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APRIL 1950
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CORROSION COSTS YOU MORE THAN WROUGHT IRON
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I wish to take this opportunity, now that the Junior-Senior High School (Harrison, N.Y.) has been completed, of expressing my appreciation of the business-like way in which your firm carried thru this half million dollar project. I can assure you that should I have another similar project, I sincerely hope that you may be the successful bidder and that I may have the opportunity of renewing the pleasant relations that have existed throughout the entire construction of this school.

(Signed) Robert P. Vignola

The issuance of your final payment on the Goshen project brings to a conclusion 3 years of close association with you on the construction of 3 of my largest school buildings. It seems appropriate now to thank you for your careful work and to congratulate you on your organization, your superintendence and ability to expedite your work. It has been a pleasure to work with you, and I trust that we will soon have work which will be of interest to you.

(Signed) Robert R. Graham
The Seaman Avenue School in Freeport, Long Island, was made possible by the broad vision and tireless efforts of the Board of Education, the Superintendent of Schools and the Superintendent of Buildings. They received the wholehearted support and cooperation of the taxpayers of the School District. The building has been carefully and well constructed by your company and it faithfully represents both the ideas of our office and the ideals of those in the District who worked so zealously and unselfishly towards this result.

The school was dedicated in an atmosphere of pleasure and satisfaction by a large group of citizens—the people who had sought and obtained a structure of functional merit, outstanding serviceability and cultural beauty.

We appreciate the businesslike manner in which your organization progressed the construction of this building and we commend your competence in handling the many details which are so important in obtaining satisfactory results. The completed building is a source of gratification to us and, we are quite sure, to the Board of Education and the entire community which it now serves.

(Signed) Frederic P. Wiedersum

Today's modern, functional approach to school construction vastly advances the educational, recreational and intellectual opportunities of the community. John A. Johnson & Sons is responsible for the erection of some of America's finest functional schools.

In addition to those illustrated on this page, at Freeport, Dundee, Goshen, Harrison and Fort Ann, N.Y., other outstanding schools constructed by Johnson include the Senior High School and Community Facilities at Oak Ridge, Tennessee, the Elementary School at Montpelier, Vermont, schools at Sampson, N.Y., Wapakoneta, Ohio, Warner Robins, Ga., Oneida, Tenn., and several schools and school additions at Knoxville, Tenn.

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GROWING ATTENTION TO HOUSE DESIGN NOTED AS N.A.H.B. CONVENTION DRAWS 15,000 TO CHICAGO

Signs of boom conditions in home construction were plentifully evident at the record-breaking convention of home builders in Chicago.

Aside from the obvious fact that builders are riding the crest of a million-a-year-home wave, RECORD readers will be concerned to note:

1. Clinics and discussions on home design—especially modern design—topped all others in interest among the builders.

2. Growing numbers of speculative—or, more politely, "volume"—builders are retaining competent architects and paying adequate fees for professional services.

3. Trends in residential planning and modern home design advocated by experienced architects for years are at long last being recognized by speculative builders and put into effect in their houses.

4. The two-and-three-quarter million dollar exhibit of equipment and materials—largest on record—showed that manufacturers have made notable strides in bringing postwar products into step with postwar design. This was especially noticeable in connection with a large number of new products involving windows, radiant heating, and slab construction. Many "packaged" home equipment products that cut on-the-job costs were in evidence. These, coupled with improved building techniques being adopted by builders, are bringing home costs down—particularly in volume operations.

15,000 Overflow Hotels

The occasion was the annual convention and exposition of the National Association of Home Builders, February 19-23, at the Stevens, Congress and Palmer House Hotels, in Chicago. Overflowing these and other hotels were some 5000 builders and 10,000 architects, dealers, manufacturers and home finance people.

Seven hundred products, displayed by 179 exhibitors, were spread out in every inch of available space in the Stevens and Congress. The very size and complexity of the convention alone was an indication of the boom conditions in the industry, with simultaneous clinics, discussion panels and ballroom assemblies attended by capacity crowds.

A cautious note was sounded by Frank W. Cortwright, executive vice president of the Association, when he pointed out that building moves in waves or cycles and that "busts" frequently follow hard on booms. But there was little indication that any such unhappy thoughts disturbed the builders who overwhelmed exhibits, meetings, convention halls and dining facilities of the hotels.

Builders were reminded by Rodney Lockwood, N.A.H.B. president, that January home building "starts" were the highest on record, topping January 1949 by 60 per cent. He expressed the belief that a million homes will again be built in 1950.

(Continued on page 234)
KUDOS FOR ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS:
KANSAS CITY LOOKS OVER THE RECORD

Members of the architectural and engineering professions were lauded for their valuable service and accomplishments over a long span of years at a luncheon meeting last month of the Kansas City Chamber of Commerce. The meeting was the 32nd program of a series entitled "Kansas City on Parade" presented under the auspices of the professions and industries, with funds raised by architects and engineers.

Arthur Ellison, of the Kansas City Little Theater, who was the introductory speaker, reviewed the work of the architects and engineers, noting especially the American Society of Civil Engineers, founded in 1852, and the American Institute of Architects, in 1857.

A feature of this meeting was a screen display depicting important services rendered by the architects and engineers in Greater Kansas City. Students of the dramatic department of William Jewell College, Liberty, Mo., acted as narrators voicing the accomplishments of the engineers and architects. The "voices" analyzed the following seven operations:

1. Engineers specializing in water supply, sewer systems and sanitation projects.
2. Engineers specializing in power plants, electricity.
3. Engineers specializing in heating, ventilation, air conditioning, plumbing, electric lighting and power wiring for buildings.
4. Engineers specializing in facilities for transportation, airports, railroads, highways, streets, grain elevators and bridges.
5. Architects who design homes for better living.
6. Architects who design housing for commerce and industry.
7. Architects who design schools, hospitals, civic buildings, institutions.

Mr. Ellison in his introductory speech stated that "today in our Kansas City our architects and engineers are recognized for their high ideals, integrity and technical experience." He pointed out that there are in Kansas City today 77 architectural firms, employing approximately 350 persons, and 37 engineering firms employing about 1000 people. Their volume of business for 1948 totaled approximately $25,000,000 and $110,000,000 respectively, he said.

At the exhibit: Ray L. Hammond, chief of school housing, U. S. Office of Education; Asst. A.A.S.A. Secretary Shirley Cooper.

A.A.S.A. CONVENTION SEEES
A.I.A.-SPONSORED EXHIBIT

APPROXIMATELY 100 different school plans and models were viewed by many of the 14,000 educators, a record number, attending the 76th annual convention of the American Association of School Administrators. School designs from almost every state in the country were presented at the exhibit, "Schools of Tomorrow," which was held in Atlantic City, February 25 through March 2. This is understood to be the first exhibit of plans to be presented at the full national convention.

Highlights of the schools on display were tendencies toward:

a) greater emphasis on functional architecture as opposed to monumental.
b) leaning to one-story structures, on large plots of land.
c) wide use of bilateral lighting and use of clerestory as compared to unilateral lighting.
d) wide range of newer building materials.
e) several examples of pentagonal and sawtooth designs, especially in California.
f) larger shades for classroom color.
g) pastel shades for classroom color.

The committee handling the school design phase of the exhibit consisted of Shirley Cooper, assistant executive secretary of the A.A.S.A.; Ray Hammond, school building specialist, U. S. Office of Education, Federal Security Administration, Department of the Interior; John Lewis of Baltimore, school building specialist; Howard Dwight Smith, professor of architecture, Ohio State University; and William Caudill, John E. Nichols and Henry Blatner, all practicing architects, from Texas, Connecticut and New York respectively.

At the exhibit: Ray L. Hammond, chief of school housing, U. S. Office of Education; Asst. A.A.S.A. Secretary Shirley Cooper.
WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY BUILDS CANCER RESEARCH LABORATORY

A laboratory for cancer research will be completed this summer at Washington University Medical School in St. Louis, the first of a number of new buildings to be constructed for the school.

Located between two existing buildings which date back to the early years of this century, the laboratory forms a continuous connection between them at all levels, and has been planned to achieve the flexibility possible with movable partitions and other present-day techniques. (Above: left, construction photo; right, photo of rendering.)

The new building will be of reinforced concrete frame with brick and limestone trim. Windows are of aluminum and glazing is of blue-green heat-reducing glass.

Cost of the structure, $700,000, is being met jointly by the University and the federal government, each furnishing half of the funds.

Harris Armstrong of Kirkwood, Mo., is the architect.

STRESS SMALL HOUSES AT WILLIAMSBURG SYMPOSIUM

ARCHITECTS, landscape architects and interior decorators were sprinkled among 300 people from 24 states at the fourth Colonial House & Garden Symposium held in two separate but similar sessions last month at Williamsburg, Va.

The symposium, broadened this year to include talks and discussions on small houses, was sponsored by House & Garden and Colonial Williamsburg, Inc.

Harvard Dean Joseph Hudnut’s opening talk, “We Are No Longer Colonials,” created a mild flurry when it evoked newspaper headlines like the New York Herald Tribune’s “Harvard Dean Is Critical of Williamsburg.” What Dean Hudnut intended, as he was busy reiterating next day, was a protest against copying without understanding. Houses must express the “temper of life,” he said.

Prof. Carroll L. V. Meeks of Yale discussed design of Colonial houses in New England in the first session, as did Consultant William G. Perry of Colonial Williamsburg in the second. A. Lawrence Kocher, Colonial Williamsburg Records Editor, covered Colonial house design in Virginia at both sessions.

200 ATTEND 36TH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF MICHIGAN SOCIETY OF ARCHITECTS

MORE THAN 200 architects and guests were registered at the Michigan Society of Architects’ 36th annual convention at Detroit’s Hotel Statler March 9 and 10.

A panel discussion on architects and city planning was led by presidents of the three A.I.A. chapters in Michigan: Andrew R. Morison, Detroit; Christian Steketee, Western Michigan; and Donald A. Kimball, Saginaw Valley.

“The Architect’s Responsibility to the Young Graduate” was discussed by Charles B. McGrew, George W. Sprau and John Mackenzie.

The Producers’ Council took charge of one section with a presentation of “What’s New in the Building Industry,” supplementing comprehensive displays of members’ products.

Eleven hundred attended the banquet, at which Col. George B. Walbridge of Walbridge-Aldinger Co., general contractors, received an award for service to the building industry. William Hazlett Upson was the speaker, and Roger Allen, A.I.A., toastmaster.

Carl B. Marr, A.I.A., of Detroit, was convention chairman.
APARTMENT DESIGN PRIZE-WINNERS ANNOUNCED

Iowa State Senior Is First in Timber Engineering Competition

Maurice E. Freitag, 25-year-old senior student in architecture at Iowa State College, Ames, Ia., has won the $1500 First Major Award in the architectural prize competition sponsored by the Timber Engineering Co.

Mr. Freitag's design for an eight-family residential building of wood frame construction was adjudged best of 276 entries submitted by practicing architects and architectural students in the nationwide competition.

Student entries were also judged in a separate category; and in this division the first prize of $500 has been awarded to Emmitt A. Ingram Jr., a senior student in architecture at Texas A. and M. University, College Station, Tex.

Other major awards were made as follows: Second Prize ($750) — C. E. Stade, architect, and M. J. Dolan, engineer, Chicago, Ill.; Third Prize ($500) — R. T. Morrisett, architect, Springfield, Ill.

These student awards were also given: Second Prize ($250) — Allan B. Mitchell, Carnegie Tech; Third Prize ($150) — Milton Holtzman, Georgia Tech.

In addition, there were 10 major Honorable Mentions ($100) and seven student Honorable Mentions ($50).

The general problem of the competition, which had the approval of the Committee on Competitions of the American Institute of Architects, was the design and plot layout of a residential building of wood frame construction with wood exterior finish. The building was to provide living accommodations for eight families of such sizes as would be encountered in a rental project catering to moderate income groups. The contest located the building in a suburban area where ample ground on the site was available for service, parking, play, garden and lawn areas. It was requested that designs postulate a building similar in scale and character to a well-planned single family residence in privacy, appeal and opportunity for use of outdoor space.

Mr. Freitag's first prize design was conceived for a location at Fort Dodge, Ia., described as follows: "The plot is at the northern end of a large block with the apartment forming the northern part of a perimeter composed of private dwellings. The interior of the block provides an area of community green and gravelled play areas."

The modern character of Mr. Freitag's entry has been achieved without resort to bizarre detail. The judges felt the building had been well oriented for sun and view, and that apartment units had been planned with good circulation. It was also noted that garages had been well related to the entrance of duplex apartments, and that the north (front) elevation had been skillfully designed.


Copies of the Jury Report are available from: Timber Engineering Co., 1319 18th St., N.W., Washington 6, D. C.

Below: Maurice E. Freitag's First Major Award-winning board for the Timber Engineering Co. apartment competition

WOOD GARDEN APARTMENT COMPETITION
Steel truss problems of heat loss, heat intrusion and condensation solved

For under 15c sq. ft. material plus labor

IN FACTORIES, WAREHOUSES, HOSPITALS, SCHOOLS, MARKETS, ARENAS, THEATRES, FIREPROOF RESIDENCES, ETC.

It is hard to keep these structures comfortably warm or cool. In addition, condensation forms, often drips, causes damage. These problems are solved by using 3, tough, never-touching sheets of aluminum, compartmented by 2 fiber or asbestos partitions.

Steel beams are good conductors, exchange much heat with the surrounding atmosphere, causing condensation, and need insulation against heat and vapor flow. Multiple accordion aluminum sheets allow no vapor to pass; are non-condensation-forming; retain no moisture. With their zero permeability, they push out fortuitous vapor from wall, floor, and ceiling spaces. They emit practically no heat on the cold side—only 3%.

Contrast this with the necessity of heating-up tons of steel and mass insulation (usually wet) which wastefully emit 90% heat on the cold side. In summer, iron, steel, mass insulations, and most building materials, continue to radiate uncomfortable heat into a room long after the outside air has cooled. Multiple accordion aluminum sheets not only are cool at night, but all through the hot summer day often maintain temperatures 10° to 20° cooler than the shade outside.

Insulation as described above is technically called Type 6 Infra.

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APRIL 1950 13
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For complete information on Watrous Flush Valves write for Catalog No. 449.

School of Medicine and Dentistry and Strong Memorial Hospital of the University of Rochester, Rochester, N. Y.

Shown at left in this aerial view is New Psychiatric Clinic. This outstanding Medical Center is typical of the many fine buildings in which Watrous Flush Valves are installed.

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Architects

A. W. HOPEMAN & SONS CO.
General Contractors

WRIGHT & ALEXANDER CO.
Plumbing Contractors

ADJUSTABLE FLUSH VALVES
BOTH DIAPHRAGM AND PISTON TYPES

THE IMPERIAL BRASS MANUFACTURING CO.
1240 W. Harrison Street, Chicago 7, Illinois
Congress permitted Title VI (Sec. 608) National Housing Act to expire March 1 and temporarily failed to take any action on the Title I and II programs, thereby injecting the usual amount of confusion and uncertainty into the operations of the housing industry. True, architects and builders had been warned by federal housing officials and members of Congress as well that they could expect these events—at least there was repeated assurance that the Sec. 608 rental housing insurance program would end. Nevertheless, as March began, Federal Housing Administration field offices were swamped with their application backlogs and the whole construction industry waited to see how Congress would resolve, if indeed it would resolve, the newly posed problem of dangling programs.

The government’s economy housing program, hinging on the continued operations under Title II, appeared to be in no danger despite delays permitted by Congress. The $8.5 billion revolving fund was returning several million dollars for loan insurance on small homes each month. FHA officials admitted that if no further money authorizations were forthcoming from Congress “in a few weeks,” the Title II small homes program would slow down to its more normal course of two years ago. There has been a synthetic stimulation of the Title II activity over the past 20 months or so which would certainly disappear if the current revolving fund total had to be relied on for full operations.

The middle-income housing bill, however, as it was reported out by the Senate Banking Committee a month ago, proposed to increase the amount by $1750 million — $750 million to be made available immediately and $1 billion later at the discretion of the President. Thus the tendencies during March pointed toward a return of the housing insurance programs to prewar purposes.

The regular permanent mortgage insurance provided under Title II was first set up in 1934 for sale and rental housing, based on the long-term economic value (as a basis for valuation) rather than on necessary current costs. The latter phrase, applying to such “emergency” measures as the Sec. 608 rental housing program, had its warborn critical connotation. This is reflected in the Banking Committee’s report on Sen. Sparkman’s middle-income housing bill, S. 2246: “Unlike the periodic authorizations under Title VI, the Title II authorization was intended to provide a permanent revolving fund related to the outstanding obligations of insured mortgages.”

Now, with the Title VI provisions definitely out of the picture, architects and builders will be turning to what advantages they can find in Title II sections. Even before Congress finally acted on the legislation, FHA field offices were told to inform applicants for Sec. 608 commitments that they may have the option of converting the 608s requested to Sec. 207 under Title II. If they decided to convert, they would be credited with fees paid. If cost estimating had been completed by the FHA office on the 608 application, but no commitment had been issued prior to expiration of the program March 1, applicants were told their fees would not be returned.

No new application was necessary to convert. It was required merely that the proposed construction meet all the requirements of Sec. 207, Title II, which varied in considerable detail from the former Sec. 608 requirements under Title VI.

(Under the expired section, FHA insured up to $9000 per unit or 90 per cent of the cost. If Congress put through the middle-income bill, and thereby amended the National Housing Act, insurance of 90 per cent of the first $7000 and 60 per cent of the balance up to $10,000 would be provided.)

During the past few months the Title II authorization has been used up at an average monthly rate of $178 million. It is therefore essential, says the Banking group, that an increase be provided.

Larger Houses Needed

Congress was beginning to recognize the legitimate complaint of architects that they cannot plan, and builders that they cannot construct, housing of adequate size under federal programs.

(Continued on page 16)
of limiting benefit. The Banking Committee of the Senate put it this way: "The testimony presented to your committee indicated that it is generally difficult, if not impossible, for a builder to erect a three- or four-bedroom house at a cost that will permit him and the purchaser to receive full advantage of mortgage insurance on the most favorable terms."

This general language of the committee means that it is convinced, from the arguments given it by builders, that the law should be changed to provide more incentive to the planning and construction of homes with more space. This is expressed in the terms "three-bedroom and four-bedroom houses."

To achieve such a goal — design and erection of larger homes, particularly in metropolitan areas where the need is felt to be greatest — the Sparkman bill would do this:

Amend Sec. 203 (b) (2) (D) of the National Housing Act to authorize insurance of a 30-year mortgage which does not exceed $6650, or 96 per cent of the value of the property up to not more than $7000 value. This boosts the present maximum eligible mortgage amount by $650 for the most liberal FHA insurance. It provided further that if the FHA Commissioner finds it not feasible, within this increased dollar amount limitation, to construct dwellings with three or four bedrooms each without sacrifice of sound standards of construction, design and livability, he may increase the eligible mortgage amount by $950 or less for each additional bedroom in excess of two. The total amount of the mortgage under this section thus could not exceed $7600 on a three-bedroom house valued at $8000, or $8550 on a four-bedroom house valued at $9000.

Progress of the Legislation

Writers of the bill said they expected FHA to proceed immediately with a re-examination of its minimum property requirements. It was expected to make changes necessary to bring the additional benefits outlined above to the home construction industry. Congress appears to be convinced that minimum standard changes must accompany lib-

(Continued on page 18)
New General Electric booklet gives practical help on school lighting!

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Never before a booklet like this! It's packed with helpful ideas on how to design the best school lighting systems. Covers wide variety of installations. Authoritative information, based on American Standard Practice for School Lighting. Easy to read. Practical to use. Handy pocket size. For your free copy, send coupon below or write to General Electric Company, Lamp Department, Div. 166-AR-4, Nela Park, Cleveland 12, Ohio.

Tells how to select wall and trim colors

Shows 6 actual wall and trim colors. All designed to produce efficient, comfortable, balanced-brightness environment. For north, south, east and west exposure class-rooms, and cafeterias, corridors, washrooms, libraries, art rooms, foyers, kindergartens.

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COMPARISON OF FILAMENT AND FLUORESCENT LIGHTING. How the systems compare for wattage, initial cost, maintenance. Factors that influence selection of each.

FACTORS IN COMFORTABLE LIGHTING. The three components that affect visual efficiency and comfort of students.

RECOMMENDED REFLECTANCE PATTERN. Diagram shows brightness ratios for ceiling, wall areas, floor, chalkboard, tackboard, desk top, trims. Gives recommended wood and floor finishes.

RECOMMENDED FOOTCANDLE LEVELS. Lists minimum maintained footcandles for various rooms in school. Defines illumination terms.

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GENERAL ELECTRIC
eralizing of the law. For by what other method, it is asked, can the planning of essential accommodations other than bedrooms be insured?

For example, a small dining room in a two-bedroom house which may be adequate for a family with one or two children, would be totally inadequate in a three-bedroom house for a family with four children. It is apparent also that design standards for a three-bed-

room or four-bedroom house should be quite different in other respects from design standards appropriate for one-

and two-bedroom dwellings.

The legislation came out of the Bank-
ing committees of both houses only after it had been shuffled and re-shuf-

fled with the result that clean bills were finally introduced by each group. While

the House committee sought to make

Title I improvement loan insurance a permanent affair, the Senate committee

finally backed down to a two-year ex-
tension after hearing Chairman McCabe

of the Federal Reserve Board testify on inflationary aspects of the measure.

These and other less-important dif-

ferences would have to be ironed out in conference if the legislation were to get

that far.

The House Banking committee voted

its bill out 11 to 4 after extensive hear-

ings. It contained the highly debatable cooperative housing section and imme-

diately ran up against Rules Committee opposition. It became more and more

apparent that Committee Chairman Spence would have to invoke the 21-day rule to bypass the Rules group. The

House last fall voted down a direct loan proposal for cooperative and other non-

profit housing corporations. Its mood is not likely to have changed much on the subject by this time. The Appropriations

Committee is beginning to show signs of raising the economy axe again, and at

this writing the middle-income bill faced a stormy floor session in the lower body.

The Republicans withheld their op-

position in large measure during the committee hearings, offering no amend-

ments in executive session. The big blow was being delayed purposely for

the floor battle.

Chances for the middle-income pro-

gram appeared somewhat better on the Senate side, although Senator Robert A.

Taft (R-Ohio), an acknowledged friend

of former housing measures on the liberal side, had come out against this one. He apparently disagreed with the

proposed move to set up a National Mortgage Corporation for Cooperative

Housing in which the federal govern-

ment would sink $100 million as an initial investment. This sum, it was

argued by proponents, would be re-

placed eventually by $200 million of privately subscribed share capital.

The measure could not get to the


Sparkman had hopes of its being called up before the Gas bill, scheduled after DP's, and Floor Leader Lucas

had assured it would certainly come up before the expected filibuster on FEPC.

Meanwhile, Senators Sparkman and Maybank clung to their previous assur-

ance there would be no more tem-

porary extensions of mortgage insurance programs before the consideration of the

middle-income proposal (the Housing

Act of 1950), S. 2246.

(Continued on page 20)
Now you can plan
a fine field house, gym or auditorium
to meet a limited budget

YOU PROVIDE
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WE PROVIDE THE
STANDARD STEEL FRAME

Saves time, saves engineering expense,
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**APRIL 1950**
WASHINGTON Cont. from p. 18

Federal Building Program

General Services Administration spokesmen are taking the view that all construction now stands at a turning point in its postwar course. Expressing this position before the Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., assembled for annual convention in San Francisco, James W. Follin, a GSA special assistant, said the relative position of construction volume in relation to the entire economy needs to be studied closely. We may well be at a turning point, he opined. Either construction shall begin to move forward from here on to occupy its proper position in the national economy, or it shall begin to taper off so that the country will not have the facilities it needs nor the construction industry the opportunity to utilize fully its talents.

With private building declining some-what, Follin fears the balance will be lost unless this decline is reversed or public construction is increased to offset the drop. A private construction drop of moderate degree in 1949 was offset by a $1 billion increase in public construction. Now, those in the know are looking for public construction to increase still further in 1950—probably to $6 billion.

Follin observed: “Public construction expenditures are steadily approaching the historic ratio of one-third of total construction, or one-half of private construction. Will they reach this position, and can they be even further increased?” There is an obvious need for higher annual public construction volume. The known needs in all fields make the $6 billion annual figure “seem so grossly inadequate.”

Planning Program Proceeds

GSA is moving ahead with the revived advance planning program for non-federal public works. Working on the initial $25 million made available by Congress for commitment, the agency was accelerating its loan approvals in a way reminiscent of the days before the program was temporarily stopped on July 1, 1947. Applications are being received in increasing number and now exceed $10 million in loans requested. These interest-free loans pay for the planning of such projects as schools, hospitals, local streets, municipal buildings, waterworks, etc.

GSA feels the most important feature of this advance loan program to be this: it inculcates into municipal practice orderly and considerate habits, under which adequate time is taken to plan on a long-range basis and for thorough design of public improvements. This procedure, it is claimed, obviates the need for hurried and precipitate and frequently incomplete treatment when projects are planned and designed after the projects have been submitted to the electorate, and bonds voted, when the public has probably become impatient for the improvements.

Finally, the federal government’s building needs are known to be very great; the lack of needed facilities is costly in itself. A $40 million site acquisition and plan preparation program is now in progress. This will encompass 575 projects spreading through all Congressional districts; post offices for the most part. No construction funds for this have been appropriated but sentiment for starting actual building in (Continued on page 22)
FIVE FUNCTIONAL TYPES

Complete the Scope of Corbin Famed "900" Series Unit Locks and Latches

900-735—For Apartments, Public Buildings and Office Doors. Similar to 900-780 except that key-operated cylinder in inside knob replaces turn piece. Tamper-proof locking security.

900-710—Interior Door Latchset. Operates by knob from either side at all times.

900-740—Designed for School, Classroom Doors. Key operated locking mechanism in outside knob only. Normal turn of inside knob opens door at all times.

900-730—Privacy Lockset for Bath or Bedroom Doors. Operates by knob from either side except when locked by push-button in inside knob. Turn of inside knob releases locking mechanism.

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THE RECORD REPORTS

WASHINGTON
(Continued from page 20)

1951 is developing. In the main, private architects are designing these structures; architects located in the particular districts.

Shorts

- The Federal Housing Administration issued commitments on approximately 18,000 units of prefabricated housing in 1949, about half the volume of all prefabricated housing turned out. Yet FHA insured only one-third of the total housing volume produced in all types. The prefab commitments covered $118 million in loans advanced by private lenders, an increase over the 1948 business. Largest loan insurance activity centered in midwestern states where the larger plants are located.

- The military housing construction program under the Wherry Act (Title VIII) had gone through the throes of an adjustment period. Defense Secretary Louis Johnson reviewed processing procedures after halting applications Dec. 16. The ban was effective about two months and a half. Before applications were stopped, construction had started on 2250 units, but the three services had approved preliminary plans for 31,000 dwelling units. This is rental housing constructed by private builders and designed by private architects. It is located on or near military reservations. The stop order did not affect Wherry Act projects where proposals had been received or scheduled. It shut off new proposals only.

- The building industry showed keen interest in the fate of the fabulous Lustron Corp., makers of enamel-covered steel houses at Columbus, Ohio. Reconstruction Finance Corp. had gone ahead with its foreclosure action, asking a receiver in an effort to recoup as much as possible of its $37.5 million loans to the firm.

MODULAR COORDINATION FUND APPROACHES GOAL

The American Institute of Architects and the Producers' Council, co-sponsors of modular coordination, have set up a plan which will result in a specialist being retained by the Department of
Education and Research of the A.I.A. to promote the use of modular coordination.

According to Charles M. Mortensen, managing director of the Producers' Council, prospects are bright for reaching the goal of $15,000 for the special fund being contributed by manufacturers of building materials and equipment to promote wider understanding and adoption of modular coordination as a means of reducing construction costs. The fund, to which the A.I.A. is also contributing, is being set up within the American Architectural Foundation.

"Considerable emphasis has been given to the adoption of modular coordination through the efforts of the Housing and Home Finance Agency," Mr. Mortensen said, "but the work of that agency is confined to housing. The raising of the special fund will mean that proper emphasis also can be placed on the use of modular design and materials in commercial, industrial and other non-residential construction.

"The fact that substantial savings in building costs can be effected by coordinating the dimensions of materials has been demonstrated beyond question by studies undertaken at the University of Illinois and by use of the principles in actual construction of hospitals and other buildings."

ON THE CALENDAR


Apr. 19-21: Spring Meeting, American Society of Civil Engineers, Los Angeles, Calif.

Through Apr. 29: Eleventh Annual Exhibition, National Serigraph Society, Serigraph Galleries, 38 W. 57th St., New York, N. Y.

Apr. 11–May 7: Exhibition of photographs and drawings of recently completed school buildings, The Art Alliance, 251 S. 18th St., Philadelphia.

May 1-3: 38th Annual Meeting, Chamber of Commerce of the United States, Washington, D. C.

May 6-8: Meeting of the Board of Directors, The American Institute of Architects, Washington, D. C.

May 8-9: 36th Annual Meeting of the Association of Collegiate Schools of Architecture, Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D. C.

(Continued on page 24)
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ARCHITECTURAL SCHOOLS SHOULD CREATE ARTISTS, Howe Asserts

The producing of artists was the function ascribed to architectural schools in a speech by Chairman George Howe of the Yale Department of Architecture before alumni of the School of Fine Arts.

"I hasten to add," he said, "that an artist who is not technically competent in his art is no artist. Some critic has said that every esthetic advance of an artist is a new technical experience. That is important."

Discussing the common criticisms of architectural schools by architects on the ground that they do not adequately prepare for a professional career, Professor Howe warned that "we must not lose sight of the fact that the primary purpose of architectural schools is to create architects, not to prepare draftsmen for office work."

"Draftsmen as such can probably be better prepared in technical schools and offices. The comparative success that architectural schools have achieved in creating architects is easier to estimate than their alleged failure in preparing draftsmen, for it is visible to the eye in our buildings, and it is not unworthy of admiration."

Professor Howe said that more good young architects are being prepared for practice now because of the "encouragement of free individual development in the field of design."

"With this process over-emphasis on technical preparation must not be al... (Continued on page 184)
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APRIL 1950
### THE RECORD REPORTS

#### CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES

**Labor and Materials**

United States average 1926–1929 = 100

*Presented by Clyde Shute, manager, Statistical and Research Division, F. W. Dodge Corp., from data compiled by E. H. Boeckh & Assocs., Inc.*

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The index numbers shown are for combined material and labor costs. The indexes for each separate type of construction relate to the United States average for 1926–29 for that particular type — considered 100.

Cost comparisons, as percentage differences for any particular type of construction, are possible between localities, or periods of time within the same city, by dividing the difference between the two index numbers by one of them; i.e.: index for city A = 110

index for city B = 95

(both indexes must be for the same type of construction).

Then: costs in A are approximately 16 per cent higher than in B.

\[
\frac{110 - 95}{95} = 0.158
\]

Conversely: costs in B are approximately 14 per cent lower than in A.

\[
\frac{110 - 95}{110} = 0.136
\]

Cost comparisons cannot be made between different types of construction because the index numbers for each type relate to a different U. S. average for 1926–29.

Material prices and wage rates used in the current indexes make no allowance for payments in excess of published list prices, thus indexes reflect minimum costs and not necessarily actual costs.

These index numbers will appear whenever changes are significant.
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APRIL 1950
REQUERED READING

RURAL SCHOOLS


"In the preparation of this volume," the introduction states, "the fact was kept constantly in mind that consolidation of schools of small communities is one of the chief reasons for the great demand for new school buildings in the United States. Planning the new school building is one of the first major tasks of the new consolidated district. The effectiveness of consolidation depends in a large measure on how well the school building is adapted to educational and community needs."

The volume was prepared by a staff of experts especially appointed to study school needs throughout the country. It represents the combined thinking of educators, laymen and architects in many widely separated areas; its avowed purpose is "to help the local community find its own answers" to its school planning problems.

The report is divided into four parts, by far the largest of which is the second, "Rural School Building Plans." This is the architects' own section, well supplied with plans of schools ranging in size from the one-teacher elementary school to the complex 12-grade consolidated school with its provisions for community activity. The plans are not presented as "ideal" ("there is no such thing as an 'ideal' plan which will meet all conditions"), but as examples of what is being done. Each is accompanied by a one-page description pointing up the main features. There are basic plans and alternatives; details; diagrammaties; site plans; classroom schematics; plans for special facilities such as workshops and canning centers, school kitchens, gymnasiums, agriculture units, art studios, homemaking departments. There are even plans for a "teacherage" for the isolated country school.

To the school architect such a collection of plans, all of them large and clearly drawn, should be of immense interest. The rest of the volume—Part I on the planning of a school building the best solution.... In districts somewhat larger, the six-grade secondary school has found favor. The typical district where the six-year school is planned has an area of 75 to 150 square miles and enrolls 600 to 1000 pupils." Units of the latter size require in addition several strategically placed elementary schools, and still larger areas need the four-year high school and the junior high school. Community facilities are provided regularly under each of the four housing plans.

Particularly interesting in conjunction with the Building Types Study in this issue of the A.R.C. is William Arild Johnson's treatment of "Economy in Schoolhouse Planning and Construction." Economy starts on the drawing board, Architect Johnson says. The research necessary to achieve it is considerable and "costs the architect extra money, but it should all be part of his job." Schools should be one-story wherever practicable, he says, listing eight reasons why. Square classrooms designed by his firm (William Arild Johnson and Associates, Architects and Engineers, Everett, Wash.) have been "more economical to build than the conventional wood-joist construction across a 24-foot span," he reports.

Other timely and interesting articles in this AMERICAN SCHOOL AND UNIVERSITY include: "The Economy of Contemporary Design," by Jay C. Van Nuys, New Jersey architect; "A Graphic Method of University Space Analysis," by Hermann H. Field, Director of Building Plans, Cleveland College of Western Reserve University; "Planning a College Library," by Earle U. Rugg, Chairman, Division of Education, Colorado State College of Education; and "Storage Cabinet Assemblies as Dividing Partitions," by John W. McLeod of McLeod and Ferrara, Architects, Washington, D. C.

New buildings described and discussed include the Morehead Building (science) at the University of North Carolina, designed by Eggers and Higgins; the Fairfax Elementary School, Fairfax, Calif., by John Lyon Reid, of Bamberger and Reid; and Bowman Hall (dormitory) at the University of Kentucky, designed by John F. Wilson. The latter half of the book contains, (Continued on page 30)
Mahon Insulated Metal Walls are available with aluminum, stainless steel, or galvanized steel exterior plates. Interior plates are galvanized steel. Insulation is two inches of Fiberglas. Thermal properties are excellent—a uniform overall “U” factor of 0.15, which is equivalent to that of a 28 inch solid masonry wall, or a 16 inch masonry wall of face brick, concrete block, furred insulating board lath and plaster. Pilasters, coping and other effects, for individual architectural treatment, may be produced by simply reversing the standard wall plates, which can be rolled in any length up to 55 ft. to produce high expanses of unbroken wall surface without horizontal joints. The power house below is a typical application. Mahon Insulated Metal Walls in combination with a Mahon Steel Deck Roof cost less, provide a firesafe, permanent building which can be quickly and economically erected in any season of the year. See Sweet’s Files for complete information and construction details, or write for Catalogs B-49-A and B.

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REQUIRED READING

(Continued from page 28)

as usual, product information of all kinds, and cumulative indexes to editorial subjects and authors for the past 11 editions.

SCHOOL LIBRARIES


"Within the last few years the concept of the function of the school library has broadened in three major respects, all of which should affect the planning of school library facilities."

(1) The librarian now stimulates demands for library service instead of being expected to mark time until a teacher makes demands upon him and his library, the usual, former practice; (2) the conception of library materials is expanding; and (3) the teaching function of the librarian is becoming more important. These aspects levy new responsibilities upon library planners.

In light of advanced educational techniques, school just isn't what it was. And its libraries no longer rely on a traditional and outmoded form, that is, of providing mere shelves for books, or hard-seated reading locations for students between classes. It has a more embracing function in the student curricular life; it has become the very nucleus of the school. Adequate provision (storage and usage space) for its new accoutrements (recordings, films and slides, charts and other source material) in addition to book and study facilities is now required.

Related here — the question of the functional format of the school library itself. The committee discusses possible shapes for the room, placement of equipment, etc. The importance of correct furniture — shelving, filing and reference cabinets, periodical storage equipment — is stressed. Details of shapes and sizes for furniture, the most efficient types of design and refinishing jobs are suggested.

Sound control and color are treated at some length. A concerted attempt should be made, the committee urges, to create an attractive atmosphere, yet

(Continued on page 32)
This used to be the coldest room in the house

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ACOUSTICS


This book is written primarily for architects, students of architecture and others who wish a non-mathematical but comprehensive treatment of architectural acoustics which will serve as a practical guide. Readers of Mr. Knudsen’s earlier book, Architectural Acoustics (John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1932), will recall that that volume made considerable use of mathematical analysis in developing basic acoustical theory.

The present volume develops background information qualitatively, omitting rigorous mathematical derivations. Emphasis is placed on the use of equations and several charts and monographs are included to facilitate application. The approach makes the volume a convenient handbook for everyday use as well as a text for developing the subject. The first part of the book is devoted to an explanation of the properties of sound, the mechanism of hearing and the behavior of sound in enclosures. The chapter on sound-absorptive materials is especially well presented. The authors’ wide practical experience is evident here from the care they take to point out the several factors other than sound absorption that must be taken into account in selecting acoustical ma-

one which is conducive to the purposes of the room. Lighting and windows each occupy a chapter; examples of many types are presented and criticized.

The conclusions of this publication are derived from material gathered together by authorities in the educational field for the purpose of helping administrators, librarians and architects in the designing and redesigning of school libraries and in the possibilities of converting classrooms into libraries. Thus, although the booklet is not directed to the architect alone, it ought to be useful to him in the planning of flexible school library quarters that will not only answer the needs of students today, but will provide for future expansion of those needs.

REQUIRED READING

(Continued from page 30)
TWICE
as many people want colored fixtures as white!

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at the never before price of only 10% more* than white!

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Suntile carries this quality right through to the guaranteed installation, too. Every job is performed by an Authorized Suntile Dealer, a craftsman who's been specially trained to give you those "3 R's" every time. He can be a big help to you in planning almost any kind of interior. Why not call on him now? See your classified telephone directory, or write us for his name. We shall be happy to serve you.

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Announcing the
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...in which large-area low-brightness illumination is integrated with acoustical control

The F. W. Wakefield Brass Company is pleased to inform the architectural profession of the availability this summer of luminous-acoustical ceilings for improved seeing and hearing in classrooms, drafting rooms, offices and other areas devoted to critical visual tasks.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION
The Wakefield Ceiling* may be described briefly as consisting of Slimline fluorescent lamps suspended from the structural ceiling slab, supported below which at a distance of about 18 inches are thin translucent corrugated plastic sheets. Suspended below the plastic sheets are perforated acoustical baffles, trapezoidal in cross section and filled with sound absorbing material.

ADVANTAGES
The integration of large-area low-brightness illumination with acoustical control offers advantages which are immediately apparent. When wall materials, colors and furniture are coordinated, The Wakefield Ceiling insures a room with low brightness ratios, excellent light diffusion and efficient sound absorption. The architectural result is quiet and discreet. Concealment of pipes and ducts is accompanied by ready availability for maintenance. The simplicity of hanger rod and T-bar chassis arrangement insures efficient ceiling attachment and economical installation. The lamps in a single installation may be controlled in various combinations to provide different levels of working illumination.

PARTIAL CEILING AREAS
Where room design or economics makes it desirable, individual luminous-acoustical panels may be installed. In one such experimental installation, 18 per cent of luminous ceiling area provided 42 footcandles below the luminous panel and 40 footcandles at the walls. Without cleaning for one year, these panels showed 25 per cent depreciation. After cleaning, the illumination was restored to within a few per cent of the original values. The cross section of the structural sides of these partial illumination areas is essentially the same as the trapezoidal acoustical baffle in the totally luminous ceiling, thus assuring a substantial degree of acoustical control.

HISTORY
The Wakefield Ceiling has been under development by The F. W. Wakefield Brass Company, Vermilion, Ohio, since 1944. It is the logical extension of a continuing effort to provide high quality lighting through luminous indirect equipment first achieved in the Wakefield COMMODORE (incandescent) in 1935 and then in the Wakefield STAR (fluorescent) in 1945.

Almost simultaneously with the Vermilion studies other studies were under way by C. M. F. Peterson, Parry Moon and H. L. Beckwith. Their large-area lighting installation was first made in Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1947. Documentation of their work has appeared in several journals recognized by the architectural, engineering and other professions.

Since the principals in these parallel developments—the Wakefield group on the one hand and the three M.I.T. engineers on the other—were favorably known to each other, it was natural that the professional abilities of the latter should be merged with the engineering and production abilities of the former.

Out of this has come The Wakefield Luminous-Acoustical Ceiling, which will be distributed from Vermilion, Ohio, beginning this summer. Meanwhile consultation at a professional level is immediately available to architects and engineers interested in learning the full story of this significant contribution to a better seeing-hearing environment. All inquiries will be accorded prompt attention by The F. W. Wakefield Brass Company, Vermilion, Ohio.

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APRIL 1950
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APRIL 1950
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- Economy on artificial light and no more maintenance of shades.
- More comfort on hot days because Aklo retards sun heat.

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**PREDICTABLE PERFORMANCE** — You can count on precisely the air diffusion pattern you have selected because Anemostats are designed according to modern fluid flow theory and precision-manufactured to close tolerances.

**A TYPE FOR EVERY NEED** — Round, semi-circular, square and straight-line . . . low pressure or high pressure! For every requirement there is a type and size Anemostat Air Diffuser exactly suited to your need . . . whether your designs call for ceiling or wall outlets . . . whether for comfort conditioning or industrial applications.

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**PATENT-PROTECTED DESIGNS** — Over a million dollars have been spent on research. Anemostat has protected its developments with more than fifty patents. That’s why Anemostat is always a step ahead . . . why only Anemostat offers all these important features.

**THE HEART OF THE MATTER** — Anemostat’s Exclusive Aspiration Effect

Due to its special design, the Anemostat distributes air of any duct velocity in a multiplicity of planes traveling in all directions. Simultaneously, the unit creates a series of countercurrents traveling toward the device which siphon into the device room air up to 35% of the supply air depending on the type and size of the unit. This room air is mixed with the supply air, within the Anemostat before the air mixture is discharged into the enclosure.

The PROOF! MORE THAN A MILLION ANEMOSTATS are now providing quality air diffusion in commercial buildings, industrial plants, hotels, stores, hospitals, theatres, restaurants, homes, buses, ships, railroad cars, military and commercial aircraft.

These installations required the solution of a great many different air distribution problems. Take advantage of this experience. What may appear to be a new air handling problem has probably already been solved by Anemostat. Call in your local Anemostat Sales Engineer who is backed by a most experienced engineering department.

**ANEMOSTAT**

**DRAFTLESS Aspirating AIR DIFFUSERS**

There is no “or equal”

ANEMOSTAT CORPORATION OF AMERICA

10 EAST 39th STREET, NEW YORK 16, N. Y.

REPRESENTATIVES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

“NO AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM IS BETTER THAN ITS AIR DISTRIBUTION”
In designing the roofs of factories, garages, stores, warehouses, and the like, it’s advisable to plan for full utilization of floor space by minimizing the use of interior columns.

Bethlehem Longspan Joists are ideal for supporting the roofs of such structures because they eliminate interior columns in floor areas up to 64 ft across, and even greater. When used on masonry bearing walls, Longspan Joists also reduce the need for pilasters. They permit pipes, conduits, and ducts to be run through the open webs of the joists. They can also be used in floor construction.

Bethlehem Longspans save time, too, for they come completely fabricated and clearly marked, ready for use without falsework. What’s more, they’re now in good supply.

If you have any question about designing with Bethlehem Longspans, put it up to the nearest Bethlehem sales office. Or drop a line to us at Bethlehem, Pa.

BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY, BETHLEHEM, PA.

On the Pacific Coast Bethlehem products are sold by
Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corporation

Export Distributor: Bethlehem Steel Export Corporation

BETHLEHEM LONGSPAN JOISTS
Business is on the carpet, and carpet is our business

You want your client's carpeting to be right...right in quality, in design, and in price. Your local Alexander Smith-Masland Carpet Contractor is a carpet specialist. He will tell you what kind of wear you can expect from each type of carpet. He will show you what is new, in weaves, designs, colors, and textures. He will estimate the cost of any type of installation. Phone him, today.

Alexander Smith and C.H. Masland
CONTRACT CARPETS
205 FIFTH AVENUE, N.Y. 16, N.Y.
Emergency Lighting
IS OF INCREASING IMPORTANCE IN MODERN SCHOOL DESIGN

Every night, in the nation's schools, thousands upon thousands of students are attending classes. Frequently other crowds of people gather in gyms and auditoriums for lectures, meetings, entertainment. All need protection from the ever-present danger of lighting failure.

Such protection is vital, for despite all precautions of utility companies, storms, floods, fires and accidents beyond their control can interrupt normal current supply. You can provide this protection for the buildings you design ... not only schools, but also hospitals, theaters, stores and other buildings where crowds gather at night.

Exide Emergency Lighting provides safe, sure, modern protection. Batteries are always fully charged ... always ready to take over the lighting load instantly and automatically when other sources fail. There are Exide Emergency Lighting systems and units to fit the requirements of every type and size of building you design.

THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY CO.
Philadelphia 32
Exide Batteries of Canada, Limited, Toronto

Exide
EMERGENCY LIGHTING

1888 ... DEPENDABLE BATTERIES FOR 62 YEARS ... 1950

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD
I F Oberlin's needs for the space shown here were to change as radically as that they could be met during the same weekend. These walls are Mills Walls—as beautiful and solid and permanent as walls can be. Yet they can be moved quickly, easily, economically to fit new space layouts without disturbing administrative or educational routine.

Completely insulated and soundproof, Mills Walls create pleasant, efficient environment for classrooms, laboratories and offices. They are distinguished by their refined architectural design, their structural stability, the pleasing soft colors of their baked-on enamel lifetime finishes. Their smooth flush surfaces are specially treated to eliminate all harsh light reflection. They will not chip or mar. They require no maintenance but occasional ordinary washing to keep their fresh new look.

Maximum mobility with a minimum of labor is achieved through exclusive Mills features, the result of thirty years experience in this field. All-welded panel prefabrication permits easy erection and rearrangement. Entire sections of walls can be moved intact, units are interchangeable. Since all parts are reused there is no loss of materials. Air conditioning, light and phone lines are easily installed in separate lay-in raceways in panel connections, cornice and base.

Complete responsibility for the design, construction and installation of Mills Movable Metal Walls is characteristic of Mills service.

THE MILLS COMPANY
961 WAYSIDE ROAD • CLEVELAND 10, OHIO

You'll find this new 48-page Mills Catalog bound into Sweet's File, Architectural, for 1950—or we'll be glad to send you an easy-to-handle copy for your individual use. Just ask for Catalog No. 50.
A glance at this pleasing school exterior shows plainly that the interior is also completely satisfying.

Large openings, making a "window-wall" of Hope's Steel Windows in each classroom, give full daylight and an easily adjusted brightness pattern, providing correct natural illumination on every desk.

Clear glass set in narrow steel frames offers the restfulness and hygiene of distant vision to young eyes that need frequent relief from close work.

Note also that the ventilating casements are convenient to operate and assure perfect control of fresh outdoor air.

Such school rooms foster superior health records. Also, when Hope's Steel Windows are used, they provide most satisfying records of economy in construction and maintenance.

Write for Hope's Catalog and illustrations of school fenestration. Hope's Engineering Department, experienced in hundreds of school window installations, is at your service.

HOPE'S WINDOWS, INC., Jamestown, N.Y.

THE FINEST BUILDINGS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD ARE FITTED WITH HOPE'S WINDOWS
When you specify *Pittsburgh Steeltex* for masonry veneer, you get a better wall for two very basic reasons. First, the veneer and frame are more completely bonded together, thus providing greater mutual assistance against later settling and distortion. Second, you'll never have the trouble of wet sheathing. For further good reasons to specify *Steeltex* see our catalog in Sweet's or write for your copy of our catalog D. S. 132, Dept. AR, Pittsburgh Steel Products Company, Grant Bldg., Pittsburgh 30, Pa.
FOR HOMES, for buildings of all kinds, Twindow, Pittsburgh's window with built-in insulation, offers new latitude in window design. Twindow makes it possible to gain all the popular advantages of large windows, without sacrificing heating or air-conditioning economy. Architect: Seymour Joseph, New York.

**TWINDOW** is made up of two or more panes of Pittsburgh Polished Plate Glass, with a sealed-in air space between them. When composed of two panes, it provides almost twice the insulating effectiveness of single-glazed windows. When three or more panes of glass make up the Twindow unit, even better insulation results. 45 standard picture window sizes are available for either wood or steel sash.

TODAY, STORE FRONTS try to make sure that passers-by won't pass them by. And they use large expanses of glass to achieve the desired attraction-power. Architects have proved to their satisfaction that Pittsburgh Glass Products can supply the beauty and appeal they demand in the execution of their store front designs. For example, Carrara Structural Glass, Herculite Doors, Pittsburgh Plate Glass and Pitco Metal make a wonderful team to help you create store fronts and interiors of distinction. Architect: Maurer & Maurer, South Bend, Indiana.
AT THE SUNNYBROOK HOSPITAL, Toronto, Canada, Pennvernon Window Glass was chosen to glaze the many windows involved. Being window glass at its best, Pennvernon has been found eminently satisfactory for applications of every kind. It has a degree of clarity, beauty and freedom from distortion exceptional in a sheet glass.

applications of GLASS construction

IN THIS SAME hospital, Carrara Structural Glass on washroom walls offers unique advantages. For Carrara is an ever-lasting material, distinctively beautiful, easy to keep clean and sparkling. It has a reflective, flawless surface. And it can be etched, sandblasted, laminated, fluted or bent for all kinds of original effects. Carrara is truly "the quality structural glass of infinite possibilities." Architects: Allward & Gouinlock, Toronto, Canada.

Your Sweet's Catalog File contains a complete listing and descriptions of Pittsburgh Glass Company products.

DESIGN IT BETTER WITH— Pittsburgh Glass

PAINTS • GLASS • CHEMICALS • BRUSHES • PLASTICS

PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS COMPANY

APRIL 1950
Show your clients dozens of different door and wall combinations
WITH THE Roddiscraft DOOR AND PLYWOOD SELECTOR

You Can Show Your Clients in Full Color Exactly the Kind of Doors and Wall Treatments You Are Planning

Sometimes — with only words and samples — it's pretty hard to make your clients understand exactly the combinations of doors and wall treatments you have in mind.

But with a Roddiscraft Door and Plywood Selector you can show them dozens of different combinations of doors and walls. You can let them see for themselves precisely how the finished job will look.

The Roddiscraft Door and Plywood Selector includes ten different doors and ten different wall treatments — reproduced in true color on thick enamel stock.

This remarkable visual aid for architects was developed by Roddiscraft with the aid of a well-known architect. Now you'll be able to give your clients a future look at the finished job. A "sight-satisfied" client will be your reward.

Write to us on your letterhead, and we will send you a Door Selector free. Additional sets for your clients, 15¢ apiece.

Roddiscraft
RODDIS PLYWOOD CORPORATION
Marshfield, Wisconsin

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD
"Plug-In" Strip provides convenience in location through a s-p-r-e-a-d of outlets. Outlets every 6" or 18".

TYPE CF2-G
"Plug-In" Strip permits use of grounded or ungrounded devices from the same outlet.

A dual-purpose, metal-clad, multi-outlet assembly—two electrical wiring systems in one.

Type CF2-G Grounding "Plug-In" Strip permits use of grounded or ungrounded devices from the same outlet.

UNLIMITED APPLICATIONS ... in FACTORIES ... OFFICES ... STORES ... HOMES ... HOTELS ... APARTMENTS ... SCHOOLS ... HOSPITALS ... INSTITUTIONS ... "Plug-In" Strip is a professional material. Consult your electrical contractor for installation. Grounding "Plug-In" Strip meets contemplated revisions in the National Electrical Code covering grounded electrical systems. Type CF2-G Grounding "Plug-In" Strip is the quickest and easiest method of meeting grounding requirements. Write for our free folder "Grounding Plug-In Strip."

Listed by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.

National Electric
PRODUCTS CORPORATION
1327 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BUILDING, PITTSBURGH 19, PENNSYLVANIA
Marlite helped this hospital cut costs two thirds on a big remodeling job

HUGE SAVINGS EFFECTED ... When the Massillon City Hospital, Massillon, Ohio, planned extensive remodeling of their five surgeries, scrub-up rooms, milk laboratory and other areas, Marlite plastic-finished wall and ceiling panels were chosen, over all other wall surfacing materials because of their ease and speed of application, clean attractiveness and long-time durability. Marlite helped the Massillon City Hospital complete what would have been a $125,000 modernization job for $40,000!

HANDED OWN INSTALLATION ... Big savings resulted because the hospital’s own building mechanics were able to install Marlite. Large, wall-size Marlite panels are easy to cut and fit, go up over any wall, save fuss and muss. That’s why, today, you’ll find more and more architects specifying Marlite for modern interiors in institutions, hotels, clubs, stores, chain markets, theatres and other similar installations.

WRITE FOR ... full color, illustrated folders and installation details. See Sweet’s Architectural File for information on the wide range of Marlite sizes, colors and patterns. MARSH WALL PRODUCTS, INC., Dept. 405, Dover, Ohio. Subsidiary of Masonite Corporation.

The five modern operating rooms at Massillon City Hospital have been remodeled in Light Green Velvetex Marlite wall panels . . . as easy on the eyes as they are easy to clean and maintain. These durable walls will never require costly periodic painting or refinishing.

Two new scrub-up rooms reflect spotless cleanliness with their walls and ceilings of gleaming White Velvetex Marlite. Marlite’s exclusive plastic finish seals out dirt, grease, alkalies, odors, stains and moisture . . . seals in the restful, eye-pleasing colors.

Massillon’s new spic-and-span Milk Laboratory is second to none. Snow White Velvetex Marlite panels cover walls and ceiling. They are constantly subjected to moisture, high heat and hot steam—yet retain their sparkling, permanent finish and lustre.

Marlite even covers the big exhaust hood located in the remodeled sterilization room, and is unaffected by constant temperature changes. And cleaning time in all the Marlite-paneled rooms has been cut 75%—for Marlite’s hard, smooth, sparkling surface does not retain dirt or stains.

M A R L I T E — G O O D F O R H O M E M O D E R N I Z A T I O N, T O O

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD
The unusual and distinctive effect created by the “Astra” design is made more dramatic by its placement 7" from the door edge, as illustrated. This is made possible by the Schlage “long backset.”

Schlage “long backset” locks are easy to install—have the dependable Schlage mechanism—proved by more than a quarter century in use.

Do you have the new Schlage brochure illustrating “long backset” locks and designs? You may have your copy by sending for booklet No. AR-630.

Dramatic “Astra,”
May be placed 5, 7, or 10 inches from door edge, (longer backsets available).
NATIONAL Pipe gets first call for the United Nation's "Secretariat" Building

IN this 39-story skyscraper, the first structure in the permanent home of the United Nations, more than 400 tons of steel pipe were supplied by NATIONAL Tube Company. 178 tons went into the heating and air-conditioning systems, 208 tons were used in the plumbing lines, 23 tons serve as stair hand railings.

NATIONAL Pipe, produced by the world's largest maker of tubular products and used almost exclusively in this important building, is the same NATIONAL Pipe that has been giving uniformly good service for more than sixty years in all types of buildings throughout America. Constantly improved, thoroughly dependable, NATIONAL Pipe offers the most service per dollar of cost.

NATIONAL Pipe offers the user more for his money because there's more put into it. Its manufacture combines the finest steel making practice and the most advanced pipe making techniques. As a result, NATIONAL Steel Pipe is unsurpassed for its uniformity in all respects. Strong, clean, easy to thread and to weld, it installs readily, and performs so dependably that the passing years serve merely to demonstrate its superiority.

We welcome the opportunity to show you where and how NATIONAL Pipe can be used to improve your installations and to reduce their long-time cost.
The diagram above shows a common type of floor drain fixture installed. Note that the upper layer of insulation must be cut because of the position of the drain pipe. The insulating envelope must also be pierced to accommodate the tall dimensions of this drain.

This drawing shows how a properly designed cold storage room drain can be installed. The lead-off pipe clears the upper layer of insulation. Because of its squat dimensions, this drain is readily installed without making a complete break in the flooring insulation.

How to install floor drains in refrigerated rooms

When you're planning a low-temperature room, remember that the use of a standard type floor drain results in higher installation costs and weakens the insulation envelope.

In standard drains the outlet leads away from the trap below the wearing floor, making it necessary to tunnel it through the insulation. Labor costs go up, and insulation thickness is reduced at this point. The place where the traps of these drains completely pierce the insulation is a weak spot where trouble may develop.

By choosing drains specially designed for cold rooms, these weaknesses can be corrected. The distance between outlet and base of these drains is shorter than in standard fixtures. Lead-off piping runs in the wearing floor. There's no need to tunnel through the floor insulation and reduce its efficiency. The shallow trap also allows for insulation thickness below its base.

Cold room drains and piping are installed before the last layer of floor insulation is laid. The last layer then is fitted under the drain pipe and around the trap, where it's sealed with hot asphalt. Then the concrete wearing floor is poured flush with the drain grating.

Correct design of a low-temperature room calls for a specialized knowledge of many details that aren't found in ordinary building plans. Armstrong engineers are familiar with these details. When you have a question involving the design of a low-temperature room, take advantage of their specialized knowledge. The complete contract service these men represent also offers you quality insulating materials and skilled mechanics to apply them. Call the Armstrong District Office located nearest you or write today to Armstrong Cork Company, 2404 Concord Street, Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

ARMSTRONG'S INDUSTRIAL INSULATIONS

M A T E R I A L S  A  I N S T A L L A T I O N

FOR ALL TEMPERATURES FROM 300° F. BELOW ZERO TO 2800° F.

APRIL 1950
KOHLER

DRINKING FOUNTAINS

Low-cost maintenance—Lasting Beauty

Drinking fountains should receive careful consideration when you plan for the building or remodeling of a school plant. Kohler drinking fountains perform efficiently during their entire term of constant and often rough usage. They meet the health regulations of all States, appeal to architects' interest in design and beauty, and school administrators' concern for safety and low-cost maintenance.

Other advantages include a drinking mound of the best angle and height for convenience and sanitation; an automatic volume regulator that keeps the mound uniform under varying pressures; a self-closing valve adjustable for continuous flow; and especially designed bubbler head that defeats any attempt at mischievous squirting.

Kohler drinking fountains are used daily in hundreds of schools throughout the nation. Write now for "Kohler Plumbing Fixtures for Industrial Plants, Public Buildings, Clubs, Schools" showing a line of Kohler fixtures suitable for use in washrooms, gymnasiums and corridors. Kohler Co., Dept. 8-P, Kohler, Wisconsin.

Rockbrook K-5340-A. Vitreous china wall-hanging type with back. Bowl 12x12x16".
Daybrook K-5335-A. Vitreous china wall-hanging type. Bowl 14x10".
Vanbrook K-5368-A (above) and Vanguard K-5370-A (below). Recessed vitreous china drinking fountain and cuspidor—recommended combination for gymnasium. 30" high, 16½" wide, 11" front-to-back.
Edgebrook K-5390-A. Enameled iron wall-hanging type. Bowl 12x8".

KOHLER OF KOHLER

PLUMBING FIXTURES • HEATING EQUIPMENT • ELECTRIC PLANTS • AIR-COOLED ENGINES

62

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD
ECONOMICAL INITIAL COST
Simplified design and construction of the basic chassis, side-panels and reflecta-louver assembly result in production economies which are passed on to the ultimate users.

LOW INSTALLATION COST
One man, working from the side and not from the bottom, hangs the bare chassis in a minimum of time. Side-panel and reflecta-louver assembly snap into position after the chassis is hung; no tools required. The 8-foot chassis requires less hangers and less installation time.

MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY
Permaflor Lighting Engineers have designed the Monroe to give efficiencies up to 83% with 25-35 shielding. Brightness comes well within the I.E.S. recommendations.

SIMPLIFIED MAINTENANCE
Cleaning or relamping is fast and simple. Reflecta-louver assembly hinges down from either side; full-length fibre-plate snaps out quickly for easy access to wiring channel and ballast.

FLEXIBLE APPLICATION
Plastic, aluminum or steel side-panels... reflector-closures that attach for totally direct lighting... and individual or inline installation with or without hangers—make the Monroe the “ideal” unit for many varied applications.

THESE ADVANTAGES ADD UP TO ALL AROUND LIGHTING ECONOMY!
Write today for complete details on this exceptional series of fluorescent luminaires.

PITTSBURGH REFLECTOR COMPANY
402 Oliver Bldg., Pittsburgh 22, Pa.
Please send me your bulletin which describes the Monroe Series in detail and shows specification, photometric and installation details.

Name ____________________________
Title ____________________________
Company ____________________________
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Bright, resilient, tough, Northern Hard Maple in schoolroom service, by happy coincidence, lends itself admirably to modern styling. Its light-reflecting qualities may be used to the fullest, or modified in finishing to any desired degree. Its easy maintenance and lifetime endurance are features of powerful appeal.

Very appreciable economies are achieved with no sacrifice of beauty, utility or durability, by use of Second Grade, Second-and-Better Grade, or in some areas, Third Grade. Strict MFMA grading regulations (See Sweet's) enforced by veteran MFMA inspectors, positively assure thoroughly sound wood and precise dimensions in all MFMA grades.

May we send you newest MFMA folders covering latest approved list of finishes and finishing methods, as well as the economy possibilities of Second and Third Grades?
1. It gives you faster printing intermediates. Now you can speed up quantity print production...save time and money...with new Kodagraph Autopositive Film! What's more, you, or your local blueprinter, can expose this amazing reproduction material in high-intensity blueprint or direct-process machines...or in a vacuum frame; develop it in standard photographic solutions. You get positive intermediates directly...and the job can be done quickly, economically...under ordinary light.

2. It holds detail—amazingly. Kodagraph Autopositive Film combines a high-contrast photographic emulsion and famous Kodak safety film base. It catches the finest line—keeps close lines from "filling in." Think what an aid this new intermediate material will be in producing print-making "masters" from difficult originals...how it can save you many thousands of dollars in redrafting costs—while assuring final prints of highest quality!

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INDUSTRIAL PHOTOGRAPHIC DIVISION
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For Hinge-and-Door teamwork...

specify STANLEY TEMPLATE BUTT HINGES for metal doors

Architects like the smooth operating efficiency and long life of Stanley Ball Bearing Template Hinges. Every Stanley Template Butt Hinge fits exactly the sinkage and screw hole location in both door and jamb made to U. S. Standard Template.

This hinge and door teamwork—made dependable by Stanley accuracy in manufacture—will save worker time, cut building costs, and assure the durable service that makes satisfied clients. Insist on butt hinges that bear the name Stanley. There is an architectural Hardware Consultant in your vicinity whose specialized knowledge and training is at your service. The Stanley Works, New Britain, Connecticut.

Specify 2 Ball Bearing Template Butt Hinges. For medium weight doors receiving average frequency service, BB174 Template shown here is recommended.

Specify Extra Heavy 4 Ball Bearing Template Butt Hinges. On heavy hollow metal doors or hollow metal doors with high frequency service.

Stanley Template Butt Hinges are made in steel, brass, bronze, stainless steel, aluminum, and are exact in size and gauge of metal. Each hinge is stamped with the class number on the back.

STANLEY

HARDWARE • TOOLS • ELECTRIC TOOLS • STEEL STRAPPING • STEEL
Cafeterias, Libraries, Lobbies and other “dressed-up” areas in a school call for something special in planning and design. Consider the particular fitness of Flexachrome® for floors, and Mura-Tex® for walls, in locations of this kind.

The first thing about these plastic-asbestos materials to catch the eye is their brilliant color range. 33 sparkling hues to vitalize interiors. Rich, bright, true colors that bring striking beauty to floors and walls.

And they’re matched colors. Flexachrome and Mura-Tex are made in companion colors . . . decorator-designed to blend or contrast perfectly with one another.

This color balance is only one virtue of these modern floor and wall coverings. Another is the tile-at-a-time installation that allows almost endless pattern variety. Still a third is the custom-cut inserts that enable you to use personalized designs in floors and walls. And, because they’re truly greaseproof, Flexachrome and Mura-Tex are ideal for coping with grease-abuse in kitchen, dining and similar areas.

In addition, maintenance is simple and economical; durability is exceptional. You can specify Flexachrome and Mura-Tex for floors and walls with the comfortable assurance that you’re giving clients cost-per-square-foot-per-year that’s astonishingly low.

Let us send you complete specifications on these plastic-asbestos materials. You’ll find they not only make clients happy . . . they’re stimulating to work with. THE TILE-TEX DIVISION, The Flintkote Company, Dept. S, 1234 McKinley St., Chicago Heights, Ill.

*REGISTERED TRADEMARK, THE FLINTKOTE COMPANY
New décor for the famous "lower bar" of the Mark Hopkins Hotel—keynoted by Bigelow's rich, springy Delrock Wilton Carpet in a subtle-colored modern leaf design. Installation by Conklin Brothers of San Francisco, working with Bigelow's Carpet Counsel.

Among the famous names at the Mark Hopkins...

"Bigelow"... registering on every floor

Two years of viewing plans... three and a half weeks of concentrated remodeling and redecorating...

The result: a new air of distinction for San Francisco's famed Mark Hopkins Hotel. You walk through the familiar rooms, and your eye meets pleasurable new color combinations; your feet sink springily into deep-textured new Bigelow Carpets.

Over 1200 yards of luxurious leaf-design carpets lead through the "lower bar"... the Peacock Lounge and into the "Room of the Dons." Each one looks familiar to you... because, to keep the pleasant associations, only color-décor and appointments have been changed.

The Bigelow Carpet Counsel worked with the interior designers, to choose Bigelow Carpets that would be perfectly attuned in design and color, that would feel soft and welcoming; that would give superb year-in, year-out service.

If you are contemplating an important carpet installation, and find problems such as these confronting you, let Bigelow's Carpet Counsel help you to the happiest solution.

Call on one of the 26 Carpet Counsel Offices near you or write to the Bigelow Carpet Counsel, at 140 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y.

BIGELOW Rugs and Carpets

Beauty you can see... quality you can trust... since 1825
For colored concrete floors or sidewalks specify the use of Colorundum. For interiors or exteriors of hotels, banks, stores, hospitals, show rooms, service stations and factories you get bright, colorful surfaces with a wear-resistant topping of long life—at practically the cost of an average concrete floor or sidewalk—highly decorative and modern in effect. Colors are red, brown, green, french grey and black.

Colorundum is a dry powder, composed of coloring mediums, fused aggregates, water-repellent and hardening elements, plus cementitious binders. Colorundum is a dust-coat floated and trowelled into the topping. The non-slip, dense surface makes it an ideal flooring on new work or when replacing old concrete floors.
YOUR MARGIN OF SAFETY!

What makes a steel window extra strong? The answer: EXTRA STEEL! Proof is this 1\(\frac{3}{4}\)" deep section of Mesker Intermediate Windows — the deepest section of any window made. It means Mesker Windows resist wind and shock better than any other windows; hence involve fewer risks when used in large openings. It means you can do things with Mesker Windows you’d hesitate to try with any other. Take no chances by using windows of questionable strength, especially in large openings! Specify MESKER, the strongest window made.
design it LIGHT
build it STRONG
with Mesker "window walls"

Here’s proof that Mesker STEEL Windows are the answer to more dramatic modern design, controlled ventilation, maximum natural light... plus tremendous savings in wall construction! More architects than ever are designing buildings like that shown here. Here’s a structure with almost a mile of Mesker Steel Windows 6' 9" high. That adds up to a square foot of window area for every $2\frac{1}{2}$ square feet of floor area! Many similar buildings have as little as half this window area. Think how much more natural light will carry deep into every floor of this 15-story building. 65 percent of the walls are windows! What’s more, consider the additional ventilation available in a mile of windows — and it’s perfectly controlled ventilation. Compare the cost of Mesker Steel Windows with any type of wall construction. Compare the beauty, utility and low cost with any other window. You’ll agree you can design lighter, stronger, lower cost "window walls" with Mesker STEEL Windows — the strongest windows made!

FOR COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS, FOR HOSPITALS
Announcing

New $\frac{3}{16}$" gauge KENCORK

At New Low Prices!

Now Kencork's Complete Floor Beauty costs your clients less than wall-to-wall broadloom

News for Small Home Developments

- Now you can suggest this luxury floor for use in low cost home developments... for the first time offering a truly outstanding flooring at very little extra cost. Architects' specifications carrying this recommendation may provide the exact home-selling feature that new "merchant-builders" and contractors are looking for.

Now you can offer your clients wonderful Kencork's many advantages at lower prices than ever before! This resilient flooring does the work of floor and carpeting alike... rich nut-brown cork tiles offer restful, quiet comfort underfoot... provide a perfect flooring that won't wear out through years of use. Staining liquids that permanently damage carpeting can be easily wiped off Kencork. Kencork insulates floors against heat and cold... is ideal for use with radiant heating panels. Specify this new gauge Kencork for every installation where practical luxury is your client's first requirement.

Specify Kencork Walls in new $\frac{3}{16}$" gauge, too. Your clients will be delighted with this distinctive, luxury wall treatment at the new lower cost.

DAVID E. KENNEDY, INC., 58 Second Avenue, Brooklyn 15, N. Y.

RESILIENT FLOORING FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS... KENTILE • RUBBER TILE • KENCORK

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD
FOR ECONOMY

FOR QUICK SELECTION

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Tri-Flex

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FOR ECONOMY . . .
size standardization of Tri-Flex and Aero-
Vane Grilles and Registers has resulted in
efficient mass production methods that
mean real savings.

FOR QUICK SELECTION . . .
size standardization has simplified the specification of
grilles and registers to meet normal job requirements.

FOR PROMPT DELIVERY . . .
size standardization means on-the-shelf stock
. . . job completion without costly delays.

And all standard items are individually packaged in sturdy
cartons for protection . . . for handling convenience. Easy
to-read labels facilitate sorting and locating.

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and engineering data,
write for a copy of
Catalog 485.

TUTTLE & BAILEY inc
NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT

APRIL 1950
Looking For a Helpful Suggestion?

HERE'S A PRACTICAL WAY TO BUILD—

1. A STRUCTURE to house or shelter a plant operation or commercial enterprise.

2. A STEEL AND ALUMINUM building combining good structural design with a minimum of structural units and materials.

3. A PERMANENT BUILDING that goes up like a mushroom. Longspans are framed into columns joined with eave struts and you have a structure ready to close in.

4. TO SPEED UP attachment of aluminum siding and roofing plates, Macomber Nailable Steel Purlins and Girts complete the job.

To have one of these buildings for any size property—any width, any length, any height, all we need is your out-to-out measurements and clear height under Longspans.

Macomber will design your building, fabricate all units, erect it anywhere you wish and hand you the key.

You can have load concentrations such as monorails, cranes, hoists, heating equipment. You can have any type of sash and doors. You name it. Macomber will supply it and make scheduled deliveries. Write us.

HOME, SCHOOL, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL FLOOR AND ROOF SYSTEMS

STANDARDIZED STEEL BUILDING PRODUCTS

MACOMBER • INCORPORATED
CANTON, OHIO

IN CANADA, SARNIA BRIDGE CO., LIMITED, SARNIA, ONT.
IN MEXICO D. F.—MACOMBER DE MEXICO S. A. CEDRO 500

V BAR JOISTS • LONGSPANS • BOWSTRING TRUSSES • STEEL DECK

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD
2-WAY PROTECTION WITH SQUARE D CIRCUIT BREAKERS

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THERMAL-MAGNETIC

—combining the proven advantages of both Thermal and Magnetic tripping elements. They give positive protection against dangerous overloads and act instantaneously on "shorts." Useless tripping on harmless momentary overloads is eliminated.

1 THERMAL element is a bi-metal providing positive and timed response to heating effects of both load current and surrounding atmosphere. The life of wire insulation is prolonged by limiting total temperature to a safe value.

2 MAGNETIC element responds instantaneously to higher values of current characteristic of dangerous overloads and "shorts." Damage is minimized.

Both ELEMENTS ARE NEEDED FOR Complete PROTECTION!

Write for Bulletin SA 590
Square D Company, 6060 Rivard Street,
Detroit 11, Michigan
Ventilation

The Nesbitt Syncretizer Unit Ventilator, Series 500, semi-recessed model.

Nesbitt open storage cabinets are made in several standard lengths.

When desired, a Nesbitt convector may become a unit in the "Package."

Also in three-foot lengths, closed cabinets with receding doors, locks.

Adjustable fill-in sections make complete wall-to-wall assemblies.

"The Nesbitt Package"

The Nesbitt Series 500 Syncretizer may be installed independently (semi-recessed or non-recessed models); or it may be perfectly integrated (non-recessed models) with Nesbitt open or closed storage cabinets (and convector when desired) to form The Nesbitt Package.

This utilitarian ensemble — an original Nesbitt development — makes good use of the space below windows to provide the storage and display conveniences needed in the modern classroom. The available components are described at the left. Distinctive features are the one-piece linoleum top, receding doors on the closed cabinets, modern art colors, and other refinements. Send for publication 261.
With today's most attractive unit ventilator being at once the most satisfactory guardian of comfort in the classroom, the problem of ventilation in your schoolhouse planning deserves a straight, sure answer: NESBITT.

Appealing as the beauty and the convenience of The Nesbitt Package are, the paramount reason for going Nesbitt exists in the performance characteristics of the Series 500 unit ventilator.

All that you know about the fine points of thermal balance is comprehended in the advanced features of this unit. For instance, you know that the real threat to classroom comfort lies in the cold walls and exposed surfaces—especially in the large window area—which rob the occupants of body heat on cold days, even when the room thermostat registers 70 degrees.

The built-in Comfort Control of the Nesbitt Syncretizer answers this problem by constantly sampling the outdoor air and automatically adjusting the minimum temperature of the ventilating air-stream: warmer as the outside temperature falls, cooler as the outside temperature rises.

Besides, there is the Nesbitt Outdoor Air Volume Stabilizer. Two pivoted vanes located within the unit at the outdoor air inlet gradually restrict the opening as wind velocities increase, preventing excessive quantities of cold air from entering the unit. This plus feature accounts for much of the unit’s added economy and satisfaction.

Moreover, the Nesbitt Directed Flow Adjustable Outlet: A series of adjustable vanes below the discharge grille permits the direction of the air-stream to be varied over a wide range. This makes possible the selection of a discharge pattern best suited to a particular classroom installation, and makes optimum use of the uniformly tempered air-stream created by the Nesbitt radiator with its dual steam-distributing tubes.

These exclusive features—and many others proved in more than 85,000 installations—provide a new standard of classroom comfort which a representative of John J. Nesbitt, Inc., or American Blower Corporation will be glad to discuss with you.

LUCKY KIDS ... up to now

Are the school children in your neighborhood actually protected against the dangers of fire? Or have they just been lucky up to now?

When you stop to realize that year in and year out there is an average of five school fires each day—all too many of which spell tragedy—you’ll be inclined to agree that it may be luck. And that now’s the time to check their protection before that luck runs out.

Almost all schools have efficient, periodic fire drills...and that is of prime importance. So is “fireproof” construction. Yet how can they be deemed adequate protection when interiors are often like tinder...when basement-ignited fire can eat its way through walls to break out unexpectedly or “flash” upward through vents and stair-wells to demoralize orderly retreat, seal off escape, spread destruction and death?

No, by the time fire “breaks out” in a school, it is generally too late. Here, if ever, is the place where it is absolutely imperative to control fire at its start, with automatic certainty!

Fires that start in schools can be controlled wherever and whenever they start, and with automatic certainty, by a Grinnell Automatic Sprinkler System. Seventy-five years experience shows that practically 100% of fires starting in buildings protected by Grinnell Automatic Sprinkler Systems are extinguished before doing material damage.

SEE THAT GRINNELL SPRINKLER HEADS ARE ON GUARD

In schools, as well as in hospitals, hotels, theaters and factories, there is a moral obligation upon management for the utmost in protection of life and property. For your own sake be sure the schools, the hospitals, the hotels, and the plants for which you are responsible are protected with the famous Grinnell Automatic Sprinkler heads—your assurance of positive, automatic protection against fire. Grinnell Company, Inc., Providence, Rhode Island.

GRINNELL
FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD
New WALL RADIATION

for Schools, Institutional, Commercial, Industrial and Residential Uses

Fedders Wall Radiation provides new lower costs...easier and greater space-saving installations...lighter weight...easier handling...easier stocking.

Increased efficiency of transferring heat is assured by the pattern stamped in the fins which creates a turbulent scrubbing action of airflow against fins. This die-formed pattern also produces greater fin strength.

Three styles of enclosures are available as illustrated.

Fedders Wall Radiation for steam and hot water lines is available in lengths from 2 to 12 feet in 6 inch increments. 38 and 50 fins per foot on 1 1/4 inch tube and 24 fins per foot on 2 inch tubes. Write for catalog WR-C1 TODAY.
YOU CAN HOLD DOWN THE COST PER YEAR

About nine times out of ten the finest thing you can buy gives you the lowest cost per year over the period of its long life—an actual over-all saving instead of a premium for the satisfaction of having the finest.

Take drop-forged Von Duprin panic exit devices for example: the superior workmanship, the precision forging, the supremely safe, sure, quick exit they provide, are yours at lowest cost. Their higher price is quickly balanced by their freedom from up-keep or repair expense, so that the yearly cost, over the life of the building, becomes the lowest at which you can supply any adequate panic exit device service.

It's no wonder that more and more people are insisting on Von Duprins.

VON DUPRIN DIVISION, VONNEGUT HARDWARE CO., INDIANAPOLIS 9, INDIANA

Von Duprin
FIRST IMPRESSIONS count heavily when milady is off on a shopping spree. The artistry of alluring window display, expertly framed, presents irresistible appeal to eye and purse. Trim and beautiful Brasco Settings add the touch that completes the picture and sets it off to best advantage.

Architects detail Brasco not only for its sound structural strength but also for the variety of custom designed effects easily obtained with our wide selection of standard stock members. Choice of either handsome stainless steel or anodized aluminum offers quality store front metals to suit varying conditions and budgets.

Owners prefer Brasco because its distinguished appearance helps to identify the store as smart, up-to-the-minute and pleasant to shop in. Regardless of the size of your store front job you can build it better with Brasco. Write for our 1950 catalog and full size construction details.

** A COMPLETE LINE FOR EVERY DESIGN **

Brasco MANUFACTURING CO. HARVEY · (Chicago Suburb) · ILLINOIS

Specialists in Metal Store Front Construction for more than 40 Years
AIR CONDITIONING
RETAIL FOOD STORES

By H. M. Hendrickson, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering, University of Washington

Although, basically, air conditioning the large retail food store or supermarket provides comfort for both customers and employees, it also supplies the following six essential benefits:

1. **Better keeping qualities** of the food being sold;
2. **Maintenance of the food** in more satisfactory condition at the point of sale;
3. **Reduction in the frequency** of cleaning and painting of the store interior;
4. **Proper ventilation** to reduce odors from fruits, vegetables and other store stocks;
5. **Prevention of dust** entering from outside the store;
6. **Improvement in the operation** of meat cases, frozen-food cases, ice cream cabinets and walk-in refrigerators.

**METHODS OF AIR CONDITIONING**

While it is possible under certain special outside temperature conditions to use straight ventilation or evaporative cooling, a system using mechanical refrigeration is the most positive and the most universally satisfactory method of providing comfort conditions.

Beside reducing temperature in summer, an air conditioning system also delivers filtered, dehumidified air to the selling area.

Cooling can be supplied by a central air conditioning system which employs one large refrigeration unit and air ducts to convey the conditioned air to outlets in the store, or by means of a number of properly placed self-contained or packaged air conditioners.

Unit air conditioners should be located near the points of greatest cooling load so as to blanket these areas with cool air. However, it is not usually considered good practice to blow cold air from unit conditioners over the fresh fruit and vegetable areas because of the danger of dehydrating such produce.

**AIR CIRCULATION**

It is not economical to circulate 100 per cent outside air except in localities where cool well water can be pumped cheaply and used for precooling the incoming air. Therefore, air conditioning systems use about 25 per cent fresh outside air and 75 per cent recirculated air. Dampers are installed so that all fresh air can be circulated during mild outside weather. The store should have about five complete air changes per hour.

When large quantities of fresh air are used, a positive pressure is produced which prevents outside dirt and dust from entering the store. However, the excess air must be vented to the attic and then

Photo courtesy of York Corporation, York, Pa.
to the outside by means of roof ventilators.

**DESIGN DATA**

Inside temperature conditions should be maintained in summer at 78 to 80 degrees F. and the relative humidity at 50 per cent.

In planning air conditioning systems for the retail food stores, the designer should consider that one horsepower of the refrigeration compressor will produce one ton of refrigeration effect, or perhaps slightly more. One ton of refrigeration will serve from 300 to 500 sq. ft. of floor area, depending upon climatic conditions. Air circulation should be from 1 to 1.25 c.f.m. for each square foot of floor area.

A fan-cooling system with refrigeration, or one employing a number of small 3- or 5-h.p. unit or packaged air conditioners, generally costs from $1.00 to $1.50 per square foot of floor area, or from $400 to $600 per ton of refrigeration. A good average figure to use is $500 per ton of refrigeration.

Based on a cooling season of 1000 operating hours for the equipment, and power costs of 1.5 cents per kilowatt-hour, a rough average figure for operation and maintenance is $30 per ton refrigeration per season. This figure does not include interest and depreciation on the capital investment.

To help reduce operating costs, satisfactory insulation against heat gain from the outside is an important consideration. For one-story buildings, a minimum requirement is to have 3 to 4 inches of roof or ceiling insulation.

Unless the store has its own well system, a cooling tower or an evaporative condenser should be installed to save on the cooling water required. This applies to both packaged units and central air conditioning systems.

**HEATING**

During the winter, particularly in cold climates, heating must be provided for the comfort of customers and employees. Where a central air conditioning system using air ducts is employed, one main heating coil may be installed in the duct system.

However, it is advisable to have some type of booster heater at the entrances to offset drafts and to provide greater comfort for the employees at the check-out stations. While employees at check-out stations may require 70 degrees F., customers are comfortable at 65 degrees F., for they are wearing street clothes and are moving about.

Auxiliary humidification is seldom provided for the heating of retail food stores.

Operating costs for the heating cycle vary so greatly with climatic conditions and fuel costs that it is practically impossible to set an average figure.

**DEVELOPMENTS**

The further development of unit or packaged air conditioning units may reduce costs sufficiently so that air conditioning will be attractive to the 475,000 major retail food stores in the United States. Several large food chains have already tried the packaged air conditioners with considerable success.

The architect and engineer will find that the retail food store is a field full of opportunities for the application of new and improved methods of air conditioning, with possibilities for both radiant heating and the heat pump.

**FREON® SAFE REFRIGERANTS**

Plans for retail stores or modern super markets today must provide for air conditioning and refrigeration. These must be adequate to assure comfort for customers and employees and optimum conditions for protecting perishable foodstuffs.

The safety of the system cannot be overemphasized in any establishment serving the public. These refrigerants are safe . . . nontoxic, nonflammable, nonexplosive, odorless and nonirritating . . . ideal for store and super market applications. That is why architects, consulting engineers and distributors of equipment unhesitatingly recommend "Freon®" safe refrigerants for use in both air conditioning and refrigeration systems. It is to your client's advantage at all times to stress the importance of selecting equipment designed to utilize "Freon®" refrigerants. Kinetic Chemicals, Inc., Tenth and Market Streets, Wilmington 98, Delaware.
Design...Unlimited!

Efficiency...Unexcelled!

Beauty...Unrivalled!

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SQUARE & RECTANGULAR AIR DIFFUSERS

Design: AGITAIR square and rectangular air diffusers are tailor-made to suit conditions of each application. The vanes and louvres are assembled in a variety of arrangements to provide blows in ONE, TWO, THREE or FOUR directions.

Efficiency: AGITAIR square and rectangular air diffusers assure 100% control of air volume and direction of discharge from any location without the use of makeshift blank-offs or oversized outlets. Put them anywhere—center of ceiling, off-center or corner...sidewall or baseboard. Yes—AGITAIR diffusers give you maximum efficiency from any location.

Beauty: AGITAIR square and rectangular air diffusers, available in numerous vane arrangements and patterns, blend perfectly with modern ceiling treatments. They are the natural choice of designers to complete an artistic decorative effect.

Write for Complete Data

AIR DEVICES, INC.
17 EAST 42nd ST. • NEW YORK 17, N.Y.

AIR DIFFUSERS • AIR FILTERS • ROOF EXHAUSTERS

Here's the Secret of Greater Diffusing Ability:

Patented built-in vanes deflect the air in numerous divergent streams resulting in turbulence at the point of contact with the aspirated air. Result: Rapid mixing, diffusion and temperature equalization.

THE DIFFUSING VANES MAKE THE DIFFERENCE
There's more than just one type of stainless steel . . . because stainless applies to a family of steels. And in order to get the best possible results from stainless in your application, the right analysis must be used.

That's why Crucible, a pioneer in the development of this specialty, offers you the services of an alert staff of metallurgists to help you with your stainless application problem.

Crucible's half century of specialty steel leadership is built on a strong foundation of service to Industry . . . with attention to detail . . . whether the order is in tons or pounds. From the ground up, Crucible designed and put into operation one of the first integrated mills built specifically to hot and cold roll stainless steel. This $13,000,000 addition gives Crucible facilities to provide industry with stainless in every form.

There is no substitute for Crucible's background of 50 years of specialty experience. Let Crucible show you how to apply stainless steels to your products. One call from you puts us to work on your application.

CRUCIBLE STEEL COMPANY OF AMERICA, Chrysler Building, New York 17, N. Y.
OUR BUSINESS IS IMPROVING YOUR BUSINESS

USE THIS

TO SAVE TIME ON
YOUR NEXT TOUGH
AIR CONDITIONING JOB

As near as your phone is a York-trained air conditioning and refrigeration engineer. Let his experience-sharpened, specialized knowledge knock the drudgery from your next tough job—from preliminary plans to final installation inspection.

Behind his technical lore lie thousands of successful York installations in every type of business and industry. And to save you post-installation headaches and time-consuming chores, York offers its unique Certified Maintenance Plan. A service assuring continuous efficiency and top-peak performance—at costs that are determined in advance.

York's complete line of refrigeration and air conditioning products are the result of 75 years of production know-how and fruitful research. Your clients have full faith in the name—a deserved trust.

Check today with your York District Office. The York-trained engineer is able, fully qualified. See how his wide-range technical experience dovetails with your T-square and triangle—how he can serve to save you time in design and detail work. No obligation, of course. York Corporation, York, Pennsylvania.

"See Your Architect, Engineer, Contractor, First"

York believes in channeling contract work through you, and York gives you unequaled support in providing the finest central station systems possible...

- a complete line of equipment
- competitive prices
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YORK
Refrigeration and Air Conditioning
HEADQUARTERS FOR MECHANICAL COOLING SINCE 1885
Insulite* Bildrite Sheathing

Offers

222% More Insulating Value than Wood Sheathing

ONE LAYER OF INSULITE SHEATHING
EQUALS
TWO LAYERS OF WOOD SHEATHING

It's 10° below zero in that laboratory "cold room." On the other side of the test panel it's 70° above zero—average room temperature. This was a test to re-create actual living conditions in an average home. We wanted to compare the insulating value of INSULITE Sheathing and wood sheathing.

Here's what the laboratory reported

Delicate instruments measured the heat flow through the materials from the "warm room" side to the "cold room" side. INSULITE performed an amazing insulating job! Here are the facts:

- INSULITE resisted heat loss better than twice as well as wood.
- Engineers call this the "k" factor, and the "k" factor of INSULITE was 222% better than that of wood.
- One layer of INSULITE (3/8" Bildrite Sheathing) provided more insulating value than 2 layers of wood sheathing.
- Besides double the insulating value, Bildrite also gives you double the bracing strength of wood sheathing horizontally applied. It's water-proofed throughout—every fiber protected.

That's why INSULITE builds better—gives more for the money. Warmer homes in winter, cooler homes in summer. Specify Double-Duty INSULITE.

Refer to Sweet's File, Architectural Section 10a/8

April 1950
CRANE

the preferred school plumbing

CRANE COOLBROOK
Drinking Fountain

One of a complete new quality line ideal for school installations. Removable cover plate for easy access... bright vitreous china for quick cleaning... durability to withstand years of tough school usage. For everything in school plumbing, consult your Crane Branch or Crane Wholesaler.

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PLUMBING AND HEATING
VALVES • FITTINGS • PIPE
Are you a Quiz Kid on Fluorescent Lighting?

try this quiz to test yourself

Q. Is the light output of a fluorescent tube affected by ballast operation?
A. Yes. Some uncertified ballasts reduce light output by 20%! CERTIFIED BALLASTS assure rated light output.

Q. Does the ballast affect lamp life?
A. Decidedly. Improperly designed ballasts can lower lamp life by as much as 1,000 hours in a 40 watt lamp. CERTIFIED BALLASTS assure full lamp life.

Q. How can one guard against overheated ballasts?
A. Use CERTIFIED BALLASTS in well designed fixtures.

Q. Do some ballasts last longer than others?
A. Yes. A CERTIFIED BALLAST should outlast the life of the installation.

Q. Can ballasts be a source of noise?
A. Audible "humming" is often due to the ballast. CERTIFIED BALLASTS produce a minimum of noise.

Q. What ballasts are made to exacting specifications, then tested and checked by Electrical Testing Laboratories, Inc., who certify that they conform to these specifications?
A. CERTIFIED BALLASTS!

Q. Who makes CERTIFIED BALLASTS?
A. Any manufacturer who wishes to produce ballasts that meet the specifications may participate in the CERTIFIED BALLAST MANUFACTURERS program. Currently 10 leading ballast manufacturers are producing CERTIFIED BALLASTS.

BE SURE... ALWAYS SPECIFY CERTIFIED BALLASTS!

CERTIFIED BALLAST MANUFACTURERS

Makers of Certified Ballasts for Fluorescent Lighting

2116 KEITH BLDG., CLEVELAND 15, OHIO

APRIL 1950
This is the way to balance windows... and weatherstrip them too!

Combination

SASH BALANCE AND WEATHERSTRIP UNIT
Do two jobs at once on any double-hung window. Here is an installation on an economy frame giving an all metal sash run. Or simply "cap" old or new wood parting beads. Allmetal Sash Balance gives stable sash—provides finger-tip control—cuts labor and material costs and provides better windows by weatherstriping as well as balancing. Send for complete information now.

LOW COST Cabinets with TOP QUALITY Features
by LAWSON

Quality features found only in more costly cabinets are built into these low cost cabinets by Lawson:
- ONE PIECE DRAWN SEAMLESS STEEL BODY.
- Easy-To-Clean rounded inside corners.
- Baked White Enamel Finish.
- Full Length Piano Type Hinge.
- Stainless Steel Adjustable Shelf Supports.
- Stainless Steel Mirror Frame.
- BONDERIZED AFTER FORMING for protection against rust and corrosion. Gives maximum adhesion of enamel to metal.

Compare these features with those in other cabinets, higher priced.

Write for catalog on LAWSON Bathroom Cabinets and chrome accessories...

THE F. H. LAWSON CO.
802 EVANS ST.
CINCINNATI 4, OHIO
234 NEW PHILADELPHIA HOMES COMPLETELY EQUIPPED WITH RICHMOND PLUMBING AND HEATING

It’s a Richmond exclusive! Each home in this fine new Philadelphia housing development uses four Richmond plumbing fixtures and one Richmond heating unit—identical or similar to those shown below.

It’s Richmond’s own Philadelphia story—and a familiar one in quality housing, nationwide. For quality homes demand quality plumbing and heating—and Richmond gives them just that, plus the economy that comes from efficient operation.

Next time you figure on a job, consider Richmond before you decide. Richmond has a complete line of both cast-iron and vitreous china plumbing fixtures as well as a wide range of heating equipment, both oil- and gas-fired warm air furnaces and gas boilers. And Richmond has a long-standing reputation for customer satisfaction that’s hard to beat.
Then... picture an ingenious system of luminaires... a masterpiece of simplicity and beauty... with the unique ability to transform your every creative lighting idea into reality... and you have...

Let your imagination run riot!

Picture long sweeping curves of fluorescent illumination... circular contours... dramatic abstract shapes... acute angle patterns...
A "package" of spectacular new versatility
... circular lens units or spots with luminous sides... 2- and 4-light linear sections, Slimline in 4', 6', 8' lengths or standard fluorescent in 4' and 8' sections... individual mounting or continuous runs... unlimited straight or flexible combinations... ceiling or suspended...

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Please send me your FREE booklet "PLEXOLINE...
IMAGINATION AT WORK."

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Ten Years Ago...

In August, 1939, this concrete test paving was laid in Second Avenue North, Minneapolis. The badly scaled section of roadway in the background was made with regular portland cement. The foreground section, laid at the same time, was made with Atlas Duraplastic—the first commercial use of the air-entraining portland cement originated and developed by Universal Atlas.

Both sections, subjected to the severity of ten Minneapolis winters and to heavy applications of de-icing salts, are shown just as they appeared in July, 1949—convincing proof of the characteristic durability of Duraplastic concrete, of its high resistance to freezing-thawing weather and the scaling action of de-icing salts. Longitudinal structural crack shows some ravelling. Note perfect transverse joint.

Today... more plastic

easy-to-place structural concrete

with DURAPLASTIC*

During the past decade, the advantages of Atlas Duraplastic air-entraining cement for paving concrete have been increasingly applied to structural and mass concrete—for foundations, walls, columns and floors; for slip-form work, gunite, stucco and other uses.

particularly, has the increased plasticity of Duraplastic concrete been of benefit in structural work. For example, on this elevator mill and warehouse, the contractor reported, “Use of Duraplastic saved about 12 man-hours of labor per day while running concrete walls. First job on which we have used Duraplastic, and were more than satisfied with the results. Will use it in the future.”

As it does for paving concrete, Duraplastic for structural and mass concrete permits the use of less mixing water for a given slump. The resulting mix is more plastic, more workable, more uniform and more cohesive. It’s easy to place and finish. Water-gain and segregation are reduced. Surface appearance is improved and exhibits higher resistance to the effects of weather-exposure.

Duraplastic provides the precise amount of air-entraining agent interground with the cement for satisfactory field performance. It complies with ASTM and Federal specifications, sells at the same price as regular cement and calls for no unusual changes in procedure.

OFFICES: Albany, Birmingham, Boston, Chicago, Dayton, Kansas City, Minneapolis, New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, St. Louis, Waco.

*“Duraplastic” is the registered trade mark of the air-entraining portland cement manufactured by Universal Atlas Cement Company.
That's a fact! So strong, so rigid are Vampco all-aluminum ribbon windows that they provide their own lintels. Deep head flanges and heavy mullions bear the load with ease.

Vampco pioneered this construction, employing extra-heavy high-tensile-strength extruded aluminum alloy. Now… as of 1950… it has been tried and tested in hundreds of attractive, satisfactory installations. Here's a proven window that can save you many hundreds of dollars in construction costs—a window that will perform well and look well for life without one dollar of maintenance.

Vampco ribbon units are fabricated to your order in lengths up to 25 feet… vents up to 40" high by 48" wide. Heads and sills are continuous and absolutely water-tight. Shipped fully assembled, ready for installation. Ask our engineering department for help on specifications!

WRITE
Dept. AR 4
our Engineering Department for money-saving suggestions… Consult SWEET’S for standard sizes and specifications.

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ARCHITECTS—LOUIS C. KINGSCOTT & ASSOCIATES
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CONTRACTOR—M. C. J. BILLINGHAM, Inc., Kalamazoo, Michigan

FOR ALL THESE WINDOW TYPES— IN LIFETIME ALUMINUM

VALLEY METAL PRODUCTS COMPANY—PLAINWELL, MICHIGAN
WITH A GROUNDED RACEWAY

ELECTRUNITE E.M.T.
Gives FULL Protection from SERVICE ENTRANCE to APPLIANCE

With a grounded raceway of ELECTRUNITE E.M.T. there's no danger of stray currents running amuck in residential wiring installations. Not only does ELECTRUNITE E.M.T. provide safe, fireproof wiring protection . . . its rigid steel walls furnish a positive ground all the way from the service entrance to the outlet.

Today, with more and more residential wiring installations featuring a variety of motor-driven appliances, the importance of the "extra" grounding circuit cannot be over-emphasized. By specifying grounded raceways of ELECTRUNITE E.M.T. and appropriate receptacles, you assure your clients this vitally-needed protection without excessive cost.

For complete information about modern ELECTRUNITE E.M.T. and its easy-to-install advantages which keep wiring installation moving "on-time", write, wire or phone today.

REPUBLIC STEEL CORPORATION
STEEL AND TUBES DIVISION • CLEVELAND 8, OHIO
Export Department: Chrysler Building, New York 17, New York

Lightweight Threadless Rigid Steel Raceway
beautiful carpet deserves the best installation

**Specify smoothedge TACKLESS METHOD**

"Smoothedge" tackless installation was specified in the beautiful Holmby Hills home of Mr. and Mrs. Alan Ladd. Alan Ladd now appearing in Paramount's "After Midnight."

1950 CARPET FASHION OPENING
April 17 to 27 is arousing national interest in wall-to-wall carpeting. To do justice to the exciting new colors, patterns, and textures, Quality Installation is a must. Quality Installation means "Smoothedge," the modern, tackless method. 4,000 carpet retailers and installation contractors recommend "Smoothedge."

THE ROBERTS COMPANY, Dept. A
1536 North Indiana Street • Los Angeles 33, California

GENTLEMEN: Please send me the illustrated A. I. A. file on "Smoothedge," tackless carpet installation.

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City __________________________ Zone ______ State ______

APRIL 1950
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"WHAT'S MORE, THOSE FELTS ARE FIREPROOF, ROTPROOF, WEATHERPROOF!"

"YES SIRREE! AND THE FELTS ARE PERFORATED TO GIVE A SMOOTHER JOB"

Yes—it's a Flexstone* Roof
Each ply is a flexible covering of stone!

- The secret of a Johns-Manville Flexstone Roof is in the felts. They're made of fireproof, rot-proof, enduring asbestos.

Flexstone Built-Up Roofs won't dry out from the sun... need no periodic coating. They're smooth-surfaced, too—permit thorough drainage... make any damage easy to locate and repair. They are engineered to each job... applied only by J-M Approved Roofers.

J-M Asbestos felts are perforated to make application easier... give you a smoother job and conform better to irregularities in the roof deck.

Send for Flexstone brochure BU-51A. Contains complete specifications. Address: Johns-Manville, Box 290, New York 16, N. Y.


Johns-Manville FLEXSTONE® Built-Up Roofs
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DECORATIVE FLOORS • TRANSITE WALLS • ETC.
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Toilet room environments impress students either favorably or unfavorably regarding the school’s concern for such conveniences. School toilet room facilities are no less important than such facilities in the home. The treatment of a school toilet room environment is, therefore, no longer secondary to its utility. Toilet room compartments usually dominate a school toilet room and influence its environment.

Sanymetal offers several different types of toilet compartments for creating the most suitable toilet room environment for every type of school building. Sanymetal also offers two full purpose materials; Sanymetal “Tenac”-galvanized, Bonderized* steel—a highly corrosion-resistant material, and Sanymetal “Porcena”—porcelain on steel—the ageless, ever-new material. Sanymetal Toilet Compartments embody the result of over 36 years of specialized skill and experience in making more than 120,000 toilet compartment installations in all types of educational buildings and every other type of building constructed.

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MINNEAPOLIS·HONEYWELL
REGULATOR COMPANY

ROOM THERMOSTAT
The Symbol of Modern Temperature Control

Lake County Tuberculosis Sanitarium, Waukegan, Ill.
Architects: W. L. Pereira, Hollywood
Wm. A. Gomtor, Waukegan, Ill.

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD
U.S. NAVAL HOSPITAL, BEAUFORT, S.C.

Design:
Paul P. Cret, Architect; and his successors, Harbeson, Hough, Livingston & Larson; and J. N. Pease & Co., Associated Architects-Engineers. Schematic layouts by Bureau of Yards and Docks

General Contractors:
Principal construction: Thompson & Street Co.; site preparation and raw water supply: V. P. Loftis Co.

Supervision:
Design and construction: Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Dept.
Study of the fully developed site, a 115-acre tract of high land fronted by a bluff on the Beaufort River, reveals the extent to which a permanent naval hospital is a complete facility — almost a small naval station — including many structures in addition to the main hospital building. A few are illustrated: 1, Nurses’ Quarters; 2, Bachelor Officers’ Quarters; 3, Corpsmen’s Quarters; 4, Heating Plant; 5, 6, Sewage Treatment Plant. (Photos courtesy Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department)
THE NAVAL HOSPITAL, Beaufort, S. C., is part of the post-war, permanent hospital construction program of the U. S. Navy. It replaces an outmoded hospital at the Marine Corps Depot, Parris Island, two and one-half miles away—a agglomeration of "temporary" buildings, which had been in use many years, on an inappropriate site.

The new steel, concrete, and masonry hospital, commissioned April 29, 1949, has a present capacity of 300 beds on a 500-bed chassis, so to speak (administration, treatment, subsistence, recreation and welfare facilities); it is designed for future expansion by adding ward wing units to complete the double-Y plan of the main building group.

The original design contract was awarded by the Navy's Bureau of Yards and Docks to Paul P. Cret and J. N. Pease & Co., Architects-Engineers. In September, 1945, Mr. Cret died; this was shortly after the first design studies had been started. The work was continued by Harbeson, Hough, Livingston & Larson, and J. N. Pease & Co., Associated Architects-Engineers.

It was recognized from the start that a modern, permanent naval hospital differs in many important respects from a civilian facility of comparable capacity. For one thing, the naval plant of this type must be as complete an establishment as possible, dependent very little on civilian resources for light, heat, power, sewage disposal, medical services and personnel, etc. For another—and this is perhaps even more important—patients cannot normally be discharged as soon as they are in private hospitals. The greater part of the convalescent period must be spent here; patients are discharged only when fit for active duty or when convalescence has progressed enough for them to return to full normal civilian life.

Such a program makes obvious demands in respect to convalescent therapy (occupational, welfare and other rehabilitation procedures, etc.); and to the requisite completeness of the hospital facilities (acute general, surgical, isolation, outpatients, etc.; even maternity for the benefit of married Navy personnel). In support of its scheme for design of the actual hospital buildings in this permanent facility, the Navy cites both the fact that this is a military establishment, and that in addition to customary hospital facilities it must provide for modern medico-psychological practice in aiding convalescence. Since the convalescent period is relatively long, the Navy concept appears sound for a military establishment. These fundamental differences from civilian practice are explained in detail on the following pages.
1. Doctor's Office
2. Stair Lobby
3. Toilet
4. Corpsmen S.
5. Nurses' Dressing Room
6. Cleaning Gear
7. Diet Kitchen
8. Linen
9. Quiet Room
10. Bath
11. Examination Room
12. Doctor's Room
13. Stretcher
14. Storage
15. S.W. Corridor
16. Solarium
17. Strong Room
18. Passage
19. South Corridor
20. Ward
21. Utility
22. Washroom
23. Continuous Flow Bath
24. N.E. Corridor
25. Booth
26. Dark Room
27. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat
28. Soiled Linen
29. Sterilizer
30. Operating Room
31. Waves
32. Roof
33. Dressing Room
34. Stage
35. Lobby
36. Foyer
37. Ship's Service
38. Women's Lounge
39. Entry
40. Gamma Room
41. Men's Lounge
42. Coat Room
43. Sede Fountain
44. Gallup
45. Ship's Service Office
46. Ship's Service Store
47. Book Stacks
48. Library
49. Workshop
50. Red Cross
51. Athletic Office
52. Waiting Room
53. Welfare Office
54. Upper Part of Stage
55. Projection Room
56. Film Rewind Room
57. Cystoscopy
58. Radiography & Fluoroscopy Room
59. Radiography
60. 240 KVP Deep Therapy
61. Superficial Therapy
62. Fluoroscopy Room
63. Central Room
64. Plaster & Splint
65. Plaster Cast
66. Urinal, Treatment
67. Scullery
68. Therapeutics
69. Nurse's Station
70. Massage
71. Hubbard Bath
72. Blood Chemistry
73. Serumology
74. Corridor
75. Media & Glass Wash
76. Records & Specimen Collection
77. Urinalysis & Bacteriological
78. Hematology
79. Pathology
80. Laboratory Medical Officer
81. Hot Water Therapy
82. Infrared
83. Ultraviolet
84. Distillery
85. Leg Bath
86. Arm Bath
87. Sink Bath
88. Needle Shower
89. Light Bath
90. Dental X-Ray & Examination
91. Eye Chair
92. Transillumination & Refraction
93. Office Records
94. Senior Dentist & Records
95. Dental Operating
96. Orthodontic
97. Prosthetic Laboratory
98. Medical Library
99. Library Work Room
100. Junior O.D.D.
101. Staff Room
102. Junior O.D.D.
103. Legal Officer
104. Board Room
105. Survey Room
106. PX Room
107. Radio Room
108. Endored On Watch
109. C.P.O. On Watch
110. Visitor's Room
111. Chaplain
112. Interview
113. Periodicals
114. Covered Screened Dock
115. Commissary Office
116. Butcher Shop
117. Garbage Refrigerator
118. Frozen Foods
119. Meat Refrigerator
120. Vegetable Refrigerator
121. Cook's Refrigerator
122. Dairy Refrigerator
123. Issue Room
124. Solved & Dried Ref.
125. Dispatch Office
126. Coat & Vest Wash
127. Coat Wash
128. Baka Shop
In the Naval Hospital at Beaufort, S. C., the main buildings (administration, treatment, wards, subsistence, welfare) contain 296,000 sq ft, or 3,870,200 cu ft.

The Administration and Treatment Building (1) contains the necessary administrative offices, operating rooms, laboratories, library, etc.; and patient facilities for staff officers and maternity cases. Directly behind, in Building No. 2, are the mess hall, a complete galley and, above these, recreational facilities. Buildings Nos. 3 and 4 are at present stubs to which future ward wings can be attached; all necessary building services are now in place, ready for extension when the additions are built. The stubs contain some patient rooms. Buildings Nos. 5 and 6 are wards, three floors high. Patient capacity is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Building</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Capacity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>Sick Officers Quarters</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maternity (dependents)</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nos. 3 &amp; 4</td>
<td>(stub wings, 2 Quiet Rooms per floor, 3 floors per building)</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 5</td>
<td>(3 floors; general medical, isolation, and surgical wards)</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 6</td>
<td>(3 floors; general medical, N P, and surgical wards)</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total Beds</td>
<td>302</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(When extended, Buildings Nos. 3 & 4 will increase capacity by 200 beds.)

It is in the use of open, multi-bed wards (without cubic partitions), as distinct from the "Copenhagen" type of multi-bed ward of four or six cubicles, that the Navy's scheme differs from civilian practice. The Navy has found that the open, multi-bed ward provides the neatest and most orderly space for the care of the military patient; in the Navy's experience it is preferred by most patients and personnel; and in addition to being cheerful and comfortable it has proved to be both efficient to operate and economical to maintain. The location of nurses' station and toilet-utility wing, midway of the multi-bed space, contributes greatly to the attainment of these characteristics.
Center, below, are second and third floors of Subsistence and Welfare Building No. 2, containing a 458-seat auditorium, Navy Exchange, and recreation rooms.
Ward Buildings 3, 4, 5 & 6 contain, in basements, occupational therapy, brig, laundry, storage, mechanical equipment. On fourth floors are solaria and sun decks.
The main structure at the Naval Hospital, Beaufort, S. C., is supported by cast-in-place concrete piles on which rest the reinforced concrete basement walls. The superstructure is steel framed, with concrete floors and roof deck. Exterior walls are red face brick with limestone and greenstone trim, backed up with clay tile. Windows, principal doors and exterior metal trim are aluminum, except that steel sash are used where maximum security is required. Windows are mostly double-hung, with aluminum screens and interior Venetian blinds. Detention screens are used in N.P. spaces.

Photos: 1, exterior, Bldg. No. 5 in foreground; 2, physiotherapy corridor; 3, hydrotherapy; 4, corridor, Sick Officers’ Quarters.
Floors are terrazzo in lobby, wards and bedrooms; asphalt tile in offices, laboratories, x-ray rooms, theater, traffic aisle in wards and corridors; ceramic tile in clinics, treatment rooms, etc.; grounded terrazzo in operating and delivery rooms; quarry tile in galley and sun decks. Walls: marble in lobby; plaster in offices, laboratories, bedrooms; birch paneling (walls or wainscots) in private offices, library, staff conference room, auditorium; glazed tile in wards; ceramic tile in clinics, etc. Most ceiling areas are acoustic tile. Extensive use of color contributes greatly to the hospital’s cheerfulness and comfort.
The hospital is equipped with the latest developments in modern hospital furnishings and equipment. Lighting is recessed fluorescent in corridors and major rooms, surface fluorescent in general offices, incandescent elsewhere. The doctors' paging system is visual; nurses' call system has cord at each bed, buttons in toilets, annunciators at nurses' stations. Electrical service comes from the local utility company at 44,000 volts to a government-owned substation on the property, with primary distribution in underground ducts and feeder circuits in buried lead-covered cable. The main structure is completely air conditioned, winter and summer; Operating Suite has a low-pressure unit, uses 100% outside air, electrostatically filtered. Theater, Mess Hall and Ships' Service have a conventional unit; all other spaces, a high-pressure system. There is a self-contained unit for the Butcher Shop; special refrigeration compressors for storage rooms, for ice-making and for chilling drinking water. The galley has separate mechanical ventilation. The structure has three automatic, self-leveling elevators, one manually operated elevator, and two 3500-lb hydraulic freight elevators. Galley equipment is steam, electric, or oil heated, includes mechanical dishwashers.
SUMMER RESIDENCE ON LONG ISLAND SOUND

Residence of Mr. and Mrs. Max Borgenicht, Westport, Connecticut

Cordes, Bartos & Mihnos, Architects
Charles Middeleer, Landscape Architect

THIS HOUSE, say the architects, was designed for a middle-aged couple whose children, three daughters, are married and have children of their own. Hence the two terraces (see photos, next page): the one off the master bedroom provides a quiet retreat for Mr. Borgenicht, away from the grandchildren and the activities of living room and kitchen and the east terrace.

The house is situated on the crest of a low bluff overlooking Long Island Sound. It is primarily for summer and weekend use, but is fully equipped for year-round occupancy when and if desired, with radiant

Ben Schroll
Floor slab is of insulating concrete with a lightweight aggregate. Waterproof board insulation prevents heat loss through edge of the slab. Framing is wood; exterior walls are natural finish cypress. Interior walls are plaster and redwood siding.
heating throughout. Owners' requirements were: as much through ventilation as possible, particularly in the master bedroom and living area; plenty of closet space; a screened porch readily accessible from the kitchen for the serving of meals; easy housekeeping and maintenance; and wide glass areas to the south to take advantage of the view over the Sound. The screened porch was so located as to permit its future conversion into a separate dining room (heating pipes are in place in the floor slab); the adjoining open terrace would be screened at the time of such conversion.
Interiors were designed by the architects, as were the custom built furnishings such as the sofa, hanging desks, dressing table, wall and book cases. Wall case on north wall of living room (opposite and below) has sheet-plastic top.
Outdoor living is encouraged by balconies and play areas away from traffic. To simplify maintenance, landscaping will consist mainly of large trees in the courts, vines on buildings. Key letters on plan below designate number of bedrooms and entrance location in each unit.

DESIGNED FOR PRIVACY AND CONVENIENCE

Chelsea Housing Project, Chelsea, Mass.

Hugh Stubbins, Jr., Architect

Amenities for healthy, private family life are amply and economically provided in this 128 unit state-aided veterans' housing project. The interesting solution employs a triangular stair hall with radiating wings as a basic element. These join to form varied garden courts and give wide views and cross ventilation to each apartment. No unit looks directly at others. Water conditions on site led to elimination of basements, with utility rooms on ground floor. A central plant furnishes hot water to converters in each unit, allowing individual control of heating. Buildings are fireproof with masonry bearing walls, center row of columns and concrete floors. Bids on the project were about $100,000 lower than estimated costs.
Triangular stair halls give direct access to utility rooms, incinerators and passages leading to parking and play areas.
Units have well studied layouts, spaces for crib and storage.
With these two basically dissimilar houses, Architect Paul Thiry has met the common problem of the narrow lot in two uncommon ways. One of the two he spread lengthwise, all but covering the site; the other he stretched across the width of the lot, leaving most of the length for terraces and landscaping.

Residence of
Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Alhadeff, Seattle, Wash.

The Alhadeff residence occupies a lot only 40 ft wide — exceptionally narrow for so large a house. It is within Seattle's city limits, fronting on Lake Washington, one block north of the Floating Bridge and only six minutes via traffic tunnel from the owner's downtown office. Since Mrs. Alhadeff wanted all principal rooms on one floor, the zigzag design resulted, the architect explains, from "the effort to obtain the maximum use of the land, to provide outlook plus privacy. . . . Each room looks out at the view or into the sheltered garden and has a seeming independence from the others."

Two Seattle Houses by Paul Thiry Solve

Residence of
Mr. and Mrs. Roy Halsey, Hunt's Point, Wash.

The Halsey house, across the lake at Hunt's Point, has a wider lot — almost 80 ft — across which the house is stretched, cutting off road from waterfront. Mr. Halsey spends long periods in Alaska supervising his business interests there, living then aboard his boat. When at home on Lake Washington he uses his boat for getting about almost as frequently as he does his car, so access to the dock is vitally important. Because he and his family do a lot of large-scale entertaining, the carport was planned as an adjunct to the paved yard onto which the combination living-dining room opens: for large parties the whole area can be thrown into one by opening the gates (not shown on plan, page 122) between yard and carport. A large workshop next to the carport and a workroom beneath the bedrooms are provided for care of boats and gear.
NARROW-LOT PROBLEM IN TWO DIFFERENT WAYS
Concrete-paved terrace accessible to all four bedrooms is major feature of Alhadeff house. Louvered screen (both photos across page) is so constructed as to give a view of lake from court and still maintain privacy. Strip windows in background (opposite page, left) are over working area in kitchen. South facade (far right) shows how completely the house is shielded from neighbors.

The Halseys have flagstone-paved courtyard, separated from carport and entrance by fence and planting beds. Exterior walls are Douglas fir plywood. Bedrooms and living room (opposite page) face the lake; below them is workshop used to supplement workshop next to carport (next page). Wider margin to property line at south was allowed for carrying boats and gear to shop.
Alhadeff living room is paneled in birch plywood; fireplace is Roman brick. Random marble floor in kitchen (above) and hall (next page) is relic of fish pool in the retail market originally maintained by Mr. Alhadeff's father. The family-owned market, now grown into a wholesale business national in scope, was in past years one of the show places of Seattle.

North wall and corner fireplace of Halsey living room are of reclaimed brick; remaining walls are of African mahogany veneer; floor is asphalt tile. Combined kitchen-utility room has charcoal grill built into chimney from basement furnace.
Chief difference in the two houses is best shown in the two large photos on this page: the verticality of the Alhadeff residence, marked by the steps leading from street to entrance past the garage; and the horizontality of the Halsey home, characterized by the broad sweep of lawn from lake to terrace.
Several significant things happened when, several months ago, we began asking architects for their best low-cost schools. For one thing, a deluge broke over us—the RECORD offices soon had school plans stacked in all corners. The prints came accompanied by detailed cost breakdowns, lists of money-saving expedients, diagrams of new plan and construction ideas, pie charts and slide-rule calculations. It was quickly apparent that every architect and his associate had been heating their ingenuity pretty earnestly to design schools for war-born youngsters who were literally going to school in shifts.

The word "prototype" turned up quite frequently—"this school is a prototype for a half dozen we are building this year," or, "a basis for designing the theoretically most economical school for Maine conditions" (Harriman, p. 126). This Building Types Study was done, then, by picking the plums from a rich basket of prototypes.

The schools differ widely. Some architects found economy in plan arrangements, in multi-purpose rooms and corridors, in new classroom shapes. Some in structural simplicity and modular design. Some used bilateral lighting; others designed for artificial lighting. The climatic regionalism of schools is readily seen.

There is eloquent testimony, in the diversity of ideas, of the essential ingenuity of architects when they really tackle the problem of costs. Also, perhaps, a comment on research still to be done.

There is a rightness, too, in this diversity of approach. Nobody expects that from such cost study a single standard school will emerge. Schools, like other buildings, are designed for strictly local needs, for local material supply conditions, for local weather, for local school boards. More and more, for example, are schools designed for adult use—one in this study even houses the township offices.

Everybody, however, has a right to expect good schools. All those here presented are well equipped, well lighted, well planned for modern activity programs. They do not waste money in massive monumentality that might appeal to older taxpayers; if the old folks want to use the school they will just have to get along with a bright and busy gayety put there for the youngsters. —Emerson Goble
A DESIGN STUDY: SCHOOL OPERATING COSTS

By Alonzo J. Harriman*

In the year since our office started these school cost studies in ARCHITECTURAL RECORD (March and April, 1949) we have continued our researches by investigating various design factors as they affect operating and maintenance costs as well as first costs of construction. We have also satisfied ourselves on the much-debated question of the daylighted school for our own lighting conditions, having long wanted a solid basis for arguing with Californians or Texans. We "Mainiacs" have a hard climate to deal with, and have not felt we could safely accept generalized tenets of school design.

So we have analyzed, both with slide rules and with observations in existing schools, such questions as: How much glass? What type of wall and roof construction for heating economy? What kind of lighting? The results, coupled with earlier studies of plan types, have given us a basis for designing the theoretically most economical school for Maine conditions, considering maintenance as well as first cost.

Actually we present here two "prototype" schools. One is strictly of the slide-rule, or engineering type; this is called type R (R for regional). The second is the more finished application, the real prototype; it is called K-8 (kindergarten and 8 classrooms) (page 131).

Construction and Heat Losses

These studies of heat losses directly continue the earlier studies of the wall and roof types most economical as to construction costs. The wall types, W-1, W-2, W-3, are the same as in the earlier articles; so are the roof types, R-1 to R-5.

Fig. 1 illustrates these different wall types and the calculated relative heat losses. The W-3, the single glazed, we have used as 100 per cent. The heat loss from the combination wall of glass block and steel framework and steel sash is 60.3 per cent of this, and the heat loss from the double glazed one, using two wood sash to our detail, is 59.8 per cent of this base.

Of the total heat loss from a one-story semi-fireproof classroom, 52,000 Btu, 75 per cent is lost through the wall (see Fig. 2). This heat loss does not include, however, any loss due to ventilation. Ventilation we have considered as a use loss, not chargeable to the building efficiency.

* Alonzo J. Harriman, Inc., Architects-Engineers, Auburn, Maine
If the design heat loss through single glazing is 32,950 Btu, it is economical to double glaze even at the increased cost of approximately $324, for there is a saving of 13,225 Btu or 25 per cent of the heat loss through the single glass. In dollars and cents, this $36.30 yearly saving in the heating of a classroom is an 11 per cent return on the investment.

Fig. 3 shows the direct transmission losses through the roof for different roof types, R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4 and R-5. The studies indicate that R-1, which is the most economical to build, is also the most economical in heat loss. This is due to the fact that in this type construction we can use a fluffy insulation of the batt type or loose fill in place of the rigid insulation applied directly onto a flat roof boarding. R-2, R-3 and R-4 are the same due to the similar type of roof construction. R-5 is a little less efficient, due to the fact that it has a concrete slab in place of wood plank.

For saving in heating then, we would use wall construction W-2 and roof R-1. There are, however, other advantages to the glass block wall W-1. With visor over clear glass we have had satisfactory light with direct sunshine on the wall without blinds or screens, but the new blocks do have a very low surface brightness.

Plan Types and Heating

Fig. 4 shows the over-all heating results of our various types of schools indicated in the earlier article — type S-2, two-story semi-fireproof; S-1, one-story semi-fireproof; and C-1, one-story combustible.

Note that in the figures for heating, no lights, no pupil content, and no sun heat gains have been considered.

It is again noted that type C-1, the one-story with the combustible roof, is the most efficient, as far as heat loss goes, of them all. Again the reason is the ability to put in fluffed insulation economically in the roof space. That is the only difference between this type and the one-story semi-fireproof. However, change to double glazing in place of glass block and steel sash, and there would be a further saving.

It is interesting to note, in the above figures, that the heat loss through the roof, which would be approximately 25 per cent of the total heat from the building, is more than offset by the heat loss from the auxiliary spaces. In other words, the heat loss from the corridor ends, from the stair-halls and toilets, is more than enough to offset the heat loss through approximately twice the roof area. This, I must say, is contrary to what we expected.

It develops, therefore, that although the heat loss of the two-story classroom itself is less, the over-all loss is greater than for the one-story building. And with the more economical combustible roof, we would have a still more economical building as far as heat loss goes. It is most interesting to note that the most economical building to construct is also the most economical to heat.

How About the Daylighted School?

It is frequently said that north light is the ideal lighting for a classroom in any climate. Also that a
Fig. 4. **HEATING COSTS—BUILDING TYPES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total Design Heat Loss in BTU per hr.</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classrooms</td>
<td>549,000</td>
<td>Auxiliaries</td>
<td>186,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>735,000</td>
<td>% of base (S-2)</td>
<td>91%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Total Design Heat Loss in BTU per hr.</th>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classrooms</td>
<td>434,000</td>
<td>Auxiliaries</td>
<td>146,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>580,000</td>
<td>% of base (S-2)</td>
<td>71.8%</td>
</tr>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classrooms</td>
<td>502,000</td>
<td>Auxiliaries</td>
<td>306,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>808,000</td>
<td>% of base</td>
<td>100%</td>
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</table>

<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total Design Heat Loss in BTU per hr.</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classrooms</td>
<td>285,000</td>
<td>Auxiliaries</td>
<td>134,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>419,000</td>
<td>% of base (S-2)</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

classroom suitable for Texas or California is equally good for Maine. With this we have always disagreed. We have not, however, always had the necessary facts to back up the Maine side of the debate. The old argument has at least had the constructive result of goading us into assembling some concrete data.

We have considered the effect of temperature, ventilation, natural light and sun on the schoolhouse design for climatic conditions shown in Fig. 5; the effect of snow, which covers the ground half of the school year; and the reaction of various teachers and superintendents for whom we have built schools recently.

In surveying recent schools that we have done, we found that every teacher wanted sun in her classroom at some time during the day. They all preferred sunny classrooms; some asked for south exposure but were satisfied with east and west, east preferred. It seems that on a west exposure, there are a few weeks during the year, both in spring and in fall, when the west sun, shining into the room, overheats the room to some extent. However, this was not too serious a complaint. Teachers would much rather have this than not to have any sun at all during the winter months. I think this west overheating can be very well taken care of in this climate by putting a deciduous tree screen to the west of the classrooms, as indicated in our K-8 school.

We also tried designing a school for natural light, but observations indicate that natural light is not sufficient for good classroom lighting much over half the time, that is, without some strong measures in the way of clerestories. We have not been able to get from the Weather Bureau the sky dome brightness and a definite reading as to the amount of sky light for various days. However, the Weather Bureau has recently put in a type of apparatus that will continuously register the amount of light each day and the intensity of the light at any period during the day. Their findings will be of great advantage to us in the future.

We have, however, been able to observe daylighting in an addition to our office. This addition was the size of one half of a 30 by 30 ft classroom, or 15 by 30 ft. The area of glass is 46 per cent of the floor area. It is not designed exactly like one half of a classroom, but is very similar. It has awning type roof projection over the windows to the south and sunboards over the windows to the east and west.

We started experimenting in this room, taking light readings on various overcast days. From these readings we found definitely that there were certain days in this climate when it was impossible to light a classroom with daylight. As a result, also, we question the sunboards.
With this in mind, we took readings in our several schools in varying overcast weather. These are given in the graphs in Figure 6.

Note that in the upper graph only about half of the classroom is satisfactorily lighted with a 1200-foot-candle sky. Notice that on a 400-foot-candle sky none of the classroom is well lighted. This is not changed much by a snow cover. Graph 2, Curve B, shows that for a 700-foot-candle sky, only at one point is the room satisfactorily lighted. This is with a snow cover. Curve A, however, shows most of the room satisfactorily lighted. This was a clear glass window.

On overcast days sunboards and awnings of various types were very detrimental to the reading in the classroom, although advantageous on sunny days. We also found that, on overcast days, clear glass was better for the classrooms than glass block, though here again we must remember the glare of bright days. Also that a sloping ceiling was of considerable help.

Observations indicated that lights were as apt to be left on continuously as not to have been put on at all when the necessity arose for artificial lighting, or vice versa.

The figures that we got for classroom readings were corroborated by information supplied by the glass block manufacturer, for the intensity of sky dome for which we were taking readings. It is simply a matter of what weather conditions set the pattern for design. It is, of course, possible to augment our unilateral lighting by bilateral lighting. Bilateral lighting, however, generally does away with the double loaded corridor, which means a more expensive school.

**Daylight Proves Expensive**

Another lighting experiment involves a high school in Easton, Maine, which was designed with a clerestory. A section of this school is shown in Fig. 7. However, the price was more than the community could afford, so we had to re-design it without the clerestory. We found that on clear days we got approximately the same amount of light in the back of the classroom (with glass block) that we would have had with a clerestory.

We built a mock-up of this clerestory section and experimented with light, and were convinced that the light was equivalent at least to the requirements. However, in re-designing this school, omitting the clerestory and putting in a flat roof and glass block, unilaterally lighted, and cutting down our heat losses too, we saved approximately $1 a sq ft, or a 10 per cent saving in the cost of the building.

Finally, there is the fact that our readings and those of the Weather Bureau show that the number of overcast days runs at least 45 per cent. We have to face the fact and design a classroom for artificial illumination, with at least part of it to be artificially illuminated all of the time. It looks as if we were just getting around to what is already a well marked trend in factory design — elimination of sawtooth roofs in favor of artificial lighting, with open windows for psychological effect.
The "slide rule" prototype school uses the deep classroom, to save outside wall, previous studies having indicated the savings possible by pushing outside walls apart. It has double-glazed side walls, flat roof design for easy installation of insulation.

A "Slide Rule" Prototype

The foregoing studies and previous articles indicate that the most efficient building for our Maine climate is the one-story building. It is much more efficient in construction costs, with a saving of about 7 per cent. It is also more efficient to heat.

This "R-type" building would also, of course, make for savings in janitorial service, having only two toilets to clean and maintain, while in the two-story there are four. Also, the net area of the one-story is less by approximately 16 per cent, which means 16 per cent less janitorial work. This is true, even though they are of identical construction. Also, of course, stairs are one of the hardest things to clean.

From our previous studies we found that if we increased the span in the classroom we decreased the cost per square foot. The farther we pushed the outside walls apart, and diluted their cost, the less the building cost per square foot. We therefore thought that if we changed our classroom so that the end was the outside wall and the length the depth, we would be saving something. We also felt that by designing a classroom this way, we could light the interior artificially all the time for activities which might just as well, if not better, be carried on under artificial light. Also by cutting the exposure of the exterior wall by one-third, we could cut down a large amount of heat loss. Of course, shortening the classroom also shortens the corridor a corresponding amount.

The deep classrooms caused a change in roof design, the building being too wide for the pitched roof. For this school we would use long-span steel joists and plank roof, with 2 by 6 ceiling joists. With this we could use the batt type insulation about as easily as in the pitched roof. The wall would be the W-2 type with double glazing.

In conclusion, this R type school (using the same unit prices) reduced the cost by 19.8 per cent over our S-2 school, or $40,300; 16.2 per cent over our S-1 school or $31,400; 7.3 per cent over our C-1 school or $26,000.

It also has a saving in heat loss and, therefore, in annual heating cost. There would be a saving of approximately $965 a year in fuel for this building, or approximately 48.3 per cent of the total cost of heating the two-story building, or a saving of 32 per cent or $510 over the one-story building.

New Codes for New Schools

It would be far better to build more new schools, and junk some of the old, even though the standards are not as high as we desire.

We realize that there are certain things in this design that the laws will not now allow us to do. The classroom height must be one-half the width in certain states, and possibly there are many other requirements that this school will not meet. Perhaps, however, logic will help change some of the codes.
This "K-8" school is in effect the summation of all of our cost studies. It is designed to put the results into a workable "prototype" school that will be economical in maintenance as well as first cost. The K-8 means kindergarten and eight grades, in a school to house from 250 to 300 students in the typical Maine community.

Classrooms are designed for 100 per cent use of artificial light in the inner half of the room. The outer end will be naturally lighted, but will be supplemented even there by artificial light, so that at all time seeing conditions will be good.

The building runs north and south, the kindergarten having south and east exposure. West classrooms would be shaded by a screen of deciduous trees to keep out the hot afternoon sun. These trees, of course, shade them in spring and fall, but in winter allow the sun to shine through.

The activity space acts as a corridor to save space. All the services are together, and toilets in excess of those necessary in the rooms are located off the activities space, so that they can be readily used by the children during playtime both indoors and outdoors. The storage space off the activities room is for play.
yard material, and for material used in the playroom. The toilets are individual for the kindergarten and the first four grades.

We have arranged a teacher's closet and a wardrobe in the back near the corridor in all rooms, and have assumed that as shown in our sketches, the back end of this classroom will be used for activities.

The unit has a roof of two different pitches coming to the low point on the masonry wall, with interior downspouts.

The structure uses a rigid frame (similar to an open-web joist), that runs from the central bearing wall outward. It would come in one unit. Frames are spaced eight feet apart; the ceiling is planked with 3-in. planks, spanning between these joists. The central bearing wall is of 8 by 8 terra cotta tile, load bearing, and aside from structural considerations, effects a desirable noise attenuation. The walls are of double glazed sash with single glazed hopper vents. They are all glazed with clear glass.

Materials are chosen for minimum maintenance. Where we have been using light paints, maintenance has been high. We now think that to use a light, natural plywood of approximately the same reflectance with a durable natural finish is much more economical in the long run. In this state there are certain grades of plywood that can be bought here very economically. These hardwood plywoods are not only good looking but tough.

The end walls are of masonry with brick exterior. Under the windows we are using a prepared board of fibrous material an inch and a half thick with asbestos cement bonded to both exterior and interior faces. The sash is of wood. The floor covering is asphalt tile, except in the toilets, which have ceramic tile walls and floor. The ceilings are painted for light reflection and the walls above the plywood are painted the same color as the ceilings. The plywood extends up to the height of 7 ft, and from there above, it is plasterboard painted, with patches of acoustic material as needed. The plasterboard continues down in back of the plywood in all cases to give a fire-retarding effect.

In the K-8 school, we have exploited the economies developed in the Type R building and added certain features, notably the rigid frame structure, which we believe to contain further economies, combining them into a plan and building that make an architectural project of the purely engineering study developed in Type R.

Classrooms are designed for artificial lighting, with daylight expected to serve only the outer portion of the room. Classrooms face east and west; Harriman proposes a screen of deciduous trees against afternoon sun.
Harriman's cost studies extending over more than a year come to fruition in K-8 school (kindergarten and eight classrooms), which incorporates the basic findings and adds a wrinkle or two for good measure. The rigid steel frame, still not tested for cost, is occasioned by the deepening of the classrooms.
CUT THE COST BUT KEEP THE QUALITY

Arundel School, San Carlos, Cal.

Of the low-cost group of schools out of the Kump & Falk office, Arundel is one of the most economical. In a chronological sense the true prototypes are Moorpark and San Tomas schools at Campbell, Cal. The schools in this group are all basically alike (photos pages 138, 9), but differ considerably in architectural aspects.

All are of the single-loaded-corridor, square classroom type, with bilateral lighting, without clerestory. All have a simple steel frame, with columns standing free of outside walls. The exterior walls become in effect partitions, placed just inside the columns. The frame is designed for simple, fast erection, and for most economical use of steel — no effort is made to fit the column spacing to the window or partition arrangement.

In general the schools in this group represent an expert paring down of dozens of items, preserving the functional quality of the school but choosing the least costly specifications. In working with school boards the Kump office stresses a thorough understanding of
TYPICAL SCHOOL COST BREAKDOWN
SHOREVIEW SCHOOL, SAN MATEO, CALIFORNIA
Ernest J. Kump, Architect & Mark Falk, Engineer

DIRECT COSTS  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Per sq. ft.</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Move on and clear</td>
<td>$110.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Earthwork</td>
<td>$2,250.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yard paving and grading &amp; fencing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Concrete and cement work</td>
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<tr>
<td>Structural steel &amp; misc. steel</td>
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<tr>
<td>Carpentry, rough and framing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Finish carpentry and hardware</td>
<td>$7,075.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sheet metal</td>
<td>$3,100.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Steel sash</td>
<td>$3,085.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Roofing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lathing &amp; plastering</td>
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<tr>
<td>Glass and glazing</td>
<td>$3,965.00</td>
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<td>Metal stall partitions</td>
<td>$1,260.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chalkboard and tackboard</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Asphalt tile flooring</td>
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<td>Insulation</td>
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<td>Bike racks</td>
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<td>Plumbing</td>
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<td>Heating</td>
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<td>Clean up and move off</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous*</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>$117,485.00</td>
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INDIRECT COSTS

Office overhead, insurances, sales taxes, bonds, field overhead, superintendent and supervision $12,635.00  $1.37

PROFIT

15% on labor and material $6,350.00
7½% on sub-contracts  5,635.00

$11,985.00  $1.30

**TOTAL** $142,105.00  $15.36

costs of both construction and equipment, not forgetting the items not subject to control—grading, for example, or foundations on a difficult site. The firm reports that much educational effort is frequently required, as lay citizens are inclined to think of the building shell itself as the costly thing, forgetting the many by-paths of a real search for savings. Kump’s brief-case usually contains, therefore, a sheaf of cost data sheets, including actual cost breakdowns for finished schools, tabulated lists of specification items arranged by relative costs, and so on. One example is given above: a breakdown for the Shoreview school, San Mateo (ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, March, 1949). Notice, for example, that chalkboards and tackboards cost more
than half as much as structural steel, yard work twice as much as steel work and more than all rough carpentry. In fact yard work was the one most costly item. Indirect costs of overhead were the fourth largest item, followed by contractors' profits.

As for Arundel, the architects have compiled a list of ways in which costs were kept down:

1. No covers (roofs) over the cross-connecting corridors.
2. Underside of the corridor along the building is unfinished, exposed, painted structural timber.
3. Building has concrete slab on fill. There is no under-floor space.
4. Foundations largely on rock, low foundation design cost.
5. Exterior siding applied directly to studs. No sheathing underneath the siding.
7. Less than one-half glass in operable sash. More than one-half glass fixed with stops to studs.
8. Interior finish all plywood.
9. Ceiling finished with fiberboard tile.
10. Less expensive grades and colors used for asphalt tile floor.
11. Conduits only for public address system.
12. "B" grade window glass double strength, rather than plate glass.
13. Wood sash.
15. Plaster finish in toilet rooms.
17. High ratio of usable classroom space to auxiliary space, efficiency in space planning.
18. Standby classroom lighting only. (Classrooms completely wired, but only one-third of the fixtures installed.)
20. No exterior stucco or brick.
21. Only one structural frame used throughout.
23. No guttering, downspouts or rain leaders—simple drainage system.
24. Birch sink tops and splash backs.
25. Standardized pre-fabricated chalkboards and tackboards.
26. Flat, built-up roof.
27. Use of stain on redwood exterior finish.
28. Radiant floor panel heating.
29. Natural ventilation, no forced air system.
30. No expensive special rooms—cafeteria, music room, etc.
31. Playground equipment not included.
32. Readily available utilities.
33. Convenient location of job in relation to labor and material supply.
34. Mild climatic conditions; year-round construction; no insulation necessary in the exterior walls.
LOW-COST SCHOOLS
BY KUMP & FALK

Above and left: Emerson School, San Luis Obispo, Cal.

Right: Two views, Teach School, San Luis Obispo, Cal.

P. O. Hardin School, Hollister, Cal.

Below: two views of the Eliot School, Gilroy, Cal.
"MODEL FOR OUR LOW-COST SCHOOLS"

Deerfield Primary School, Deerfield, Ill.

*Perkins & Will, Architects-Engineers*
The architects give this Deerfield school a prototype rating, for it will serve as the basic model for a great number of low-cost schools throughout the country. They do not, however, want it to be taken as a low-cost school of itself. It is rather the model for their low-cost schools.

Deerfield, bid in at the 1948 peak of building costs, ran to $15.88 a sq ft, or $1.22 per cu ft. It has some quality features — limestone trim, built-in window boxes, fire-resistant construction — which might not be considered necessary against a close budget.

Its prototype considerations lie in design features, not necessarily expensive, which represent the current Perkins & Will thought, breaking somewhat with other ideas. "We believe in sunlight, break sharply with the tendency to erect artificial barriers . . . and to reduce all color contrast in a classroom to a dull monotone."

Deerfield has floor-to-ceiling windows, for a feeling of spaciousness and for unity with outdoors, but its visors are relatively narrow. Deerfield uses much of the warm colors, even though brightness contrasts might not be just so. Painted concrete block and red brick interior partitions "broke sharply with the recent trend to insipid flat colors for 'visual comfort.' The psychological value of strong color accent and unrestrained warm sunlight is apparent."

This school is bilaterally lighted, through clerestories over a double-loaded corridor. The double corridor scheme is an economy measure; calculations indicate it saves something more than 5 per cent over single corridor plans. This type of lighting, it is pointed out, helps keep the ceiling down to a child scale.

Square classrooms here are also current favorites of the architects. There is a long utility workbench, with
sink, which is a saver of space. It is found that children concentrating on work projects here seldom bother their classmates who are focussing on the chalkboard at the opposite side of the room. There is no space in the classroom for clothing, as this space is considered too usable. Deerfield uses lockers in the corridor.

In a school of this size (kindergarten and six grades) the playroom-cafeteria combination seems to work well, though the architects are quick to assert the difficulties of combining real gymnasium and auditorium needs. Here, with storage room readily accessible, teachers have become quite expert at quick changes in the multi-use room. Children at Deerfield bring their own lunches; kitchen facilities are needed only for teachers’ use, for serving milk and ice cream to children, or perhaps for small community gatherings.

Deerfield also stresses the outdoor classroom, and has large planting boxes for an additional tie between indoors and outdoors. The outdoor classroom rates high in the thinking that makes Deerfield a prototype school.

Many of its standards of construction could be cut down if necessary to meet budgetary requirements, but the basic elements that make this school a pattern are not essentially matters of costs. Its auxiliary spaces are about at the minimum. They would have to be enlarged considerably if, say, seventh and eighth grades were added in another program. Central toilets would be required, more sports facilities, and more serving facilities. The architects express the feeling, however, that for a "K-6" type of school, Deerfield represents their starting point for similar assignments.
Clerestory lighting over a double-loaded corridor (details above) help keep ceilings down to child scale. Planting boxes join indoor and outdoor classrooms.
DEEPER CLASSROOMS YIELD ECONOMIES

Buri-Buri Elementary School, South San Francisco, Cal.

Bamberger & Reid, Architects

THOUGH THIS school is here presented somewhat sketchily, being still unfinished, its economy ideas are worthy of immediate inclusion. Interestingly, Mr. Reid's pursuit of savings checks generally with some others in this study, but they were arrived at independently and applied differently.

Buri-Buri is one of four similar schools (others are Los Cerritos, Martin and Southwood-Brentwood) for South San Francisco, a suburban town whose population has tripled since before the war. Its square foot cost of $9.05 puts it in the low-cost class, but this figure includes a mechanical plant large enough for an expanded program, and thus does not truly measure its planning economy.

Most noteworthy of the economy ideas are:
1. Shortening outside wall by deepening classrooms.
2. An ingenious corridor scheme to save corridor cost.
3. Inexpensive framing for the increased depth.
5. Multi-purpose room designed "for everything but midget auto racing," which slides its stage under the heater room.

Reid keeps to the daylight concept, with bilateral lighting and clerestory, and single loaded corridor, and manages it most economically.

The classroom dimensions are 28 ft in "length" by 35 ft in depth. The 28 ft compares with 32 and 40 ft, both much used in California. The shortening of the outside wall is, then, quite considerable, a saving in window construction in both the outside walls and clerestory. There is a corresponding shortening of corridors.

Buri-Buri uses a single corridor for two rows of classrooms, with a short cross corridor to each two rooms in the second row (see diagram below). As the tabulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Buri-Buri</th>
<th>24x40</th>
<th>30x32</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classrooms</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total corridor length</td>
<td>158</td>
<td>387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total areas* (sq ft)</td>
<td>9260</td>
<td>11550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bldg. area per pupil</td>
<td>38.6</td>
<td>47.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative costs †</td>
<td>$76,653</td>
<td>$87,015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bldg. cost per pupil</td>
<td>$319</td>
<td>$363</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* All classrooms 960 sq ft; all corridors 10 ft wide.
† Sq. ft cost of Buri-Buri, $9.05 per sq ft, used for all corridors at half of bldg. cost.
shows, the saving amounts to from 52 to 60 per cent of
total corridor length, a substantial cut in this non-
productive space. Not indicated in the diagram is an­
other idea — the corridor is not directly against the
building; it is set out by the width of the roof overhang,
to let light in for a slightly deeper window, and to sim­
plify the structural system.

As for the structural system, the architect reports,
"Our office has used lightweight steel joists and struc­
tural steel construction because we are fully convinced
of its economy. The economy, however, is dependent on
structural design. Our design uses a complete steel
skeleton, which means that when foundations are pre­
pared the steel may be erected without overlapping
other crafts. The steel on this project required about
two and a half days for erection, so that there is an
economy in time as well as cost."

The multi-purpose room at Buri-Buri is exceptionally
ambitious, with full kitchen facilities, rolling stage,
fold-away tables, motion picture provisions. It is in­tended for heavy community use in a burgeoning town
now almost without any recreational facilities. A
cubage-saving idea was the elevation of the heater room
to permit the stage to roll under it — the stage area
adds nothing to the room dimensions.

Construction economy crops up in many details.
Exterior siding is redwood, treated with a natural stain.
Interior finish of classrooms is plywood, with a single
cost of stained wax. Classroom cabinets and casework
are movable; they are painted in different brilliant
primary colors.

Radiant heating is used in classroom and office areas.
Multi-purpose room has a warm air system providing
both ventilation and separate control for night use.

Reid joins with some other architects (in this study)
in allowing some sunlight to enter classrooms. Sunlight
is kept out of study areas, however, by louvers in the
clerestory and visors over other windows. Clerestory
louvers are of stainless steel. Simplicity of design kept
them quite inexpensive ($1.20 per sq ft of vertical sur­
face), and the stainless steel has zero maintenance cost.
Glare reducing glass is used in lower panes of north
windows, to eliminate brightness contrast between
north sky and chalkboards. Outdoor classrooms are
located to the south, for full sunlight and for protection
against the chill winds of the San Francisco climate.
Plan shows total program for Buri-Buri; for the present only one classroom wing has been built; kindergarten, administration wing and community building ready for full program.

Classroom interior, in almost-complete stage

Stage in multi-purpose room rolls under raised heater room
ALTHOUGH not necessarily a "prototype" in the sense that it will be duplicated, this school is the direct result of a pilot search for design economy in schools for the current crop of elementary school youngsters. The Archdiocese of New York picked a test location, and deliberately chose an architect who had already been working along economy lines.

The bid figures were such pleasant news that the final plans were revised upward, not downward.

The program did not call for a minimum school, but rather for a maximum effort at eliminating the extras in the cost figures. Stone facing and slate roof, for example, could have been left off. And the school is well equipped, including such items as stainless steel kitchen work surfaces. The contract cost of the building was $252,800, or 71¢ a cubic foot. The Archdiocese figures this to represent "a saving of 33 per cent in comparison with the typical type of school construction."

The architect's early precepts are given thus:

"1. Eliminate the costly architectural embellishments.
"2. Eliminate all plastering and as much millwork as possible — two costly trades.
"3. Use an inexpensive yet quickly constructed frame.
"4. Standardize wherever possible — i.e., one type of door for all interior openings, one type of exterior window for all rooms, etc.
"5. Finally, the design and construction should be such as to blend harmoniously with the adjacent properties and, while low-cost was the watchword, we could not make the basic mistake of developing a unit which would be apt to disintegrate or be costly to maintain as it grew older."

The architect added a further principle to his list, one he reports to have been quite effective in this school. That is to design for the contractor, for fast construction. Don't be afraid to ask a contractor for pointers. The stonework here, for example, is actually an added veneer. It would be nice to think of it as sharing the structural load, but it doesn't; it was put on later than the concrete block, because that was cheaper.

The building was designed as a wall-bearing structure of hollow, textured concrete blocks (expanded slag is the coarse aggregate), with interior face exposed as the classroom wall. Corridor walls use the same blocks, with glass block borrowed lights, all unplastered and unpainted.

The floor system uses filler blocks with precast concrete joists, 11 ft. 6 in. in length, bearing on the block at outside bearing walls, and on 14-in. I-beams at the center of the classroom and corridor bearing walls.

Wooden roof trusses (1 to 3 pitch) also made for simple, fast construction. Wood furring strips were attached directly to the trusses, for 12 by 12 in. acoustical tile. All electrical conduit is run in this attic space, to save cutting into concrete blocks. Lighting fixtures for all classrooms are concentric ring, incandescents.

It was early decided that there would be no attempt at sufficient daylighting for full normal needs. The archi-
tect explains that complicated framing for clerestory lighting and large window areas would not be possible with the simple construction system that was sought.

The New York Archdiocese shows every sign of great pride in this school, and it is constantly visited by representatives of other parishes. The Archdiocese is watching it closely in operating, and will continue to use it for study.
Classrooms have more warmth and color than the camera can show. Corkboard front wall (below) is quite warm in tone, as is also the plywood finish of rear wall (above). The fold door in rear wall screens wardrobe; teacher's cabinets on either side. While windows are designed for a very open outlook, they are not relied on for full lighting.
Transfiguration School uses combination gymnasium-auditorium for the present, but plans call for separate, larger gym at a later stage. Space under stage stores seats. Partial basement under stage contains boiler room and locker room with showers. Heating here, as throughout, is radiant system in floor slab.

Kindergarten (above) is open to south and west, with highly colorful drapes for sun control. Open shelving clear around the room provides plenty of storage space. Waiting room (right center) also serves as Sisters’ lounge, is served by a small kitchenette. Cafeteria (right) is completely unfinished, except for a few striking color accents. This room is served by a complete kitchen.
A typical school type, for a typical school situation, this one was done for non-typical costs. It represents the consolidation of three one-room schools in a fast-growing community. It begins existence with but four classrooms, but with kindergarten, multi-purpose room and mechanical plant ready for the addition of four more, altogether a typical beginning. It runs to a familiar design pattern of double-loaded corridor, with bilateral lighting via a dropped corridor height.

The pattern of costs, however, is more distinctive. Total cost of building was $90,951; 63¢ per cu ft; $8.00 per sq ft; $519 per pupil.

The building is constructed of a local red shale brick with concrete block backing, the block exposed on the interior. Roof construction is a built-up roof over 1-in. glass insulation board and 2 by 6 tongue and groove sheathing, which forms the ceiling. Floors are asphalt tile over a concrete slab on grade. Radiant heat was used. The site is particularly good — five acres on a superhighway location in rural surroundings.
AT LOW COST

Mason Ridge School,
St. Louis County, Mo.

Wischmeyer & Lorenz, Architects
As a parish school for a Catholic community, this looks like a high school but is really for only six grades. Much of its cube goes into recreational facilities for the parish. Actual classroom space is difficult to sort out on a cost basis, for the present program added a classroom floor to an existing community building. However, for the addition costs ran 77¢ per cube, $14.00 per sq ft, working out to around $315 per pupil.
Handsome as it is, with its hard brick walls and its clerestory lighting, this school sets something of a record for economy in its state. And Connecticut is not known for throwing its money around. The state average postwar cost per pupil is $1,131.77, whereas in this school, the cost per pupil is $696.00, or $20,900 per classroom.

It was built to replace six widely separated one-room schools; it also houses the functionaries of the Township of Burlington, these spaces served by a separate entrance, and the assembly room doubles as meeting hall for many local functions.

Classrooms are square, and bilaterally lighted. On an average winter day there is no need for artificial light. Each classroom is painted a different color, all colors kept light. Radiant heating is used throughout—wrought iron piping in the floor slab. Wall finishes are fir plywood; ceilings 1½-in. fiberboard acoustical tile. Ceramic tile is used for floors and walls in toilets; elsewhere floor finish is asphalt tile.

The architects explain the economical construction in a detailed list:

1. There is almost no departure from a strict 4-ft grid modular planning. This, together with a deliberate uniformity of similar elements both in plan and elevation, enabled the builder to precut all the structural elements of the building. The 4-ft modular system also enabled the 4-ft plywood sheets on interior walls to be put in place with almost no excess labor for cutting and fitting, and very little waste material. "In spite of all the arguments pro and con concerning modular planning, this is one job where its economy was proved. We feel that this is largely due to the fact that the module is consistent and uninterrupted."

2. The framing system is simple and uniform. The roof joists for the entire classroom wing were put in place almost overnight. Most of the framing members were so standardized in the detailing that the bulk of the material could be pre-cut in the mill and delivered to the site ready for slotting together. (See isometric detail, p. 157.)

3. The drawings and specifications were complete down to the last full-size detail before the building went out for bids. There was not one change order issued during the entire course of construction.

4. Elimination of all dead air spaces and furred-in spaces. Services which do not run under the floor are exposed. Electrical conduit is all exposed, but carefully detailed in wire mouldings so as not to be offensive visually.

5. Savings in plastering and masonry. "The 3/8-in. plywood finish in corridors will hold up sufficiently well under hard abuse, although it is admittedly harder to keep clean than tile or masonry. We feel that the consistent elimination of plaster throughout the building had an economical bearing overall."

6. "The bilateral ventilation in classrooms enabled us to eliminate mechanical ventilation in those rooms. The only rooms mechanically ventilated are the toilets, the assembly room and the kitchen."

COMMUNITY SCHOOL

Elementary School, Burlington, Conn.

Moore & Salsbury, Architects
DESIGNED FOR ECONOMY
Burlington School classrooms are square, bi-laterally lighted, with single-loaded corridor (above). Each grade has its private outdoor classrooms, set off by evergreens (right).

7. The lower-than-average ratio of operating sash to fixed sash, and the consistency of size of operating sash and type of hardware.

8. Elimination of long runs of piping for drainage of individual classroom sinks, by draining each sink into individual dry wells.

9. "In this particular case the use of wrought iron pipes in the floor slab for radiant heating was more economical than the conventional heating system with its attendant long runs of pipe trenches."

In addition to these economy features, the architects list some items that added more than normally to the cost of the building:

"1. The brick veneer used is not a common brick, but a special hard burned brick, laid up in a special bond.

"2. Throughout there is more than average built-in equipment.

"3. The roof is a five ply 20-year bonded roof.

"4. The plywood used were selected for grain and soundness.

"5. Most of the framing skeleton is exposed and all framing members were selected for straight grain and freedom from knots.

"6. The assembly room has an excellent system of mechanically controlled tempered air changes.

"7. Each classroom has two exits, one of which is to an outdoor classroom extension.

"8. Each classroom has an individually enclosed (by hemlock hedges) outdoor extension. This feature, in the Connecticut climate, was something of an experiment, but has proven hugely successful. They are used for overflow classroom activities not only in the mild fall and spring, but also when there is snow on the ground. The first grade class has its own segregated playground, adjacent to its classroom for easy supervision."
Simple wood framing contributed much to the economy of Burlington school. Multi-purpose-community room is spanned by boxed wood truss; plywood covering acts as stiffener.
These models show some of the designs possible by varying the size and location of the lean-to's, used for offices and shops. At first only two hangars were contemplated, but a third was found necessary. Upper left photo shows the double-entry type chosen for N. Y. International Airport. (Three hangars and four lean-to's are actually being built.) The prototype design can be varied to accommodate overhaul, line maintenance and storage according to the anticipated end usage.

**WORLD’S LARGEST STEEL ARCHED HANGARS**

The Port of New York Authority develops a prototype design... elevated arches made it possible

Roberts and Schaefer, Structural Engineers

Lorimer and Rose, Architects

By JUNE, three of the world’s largest steel arched hangars will be completed at New York International Airport. Each of the hangars, with a clear span of 300 ft and depth of 219 ft, will be large enough to accommodate six Douglas DC-6 transports or four double-decked Boeing Stratocruisers.

During preliminary discussions and design studies, it was impossible to specify exactly how the hangars would be utilized, or what size or combination of aircraft would be housed — so the basic design needed to be versatile. Another prime functional requirement was that the design of the hangar proper should be a standardized unit that could be repeated and adapted to varying foundation conditions for future expansion.

The hangars had to be designed so that they could accommodate any one or a combination of three functional operations — overhaul, line maintenance, and storage, although the problem of storage was considered of little importance because the hangars will be used for aircraft operated by commercial airlines.

Prototype Design

Stemming mainly from these requirements came a prototype design, consisting of the main hangar as a standard unit onto which many different lean-to combinations can be incorporated for offices and shop space. The arches were designed with an elevated springing line which allows lean-to’s to be built on the sides as well as on either end, besides providing more head room. As an example, if one basic unit were required to accomplish overhaul work, then two 100-ft lean-to’s could provide the neces-

One of the planes which will soon be using the new hangars at N. Y. International Airport taxis down the runway in front of one of the steel arched units.

Photos courtesy The Port of New York Authority

APRIL 1950
sary shop and office space. If only line maintenance is to be done, one basic unit with a 40-ft lean-to on one side would be needed. Models in the photos on the previous page illustrate several possible arrangements.

Other functional requirements that evolved for the prototype hangar were that: the hangar, of permanent type construction, would be used long enough at a normal rental to amortize the capital investment; the hangar would have to house completely the largest commercial aircraft under construction or structural systems to be incorporated in the structural steel design and the reinforced concrete design were made before the adoption of basic dimensions. An economic appraisal of varying rise-span ratios and arch spacings was made. There were functional limitations on the arch spacing, since the spacing must permit the conversion from double-ended to single-ended hangars without basic redesign.

In the case of the structural steel design, the various arch types (hingeless, 2-hinged and 3-hinged) were investigated, in addition to other factors that were involved in the concrete design. Choice of the type of arch also influenced the cost of bracing and purlins.

A complete preliminary investigation was made to determine the most economical lean-to framing for the structural steel and reinforced concrete designs. In the case of structural steel, the systems considered had to meet the same requirements for fireproofness as those inherently possessed by reinforced concrete.

After exhaustive studies with various hangar designs, and construction of numerous model hangars in which the parking and maneuvering of model aircraft were investigated (see drawing, opposite page), these basic dimensions were established:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Width</td>
<td>300 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depth</td>
<td>219 ft (to outside of masonry walls)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. clear height at center</td>
<td>62 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Door height</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail Door</td>
<td>62 ft clear opening</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To provide the most flexible utiliza-

Lean-to's can be built on the sides of the hangar since the arches are anchored at the top of concrete columns (at right in the photo). Structurally, 15 ft of the lean-to's belongs to the hangar because of the column width necessary. An expansion joint is used, therefore, between this section and the rest of the lean-to. Note the flexing joint to take care of arch movement "on the board"; the dimensions and layout of the hangar must be such that it could be constructed in either steel or concrete.

Designs were prepared and bid on for both types of construction. The lowest bid was for the steel construction, although the bid for reinforced concrete was close enough to this to be competitive for this particular design.

The underlying premise for alternate designs in structural steel and reinforced concrete was that identity in utility value be maintained. In the development of the structural steel design, this meant providing for external fireproofing. In the lean-to's, conventional methods are used; in the hangars a suspended vermiculite ceiling can be provided.

Exhaustive preliminary studies of the
Steel Arch Design

The arches have a clear span of 300 ft, are spaced longitudinally 48 ft on center (except two middle arches are 24 ft) and have a rise of 49 ft, 11 in. This gives a clear height at the center line of the hangar of 75 ft. The arch is a three-hinge, built-up, plate girder type.

The depth back-to-back of the flange angles remains constant at 5 ft 7 in. The end pins have a diameter of 10 in. while the pins at the crown have a diameter of 8 in. The webs are stiffened at mid-depth by two angles. There are spread footings are used for the exterior columns and combined spread footings for the interior columns. No tension ties are used. The footings in the edge lean-to's are trapezoidal in plan and vary in depth from 10 ft to 3 ft. The footings in the center lean-to's are rectangular in plan, having a constant depth of 10 ft under the west-center lean-to and 5 ft under the east-center lean-to. Most of the lean-to columns are supported by the arch footings.

The hangar floor slab which rests on compacted limestone varies in thickness from 11 in. to 14 in. at the expansion joints. The six service pits in each hangar floor have compressed air, electrical outlets and drains.

There is a set of doors (12 leaves) at each end of the hangars with a clear opening 40 by 285 ft. Also at each end of the hangar there is a tailgate door 22 ft high and 33 ft 7 in. wide to provide clearance for planes with large tail sections. These tailgates are of the turnover canopy type. To prevent frequent opening of the large hangar doors, there are two vertical lift doors, 8 by 8 ft, and one pilot door built within the main doors. The upper portion of the hangar doors is glazed to produce even distribution of daylight over a large interior floor space. Hangar doors roll on tracks embedded in the concrete foundation. The wind loads on the doors and front closure walls are transmitted by steel trussed frames to the first two arches. All the doors are motor operated and electrically interconnected. Provisions are made for emergency hand operation.

Lean-to's

In the case of all lean-to's, 15 ft of width in a structural sense belongs to the hangar structure, since this is the width necessary for the large columns supporting the arches. An expansion...
lions on 4-ft centers permit ready subdivision of lean-to areas in space multiples of 4 ft, with partitions at all times coinciding with mullion locations.

The steel beams of the lean-to’s are spaced 8 ft on center, coinciding with each alternate mullion. Concrete slabs topped with lightweight concrete fill span the beams for the length of the hangar.

In order to produce watertight conditions and good appearance, cavity type welded steel framework, finished with a red-brown enamel, is used throughout the building.

Pipe coils on 10 7/8-in. centers are provided in the door pockets and directly beneath each door track rail. Plans provide for the future installation of four unit heaters per hangar, one at each corner, to take care of the pick-up load when the doors are open during cold weather, if operational experience indicates that this arrangement is necessary.

Steel-fin-and-tube type radiation, completely enclosed in enameled sheet steel cabinets, is used in the edge lean-to’s.

The first floor of each lean-to is provided with a wet-type sprinkler system. Provisions also have been made for future second-floor sprinklers.

**Lighting**

The hangars are designed with high-bay lighting fixtures, which project the light down to the floor surface where it is required with maximum efficiency, considering the high mounting which must be utilized. These fixtures will be provided with the disconnecting and lowering type of hanger.

Fixtures will be provided with two types of lamps: a standard incandescent lamp and a mercury vapor lamp, to produce an average uniform intensity of 38 footcandles. The mercury vapor lamps in combination with the incandescent will produce a bluish-white light of good color and quality.

Floodlights are provided over each hangar door to illuminate the apron area in front of the doors. Obstruction lights are provided on top of the roof of each hangar building and on the outside parapet wall of each edge lean-to. The control of these obstruction lights is designed to be automatic through photoelectric control units. They switch on when daylight drops to 35 f-c and off when it rises to 55 f-c.

**Heating and Ventilating**

To insure optimum floor-level temperatures, it was decided to use a radiant heating system, circulating water at approximately 140°F. Each hangar contains about ten miles of 13/2 in. piping, spaced on 18-in. centers and buried 6 1/2 in. below the floor. The panels are of the grid type in which the water is circulated from a supply header to a return header and not through a continuous coil. This eliminates long, continuous runs of pipe which would require high pumping heads and possibly cause circulating difficulties.

Ventilation is provided for interior zones of second floors in the edge lean-to’s and first and second floors of the center lean-to’s. The ventilating equipment rooms will be located on the roofs of the lean-to’s. Mechanical engineers were Karsunk, Welles and Gooch.

**Fire Protection**

A complete local fire alarm and sprinkler system is provided for the entire building inasmuch as the building location is isolated in relation to other parts of the airport.

The sprinkler system for the hangar is a deluge-type divided into six separate zones. The automatic control valves provided for these six systems are installed in the edge lean-to’s. The systems are automatically operated from heat-sensitive devices installed in the ceiling.

**Architectural Engineering**

Structural steel framing almost completed for one of the hangars, including end framing, door pockets and upper door guides

A unique supporting rig handled by the crane moves radiant heating grids into correct position before concrete floor is poured
ARCHITECTURAL ACOUSTICS

Article 1: Basic Planning Aspects

By Richard H. Bolt and Robert B. Newman *

This is the first in a series of articles by the authors, planned to give the architect a general perspective of acoustics—an orientation to the special language and techniques. They are not intended to replace a comprehensive course or book for one who wishes some mastery of the subject. But with the background provided, the architect will find more meaning in the growing literature on acoustics.

The Scope of the Field

Acoustics has been discussed in the architectural press from time to time (1) † and an increasing amount of technical information is available in manufacturers' literature, and in publications covering standardized acoustical values of materials and structures (2,3).

Often these problems are not recognized, at least not explicitly, by either the architect or the client. Of course an auditorium or broadcast studio needs special acoustic attention; but few people realize that the apartment house and the office building pose equally important acoustic problems. Many of these problems can be handled with little if any additional expense for acoustics itself. In a sense, every element of design and construction has some influence on acoustics; the important thing is to understand how much and what kind of influence these elements have.

We must learn first to recognize the various kinds of acoustic problems and their relation to the general functioning of buildings. Next we should consider the ways in which acoustic problems can be solved or anticipated in the basic planning; in the selection and utilization of the site, in the horizontal and vertical inter-relation of spaces within the building, in the general choice of materials and construction, and in the over-all shapes of rooms. These questions of functional analysis and planning are discussed in this article. Further articles will consider specific methods for achieving good acoustics in buildings. Their sequence follows more or less the logical order in which the architect should deal with acoustics as he develops a project.

Basic Problems and Criteria

Although the practice of acoustics involves a wide variety of special problems and techniques, the basic reasons for acoustical design are simply:

(a) to provide a satisfactory acoustic environment, or

(b) to provide good hearing conditions.

In a hospital room, for example, the designer is concerned primarily with the problem of providing a quiet environment, while in a recital hall he is concerned principally with the hearing problem. Similar methods may be used in handling these two kinds of problem, though in general their requirements and treatments differ. For these reasons it is logical to study the two types separately, as will be done in the second and third articles in this series. But here we shall learn to recognize the problems and their relation to general planning.

Factors Influencing Acoustical Environment. A satisfactory acoustic environment is one in which the character and magnitude of all noises are compatible with the satisfactory use of the space for its intended purpose. For example, a library reading room can be a difficult place for study in the presence of distracting noises. These same noises might be quite acceptable in a large business office; but here again there are limits of noise intrusion beyond which the worker would find it difficult to maintain efficiency and composure. There is thus a wide range of acceptable background noise levels in rooms, as indicated in the table above.

*Acoustics Laboratory, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and members of the consulting firm Bolt, Brown and Newman.
† Numbers in parentheses refer to items in bibliography.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CRITERIA FOR AVERAGE NOISE LEVELS IN UNOCCUPIED ROOMS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Decibels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio, recording, and television studios</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music rooms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legitimate theaters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospitals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motion picture theaters, auditoriums</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apartments, hotels, homes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classrooms, lecture rooms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conference rooms, small offices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Court rooms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private offices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Libraries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large public offices, banks, stores, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restaurants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factories</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These recommended acceptable levels are "weighted"; that is, they are the levels measured with a standard sound-level meter incorporating a 40-db frequency-weighting network (compensates for the ear). Table of noise level criteria, reprinted from Acoustical Designing in Architecture, Knudson and Harris, p. 231, with permission of John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
The noise level specified in this way is usually taken as the primary specification of an acoustic environment, but it is not the only one that counts. It is sometimes important to consider the noise levels at several frequencies instead of using the values given in the table which represent an average over a wide range of frequencies. It is sometimes important to consider the sound reflecting properties of the rooms because an extremely reverberant space can be annoying for some purposes even with relatively low noise levels.

The tolerance to noise depends also on its quality (high pitched whine, low pitched rumble, sharp rasping noise, etc.) and on its dynamic characteristics (continuous, intermittent in a regular rhythm, intermittent in unpredictable bursts, etc.). These characteristics are difficult to define, and their influences on annoyance and fatigue are not fully understood today; but extreme cases are easy to spot. To some extent the evaluation of these characteristics is simply a matter of common sense and experience. One obvious rule is that the more unexpected a noise, the more likely it is to be a disturbance. The steady drone of distant traffic giving 45 decibels in a hotel room would not be especially disturbing; but the same noise level from a siren will attract immediate attention. There will be cases in which the noise quality influences acoustic design. In particular the noise reducing elements such as insulating walls and sound absorbing materials should be effective in the predominant frequency ranges of the noise to be controlled. Keeping these points in mind, then, we can use the table as a partial checklist for noise control problems to be considered in each project. The architect may find it useful to expand this list from personal experience.

**Factors Influencing Hearing Conditions.**

The room designed for hearing music or speech may already have been treated for environment control, in which case a start has been made on the listening problem. But the requirements for good hearing are more exacting, and their attainment is frequently more complicated. In general we must satisfy four requirements:

1. Background noise must be low enough not to interfere with the desired sounds of speech or music.
2. The desired sounds must be sufficiently loud.
3. The reverberation time must be short enough to avoid excessive overlapping of successive sounds and yet it must be long enough to provide some blending.
4. The sound must be distributed properly throughout the room to give a desirable degree of acoustic uniformity and to avoid disturbing echoes, undue focusing, or islands of low intensity of sound.

**Planning for Noise Control**

We note that the background noise is an important factor in both the environment aspects and the hearing properties of the rooms. General criteria for listening rooms are included in the table. In speech rooms special attention must be given that particular range of frequencies in which a masking noise can reduce the intelligibility of speech. In the case of music a much wider range of frequencies is important.

As already mentioned, the detailed criteria for acceptable amounts and kinds of noise will differ depending on the purposes of the room, but the general methods of achieving any of these criteria are common to all purposes. Let us now consider these noise control measures as related to general planning.

Achievement of low background noise in a room obviously will be aided by locating the room as far as possible from noise sources, both inside the building (ventilating machines, shops, gymnasiums, etc.) and outside (highway, railroad, airfield, noisy factory, etc.).

Frequently the site selection is beyond the architect's control. But usually he has considerable influence on the horizontal and vertical layout of the building, and this should be scrutinized for sensible segregation of noisy areas. Ventilating equipment and bowling alleys should not be placed immediately under or over an auditorium if this can be avoided. See if the machine shops or testing laboratories can be placed in a different wing from the offices and conference rooms. The play room should be removed from the bedrooms; the hand room from the library and study halls. Noise control can sometimes be helped by the judicious use of dead areas — storage spaces, courts, etc. — as buffers. Noise sources within the building can often be controlled locally, by the housing of machines and quieting of rooms containing noisy devices. The selection of quiet mechanical equipment in the first place is a part of rational planning.

When all possibilities of noise control by site selection, separation planning, buffer areas and noise source control have been fully utilized, we are ready to determine the expected sound levels (and perhaps other characteristics) of all noises immediately surrounding each room requiring protection. The difference between these noise levels and the background criterion for the room (calculation methods to be discussed in the second article) gives the amount of insulation that must be provided by the shell of the room itself.

Thus the second general phase of noise control leads to problems involving structures and materials. In general, the degree of noise insulation of a wall increases with weight. Composite structures, particularly if they include air spaces, are generally superior to homogeneous walls of the same weight. For example, an 8-in. brick wall has an average transmission loss of about 50 db, while two 4-in. brick walls spaced 4 in. apart give nearly 60 db which is more than the value for a solid 12-in. brick. Laminated walls of impervious outer layers, separated by materials of differing density and compressibility (fiber boards, soft blankets, light weight fill, etc.) are usually 5 to 10 db better than homogeneous walls of the same weight.

Regardless of weight, however, a wall must be highly impervious to air flow through it, if it is to give a high degree of sound insulation. As a striking example, ordinary thin walls of unplastered clay tile or porous Cinder block rate as “poor” insulating walls — inadequate for inter-office privacy, for example. But
the same walls tightly sealed with even a thin coat of plaster on each side are in the “good” range of 35 to 40 db transmission loss.

The same rule applies to air leaks around doors and windows and through ventilating openings. An ordinary flush door with a threshold crack has negligible transmission loss (perhaps 10 db); with tight rubber gaskets all around it can reach a rating of 25 or 30 db which gives adequate privacy in many cases. (Note in passing that the transmission loss of a door or window need not be as high as that required for the wall as a whole if the door or window occupies only a small fraction of the area.)

It is very difficult with a single door to obtain more than 35 or 40 db even with elaborate precautions in construction, gasket sealing, and tight fitting hardware. So when we have a need for higher insulation through entries, we must go to double doors or enclosed sound locks, as frequently used in broadcast studios.

Thus the design of a sound insulating enclosure involves more than the choice of a wall structure with adequate transmission loss. Attention must also be paid to proper detailing of all joints, divisions, and inserted elements. Many an expensive wall construction has been vitiated acoustically by short circuiting air leaks. Although such short circuits are readily comprehended, the equally dangerous by-passing by structural paths is often overlooked. The impact of heels on a floor sets up vibration which in turn gives rise to sound radiated into the space below. The degree to which a given floor structure thus responds is measured by its impact noise transmission loss. Impact noise transmission loss values for many types of floors are given in BMS 17 (see Ref. 2). A bare concrete floor slab transmits impact noise as efficiently as any commonly employed structure and is therefore frequently used as a reference for measuring impact noise. Taking this bare slab as having zero loss, the addition of a carpet improves matters by 5 to 10 db; and the addition of a resiliently floated finish floor can provide a structure with as much as 20 or 25 db impact transmission loss.

Now, the structural vibration set up by impact can also be transmitted to other parts of the building along the slab and through the structure. As a matter of fact, even air borne sound striking a wall always imparts at least a small amount of motion, and once this vibration is in the structure it can travel throughout the building. This structure-borne vibration is “telephoned” readily through a continuous rigid frame of steel or concrete; less efficiently through unhomogeneous masonry or frame constructions; and blocked almost entirely by structural breaks which are sealed, at most, by a soft mastic. Sound passing between two adjacent rooms through the floor slab may exceed the amount transmitted through a common wall. This sound transmission sets an upper limit to the amount of sound isolation that can be achieved between these rooms, regardless of the effectiveness of the wall between them. This limit is usually about 45 to 55 db, depending upon the type of construction. Above this limit special detailing must be used to break paths of transmission.

Sometimes the detailing of high sound insulation in a building necessitates wall and floor structures of uncommon thickness. It may be necessary to provide floated floors or ceilings, or an isolated inner shell around a room. This will not generally occur if less than 45 db airborne sound transmission loss is needed; but above 55 db the structure is almost certain to be of increased thickness. This situation gives rise to one of the most important reasons for anticipating noise control requirements in the planning stages. More than one building has been doomed to inadequate noise control simply because the floor levels and room dimensions were irrevocably fixed (or even the structure erected) before thought was given to acoustics.

Planning for Adequate Loudness

Provision of sufficient loudness is not a problem in small rooms (less than about 25,000 cu ft). In rooms of this size, an average person talking normally can be heard very well throughout the room if the other conditions for good hearing are satisfied. At the other extreme, in very large rooms (more than approximately 250,000 cu ft) the average person simply cannot generate enough acoustic power to fill the room, so he needs the aid of a sound amplifying system. In rooms of intermediate size an amplifying system may or may not be necessary, depending on the skill with which the other influencing factors of background noise and sound distribution can be controlled.

The loudness problem is somewhat different in the case of music, because ensembles of musical instruments usually can be made large enough for satisfactory hearing even in large auditoriums. Solo voices may require amplification, but only under unusual circumstances is amplification needed for the orchestra.

Whenever we recognize the possible need for a sound reinforcement system (and of course such systems are automatically required in motion picture theaters) we should keep in mind that the loudspeakers should be located in accordance with well established principles, and that the system should be properly integrated with the design of the room. In most cases, a single group of loudspeakers located centrally some 20 or 30 ft above the stage will provide optimum hearing condition with greatest realism. There are recent developments in stereophonic reproduction using two or more separate groups of loudspeakers fed independently from separate microphones.

In fact, the engineering of sound reinforcing systems with high fidelity and realism has advanced considerably in recent years. It is now important for architects to understand these potentialities and to incorporate the required components in the basic design of the room.

Planning for Optimum Reverberation

The reverberation time is a measure of the prolongation of sound in a room after the source has stopped; specifically, the time in seconds for sound to decay 60 db. The optimum value of reverberation time depends on the volume of the room and on the type of sound to be heard. In general, the working range runs from about ½ second for very small speech rooms up to 2½ seconds for very large concert halls or churches. Detailed criteria will be discussed in a later article.

The reverberation time that exists in a room is determined by the volume of the room and by the sound absorptive properties of the finishes, furnishings, people and the air in the room. The
amount of sound absorption is specified in terms of absorptive units; the calculation of the number of units and then of the reverberation time is an essential step in the acoustic analysis, but one which we can postpone here. One point to bear in mind at this stage is that reverberation control does not always require the use of special acoustic materials, though they are generally needed in some amount. In moderate sized rooms with a small volume per person, with upholstered seats and perhaps with wood paneled walls, the optimum reverberation time already may be achieved.

It is important to know that the reverberation time must be satisfactory over a wide range of frequencies and not simply at one frequency such as 512 cps, as is too often believed to be the case. A common form of frequency unbalance is excessive reverberation at low frequencies (below 250 cps) and inadequate reverberation at high frequencies (above 2000 cps). The effect is “boomy” and yet “dead” and music hearing is particularly poor. Usually this condition is attributable to inadequate low frequency absorption; conventional acoustical materials less than 1 in. thick and mounted directly on hard surfaces fall off rapidly in absorption below 250 cps. Increased low frequency absorption can be obtained by using thicker materials, or deep air spaces behind porous materials, or specially designed thin panels, or acoustic resonators. All of these measures require greater depth than is normally allowed for acoustic treatment. Thus it is important in the planning stage to recognize those cases in which large amounts of low frequency absorption may be needed and to allow adequate depth in walls and ceilings for this treatment. A space of 4 to 6 in. is usually enough for this treatment, and yet one frequently sees cases in which previous design decisions have made it impossible to apply more than 1 in. thickness of absorptive treatment.

Acoustical materials are made in a wide range of surface textures, and many possibilities in surface design and color are possible by judicious combinations involving available finish materials. The architect who is familiar with these possibilities, or better yet with the basic principles from which new combinations can be conceived, will find that the treatment for reverberation control can be made a part of the design rather than a necessary evil which must be applied as "correction."

Planning for Sound Distribution and Room Shape

The distribution of sound in a room is determined principally by the over-all shape of the enclosure and the smaller scale breakup of the surfaces. Amounts and locations of absorbing materials also influence sound distribution to some extent. For proper distribution, sounds from persons speaking or singing, instruments, and loudspeakers should be projected to all the listeners with fidelity and uniformity. The exact meanings of these words are subject to careful definition, but a general understanding can be given at this point by some qualitative statements. There should be no distinct echoes such as come from distant reflecting surfaces. High domes and large expanses of concave wall focus sound annoyingly to certain parts of the room and rob other parts. (Whispering galleries make good sightseeing but poor auditoriums.)

Excessive space in itself is wasteful of acoustic energy. If monumentality is essential, in a particular room, its inherent acoustic difficulties should be clearly recognized and ameliorated as far as possible in the design. If, on the other hand, the design of a large hall can be generated primarily by acoustic requirements, a high degree of sound conservation and uniformity can be achieved.

Usually volume should be less than 300 cu ft per person and the height of the hall should not be excessive at any point. At the same time if there is a balcony, sufficient height should be allowed in the framing to yield a good balcony shape. The front of the balcony should be pointed or rounded and the underside should slope downward toward the rear. These features eliminate echo reflections from the balcony front, carry reinforcing sound to the rear under balcony seats. Even worse than a horizontal balcony soffit is one which slopes up to the rear. A listener sitting in such a receptant space feels that he is in another room into which inadequate sound is coming from the auditorium itself. There should be properly oriented reflecting surfaces near the sources of sound. Smaller scale surface irregularities are frequently help-
To keep operation expenses of school cafeterias at a minimum, the physical layout must permit an orderly sequence of work. Receiving, storage, working and serving areas must be closely related. And at the same time, adequate food service equipment must be provided, properly integrated with the layout.

The architect should plan the cafeteria to serve the two groups of children who will use it. One group will buy lunch there; the other will bring lunch from home and buy milk at school. Congestion will be reduced if a separate line is established for purchase of milk and ice cream only.

Careful consideration should be given to the problem of handling the large quantities of milk used in modern schools — refrigeration, washing and bottle storage.

A double service line is desirable, as speedy service insures a greater number of children buying school lunches.

**Receiving and Storage Areas**

The door to the kitchen proper must be wide enough to permit the movement of all equipment. A protected space for unloading and receiving supplies adjacent to the storeroom and kitchen is essential. A table and platform scales should be located here so that the deliveries may be weighed and checked before they are stored or taken to preparation areas.

The storeroom for canned and staple foods should be ventilated, rodent-proof, easily cleaned and protected from theft by a door which can be securely locked. Metal shelving is desirable. For No. 10 cans, shelves 14 1/2 in. deep and 16 in. apart are satisfactory. It is convenient to have one 2-ft shelf at a height of about 42 in., below which bins or metal cans on rollers can be placed. A portable table on casters saves many steps between the storage room and the kitchen.

A walk-in icebox is necessary for the storage of vegetables, sacks of potatoes, etc. Ample refrigeration insures that sufficient quantities of perishable supplies may be ordered and delivered at wholesale prices. There is an increasing use of frozen foods which must be held at a temperature of approximately 5 F, so a frozen food storage cabinet should be provided. (See Table for sizes.)

**Food Preparation**

**Sinks.** The food preparation area should have two- or three-compartment sinks. The sinks should be stainless metal, welded, seamless, one-piece, with rounded corners and with sufficient pitch to drain quickly. If space permits, each compartment should be 24 to 30 in. long and the drainboards 30 to 36 in. Gate valves should be used instead of plugs.

**Potato Peeler.** The potato peeler should be set high enough to empty onto the drainboard or into the sink. It should be so placed that it is easy to clean.

**Tables.** Three tables are necessary — one for vegetable preparation, one for the salad and sandwich preparation and one for use by the cook. Stainless metal table tops and shelves are desirable.

The cook’s table should be provided with a rack overhead and a sink. It should have drawers mounted on slides, with roller bearings. Linoleum lined drawers for knives and spoons lessen the noise and protect the implements.

---

A typical kitchen layout for an elementary school. Designed for Hillcrest Elementary School, San Francisco, Calif., by Day and Michelsen, Architects

APRIL 1950
Ranges. Either two-section, heavy-duty ranges (each section 36 in. wide, oven below) with solid tops and ovens should be provided or a one-section range with oven plus a two-deck oven in the elementary schools. Larger schools should be provided with three to four range units and the two-deck ovens. A water tap over the range is convenient for filling the kettles. An electric fan should be installed in the hood to remove heat and kitchen odors.

The vent pipe of all range hoods must be trapped with a grease trap or filter in a manner satisfactory to the local health department. Installation of hoods in which the vent opens directly to the outside without a filter or trap is no longer permissible.

### EQUIPMENT FOR VARIOUS SERVICE NEEDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equipment</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>No. Units to Serve</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>75-150 150-350 350-800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heavy Duty Range</td>
<td>36 by 36 in.</td>
<td>2 units, or 1 plus bake oven</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bake Ovens, 2 deck</td>
<td>54 in. wide by 36 in. deep by 70 in. high</td>
<td>1 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steam Cooker, 2 compartment</td>
<td>41 in. deep by 35 in. wide</td>
<td>1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potato Peeler, capacity 15 lb</td>
<td>29 in. wide by 20 in. deep</td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixing Machine, 40 to 60 qt</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dishwashing Machine</td>
<td>Single tray</td>
<td>Double tray Double tray</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slicing Machine</td>
<td>Large table model</td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sinks</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable Sink, 2 compartment</td>
<td>18 by 18 by 12 in.</td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Sink</td>
<td>24 by 20 by 14 in.</td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand Sink</td>
<td>15 by 12 in.</td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pot Sink *</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tables</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving Table</td>
<td>3 ft by 18 in. by 28 in.</td>
<td>4 ft by 24 in. by 28 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-preparation for vegetables</td>
<td>4 ft by 24 in. by 28 in.</td>
<td>5 ft by 30 in. by 36 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salad and Sandwich</td>
<td>6 ft by 30 in. by 36 in.</td>
<td>7 ft by 30 in. by 36 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cook’s Table</td>
<td>6 ft by 30 in. by 36 in.</td>
<td>3½ ft by 30 in. by 36 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baker’s Table</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refrigeration</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reach-In Refrigerator</td>
<td>35 cu ft</td>
<td>45 cu ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walk-In Box</td>
<td>6 by 6 ft</td>
<td>6 by 6 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deep Freeze Lockers</td>
<td>28 by 37 by 38 in. approx.</td>
<td>28 by 57 by 38 in. approx.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice Cream Cabinets</td>
<td>1 (2 hole)</td>
<td>2 (4 hole)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(for serving lines)</td>
<td></td>
<td>15 cu ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refrigerator for separate milk service</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric Bun Warmer</td>
<td>28 by 37½ by 54½ in.</td>
<td>some</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* See text, "Pot and Pan Sink," this page.

**Pot and Pan Sink.** A pot and pan sink located near the range saves steps. It should be built with two drainboards, one on each end; three wash compartments; and a small scraping compartment. The first one is a soaking sink. Between the soaking and the wash compartment is a small one, approximately 8 in. wide and 10 in. deep, with a removable perforated tray set on top of it into which food materials are scraped. The third wash compartment is for rinsing. The compartments for the sink should be 14 to 16 in. deep, 20 in. wide, and 28 in. long. Shelves should be provided, mounted on wheels, under the drainboards.

**Serving Area.** A glass plate in front of each serving counter to protect food from the breaths of those in line is usually required by the health authorities. This glass plate should be placed several inches above the top of the counter so there is space for passing plates of food under the glass.

Electrically heated food tables in stainless steel are more desirable than the gas steam tables. In the electric food tables, steam and moisture are eliminated and the tables do not require plumbing. Each section in the table is thermostatically controlled and the heat in each section can be adjusted to the proper temperature for each type of food. Panel adapters are available which makes it possible to use different sized containers.

A dry hot food storage table may be substituted. For this type, a gas line is required, but no plumbing, water, or drains are needed. The temperature of each compartment can be controlled individually.

Silver containers should be on the service counter near the trays. These containers should be built so that the silver may be stacked, handles up.

Soaps, detergents, etc., should be stored in a compartment under the pot and pan sink area. Sufficient space above and below the dish tables insures proper air drying.

A towel drying rack which can be pulled up close to the ceiling should be included.

The garbage can storage room should be located so that it is accessible from the driveway, convenient to the kitchen, yet can be locked on the kitchen side. The room should be louvred and screened for natural ventilation. It should be located near the receiving area, not the kitchen. The garbage room should have

(Continued on page 248)
I.E.S. ISSUES FIRST DAYLIGHTING REPORT

The first Recommended Practice of Daylighting* just published by the Illuminating Engineering Society presents technical data and recommendations for the effective utilization of daylight in schools, offices, factories and homes. The principles described, however, can be applied to all types of building.

Recommendations form the main text of the report; design information needed for daylighting calculations is covered in several appendices; and a comprehensive bibliography of over 200 references concludes the report. Almost all of the data contained is from previously published material.

At first, the report discusses daylighting design principles, including such topics as sky brightness, daylighting distribution, effect of inside and outside colors, and effect of obstructions. Then follows general information on sunlight control, including building orientation; fixed and variable devices such as shades, louvers and overhangs.

The report was compiled by a Subcommittee of the Committee on Daylighting, assisted by Bernard F. Greene, lighting consultant.

HEATING CABLE USED FOR SNOW MELTING

Snow was melted from the sidewalk (portion just beyond second parking meter) shown in the left photo simply by flicking a switch. Electric heating cable placed inside steel conduit supplies heat to this sidewalk which is in front of the Rockland Light and Power Co. building in Nyack, N. Y. Conduit protects the cable and permits replacement if the cable fails. The other photos show how the system was installed in a driveway for a garage in Brooklyn, N. Y.

The lead-sheathed heating cable used comes in 60- and 120-ft lengths for 120 and 240 v, respectively; rating of the 60 ft cable is 420 watts. Maximum sheath temperature is 165 F.

Spacing of the 1-in. galvanized conduit is based on a load of 32 w per sq ft, which is sufficient to melt a snowfall of 1 in. per hr at an air temperature of 26 F. The conduit on these jobs was spaced 6 in. on center and buried about 1 3/4 in. below the concrete surface.

Conduits terminate in a pull box with copper terminal strips for the cables. According to Mario F. Muzzillo, New York City consulting engineer who designed these installations, initial cost is about $2.00 per sq ft (New York City), and annual operation cost (100 hr) for 1000 sq ft would cost $64 at 2 cents per kwh.
HARDWARE—10; DOOR CLOSING DEVICES

By Seymour Howard, Architect, with the cooperation of American Society of Architectural Hardware Consultants

SPRING HINGES

Simplest closing device. Energy stored in spring closes door. No closing speed control unless additional device is used, such as surface type door check without spring.

DOUBLE ACTING SPRING BUTT HINGES

Note: Also available with button tip

With hanging strip

Also available with clamp flanges and bolts for kolomein doors.

SINGLE ACTING SPRING BUTT HINGES

Note: Also available with button tip

With hanging strip

(IF jamb face is in line with door face, this type can be used without additional hanging strip) Also available as half surface hinge for kolomein doors with pressed steel jambs (4, 6, and 7 in. sizes)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIZES OF SPRING BUTT HINGES</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Min Door Thickness</th>
<th>Max Door Thickness Wood</th>
<th>Max Door Thickness Metal</th>
<th>Max Door Width</th>
<th>Max Door Weight</th>
<th>Depth (d) Hanging Strip (If required)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Note: Check all information and details for exact cases carefully with mfr.'s catalogs. Variations in door thickness for hinges of different mfrs. shown in parentheses.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3&quot;</td>
<td>3/8&quot;</td>
<td>1/2&quot;</td>
<td>3/8&quot;</td>
<td>2-2&quot;</td>
<td>30 lb.</td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3/4 (1)</td>
<td>13/16</td>
<td>13/16</td>
<td>2-4</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>11/16 (1)</td>
<td>15/16</td>
<td>15/16</td>
<td>2-6</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>11/16 (1)</td>
<td>13/16</td>
<td>13/16</td>
<td>2-8</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>3/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>13/16 (1/4)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>13/16</td>
<td>2-9</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>3/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>11/2</td>
<td>21/2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2-10</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>13/4</td>
<td>21/2</td>
<td>21/2</td>
<td>3-0</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>11/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12</td>
<td>21/4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>21/4</td>
<td>3-2</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>11/4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

General Rules

1. Use largest size hinge that thickness of hardwood and kolomein doors will permit
2. Use min door thickness only for light wood doors
3. Use three hinges for doors that are extra heavy or frequently used. Place third hinge down 1/5 distance between upper and lower hinges.
HARDWARE-11: DOOR CLOSING DEVICES

By Seymour Howard, Architect, with the cooperation of American Society of Architectural Hardware Consultants

DOOR CHECKS (CLOSERS)

- **FOREARM ADJUSTABLE**
  - **MAIN ARM**
  - **PAWL**
  - **JAMB PLATE**
  - **VALVE ADJUSTMENT**
  - **SOME TYPES AVAILABLE WITHOUT PROJECTING CYLINDERS**

**Surface Type**

Dimensions approx. Check with mfr. for exact sizes.

Angle to which door may be opened is set by closer to jamb distance; length of main arm (may be available in different sizes) and fore arm (adjustable); jamb and butt conditions; projection of closer. When specifying, state max opening angle desired.

DOOR CLOSING DEVICES

- **OVERHEAD CLOSERS**
  - **ALLOW IS MAX.**
  - **ALLOW IS MAX.**
  - **FOR EXACT DIMENSIONS CHECK WITH MANUFACTURERS CATALOGS**

- Mounted on door, hinge side, with regular (exposed) arm.
- Door weight carried on hinges or pivots

Sizes of Overhead Door Closers (From Dept. of Commerce CS22-401)

Where strong drafts are encountered and as noted above under bracket and parallel arm installations, use next larger size.

- **Semi-Concealed Type**
  - **FULLY CONCEALED TYPE**
  - **MORTISED STOP CONCEALS ARM WHEN CLOSED**
  - **MAX 4°**
  - **LEVER ARM**
  - **SLIDING SIDE**
  - **MAX 4°**
  - **MAX 4°**

- Housed in head above door. For doors on hinges, offset or center pivots.
- Housed in head above door. Projecting arm gives greater power than concealed arm.
- Door on hinges or pivots. Arm projects on stop side. Also used on outswinging wood doors when door top is not weather protected.

**APRIL 1950**

(Continued on page 177)
Ash Removal Hoist

The P&H Zip-Lift Electric Hoist, operating on the boom principle, is said to be ample recommended by the manufacturers for large buildings. The 24-ft lift of the use in ash removal from basements in to remove loaded ash cans weighing up to 400 lb from an 18-ft deep pit, to a height sufficient for easy loading on trucks. The hoist operates on standard 110-v current, and may be had in capacities up to 36-in. squares, and in lb. The asphaltic base and dark green. It is available in dark brown, black and dark green. It is available in 12-, 18- and 36-in. squares, and in from an 18-ft deep pit, to a height sufficient for easy loading on trucks. The hoist operates on standard 110-v current, and may be had in capacities up to 2000 lb for this and other services. Harnischfeger Corp., Hoist Div., 4400 W. National Ave., Milwaukee 14, Wisc.

Adjustable Steel Columns

The Tapco Mono-Post is designed to serve first as an adjustable support column during the early stages of residential and light industrial construction, then to be embedded in the concrete floor as a permanent fixture. Temporary support installations are eliminated.

The post is made of 11 gage, 3 in. OD plastic-coated steel tubing. The 7-ft post weighs about 40 lb. The assembly includes welded plates at the top and bottom and a precision-built jack for periodic adjustments. In use, the jack is first attached to a footer. After adjustments on all supports have been completed, the base plate, jack, and about 1 in. of the post are embedded in the concrete floor. The finish is said to be silvery in appearance, durable under all atmospheric conditions, and resistant to acid, alkali and corrosive influence in general. Akron Products Co., Seville, Ohio.

(Continued on page 252)
Everyone wants the best hardware in his home at the lowest cost. WESLOCK Cylindrical Locks offer economy without compromising quality and style to keep costs down. They have the durability, convenience features, and acceptance generally found only in lock sets costing up to 100% more!

It's easy to standardize on WESLOCKS because the line contains a proper unit for every door in the house—and they are sure to please your most exacting customers.

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1420 So. Evergreen Avenue
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A must for modern, fireproof construction. They are permanent, fire-safe, and wear-resistant... sanitary and economical... easy to install and easy to clean and maintain.

Attractive too. Available in a complete range of styles, types, and sizes to suit the exact interior you have in mind: curved, splay, or flat — solid or grill top, moulded or plain. May be used separately or together with Milcor Metal Window Trim, corner fittings, and other accessories. Look for full details in Sweets, or write for a copy of the new Milcor Manual. No obligation.
FULLY CONCEALED OVERHEAD DOOR CLOSERS (Continued)

Housed in door. For interior doors only. Also available with concealed arm. Door hung on hinges or pivots.

For double acting interior doors, hung on center pivots. Housed in head above door.

For heavy and exterior double acting doors, hung on center pivots. Housed in head above door.

FLOOR CLOSERS (CHECKING FLOOR HINGES, FLOOR CHECKS)

Single Acting On Offset Pivots
Weight carried on closer spindle. Also available with separate closer arm operating from centerline of door.

Double Acting On Center Pivots

See mfr.'s catalogs for sizes required for specific doors and for exact dimensions.

PRINCIPLES OF CLOSER MECHANISMS

Designs vary with mfr. and position of closer. Basic operating principle is common to all:
Opening Door:
Energy is stored in spring; shaft, through connecting mechanism, moves a piston, displacing checking fluid through a ball check valve.
Closing Door:
Energy in spring rotates spindle, closing door; at same time piston is moved back. With ball check closed, fluid is forced through ports in cylinder wall into by-pass channel leading to other side of piston. Rate of flow (and rate of closing door) is controlled by valves.

Latching speed may be:
1. Same as general speed
2. Greater than general speed to overcome latch point resistance (strong draft or latch spring)
3. Less than general speed for silent closing.

Spring May be:
1. Spiral wound, flat band (clock type)
2. Helical wound, circular, oval or flat wire.
3. Torison type
4. Compression type

Piston Operating Mechanism May Be:
1. Crank type (as shown)
2. Cam type (usual in floor closers)
3. Semi Rock and pinion
4. Full rock and pinion
5. Rotary position
6. Diamond block.
For any school door requirement

A Complete Line
Proved in Service
Known for Distinction

For detailed description and applications of these devices, refer to our general catalog.

Glynn-Johnson Corporation
Builders' Hardware Specialties for Over 25 Years
4422 N. Ravenswood Ave.
Chicago 40, Illinois
**HEATING SYSTEMS FOR HOUSES**

Convector Baseboard Heating Systems: 4—Design Of System

By William J. McGuinness
Professor of Architectural Engineering
Pratt Institute

This is the second of two parts on convector baseboard heating, and presents a simplified design procedure for a typical small house installation. Part I, covering basic data and layouts of the system, appeared in the March 1950 Timesaver Standards.

Room heat loss is computed in the same manner as for other conventional heating systems. The system is very economical of pipe since most of it is in the heated space. Credit can be taken for the heat emission of bare pipe behind base. This and the finned areas of convectors make up heat loss in each room. Length of the convector will depend on its rating. Many designers feel that the lower output convectors are desirable because they come closer to filling up the length of the entire exterior wall, thus distributing heat better. A similar argument is offered for use of lower water temperatures. Convectors which discharge at the front cause less wall streaking but are slightly less efficient. Selection of pump and pipe sizes follows closely the usual procedure in designing radiator-type forced hot water systems. High points must be vented and low points drained. Convectors and loops are run level. It is advantageous for incidental piping to pitch to drains. Lengths obtainable vary with manufacturers, but usually units come in multiples of 6 in. The base which covers the unit can often be cut to exact size on the job. Controls are not possible within a circuit except by dampers in some models. The several circuits in a large system can be balanced with valves or zoned by the use of separate pumps.

### DESIGN OF A SERIES LOOP, FORCED HOT WATER SYSTEM USING BASEBOARD CONVECTORS

**Step 1.** Compute hourly heat loss. This computation is the usual one and is not affected by use of baseboard convectors:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Room</th>
<th>Btu/hr heat loss</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Living Room</td>
<td>16,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedroom 1</td>
<td>9,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedroom 2</td>
<td>7,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bath</td>
<td>2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dining</td>
<td>4,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kitchen</td>
<td>5,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>45,000 Btu/hr</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 2.** Establish average water temperature and temperature drop in system:
- Average temperature: 180 deg
- Temperature drop: 20 deg

**Step 3.** Compute gallons per minute (GPM) to be circulated at 20 deg drop to make up heat loss:

\[
\frac{45,000 \text{ Btu/hr}}{9,600 \text{ (Factor)}} = 4.7 \text{ GPM}
\]

**Step 4.** Make layout and dimensioned pipe drawing to establish measured length and equivalent total length:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Actual Circuit Lengths:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total equivalent length to include resistance of fittings, boiler, etc:</strong> 132 ft + 1.50 (add 50 per cent) = 197 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Say 200 ft</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Continued on page 181)
NORRIS, TENNESSEE, HIGH SCHOOL

A typically fine educational structure

HEAT BY FITZGIBBONS STEEL BOILERS
insures schoolroom comfort at lowest operating
cost with any fuel. This stoker-fired installation is
effecting great savings for the Anderson County
School Board and justifying their confidence in its
selection.

Many hundreds of fine school buildings
throughout the nation are heated by Fitzgibbons
steel boilers.

The best buildings deserve "the best in steel
boiler heat"—The Fitzgibbons Boiler.

SEE OUR EXHIBIT of residential boilers
at Booth 307-309, the National Oil Heat Exposition,
Philadelphia, April 24-28.

Fitzgibbons Boiler Company, Inc.
101 PARK AVENUE, NEW YORK 17, N. Y.
Send me the "D" TYPE Boiler Catalog.

Name: __________________________ Position: __________________________
Address: __________________________
City: __________________________ Zone: __________________________ State: __________________________
Convector Baseboard Heating Systems: 5—Design Of System Continued

By William J. McGuinness
Professor of Architectural Engineering
Pratt Institute

(Continued from page 179)

DESIGN OF A SERIES LOOP, FORCED HOT WATER SYSTEM USING BASEBOARD CONVECTORS

Step 5. Select pump and establish "head" against which it must pump:

A 1-in. pump will deliver 4.7 GPM against 5.5 ft of head.

Step 6. Select size of main:

Consult Time Saver Standards, Forced Hot Water Systems, Sept. 1949, Table 1 Sec. A, which also applies to this type of circuit. With an equivalent length of 200 ft and a head of 5 ½ ft, the pressure drop per ft will be 350 millinches.

Section "B" of this table shows that a 1-in. pipe will supply 59,000 Btu/hr at a 20 deg drop. This is adequate and a 1-in. main will be selected. The capacity is found in the 350-millinch column.

Step 7. Select type of baseboard and by its output, compute the length required in each room:

For example, use Dumham "BOTS"; output at 180 F is 636 Btu/ft.

Room heat loss = Length
Output/ft

An "adjustment" (see below) is often used to increase the second and third divisions of the circuit 7½ and 15 per cent respectively. For this purpose, the circuit is divided roughly into 3 parts. The increase offsets the lower temperatures at end of line.

Step 8. Select expansion tank:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Btu Load</th>
<th>Tank Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80,000/hr</td>
<td>8 Gals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180,000</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An 8-gal tank is used.

Step 9. Select boiler:

Total heat loss of 45,000 Btu/hr and type of firing will be used in selecting boiler. Manufacturers make allowance for pipe-loss, pick-up and normal domestic hot water demand.

Step 10. Lay out system:

Notes: Heat emission of bare pipe has been neglected in this design, so system is slightly overdesigned.

Non-ferrous convectors can be used in series with fin-type baseboard elements. The size of these convectors is determined by their output rating at the average water temperature of the system.

180 deg average temperature is desirable for comfort and cleanliness. Higher temperature would make possible shorter units with resulting economy of installation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Space</th>
<th>Heat Loss</th>
<th>Length &quot;BOTS&quot;</th>
<th>Adjust- ment</th>
<th>Revised length to be used</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L. R.</td>
<td>16,000</td>
<td>25.0 ft</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>25.0 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. R. 1</td>
<td>9,400</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>x 1.075</td>
<td>16.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. R. 2</td>
<td>7,200</td>
<td>11.5</td>
<td>x 1.075</td>
<td>12.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. S.</td>
<td>2,300</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>x 1.150</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. R.</td>
<td>4,500</td>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>x 1.150</td>
<td>8.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K.</td>
<td>5,600</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>x 1.150</td>
<td>10.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MANUFACTURERS’ LITERATURE

Air Diffusers

Experience Plus Energy — Airgair. Folder pictures and describes a line of square, rectangular and circular air diffusers for ceiling or side wall mounting. Line drawings give model numbers, patterns, and typical application of various types available. Air filters, grease filters and exhausters are also covered. 6 pp., illus. Air Devices, Inc., 17 E. 42nd St., New York 17, N. Y.

Ceramic Tile

The Color Book of Tile. The first section of this booklet consists of 30 color plates illustrating tile effects in bathrooms, powder rooms and kitchens. Each plate is accompanied by details of decorative strips, inserts, accessories, and alternate floor patterns. Specifications and descriptions of the tiles are listed on the reverse side.

The second section consists of eight 4-page folders giving color charts and sketches of the entire line of tiles. Copies are available to established architectural offices. 100 pp., illus. American-Olean Tile Co., 900 Kenilworth Ave., Lansdale, Penn.*

Acoustical Materials

How to Select an Acoustical Material. Booklet discusses acoustical correction and noise-reduction, and presents a line of materials, with description, sound-absorption coefficients and photographs of each. Sketches and details give data on installation by cementing, nailing, or mechanical suspension. 16 pp., illus. Armstrong Cork Co., Building Materials Div., Lancaster, Penn.*

Evaporative Cooler

Comfort Air Washer Answers the Need for Economical Summer Cooling. Folder describes and gives features of the Comfort Air Washer. Diagrams and photographs explain operation. Specification tables and drawings are given for four sizes of the unit. 6 pp., illus. Comfort Products Corp., 2220 Lamesa, Dallas 2, Tex.

Aluminum Siding

Kaiser Aluminum Siding Technical Information and Engineering Details. Booklet includes architectural drawings of various eave and window details, methods of application at exterior and interior corners, and foundation and frieze board details. Description of the siding is also given, with specifications, heat transmission coefficients, accessories, and general construction information. Renderings illustrate applications of the siding in various types of construction. 16 pp., illus. Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Sales, Inc., 1924 Broadway, Oakland 12, Calif.

Steel Boiler

Kewanee Square-Heat Type R (Catalog 88-8). Presents features and operation notes on the boiler unit. Photographs, cut-away renderings and dimensioned drawings are included for various internal and external parts. Several tables give data for hand-fired coal, oil, gas or stoker operation. 8 pp., illus. Kewanee Boiler Corp., Kewanee, Ill.*

Radiant Heating Coils

(1) Kritzer Fin-Tube Radiant Coils for Radiant Panel Heating; (2) Kritzer Radiant Baseboard Heating. The first of these pamphlets shows step by step method of installing the heating coils in enclosed joist and studd spaces in ceilings, floors or walls. A schematic drawing shows a typical arrangement of heat circulation in a small house.

The second pamphlet gives data and construction details on a baseboard heating unit. Installation notes and drawings are also given. 4 pp., 6 pp., illus., Kritzer Radiant Coils, Inc., 2901 Lawrence Ave., Chicago 25, Ill.

Metal Louvers and Jalousies

Lemlar for Leadership in Daylight Engineering. Booklet describes line of metal Venetian awnings, vertical and horizontal louvers and jalousies for interior and exterior use. Models are shown with both fixed and movable vanes. Detailed drawings are included for each type, together with construction notes. Many photographs and drawings show typical installations. 18 pp., illus. Lemlar Manufacturing Co., P. O. Box 352, Gardena, Calif.

Storage Units

Storage Units, the Herman Miller System of Basic Storage Components. Brochure contains specifications, drawings, sizes, finish and related data on cabinet units for use in built-in storage walls and compartments. The units include drawers, shelves, panel doors, drop leaves, and radiographic and phonograph compartments in varying sizes. Several photographs show typical installations in Carpenter-built frames. 16 pp., illus. The Herman Miller Furniture Co., Zeeland, Mich.

Nailing Channels

The Nailock Method for all Suspended Ceiling Construction and for Furring for all Types of Nailable Materials (Catalog N-2). Describes the nailing channels, lock clips and strips, and special nails. Basic methods of use and installation data are covered with drawings, notes and photographs. Specifications and a listing of distributors are also included. 8 pp., illus. The Sanymetal Products Co., Inc., 1701 Urbana Rd., Cleveland 12, Ohio.*

Sliding Door Hardware

Sterling Hardware for Sliding Doors (Catalog No. 11). Covers a line of hangars, tracks and hardware for sliding doors. Features and installation notes are listed for each, along with detailed plan and section drawings, and tables of sizes. Data is included for both bypassing and pocket doors. 8 pp., illus. Sterling Hardware Manufacturing Co., 2345 Nelson St., Chicago 18, Ill.

Appliance Venting

Venting Domestic Gas Appliances Four articles by Carl H. Dean, reprinted from the American Gas Journal, on the creation of venting standards for gas heaters and appliances. The series, by analyzing the problems presented and discussing research findings on the (Continued on page 280)
A consolidating terminal for interchange of mixed merchandise freight between over-the-road carriers and local city trucks, the New York Union Motor Truck Terminal was established to reduce shipping costs, and to relieve truck traffic congestions.

All equipment used in the terminal, whether for freight handling or building operation, was selected on the basis of lowest possible maintenance cost. That is why Jenkins Valves (over 2800) are installed in water, steam, fire, and other vital pipe lines.

Jenkins builds extra endurance into valves—proved time and again by low upkeep cost records in every type of service. Yet, you pay no more for Jenkins Valves, despite this extra value. Let the Jenkins Diamond be your guide to valve economy... for new installations, for all replacements. Sold through leading Industrial Distributors everywhere.

Jenkins Bros., 80 White St., New York 13;
Jenkins Bros., Ltd., Montreal
**NEW 4 foot SLIMLINE GUTHLITE**

sets all-time low in upkeep!

It's downright economical how the patented GUTHLITE "jacknifes" down and its single-pin 4-FT. SLIMLINE lamps are changed with a quick push-pull. Even easier than replacing incandescent bulbs—and it's all done right from the floor without ladders!

Maximum use of light user pays for: 4-FT. SLIMLINE GUTHLITE'S lamps are so accessible—cleaning so practical—it's easy to keep lighting stealing dust on lamps to a minimum.

No starter switches, so no starter troubles—saves extra parts, maintenance and lamps.

Light-at-the-click-of-the-switch — no uncertain starts. And 4-FT. SLIMLINE GUTHLITES bring you the latest development in high-efficiency light sources—4-FT. SLIMLINE lamps.

May we send Bulletin 845-SJ with full details?

---

**THE RECORD REPORTS**

(Continued from page 24)

owed to interfere. A visitor from a foreign architectural school who came to see the department at Yale recently expressed the opinion that our emphasis on free individual development in design is superior to the European emphasis on technical training. It would seem that some just mean between the two could be found, and that is what we must look for."

**Architecture Department at Illinois Gets Merit Award**

Award to the Department of Architecture of the University of Illinois of the 30th medal award for scholastic merit of the American Group, The Société des Architectes Diplomes, P.L.G.F., has been announced.

The award, which was presented at the midwinter Commencement exercises of the university, is made "for exceptional excellence of the work of its faculty and students during the scholastic year 1948-1949."

The medal is given annually as a stimulus to the architectural schools of the country.

Previous awards have gone to Carnegie Institute of Technology, Catholic University, Columbia University, Georgia Institute of Technology, Harvard, Yale, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Princeton and the University of Pennsylvania. The University of Illinois had won it four times previously.

**Welding Engineering Session Is Planned at Ohio State**

Some 300 engineers, designers and production supervisors from Ohio and neighboring states are expected to attend the 11th meeting of the Ohio State Welding Engineering Conference at the university April 14 and 15.

"Economy in Design and Production" is the theme of this year's conference, which will deal with design in the first day's session and with production methods in the second.

Speakers will include W. R. Plummer, Progressive Welder Co., Detroit; William J. Phillips, director, Product Development Dept., Steel Founders' Society, Cleveland; A. T. Waidelich, vice president and manager, Research Division, The Austin Co., Cleveland; Dr. Finn Jonassen, technical director, Committee on Ship Steel, National Research Council; E. C. Brekelbaum, chief (Continued on page 186)
Selectomatic has a pleasing reply for every request for service. That reply is a car going in the desired direction within a minimum of waiting time.

Take a typical office building during the "off peak" period. Tenants' voices change from loud demands for down and gentle whispers for up . . . to a clamor for up and a polite inquiry for down . . . to a steady babble for equal service in both directions. Selectomatic has an instant and automatic answer for each request.

That's because Selectomatic is never confused by the number or type of calls. Its unique electrical brain calmly separates the "ups" from the "downs" and regulates the entire elevator bank to give the most efficient service possible—and it does it all instantly and automatically.

Unlike other systems, Selectomatic doesn't depend on a starter's hunch for when to send which cars where. With Westinghouse Selectomatic automatically matching service to demand, the starter can concentrate on his most important job . . . directing traffic.

*Selectomatic, an exclusive Westinghouse development, completely supersedes the previous accepted elevator standard . . . signal control.

See and hear the complete story of Westinghouse Selectomatic. Write on your letterhead and we'll gladly arrange a showing, at no cost, of our sound motion picture "Speeding Vertical Transportation With Selectomatic Elevators." Elevator Division, Dept. D-1, Westinghouse Electric Corporation, Jersey City, New Jersey.
In Macy’s Newest and Finest Store...

HI-STILE

Most design and building techniques, and newest materials, incorporated in the new Macy store in Kansas City, Missouri, have made this “probably the finest down-town store in all the U.S.,” in the opinion of some specialists. It is highly significant, therefore, that WeiSteel Hi-Stile Flush Compartments were chosen for all the toilet rooms! These compartments combine the fine appearance of smooth modern design with material and structural quality which has proved its worth through 40 years of service.

Note the smooth lines of the flush doors, stiles and partitions, sanitary, and insulated against metallic sounds characteristic of many metal products. Edges of partitions, doors and wide stiles are bound and interlocked under tension with drawn molding which is welded at corners. Each edge is reinforced by three thicknesses of metal.

Permanent uniform rigidity and strength throughout all units. Flush dividing partitions are tension-locked directly to stiles. All steel parts are of prime furniture steel or Borderized galvanized extra smooth steel as specified—finished in high baked synthetic enamel in any of 24 standard WeiSteel colors as selected.

WRITE NOW for new bulletin with details and specifications on WeiSteel Compartments for toilet, shower, dressing and similar enclosures.

THE RECORD REPORTS
(Continued from page 184)


Reservations for the conference can be made through the Department of Welding, Ohio State University, Columbus 10, Ohio.

Special Courses

- A new program in city planning, leading to the degree of Master of City Planning, has been established in Yale University’s Department of Architecture.

The new program will begin next September and will require two years of study on the graduate level. It will be open to a limited number of architects, landscape architects, civil engineers and others who already hold a professional degree in a related field.

Christopher Tunnard, associate professor of city planning, will be director of planning studies in the program. He has headed the section on city planning in the Department of Architecture for the past five years.

The graduate program will be an expansion of the city planning courses offered at Yale since 1937. “While the student will be occupied largely with a required curriculum in physical planning, he will also be encouraged to develop a broad frame of reference by taking appropriate courses in the related subjects of urban sociology, government, public health and other social sciences,” Mr. Tunnard says.

- Next session of the daytime Hardware Consultants Training Course offered by the Midtown Business Center of the City College of New York will be held from April 11 to May 12.

Sponsored by the American Society of Architectural Hardware Consultants and the National Contract Hardware Association, this course concentrates 150 hours of class work in sessions held from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. each day during the five-week period.

Applications for admission to the course should be addressed to the Supervisor of Admissions, City College Midtown Business Center, 430 W. 50th St., New York 19, N. Y.

(Continued on page 188)
Specify Masland Duran for all public seating; for wall paneling. Smooth pliancy and durability combine for luxury with the color you choose;—2½ decorator color effects—Accidental spills and dirt wipe off with soap and water.

P.S. See Duran in Seatuft Patterns!
These new back- or top-wired flush tumbler switches give you plenty of performance, profit and reliability. They install quickly and positively. There’s no need to bend or loop wire — it goes straight into the unit from the back and is held firmly and permanently by a wire clamp. They’re safer, too — there are no exposed wire ends. And they’re ideal for use with heavier (10 to 14) wire. Top-wiring with conventional binding screws is optional.

FEATURES? HERE ARE A FEW

Double switch blades protected by 2 Bakelite barriers to snuff arcing • Self-aligning double switch blades give positive connection with solid, one-piece stationary contacts • Plenty of wiring room in the box • Switch mechanism is totally enclosed • One-piece base plate, with washer type plaster ears, is firmly locked into switch cover.

10 and 20 Ampere sizes are available with Brown or Ivorylite handles or as lock-type units; for 1- and 2-pole, 3- and 4-way, and single pole, quadruple break connections.

WRITE TODAY FOR LITERATURE ON THESE AND OTHER H & H WIRING DEVICES. Address: 1904 LAUREL STREET HARTFORD 6, CONN.
At the Horace Mann School in Warren, Ohio, J&L Junior Beams have again demonstrated that they can do a better job in unusual applications, as well as in ordinary styles of buildings.

Notched over lintel beams and cantilevered three feet beyond the outside walls, J&L Junior Beams support not only the roof but also an attractive permanent sun shield over classroom window walls.

Because of their versatility and adaptability, J&L Junior Beams go far towards meeting the demands of today's builders. They cost less to buy and less to erect. At Horace Mann, Warren Engineering Company, who erected the school, assisted by J. A. McMahon, Ltd., Niles, Ohio steel fabricators, has found that lightweight, 12" Junior Beams, 30 ft. long, may be easily raised, placed and bolted directly into place by three men with the aid of only a hand-operated winch.

This means dollars saved—through speed of erection, elimination of secondary operations, and ease of handling. Yet in light structures, J&L Junior Beams often offer all the advantages of heavier structural members.

Junior Beams, made exclusively by J&L, are the lightest weight hot-rolled steel beams available.

In schools, office buildings, apartments, residences, industrial buildings, hospitals, and other light occupancy structures, J&L Steel Junior Beams offer the modern builder many advantages. They are economical . . . fire-safe . . . rigid . . . shrink-proof . . . termite proof . . . easy to install . . . low in maintenance . . . and are permanent.

ARCHITECTS • BUILDERS • CONTRACTORS

It will be worth your while to follow the lead of Arthur F. Sidells, architect for the Horace Mann School, Warren S. Holmes, consulting architect, and William C. Fisher, structural engineer on the job. Send for descriptive literature and engineering data on J&L Steel Junior Beams and J&L Junior Beam floors.

JONES & LAUGHLIN STEEL CORPORATION

From its own raw materials, J&L manufactures a full line of carbon steel products, as well as certain products in stainless and Incoloy (stainless steels).

PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS: HOT ROLLED AND COLD FINISHED BARS AND SHAPES • STRUCTURAL SHAPES • HOT AND COLD ROLLED STRIP AND SHEETS • TUBULAR, WIRE AND TIN MILL PRODUCTS • "PRECISIONBILT" WIRE ROPE • COAL CHEMICALS

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PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS: HOT ROLLED AND COLD FINISHED BARS AND SHAPES • STRUCTURAL SHAPES • HOT AND COLD ROLLED STRIP AND SHEETS • TUBULAR, WIRE AND TIN MILL PRODUCTS • "PRECISIONBILT" WIRE ROPE • COAL CHEMICALS
THE RECORD REPORTS

No formal design competition will be held. Application forms will be issued on request to all graduates of Michigan's College of Architecture and Design who will be less than 30 years of age on May 15.

Inquiries about the Fellowship and requests for application forms should be addressed to: College of Architecture and Design, 207 Architecture Building, Ann Arbor, Mich.

OFFICE NOTES

Offices Opened, Reopened

- M. Davis Alexander announces the opening of an office at 4500-A Montrose Blvd., Houston 6, Tex., offering complete architectural specification service to architects.
- Hugo R. Broelman Jr., Architect, announces the opening of an office for the practice of architecture at 101 West Pine St., Orlando, Fla.
- Jacques E. Guion has opened an office for the practice of architecture at 155 E. 40th St., New York 16, N. Y. A former partner in the Paris firm of Bazin, Guion and Canteloup, Architects, Mr. Guion was employed last year by Leonard Shultze & Associates, New York City.
- H. Reid Hearn Jr., A.I.A., former chief architect for the Federal Housing Administration, State of South Carolina, announces the opening of his office for the practice of architecture at 1306 Main St., Columbia, S. C.
- Andrew E. Kuby Jr., Architect and Designer, has opened an office at 119 E. Calhoun St., Woodstock, Ill.

New Firms, Firm Changes

- Fred C. Allen, for 25 years associated with Crane Co. and Armstrong Cork Co., announces the establishment of Building Materials Service, with offices at 101 Park Ave., Rm. 723-4, New York 17, N. Y.
- Frankel and Curtis, Architects and Engineers, have announced that, following the death of L. K. Frankel at Cincinnati on Nov. 27, 1949, the surviving member of the partnership, John J. Curtis, has arranged a new association with James S. Frankel and Melbourne Mills, both of whom have long been connected with the office of Frankel and Curtis. With offices remaining at 510 Central Bank Bldg., Lexington, Ky., the firm will continue the general practice of architecture, together with the engineering design of structural, heating, ventilating, air conditioning, plumbing and electrical work.
- The H. K. Ferguson Co., industrial engineers and builders, have announced acquisition of the O. D. Conover Engineering Co. of Cleveland, foundry design and construction specialists. The staff of the Conover organization will form the nucleus of a newly-established Foundry Division within the H. K. Ferguson Co. Oliver D. Conover, nationally-known foundry engineer who has directed the operations of his company since it was founded in 1932, will head the new Foundry Division.
- Robert Woods Kennedy, Architect, announces the formation of a new firm, Robert Woods Kennedy, Architect, and

(Continued on page 192)
At long last... a **L-O-N-G** light

—a long lighting-fixture

at a "short" price:

the new **Leader**

Slimline VARSITY

in various one-piece lengths up to 8' ft.

**ECONOMY**

Long fixtures mean fewer fixtures required—fewer fixtures to buy, to install, to lamp, to re-lamp. And the LEADER Slimline VARSITY—a quality-built fixture—is priced to fit tight budgets. In every way, an economy buy!

**SLIMLINE LAMP ADVANTAGES**

Instant-starting... more light per watt... long life... handsome appearance... easier maintenance—single pin bases permit easy, quick relamping...

Choice of brightness levels—more accurate light control.

**"40-60" LIGHT DISTRIBUTION**

Due to its efficient design, the Slimline VARSITY illuminates directly and indirectly. 60% direct light is cast downward. 40% indirect light is cast upward... minimum shadow.

**MODERN BEAUTY**

A streamlined, sleek avenue of light that shouts "up-to-date" in every way. A long, glossy, baked-enamel fixture—beautiful in its simplicity—at a beautifully low price.

No. V-280 Slimline VARSITY Specifications:

Fittings for two 75-watt Slimline lamps—available in various lengths up to 96". Instant-start, 100, 200, 300 and 455 milliamperes operation. 18 gauge steel housing and channel. High-gloss baked enamel finish. 110-125 volts, 60 cycle A.C. Other voltages available.

**LEADER ELECTRIC COMPANY**

3500 NORTH KEDZIE AVENUE • CHICAGO 18, ILLINOIS

Leader Electric—Western: 800 One Hundredth Ave., Oakland 3, Cal.
THE RECORD REPORTS

Associates, Ronald Gourley, Richard Hamilton and Byron Franklin. The firm has offices at 687 Boylston St., Boston, Mass. Mr. Kennedy was formerly a member of the firm of Kennedy & Smith.

• A. V. McIver, Architect, has announced the admission to junior partner-

ship of two members of his staff, William J. Hess and Knute S. Haugsejua. The firm name will be A. V. McIver & Associates, Architects.

• James J. Pollard and Julian A. Altobellis announce the formation of the firm of Pollard and Altolibellis, architects and engineers, with offices at 1207 Peachtree St., N.E., Atlanta, Ga.

(Continued from page 190)

• William G. Wells, A.I.A., A.S.C.E., and Richard L. Meagher, A.I.A., announce that the partnership under the firm title of Brown, Wells and Meagher is discontinued. Wells and Meagher, Architects and Engineers, with W. E. Allen, registered professional engineer, associate, will continue to practice in the same offices, at 118½ W. Campbell Ave., Roanoke, Va.

New Addresses

The following new addresses have been announced:

David C. Baer, A.I.A., 1202 Bissonet, Houston, Tex.

Harford Field, A.I.A., 153 E. Front St., Traverse City, Mich.

Stuart Frost, Architect, 1 E. Putnam Ave., First National Bank Bldg., Greenwich, Conn.

Hall, Border and Donaldson, Architects, 2517 St. Paul St., Baltimore 18, Md.

Leon LeGrand, Architect, Rm. 110, Stokes Bldg., Greenville, S. C.

Laurence M. Loeb, Architect, 406 Mamaroneck Ave., White Plains, N. Y.

Robert Nerem, Consulting Engineer, 624 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago 5, Ill.

New Jersey Chapter, The American Institute of Architects, and the New Jersey Society of Architects, executive headquarters, 27 Washington St., Newark 2, N. J.

Porter, Barry & Switzer, Consulting Engineers, 545 Lafayette St., Baton Rouge, La.


Bohn White, Architect, and Jack Hermann, Architect, 75 Castle St., San Francisco 11, Calif.

ELECTIONS APPOINTMENTS

• Titus G. LeClair, assistant chief electrical engineer, Commonwealth Edison Co., Chicago, has been nominated to succeed James F. Fairman of New York as president of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers. Mr. Fairman's term expires July 31.

• Officers for 1950 of Arthur D. Little, Inc., Cambridge, Mass., research and engineering organization, are: Earl P. Stevenson, president; Raymond Stevens and Leroy F. Marek, vice presidents; Howard J. Billings, treasurer; Frank N. Houghton, secretary and assistant treas-

(Continued on page 194)
Cut Building Costs with

**MEDART LOCKEROBES**

"SIMULTANEOUS OPENING—MASTER DOOR CONTROL"

Compare the floor plans above. Here is a graphic illustration of the practicable possibility of reducing the cubic area of school buildings ... representing savings of hundreds of dollars in construction costs. Compare the recess depth of 16 inch Lockerobes with the space waste (and higher upkeep!) of ordinary elementary school wardrobes or separate cloakrooms.

The Medart Lockerobe is a completely enclosed, self-contained assembly and may be installed in unfinished recesses, thus entirely eliminating today's costly expenses of plaster or tile walls, overhead framing, finished flooring ... and future maintenance costs!

The Lockerobe, featuring the exclusive "Simultaneous Opening—Master Door Control," was developed by Medart at the request and with the cooperation of leading architects and school authorities to provide a practicable storage facility for elementary school use. The teacher, not the pupils, operates the Medart Lockerobe ... ensuring safety, quiet ... and order in the classroom.

Write for descriptive literature ... send your plans for suggestions.

**SWEET'S FILE (ARCHITECTURAL) NO. 23g—3a and 23c—8a**

**FRED MEDART PRODUCTS, INC.**

3540 DEKALB ST. ST. LOUIS 18, MO.

Leadership for over 75 years in School Equipment.
THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 192)

J. Driscoll, vice president; Eugene Duklauer, second vice president; Perry S. Dewey, third vice president; J. George Costello, treasurer. William G. Wheeler, who had been reappointed to his 23rd term as secretary, died suddenly February 21, a few minutes after giving his report at the BTEA annual meeting.

- Roger Bowen, formerly with the U. S. Signal Corps, has been named head of the Engineering Department of Cannon Electric Development Co., Los Angeles.

- Roy D. Haworth Jr. is the new manager of product development for Carbide Alloys Division of Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corporation. Mr. Haworth was formerly employed by Armour Research Foundation in Chicago as supervisor of Abrasion Research.

- Thomas I. Crowell Jr. and Charles B. Cooke have been elected vice presidents of Ford, Bacon & Davis, engineers-contractors, of New York, Chicago, Philadelphia and Los Angeles.

- Col. John N. Gage, commanding officer of the U. S. Army Quartermaster Depot in Chicago, has been named managing director of the First United States International Trade Fair to be held in Chicago Aug. 7-19, 1950.

- Herman Snider, general manager of Acme Door Co., Hoquiam, Wash., has been reelected president of the Fir Door Institute for 1950. Other officers elected at the annual meeting in Tacoma are: Charles E. Devlin, general sales manager, Simpson Logging Co., Seattle, vice president; W. M. MacArthur, vice president of Wheeler-Osgood Co., Tacoma, treasurer; A. E. Lundgren, president of Vancouver Door Co., Montesano, secretary; Thomas B. Malarkey, vice president, M & M Wood Working Co., Portland, Ore., trustee.

- Milton A. Karp has been appointed chief engineer of the Luria Engineering Corp., New York City, designers and fabricators of standard, steel-frame industrial, commercial and airport buildings. Mr. Karp will head Luria's enlarged engineering department, which is being moved to the company's Bethlehem, Pa., plant.

- Mrs Patricia H. Kelley is the new research group director for Foster D. Snell, Inc., consulting chemists and engineers.

- G. Donald Kennedy has been appointed consulting engineer and assistant to the President of the Portland Cement Association.

- The appointment of Miss Jane Kidder as special consultant to the New York State Dormitory Authority has been announced by Clifton C. Flather, ad-
FIBERGLAS* YARNS HELP

3 WAYS
to make Service Entrance Cable easier to work with ...longer lasting!

Today, Fiberglas yarns are used for the outer braid, for conductor coverings—and for reinforcement of moisture seal tapes.

Fiberglas yarns provide high tensile strength with minimum bulk—characteristics that help cable manufacturers provide you with service entrance cable that is easy to install.

And remember, Fiberglas yarns help make service entrance cable last longer, because glass yarns don't rot, don't burn, don't absorb moisture. They do resist corrosion.

To be sure you get all these properties in the cable you install, look for the Fiberglas glass yarn components!

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* Fiberglas is the trade-mark (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) of Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corporation for a variety of products made of or with glass fibers.
When you specify Michaels "Time-Tight" Display Cases you may be sure of perfection in exhibition. In Michaels cases exhibits stand out like jewels in a beautiful setting. Visibility is perfect from every angle. Displays are kept clean and safe, too, because Innerlocking frames, an exclusive feature, keep exhibits free from dust, and prevent handling or theft. Michaels "Time-Tight" Cases are available in a wide range of styles and sizes to meet virtually all exhibition requirements. Or special cases will be designed to meet individual specifications.

Every architect should have a complete file on Michaels "Time-Tight" Display Cases. Write for literature containing details on structural features, case styles, various lighting arrangements and other specifications.

**MICHAELS PRODUCTS**

- Bank Screens and Partitions
- Welded Bronze Doors
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- Store Fronts
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- Check Desks (standing and wall)
- Lamp Standards
- Marquises
- Tablets and Signs
- Name Plates
- Astragals (adjustable)
- Stair Railings (cast and wrought)
- Wrought and Cast Radiator Grilles
- Grilles and Wickets
- Kick and Push Plates
- Push Bars
- Cast Thresholds
- Extruded Thresholds
- Mi-CO Parking Meters
- Museum Trophy Cases

The MICHAELS ART BRONZE Co., Inc., 234 Scott St., Covington, Ky.

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**THE RECORD REPORTS**

(Continued from page 194)

ministrative director. Miss Kidder will concentrate on planning of interiors, color and coordination of furniture, textiles, floor coverings and lighting for new dormitories for the state teachers colleges and agricultural and technical institutes.

- Elmer A. Lundberg has been named director of architectural development and design for Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. Mr. Lundberg has been director of architectural design since 1945 and now heads a department created by the consolidation of the architectural design and architectural relations departments.

- Frederick J. Mayo of New York and Donald W. Neville of Chicago have been elected to the Board of Directors of F. H. McGraw & Co., international engineering and construction firm. Both men are vice presidents of the company.

- Dean Lorin G. Miller of the College of Engineering of Michigan State College has been appointed engineering consultant by United States Radiator Corp. He will participate in engineering research and development of Corporation products.

- Frank E. Parsons has been appointed to the staff of the National Mineral Wool Association as technical engineer. Mr. Parsons was formerly vice president, director and general manager of Insulation Industries, Inc., at Janesville, Wis.

(Continued on page 198)
YOU CAN BE SURE... IF IT'S
Westinghouse

Specify BUS DUCT for Hotels

Rice Hotel, Houston, Texas
Architect: Kenneth Frausheim, Houston
Mechanical Engineer: Reg. F. Taylor, Houston
Electrical Contractor: Fishbach & Moore of Texas, Inc., Houston
Load: 3,000 kva for power and lighting to serve 1,000 guest rooms, ballrooms, banquet rooms, dining rooms

Rice Hotel REMODELS and SAVES
with Low Impedance Bus Duct

While the basic advantage of using bus duct is to secure more adequate secondary power distribution, the choice of bus duct should not stop there.

Take the case of the installation limitations at the Rice Hotel, Houston. The problem: to completely remodel and air condition from basement to penthouse—and without interruption of "business as usual".

The answer: Westinghouse Low Impedance Bus Duct. Its compact design and freedom from protruding members permitted passage in places where dimensions were critical. Limited space, because of pipe and air duct systems, ruled out ordinary wiring, as well as other makes of bus duct.

Ask your nearby Westinghouse representative to tell you all the advantages of Westinghouse Bus Duct, available in four popular types. Or write Westinghouse Electric Corporation, P. O. Box 868, Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania. J-30012

Westinghouse
BUS DUCT

APRIL 1950

197
Wood Windows aid your planning

with these three V's

Versatility! Ponderosa Pine windows do far more than provide a view. These wood windows help insulate against heat and cold ... resist sweating, won’t rust or corrode. Their surface provides an excellent base for any kind of finish. For quick, easy installation, they are available as pre-fitted, pre-assembled window units—complete with efficient weatherstripping and mechanical sash balances.

Variety! Whether the homes you plan are modern or traditional, Ponderosa Pine stock-design windows offer the right types for your specification. Double hung, casement or picture windows—in many styles—all are ready to widen your scope in window selection. Available in modular standard sizes.

Value! Ponderosa Pine windows are economical. Low in cost, they save money for owners year after year because they cut down maintenance problems—because they hold paint in a vise-like grip and stand a lifetime of hard use in any climate. They are available, chemically treated, to add extra years of resistance to moisture, fungus growth and insect attack.

for friendly living

Ponderosa Pine WOODWORK

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You’ll want this New Booklet about Ponderosa Pine Woodwork—crammed with photographs of window, door, cabinet and other woodwork installations. “Ponderosa Pine Woodwork for Today’s Home” is essentially an idea book. You’ll want it for constant reference—and a copy is yours for the asking. Mail the coupon!

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THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 196)

- The New York Association of Consulting Engineers has reelected William Eipel, of the structural engineering firm of Tuck & Eipel, president for the coming year. Other officers reelected were: John W. Hennessy of Syska & Hennessy, vice president; Harry Bond, consulting engineer, treasurer; and W. Donald Christie, consulting engineer, secretary.

- Architect Alfred Shaw of Chicago has been appointed a director of Research Foundation, a non-profit group which subsidizes production and distribution of the anti-tuberculosis vaccine, BCG, at Tice Laboratory, Chicago.

- Appointment of Lewis R. Smith as product development engineer of the Remington Air Conditioning Division has been announced by Herbert L. Laube, president.

- Officers for 1950 have been elected by the Urban Land Institute as follows: Richard J. Seltzer, Philadelphia, president; Foster Winter, Detroit, and Warren Morris, Cleveland, vice presidents; Herbert U. Nelson, Chicago, secretary; and L. D. McKendry, Chicago, treasurer. Mr. Morris is new in his post; other officers were all reelected.

- Benjamin Weintraub, formerly in charge of the hospital program in the New York office of Skidmore, Owings and Merrill, has been appointed to the staff of the Blickman Hospital Consultants. S. Blickman, Inc., of Weehawken, N. J., are manufacturers of equipment for hospitals and institutions.

(Continued on page 200)
DON'T BLAME YOUR PAINTING CONTRACTOR

You've often seen unsightly rust stains from metal sash on the adjacent brick and stone surfaces. You need never blame your painting contractor for unsightly stains caused by rust! You can prevent rust... and at no extra cost... simply by specifying RUST-OLEUM as the shop coat, primer and finish coat on all metal rust can attack.

But, specify Rust-Oleum in the first stages... when design, engineering and contracting take form... before actual delivery of material for the job. Rust-Oleum costs no more than quality material you may now be using... and is easy to apply at no added expense.

Rust-Oleum is tested and proved by a host of nationally known users. Rust-Oleum stops and prevents rust! RUST-OLEUM protects metal from rust with a tough, pliable film that dries to a firm finish. Rust-Oleum defies sun, rain, snow, salt air, smoke, fumes and other rust-producing conditions... and adds longer life wherever it is used. Girdera, plates, stacks, gutters, roofs, tanks... every metal surface can be protected surely, safely and economically with RUST-OLEUM.

Rust-Oleum beautifies as it protects because it is available in many attractive colors including aluminum and white. Rust-Oleum can be applied to already rusted surfaces with minimum preparation... it is not necessary to remove every appearance of rust!

So, take the sure way to stop rust. Specify Rust-Oleum on all rustable metal, inside or out. It costs less ALL WAYS to do the job right.

Rust-Oleum is stocked and sold by leading industrial distributors in all principal cities of the United States and Canada. See Sweets for complete catalog and nearest source of supply, or write us direct for complete information.

Architects, Engineers, Builders

If you have a client with a rust problem, and would like a free survey and recommendations, send his name and address on your business stationery. A qualified Factory Representative will arrange this FREE Service, and it includes a trial size of Rust-Oleum for specific test purposes. There's no obligation on your part. Write today.

Names on request

RUST-OLEUM CORPORATION

2513 Oakton Street • Evanston, Illinois

APRIL 1950
New automatic ceiling shutter

Easily installed—provides cool comfort for hot summer months

Hunter Package Attic Fan is a complete home-cooling system... low in initial cost, economical to operate and designed for fast, inexpensive installation. No other small investment gives home-owners so much summer comfort.

**Easy to Install:** Delivered on the job as a compact unit, complete with ceiling shutter and modern metal trim, the Package Fan is quickly installed in ceiling opening. No suction-box to build; no accessories needed. Requires only 17" attic clearance, fits any standard hallway.

**Performance Guaranteed:** Quiet, trouble-free operation is assured by Hunter’s 64 years’ experience in manufacturing fans, exclusively. Available in capacities from 4750 to 9500 CFM, with air delivery ratings certified. Fan guaranteed 5 years; motor and shutter, 1 year.

---

**MAIL FOR COMPLETE DATA**

Hunter Fan and Ventilating Company
396 South Front Street,
Memphis, Tenn.

Send copy of “How to Cool for Comfort” to:
Name__________________________
Address________________________
City & State______________________

**Hunter Package Attic Fans**

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**THE RECORD REPORTS (Continued from page 198)**

- Douglas Whitlock, chairman of the Board of Structural Clay Products Institute, has been chosen national councillor and delegate to represent the Institute at the 38th annual meeting of the U. S. Chamber of Commerce.

- G. Walter Sutton & Son, Knoxville, Tenn., have been appointed sales engineers for J. A. Zurn Mfg. Co., Erie, Pa.

- Harry E. Tear has been elected executive vice president and general superintendent in charge of construction for the White Construction Co. Other recent appointments include: Max Birman, vice president in charge of engineering; Robert A. Escher, vice president in charge of new business; and Herbert Anderson, purchasing agent.

**AWARDS**

**Edward B. Reed of Princeton Gets Marble Institute Prize**

First honors, and a prize of $100, went to Edward B. Reed of Princeton University in the Beaux Arts Institute of Design Competition for the Marble Institute of America Prizes.

Other prizes were awarded as follows: second prize ($75) — Ray S. Febo, Western Reserve University; third prize ($50) — A. Perry Morgan Jr., Princeton University; fourth prize ($25) — Louis Eyster, Western Reserve University; honorable mentions — W. B. Henderson and Tom Cole, Western Reserve University.

The problem submitted by the Institute was prepared by Howard Lovewell Cheney, A.I.A., of Chicago. It required participating students to design the interior of a court house lobby, and afforded them an opportunity to study “an interior of substantial scale, with particular emphasis on good lighting, refined detail and the decorative qualities of marble, with which other rich materials may be combined in a discriminating manner.”

Thirteen schools of architecture were represented in the competition, in which 193 students took part.

The award jury was headed by Charles W. Beeston, chairman, and included Max Abramovitz, Charles H. Bauer Jr., Robert Carson, Alonzo W. Clark III, Francis X. Gina, Francis

(Continued on page 202)
MORE
for your money, in
MENGEL
Hollow-Core Flush
DOORS!

Installation and finishing expense leads most architects to demand the extra beauty, durability, economy and sales appeal of Mengel Hollow-Core Flush Doors.

1 Balanced seven-ply construction to provide controlled reaction in changing weather conditions.

2 Hardwood construction throughout — stronger, more durable, free from grain-raising, more easily and economically finished.

3 Exclusive Insulok grid core material has inherent resiliency, cannot cause warping, nor transfer grid pattern to faces.

4 Greater strength. Adequate core stock surface area provides maximum gluing surface and resistance to warpage.

5 Precision key-locked dove-tailed jointings of stiles and rails add strength and stability.

6 Ready to finish. Door faces are smoothly belt-sanded. Stiles are machine-planed at factory — prefir to standard book sizes.

7 Fully guaranteed. Each door must meet rigid quality control standards and constant inspection throughout manufacture.

8 Mengel Hardwood Flush Doors are economical — no moldings to paint — no corners to collect dirt. Smooth hardwood surfaces are less absorbent and less costly to finish — easier to clean and longer-lived.

Write for complete specifications. Use the convenient coupon.

Also see —
MENGEL STABILIZED SOLID-CORE DOORS
the finest products of their type on the market.

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Gentlemen: Please send me, without obligation, full specifications on ___ Mengel Hollow-Core Flush Doors; ___ Mengel Stabilized Solid-Core Doors.

Name:

Street:

City State
**THE RECORD REPORTS**

(Continued from page 200)


Film Interior Sets Winners For 1949 Announced by A.I.D.

Sets from "Luxury Liner," produced by Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Studios, won a First Award for Supervising Decorator Edwin B. Willis in the 1949 Film Interior Sets Competition conducted by the American Institute of Decorators.

Sharing the First Award with Mr. Willis were Set Decorator Arthur Krams and Art Directors Cedric Gibbons and Paul Gruesse.

Sets from two films received Honorable Mentions — one was "Adams Rib," produced by Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, and the other was "Alias Nick Beale," produced by Paramount Pictures, Inc.

Upson Company Receives Engineers' Merit Award

The Upson Co. of Lockport, N. Y., has received a Merit Award of the American Society of Industrial Engineers.

Robert Law Crinnian of Detroit, national president of the society, made the presentation at an informal ceremony in the company offices.

The award, Mr. Crinnian explained, is the highest honor the Society can confer on organizations considered to have made the most outstanding contributions to the advancement of the industrial arts and sciences in their respective fields.

Recent similar awards have been made to the Hamilton Watch Co., the Detroit-Michigan Stove Co., Radio Corp. of America, Briggs Manufacturing Co.'s plumbing ware division, Nash-Kelvinator and others. Only 15 awards will be made during 1950, Mr. Crinnian said.

**BUILDING NOTES**

**Beverly Hills Hotel To Build $1,250,000 Wing**

The "Glen Way Wing" of the Beverly Hills Hotel will be the next step in the long-range modernization program of the hotel, which completed its "Crescent Wing" at a cost of $1,500,000 last December.

The new wing, which is expected to cost $1,250,000, will be constructed from plans by Paul R. Williams. It will be of Class A concrete and steel construction with a total of 88 guest rooms and a two-level basement garage with a 125-car capacity.

**New Johnson & Johnson Lab Planned in New Brunswick**

A research center in New Brunswick, N. J., will be built by Johnson & Johnson, manufacturers of surgical dressings, to consolidate and expand their present research activities.

(Continued on page 204)
FIRST, let's define the function:
A School Time and Program System has two primary functions: (1) to give the correct time in each classroom, and (2) to sound signals at pre-determined intervals. It must work automatically 5 days a week (often longer), in buildings jam-packed with kids and staffed by teachers and a principal who have neither the time nor the inclination to fuss with complicated gadgets.

SECOND, let's examine the features:
The installation consists of a Master Clock - Program Controller with Secondary Clocks and Buzzers in classrooms (bells elsewhere). In order to function smoothly the system should have these advantages:

1. Master Clock-Program Controller must be "on time" together at all times. In the STANDARD System they are one and the same mechanism, geared together. They can never get "out of step."

2. Master Clock and Secondary Clocks must also reveal exactly the same time.
   In the STANDARD System there is only one synchronous motor — a heavy-duty, slow speed, precision-built unit located in the Master Clock. Secondary Clocks have no motors, electrical contacts, tubes or other complicated parts — require no cleaning, oiling, adjustment or renewal.
   Other synchronous systems have one or two motors in each secondary clock and 1, 2 or 3 motors in the control unit where the failure of one disarranges the entire system.

3. The Master Clock-Program Controller should keep running during current interruptions, so that when current is resumed the signals will sound on time.
   In STANDARD Systems this is accomplished without a catching-up-to-time period — and without the use of batteries which require frequent attention or renewal.

4. Each Secondary Clock should reset itself automatically after current failure.
   In STANDARD Systems each clock has a 25-minute corrective range (slow or fast) and the reset feature functions in two seconds, silently. In certain other systems the Secondary Clocks must be reset in groups.

5. The Program Controller should cover all the programming needs of the entire school. This means complete service with periods down to the minute, and silence during nights, weekends, etc.
   Furthermore, it must be so simple that anyone can set up a program in a few minutes, and change schedules at a moment's notice.
   STANDARD employs a special paper tape, marked in minutes and hours, and punctured by the Principal according to the schedule desired. Spare tapes, with different schedules, can be installed in a few seconds when necessary. The tapes will last 15 years or longer, and are free.

6. Other systems employing lugs, pins, cams, etc., are not only difficult to set up, but are subject to failure when pins drop out or break off.

7. For best performance and long-range economy, engineers agree that the wiring system for a clock and program service should be kept separate from light and power lines.
   The system should be backed by years of dependable operation in schools under all conditions.
   STANDARD can produce ample evidence of dependable performance in case histories running back to the turn of the century.

We shall be pleased to send you our new Bulletin No. 178, and to provide you with names of satisfied users to whom you may refer. Perhaps we can also assist you in preparing specifications for your time and program system. Please get in touch with us.

STANDARD ELECTRIC TIME COMPANY
25 Branch Offices
81 Logan Street Springfield, Massachusetts
Above: Photo of rendering of Johnson & Johnson's projected research laboratory

NEW, REVOLUTIONARY. VERSATILE

SOLAR AIR-FLO®
ENGINEERED ALL-WEATHER WINDOWS
FOR DRAFTLESS VENTILATION
Louvered sections are placed at top, bottom or sides of stationary window pane, according to design requirements. Units may be used singly or in groupings.

STOCK SIZES FOR A WIDE VARIETY OF DESIGN
Adjustable baffle doors regulate circulation of fresh air, winter and summer. Screens concealed in air-flo section, may be removed from inside for cleaning. Solar Air-Flo units fit into all kinds of walls, masonry or wood...permit originality of design for all types of homes and buildings...provide weathertight insulation.

SOLAR AIR-FLO, INC.
DEPARTMENT 404, ELKHART, INDIANA
Send free literature on Solar Air-Flo windows.
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MAIL COUPON NOW!

Solar Air-Flo windows allow the use of narrow mullions, come assembled with all exterior trim. Sill height and number of louvers may be varied to meet ventilation requirements. No precision work or special tools are needed for installation. Frames and sectional parts are made of either treated wood or extruded aluminum, as desired.

Beautiful Solar Air-Flo windows are in keeping with the modern trend...give individuality and distinction to exteriors, lend charm and an air of spaciousness to interiors. WRITE NOW for free descriptive literature and specification data, without obligation.

SOLAR AIR-FLO, INC.
ELKHART, INDIANA

The center will consist of a one-story, E-shaped laboratory building and a two-story administration building. The two buildings will have approximately 50,000 sq ft of floor space and will be staffed by 100 to 200 persons. The laboratory is designed to accommodate a 25 per cent increase in scientific personnel, and the building itself is planned for economical future expansion.

Of steel-frame construction, the laboratory will have exterior walls of buff ceramic tile, while the office section will have sandstone walls with large areas of glass. The two structures will share a 90-acre site with two buildings of affiliated companies.

Alexander P. Morgan, New York architect, designed the buildings, with Guy B. Panero, Engineers, as mechanical engineers and Strobel and Salzman as structural engineers. The project will be supervised by F. N. Manley, director of construction for Johnson & Johnson. Completion is scheduled for August.

Construction Under Way On Hotel for Venezuela

Award to American Pacific Industrial Corp. of Venezuela late in February of the contract for construction of the $6,000,000 Tamanaco Hotel in Caracas, Venezuela, was immediately followed by the announcement that ground would be broken within 30 days.

Holabird, Root & Burgee of New York, collaborating with Gustavo Guinand, of Caracas, are architects for the hotel. Plans call for a ten-story structure of reinforced poured concrete throughout, with approximately 430 rooms, all with baths. The building will be V-shaped, allowing for maximum sunlight, and oriented to take advantage of the fine view to the north across the Caracas Valley toward Mount Avila. Other features of the plan are a glass-walled night club opening onto a terrace which will be used for dining and dancing, a large swimming pool and a circulating ice water system fed from deep wells.

The Tamanaco will be built upon a ridge, with its lobby floor 80 ft above the level of the Playa Sucre, which it faces.

The Tamanaco is owned by the Hotel Tamanaco Campania Anonima, Gustavo A. San Roman, president, and was financed by local capital, the Venezuelan government and the Export-Import Bank of the United States. It is one of a world-wide chain of hotels being developed by Intercontinental, a subsidiary of Pan-American Airways.

(Continued on page 208)
announcing a full line of Facing Tile colors (standardized for your convenience)

Here you have the makings of beautiful, functional interiors for almost any kind of building.

Here are colors that do things... for schools, hospitals, public buildings, commercial and industrial buildings.

Here are Structural Clay Facing Tile colors that add warmth and brightness to an interior... cool, soft colors that create a restful, pleasant atmosphere... light-reflecting colors that aid vision and lessen fatigue.

Color experts have scientifically selected these colors with your needs in mind... and members of the Facing Tile Institute have scientifically produced them for permanent, non-fading beauty. In this wide range of colors, you will find the shade or shades ideally suited for a particular job.

For more complete information on the full line of standardized Facing Tile colors, or on any of the Institute’s other services, write the address below, Desk AR-4, for catalog 50-C.

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UNIFIED LIGHTING

Because harmony in architectural design is so essential to a pleasing result, architects and engineers quickly appreciate the advantages of Unified Lighting.

Unified Lighting is a broad grouping of lighting equipment meeting all commercial applications . . . suitable to the varying needs of different locations . . . yet each unit harmonizes in style characteristics and in finish to blend into conformity of design.

Send today for the Art Metal Catalog containing concise and pertinent engineering information.

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WHAT UNIFIED LIGHTING IS
It's a complete line of fluorescent and incandescent lighting equipment, the symmetry of style and finish relating each harmoniously with the other.
Buri Buri Elementary School, South San Francisco, California. John Lyon Reid, A.I.A., Architect

"...Combination of Good Appearance, Light Reflection Qualities...Meeting Specified Sound Absorption"

...says architect of Buri Buri Elementary School

Simpson Acoustical Tile was specified and installed in classrooms in the Buri Buri Elementary School, one of the modern new school buildings described in the main feature article elsewhere in this magazine. Concerning selection of acoustical tile, Architect Reid has this to say:

"One of the most important features of a modern classroom is proper sound conditioning.

We have always exercised great care in designing schoolrooms for acoustical performance and in selecting materials to accomplish the desired end. Acoustical tile, such as was used in the Buri Buri Elementary School, having a combination of good appearance, light reflection qualities and meeting the specified sound absorption coefficient, is one of the most important elements of a properly sound conditioned classroom."

SIMPSON LOGGING COMPANY
Sales Division, 1065 Stuart Bldg., Seattle 1, Washington

1. WASHABLE FINISH
2. HIGHER SOUND ABSORPTION
3. HOLLOKORE DRILLED PERFORATIONS
4. FINISHED BEVELS
5. MORE BEAUTIFUL AND EFFICIENT

Only Simpson has all 5!

Simpson
QUALITY SINCE 1895

ACoustical tile
FOR BETTER SOUND CONDITIONING

APRIL 1950
Above: Indoor-outdoor living was stressed in design of exhibition house at Cleveland

Olson Dish Tray Conveyors are the ideal equipment for school cafeterias. They provide fast, even flow of soiled dishes to the dishwashing area and shorter clean-up time between lunch periods. Each diner merely places his tray of soiled dishes on the Conveyor nearest his table or near the exit. Dishes move quietly, smoothly. The usual confusion is eliminated and breakage is reduced to a minimum.

Where dishwashing facilities are on another floor, a Subveyor can be installed to take the trays from the Conveyor and lift or lower them automatically.

Olson Dish Tray Conveyors and Subveyors are fast becoming standard equipment in modern schools and institutions all over the country. Write us today for full details.

SAMUEL OLSON MFG. CO., INC.
2436 Bloomingdale Ave., Chicago 47, Illinois

WITH THE A.I.A.

Buffalo-Western New York — Officers for 1950 have been elected as follows: Roswell E. Pfohl, president; Trevor W. Rogers, vice president; Thomas Imbs, secretary-treasurer; directors (for three years) Guy Baldwin and W. Newell Reynolds.

Cleveland — An exhibition house designed by a special committee of the chapter last month was providing a graphic illustration of the value of an architect’s services.

Some 50,000 people were estimated to have seen the chapter’s exhibit at the Seventh Annual Home and Flower Show at the Cleveland Public Hall March 4-12.

Design for livability was basic in planning “The House that Jack Built” for “Mr. and Mrs. Jack and son,” the hypothetical clients. Specific attention was given in the design to activity and space relationships, flexibility and privacy, indoor-outdoor living. Advanced developments in structure, materials and building equipment were freely used.

Joseph Ceruti headed the special committee which initiated the project. On the committee were Alfred W. Harris, Robert A. Little, Ernst Payer, Wilbur Riddle and Edward Higgins, a student associate of the chapter representing the student chapter of the Institute at Western Reserve University.

Below: plan of Cleveland’s model house
WILLIAM S. BROWN, of the firm of Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, nationally known architects and designers of many of America's outstanding buildings. Mr. Brown was architect in charge of the famous Terrace Plaza Hotel in Cincinnati, where the architects with the owner's mandate had complete charge of all materials, equipment and furnishings that went into the hotel. Mohawk laid 11.5 miles of carpet in the Terrace Plaza.

Mr. Brown has, in speaking of Mohawk Carpets, remarked that he has had most satisfactory results from Mohawk Carpets and that in his experience they have met the requirements of the owners. The understanding and cooperation on the part of the Contract Department of Mohawk has been helpful in his planning. Samples, information on colors and styles, and reliance on their agents while the job is under way have been useful factors in their service.

"In the Terrace Plaza Hotel in Cincinnati, for example, practical considerations such as wear and durability of the floor covering were of utmost importance; and carpet pattern and color helped create the comfortable and pleasant interiors in many of the rooms."

Mohawk CARPET MILLS, INC., 295 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, N. Y.
"The most important part of architecture is following up the design placed on paper. Once architects did this. How . . . does a bricklayer from the south side of Chicago know or recognize the 'message' hidden in the blueprints of an architect of the contemporary Cliche period? Uninstructed, how does he know how to give you 'floating ceilings free to extend beyond walls to echo into outer space'?

"If you do not watch a mechanic on a job of yours he will always contrive an artistic expression of his own, bearing small resemblance to your inspired intention. Furthermore, if you are an architect at all . . . why don't you have guts enough to tear out a piece of work and have it replaced by a reasonable facsimile of your own thinking on the subject? . . .

"Are not your specs mighty enough?

Shafts of refracted light attained by the use of Structural Corrugated Glass dramatize the entrance to Beloit College Field House, Beloit, Wisconsin. Note how the bright, vertical lines accent height, lend stature and dignity, increase the apparent size of the structure. Transmitted light gives the modern architect another dimension . . . broader scope for his talents. For exteriors of weather-defying beauty and interiors high in interest, specify Mississippi Structural Corrugated Glass.

Obscure glass by Mississippi is available in a wide variety of patterns and light transmission characteristics to meet architectural or structural requirements in any location or exposure.

For further data see Sweats' Architectural File or contact your nearby distributor of quality glass. Samples on request.

*W. Fred DaRe, Architect, Maurice Webster, Associate Architect, Cunningham Bros., General Contractor.

Send for booklet "Structural Corrugated & Structurallite Glass by Mississippi."

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SAINT LOUIS 7, MO.
NEW YORK • CHICAGO • FULLERTON, CAL.
WORLD'S LARGEST MANUFACTURER OF ROLLED, FIGURED AND WIRED GLASS

EXHIBITIONS

British Industries Fair
Scheduled May 8—May 19

The dollar shortage is still acute — and Britain's manufacturers will display their wares next month at the British Industries Fair from May 8 to May 19 at Earl's Court and Olympia, London, and Castle Bromwich, Birmingham.

Editor Ian Leslie of "The Builder" of London reports that visitors to the building section at Castle Bromwich will find manufacturers have devoted increased attention to good design, and that this trend will be especially notable in kitchen sinks, cupboards, heating elements, cooking and hot water plants.

Constructional plant on view at Castle Bromwich will reflect the "almost universal" importance — says Mr. Leslie — attached to the use of mechanical devices to save time on processes previously done by hand, especially carrying and hoisting.

New machines of a mobile kind are increasingly used in British construction, and motor-driven barrows, hoists, winches among the displays will show this trend. Some of these machines are dual-purpose, as, for example, the mechanical shovel which has a brick stacker attachment consisting of an extension with fork arm to carry a stillage holding 100 bricks. This may be attached to the side arms without removing the scoop. In addition to serving as an excavator, the machine can be used to transport bricks from the stack and unload them onto scaffolding up to a...
Handsome Consoweld sets the scene for greater merchandise movement in commercial establishments. Interior design possibilities with colorful Consoweld are almost limitless.

INDUSTRIAL

Optimum sanitation is a requirement of the food processing industry. Functional Consoweld, with its low absorption factor, is the perfect wall surfacing.

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Consoweld defies wear and tear—cleans easily—needs no maintenance. Reasons aplenty why Consoweld is so popular in schools and hospitals.

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Practical Consoweld is at home in almost every room. Shines in the kitchen, where it wipes sparkling clean with a damp cloth.

Consoweld, available in unusually big sheet sizes (up to 16 feet long), is ideal for large wall surfaces or long counters where joints would be unsightly.

ALL 4 CALL FOR CONSOWELD

Horizontal or vertical surfaces calling for color—plus resistance to heat, moisture, abrasion, alkalies and acids—call for Consoweld, the miracle molded plastic. ■ As more and more architects and designers are discovering, Consoweld is the sound solution to many surfacing problems on almost every project. ■ You'll find designing with Consoweld an exciting experience. A wide variety of patterns and colors inspire the creation of dramatic color-contrast or handsome color-harmony effects. And you can specify Consoweld with confidence.

GOOD FOR A COLORFUL LIFETIME!

LOOK!

Consoweld available in unusually big sheet sizes (up to 16 feet long), is ideal for large wall surfaces or long counters where joints would be unsightly.

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1. Have dust and dirt removed from sash.
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4. See that clips are suitably installed.
5. Avoid using thinners excessively.
6. Use your glazing material fresh from the manufacturer and be sure it is mixed with all the oil.
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THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 210)

height of 16 ft at the rate of 3000 per hr.

Other new machines include light builders' hoists of high mobility which can be easily demounted for erection elsewhere.

Fixtures and equipment for houses and all types of buildings will also be on display.

A wide range of machinery for woodworking purposes will also be seen. Typical of this group will be a "universal" woodworker which comprises in one machine a saw-bench, planer and jointer, thicknesser, moulder, mortiser, borer and tenoner.

Among constructional developments of note will be the "Kwikform" system of unit-framed scaffolding for barrel-vault shuttering; this includes a suspended formwork and vertical shuttering which reduces to a minimum bird-cage scaffolding, is adaptable to any radius and gives a perfect soffit.

Intarsia Featured in Craftsmen's Exhibit

Modern marquetry by Howard Whipple of California and Andrew Szoeke of New York was featured in an exhibition of the American Craftsmen's Educational Council in their gallery at America House, 32 E. 52nd St., New York City, last month.

Mr. Whipple is a retired banker who developed a hobby into a fine art to gain a national reputation. The collection of his work shown included 37 pieces, cut from multi-hued wood, fitted together and combined much as a jeweler treats his stones.

Mr. Szoeke, designer and cabinetmaker, was known when he first came to this country from Vienna in 1921 as a specialist in calligraphy. A group of his designs for modern furniture of inlaid wood was shown at the exhibit.

Home Furnishings Show at Philadelphia Art Center

"Inside 1950," an exhibition designed to acquaint Philadelphians with the best in contemporary home furnishings, will open at the Philadelphia Art Alliance, 251 S. 18th St., Philadelphia, on April 24 and continue through June 4.

Visitors will be permitted to test and touch all items in the exhibition, which will be presented as a four-room apartment typical of Philadelphia.

(Continued on page 214)
New Elementary School at Burlington, Conn., one of the five outstanding schools featured in the Architectural Record Study, is equipped with one No. 440 Smith-Mills Water Tube Boiler, fired with No. 3 Oil. Please notice (1) the one-story construction; (2) large area fenestration; (3) small space needed for boiler room.


Architectural Record Study, Transfiguration School, Tarrytown, New York; another Architectural Record selection characterized by one-story layout and ample daylight. One No. 440 Smith-Mills Boiler fired by horizontal rotary burner, provides ample heat for today's needs — promises to grow as the school grows.

Architect: Robert A. Green, Tarrytown, N. Y.; Heating Contractor: Hauxwell & Smith, Inc., Port Chester, N. Y.

Modern School Designers find Smith-Mills Boilers

... Ready to meet the special heating problems involved in one-floor arrangement and large window areas... Ready for the new developments in radiant heating. And more than all, ready for those fundamental requirements: fuel economy, low maintenance and ability to expand as the needs of the school grow.

You need a heating system that has already proved itself in school heating. The basic principle of vertical cast iron boiler tubes, originated and developed by The H. B. Smith Company, insures maximum heat transfer — the use and re-use of every bit of heat from the fuel, oil or coal, to create steam or hot water. Now add the fact that a Smith-Mills boiler is assembled on the job — can be increased in size (or made smaller) without extensive alteration; is self-cleaning, and lasts many years (lots are over 50 years old!) — and you can see why architects and engineers specify Smith-Mills boilers with confidence for the important task of keeping kids warm!

Transfiguration School, Tarrytown, New York: another Architectural Record selection characterized by one-story layout and ample daylight. One No. 440 Smith-Mills Boiler fired by horizontal rotary burner, provides ample heat for today's needs — promises to grow as the school grows.

Architect: Robert A. Green, Tarrytown, N. Y.; Heating Contractor: Hauxwell & Smith, Inc., Port Chester, N. Y.

H. B. Smith

CAST-IRON BOILERS

THE H. B. SMITH COMPANY, INC., WESTFIELD, MASS.
Grand Rapids' magnificent new store takes pride in its significant details of Seaporcel*

Practical beauty *where it counts* is Seaporcel's contribution to this impressive temple of business, designed by Mr. George L. Ely, of Allied Stores, Boston.

For the distinctive sign facia and the modern-as-tomorrow louvres on both sides of the structure, the choice was Seaporcel Architectural Porcelain Enamel, unsurpassed for beauty of appearance - low installation and maintenance cost - permanence - resistance to weather - and the integrity of its manufacturer.

Architects: Perry, Shaw & Hepburn, Boston
General Contractors: Owen-Ames-Kimball, Grand Rapids

A new "Fact Sheet" is just off the press, giving in isometric detail specifications and construction of these ventilation and air conditioning louvres. A copy is yours for the asking.

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Please send me Fact Sheet on Ventilation Louvres ______
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COMPANY ________________________________
ADDRESS __________________________ CITY ______ STATE ______

(Continued from page 212)

Lott-Neagle Design Associates of Philadelphia have worked with the Crafts and Industrial Design Committees of the Art Alliance to make the showing, an innovation for Philadelphia, possible.

PANERO GROUP WORKS ON PROTECTIVE CONSTRUCTION

A special group of engineers has been organized by the engineering firm of Guy B. Panero to work on problems of protective construction for strategic industrial plants. Considerable attention will be devoted to cost aspects.

Mr. Panero has disclosed that his firm has had inquiries from several large firms interested in obtaining reasonable protection at existing plants where process and ground limitations will not enable them to spread out their buildings and where constructing a complete plant underground is not feasible.

Mr. Panero believes that national defense now requires that at least a part of the total spent annually on new plants be invested in protective construction.

Specially developed construction and planning techniques designed to give optimum protection to the most critical portions of a single plant are a part of protective construction as described by Mr. Panero, whose firm last year completed a major study for the government on feasibility of underground construction.

"It is not practical or desirable to place all, or even a major segment of important manufacturing facilities such as atomic plants underground," Mr. Panero says. "Nor would it be economically feasible to disperse some types of industry. But the time is opportune to consider 'protective construction' for those production facilities which are absolutely necessary to the defense of this nation. Sites must be selected and structures must be designed to offer the maximum degree of protection consistent with economic aspects of our industrial complex."

Mr. Panero cites a report recently released by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Department of Defense which revealed that 320,000,000 sq ft of floor space available in existing mines (Continued on page 216)
The New MORRISON Roly-Door Four-Sectional All-Steel Overhead Residential Garage Door is the first and the only Residential OVERHEAD DOOR in the world with every wanted feature! It has everything — and it's the only overhead residential garage door that has everything!

A New Low Price for a Quality Door!
(Please Read this Twice — it's the most sensational price news in the home-building industry in years!)

Because of its exclusive method of manufacture, the MORRISON Four-Sectional, All-Steel Residential Garage Door can be sold and installed for as low as any four-sectional garage door on the market!

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THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 214)

could be converted into first-class production areas at a cost only slightly higher than conventional above-ground buildings.

The Panero firm, in a $400,000 survey conducted for the Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army, actually designed three different types of plants for location in underground sites, and comparative cost studies were made with similar conventional structures. The plants designed included a precision manufacturing plant, a chemical plant and a storage depot. They have not been constructed.

12 STUDENTS COMPETING IN LLOYD WARREN FINALS

Twelve students, four of them from Princeton University, were selected to compete in the final exercise of the 1950 Lloyd Warren Scholarship, the 37th Paris Prize in Architecture.

The winner, who will receive $5000 for architectural study and travel over an 18-month period, will be announced this month.

Subject of the second preliminary exercise, on the results of which choice of the finalists was based, was "an oil town." The competition is held under the direction of the Committee on Scholarships of the Beaux-Arts Institute of Design. Finalists chosen were: Charles H. Boney and G. Lee Everidge, North Carolina State College; John J. Mooney, Pennsylvania State College; Maxwell G. Mayo, H. Bryce Roberts, D. M. Simmons and W. H. Sippel Jr., Princeton University; Paul H. Graven Jr., Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College; William J. Scheide mentel, University of Illinois, Urbana; Harry Kale and William Murtagh, University of Pennsylvania; and Haigh Josgochian, Virginia Polytechnic Institute.

L. Bancel LaFarge is chairman of the Jury of Award, which includes Gordon Bunshaft, Alonzo W. Clark III, Harmon H. Goldstone, Michael M. Hattis and Benjamin Lane Smith.

FEDERATION ENDORSED BY ENGINEERS JOINT COUNCIL

Proposals made at the first Pan-American Engineering Congress held in Rio de Janeiro last July for an inter-American engineering organization have

(Continued on page 218)
Setting Clay Wall Tile on almost any type wall is a cinch with 3M Ceramic Tile Adhesive. Lighter foundations are possible—that means weight and construction-time savings.

Other Profit-Builders in the 3M Building Adhesive Line

- Rubber Tile Adhesive
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APRIL 1950

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Just a turn of the switch key and the R-W DeLuxe FoldeR-Way Partition goes into operation silently and swiftly... locking and unlocking, opening and closing automatically! Designed specifically for school gymnasiums, auditoriums, stages and other high or wide openings—no matter how large—to be closed against light and sound, electrically operated FoldeR-Way Partitions are the answer to present-day problems of economy in space and expenditure. They transform any large indoor area into two smaller ones—a quick change made entirely without manual effort.

Yes, you turn the switch key and R-W does the rest! DeLuxe FoldeR-Way locks to the floor without floor bolts, keepers, guides, tracks or manually operated sealing strips, pressure-sealing itself to the floor for complete soundproofing. When bi-parting partitions are installed, both halves are synchronized to operate simultaneously—all sections are full-size, equal width doors folding in accordion fashion into jamb or pocket.

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**THE RECORD REPORTS**

(Continued from page 216)

been approved by the Committee on International Relations of the Engineers Joint Council.

Participation of United States engineering societies with those of other American nations in an organization meeting in Havana is thus assured. Date of the meeting, which will launch the new organization, will be announced later.

**GRANTS OF $42,500 MADE BY ENGINEERING GROUP**

Grants of $42,500 were made by Engineering Foundation to 12 projects in fundamental research in the engineering sciences and to two projects in advancing the engineering profession during the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1949, the Foundation's recently published annual report showed.

The report stated that Foundation sponsorship and grants had stimulated contributions by industry and universities to these projects of $642,800.

Also included in the report is a summary of the Foundation's work since it was established 35 years ago as the joint research activity of the American Society of Civil Engineers, American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers, American Society of Mechanical Engineers and American Institute of Electrical Engineers.

The summary showed $9,888,330 had been spent during the 35-year period to advance engineering science and education.

**STORY OF BLUEPRINTS DRAMATIZED IN FILM**

"The Print before the Product" is the title of a new film which offers buyers of prints a chance to find out what the commercial blueprinter has to contend with when he's told to "make that fast!"

The film, which is available for showing to professional or company groups, shows actual shop practice, with scenes taken right in the blueprint and photocopy departments.

The 16 mm. color-sound film, with a running time of 35 minutes, was made by Western Blue Print Co., Kansas City, Mo., and edited by the Calvin Co. of Kansas City, industrial film producers, who also added musical back-
Today's Better Schools Are Built of WOOD

...For economy, durability, beauty, flexibility

SPECIFY:

WEST COAST WOODS

Douglas Fir • West Coast Hemlock
Western Red Cedar • Sitka Spruce

NO OTHER BUILDING MATERIAL GIVES ALL THESE PROVED ADVANTAGES

ECONOMY. Over-all economy is designed into schoolhouse construction plans when wood is specified. As a building material wood is time-tested, easy to obtain, easy to work.

DURABILITY. Many wooden structures, as old as the nation, are still in use. Buildings have a long life expectancy when built of West Coast Woods. With today's rapidly changing educational requirements, the lumber in a school of wood will be in sound condition long after the building design itself may have become obsolete.

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SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET

Beautifully illustrated in four colors, this new booklet points out many different applications of wood in schoolhouse construction. It tells how schools of wood meet today's educational needs and at the same time give more for the building dollar. The booklet will be ready for distribution about May 1. Reserve your copy now. Use coupon below.

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ground and supervised narration. Inquiries should be addressed to: International Association of Blue Print and Allied Industries, 506 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago 5, Ill.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE FAIR SCHEDULED IN CHICAGO

The first international exposition for industry and commerce ever held in this country will be staged in Chicago August 7-19.

Purpose of the First United States International Trade Fair is to provide an economical and productive medium for sellers of the world's goods to open the American market. American manufacturers also are participating and foreign buyers will be on hand.

A ratio of one-third American exhibitors to two-thirds exhibitors from the rest of the world has been set by Fair officials. Exhibits will be grouped, not by national origin, but by 29 categories of products which have been established.

Four halls — Navy Pier, International Amphitheatre, Coliseum and Arena — will house the Fair, which is expected to be the largest trade show ever held in this country. Fair headquarters is the Merchandise Mart.

ENGINEERING INDEX FOR EIGHT CITIES COMPLETE

National Association of Engineering Companies has announced completion of its index of engineering services available in eight cities across the country.

The index, which is cross-referenced for type of engineering service and geographic location, now covers Detroit, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Providence (R. I.), Salt Lake City, Reading, Grand Rapids and Roanoke.

A state-by-state survey is being conducted by questionnaire. Inquiries should be addressed to: National Association of Engineering Companies, 1601-13 Dime Building, Detroit 26, Mich.

"CITÉ DES ARTS" PLANNED FOR RIGHT BANK IN PARIS

One of the oldest sections of Paris, near the Hôtel de Ville, will soon have studios and living quarters for 200 French and foreign artists in a "Cité des Arts" similar to the Left-Bank Cité Universitaire.

The old Hôtel d'Aumont, built by Le Vau and altered by Mansart, will be restored by Architect Michel Roux-Spitz to serve as the Cité's center, with a restaurant, lecture rooms, and an entrance on the Seine's bank.

Painters will be assigned studios with northern exposure; sculptors studios on the ground floor; and musicians soundproof practice rooms. A bathroom or shower, a hot plate, a telephone and a heater will be provided with each room.

ERRATUM

The Record regrets that an article on page 12 of the January issue incorrectly described Architect Eric Stengade as designer of the Danish Pavilion at the New York World's Fair of 1933. Mr. Stengade was assistant to Tyge Hvass, the architect for the pavilion.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD
Hager combines the glistening elegance of luxurious solid brass with the timeless strength of steel (at the critical point of knuckle joint wear) to reinforce permanent beauty with long life performance!

Door weight swings on case-hardened, cadmium plated steel bushings, extending the full length of each knuckle. These hardened steel bushings—steel-against-steel—actually support door weight...leave brass knuckles free from erosive joint wear and friction. Beveled leaves insure close-fitting joints. Trim, square outer edges are firmly milled sharp and clean.

Specify Hager Solid Brass Steel-Bushed Butts for average frequency residence doors calling for finest service and enduring beauty.
Building Decline Shown in MacLean's January Figures

Construction contracts during January were down $16 million from January 1949, MacLean Building Reports Ltd. figures show.

Total figure for the first month of this year was $56,685,800. Principal decline was in the west; Quebec alone recorded an increase of $1.8 million over the corresponding month last year.

Canada (Continued from page 16)

All categories except business building were off. Comparative January figures for 4 classifications follow:

Residential — 1950, $24,032,000; 1949, $30,299,400.

Industrial — 1950, $3,161,600; 1949, $9,170,200.

Engineering — 1950, $4,491,100; 1949, $15,139,300.

Business — 1950, $25,001,100; 1949, $18,183,500.

J. Roxburgh Smith Elected R.A.I.C. President for '50

J. Roxburgh Smith of Montreal was elected president for 1950 of the Royal Architectural Institute of Canada at its 43rd annual assembly in Winnipeg. He succeeds A. J. Hazelgrove of Ottawa.

Other officers are: H. H. Simmonds, Vancouver, first vice president; H. Claire Mott, Saint John, N. B., second vice president; R. S. Morris, Toronto, treasurer; Harold Lawson, Montreal, secretary.


Fellows admitted to the College of Fellows were James Govan, Toronto; J. C. Meadowcroft, Montreal; G. C. Nairne, Vancouver; J. Morrow Oxley, Toronto; and Prof. John A. Russell, Winnipeg.

Kiyoschi Izemi, 28-year-old Canadian-Japanese graduate in architecture of Manitoba University was awarded the R.A.I.C.'s $1500 scholarship. Mr. Izemi has had an outstanding record in architecture and will use the scholarship for travel in the United States and study at Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

(Continued on page 226)

Specify FERALUN*—the safety tread with abrasive IN THE NOSING SURFACE

As the illustrations show, DOWN traffic needs the underfoot “grip” of abrasive particles embedded in tread nosings, to prevent slipping and wear. UP traffic needs the same safety features.

Feralun treads are made to provide full protection from this “double traffic” all stairways must serve. They always have abrasive granules in the nosings—for the down traffic, and should be wide enough (at least 4”) to protect the up traffic as well. Note action photos showing points of foot contact which are also points of slipping and wear.

Not only do these sturdy cast iron abrasive treads give underfoot safety up and down, but they also give protection from wear as well. Installations of Feralun treads are still giving maintenance-free safety after more than a quarter century of continuous use.

For full information on Feralun and other underfoot safety products, see Sweet's File, Architectural, Sec. 125, or write to:

AMERICAN ABRASIVE METALS CO.
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USE FERALUN TREADS AND BE SAFE... "DOWN AND UP"
NOW! Asbestos Movable Walls
WITH THE PANELS "integrially colored"

NOTE HOW THE COLOR GOES ALL THE WAY THROUGH!

No paint to wear off, chip, or peel...

A totally new and important feature has been combined with the basic advantage of flexibility in J-M Movable Wall construction.

Johns-Manville scientists have perfected a process for introducing inorganic pigments throughout the asbestos panels used in J-M Movable Walls.

As a result, these beautifully-textured, fireproof panels are now "integrially colored" at the factory. That of course means the color is not a painted or baked-on surface coating; it is an intrinsic part of the structural material—goes all the way through each panel.

With no paint to wear off, chip, or peel, your walls will have that "first-day newness" every day for years and years to come!

By eliminating the cost of periodic painting and decorative treatment, the new Transitone Movable Walls will help you to meet your wall-and-partition requirements economically.

Transitone panels are hung on steel studs, forming a 4" double-faced partition. Also used as interior finish for the outside walls. Lighter than ever, they are readily installed or re-located. For details or an estimate, write Johns-Manville, Box 290, New York 16, N.Y.
AEROFIN RATINGS ARE ACCURATE AND RELIABLE

Aerofin's continued research has developed accurate ratings that are good for the life of the unit. You can always count on Aerofin to deliver full-rated capacity — full efficiency.

Over 25 years' experience, combined with unequalled production facilities, enables Aerofin to select just the right surface and materials for each particular job. Aerofin rigidly controls every phase of the production of its heat-transfer coils and units.

This man is looking for air bubbles — he is testing Aerofin heat-transfer coils with air pressure in a specially illuminated tank. If there are no bubbles, it means the immersed Aerofin unit has withstood the severe strains of steam and hydrostatic pressure tests and is ready to give you long, efficient service.

Aerofin Units do the Job Better, Faster, Cheaper
If You Want To Cut Maintenance Costs
...look for this Window Feature

Above, you see the new Fenestra® Pivoted Steel Window and 4 views of the exclusive feature that slashes window maintenance...the new, streamlined integral butt which keeps vents fitting perfectly for complete weather-tightness.

1. Frame side
2. Head-on, inside view
3. Window side
4. Overlapping weathering sections. The butt has no protruding parts open to damage. Cup shape and drawn ribs give it special strength.

Fenestra Pivoted Windows are widely used for extra daylight, fresh air and see-through vision.

With slender lines and extra glass area, all Fenestra Industrial Steel Windows bring in extra daylight...reduce accident-tempting shadows. They bring in cool, clean fresh air, no matter what the weather—protecting ventilators guard the openings. They’re good looking and rugged, warproof and firesafe. They can be easily combined vertically or horizontally to form whole walls of windows.

Fenestra Windows cost less in three important ways:

1. **Low first cost:** Standardization of types and sizes permits efficient volume production.
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**Savings with New Fenestra Windows**

1. Butts integral with jamb weathering bars—stronger, fewer parts, lower maintenance.
2. Precision machining of window bars—windows and vents of exact, uniform sizes.
3. Automatic assembly of ventilators—vents fit properly and operate easily.
4. Extended jamb bars—vents always align perfectly.
5. Strong, tight-weathering sections—continuous double contact all around vent opening.
6. Rigid, interlocking muntin joints—rugged construction for low maintenance.
7. Strong hardware attachment—prevents breakage, affords safer locking.

**Commercial Projected Window**

Popular for efficient, economical screening or shading—vents do not interfere. Open-out vent serves as a canopy over opening, protecting interior against rain; open-in vent is a built-in wind-guard, shedding water outside.

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Please send me information on types and sizes of new Fenestra Industrial Steel Windows.

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Company __________________
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THE RECORD REPORTS

In reporting for the 1949 Council, Retiring President A. J. Hazelgrove urged architects to specify and use materials from sterling areas.

"This may involve disruption of some well-regarded connections and disturbance of routine of practice," he said, "but the advantages will be such as to compensate for practical difficulties."

A plan for periodic award of medals for Canadian architecture by the Massey Foundation was announced at the meeting. The scheme, prepared after consultation with the Institute, provides that Massey Medals for Architecture will be awarded first in 1950, then every second or third year, depending on building activity in Canada. Awards will be made at exhibitions sponsored by the R.A.I.C.

Purpose of the awards is to enable the public to recognize outstanding examples of Canadian achievement in the field of architecture and thus encourage members of the profession in their efforts to achieve distinction of design.

Harold Sleeper Addresses Quebec's Annual Meeting

Harold R. Sleeper, F.A.I.A., of New York, was guest speaker at the luncheon which climaxed the 59th annual meeting of the Province of Quebec Association of Architects which convened at the Windsor Hotel in Montreal on January 27 and 28.

Mr. Sleeper, a past president of the New York Chapter, The American Institute of Architects, and chairman of the Advisory Commission on Rezoning of New York, discussed "The Public and the Architect."

More missionary work on the part of members of the profession is needed to get rid of certain public misconceptions regarding architects, Mr. Sleeper suggested:

"The public should know that we can be of help at a small cost in vital matters such as selecting a site, changing plans to fit a site, supervision or minor changes in stock plans."

Comparing architecture to medicine, Mr. Sleeper asked: "What doctor would refuse to bandage a cut finger or prescribe for your stomach upset? He takes the small, uninteresting jobs along with those that are more serious. Can't we do as much?"

Through public relations, Mr. Sleeper stressed, much can be done to give the public a clearer picture of the architect and his work.

Pierre C. Amos of Montreal, newly-elected president of the association, presided at the luncheon.

Other officers for 1950 are: H. Ross Wiggs, Montreal, first vice president; Emile Venne, Montreal, second vice president; John Bland, honorary treasurer; Maurice Payette, honorary secretary; J. C. Meadowcroft, Montreal, retiring president.

Members of the Council are: George E. deVarennes, Hugh A. I. Valentine, E. J. Turcotte, Henri Mercier, R. E. Bolton, Patsy Colangelo, Paul Fleury, all of Montreal; Alphonse Belanger, Sherbrooke; Lucien Mainguy, Gerard Venne, Quebec.

American, Canadian Planners Meet in Joint Sessions

Members of the American Institute of Planners and the Institute of Professors (Continued on page 228)

at outstanding kitchens
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(Continued from page 222)
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Dalewood Senior Public School at Hamilton, Ont. (photo of rendering above) is one of the first schools built in Canada to accommodate grades 7, 8, 9 and 10, or the intermediate grades. A later addition will house pool. William R. Souter & Assoc., Architects.

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Ontario Architects Name Representative to C.N.E.

Toronto's Mackenzie Waters has been reappointed as representative of the Ontario Association of Architects to the Canadian National Exhibition for 1950. Mr. Waters is also a member of the C.N.E. Board of Directors.
Actual comparisons in a given gym area show these outstanding advantages of modern two-level seating... with Universal Folding Stands... over old type built-in seating. Total seating capacity can be increased up to 40%... yet, in this case, there is also a gain of 12,790 square feet of floor space when stands are folded. On the balcony level alone, ample area is provided for practice wrestling, boxing, corrective physical education, etc. Gains in main floor space result in one or two extra basketball cross-courts plus additional space for physical education and specialized training. Total seating costs are usually cut in half... and the flexibility of Universal Folding Stands assures easy co-ordination with your plans for roof trusses, exit space, window location, shower and locker room facilities. See Sweet's Catalog, section 23-g/2. Additional literature free on request.

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THE RECORD REPORTS

have been carried out and have revealed serious problems of condensation brought about by improved standards of insulation and construction, he said.

So serious are condensation problems in modern house building that the division arranged for carrying out a special eight-week test in the climatometer of Pennsylvania State College. A small test building insulated in different ways was subjected to severe outside conditions, while normal living conditions were maintained inside, Mr. Legget reported.

This project threw new light on condensation problems and will assist the division in planning its own research facilities in Ottawa. Construction may start early this year.

$20 Million Development Slated for North York

Accommodations for nearly 2000 families will be provided in a $20 million housing and commercial development expected to get under way shortly in North York township, bordering on Toronto.

Included in the project are 1200 homes, apartment buildings containing 500 suites and a shopping centre with 12 acres of stores.

The land, purchased several years ago by Central Mortgage and Housing Corp., is being subdivided by Investors Syndicate of Canada Ltd. and the Great West Life Assurance Co. It is the biggest housing undertaking in the township since the war.

The two companies, in preparing the land for sale to contractors, invested $1 million in public improvements.

Marcel Breuer Visits Toronto

"Where Do We Stand?" was the topic of a recent address given in the Museum Theatre, Toronto, by Marcel Breuer, well-known exponent of contemporary architecture in the United States.

Mr. Breuer's visit to Toronto was sponsored by the Architectural Society of the University of Toronto.

Priorities Office Disbanded

Now that there are few scarcities in building materials, the federal government has announced the closing of its priorities office.

Since 1941 this office has granted priority ratings for construction materials, following a policy favoring veterans and those building dwellings worth $10,000 or less.

The office reached peak activity after the war, and in the past five years okayed priority ratings for about 105,000 houses.

At present there are only a half-dozen scarce building items in Canada: cement and its by-products; brick, in Ontario and Quebec; small-sized nails; steel sheets; plumbing pipe and fixtures.
Leading Architects Specify Neo-Ray Louvred Ceiling and Mammoth Series for Wallachs Newest Store.

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See our catalogue in Sweet's Architectural File for 1950, Sec. 81a

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APRIL 1950
Ontario Acts on Housing

Legislation making racial or religious restrictions in property deeds illegal is under consideration in the new session of the Ontario provincial legislature. The Ontario government plans to outlaw any future deeds which include such clauses.

Also being introduced is legislation to get under way a low-cost housing plan which will offer tenants an opportunity to buy the dwellings they occupy. In the last two years Ontario housing loans of more than $17 million have enabled 15,000 families to buy their homes.

Apprentice System Needs Aid

Contracting firms must show more active interest in the apprentice system, H. C. Nicholls of Toronto told members of the Ontario General Contractors' Association at their annual meeting in Toronto recently.

Bricklayers and plasterers particularly were criticized. As chairman of the Apprenticeship Committee, Mr. Nicholls told of a recent occasion when six boys wished to be apprenticed to bricklaying and he was unable to place them.

The building industry must do everything possible to improve this "fantastic" situation, he said, urging employers to take interest in their apprentices, see that they work with good mechanics, and have the necessary tools.

Edmonton Sets Building Pace

This year promises to be one to remember in the nation's fastest-growing city: Edmonton, Alberta.

According to the Edmonton Journal, $65 million in building projects are now under way or pending. And predictions are that by the end of the year, this may reach a whopping $90 million.

What happens to a city when it finds itself in the midst of an oil boom can best be understood by a glance at construction figures: private housing will account for $25 million; retail stores, $5 million; warehouses, commercial and office buildings, $10 million.

Also planned are a $28 million refinery, a $5 million extension to the C.N.R. MacDonald Hotel, a new federal building and other government buildings at $9 million, new schools worth $5 million, and extensions to the University of Alberta.

Protest Obsolete Bylaw

What's the cost of an obsolete plumbing bylaw?

Well, in Toronto it's claimed to amount to $1 million a year. That's the estimate of Alderman Belyea, who points out that Toronto's plumbing bylaws haven't been revised for 30 years and therefore bear no relation to present-day needs. Citizens are forced to spend $1 million each year, he says, for needless work and installations.

Proposed office and warehouse extension for Alcock, Laitgh & Westwood Co. Ltd., Leaside, Ont. (photo of rendering above) will have structural steel frame, front brick-faced, concrete block side walls. Harry B. Kohl of Toronto is the architect
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ARCHITECTS ATTEND

Although primarily a builders' convention, it was attended by many architects. Professionals specializing in residential work and community development projects not only were present in large numbers but took part in many of the meetings, which ran in profusion throughout the four-day convention. One of these, entitled "The Architect and Builder Debate Today's and Tomorrow's House Design" was moved from its former "clinic" status to the grand ballroom of the Stevens, where 3000 people could attend. Here a panel of three architects, three builders and several magazine editors exchanged ideas and debated trends in design. If any conclusion could be drawn from this discussion, it was that builders are at last awakening to the possibilities of good modern design and the value of sound professional assistance, but are vastly confused as to what buyers in their communities will accept.


Even the feminine side of the profession of architecture came in for attention at the builders' convention. A national competition for women students in architecture in the United States and Canada was sponsored by the National Association of Home Builders and American Builder Magazine, and prize winners received their awards in the opening assembly. Women architectural students representing 31 colleges had submitted entries. The first prize of $500 was awarded to Elizabeth Graham Bell, an advanced student in architecture at Carnegie Institute of Technology; second prize went to Sonia Jean Albert of Yale; and third prize went to three girl students at the University of Illinois, who collaborated in designing what they titled "Sunback House." They were: Nancy Hopkins, Josephine Willrodt and Margaret Sinclair.

Further evidence of builder interest in design, color and texture was indicated by a grand ballroom program presided over by a woman builder, Mrs. Henny Mollgaard, of Milwaukee. Panel talks were devoted to "House Design from a Woman's Viewpoint," "Modern Wallpapers and their Effectiveness," "Proper Lighting for Homes and Gardens" and "What the Right Color Did for 30,000 Homes"—a slide lecture by Color Consultant Beatrice West.

RADIANT HEAT

The glittering array of equipment, devices and materials for homes, largest ever assembled, called attention to the change taking place in design and construction. Notable were the large number of new, compact heating units for radiant panel systems and for perimeter systems. Displayed also were new white-jacketed heating plants for location in kitchens or laundries. Other compact units were designed for use in attics, in crawl spaces, under stairs, in closets and between stud walls.

Other displays showed how home costs may be cut by new products. A lock manufacturer demonstrated in-
A hardwood block flooring at 20% less

Bruce develops new BLENDWOOD BLOCK for beautiful, durable floors at low cost

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stallation of his tubular front door unit in 2½ minutes time. An in-wall heating unit that can be installed in 40 minutes was shown. Prefabricated chimneys that cut both time and cost attracted much attention.

Exhibits of windows showed the trend to greater glass area and double glazing. One manufacturer displayed a double glazed unit that is raised and lowered by turning a switch. As the window disappears, a screen takes its place. (Vita Automatic Windows, Inc., New York)

Another manufacturer displayed a window unit consisting of a fixed glass area in a louvered frame. Screened louvers, located above, below or beside the fixed glass area, provide all necessary ventilation, while the glass area admits light and permits vision. Double glazing eliminates the need for storm sash. (Solar Air-Flo, Inc., Elkhart, Ind.)

Also shown was a complete window package consisting of frame, weather stripping, glass, screen and insulating panels. They are installed with a minimum of labor. Both glass and screen panels are easily removed from the inside. Adding the insulating panel affords double glass protection in cold weather. (F. C. Russell Co., Cleveland, Ohio)

Improvements in kitchen convenience were numerous. A new three-compartment sink was on display. The third compartment, located between two regular bowls, is a covered well which contains a hidden garbage basket. Scraps are disposed of by washing into the basket. (American Radiator & Standard Sanitary Corp., Pittsburgh, Pa.)

Better lighting, step-saving layouts, and easy-to-clean working surfaces were featured in other kitchen displays.

For the modern kitchen-laundry, an appliance manufacturer displayed his new model sink that acts as clothes washer and dishwasher in addition to its regular functions. Thus, the housewife first clears breakfast dishes away in a dishwasher that does full service for six in five minutes. Then she effects a quick change of tubs and does the family wash. The unit not in use is stored in the cabinet below the sink and is mounted on a swinging arm. The entire installation is 60 in. long, 27 in. wide and 36 in. from floor to work surface. (Thor Corp., Chicago, Ill.)

Two separate units, a new electric cooking top and electric oven, can now be built in as part of the kitchen. Designed for complete individuality of kitchen arrangement, these independent units may be mounted on the working level at any height to suit the housewife, and may be located wherever desired, even on opposite sides of the kitchen. A companion appliance, a built-in electric griddle, was also previewed at the exposition. (Thermidor Electrical Mfg. Co., Los Angeles, Calif.)

For flexible storage, prefabricated wood wall closets are rapidly gaining favor. They offer extra storage space at low cost and can be built in as partition walls in new homes or merely added in houses already built. (The Mengel Co., Louisville, Ky.)

Typical among the many new products which stress economy was a new type bonding plaster which makes it possible to refinish old or damaged walls and ceilings without knocking out the old plaster or removing the wood trim. It is said to bond to cracked, chipped or painted walls, to Spanish plaster, glazed tile, concrete, brick, fiberboard, wallboard and insulation board (Nu-Wall Mfg. Co., Milwaukee, Wis.)

Outdoor vistas become so real when enjoyed through wide open sliding doors. The highly improved form of metal weather stripping for the sliding door, as developed by "ACCURATE," has resulted in a wide demand for this type of door. Fully open when weather permits. Closed tight and sealed tight in inclement weather. The home here illustrated was designed by Mr. James Kellum Smith, Architect, N. Y. Write for data sheets.
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REQUIRED READING

(Continued from page 24)

terials. In this connection, the section on the effect of paint on the absorption of acoustical materials discusses what is perhaps the most vital consideration in the maintenance of acoustically treated interiors.

The last part of the book applies the criteria previously developed to the planning of specific types of rooms and buildings such as theaters, speech and music rooms, schools, restaurants, commercial buildings, churches and radio, TV and recording studios. ACOUSTICAL DESIGNING IN ARCHITECTURE is a volume that should be in the library of every architect's office.

NOISE CONTROL


Noise control is usually the most important aspect of acoustics to be considered when buildings are being planned. Contained in these technical papers, presented at the Symposium by investigators from 12 countries, is a great deal of sound insulation data and design information for noise control with various types of construction.

The symposium was convened by the Acoustics Group in association with the Royal Institute of British Architects. Thus, in addition to the fundamental research reported, there are many papers of value and interest to Radio readers. For example: Party Walls with Improved Sound Reduction; The Sound Insulation of Wood-Joist Floors; Floating Floors; A Study of Domestic Noise. This country was represented by Leo L. Beranek of the M.I.T. Acoustics Laboratory, who described studies in progress at this school on Sound Transmission through Partitions.

FOR THE FARM


Six basic areas of instruction in agricultural engineering were considered by the authors in the preparation of this text: farm structures, field power, field machinery, processing of farm products,
Building the "homes" of today is no "child's play"—as every architect knows. It takes vision and ability, and the knowledge of the needs of all types of people, old and young, sick and well. It takes a sincerity of purpose to insure the fulfillment of these needs. Unfortunately there are those who do not realize that convenience, service and performance take precedence over price, and who would compromise quality and security by seeking to substitute inferior products or materials! That's why we are telling this to the American public in the hope that they will understand that to tamper with an architect's specifications is to weaken the principles by which each succeeding generation has achieved a higher standard of living. Inferiority can never build permanence and security into any "home"!

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REOUIRED READING

(Continued from page 238)

farmstead power and equipment, soil and water conservation. The result is a presentation of the principles of (1) functional analysis; (2) design; and (3) utilization of materials for farm structures, which will be of interest to the architectural as well as the agricultural engineering student.

The volume, initiating the Ferguson Foundation Agricultural Series, is designed for two semesters’ work. The first 22 chapters apply to structural materials, functional requirements and economic aspects, the balance to the design of structural members and frames.

NEW EDITIONS

AN OLD FRIEND

Plan Your House to Suit Yourself. By Tyler Stewart Rogers. 2nd ed. Charles Scribner’s Sons (597 Fifth Ave., New York 17, N. Y.), 1950. 7 by 9 in. 314 pp., illus. $3.95.

After 12 years of popularity, this useful and familiar volume certainly deserved a revised edition. Not changed in any essentials, it has been enlarged and in part rewritten to accommodate the many developments since it first appeared. Several new chapters have been added dealing with the current cost and financing picture.

This is a book written specifically for the prospective home owner, intended to help him get just the house he wants and requires. As such it is a book which the architect will want to have handy for his clients’ perusal.

ABBREVIATIONS

Scientific and Technical Abbreviations, Signs and Symbols. 2nd ed. By O. T. Zimmermann and Irvin Lavine. Industrial Research Service (Dover, N. H.), 1949. 5½ by 8½ in. xiv + 542 pp., illus. $7.50.

This second edition follows the first edition of the work by only a year; but recent important developments in the field of abbreviations, signs and symbols make this revision welcome. Major developments covered in the new edition include issuance of the new American Standard for physics, electrical quantities, and aerodynamics and aeronautics; adoption by the U. S. Weather Bureau of the International Weather Code; important revisions of several earlier American Standards.

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### Architectural Engineering

**ACOUSTICS**

(Continued from page 244)

in advance, along with requirements for structure, lighting, and heating and ventilating. In every sense, acoustics is an integral part of the architectural problem—from basic planning to final detailing.

**BIBLIOGRAPHY**

**Recent Periodicals**

Code: Architectural Record, AR
Architectural Forum, AF
Progressive Architecture, PA
The Journal of the Royal Institute of British Architects, RIBA

"Cavity and Party Walls"—RIBA, s3 v56, Jan. ’49.
"Isolation of Sound in Building"—AR, 99:114–17, May ’46.
"Sound Conditioning in the Postwar Home"—AF, 81:12–14, Sept. ’44.
"Sound Control in Libraries"—AR, 100–121, Nov. ’46.

**Books**


(Continued on page 248)
15 Times the Illumination from One-Half the Wattage...

with PLEXIGLAS

This is the banking room in Cleveland’s Bank of Ohio—before and after PLEXIGLAS lighting was installed. Lighting-level averages have increased from 4 footcandles to 62 footcandles on the working surfaces—with a 50% decrease in wattage. Under these improved conditions it’s not surprising that bank personnel are more cheerful, alert and efficient.

For Quality Lighting, ease of installation and low-cost maintenance, architects and illuminating engineers are specifying PLEXIGLAS in banks, offices and public buildings. PLEXIGLAS lighting fixtures diffuse light without absorbing it—transmit full illumination without glare. Lightness and strength permit installation with fewer, lighter supports. And resistance to age, weather, breakage and discoloration reduces maintenance charges to a minimum.

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Jackson, Mississippi, doesn't call its industrial growth a boom. It spawned no war babies. Its 187 manufacturing plants processing 271 varied products are bedrock solid. 30 of these plants came to Jackson during the last three years. 30 others completed large expansions. Mississippi's Capital is friendly toward business. It is kindly taxwise. It offers a strategic Southeast location, modern transportation, abundant raw materials, low-cost fuel and power and an enterprising community of 122,000. Jackson's rising skyline has a vital network of 294 elevator installations — of which 190, we are proud to say, are by Otis.

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**KITCHENS**

(Continued from page 170)

a separate door for the garbage man. The floor of this room should be provided with a deep drain in order that the garbage cans can be rinsed properly. A hot water tap and hose are necessary. A rack or rod for drying wet mops and a place for the mop buckets should be included.

**Helpers' Room**

The helpers should be provided with a locker room. A toilet and lavatory should be included; the wash sink should have foot control for faucets.

**Clean-Up Area**

Dishes and trays are returned to the pass window which opens into the dishwashing unit. The pass window should be wide enough to permit the quick return of trays and dishes. To save time and labor, counters in the pass windows may be divided into sections — one for silverware, one for glasses, one for dishes and the last section for trays.

The soiled dish table should be provided with a scrape hole and garbage can beneath. It is desirable to have a hose with a spray attachment and a small sink so that the dishes may be pre-rinsed before entering the dishwashing unit.
Ceco Steel Windows provide plenty of daylight for Good Vision

Maybe you don’t know how elusive old Sol can be during the school term. Actually, he hides most of the time. So say government figures. In 90% of the country, there are less than 130 clear days in a whole year when you deduct weekends. Then subtract 90 summer days and it’s easy to see most school days are overcast. Therefore, it’s most important in providing light for schools to use a window that admits the most daylight. Here, Ceco Steel Windows truly meet the test because only steel windows admit enough daylight on overcast days to provide good vision. Then, too, steel windows offer controlled ventilation up to 100%... assure distant vision. The cost? Lowest of all installed. Maintenance? Cost is lower here too. Any way you figure it—cost, maintenance or functional superiority, Ceco Steel Windows are the best buy.

*Bamberger & Reid, architects. Roger Sturtevant Photo.

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Architectural Engineering

**KITCHENS**
(Continued from page 248)

washing machine. In the smaller schools, if the dishwashing machine is not installed, three sinks are necessary for a pre-rinse, wash and rinse.

A dishwashing machine saves time and labor, and insures sterilization of dishes. The machine should be sized to take trays. (In the elementary schools, the trays are 12 by 14 in.) The water for washing should be 135 to 140 F, and the rinse water 180 F. An adequate hot water storage tank of 150 gal is a necessity.

A handwashing sink for the employees must be located in the kitchen. This is a health department requirement in many areas.

**General Suggestions**

Manager's Office — A small office with a desk, files, and shelves for cookbooks should be provided.

Dining Area — The dining area should be completely cut off from service and kitchen areas with a partition having proper entrance and exit doors to and from the service counter and the kitchen itself.

**Equipment Details**

The following equipment needs are specific, but the sizes are approximate since all models do not require the same space.

**Refrigeration.** Food products require different temperatures. Meat, fish and poultry, 32 F; fruits, vegetables and dairy products, 45-50 F; frozen foods, 5 F. Refrigerator space is usually figured $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ cu ft per meal served, but in elementary schools extra refrigeration for the mid-morning milk supply is needed.

**Serving Counters.** The serving counters should be planned with a cold plate or ice pan for salads and milk. If there are two service lines, each service line in the larger junior and senior high schools should have four rectangular compartments and four well-type compartments. In the elementary schools, two rectangular compartments, three $\frac{3}{4}$-in. wells and one $\frac{1}{4}$-in. well are needed. Coffee service is needed for the teachers' line.
BUILD YOUR HOUSES 4 WAYS BETTER

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1 PERMANENT FIRE PROTECTION The gypsum center of Gold Bond Gypsum Sheathing is completely fireproof. It can't burn!

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Fireproof wallboard, decorative insulation boards, lath, plaster, lime, sheathing, wall paint, rock wool insulation, metal lath and sound control products.

APRIL 1950
Asbestos Cloth

Claimed to be the first commercial offering of an asbestos textile for drapery purposes, Colorbestos is said to provide a fire-safe fabric. It was developed for use as drapery or wall covering in public gathering places.

Woven of asbestos yarn on a warp of cotton, the material is available in 10 plain colors and three different weaves. Special designs are made to order. All colors are reported fast to daylight, washing, dry cleaning and pressing. Johns-Manville, 22 E. 40th St., New York 16, N. Y.

Tubular Latch

The Clinton Ball Bearing Tubular Latch is reported very easy to install, with only one hole to bore in the door—13/16 in. diam by 1 3/4 in. deep. No alignment of knobs or latch is said to be necessary and no boring jig needed. The knob is stationary and acts as a pull. A locking device is provided for bed and bathroom doors. In emergency, a screw driver unlocks door from outside.

The unit has all brass screw machine parts and chromium steel ball bearings. An adjustment of the latch regulates spring tension and extension of ball to allow for shrinkage of door. The latch is available in all standard finishes, coated with a synthetic lacquer said to be resistant to moisture, salt spray, perspiration and corrosion. Clinton Lock Co., Clinton, Iowa.

Hand-Split Siding

The Olympic Stained Products Co., following a recent name change from the West Coast Stained Shingle Co., announces a new textured, pre-stained cedar siding. Called Olympic Handsplit Siding, the product is said to be actually cut by hand and then resawn to obtain a beveled siding with a hand-split face. The butts of the siding run from 3/4 to 1 3/4 in. in thickness, with the tapered edge running down to 3/4 in. thick. Lengths vary from 6 to 14 in.

Stained finishes include Beachwood Gray, Seafoam Green, Chamois, California Rustic, Russet Brown and Bleach-blox—a bleached silver gray. Olympic Stained Products Co., 1118 Leary Way, Seattle, Wash.

Drafting Aid

The Dremel electric eraser incorporates a burnisher at the opposite end of the eraser shaft to smooth erased areas for re-drawing, and a rotating abrasive disk for sanding pencil leads. Through the medium of a worm gear drive, power is said to be increased and
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It was just another classified ad in the Daily News. Three or four lines of type described the house on Rosewood Drive. But the last four words turned the usual flow of house­lookers into a parade.

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254

an ideal erasing speed of 3000 rpm achieved to prevent burning or tearing of paper. Other features include a vibrationless motor, light weight, sliding snap type switch, and a hanger hook. The unit is furnished with a 6-ft rubber cord and plug, 3 grades of eraser tips and 6 extra abrasive disks. Dremel Manufacturing Co., Racine, Wis.

Electric Radiant Heating

The General Radiant electrical panels consist of wire networks embedded in fireproof panels similar to wall board. The panels are designed to be mounted on brackets or imbeded in walls or ceilings. An ornamental metal moulding carries connections that hook the panel system into the house wiring. They can be turned on or off by a switch, like the lights. Temperature control is by an individual thermostat in each room.

Three types are designed for various uses: Medrae for wall installation; Hirae for high level installation in factories, auditoriums, etc; and Duirae for normal ceiling installation. Also available is a portable screen panel which can be plugged into any a-c or d-c outlet. The General Radiant Heater Co., Inc., 101 Park Ave., New York 17, N. Y.

Plastic Cove Base

An improved Fremont vinyl plastic cove base is announced as having a much higher gloss finish, to be much broader at the base and more pliable to work with. The material is available in continuous lengths, 120 ft to the roll, 240 ft to the carton. Widths are 4 or 6 in. The manufacturers recommend that it be applied to the base wall with Fremont's new adhesive. The Fremont Rubber Co., Fremont, Ohio.

Truck Loading Ramp

The Hamilton Truck Loading Ramp is designed to bridge difference in levels between a loading dock and a transport truck or trailer, making it possible to run a power or hand truck directly into a truck body for loading or unloading goods.

A special weave compensation feature is said to allow the lip of the ramp to follow exactly all the motions of the truck floor on which the lip is resting. This feature is claimed to provide a continuous smooth surface from the dock floor to the truck floor for safe and sure trucking of even unsteady loads.

Loading ramp features freedom of adjustment to allow surface flush with trucks

When you specify the heat conductance required for roof insulation you make unmistakably clear the degree of protection you wish provided against condensation and the passage of heat and cold.

The thermal conductances of Fiberglas Roof Insulation are exceptionally low as shown:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Thickness</th>
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<td>½&quot;</td>
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We'll be glad to certify to the above values.

The core of the product is made of durable, resilient, ageless fibers of glass bonded securely with a stable resin. Fiberglas Roof Insulation provides a firm, structurally sound material as the underlying layer of insulation in built-up roofs.

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For further information also write us today for our A.I.A. File No. 37 "The Design of Insulated Roofs" (36-page manual) or refer to Sweet's Architectural Files. Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corporation, Dept. 66-D, Toledo 1, Ohio.
Ric-wil Prefabricated Insulated Piping occupies a key position in the planning and production of efficient insulated piping in central heating or air conditioning systems for multiple building projects.

Experienced architects, engineers and contractors recognize Ric-wil systems as the practical answer for exposed or underground insulated piping. They are custom engineered and prefabricated of the finest materials for quick economical installation, efficient performance, and long maintenance-free life.

The Ric-wil engineering service, developed through forty years' experience in the insulated piping field, is available for planning and field consultation.

Call the Ric-wil office nearest you and our representative will be glad to give you detailed technical information as related to your specific problem.
**PRODUCTS**
(Continued from page 254)

**Slimline Lampholders**

The compact Bryant Push Contact Lampholders, designed to accommodate all sizes of slimline lamps, are made of white thermosetting plastic. The leads are said to simplify wiring by making it unnecessary to twist or dip the wire ends. The devices are supplied in pairs for the low voltage primary and high voltage secondary and can be provided for butt-on mounting or equipped with brackets for flush mounting. The Bryant Electric Co., Box D, Barnum Station, Bridgeport 2, Conn.

**Budget Sink**

The Elkay 39-in. stainless steel sink is designed for use as a component part of their 60-in. apartment kitchen installations. The sink, as well as the other units of this "package kitchen," has a stainless steel top set on a white enameled cabinet base. They are recommended for use in summer cottages, guest houses, recreation rooms, etc. Elkay Manufacturing Co., 1874 S, 54th Ave., Chicago 5, Ill.

**Stadium Seat**

A stadium-type chair, for use in arenas, field houses, stadia, etc., is said to have been so engineered as to eliminate all tearing and pinching hazards, and to afford maximum comfort. It can be furnished for either floor or riser installation.

**Floor Slab Sealer**

The Stuco On-Grade Sealer was developed to seal concrete ground slabs against capillary moisture and alkali, and to eliminate condensation between the slab and finished floors. Manufacturers claim that the material will function over radiant heating, but is not an adhesive, and will not seal off hydrostatic pressure. Two coats are recommended. The first coat is said to take from 1 to 4 hrs to dry, the second, 8 to 12 hrs. One gallon reportedly covers from 50 to 75 ft with a two coat application. Standard Floor Co., 141 Gulf Bldg., Pittsburgh 19, Penn.

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NOW, keep all the problems in mind... 308 rooms to be made comfortable whether they’re occupied by vigorous young salesmen who like it really cool or by nice old ladies who take a chill at the drop of a hat... not much space available for ductwork... keep building costs down.

What’s the one system that’ll give you everything you need? Well, the Congressional Hotel people found out it was Modu-air.

And no wonder... Modu-air lets every guest, in any room, choose his own weather... without complex zoning or balancing.

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Modu-air is a year 'round system... cools and dehumidifies in summer, heats in winter... uses the same coils and piping for each at no extra cost.

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Put a ROOF on the rising cost of Upkeep!

Roof upkeep doesn’t have to be a constant expense. Architects can end this problem with economical Monel Roofing Sheet—roofing that lasts the life of the building.

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No wonder Monel is called "life-of-the-building" roofing!

**Investigate the practical** advantages of Monel Roofing Sheet for the building now on your boards. Remember, the term "Monel Roofing" includes not only entire roofs, but also roofing parts such as flashings, skylight frames, ventilators, louvers, gutters, siding, expansion joints and copings.

**And roofers’ quotations** on life-of-the-building Monel installations are reasonable and practical. Monel’s excellent properties permit use of lighter gauge sheet on practically every job.

**WRITE FOR NEW BULLETIN**

You’ll find a complete review of the properties and characteristics of this economical roofing metal in our new bulletin, Basic Application Data—Monel Roofing Sheet. In addition to indicating how you can save your clients money by reducing gauges, the bulletin gives information about availability, discusses installation procedures, and provides a sample specification wording.

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APRIL 1950

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State...............................................
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Filmsort microfilm equipment has been developed for use in offices for filing images of bulky documents and plans on standard sized filing cards. The equipment includes a camera, mounter and viewer. The camera will handle records up to 36 by 48 in. It is a self contained unit with automatic spacing and masking devices. The mounter is said to cut and insert 400 frames of film per hour into cards. The viewer projects the image on a 16- by 16-in. screen, and can be used in daylight. Standard enlarging equipment can make photographic copies from the microfilm in the Filmsort cards. Film 'N File, Inc., 330 W. 42nd St., New York 18, N. Y.

Incandescent Bulb

A new bulb, the G. E. 50GA, is announced as having a unique mushroom shape and an enamel finish to form a combined light source and fixture in one unit. The lamp was developed for use in ceiling fixtures in which bare bulbs in base-up position are used.

To be made currently in a 50-watt size, the lamp is said to be 3½ in. in diameter at the widest point, and to direct two-thirds of the light upward. The lower portion of the bulb is covered with a soft-toned permanent enamel finish. General Electric Co., Nela Park, Cleveland 12, Ohio.

Concrete Insert

A new concrete insert, known as the Series P-3000, is said to allow attachments to be made quickly and easily at any point along the channel without disturbing other attachments. A spring nut is inserted into the channel at the point where attachment is desired, and bolted to the fitting.

The inserts may be had in stock lengths from 3 in. to 20 ft, and are available with Type A plain drive-in end caps or Type B anchor type drive-in end caps equipped with slots for nailing. The insert channel measures 1½ in. wide by 13∕₄ in. high outside dimensions, is formed of 12 gage cold rolled steel and comes in several finishes. Load capacity is said to be 2000 lb per ft, with a safety factor of 3. Unistrut Products Co., 1015 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago 7, Ill.

Radiant Heat Fittings

Redi-Bends is a new line of pre-bent pipe fittings for radiant heating installations, designed to eliminate pipe bending on the job. The units are avail-

(Continued on page 260)
Trane Unit Ventilators give controlled ventilation to classrooms in the Stratfield School and provide the utmost in effective, economical and dependable operation:

**EFFECTIVE** because they bring in healthful outdoor air, clean it, warm it, and spread comfort to even the remotest corners of the classroom—quietly and without danger of drafts!

**ECONOMICAL** because over two decades of Trane engineering know-how have been applied to developing today's attractive sturdily-constructed unit ventilator. As a result every Trane Unit Ventilator embodies thoroughly proved and tested designs, expertly built from top quality material.

**DEPENDABLE** because Trane has developed smoothly running centrifugal fans—particularly desirable where extremely quiet operation is necessary. Kinetic Orifice coils guard against freezing and assure positive, capacity heating. Block-offs and quick acting dampers prevent cold outside air from blowing directly through the unit. Generous filters trap dust and dirt.

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Manufacturing Engineers of Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning Equipment—Unit Heaters, Convector-radiators, Heating and Cooling Coils, Fans, Compressors, Air Conditioners, Unit Ventilators, Special Heat Exchange Equipment, Steam and Hot Water Heating Specialties...IN CANADA, TRANE COMPANY OF CANADA, LTD., TORONTO.
able in pipe sizes ranging from \( \frac{1}{2} \) to 2 in., and in bends of 45, 90 and 180 degrees. The latter bend is made in a choice of centers for each pipe size. The fittings are furnished in weld-, sleeve- or coupled-type, and in either wrought iron or steel. The weld-type has ends formed into welding sockets and permits use of an electric seal weld. The sleeve-type is available with ends beveled for welding, and is furnished with or without welding sleeves. The coupled-type has recessed, taper tapped couplings for those who prefer screwed fittings.

**Roof Exhauster**

Produced for industrial and commercial ventilation, the *Chicago Axial-Flo* roof exhauster employs a low mushroom-type diffuser head to permit an uninterrupted flow of discharged air. The unit is of welded heavy steel plate, with a hinged cover on the motor driven fan to permit easy access for inspection, maintenance and lubrication.

The cast aluminum alloy wheel has adjustable pitch blades ranging in diameter from 14 to 48 in. Air deliveries range from 1000 to 40,000 cfm, static pressures to 1 in. The entire unit is supported on rubber to reduce vibration and noise. Exhausters are shipped completely assembled, with motor, frame, housing and safety switch. Chicago Blower Corp., 4558 W. Congress St., Chicago 24, Ill.

**Transparent Glass Block**

A glass block design, described as having sparkling transparency, is now available in 8- and 12-in. sizes. This *Random Clear Insalux Glass Block No. 31*) is said to achieve a hand-formed random effect by using several slightly dissimilar molds to form the two halves of the block, and then using different combinations of the halves. American Structural Products Co., Ohio Bank Bldg., Toledo 1, Ohio.

**Flush Pedal Converter**

The *Easy Flush Pedal* converts a hand operated flushing action on water closets to a sanitary foot pedal flush. The unit is designed to accommodate all flushometer and tank type water closets on...
WITH HORN FOLDING BLEACHERS

Ample leg room with approved safety construction offers maximum seating capacity when extended or maximum playing space when folded. Compact, easily maintained and operated, HORN FOLDING BLEACHERS are approved in 48 States.

See the Horn Listing in Sweet's Catalog

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ROWS</th>
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<td>17 Ft. 7 In.</td>
<td>3 Ft. 8 In.</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>11 Ft. 7 In.</td>
<td>3 Ft. 8 In.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>19 Ft. 5 In.</td>
<td>3 Ft. 11½ In.</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>12 Ft. 0 In.</td>
<td>3 Ft. 11½ In.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

** Dimension includes 4½ in. space between top seat and wall.

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HORN FOLDING BLEACHERS
HORN FOLDING PARTITIONS

Bleachers Opened and Partition Opened

Bleachers Folded and Partitions Closed

*Height in open position same as closed. For Bleachers higher than 20 Rows write for complete details and dimensions.

HORN BROTHERS COMPANY
DIVISION OF HORN INDUSTRIES
FORT DODGE, IOWA, U.S.A. • ESTABLISHED 1909

APRIL 1950
Users of Sweet's tell us from time to time that some manufacturers' catalogs in Sweet's File don't give enough information. Here is the reason, and here is what we are doing to correct this shortcoming, wherever present.

Your Sweet's File is the product of joint action between Sweet's Catalog Service and hundreds of manufacturers. The manufacturers have the final say as to how much information their catalogs shall contain. Our control extends only as far as uniform requirements regarding the mini-
To remind manufacturers of the many items of essential information their catalogs should contain, Sweet's offers comprehensive checklists covering materials, equipment and services.

should a catalog contain?

imum size for all catalogs and the general type of information. Beyond this, the adequacy of any catalog in Sweet's File, whatever its size, depends on the manufacturer's recognition of your information needs and on his realization of the advantage of giving you all essential information in this convenient form.

Through an experienced staff of consultants, designers, writers, draftsmen and printing experts, Sweet's offers clients specific recommendations on catalog content and format, and all needed assistance in the production of their catalogs. These continuing efforts have brought about a vast improvement.

Most of the manufacturers who send you their catalogs in Sweet's File now recognize the importance of giving you all essential information on their products. Others will do likewise when they are persuaded that this is the best way to get your consideration and the specifications leading to orders.

Sweet's Catalog Service
Division of F. W. Dodge Corporation
119 West 40th Street, New York 18, New York
both new and existing installations. No plumbing changes or shutting off water supply is said to be required for a simple 10 minute installation. The item is reported of sturdy construction, precision engineered, and finished in polished chromium plating on heavy gauge brass. Approved Products Co., 205 E. 42nd St., New York 17, N. Y.

Fluorescent Pylon Lights
Revere Pylon-Ites combine fluorescent lamps and glass columns for use in after-dark advertising, building entrance lights, street lights, etc. The unit is available in halves to permit mounting on flat surfaces. Opaque letters can be fired into the glass.

Construction of the lights is said to be strong and sturdy. A heavy steel channel serves as a structural support of the fixture as well as an enclosure for the ballasts and wiring. The glass enclosures are sealed in two gasketed hinged frames, which may be opened for lamp replacement. Mounting standards and shafts are available. Revere Electric Mfg. Co., 6009 Broadway, Chicago 40, Ill.

Metal Storage Equipment
Re-designed storage equipment for tool and stock rooms is announced, which is said to have a correct type of storage accessory available for every item of tools, supplies and wastes. Typical units include sloping front cases, drawer cases, sloping shelf units and swinging panels. Units may be fitted with various adjustable dividers and racks. Lyon Metal Products, Inc., Aurora, Ill.

Lacquer Hardware Finish
Improvement in hardware for the Fenestra hollow-metal entrance door is claimed, with the use of a new lacquer finish said to be impervious to all known cleaning fluids, and the salts and acids of perspiration. The finish is also claimed to be resistant to bumps, scratches and abrasion, and cannot be dissolved by any standard paint remover or lacquer thinner.

The manufacturers say the finish eliminates the chief need for hardware replacement or refinishing. Detroit Steel Products Co., 3113 Griffin St., Detroit 11, Mich.

Roof Ventilators
The Leslie slant roof ventilators are made of 16-oz copper and are flanged, baffled and screened. They are said to be weathertight and insect-proof. Two sizes are available: the SRC 10-3, with an air opening of 30 sq in.; and the SRC 20-3, with 60 sq in. Leslie Welding Co., 2943 Carroll Ave., Chicago 12, Ill.

A SPECIAL MESSAGE TO BUSY ARCHITECTS
When funds are limited and the school, hospital, office building or other edifice you are designing has a particular need for a communication system of peak performance and reliability, spend a few moments in reading once again your TelAutograph Telescriber System file.

"No capital investment" is no idle phrase when the savings considered are weighed against the minor monthly rental cost of the TelAutograph telescribers. Maintenance and repair (when necessary) of these instruments are the responsibility of the TelAutograph Corporation. This in itself is a saving to the subscriber.

Summed up briefly, TelAutograph Telescriber Systems provide the user with a dependable handwritten communication arrangement, the operation of which requires no special training. The System provides instant written contact with one or more departments simultaneously. The messages themselves form a trustworthy file of each day's activities. In addition to these features is the rigid maintenance provided by the TelAutograph Corporation.

Literature of both a general and specific nature is available to architects. Address all inquiries to Dept. A-2.
NOW...a new sanitary fixture for women’s rest rooms to increase sanitation and cut maintenance

The Sanistand

THE SANISTAND FIXTURE, developed by the American-Standard Institute of Plumbing Research, is an outstanding contribution to modern plumbing...and should be considered in any planning that will involve public rest rooms for women. It is designed to offer women the same convenience and sanitation the standing urinal does for men...to make wash rooms cleaner, neater and more pleasing to women patrons...and to reduce cost and time of rest room maintenance.

This new urinal is constructed throughout of easily-cleaned, non-absorbent, genuine vitreous china in a variety of attractive colors, and combines efficient flushing action with an extra large outlet to make it completely sanitary in operation and appearance. It is as easy to install as a water closet and can be placed in a regular wash room compartment. When used in modernization work, it usually can be installed where a water closet has been removed.

Test installations prove the Sanistand is popular with women. Out of 5,029 questionnaires filled in by users at department stores, bus terminals, railroad stations, hotels, restaurants, theatres and service stations, nearly 90% show prompt acceptance of this new fixture. Women praise Sanistand—say, “It’s much more convenient and more sanitary.”

For more complete details, see your Heating and Plumbing Contractor, or send in the convenient coupon below. American Radiator & Standard Sanitary Corporation, Dept. AR-4, Pittsburgh 30, Pa.


Please send me, without obligation, your new rest room folder, including complete information on the Sanistand.

Name

Firm

Address

City

State

Serving home and industry: AMERICAN-STANDARD • AMERICAN BLOWER • CHURCH SEATS • DETROIT LUBRICATOR • KEWANEE BOILERS • ROSS HEATER • TONAWANDA IRON

APRIL 1950
Quick-Drying Paint

Nu-Hue Quik-Flat reportedly dries to handle, under normal conditions, in 30 to 45 minutes, hardens overnight, and may be re-coated in five hours.

This quick-drying flat finish was developed to meet the needs of speed for finishing banquet rooms, store window backgrounds, interior displays, etc. The paint is available in white and can be colored with liquid tinting colors produced by the same manufacturer, Martin-Senour Co., 2520 S. Quarry St., Chicago, Ill.

Electric Dehumidifier

The Frigidaire electric dehumidifier removes moisture from the air automatically by means of electrical refrigeration. The unit is designed for use in any closed area subject to constant or seasonal dampness, and may be plugged into any electrical outlet.

In operation, the unit uses a simplified refrigeration mechanism to cool a series of coils below room temperature. Air is drawn in by a fan and is cooled in passing over the coils, causing moisture to condense. Water thus collected is disposed of either by a fixed drain or a removable container. The dehumidifier is 14-in. in diameter and 33¾ in. high. The unit controls 8000 cu ft of closed space. Frigidaire Division, General Motors Corp., 300 Taylor St., Dayton 1, Ohio.

Kitchen Range

A new electric range, developed for small kitchens, is left open in kneehole desk fashion to store a kitchen stool, wastebasket, etc. The Rancho range is 38 in. wide, and is supported by the usual metal base under the oven on the left. The open side is supported by a U-shaped chrome tubing leg.

Welcome news, too ... to the business man faced with need for greater office efficiency.

Give your Secretary the opportunity to turn out the best work she's ever done ... with an Underwood All Electric that's made to order for her. Call your local Underwood representative today ... for a demonstration.

Underwood Corporation

Typewriters ... Accounting Machines ... Adding Machines ... Carbon Paper ... Ribbons
One Park Avenue New York 16, N. Y.
Underwood Limited, 135 Victoria Street, Toronto 1, Canada
Sales and Service Everywhere

"Kneehole" range gives extra storage area and less bulky appearance

The cooking top has two 8-in. and two 6-in. surface units. The oven has automatic heat control and can be equipped with a timer. A convenience outlet for electric appliances is provided.


Packaged Steel Buildings

A line of packaged steel buildings, which reportedly the purchaser himself can erect without special tools or skills, includes storage warehouses, garages, (Continued on page 268)
Simplicity
is Obvious—
IN PLANNING, SELLING AND INSTALLING

SARCOTHERM HOT WATER CONTROL

Sarcotherm has made great strides in the past five years, thanks largely to architects and heating men who have appreciated its simplicity, flexibility and low cost. The designer can figure on lower boiler temperatures, even comfort for all outside conditions, zone control, split systems, night set-back—all with the same simple three way valve that comes in a package called "Sarcotherm."

He can compete successfully on any hot water job including the large apartments where engineers sharpen pencils on the fuel costs as well as the first cost. He can help builders compete on homes, when price is involved, or when the owner wants evidence from other users that Sarcotherm is the ideal for comfort, in all seasons.

And finally, because each Sarcotherm job leads to others, the volume of business grows, and since servicing costs of this simple, reliable system are low, the profits go up.

Besides the catalog shown below, which is primarily for the user, Sarcotherm provides mail pieces, technical data and other material, imprinted as desired.

THERE IS A SARCOTHERM MAN NEAR YOU. WHY NOT CALL HIM UP NOW?

Sarcotherm

SARCOTHERM CONTROLS, INC. • Empire State Bldg. • NEW YORK 1, N. Y.
PRODUCTS
(Continued from page 266)

machine sheds, etc. The buildings are available in widths up to 24 ft, in any desired length, and in steel or aluminum, galvanized or painted with heavy base gray.

Features include paneled gables and die-formed eaves, U-channel draw type connectors, complete insulation. Side walls come in 3-ft-wide sections, 6 or 8 ft high. Doors and windows can be selected from standard stock and inserted where desired. Roof trusses are designed for wood sheathing so that any type of shingle can be used. Any type of siding may also be used. H. D. Campbell Co., Rochelle, Ill.

**Lighting Selector-Switch**

The Lightronics control switch employs a radio type knob, with a 1-2-3-4 marking of the control steps. The unit was designed to permit the dialing of a spot of light, several accents of light, or general illumination, as desired.

A typical suggested use for a living room hooks one stop with soft lights illuminating the lower portion of the room; the second would turn on light from above; the third combines both upper and lower lights, and the last turns all lights out. Lightolier, 346 Claremont Ave., Jersey City, N. J.

**Aluminum Scaffolds**

Lightweight aluminum alloy Tube-and-Coupler scaffolds, designed for heavy construction work and for industrial maintenance, are claimed to cut time and cost in half for erection, dismantling and transportation. The scaffolding is said to be less than half the weight of iron pipe equipment, to have twice the gripping friction of steel on steel, and to have ½ greater strength than iron pipe tubing of similar diameter.

---

**THIS MAN IS PAID TO HELP ARCHITECTS AND THEIR ENGINEERS!**

He is a specialist in planning and engineering RCA Sound Systems for every type of building: Schools... Hospitals... Hotels... Factories and Offices... Churches... Department Stores... Airports and Terminals... Warehouses and Garages... Auditoriums... Recreational Centers... Institutions... Stadiums...

No matter what size or type of job you have on your drawing boards, you can get practical help from RCA in fitting RCA Sound Systems to your architectural plans. No obligation, of course.

Contact your nearest RCA Sound System distributor or write: Sound Products, Department 3D, Radio Corporation of America, Camden, New Jersey.

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Aluminum scaffolding is light weight and easily handled, yet sufficiently strong for erection of tall frameworks.

The equipment consists of aluminum alloy couplers and locking tubes, with swivel base plates which require no wedging. The units are said to carry a load of over 75 lb per sq ft with a safety factor of 4. Up-Right Scaffolds, 1013 Pardee St., Berkeley, Calif.

**Balancing Valve**

Equatemp, a bronze balancing valve for hot water radiant heating systems, is said to provide both positive leak-tight shut off and adjustable flow control. The closing and balancing actions of... (Continued on page 270)
The steady growth of Cambridge, Mass., during the last decade necessitated the erection of this new steam-electric generating plant for the Cambridge Electric Light Co. The 10-story, 218 ft x 115 ft structure is located on the Charles River, and is known as the Kendall Square Steam-Electric Generating Station. Its boilers, of 200,000-lb-capacity each, are designed to burn either oil or coal, and its 20,000-kilowatt, turbine-driven generator produces sufficient electricity to satisfy nearly 40 per cent of the city's average daily requirements. A second generator, more than doubling the plant's capacity, is expected to go into service this year.

Beneath the attractive buff-tile exterior of this new steam-electric plant stands a 1350-ton steel framework of Bethlehem Structural Shapes.

BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY, BETHLEHEM, PA.
On the Pacific Coast Bethlehem products are sold by Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corporation
Export Distributor: Bethlehem Steel Export Corporation
the valve are accomplished by a butterfly type disc. The valve is designed to accommodate standard venting attachments and has a well drilled in the stem for taking temperature readings. The units are available with solder-type ends in sizes 5/8 to 3/4 in. or with screwed ends in sizes 5/8 to 1 1/2 in. Ohio Brass Co., Mansfield, Ohio.

Clear Anti-Rust Paint

Rustrem Clear anti-rust paint reportedly can be brushed or sprayed directly over rust without wire brushing or scraping. As it will not bleed through painted surfaces and can be painted over with any good quality paint except lacquer, it is said to provide a good rust-proofing primer and undercoater. By applying the paint as a first coat, users can employ any desired finish color and at the same time secure rust protection. Rustrem Clear is available in quart, gallon and 5-gallon cans, and in 55-gallon drums. Speco, Inc., 7308 Associate Ave., Cleveland 9, Ohio.

Shatterproof Shower Enclosures

Ripple-Lite tub and shower enclosures and shower doors employ translucent Fiberglas laminate panels set in polished extruded aluminum frames. The units are said to be shatterproof and long lasting. They are available in a waffle indentation pattern, and a wide range of sizes and colors, including rose, green, yellow, maize, aquamarine, opalescent blue and white.

Macy’s selected only the most modern equipment and furnishings available for its new Kansas City store... that’s why they chose International Van Kannel Revolving Door entrances.

The beauty of International Van Kannel Revolving Doors helps make any store more attractive and adds prestige to any business... an irresistible invitation to customers to come in.

But the greatest value of revolving doors to Macy’s, Kansas City, and many other department stores throughout the country, is their utility. Revolving doors cut heating and air conditioning costs up to 25%... keep dust, noise, and drafts out... and make more floor space “pay” space.

Write today for complete information... how International Van Kannel Revolving Doors pay for themselves... and build profits!

For the rest of the Macy’s Kansas City Story, see the April issue of Stores magazine.

Textured plastic sheets form light, durable shower enclosures in range of colors.

The panels are reported to withstand heat and mild chemicals, and to be lower in cost than glass of comparable quality and appearance. Frames are adjustable to compensate for wall variations. O’Morrow Corp., 4509 Firestone Blvd., South Gate, Calif.

Prize Winning Chair

One of the prize winners in the low-cost furniture competition staged by the Museum of Modern Art, a new chair designed by Charles Eames consists of a molded plastic shell, mounted on one of three optional bases. The bases include: four chromium-plated legs with rubber glide tips; a metal shaft with a three-pronged base for auditorium and commercial use; and a version with blond wood rocker joined to metal legs.

The plastic used for the chair is claimed to be virtually indestructible, to withstand stains and most abrasions, and to be warm and velvety to the touch.

(Continued on page 272)
American Blower—a time-honored name in air handling

In New York, as in other cities, American Blower Air Handling Products serve commerce, industry and public utilities. For air handling data in the New York area, call American Blower—Bryant 9-2885. Elsewhere, consult your phone book.

Look before you buy. Comparison tests prove the superiority of American Blower Products. There's a big difference in quality, design, quietness, operating costs and efficiency between American Blower and other air handling equipment.

In recommending air handling equipment for a wide variety of jobs, you, as an architect, must have a keen sense of values.

For you must determine where to draw the line between “priced” products and quality products. And your good judgment can well result in savings of thousands of dollars later on.

American Blower has built an enviable reputation for building only the highest-quality products. These products reflect a background of over 69 years' experience in the field of air handling. They are tested in accordance with the Standard Test Code and carry Certified Ratings. They are the results of the broadest and most thorough methods of engineering and research known.

To users of air handling equipment, these values build confidence and insure longer, more dependable service and lower operating costs.

To architects with an eye to the future, these same factors insure satisfied clients.

Our nearest branch office will give you full data.

AMERICAN BLOWER CORPORATION, DETROIT 32, MICHIGAN
CANADIAN SIROCCO COMPANY, LTD., WINDSOR, ONTARIO

YOUR BEST BUY
AMERICAN BLOWER
AIR HANDLING EQUIPMENT

Serving home and industry
AMERICAN-STANDARD • AMERICAN BLOWER • CHURCH SEATS • DETROIT LUBRICATOR • KEWANEE BOILERS • ROSS HEATER • TONAWANDA IRON

APRIL 1950 271
It is available in four colors. The Herman Miller Furniture Co., 1 Park Ave., New York, N. Y.

Lighting Fixture

The New Yorker fluorescent fixture is a rectangular troffer-like unit with aluminum louvers and individual mounting on twin- or single-stem hangers. It is designed for the lighting of stores and commercial interiors. Connectors join luminaires end-to-end to form continuous rows. An inside cover plate encloses wiring channel and all operating equipment. Direct-indirect distribution of light is shielded 35 degrees crosswise and lengthwise.

The units are available in a 96-in. size, using four 96-in. Slimline lamps, or eight 48-in. General line lamps, and in a 48-in. size, using four 48-in. lamps. Wiring channels are of steel, finished in baked aluminum. Louvers and channel cover are of aluminum with a permanent etched finish. The Miller Co., Meriden, Conn.

Umbrella-Type Clothes Dryer

The Clay E-Z-Kary revolving clothes dryer uses a pulley system to raise automatically the drier arms and lines to the height and tension desired. The unit is set up in galvanized steel sockets mounted indoors or outdoors. Light weight and umbrella action allow the drier to be easily transported from one spot to another. The center post is of rust-proof galvanized steel, and the four pine drier arms hold 120 ft of braided cotton clothes line. Rounded “snag-proof” fasteners are used to cover the threaded ends of all bolts. Clothes Drier Div., Clay Equipment Corp., Cedar Falls, Iowa.

Alarm System

The Panalarm Series 400 alarm signal system has hermetically-sealed relays on a sealed plug-in octal socket for use in hazardous locations and corrosive atmospheres. Many combinations of light and sound signals are available to warn of abnormal operating conditions. Suggested applications include monitoring speeds, time cycles, pressures, temperatures, liquid or gas flow, or electrical or mechanical equipment operation.

The units are said to have flexibility and low installation cost, and come in standardized multi-unit cabinet designs. Panalarm Products, Inc., 7216 N. Clark St., Chicago 26, Ill.

Explosion-Proof Water Cooler

The Temprite drinking water cooler was planned for use in plants exposed to dust, chemical or gas explosion hazards. Design of the cooler is said to make it impossible for any of its operating mechanism to generate static electricity or produce open sparks. Rated capacity is 10.3 gal per hour. Outside water pressure variations of as much as 20 to 85 lb have no effect, it is said, on the ability of the cooler to deliver a smooth flow of water. Stainless steel cases and foot pedal controls are available on special order. Temprite Products Corp., Piquette St., Detroit 2, Mich.

Waylite Aggregate

Save up to 35% in deadweight... use WAYLITE AGGREGATE

When you want lightweight structural concrete with adequate strength, specify the use of Waylite aggregate.

Waylite is a cellular aggregate made by processing molten slag. Its air cells are completely sealed giving lightness and strength. Design for strength with Waylite as in ordinary plain or reinforced concrete. Handles similarly. Approved by Board of Standards and Appeals, New York City. Waylite Concrete 2,000 psi weighs 100 pounds per cubic foot... 4,000 psi Waylite weighs 108 pounds.

Waylite offers many important economies and advantages in structural design. Also widely used as floor and roof fills. See data in Sweet’s—for additional information and quotations write The Waylite Co., 105 W. Madison St., Chicago 2, or Box 30, Bethlehem, Pa.
BANISH "Booby Trap Showers" with the DOUBLE safety of

Right: Type H Mixer for Concealed Piping has 6" diameter dial. Mixer for exposed piping has 3¼" dial.

MODERN SHOWERS require the safest shower regulator made ... POWERS.

THERMOSTATIC SHOWER MIXERS

Why be "Half-Safe" with mixers that only protect bathers from scalding caused by pressure changes? No mixer is really safe or non-scald that does not give double protection against both pressure and temperature changes in water supply lines... plus a complete shut off on cold water failure.

Regardless of (1) temperature or (2) pressure changes in water supply lines, a Powers thermostatic mixer holds the shower temperature constant. Failure of cold water instantly and completely shuts off the shower. Bathers can really relax and enjoy their showers.

May we send Bulletin 358-H?

Just ONE Accident may cost
Many Times More than Powers Thermostatic Shower Mixers

The Powers Regulator Co.
2732 Greenview Ave., Chicago 14, III.

Please send Bulletin 358-H and prices.

Have an engineer call.

Name
Title
BTH
Address

APRIL 1950
Custom-Built Lighting

The new firm of Court Butler Lighting, Inc., announces a "lighting by prescription" service. The aim of the firm is "to interpret architect-engineer custom designs in terms of mechanical construction . . . engineered to provide easy maintenance, with . . . emphasis on the economics . . . and other important concepts of illumination, such as brightness contrast considerations, glare reduction, color and esthetic suitability."

Arrangements have been made with a group of manufacturers, but the firm states that orders will be processed through the manufacturer best qualified to produce the particular types of equipment involved. Typical lighting fixtures will be furnished to provide full coverage. Court Butler Lighting, Inc., 19 Luther St., Stamford, Conn.

Clear Plastic Muntins

The new Clark Steel Reinforcing Door Sections employ clear plastic muntins between the glass lights to give the appearance of a section with a single light of glass. The sections are tailor made units, designed for use in service stations and other buildings where large glass areas are desirable.

Steel reinforcing is said to provide sufficient rigidity for the sections to withstand the weight of a 212-lb man. Doors to a width of 20 ft can be manufactured, with operating mechanisms using sealed-in grease type ball bearings and special wound springs. Clark Door Co., 515 Hunterdon St., Newark, N. J.

Mechanical Bending Device

The Tal Handy Bendy reportedly makes instantaneously a variety of uniform bends, including offsets, in 1/4 and 3/4 in. rigid, EMT thin wall or aluminum conduit. The device has a measuring gage and bend degree indicator to control precision bends made by inexperienced workmen on the job.

The device is recommended for use in either open or slab work, and is said to operate easily without special knowledge. The unit is strong and rigidly constructed from light weight metal. Total weight is 30 lb. Tal Bender, Inc., Milwaukee 2, Wis.

Fibre Rugs

A new series of inexpensive indoor-outdoor fibre rugs is available in twenty color combinations. The rugs are permanized to keep the colorings bright in and out of the sun. Patterns include tweedy textures; block plaids in one-, two- or several colors; and plaids accented with a stripe of white and a line of black. All are made in sizes ranging from 27 by 54 in., to 9 by 18 ft, Waite Carpet Co., 295 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.

Gas Conversion Burner

The International Model 5R gas conversion burner reportedly eliminates the use of baffle plates and supplies air at both sides of the flame for more complete combustion. The gas ports are designed to direct heat toward the walls of the furnace by means of the combustion air, which can be regulated by means of shutters on the burner cabinet. This is said to make it unnecessary to plaster the burner, which comes in three Btu sizes, with a visible automatic

(Continued on page 276)
The fact that Thermopane® insulating glass increases the usefulness of floor space is even more important to schools than the fact that Thermopane saves fuel.

Single glazed windows chill the area immediately beside them creating a "low-comfort zone" during winter. This floor space cannot be used to seat children comfortably. Thermopane, which is two panes of glass with a half inch of dry air sealed between, brings the comfort zone right up to the window. For all practical considerations, it makes a room larger to accommodate more pupils—in comfort. Each year, the added area is a dividend on the investment.

Thermopane is the ideal material for achieving good daylighting. A window wall double-glazed with clear, flat glass, transmits 81% of daylight—more than an equal area of any other form of double glass insulating unit.

For further details, write for our Thermopane literature.

*®
an automatic gas control valve has a safety pilot of stainless steel, and silver stainless steel core and the gas pressure electrical contacts and recycling feature. An air door is provided which allows the regulator is of the adjustable type. Controls and pressure regulator are in-

Steel Overhead Door

The Morrison Roly-Door is a new four-sectional all-steel overhead residential garage door, said to require only 5½ in. headroom for an opening 8 ft wide by 7 ft high, or 12 in. headroom for an opening 6 ft 6 in. high. The low headroom bracket is welded to the track assembly at the factory. To hang the door, tracks are installed, the sections are dropped in place with rollers inserted, then snapped to adjoining sections by pivot points and connect springs.

The doors have four horizontally-ribbed sections, with a baked-on gray enamel finish. It comes packaged in a compact carton, and includes stops, rubber astragal, hangers, bracket and tracks. Roly-Door Div., Morrison Steel Products, Inc., 601 Amherst St., Buffalo 7, N. Y.

Float Valve

The Scoville M-VB No. 16 float valve is claimed to be extremely quiet in operation, and to provide a very fast refill. The valve is said to be adjustable for pressures ranging from 25 to 150 lb. The design embodies a cone-shaped bronze valve seat and a regulator. The plunger is equipped with a composition seat washer and a leather split-ring washer. The seat washer retaining cap is of cadmium plated brass and the supply tube is made of heavy gage seamless copper tubing. For ease of servicing, removal of a single thumbscrew from the cross-lever is said to permit removal of the entire regulator-plunger assembly from the valve body. Waterville Div., Scoville Mfg. Co., Waterville 14, Conn.

Portable Printer

The Fairchild Copy-Roll is said to make low cost, photo-exact duplicates of any subject that is written, typed, printed, drawn or photographed. The electric unit is reported to be simple to operate, and requires no technical knowledge or skill. Various sizes are available from 8½ by 11 in. to a table model 30 by 42 in., in a price range from $19.50 to $500.00. The small model weighs 2½ lb and is claimed to fit into the average size brief case or desk drawer. General Photo Products Co., 12 Summit Ave., Chatham, N. J.

Heater For Basementless Houses

The Mueller Climatrol Type 155 gas-fired horizontal winter air conditioner is designed for attic or crawl space installation in small home construction, or for multiple installation in large ranch style homes. The heater can be installed with perimeter, zone control or conventional forced air systems. It is claimed to be approved for natural, mixed, manufactured, LP or Butane air gases, and for high altitude installation without derating.

The unit has a welded steel, updraft, tubular heat exchanger; cast iron, raised (Continued on page 278)
How to make Insulation a Dramatic Feature in your plans...

The story of Aluminum's radiant heat reflectivity is challenging, exciting...and convincing. Clients like the idea of this modern "miracle" inside their walls and attics, under the floor joists of unheated crawl spaces. They talk about BTU's bouncing off the aluminum...up to 95% of all radiant heat.

Technically, it's a sound specification...providing the perfect vapor barrier together with high insulating efficiency. Under floor joists, one layer of Type B (foil two sides) has a conductance coefficient of approximately 0.10—meets FHA requirements in most areas. Over ceilings or under rafters, one layer of Type B is excellent to take off summer sun load; two reflective-faced air spaces give you a conductance of approximately 0.14; or the single foil face (Type C) may be used with blanket insulation. In side walls, Type B bowed between studs provides extremely high efficiency at low cost...see diagrams below.

Turn the prosaic subject of insulation into a Sales Feature...with Reynolds Aluminum Reflective Insulation. Write for folder in A.I.A. file form. Reynolds Metals Company, Building Products Section, Louisville 1, Ky. Offices in 32 principal cities.

REYNOLDS ALUMINUM REFLECTIVE INSULATION

Aluminum foil bonded to one side (Type C) or both sides (Type B) of tough kraft paper. Special pressure-embossing strengthens the bond and produces a handsome pattern effect. Clean, odorless, pliable, fire-retardent. Easy to cut, bend, tack or staple. In boxed rolls of 250 square feet, 25", 33" and 36" wide. Rolls weigh 15 lbs. Also board types, for use as exposed wall and ceiling material. This is aluminum foil bonded to one or both sides of 15-pt. cardboard. Supplied in 25" and 17" widths, in rolls of 2,000 square feet.

GUTTERS and DOWNSPOUTS
RESIDENTIAL CASEMENT WINDOWS (also Fixed and Picture)
ARCHITECTURAL SHAPES S-V CRIMP and CORRUGATED ROOFING AND SIDING WEATHERBOARD SIDING INDUSTRIAL CORRUGATED BUILT-UP ROOFING NAILS FLASHING ROOFING ACCESSORIES

REYNOLDS ALUMINUM

APRIL 1950
Architectural Engineering

PRODUCTS
(Continued from page 276)

The most MODERN kitchen ventilating system

TRADE-WIND
SUPER CLIPPER
CABINET VENTILATOR

Installs in cabinet over range... double inlets provide COMPLETE ventilation

Only the Super Clipper Kitchen Ventilating System—made by Trade-Wind—exhausts cooking fumes and heat from both the stove and at the ceiling level.

This newest development is installed in metal or wood cabinets directly over the stove. The twin squirrel cage blowers produce 600 CFM—more than sufficient power to trap all cooking heat, grease and odors from the range top as well as through the second inlet at the ceiling. The motor is equipped with a 2-speed control. Two metal air filters are provided. Both a fold-under hood and stationary hood are available and both are optional.

No other kitchen ventilator can do the complete job that the Super Clipper accomplishes. And no other ventilator offers the architect, the builder and the home owner the versatility and efficiency which the Super Clipper provides for the modern kitchen.

* Several manufacturers now build metal cabinets especially for the Super Clipper. Wood cabinets can also be built on the job. Trade-Wind does not provide the cabinet.

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The most MODERN kitchen ventilating system

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**How to make your clients POWER-HAPPY**

This free booklet tells more about economical **FLEX-A-POWER**—the modern power distribution system used, for example, in Atlanta's Candler Building, Cincinnati's General Hospital, Houston's Shamrock Hotel, Gimbel's Milwaukee store. Write for Bulletin TEM-1. THE TRUMBULL ELECTRIC MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Plainville, Conn.

**TRUMBULL ELECTRIC**

**TRUMBULL'S TRAINLOAD OF NEW PRODUCTS**

APRIL 1950
subject, seeks to find solutions to these venting problems. Three sketches of floor furnace installations are included with the author's comments on each. 10 pp., illus. Stewart-Warner Corp., Domestic Heating Div., 1516 Drover St., Indianapolis, Ind.

Contract Bonds

Construction — The Bonded Contract is the Owner's Protection. Booklet discusses the nature and functions of the construction contract bond, and the benefits accruing from the bonded contract to the owner, architect, engineer, contractor, subcontractor and supplier. The appendix includes sample forms of various types of construction contract bonds. 23 pp., illus. The Surety Assn. of America, 60 John St., New York 7, N. Y.

Combination Sash Balances

Heiliger's Triple Seal Combination Sash Balances and Spring Bronze Metal Weatherstripping for Windows. Pamphlet illustrates double hung window application of the coil spring sash balances and weatherstrip components. Installation steps and features are covered. Some items of door weatherstripping equipment are also noted. 4 pp., illus. The Weatherproof Products Corp., 329 Westport Rd., Kansas City 2, Mo.

Plastic Covered Tubing

Dekaron Tubing, Plastic Armored Metal. Folder describes and illustrates properties and uses of the tubing, with notes on the fabrication, fittings, manufacturing arrangements, and available forms and colors. Photographs show the tubing employed in appliances, furniture, clothes rods and sporting goods. 4 pp., illus. Samuel Moore & Co., Dekaron Tubing Div., Mantua, Ohio.

Concrete Blocks

Celocrete Lightweight Masonry Units, Concrete Masonry Units, for Home, Commercial, and Farm Construction. Pamphlet points out features of the (Continued on page 282)
"UNIT", all glued, laminated arch frames possess the high rigidity of a two piece, three hinged arch and are, therefore, much more rigid than roof structures whose trusses and supporting columns are separate, artificially connected units.

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Substantial economies are achieved through savings in space and materials since the form of the arch follows the function of the building. Elimination of numerous field connections simplifies erection.

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The laminating process (U. S. Patent Numbers 2177395 - 2172093) used in the construction of "UNIT" all glued, laminated arches, permits shaping to ANY desired form ... a structure that will not check, shrink or warp ... a structure offering unlimited decorative treatments.

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The natural beauty of "UNIT" all glued, laminated arches is unsurpassed ... beauty found only in wood. The decorative treatments are unlimited. Arches can be finished to match any stain sample submitted or any planned color scheme.

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The pioneering background and the design and production "know-how" of "UNIT'S" technical staff warrants your confidence! Without obligation to you, we are prepared to furnish advice and assistance in the selection and application of all glued arches and beams and prepare preliminary and final design data for special units for individual application.

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LITERATURE
(Continued from page 280)

blocks and illustrates several buildings constructed of the materials. Drawings show the 86 sizes and shapes available in the masonry units, and give dimensions and stock numbers. A weight chart and notes on the manufacturing plant are included. 8 pp., illus. Worrall Bros., Inc., Hubbard Lane (St. Matthews), Louisville, Ky.

Freight Elevators
Buyer’s Guide — Freight Elevators. Booklet covers material on the design and selection of freight elevators. Chapters are included on the types and component parts; determination of lifting capacity, size and speed requirements; controls and door operation; layouts; application examples; price data; and typical and special installations. The text is illustrated with charts, graphs, tables and drawings. 44 pp., illus. Westinghouse Electric Corp., Elevator Div., 150 Pacific Ave., Jersey City, N. J.*

Electric Plants
Onan Electric Plants (Folder A-168). Presents a line of gasoline-driven electric generators for small homes and buildings. Each unit is illustrated, and has pertinent data given in notes and tables. Special accessories are itemized. A selector guide is included for choosing the proper type, size and starting method required for particular installations. 8 pp., illus. D. W. Onan & Sons, Inc., 498 Royalston Ave., Minneapolis 5, Minn.*

Safety Switches
Trumbull Electric Type A Safety Switch Style HCI (High Capacity Interrupter) (Folder TEC-10). Describes features of the switches designed for use in industrial distribution systems. An expanded isometric drawing shows the component parts of the unit, and several schematic drawings illustrate the operating action. A table lists ratings and descriptive data on the models available. 6 pp., illus. Trumbull Electric Manufacturing Co., Plainville, Conn.*

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(Continued on page 284)
Exposed corridor roof shows Fenestra "D" Panels laid flat side down. Main roof area under panels at right was finished with suspended plaster ceiling. Roof was finished over a large area early in construction.


Fenestra insulated "C" Panels used as a spandrel between windows of first and second floors. Four panels high. 14' long panels laid horizontally.


Architects Bennett & Straight of Dearborn, Michigan, faced a familiar set of requirements:

- Large size, with a layout involving considerable perimeter for good daylighting.
- To be ready for fall occupancy.
- Limited budget, calling for low cubic-foot cost.

Convinced of the speed of erecting with Fenestra Building Panels, the architects checked costs . . . saw how on-the-site labor could be saved if the building was planned specifically to use standard units to minimize special work.

They decided on a 7' module. Classrooms were established in a 28' width, with partitions spaced at 14', 21', 28' and 35' intervals. The structural steel frame was designed in a bay size of 14' x 28', saving weight in steel. Saving in roof construction was achieved with standard Fenestra Type D Panels on the 14-foot span. Standard Type C Panels formed spandrels between floors and the window walls of Fenestra Intermediate Projected Windows.

For the roofs of the 100' x 100' gymnasium and the shop, Fenestra Acoustical Holorib Roof Deck was used. This provides a surface for application of roofing materials. The underside provides a sound-absorbing, perforated surface. It is noncombustible, and being steel, withstands impact. Holorib was used as the permanent reinforcing form for the seats in the spectator stands of the gymnasium.

Fenestra Panels—Fenestra Windows—Fenestra Doors—combined in this structure to help the architects and contractor achieve their triple goal of a sizable, sound structure, speedily erected, at low cost.

Your local Fenestra representative can help you capitalize on the time and money savings of these standard building components. Call him or mail the coupon below for full information.
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Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE
(Continued from page 286)

Office Furniture

Office Planning For Profit. Contains data on color, lighting and layout in office planning, along with descriptions of types, features and construction available in wood office furniture. Notes are included on personnel management and presumed savings from careful planning of space. 30 pp., illus. Wood Office Furniture Inst., 730 Eleventh St., N.W., Washington 1, D. C.

Iron Surfaced Concrete Floor

The Masterplate Iron-Clad Concrete Floor. Describes and pictures features of the flooring. Color samples of Masterplate aggregates available are included, with detailed instructions for laying new floors and resurfacing old floors. Many typical installations are illustrated. 36 pp., illus. The Master Builders Co., 7016 Euclid Ave., Cleveland 3, Ohio.

Metal Building Products

Majestic Building Necessities. Catalog describes a line of building products including: ashpit equipment; incinerators; garbage receivers; coal chutes; indoor and outdoor fireplace units and fittings; ventilating bricks, grills and grates; furnaces; window wells, grates and basement windows; and miscellaneous covers, strainers and traps. Illustrations, specifications and details are given for the various items. 22 pp., illus. The Majestic Co., Huntington, Ind.

Apartment Telephones and Mail Boxes

Apartment Telephone Systems and U. S. Approved Mail Boxes (Bulletin No. 160). A variety of mail boxes and communication systems for apartment houses are described and illustrated. Schedules, wiring diagrams and specifications are covered, with instructions on selection and ordering of equipment. Such accessories as power rectifiers, bells and chimes are listed. 28 pp., illus. Auth Electric Co., 34-20 45th St., Long Island City 1, N. Y.

(Continued on page 296)
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Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE

(Continued from page 284)

Fuel Oil Heaters

Yula Tested and Approved Thermosyphon Fuel Oil Heaters (Catalog No. F-150). Describes the preheater, equipped with an expansion tank, and gives notes and tables on its use and operation. Specifications, installation drawings, and tables of dimensions and capacities are included. 8 pp., illus. Yula Water Heaters, Inc., 166 W. 225th St., New York, N. Y.

LITERATURE REQUESTED

The following individuals and firms request manufacturers' literature:

Bruce C. Cameron, 917 Jessie Ave., Winnipeg, Man., Canada.
Joel H. Cooper, Registered Architect, 2064 Cropsey Ave., Brooklyn 14, N. Y.
Irving R. Dana, Student, 2121 Washington, Lincoln, Nebraska.
Paula De Avilla, Student, Franklin School of Professional Arts, 460 Park Ave., New York 22, N. Y.
Edward Twiss Dunlap, A.I.A., 1656 33rd St., N. W., Washington, D. C.
Charles Dvorak, Jr., Student Architect, 80 De Wolf St., New Bedford, Mass.
Lester Triem Haldeman, Consulting Engineer, 5000 Lancaster Ave., Philadelphia 31, Pa.
Norman J. Hamill, A.I.A., 408 Lewisohn Bldg, Butte, Montana.
Instituto Guatemalteco De Seguridad Social, Departamento de Prevencion de Accidentes, Guatemala, 8a. Ave. Sur No. 40-Guatemala

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In Two Types—Series 138 and Series 46
Series 138 Windows are equipped with positive action motor-spring type balances and completely weatherstripped with stainless steel. Made from electro-galvanized strip, these fabricated windows are bonderized and finished with a baked-on prime coat of paint. Available in single units or in integrally built twin, triple and panoramic window units, all are available with or without sill ventilators. Series 46 windows are of the counterweighted design. They are specially adapted for use in office and public buildings. Single or twin units may be had in either standard or special sizes and are available with or without sill ventilators. Made from new billet steel, electro-galvanized. Windows are bonderized and finished with a baked-on prime coat of paint.

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Constructed of specially designed one-piece sections throughout. Accurate weathering is assured through the final cold-rolling of sections to produce positive contacts between weathering surfaces. Hardware is solid bronze finished in medium statuary finish.
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Reinforcement. The round nose is strongly reinforced by a deep groove which holds the plaster flush for a perfect bond. It can be wired, stapled or nailed to any kind of wall construction without the use of clips.

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Recommended as an exposed corner reinforcement. The round nose is strongly reinforced by a deep groove which holds the plaster flush for a perfect bond. It can be wired, stapled or nailed to any kind of wall construction without the use of clips.
Strong, compact, rigidly attached operator unit is connected to adjustable sheave on opposite side by firmly supported and completely covered "no-sag" roller chain giving continued positive performance. Security operators allow manual operation in case of emergency.

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Air Conditioning — Cooling — Ventilating

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THERE'S COMFORT, CONVENIENCE AND COLOR in this room. There's a cleverly concealed storage space and careful contrived utility. Yet there's a provincial air that lends additional charm to an efficient bathroom plan. The unusual design of the NEO-ANGLE Bath permits a space-saving corn installation that is convenient and attractive. And the handsome ROXBURY Lavatory—with its gleaming non-tarnish Chromard fittings—and the trim MASTER ONE-PIECE Water Closet are fitting complements to the modern decorative scheme. Whatever the color scheme, whatever the architectural plan of the bathroom, there are American-Standard Plumbing Fixtures that will enhance the beauty of the room while affording lasting, efficient service.

EVEN THE MOST SPECIALIZED NEEDS can be filled from the American-Standard line. This autopsy room in the Georgetown University Hospital includes genuine vitreous china ALL-SERVICE SINK with drain shelf and knee-action mixing valve. AUTOPSY TABLE is made of acid-resisting enameled cast iron and has two slab drains, integral sink basin. CLINIC SERVICE SINK of non-absorbent vitreous china features syphon jet flushing action. The ARCO MULTIFIN CONVECTOR, far right, heats air as it passes between the convector's light, non-ferrous fins. With an AMERICAN ENCLOSURE it makes an attractive, space-saving installation. Architects: Kaiser, Neal and Reid, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DEPENDABLE, AUTOMATIC HEATING is furnished at Montecito Elementary School in Martinez, Calif., by this STANDARD Gas Boiler. The heating surfaces, burners, controls and other essential features are coordinated to assure maximum output with lowest operating and maintenance cost. Sections are carefully machined for gas-tight joints. Architects: Bamberger & Reid, San Francisco.
The American-Standard line of heating equipment and plumbing fixtures is the most complete in the industry. From the wide range of products available, you can find just the size, style, and color of plumbing fixtures you need to fit your particular architectural or decorative scheme. And the equally extensive line of heating equipment includes radiator heating, air heating, and winter air conditioning— for any kind of fuel.

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Rusco's 14 years of experience in designing, manufacturing and installing over 5,000,000 Rusco Combination Windows is your assurance of the engineering and quality of Rusco Prime Windows. Write for Catalog.

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APRIL 1950
Taking the guesswork out of the design and application of copper for roofing

● This is the story of the successful conclusion of a Revere Research project, as a result of which new information was uncovered concerning an old application of sheet copper—roofing. For centuries this traditional metal was applied by rule-of-thumb methods; now, for the first time the engineering principles that must be followed have been uncovered and published for all to use. Today it is possible for any ordinarily-skilled designer and sheet-metal worker to be certain that copper roofs, flashings and gutters are strong enough. In other words, you can be sure that the copper is not so thick as to be wasteful of metal, nor so thin as to be too weak for the job it has to do. You can also know that such design details as seams, stiffening members, and expansion joints are right from an engineering point of view.

True Economy
In these days of high costs it is as important not to over-design as it is not to under-design, though probably in the recent past it has been under-design that has been of most concern. Copper has been recognized universally as the prime roofing material. The metal is so highly resistant to atmospheric corrosion, and hence so confidently relied upon, that there has been a constant tendency to cut down on thickness, until in some instances a mere veneer a few thousandths of an inch thick has been applied. Since modern manufacturing methods have made wide sheets of copper economically available at gauges much lighter than were produced for early copper construction, it became essential to determine the minimum thicknesses of copper that could be used without introducing the danger of mechanical failure of the metal under the structural loads that would be applied to it in service.

Roof Walkers
As the first step in this project, a number of qualified Revere metal research workers were sent out into the field. They...
checked every copper roof they could see. Such records as were available were studied. In addition, these men clambered over roofs to examine gauges, tempers, sheet lengths, methods of making joints, provisions for allowing for expansion and contraction, and the kind of underlying materials.

It quickly became evident that complete provision must be made for the expansion and contraction of the metal with changes in temperature. If the copper was not free and able to transmit forces to the expansion joints, buckles would form, and in time repeated flexing of the metal could produce cracks.

**Roofing Must Move**

The fundamental ideas brought back from the field were these: copper on a roof must be stiff enough to transmit movement; its movement must not be restricted by adherent underlying substances; expansion joints must be properly spaced. These, however, were general conclusions. It was necessary to confirm them, and translate them into working specifications. Laboratory work then began. Full-scale replicas of actual installations were built indoors, and subjected to conditions approximating those that had to be met outdoors. To duplicate the summer sun, batteries of infra-red lamps were used. After the metal had been heated, the lamps were turned off, and a cold "rain" of frigid river water was poured upon it. Thus a temperature change of 140° was produced in a few minutes. Various installations up to 65 feet in length were given this severe treatment six times an hour.

**The Speed-Up**

These tests were spectacular because of the speed with which things happened. You could see the metal move before your eyes, see where stresses were concentrated and where buckling developed. The action was so pronounced that it was easy to record it in motion pictures, as well as make accurate measurements. Sheer copper thus tested ranged from 16-oz. soft, which had become virtually standard in recent years, to 32-oz. cold rolled, such as was installed in 1873 on the State Capitol in Albany, N. Y., one of many outstandingly successful jobs.

**Strength Needed**

At this point it would have been all too easy to say that the tests showed that heavier copper was desirable. That was too easy an answer. It gave no help to the many people who want to use the world's finest roofing material without buying too much of it. So the matter of strength was investigated. Quantitative stress analyses indicated that copper roofs, gutters and flashings must be considered from the structural point of view rather than regarded as mere weatherproofing veneers. The columnar strength of formed sheet copper sections was found to be of particular importance, because such strength is required to transmit movement.

Eventually, after much mathematical work and confirmatory laboratory tests, it became possible to draw up completely new specifications for copper roofings, gutters and flashings of adequate strength and minimum metal. All this information has been printed. It is widely distributed among architects, designers, builders and contractors, roofers and sheet metal workers. This was the first authoritative work of its kind.

**A Caution**

Such enthusiasm has been aroused by this new, practical approach that attempts have been made to apply the Revere designs and specifications to other materials. It is a fact, however, that each material has individual characteristics which must be taken into account independently. The Revere specifications apply to copper only, and cannot be safely applied to other materials.

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APRIL 1950
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(Continued on page 318)
A total of 480,000 feet of General Electric Fiberduct underfloor raceways was installed in these five ultra-modern, New York office buildings. In each, G-E Fiberduct provides building management with the electrical flexibility needed to cope with today's constant changes in building layout. With G-E Fiberduct, unforeseen demands on over-all raceway capacity and the varied requirements of new electrical equipment are easily and quickly met.

General Electric Fiberduct raceways make it a simple matter to install additional outlets at all times. It is only necessary to make a small opening in the floor over the raceway, to pull the wires through, and to install the outlet. New distribution is provided by merely pulling additional wires through the raceway. There's no interruption of building facilities . . . no annoyance to building tenants!

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(Continued from page 316)

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