' (AJ 03.07.03).

But Cowan also picked up on aspects of Poundbury that made people 'uneasy', referring to the TV series *The Prisoner*, set in another model development of a kind — Clough Williams-Ellis' Italianate Portmeirion on the Welsh coast. It's this unease that surfaces in a new exhibition of photographs of Poundbury by *Steffi Klenz* (see picture), in which its manicured streets are as empty and eerie as the townscapes of Giorgio di Chirico that Aldo Rossi reprised half-a-century later. The show is at Photofusion, 17a Electric Lane, London SW2 from 2 June until 15 July (www.photofusion.org).

Much more in the spirit of Mies is a new exhibition on two floors of The Lighthouse, Glasgow – Marcel Breuer: Design and Architecture. As with all shows organised by the Vitra Design Museum, there's a strong emphasis on furniture and other artefacts, but Breuer's architecture is substantially present too, with models of many major projects, including the superb, formidable Whitney Museum in New York. Like Mendelsohn, Breuer practised briefly in the UK en route from Germany to the US, and this work from the mid-1930s (with F R S Yorke) also features. The show runs from 16 June-27 August (www.thelighthouse.co.uk).

This Breuer exhibition is timed to coincide with Architecture Week 2006 (16-25 June). Among the many other events planned in Scotland are a talk at Glasgow's Tramway by the artist *Toby Paterson*, whose paintings and murals make continual reference to Modernist architecture, and a walking tour of East Kilbride, including a visit to (what's left of) Gillespie, Kidd & Coia's St Bride's Church. Full details are on the national website: www.architectureweek.org.uk



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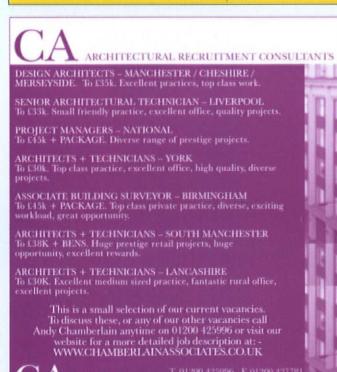
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Excellent interpersonal skills are required, as is the ability to write clear and concise reports. The job involves careful management of a widespread and heavy workload and there will be the requirement to travel in the region to attend meetings and site inspections.

For further information and an application pack, please telephone 01223 582700 or email midlands.recruit@english-heritage.org.uk quoting reference D/007/06 for the permanent post and D/008/06 for the fixed-term post. Closing date: 16 June 2006.



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Expressions of Interest Competition for the Appointment of Consultants

For the Preparation of a Masterplan for the Redevelopment of Crumlin Road Gaol and Girdwood Barracks

Central Procurement Directorate acting as agent for The Office of the First Minister and the Deputy First Minister (OFMDFM) and the Department of Social Development (DSD) jointly wish to invite expressions of interest from suitably qualified consultancies with international standing experienced in the field of urban regeneration and design for a competition for the preparation of a masterplan for the redevelopment of the former Crumlin Road Gaol and Gridwood Barracks in North Belfast, Northern Ireland.

OFMDFM and DSD propose to hold a two-stage competition for the appointment of consultants for the masterplan to select a consultancy offering the best solution.

Interested consultants can obtain questionnaires by applying in writing or fax, quoting CPD 1385/05 to the address below not later than 3.00pm on 31st May 2006.

The completed questionnaires and additional information (hard copies only) should be returned in a sealed envelope marked "Masterplan for Crumlin Road Gaol/Girdwood Barracks Ref (CPD1385/05)" to:

Department of Finance & Personnel Central Procurement Directorate Construction and Advisory Division Contracts Branch Level 4 Causeway Exchange 1-7 Bedford Street Belfast BT2 7EG Fax No. 028 9082 3245

Email. Construct.info@dfpni.gov.uk

Not later than 3.00pm on 6th June 2006.

Failure to supply any of the required information will result in the application not being considered.

This advertisement is a summary of the Contract Notice, which was dispatched to the Official Journal of the European Union on 28th April 2006.

From 1st April 2006 all tendering opportunities for Works, Supplies and Services can be viewed on the Internet at www.cpdni.gov.uk



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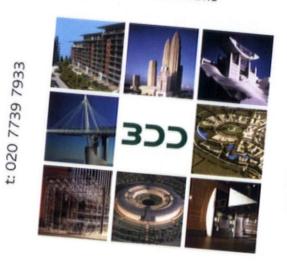
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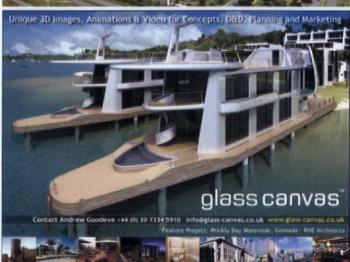
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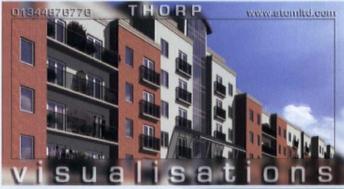


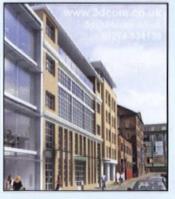




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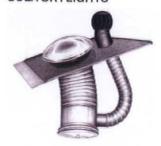


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