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GRINNELL SPRINKLERS

"You will find it difficult to get pictures of the Grinnell Sprinkler installation in the auditorium of our church", states correspondence from All Souls Church, Bangor, Maine. "The pipes blend so well with the ceiling rafters that one hardly ever sees them, which, of course, is just what we wanted.'

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The cost of installation? Much more economical, certainly, than the cost of a fire. And especially so, since a Grinnell Sprinkler System usually makes possible sizable reductions in fire insurance premiums.

Get the complete facts. Grinnell will gladly submit a fire protection program for you, without obligation. Write Grinnell Company, Inc., 277 West Exchange St., Providence, R. I.
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PRC “Rubber Calk”® sealer is a two-part polysulphide liquid Polymer base material especially compounded to cope with sealing problems such as those found in curtain wall or tilt-up construction. Chemically cured, the compound forms a firm, resilient, permanent seal that expands and contracts with structural movement to prevent leaks. Far surpassing products used in the past, PRC “Rubber Calk” adheres positively to glass, metal and masonry. Franchised dealers and applicators in principal cities. See him today and find out why PRC sealing protection is more than "skin" deep. See Sweet’s catalog for descriptive brochure.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 1
Why key people profit...
when you specify preferred

ARCHITECTS PROFIT! Specifying Imperial Watrous valves paves the way to greatest satisfaction all down the line. Not only contractors and plumbers, but users as well, benefit from your decision. Imperial Watrous gives users more than their money's worth in economy and service. And architects know it. That's why so many leading architects prefer Watrous valves — it pays!

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KEY PEOPLE PREFER WATROUS! Architects, contractors, plumbers and users all prefer Watrous flush valve features. Here's why. With Watrous they get more advanced design... more attractive styling... a wide choice of diaphragm and piston-type valves... plus water economy, dependability and easy service features other flush valves cannot equal. Find out how Imperial Watrous flush valves will make your job easier, more profitable. Call your Watrous representative for full information. Write for catalog No. 449-A.

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ADJUSTABLE FLUSH VALVES: BOTH DIAPHRAGM AND PISTON TYPES
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Self-cleansing by-pass guards against dirt or sediment in water. Thoroughly cleans by-pass orifice each time flush valve is actuated.

Silent action design eliminates objectionable line, shut-off and closing noises. Substantially reduces bowl noise. Optional.

Watrous Water-Saver Adjustment, externally regulated with water on, cuts consumption as much as a gallon per flush for lowest operating cost, year after year.

Self-tightening handle packing prevents leakage. Handle spring maintains tension. Eliminates periodic re-tightening.

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The New Way to Protect and Strengthen Masonry Walls

**BLOK-JOINT** Permits Contraction AND Expansion In Control Joints

**BLOK-MESH** Reinforcing Has Deep Swedged For Better Mortar Bond

Today's accepted method of building masonry walls includes reinforcing and control joints. Control joints relieve stresses and strains and reinforcing adds strength and resistance to cracking. Use both to provide maximum strength and protection.

**BLOK-JOINT** is a cross shaped rubber extrusion for making fast, effective control joints in masonry walls. It is used with ordinary metal sash blocks. No special blocks or building paper and mortar fill is needed. Blok-Joint forms a secure interlock for lateral stability—allows both contraction and expansion. It can be used in single walls, block walls faced with other masonry, cavity walls and at pilasters or columns. Molded of "100-year life" rubber, Blok-Joint meets ASTM and Federal specifications.

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Coming in the Record

BUILDING TYPES STUDY: MULTI-FAMILY HOUSING

The July Building Types Study will cover both public and private housing. Included, in addition to several examples of recent good design in this field, will be three pertinent articles: Philosophy of Housing Design, by Harry Weese, A.I.A.; The Public Housing Problem in Japan are working toward a

An interesting July feature will be a group of eight buildings designed by Kenzo Tange, whose work is illustrative of how architects in Japan are working toward a Japanese expression for modern techniques and materials.

INDUSTRY BUYS ART—THE SEAGRAM BUILDING

A study of the new building by Mies van der Rohe and Philip Johnson, including an article by Arthur Drexler of the Museum of Modern Art tracing its development.
BOLD NEW DESIGN
for a Fine Old Tradition

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The Spirit of Southern Hospitality Finds Dramatic Expression in These Modern New College Campus Buildings

- Memorial Student Union strikes a note of pleasing contrast amidst academic surroundings and architecture of by-gone days.

Set beside a small pond, overhung with magnolia and Spanish moss, the impressive structures dominate the social life of the students on the campus of Southwestern Louisiana Institute, in Lafayette, Louisiana.

Three interconnected buildings comprise the student union, housing the college bookstore, post-office, snack bar, ballroom and other recreational facilities.

Significantly, the structures are built with reinforced concrete to meet today's needs and the challenge posed by the generations of tomorrow.

Concrete combines great strength, economy, fire-safety and beauty in one versatile material, providing the widest possible latitude for the designer's creative skill backed up by sound construction know-how.

In these fine structures, there were 4000 barrels of Lone Star Portland Cement used. For complete dependability and assured uniform quality, use Lone Star Portland Cement.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958
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NOW galvanized Sherarduct is coated with NEW

FORMULA MVC-1

the modified vinyl copolymer that provides the most effective barrier against corrosive agents of all kinds

National Electric has developed a new way to combat conduit corrosion. It is called Formula MVC-1, a new modified polyvinyl chloride resin coating that's available only from National Electric.

Here's what MVC-1 does to even further increase the protection against corrosion offered by the Sherardizing process of galvanizing.

RESISTANCE TO CORROSIVE ATTACKS—In accelerated salt spray, sulphuric acid and caustic tests conducted by the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratories, new Sherarduct with Formula MVC-1 far outlasted all hot dipped and other high-grade coated and galvanized conduits tested.

RESISTANCE TO FLAKING—Formula MVC-1 makes a tight, uniform, adhesive coating that withstands bending without cracking or flaking.

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3. Zinc protected threads for complete end-to-end protection.

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2 Plants • 12 Warehouses • 41 Sales Offices
Topping out the Guggenheim

Undeterred by the realities of this particular organic architecture ("structure and building are one . . . you can't pull it apart"), the construction workers at the Guggenheim Museum in New York last month raised a tree atop the last spiral of Frank Lloyd Wright's poem in concrete. It is not reported that Mr. Wright was present at this unique topping-out ceremony; but it seems safe to assume that if he had been he would have found an ancient tradition justified at long last.

Wanted: Architectural Diagnosis

What is lacking most in the profession today is "architectural diagnosis," architect William Caudill told a recent meeting of the Wisconsin Chapter of the American Institute of Architects. "If we are to remain above the mess of this patent medicine age of building, we had better start stressing architectural diagnosis. . . . We had better make more effort to find out what our clients need, not necessarily what they want. There's a difference—a big difference. The salesman capitalizes on wants; the truly professional architect concerns himself with his client's needs. The analysis of these needs is today the most important phase of architectural practice." Mr. Caudill called it also the weakest part of today's architectural practice, though he noted that there were indications of progress by a few practitioners. "These days we are hearing more about 'programming.' I'm not sure that's the right word for us to use. It reeks too much of the salesman's capitalization on what we want. There's a difference—a big difference. . . . We had better make more effort to find out what our clients need, not necessarily what they want. There's a difference—a big difference.

Rudolph at Yale

In a speech at his first "Alumni Day" as chairman of Yale's Department of Architecture, Paul Rudolph gave a straightforward and eloquent account of his purposes as an architectural educator. Remarking to begin with that architecture is at a point where action has outstripped ideas and theory, he said: "Many have asked why I should come to Yale. It is because I believe that action has outstripped ideas and theory, and that it is the unique task and responsibility of a great university such as Yale to study not only that which is known but, far more important, to pierce the unknown. My passion is to participate in this unending search. Theory must again overtake action."

Mr. Rudolph listed four major areas of concern in which he said the effort would be pursued at Yale—"We must find ways of rendering our cities fit for humans, and develop the aesthetics of change ("our first concern at Yale"). Secondly, we will search for more eloquent relationships between the conceptual aspects of building and techniques ("The unique forms inherent in any given material and the construction process must become more clear. . . . We have almost everything, including the industrialized structure which was such a romantic favorite of the theorist of the International Style, but we seldom know what to do with our wealth.")." "Third on our list of forgotten fundamentals is the concern for visual perception ("An architect should be concerned with how a building looks in the rain, or on a summer day; its profile on a misty day, the different treatment required for that which is close at hand vs. that which is 20 stories removed, with angles of vision, symbolism and content.")." "Fourth and last on our list will be a renewed concern with visual delight ("This is indeed the architect's prime responsibility, for other specialists can do everything else that he does and, quite often, much better.")."

Un-humanity and the Aged

A Swedish architect named Bo Bostedt whose firm in Stockholm has done more than 40 projects in Sweden's community-centered program for housing the aged recently made a lecture tour of the U. S. under the auspices of the U. S. Public Health Service. He found nothing to praise in many of the projects. "If the people in the U. S. would only give the old their share of the land," he said, "we could send the old to the U. S. Public Health Service. He found nothing to praise in many of the projects. In the U. S. Public Health Service. He found nothing to praise in many of the projects.

The building must be scaled down to human size.

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD  June 1958  9
Electrical flexibility and wider spans with Granco's new Cofar®

**ELECTRICAL FLEXIBILITY.** Electrical needs of today and tomorrow are easily satisfied by blending in one, two, or three cell E/R Cofar units with sections of standard Cofar.

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Free 24-page booklet gives complete description, uses, advantages, specifications, and design data on Cofar—E/R Cofar floor system. Mail coupon to Granco address shown at left. Attention: Dept. R-86.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958
FOURTEEN BUILDINGS CITED

Five First Honor Awards and nine Awards of Merit have been selected in the tenth annual Honor Awards Program of the American Institute of Architects. Prof. Jean Labatut, director of Graduate Studies at Princeton University's School of Architecture, headed an all-architect jury whose other members were Igor B. Polevitzky, Miami; Frederick James MacKie, Houston; John Gaw Meem, Santa Fe; and Welton Becket, Los Angeles. There were 312 entries.

FIRST HONOR AWARDS


Elementary School, Sonoma, Sonoma County, Cal. Architect: Mario J. Ciampi. General contractor: Herbert Crocker Company

Westmoor High School, Daly City, Cal. Architect: Mario J. Ciampi. General contractor: Theodore Meyer & Sons

IN A.I.A.'S TENTH HONOR AWARDS PROGRAM

The jury listed these reasons for First Honor Award selections: "1. For rare and great quality of unity in the entire work from exterior space to interior space, and from the ensemble to the smallest details—for unity achieved without monotony or extravagance. 2. For achieving an expression of strength without heaviness and lightness without weakness, resulting in definite elegance and refinement. 3. For well-controlled physical and psychological scale leading to meaning and character corresponding to the particular program. 4. For achieving esthetic quality by means of the structural elements becoming pleasing and decorative. 5. For exploring further the inexhaustible field of architectural composition—by showing originality and inventiveness."

The Awards of Merit were said to show these same qualities "only to a lesser degree or fragmentarily."

The jury regretted that there were not more examples of buildings, parking areas and landscape treatment expressed as an integral part of architecture; also that representation from various sections of the country was so uneven.

Presentations of certificates to architects and owners of award-winning buildings will be made at the annual convention of the A.I.A. next month at Cleveland; plaques for installation in the buildings also will be presented to top winners.

AWARDS OF MERIT


Immaculate Conception Church, Marrero, La. Architects: Curtis & Davis and Associated Architects & Engineers, Harrison Schouest. General contractor: Gervais F. Favret Company Inc.


Cafeteria Building, Southeastern Louisiana College, Hammond, La. Architects: Desmond & Davis. General contractor: Frank Cucchiara


Union Service Center, Los Angeles. Architects: Smith & Williams. General contractor: Roulac Company


Residence at Beverly Hills, Cal., for Mr. and Mrs. Neil Lakenan. Architects: Richard Dorman & Associates; Associate Architect, Dan Morganelli. General contractor: owner
NEW
A LIGHTER, STRONGER GALVANIZED STEEL ROOF DECK WITH FAR LESS DEFLECTION...

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BY SCHUMACHER

NOW...A 2 1/4" ROOF DECK
AT NO EXTRA COST
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Here at last is a really strong, lightweight roof deck, designed by roofing engineers who understand your problems. Diamonddeck (pat. pend.) is a new, roof deck, available in a full range of gages, sizes and lengths. And, shown on the next page are all the facts. Clip this ad for your AIA file, or write Schumacher, at the address below for full information and suggested specifications.

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Easy, fast erection is assured by channel lock construction. Gives continuity over all purlins. Diamonddeck is designed to take up negative moments over all supports.

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Diamonddeck costs less per square foot of load carrying capacity because the weight per square foot is less, the deflections are much less. The cost of field and maintenance painting are eliminated. Cost of lighting is less due to the permanent reflectivity from the use of hot-dip galvanized sheets.

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Diamonddeck is available in both 1 1/4" and 2 1/4" depths. Either depth is available in 18, 20, 22, or 24 gage. Lengths up to 30 feet are standard.

SPECIFICATIONS ON NEXT PAGE...SEE FOR YOURSELF WHY DIAMONDECK IS THE BEST ROOF DECK FOR YOUR NEXT BUILDING

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Coru-Vent Form Deck is available in 28, 26 and 24 gage material. All weights are available in sheets up to 30 feet in length and over 32" wide.

SEE SPECIFICATIONS ON OPPOSITE PAGE

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REYNOLDS AWARD, IN THE YEAR OF THE FAIR, GOES TO BRUSSELS' TRANSPORTATION PAVILION

The second edition of the Reynolds Memorial Award, annually presented to "the most significant contribution to the use of aluminum, esthetically or structurally, in the building field," was given this year to a team of six Belgian architects, designers of the all-aluminum Transportation Building at the Brussels World's Fair. The six who share the $25,000 prize: T. Hoet-Segers, F. Hoet-Segers, H. Monteïes, R. Courtois, J. Goossens-Bara and R. Moens de Hase, all of Brussels.

Commented jury member Nervi: "In effect the finesse of the posts, the expressiveness of the form in double parabola of the trusses and covering, and the feeling of elegance which forms the most remarkable characteristic of this work, has been possible only as a result of the original solution of the tie-rods in permanent tension which connect the posts and trusses. This solution resolves in a most elegant way the difficult problem of permitting the thermic expansion and to preserve the necessary stability in either transverse or longitudinal direction."

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Do you know the answers to these important problems?

1. Is it true that WHITE PAINT indoors, and MIRRORS, have no more reflectivity to heat rays than a heavy coating of BLACK PAINT? (20, 22)
2. What causes timber rot, peeling paint, wet and cracked plaster, rust? (16, 35)
3. Is it true that the average family creates 152 lbs. vapor (76 qts. water) a week; each person breathes and perspires 3 lbs. vapor per day? (16, 35)
4. Should you ever ventilate below insulation? (11)
5. How good an insulation is an ordinary air space? (18, 25, 26, 27, 29)
6. Is it true that HEAT RAYS HAVE NO TEMPERATURE? (19, 21)
7. Do metals in air spaces absorb, reflect and emit less or more heat rays than wood, plaster, brick, paper? (20, 22)
8. Which has the greatest and which has the least heat ray absorptivity: — asbestos, ice, aluminum, paper, rock or wood? (22)
9. Are there more invisible rays than visible rays? (18, 19)
10. Are there any DEAD AIR CELLS in insulations with respect to heat flow? (28)
11. Since metals are good conductors of heat, why are they exceptional insulators against heat flow? (18, 20)
Can the special character of a cherished place be preserved by law? Fifteen U.S. cities so far have voted to make the attempt, among them Santa Fe. In the following report, Librarian Thetford Le Viness of the State Capitol at Santa Fe reports on some of the arguments which preceded adoption last fall of Santa Fe’s architectural control ordinance. Drawings are by Irene von Horath, A.I.A.

**SANTA FE SEeks PRESERVATION IN ARCHITECTURAL CONTROL**

**BY THETFORD LE VINESS**

Santa Fe, oldest capital in the United States, has recently adopted an architectural controls ordinance. This law makes Pueblo-style architecture, named for the Indians who first used it, mandatory in certain historic areas of the city. The aldermen passed the measure unanimously, but not without a public protest hearing at which several architects and homeowners expressed many misgivings and some actual disapproval.

Generally speaking, business interests and cultural groups joined in support of the ordinance. Some of the city’s architects and a few others opposed it.

Merchants, in a region which has practically no factory payrolls and is dependent almost entirely upon a multi-million-dollar tourist industry, saw the new law as a boon to profits. “People come to Santa Fe to see our historic landmarks,” said a spokesman for the city’s Chamber of Commerce, which heartily endorsed the measure. “They’d just as soon spend their vacations and their money elsewhere if we clutter up our old streets with the kind of modern buildings that may be seen in Oklahoma or Texas.”

History-minded Santa Feans called attention to buildings like the Palace of the Governors, built in 1610-12, and to San Miguel mission, whose foundations, at least, date from c.1605 and are the oldest of any church in the nation. They pointed with pride to recent edifices modeled after the early structures—the art gallery of the Museum of New Mexico, the National Park Service headquarters, the First Presbyterian and Cristo Rey churches, and innumerable private homes in all portions of the city. They looked with disdain at the Desert Inn, a branch of a motel chain built within recent months in sharp angles and glass fronts near the old mission, and said, “There ought to be a law.”

Now there is one. Proponents of the “style ordinance,” as it is called, are convinced that it is a step in the right direction—that Pueblo-style housing best befits the city’s Indian and Spanish heritage.

From Indian-Spanish beginnings until the middle of the 19th century, Santa Feans built their homes, churches, and commercial establishments of just one material—adobe. Large bricks of mud were made, dried in the sun, and laid with mortar to form walls. Round wooden rafters called *vigas* were placed horizontally in parallel rows as a framework for the roof—also of adobe. Windows were small; doorways had high sills to keep out the rain. It was an indigenous development, a folk architecture—of the earth, earthy. “Anglos,” as those of English descent in New Mexico are called, liked adobe construction and used it from pioneer days—with interesting variations. Clay bricks were brought in on the first freight trains. These formed the copings of many adobe houses and gave to the building arts another style—called “modified Pueblo” or “Territorial.”

Today, the people of Santa Fe—Indian, Spanish-speaking, and “Anglo”—still like Pueblo-style houses. Even when they build with other materials they often simulate this “adobe way.” The result is a city with block after block of mud-colored facades, uneven roof lines, and protruding *vigas* which—to proponents of the ordinance at least—are as charming as they are functional.

“Voluntary” construction hasn’t been enough, however. Museum officials restored the old palace to its former elegance, but many of the newer buildings on the plaza have continued on page 302.
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EAST - South High School, Hagerstown, Maryland. William McBratney, Superintendent. McLeod and Ferrara, architects.

WEST - Westmoor High School, Daly City, California. E. A. Morgan, Superintendent. Mario J. Clampl, architects.


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Continued from preceding page

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Meetings and Miscellany

A.I.A. Gold Medal to John Root

The American Institute of Architects' Gold Medal will be awarded this year to John Wellborn Root, of Chicago, the Institute has announced. The Medal, the highest honor the A.I.A. offers to architects in recognition of their service to the profession or to the Institute, will be presented at the annual convention, scheduled July 7-11 for Cleveland. The Institute also announces the selection of Viktor Schreckengost, Cleveland sculptor and ceramist, as recipient of the Fine Arts Medal, and of François Lorin, of Chartres, designer and executor of the stained glass window which the A.I.A. presented to Chartres Cathedral, to receive the Craftsmanship Medal. New York engineer Fred Severud has been awarded one of two new medals established this year—the Allied Professions Medal for achievement in the design professions related to architecture. The other new medal—the Industrial Arts Medal—goes to graphic artist Merle Armitage of Yucca Valley, Cal. The Edward C. Kemper Award will be presented to Edmund R. Purves, executive director of the A.I.A. At the same time, the Institute announced its list of Honorary Members for 1958: F. Moran McConihie, Commissioner of the Public Buildings Service, General Services Administration, and Deputy Commissioner Fred S. Poorman of PBS; John Douglas Forbes, editor of the Journal of the Society of Architectural Historians was made an honorary member in January of this year. Honorary Fellowship in the Institute has been extended to eight foreign architects: Alvar Aalto, Finland; Matsudo Gumpei, Japan; Hector Mardones-Restat, Chile; Pavel Abrossimov, U. S. S. R.; Augusto Guzman R., Peru; I. Caro De Castro Mello, Brazil; and Frederico Ugarte, Argentina. The eighth is Flemming Grut of Denmark, who was made an Honorary Fellow in May. Major points of the convention's program, as outlined by the A.I.A., include a keynote speech by Secretary of the Treasury Robert B. Anderson; an address "The Anthropologist Looks at Architecture" by Dr. Margaret Mead; an architectural keynote speech by Vincent G. Kling, Philadelphia architect; an address "The Western Reserve—Part of Our Heritage" by Harlan Hatcher, president of the University of Michigan; and seminars and panels on cost estimates, "where to find construction money," developing the building program, working with the homebuilder, urban planning, office organization, chapter affairs and "professional status." Institute business will include the election of officers—contests are scheduled for all major offices—and of four regional directors; for slate, see ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, April 1958, p. 21.

Pate heads Consulting Engineers

Charles C. Pate of Tulsa has been elected president of the Consulting Engineers Council, which held its second annual general meeting in San Francisco May 1-3. Mr. Pate succeeds Edward J. Wolff of Chicago. Among the important actions of the meeting was admission of two new member associations, Michigan and Houston; authorization of the Ethical Practices Committee to draft a very complete code of ethics for consulting engineers; and adoption of a new definition of "consulting engineer." Text of the definition is as follows: "A consulting engineer is a professional engineer who offers his services on a fee basis and who has no commercial affiliation to bias him. He is trained in the expert and judicious application of science and technology to the solution of engineering problems, and is one who, through special application, broad experience, proven ability and professional integrity, provides his client with technical advice of the highest quality, in the fields where he practices as an expert." There was discussion of such matters as the
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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958
Meetings and Miscellany

corporate practice work of the “Committee on Engineering Laws” which the C.E.C. Corporate Practice Committee has been set up to watch; the brochure being prepared by the Public Relations Committee on the services of consulting engineers; the effort to form a national group for errors and omissions insurance; the work of the Documents Committee, which has a new architect-engineer form of contract now awaiting A.I.A. approval; and the work of officers of C.E.C. with various Washington agencies toward solving some common problems of consulting engineers on public work. C.E.C. will issue a yearbook and membership roster in the near future.

1958 Graham Fellows Announced
The Graham Foundation for Advanced Studies in the Fine Arts has announced the award of eight fellowships for 1958; the recipients: Eduardo Chillida, sculptor, Spain; Balkrishna V. Doshi, architect, India; Jose Guerrero, painter, U. S.; Thomas J. Houha, architect, U. S.; Norbert Kruecke, sculptor, Germany; Wifredo Lam, painter, Cuba; Fumihiko Maki, architect, U. S.; and Lancelot Law Whyte, philosopher, England. Frederick J. Kiesler, U. S. architect, selected as a fellow last year but unable to participate, will be a member of the 1958 group. The Graham Foundation is the result of a legacy of the late Ernest R. Graham, partner of the Chicago architectural firm Graham, Anderson, Probst & White. It bestows grants of up to $10,000 a year for selected fellows “to engage in individual or group pursuits in advanced studies in architecture, painting, sculpture and related arts.” Members of the 1958 Board of Advisors who selected this year’s fellows were architect William E. Hartmann, Director of the Foundation; Sigfried Giedion, architectural critic; Daniel Catton Rich, director of the Art Institute of Chicago; James Johnson Sweeney, director of the American architect in Palladian setting—literally Palladian, that is: Edward D. Stone on the porch of Palladio’s Villa Malcontenta, near Venice, which he and Mrs. Stone took for the month of May; enjoying, Mr. Stone says, “evidence of an era of grace before the philosophy of the split-level subjugated man.” . . . (Below) Graham Foundation advisers at recent meeting in Chicago—(left to right) William E. Hartmann of Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, Foundation director; Dr. Sigfried Giedion, presently of Harvard’s Graduate School of Design; Daniel Catton Rich, director of the Art Institute of Chicago; James Johnson Sweeney, director of the . . . (Right) Gumpei Matsuda, president of the Japanese architectural Association, and his partner, Shigeki Hirata, dining at the American Club in Tokyo with Tom Tredwell, advertising manager of Architectural Record, and Mrs. Tredwell. Messrs. Matsuda and Hirata, both Cornell graduates, are architects of Tokyo International Airport quarters, 216 East Superior Street, Chicago.

Regionalism in New York?
“Is there any regional architecture in the New York area?” was the question at an Architectural League of New York forum recently. Each of the three panel members answered with a definite “no.” The forum was held in connection with the League’s Regional Residential Architecture Exhibit—19 architect-designed houses in the New York City region. Olindo Grossi, dean of the School of Architecture at Pratt Institute, was moderator. The panel members were Peter Blake, New York architect; Robert Martin Englebrecht, architecture editor, Living for Young Homemakers; and Charles Magruder, managing editor, Progressive Architecture. They all concluded, in general, that there is no New York regional architecture and, specifically, that the 19 houses exhibited could be anywhere in the country. Sibyl Moholy-Nagy, of the School of Architecture at Pratt Institute, commenting from the floor, remarked that the houses on exhibit showed “regionalism of the Harvard school,” an intellectual approach she said is exemplified by Gropius and Breuer.
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It has an NRC specification range of .50-.60 and a Certified "C" value of 0.36 Btu at 75° mean temperature.

It is available in 24" x 48" x 1" and 32" x 24" x 1" sizes.

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It's here ... a sleek, slim exit device of stainless steel! Available in a complete line — rim, mortise lock and vertical rod models in either stainless steel or bronze. And a smart new series of matching outside trims.

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A MAUSOLEUM FOR JINNAH: LONDON FIRM TAKES FIRST PRIZE IN INTERNATIONAL COMPETITION

Winner in the international competition for a mausoleum to be built for the Pakistani hero Mohammed Ali Jinnah, announced February 24 in Paris, was the English firm Raglan Squire and Associates, which was awarded the first prize of 25,000 rupees (about $1190). The competition program called for a memorial to be built on the site of the sarcophagus of the Qaide-Azam Ali Jinnah, the founder of the Republic of Pakistan (Qaide-Azam can be translated as "Great Leader"), and was to incorporate the burial place of Liaqat Ali Khan, the country's first prime minister. It also called for a master plan of buildings to be built in the future: a mosque for 25,000 people, a restaurant, shops, police station, post office, guard house and rest rooms; for the present, only the mausoleum and the gardens will be executed.

Describing their approach to the design, the architects write: "From the beginning, our work on this project was motivated by the belief that the solution to the problem would be an idea, an idea which by its scale, simplicity and dominating form would express the stature, faith and strength of this very great leader. We believed at the outset that this idea, when it came, would appear as a fully developed architectural conception rather than the product of a long process of analysis. Insofar as we believe this, we believed that the answer we were looking for would be the result of personal inspiration rather than collective designing."

The inspiration, as it developed, was for a canopy of six hyperbolic paraboloids, which will shelter both tombs. Jinnah's sarcophagus will be raised on a marble slab in the center of a terraced series of concentric hexagons, and will be encircled by a pair of anodized aluminum grilles. Liaqat Ali Khan's tomb will be set outside this core, but will be dignified by gardens located in the eastern area of the site, to be known as the Qaide Millat gardens. The Qaide-
Why Stanley hardware was used at the N.Y. International Airport

The new International Arrival Building at Idlewild is designed to create the best possible first impression. It's modern, convenient, artistic — an inspiring sight to travelers getting their first glimpse of the United States. This terminal is expected to welcome visitors for a long, long time. The hinges must last that long, too, with a minimum of maintenance.

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Exhilarating Adventure, Alternate Monday Evenings
Azam grove will be set in an area to the southwest.

Water will also play an important part in the design, with large pools at two levels. A "high level" pool will be in effect a moat surrounding the tomb and will fall into lower pools at the main entrance; visitors approaching from the main entrance will cross a bridge to reach the tomb. A walk raised to the level of the tomb will make it possible to walk around the central structure. The canopy will be supported by triangular shaped abutments, four of them set in the higher pools, the other two set in lower pools on either side of the main entrance. The water from the higher pool will also fall into a trough which will connect the mosque's minaret with the mausoleum.

The structure of the canopy will be of 2 1/4-in. concrete shells, with an exterior facing of gold-colored mosaics laid on a screed. The floor will be finished with hexagonal marble sections; retaining walls and pool facings will be stone.

Other awards in the competition, which was sponsored by the Central Committee of the Qaide-Azam Memorial Fund: two second prizes, each carrying awards of 7500 rupees (about $357), went to Pierre Dufau and Paul Herbe, both of Paris; three honorable mentions, carrying prizes of 3300 rupees (about $157), were given to the firm Andrault, Parat and de la Tour d'Auvergne of Paris, to Naqvi & Siddiqui of Karachi, and to Primakoff, Marett, Thariana & Ankolar, also of Karachi. Two other mentions, with no prize, were given to Flurin & Andry, Bienne, Switzerland, and to Mr. Meeking, London.

The international jury was composed of the Prime Minister of Pakistan, Eugène Beaudouin of France, Robert H. Matthew of Great Britain, Pier Luigi Nervi of Italy, Gio Ponti of Italy, and Georges Candilis, representing the International Union of Architects.
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PYREX drainpipe installs as easily as the conventional pipe... comes in diameters from 1" to 6" with all standard fittings, traps, and sink cups.

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exciting effects in spandrels... and other interior-exterior surfaces with Stylon unglazed ceramic tile

In his plan for the spandrel design of this resort apartment-hotel, Architect John Hans Graham sought distinctive beauty in keeping with the richness of the surroundings. His choice of Stylon unglazed ceramic mosaics helps make the building one of the most outstanding in Palm Beach.

When you want unusual effects for any surface, Stylon unglazed ceramics will suggest unlimited design variations, ways to achieve distinction yet blend faultlessly with any interior or exterior. Choose from no less than 40 colors and textures, countless patterns. The two new patterns and three new blends shown demonstrate the versatility of Stylon. Harmonizing colors in matte- and bright-glazed wall tile are also available — give you even more variety to choose from.

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BOOMING CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS INSTITUTE PUTS A NEW SPOTLIGHT ON SPECS.

The phenomenal membership growth experienced by the Construction Specifications Institute in recent years can be said to entrenched interest in its pronounced objectives—better specifications—and a lot of hard work on the part of devoted members preaching the cause.

This organization had an unspectacular beginning a decade ago when a group of less than 30 men, mainly Federal government career employes, decided that better specifications would result and the writers' lot would be immeasurably improved if they could band together in their common interest.

The objectives as set out in the by-laws of 1948 were lengthy and comprehensive in the effort to include all desirable goals but they can be summed up in this excerpt, "To promote improved specification practices in the construction and allied industries; to gather, compile and analyze statistics and information relating to such work in the conduct of such activities."

The early years of C.S.I. held little hope of the successes that materialized later. Directors traveled to Washington quarterly for brief evening meetings, there was no paid help and the organization ran mainly on the spirit of its small membership.

Earliest chapters spread throughout the country and a roster of 825 members. As of April 30, 1958, the Institute had 2,647 members in 25 chapters with four units organizing. The membership explosion in the intervening years resulted from a recognition of the benefits that could come from specifiers getting together to exchange experiences and the proselytizing of such men as Willard H. Barrows, New York, head of chapter development activities; J. Stewart Smith, A.I.A., Chicago, vice president; and Willard H. Barrows, New York, head of chapter development activities; J. Stewart Smith, A.I.A., Chicago, vice president; and probable president succeeding the incumbent, Norman Hunter, A.I.A., Los Angeles; and Harry Plummer, C.S.I.'s secretary-treasurer.

In the opinion of Carl Ebert, Washington, D.C., one of the three founders of the Institute, the popularity which has been awarded an average of 5,000 applications for membership per month for the past six months stems from the work of these men and those similarly devoted to improvement in the quality of specifications.

The present membership is divided almost evenly between those with "active" and those with "associate" status. Active members, specification writers and architects, numbered 1,310 on April 30; associate members, largely manufacturers' representatives, numbered 1,324. There were 13 students. It is estimated that 70 per cent of those belonging to C.S.I. also are affiliated with the A.I.A.

A fourth classification is proposed and is being voted on by mail ballot at the present time. This is a "junior" category, taking in those specification writers in architectural offices who have worked less than two years, the experience required to qualify a man for active C.S.I. status. Under the proposed by-law change, junior status in C.S.I. could be held for only three years. At the end of that period, the member would have to transfer to active or associate status, or withdraw.

Dues are nominal: $12 annually for both active and associate members, $2 for students; a $6 assessment would be levied for the new junior members.

A major program of the C.S.I. for at least the next two years involves work on a number of programs assigned chapter by chapter. The subjects are cleared through the Institute's national technical committee and will result in publications looking toward more uniform specifications and a better literature for construction specification writers.

Following are some of the early chapter assignments:

Boston, structural steel; Central Arizona, masonry; Chicago, painting; Dallas, marble work; D.C. Metropolitan, bibliography, library of specification reference works, codes, etc. (part of the technical program); Detroit, laboratory tests, inspection, etc. (part of technical program); St. Louis, asphalt paving.

New York, nomenclature, preferred construction terms (part of technical program); Northern California, roofing; San Francisco, ceramic tile; Southern California, metal windows; San Diego, specifications section, and Wisconsin, earthwork.

Only the study on roofing has been completed at this time. The Institute last July published the special report on built-up roofing prepared by the Northern California chapter. Sections of the report on metal windows also have been published, although Part V of this, covering applicable provisions, shop drawings and scope of the work, are yet to come.

The material is published in the official magazine of the C.S.I., The Construction Specifier. This is a quarterly devoted to telling the story of the Institute and recording its accomplishments.

From the chapter efforts in carrying out their respective project assignments comes material helpful to the specifier. One of the purposes spelled out in the by-laws is "to engage in research and study of any and all problems and aspects of specification writing; to establish and maintain the Institute as a clearinghouse of unbiased technical information on specifications for the fabrication and installation of construction materials and equipment."

Mr. Plummer voiced a broader purpose when he said, "We must upgrade the competence of specification writers. We must provide them with up-to-the-minute information on construction methods and building materials suitable for their use."

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Then he added, "This is not a cocktail organization. There is intense interest in well-planned programs." C.S.I. held its first formal convention last year in connection with the centennial celebration of the American Institute of Architects in Washington, D.C. Its second annual session will be held in Cleveland, Ohio, this year just ahead of the A.I.A.'s 90th convention. It is being programmed for the general membership of C.S.I. on Saturday and Monday, July 5 and 7, with Sunday reserved for the Board of Directors meeting. Headquarters for the C.S.I. will be at the Carter Hotel.

The Board of Directors of the Construction Specifications Institute approved in February a new code of ethics developed by its ethics and rules committee. Here is that code:

1. Each member shall discharge his duties and responsibilities to his clients or employers in such a manner as to inspire respect and confidence.
2. Each member shall cooperate in extending the effectiveness of the profession and the Institute by the interchange of information and experience with his fellow members as the opportunity presents itself.
3. Each member shall endeavor to write specifications that are thorough, clear and concise, and refrain from the use of loose, ambiguous or unenforceable, unfair requirements.
4. Each member shall specify materials, equipment, services and construction methods only on merit, without consideration for, or expectation of, personal gain or favors other than from his employer or his client.

continued on page 282
Hoffman Traps provide improved design to function more effectively and economically in removing condensate from steam lines and equipment.

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News from Canada by John Caulfield Smith

BRITISH COMMONWEALTH'S LARGEST HOTEL OPENS IN MONTREAL

The 1216-room, 21-story Queen Elizabeth Hotel in Montreal, fifth year-round hotel to be built by Canadian National Railways and seventh to be operated as part of the Hilton Hotels International group, was opened in April with all the gay pomp and circumstance which have come to be associated with Hilton openings.

The hotel, which cost $24 million to build and furnish, was deliberately designed and equipped to handle large conventions and it is expected to bring some $10 million in convention money to Montreal annually; already booked, to 1967, are more than 200 conventions involving 135,000 delegates.

Its convention facilities are said to be capable of accommodating 85 per cent of the big conventions held in Canada and the United States. One entire floor, immediately above the main floor lobby, is devoted to banquet halls, private dining rooms and display galleries to cater to conventions. A broad staircase, moving stairs and a bank of eight elevators service the convention floor from the main lobby.

Rooms range from the standard double bedroom through studio bed-sitting rooms to a Royal Suite complete with maid's room; there are also family suites equipped with double-decker bunks for children (no charge for children under 14). The rooms incorporate two firsts in Canadian hotel service—dial telephone service and individual temperature control. The building is completely air conditioned.

For motoring guests, a lower-level registration area is provided—the guest can proceed directly to his room by elevator without going to the main floor lobby.

The hotel, which is part of a long-range development scheme of C.N.R. for a commercial center around Central Station, extends 350 ft along Dorchester Boulevard from Mansfield Street, and 300 ft south on Mansfield.
PROBLEM:
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SOLUTION:
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AccuRay assures tile uniformity never before possible

Moultile uses peacetime atomic energy to revolutionize tile production and to bring you a product that nuclear science makes better than ever. AccuRay, by providing automatic density control, maintains thickness within a tolerance of plus or minus 1%. Such remarkable uniformity has never before been achieved in resilient tile.

In addition to continuous control of tile gauge, AccuRay also provides a tighter surface and improved dimensional stability for a uniformity of shrinkage which prevents off-square tiles. AccuRay serves to improve continually the quality of the tile and acts as a barometer of progress.

Another example of how Moultile's modern production techniques give you an ever-better product.

AccuRay T.M. REG. by Industrial Nucleonic Corporation, Columbus, Ohio

MOULTILE, INC. Houston, Tex. • Joliet, Ill. • Long Beach, Calif. • Newburgh, N. Y.
Asphalt Tile • Moulllex • Jubilee • Moulcork

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958
RIO DE JANEIRO is known as the "Cidade Maravilhosa" (Marvelous City). It has enhanced its natural beauty with a distinguished Brazilian style of modern architecture that has aroused world-wide admiration. It is interesting to observe how Brazil judges the quality of a building. The proud slogan "Aqui ha Otis" (Otis is here) displayed on a building is accepted as meaning that everything else in the building is also of the highest standard. This tribute to our local company ELEVADORES OTIS S. A. and our modern plant at Santo André proclaims once again that OTIS is the world's word for elevator quality.
Public Relations Stressed as Concern of Architects

The architectural profession, in the opinion of Gerard Venne of Quebec City, president of the P.Q.A.A., should encourage better public relations and thereby underline the necessity for its professional services.

Three aspects of the situation must be considered, he says. First, there is the architect’s performance of his professional services. Then comes his interest in his association and finally his collaboration with other civic and service organizations.

No architect should refuse a particular job because he does not find it important enough, Mr. Venne believes. “If we want the proper value of the profession to be appreciated,” he says, “it is important that each and every one of its members accept all jobs, regardless of their size, and also that we work as hard towards a proper solution of the smallest project as we would for a bigger job.”

On the subject of the architect’s relationship to his professional organization, the Quebec president declares that not only does the association look after the administration and interests of its members, but it also supervises the dignity and honor of the profession. Members should take interest and pride in association activities and accept with pleasure tasks that may be assigned to them at certain periods.

He adds, “If the proportion of members interested in association affairs could be doubled, we would be assured of complete success.”

Mr. Venne feels that, due to his position in society, the architect must be active in civic affairs and service organizations. “He is a man whose professional relations and general knowledge should at all times be at the disposal of the public. Architecture is an art so closely interwoven with the community that the architect must help each time the occasion arises whether it be on civic, provincial or even national level.”

If the profession would observe and enhance these points, Mr. Venne is confident that the resulting benefits would be immense.

Of Obsolescing Architecture: Chermayeff in Montreal

Today “even dog kennels are being built like monuments,” declared Prof. Serge Chermayeff, observing in a recent speech that North America is
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FOR INSTALLATION OVER CONCRETE OR WOOD

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Swiss in origin. Exclusively manufactured in U. S. by Harris Manufacturing Company, Johnson City, Tennessee

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958

58-6
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you can trust

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958
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erec---t too many buildings that will become obsolete in a few years.

Professor Chermayeff, a member of the staff of Harvard's Graduate School of Design, was speaking to a meeting of the Museum of Fine Arts, Montreal. He said today's architecture is being outmoded by a new period of high tensile metals and concrete technology which produces many startling shapes.

Cure for present tendencies, he added, is for architects to analyze needs and to pursue a course that takes advantage of new develop-

Beth Tzedec Synagogue, Toronto, has seating capacity of 3000, serves also as educational center; cost, $2,500,000. Harry B. Kohl and Isador Markus were associated architects; Page & Steele, consulting architects and supervisors on job.

America is not particularly inventive, he said, but offers great opportunity for performance—the execution of other people's ideas.

Professor Chermayeff believes that suburban development is gradually being slowed by the desire of many people to "get back to the city where all the life is."

He said that people are getting tired of living in the country and with the necessity of commuting. "It is an interesting change from seemingly endless suburbanization," he concluded.

Contracts Awarded: Comparative Figures*

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*Compiled by the Editor and staff of The Building News. From information collected by Architects' Building Reports.
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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958
Textured Tectum gives a new approach to suspended, acoustical office ceilings

For a new, fresh, natural wood appearance for office ceilings—for functional, good looks with excellent acoustical ratings—for low cost installation—have a look at this recent installation of Tectum suspended, acoustical ceiling panels at Shell Oil’s new office building in Tulsa, Oklahoma. Rectangular 2' x 4' panels are quickly erected. The effect is both unusual and complementary to other materials in the room. Tectum is noncombustible and is available with or without a felt backing membrane. For new, smart appearance—for the efficient control of office din and confusion—for maintenance free satisfaction that is long-lived—see your Tectum representative at once. Tectum is now available in greater quantities than ever before. Ask for a complete file on Tectum for roof decks, sidewall and acoustical suspended ceiling usage, or see Sweets Architectural and Industrial Files.

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Branch Offices in Philadelphia, Columbus, Atlanta, Dallas, Chicago, Beverly Hills, Seattle and Toronto, with distributors in all leading areas. Factories in Newark, Ohio, and Arkadelphia, Arkansas.
The beautiful Riviera is practical, too . . .

Here, in the beautiful Webster Riviera, you get modern HYDRONICS at its peak of comfort and practicality. Same distribution piping, winter or summer . . . heats and cools with water . . . no ductwork, ever . . . individual room control . . . and handsome cabinets that harmonize with decor in any hotel, motel, apartment, hospital, clinic, office, or home.

Now, with the Webster Riviera, you can combine year-long comfort in a central system . . . easily converted for winter or summer operation. Wide choice of vertical, horizontal, or concealed-type cabinets in five capacities from ½ to more than 1½ ton cooling capacity.

FHA Plans Major Survey on Performance of Housing

The Federal Housing Administration has announced its forthcoming survey of FHA home owners aimed at determining faults and failures in FHA-insured housing. This will be the only study of its exact type ever undertaken. From its data can come a changed philosophy of FHA home owners aimed at improving FHA's standards. FHA is going into the data collection program on the recommendation of the FHA advisory committee of the Building Research Advisory Board. According to FHA Commissioner Norman P. Mason, the survey will be conducted "to test our system of inspections and requirements for imposing these standards requirements and feels that a fair sample of home owner opinion, based on years of experience in a home, can aid it significantly in deciding on the proper problems for consideration.

"After all, the marketable house is the house that people want," Commissioner Mason asserted. "It is the result of good planning, good materials and good workmanship. We want long-lasting value and livability built into every home financed under the FHA plan and at the same time we want to find ways to reduce costs. Against any additional cost the new standards might impose, we must weigh the benefits carefully."

Results of the new survey cannot be expected to show up immediately in FHA's standards. The long-awaited publication of the revised requirements is expected at mid-year although its effective date will come some months later.

The survey of home owner experience is an entirely new technique and will require time for execution. The questionnaire was being prepared with extreme care, officials realizing that success or failure could depend upon its wording. At this writing those responsible for the project were considering investigations in the areas of structure and mechanical performance, not in architecture.

FHA and BRAB are parties to a contract which provides that the board assists the Federal agency in the evaluation of its problems and in programming the studies it undertakes. Ever since FHA has been in business, some 25 years, it has been turning up questions which need technical research before sound answers can be found.

Commissioner Mason explained the BRAB role this way: "BRAB provides the coordinating function so badly needed to be sure we do not undertake studies already carried out or unnecessarily duplicate similar efforts. Through its wealth of experience, BRAB can also tell us the full background of supporting work which can help us in our approach."

The Technical Studies Programming Advisory Committee, considered the key to these good relationships between FHA's technical studies staff and the Board, is now one year old. It has more than proved its worth.

PHS Puts U. S. Hospital Needs at $10 Billion in Next Decade

The U. S. Public Health Service now has estimated that an expenditure of more than $10 billion for hospital...
CARMEL HALL
Home for the Aging
Detroit, Michigan

Owner:
The Carmelite Sisters

Architect:
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All this in 800 sq ft—with sheet steel

Here, efficiently fitted into a 31 ft by 26 ft space, are individual quarters for an executive and secretary, three supervisors, three stenographers, a file clerk and file room, plus a reception area and spacious conference room! And the whole set-up can be easily and quickly shifted around to meet the changing needs of the tenant.

Such compact and comfortable use of space is possible through the amazing versatility of free-standing sheet-steel partitioning, along with sheet-steel desks and furniture components. And the idea is catching fire: at least one new building has been built as one big interior, partitioned according to the needs of each individual tenant.

Bethlehem does not manufacture the finished furniture or partitions mentioned above. We do supply the finest of steel sheets to a number of fabricator-customers. We shall be happy to put you in touch with them.

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Cerramonte and Illiano Constr. Co.—Masonry Contractor
Mars Construction Co.—Gen. Contractors
Spandrels, column facing at entrance, kindergarten and playroom are Ceramic Veneer units 24” x 36”.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 59
Required Reading


Readers who have enjoyed the witty, engagingly written, and sometimes important articles of George Nelson in Interiors, Holiday, Architectural Forum, and a number of other magazines will be delighted to discover that twenty-six of them have been gathered into a new volume. Thus arranged, they are as pleasant to read as ever, and in places as provocative. The book is divided, loosely, into six sections: "Problems of Design," which includes observations on education, obsolescence, vision, and the intramural difficulties of the industrial designer; "Art"; "Architecture," including skilful appreciations of Le Corbusier's Villa Savoye and Wright's two Taliesins; "Houses," with refreshing approaches to housekeeping, prefabrication, and vacations; "Planning," observations about Main Streets, so much to the point a decade ago, when they were written, that they are architects' common currency by now; and "Interiors," where the light touch is applied. Some of the articles discuss matters of central importance to anyone with eyes and a mind in the twentieth century; in others, the eyes and the mind romp off into pleasant conceits. The articles are well illustrated with pictures of practically everything from high tension wires to "September Morn," with one surprising omission: Mr. Nelson has modestly avoided more than a very occasional illustration of his own elegant work. This is a great pity.

Something else, of even more importance, is missing. In Nelson's words, "The insights of today's great...

BACKGROUND FOR CITY PLANNING

Urban planning is, fortunately, with us to stay, and architects are finding themselves increasingly involved with it. A book such as this, therefore, might be invaluable to an architect or engineer because it is a survey of public policies with which urban planning is concerned.

Mr. Webster, who is director of the Bureau of Governmental Research and Services at the University of Washington, deals with the subject from the point of view of the political scientist and the lawyer. Zoning regulations, building codes, and architectural control ordinances are, of course, discussed thoroughly.

The author also explores the implications behind the assumption that changing conditions may force a blurring of the now commonly accepted zoning divisions of land use.

Among the many other topics Mr. Webster explains in detail are: the legal basis of planning, physical planning and community development, plan implementation, and urban redevelopment and renewal. The footnote references are numerous and form in themselves an extensive bibliography for further reading on all subjects covered.

One or two of Mr. Webster's continu...
Sinko Louvers of THIN CELL construction are the only product of this type produced and sold by the actual manufacturer.

Molded of Koppers EVENGLO light-stabilized polystyrene.
Cell size $\frac{1}{2}'' \times \frac{1}{2}'' \times \frac{1}{2}''$—true $45^\circ \times 45^\circ$ cut-off—produced by a company who have been pioneers in the field of Custom Injection Molding.

THIN CELL construction has proved its practicability in many installations because of its unique adaptability to architects specifications.

5 DIFFERENT COLORS AND WHITE

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Steel Erection — V-LOK is an exclusive Macomber interlocking framing system that requires no on-the-job bolting, riveting or welding.

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The addition to the Mack Truck building in Sidney, Ohio, is another example of sound construction where Macomber V-LOK framing meant substantial savings in cost and time.

V-LOK framing was used exclusively on the new two-story engineering building with curtain wall construction and on other plant additions, totaling 164,500 square feet.

Contact your nearest Macomber representative or write us direct.

V-LOK Design Manual is available.

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NOT EVEN CHILDREN CAN MAR

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There is no "equal" to floors of Summitville Genuine Ceramic Quarry Tile. They are fire-proof, water-proof, acid-proof and the beautiful natural colors will never fade. Floors of Summitville Quarry Tile require neither waxing nor expensive maintenance.

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ELEMENTARY SCHOOL: Andrews, Texas
ARCHITECT: Coudill, Rowlett, Scott & Assoc.
GEN. CONT.: Chas. Ramsey & Co.
TILE CONT.: West Texas Brick & Tile Co.

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 63
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- wide distribution, national advertising
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- helps you sell your homes faster and for more money

THERMADOR — Originator of the Bilt-In Range!

FOR HER (your customer):
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- in lifetime stainless steel or 5 decorator colors
- least service problems
- easiest to keep clean
- every most wanted feature
- optional left or right hand door
- satisfaction from reliability and lifetime pride of ownership

Required Reading
continued from page 60

'est painters and sculptors cannot be other than profoundly disturbing." It would seem that the insights of one of today's best writer-philosopher-designers should be disturbing, too. And it is disappointing to realize, part way through Problems of Design, that somehow they are not. "It has been my own experience," Nelson writes, "that to begin to approach an awareness of the shapes of our time requires an extraordinary intellectual and emotional effort. Enlargement of his vision is one of the most difficult assignments an individual can assume..." If he assumes the assignment, he can expect to arrive at a series of vantage points, some of them with frightening views. There is the vantage point, for instance, from which is evident the nightmare of endless suburban sprawl enveloping our countryside, or the adjacent vantage point from which William H. Whyte, for instance, in The Organization Man, notes the dissolution of individual initiative in the inhabitants of these new suburban stretches. The destructive aspects of this change, 'Nelson notes, 'might indicate reason for profound pessimism, were it not for the fact that destruction and creation—here we have another example of the contradiction in action—are only two sides of the same coin. One therefore has the free choice of identifying himself with either the decaying or the new and growing elements in the process and then basing his personal philosophy and actions on this choice.' This sounds rather like the free choice which used to be available on ballots supplied by Adolf Hitler, with a big square marked "Ja" and a very small square marked "Nein." This is not supposed to disturb our modern man, however. "He accepts his role as a member of a synchronized, cooperative group and one of these days he will arrive at a new comprehension of the many possible constructive relationships between the individual and the group. He is, in other words, a prototype of the non-competitive man about whom the religious teachers have been talking since 2500 B.C. He is one of the meek who will inherit the earth." Come to think of it, this is disturbing.

Everything in an age does seem to share in the spirit of the age. Even the columns of text self-consciously arranged on these square pages avoid the exposure of the outer edges, where they would easily meet

continued on page 348
There's as much difference in the quality, engineering, workmanship and installation among backstops as there is in any other school or gym equipment. That's why critical comparison of every basic factor invariably leads to the selection of Medart... probably more of them are in service than any other make.

The “PLUS-VALUE” of Medart Backstops is not only in their superior construction, but in the responsibility Medart assumes at the planning and specification stage to guarantee a true “Tailored-To-The-Job” installation—rugged, durable and rigid. Medart analyzes structural conditions, helps choose the exactly-RIGHT backstop, then follows through to assure faultless erection and completely satisfactory operation.

Before planning any backstop installation, consult Medart—The Nation's Most Experienced Authority.

Write for Medart's new catalog

**REMOTE-CONTROLLED POWER OPERATION**

Key-operated switch on gym wall or other convenient location lowers or raises backstops smoothly, quietly, safely, quickly. Eliminates hand-operated winch. Can also be installed on most Medart suspended backstops already in use.

Medart also makes the finest telescopic gym seats, basketball scoreboards, physical fitness apparatus, physical therapy equipment.

**HERCULITE** is a registered trademark of Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co.
Cost comparisons, as percentage differences for any particular type of construction, are possible between localities, or periods of time within the same city, by dividing the difference between the two index numbers by one of them; i.e.: index for city A = 110
index for city B = 95

Then: costs in A are approximately 16 per cent higher than in B.

\[
\frac{110 - 95}{95} = 0.168
\]

Conversely: costs in B are approximately 14 per cent lower than in A.

\[
\frac{110 - 95}{110} = 0.136
\]

Cost comparisons cannot be made between different types of construction because the index numbers for each type relate to a different U. S. average for 1926-29.

Material prices and wage rates used in the current indexes make no allowance for payments in excess of published list prices, thus indexes reflect minimum costs and not necessarily actual costs.
NEW IDEA FOR FENCES — MAINTENANCE-FREE ALUMINUM GRATING

As shown above, Borden's pressure-locked Aluminum Grating has been used as fencing for the new J. L. Hudson Northland Shopping Center in Detroit, Mich.

The lightweight aluminum grating forms a child-proof and maintenance-free fence. The alloys used were selected for their corrosive resistance and high strength.

Thus in the utilization above, Borden has helped open the way for another new field for grating where only standards of quality equal to Borden's will do.

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The simple installation of GLIDE-ALL Sliding Doors saves construction time and materials—and the efficient production methods used in making them assures the lowest unit cost. On the job adjustment, for perfect, smooth, operation, is quick and simple and positive—an important factor where multiple installations must be efficient and trouble free.

Whether your building plans require two or two thousand units of storage space, in any type rooms, you too will profit by specifying GLIDE-ALL Sliding Doors—in 8’ floor-to-ceiling or standard 6’8” heights, from 36” to wall-to-wall widths.

Get the complete details... see Sweets Files or write Plant nearest you.

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These McQuay Seasonmakers will furnish individual room comfort at any desired temperature level—heated, filtered air in the winter; cooled, dehumidified and filtered air in the summer—when used with a hot or chilled central water supply.

McQuay Seasonmakers are particularly designed for multi-room buildings, such as hotels, apartments, motels, hospitals, schools, offices and residences. All have the famous McQuay Ripple-Fin coils and are exceptionally quiet, handsome and built to last, with life lubricated fan motors having inherent overload protection with automatic reset. There are four types in a wide variety of sizes and capacities, each with 3 speed motor control switch.

Large size Ceiling and Hideaway Seasonmakers having nominal capacities of 2, 3 and 5 tons are also now available for commercial or residential applications where a duct air distribution system is necessary. Units available for Freon applications.

Whatever your requirements may be, you'll find McQuay Seasonmakers will meet them—and do the finest possible job. For complete information and specifications, call in the McQuay representative in or near your city. McQuay, Inc., 1605 Broadway St. N. E., Minneapolis 13, Minnesota.

Ceiling Type Seasonmaker—for suspended mounting. 7 sizes, 200 to 2,000 c.f.m., ½ to 5-ton nominal cooling capacity. Thermally and acoustically insulated.

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1 Widens design latitude...
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Strong, tough and rigid, Monel alloy expands and contracts about like masonry and steel. Hence, coping, flashing, standing seam roofing, in-wall accessories work well together, are guarded against cracking and buckling from large temperature changes.

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4 Looks good for the life of the building...
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To find out how you can take advantage of Monel Roofing Sheet for hotels, schools, factories and office buildings, write to Inco for “Basic Application Data—Monel Roofing Sheet®”. Booklet lists suggested gauges, properties and gives helpful data on how to specify.

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You get an amazingly wide range of beautiful colors, textures, patterns and sizes with high-quality block produced on the world-famous Besser Vibrapac machine. Architects, builders and homeowners enjoy working with Vibrapac Block because of their accurate dimensions and their many artistic design opportunities. Designers, contractors and occupants, alike, can profit from using this versatile building material.

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*First in Concrete Block Machines*
again... TITUS sets the "Pattern for Progress" in air conditioning with another tremendous new line...

UNLIMITED SELECTION OF DISTINCTIVE PATTERNS...

HANDLE OVERHEAD AIR GRACEFULLY WITH PRECISION
Here's today's most beautiful new line of diffusers . . . for today's most beautiful ceilings. Their distinctive styling brings a crisp freshness of design to any interior . . . yet blends diffusers unobtrusively into any decor.

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Here is grace, strength and beauty—combined with care to add genuine quality to your store front design. Every metal product in the PITTICO line is a distinctive form with an effective function. For details, see your PITTICO Store Front Representative, or refer to Sweet's Architectural File—Section 21.

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FIRST JAMB-PROOF devices
with FULL SECURITY

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LOCKWOOD
LOCK 'N ROLL LATCH
actually "floats" with any light touch on crossbar

Safe exit . . . full security assured by
LOCKWOOD

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While door is closed, projection of the new LOCK 'N ROLL LATCH is rigidly retained when crossbar is in its normal, fully raised position. Any light touch on crossbar immediately withdraws all support and the multi-pivoted latch rolls freely into the case.

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This unusual "Y" shaped structure has excellence of construction in keeping with its luxury. Interior partitions are built of Penmetal studs, track, base and Studlock clips for attachment of gypsum lath. Ceilings, which incorporate many sculp-tured forms, used metal lath...the strongest, safest plaster base possible.

To protect against corrosion, galvanized metal lath and cornerite were chosen. What's more, all corner bead is made of zinc of a special Penmetal analysis.

Havana Riviera is typical of many fine buildings, the world over, in specifying "Penmetal throughout." Why not do the same? For further details, send for a copy of new 28-page catalog 624-L.

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General Sales Office: 40 Central Street, Boston 9, Mass.
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Photos of interior illustrate how ceilings of Penmetal lath readily take any attractive form.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 81
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As this equipment has been in continuous use throughout each year for seventeen years, we feel that it is time for a thorough check, and repairing or replacing of necessary parts.

To get a complete and competent check, and proper recommendations, we would like to have one of your staff engineers or field representatives examine our equipment and advise on necessary corrections; also to furnish any cost estimates.

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Very truly yours,

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Eastern District Manager
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Frick equipment is world renowned for being better-built, more economical, and giving a lifetime of dependable service.

What are your COOLING needs? If you want cool air, cold water, ice, extremely low temperatures, or refrigeration for quick freezing and processing—in any commercial or industrial sizes—call in a Frick representative at the planning stage for recommendations and estimates. They have the specialized knowledge and equipment to solve your cooling problems.
THIS WATER CLOSET
does not disturb your peace of mind

The famous Case "kitten quiet" time tested Non-Overflow One-Piece* water closet with the whispering flush ... PRODUCED IN 48 DECORATOR COLORS AND SPARKLING BLACK AND WHITE. Case manufactures colored fixtures which correspond in color to the colored fixtures produced by leading complete-line manufacturers.

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Ask your Case wholesaler or write:

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Warehouse, service station, firehouse, factory, residential garage—you name the building and you'll find a handsome, rugged Ro-Way overhead type door to fit it.

Ro-Way doors are a leading choice of style-conscious, utility-minded architects. And no wonder. They're designed for smooth, easy, trouble-free operation, yet with an eye for attractive appearance as well ... they're engineer-built of top quality materials ... they're available in a wide range of styles and sizes.

And years of service are built into every Ro-Way door. Seasoned west coast woods. Masonite® Dorlux® panels. Taper-Tite track and Seal-A-Matic hinges for snug closure and instant opening. Ball bearing rollers for quiet operation. Big, Power-Metered springs tensioned to the weight of each door. Heavy duty hardware both Parkerized and painted, or galvanized, to prevent rust and corrosion. Rugged electric operators for fast, efficient dependable service.

So doesn't it make sense to specify Ro-Way overhead type doors for all your commercial, industrial and residential buildings? They're available in standard and special sizes to meet any design problem.

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OVERHEAD TYPE DOORS

1298 Holton Street • Galesburg, Illinois
"... provides a more uniform, workable mortar,"

says R. J. Randolph, Mason Foreman
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- To produce serviceable, watertight masonry walls, the mortar mix must be plastic—and have adequate “board life.”
- Masons on the job consistently confirm that ATLAS MORTAR cement does retain its workability—and gives higher yields.
- Quality-controlled manufacture of ATLAS MORTAR cement maintains high product standards, assuring uniform performance and appearance on every project.

(Complies with ASTM and Federal Specifications.)

Write for your copy of “Build Better Masonry,”
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A REMOTE AIR COOLED CONDENSER THAT REQUIRES ONLY 1/3 OF THE REFRIGERANT CHARGE USED BY COMPETITIVE MODELS

A recent 300 ton job showed savings of 1800 lbs. of refrigerant through use of these units.

Yes, the Dunham-Bush 'BC' Remote Air Cooled Condensers with famous Inner-Fin construction mean savings of 67% in refrigerant charge. Additionally, they mean smaller receivers and minimum loss if the system charge is lost. In these expertly planned units, the exclusive Inner-Fin construction diminishes the internal volume of the coil while increasing the heat transfer coefficient. And higher heat transfer factors permit design of more compact units, saving valuable space in installation.

AS MUCH AS 53.5 TON CAPACITY IN ONE UNIT

The Dunham-Bush line of 'BC' Remote Air Cooled Condensers includes models in 13 sizes with capacities ranging from 2.2 tons to 53.5 tons, making possible use of a single unit for practically any job!

FOR ALL 'ROUND PROTECTION

Plastic vinyl paint is applied to all ferrous parts of unit casing and structure in three stages:

PRIMER—a polyvinyl plastic combined with zinc chromate.
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FINISH—hard grey, all weather resistant plastic vinyl.

All interior surfaces of the unit casing are given an extra finish coat of plastic vinyl.

AND FOR MAINTAINING SATISFACTORY HEAD PRESSURES

at all ambients, Dunham-Bush engineers offer the 'PS' Pressure Stabilizer. 'PS' units can be mounted indoors near the compressor, facilitating the making of necessary adjustments. They are thoroughly factory tested and assembled, and require connection only to the refrigerant liquid and discharge lines. No extra piping or special loops required. Regulating valve gives smooth pressure control and eliminates wide pressure fluctuations inherent in other head control systems.

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Easy to wire. Extra-roomy design provides ample working area and space for excess wiring. Fittings adjust quickly into place.

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SPANG Standard Underfloor Duct and SPANG Industrial Duct for use with conventional slab construction, and SPANG Headerduct for use in cellular floor construction offer many time-saving advantages. Available through SPANG Distributors all across the country. Write for complete information.

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DETAILS
(not to scale)
Typical Window Jamb at Round Concrete Column

Typical Detail of Round Concrete Column with Structural Framing and Reinforced Concrete Slab.

... specify round columns of concrete formed with

SONOCO
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FIBRE FORMS

It's easy to turn a structural function into an architectural feature when you design round concrete columns into your buildings!

And when you specify Sonoco Sonotube Fibre Forms as formwork for the columns you are inviting lower bids from contractors.

Sonoco Sonotube Fibre Forms save time, money and labor ... specify them for your next job.

Available in sizes from 2" to 48" I.D. in any length which can be shipped. Can be supplied in specified lengths or sawed to requirements on the job.

Sonoco's "A" coated Sonotube is for finished columns.

See our catalog in Sweets

SONOCO
Construction Products

SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY
The clean, modern design of Amweld steel doors and frames makes the most of entry openings—is flattering to any room. From America's most versatile line, architects can select door types and styles to suit the varied requirements of commercial, institutional and residential building.

Doors and frames are smartly styled and sturdily built. Mass produced, they provide custom quality and appearance at standard door prices. For commercial buildings, schools, and similar high-frequency installations, specify Amweld's new Commercial Line. For other applications, Amweld's Commodity Line offers a variety of 1-1/4" and 1-3/8" door and frame combinations. Matching folding and sliding closet door units are also available.

For complete information on Amweld's new line of Commercial Doors and Frames, Write for new catalog today.
Good Masonry Begins with "Climate-Blended" Ideal Masonry Cement

You can be assured, whether it is hot and dry or cool and moist, that "Climate-Blended" Ideal Masonry Cement will perform beautifully for every masonry job.

"Climate-Blended" Ideal Masonry Cement is manufactured by an Ideal plant right in the area where it will be used—is blended to provide maximum plasticity, strength, water repellence, and yield regardless of climate or weather conditions.

Always specify "Climate-Blended" Ideal Masonry Cement for masonry jobs—it is the cement that makes good masonry BETTER.

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DENVER, COLORADO

15 Plants and 4 Terminals Serving Some of the Most Rapidly Growing Areas of the Nation.
BRADLEY WASHFOUNTAINS HAVE all these advantages

1. CENTRAL SPRAYHEAD. Placed below soap tray or dispenser, running water is supplied to all faucets to touch or maintain.

2. SELF-FLUSHING BOWL. Used water is flushed away, keeping bowl clean and sanitary looking.

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4. BIG BOWL. Right height and size to thoroughly wash hands and arms. Lip of bowl to floor: Standard installation, 31"; Juvenile height, 27".

54-in. diam. full-circular precast stone Washfountains serve 8-10 simultaneously.

54-in. full-circular stainless steel Washfountains are preferred by some.

54-in. semi-circular wall type model, also made in 36-in. diameter size. Duo-Washfountains have foot-control and a sprayhead in place of faucets.

8-10 simultaneous.

54-in. full-circular stainless steel Washfountains are preferred by some.

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BRADLEY WASHFOUNTAINS serve up to 10 persons.

The wall type 54-in. semi-circular model serves 5-6 persons, well suited where center-of-room space is not available.

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Bradley Washfountains provide the most sanitary facilities, serve more in less space and at lower installation costs—for new as well as in your present buildings. For complete details on all models, write for our latest Catalog 5601.

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Write for Cat. 5601.
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Conventional overcurrent protectors provide protection for branch wiring for both overload and short circuits, but do not open fast enough to protect the smaller extensions beyond the branch wiring from repeated arcing or "flash" shorts. Such shorts consist of relatively low values of current and often produce spectacular flashes.

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**MAKE A "DEMONSTRATION" DATE WITH YOUR SQUARE D FIELD ENGINEER!**
BREAKER EVER BUILT BETTER...and Here's Why—

QQ Gives Positive Protection Against Both Kinds of "Flash" Shorts!

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Accidental "flash" shorts occur by a slip—a screwdriver on a terminal, a fork in a toaster, a screw falling on a bus, a loose wire. The circuit should open instantly. With QQ "Qwik-Open" breaker, the circuit opens instantly with the first flash, making the circuit safe.

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Stranded flexible cord "flashes" result principally from frayed cords. A few strands touch—the high resistance circuit gives off enough heat to burn through several strands. Further movement usually causes more strands to touch—another flash. With QQ "Qwik-Open" breaker, the circuit opens instantly on the first flash. No known protection is faster.

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And—You Don’t Need a "Road Map" To Use Square D’s QQ Breakers!

NO GUESSWORK! There's just ONE ARRANGEMENT. 2-pole breakers go anywhere on the bus assembly. You don't need a wiring diagram to tell you where to put them. No limit on number of 2-pole breakers you can use. The same applies on 3-pole breakers for 3-phase jobs.

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If your plans call for a combination light and air distribution fixture, specify the new Paraflo. It's the one troffer combining precision-engineered air diffusion and high-comfort illumination in a single attractive unit. Developed jointly by Day-Brite Lighting, Inc., and Barber-Colman Company air distribution engineers, the Paraflo provides properly diffused air throughout the length of its exclusive center "V" louver. Controlled lateral deflection of the quiet, diffused air stream eliminates "waterfall" effect without ceiling smudge. The Barber-Colman air volume control is adjustable from below after installation for simplified system balancing. For more details on this newest and most efficient combination fixture, call your nearby Barber-Colman field office or write to...

Barber-Colman Company

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One source...one responsibility for both air distribution and automatic controls
"STRONG. FIRE-RESISTANT. CORROSION-RESISTANT. THAT'S WHY WE USE WEIRZIN® IN OUR STUD SYSTEMS!"

says G. A. Stevenson, vice president of Penn Metal Company, Inc., Parkersburg, W. Va., maker of PERMALOCK nailable metal stud systems.

"Broadly speaking, our choice of Weirzin electrolytically zinc-coated steel is based on two factors: performance in our products and performance in our production lines.

"With Weirzin, of course, our stud systems have the strength, rigidity and high degree of fire resistance inherent in steel. And because Weirzin's zinc coating is completely integrated with the steel, we have the added assurance of a corrosion-free life for our systems.

"In our production lines, Weirzin goes smoothly through every operation—no flaking or peeling regardless of the severity of the fabrication stresses.

"Briefly, we feel that Weirzin has helped us to produce a quality product that gives our customers solid value at low cost."

Strong! Highly resistant to fire! Highly resistant to corrosion! Easy to fabricate! That's Weirzin electrolytically zinc-coated steel. For more information on Weirzin send for free booklet, Write Weirton Steel Company, Dept. Q-17, Weirton, West Virginia.
This ideal GJ specification for office doors is used in such outstanding office buildings as:

*Socony Mobil Building, New York City*  
Harrison and Abramovitz and John B. Peterkin — associated architects

*State Mutual Life Assurance Company of America, Worcester, Massachusetts. Hoyle, Doran and Berry, Boston, Mass.— architects*

*A & E and Research Buildings, Whiting, Ind.*  
Holabird & Root & Burgee, Chicago, Illinois — architects

"shall have GLYNN-JOHNSON..."

GJ F 40 FLOOR TYPE (or GJ W 40 wall mounted) COMBINATION DOOR STOP AND HOLDER.” (This simple, fool-proof device engages silently and automatically to hold the door open. Releases with a firm pull. Especially recommended for doors opening more than 110°, or to meet budget limitations. All working parts are enclosed in a streamlined case for maximum durability.)

"THREE GJ 64 for metal frame (or GJ 65 for wood frame) RUBBER SILENCERS.” (Form pneumatic air pockets to absorb shock or noise of closing and create constant latch tension... no door rattling.)

Also GJ shock absorbing overhead arm type door holders for entrance and other heavy duty doors.

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A 2,000-Pound Capacity Package Unit occupies only 14½ sq. ft. of space . . . a 30-ton custom built unit only 64 sq. ft. Save valuable space with a Tube-Ice machine.

Only 13 minutes is needed to freeze, thaw and discharge "crushed" Tube-Ice and only 40 minutes for "cylinder" Tube-Ice.

The Tube-Ice process utilizes direct application of the refrigerant to the freezing surfaces thereby eliminating all power costs incidental to the now-obsolete brine system.

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Drop Forged Steel Valves, Fittings, Flanges, and Unions • Petroleum Refinery and Chemical Plant Equipment • Steam Generators • Heat Exchangers • Refrigerating Equipment
Remodeled Broad St. entrance of Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia, above. Bronze sheet and strip frame vestibules and door openings with warm, golden color to complement tans and browns of floor and marble veneer. Dark, closed-in original entrance, left.

Below: Interlocking bronze extrusions with 3 1/8th exposed surfaces form smart, trim panels from floor to ceiling in the main lobby. See diagram below, left. Right: The same area as it looked before modernization.

Section and isometric of bronze extrusions used in wall at right. A metal sub-frame made possible perfect alignment of the shapes. All fastenings are concealed. This special shape was designed and detailed by the architects and the architectural metal fabricator.
MODERNIZATION THAT GIVES CHARACTER TO A BUILDING REQUIRES GOOD DESIGN AND THE BEST MATERIAL

VERSATILE ARCHITECTURAL BRONZE

A highly favorable reception to the modernized entry is reported by Albert M. Greenfield & Co., rental agents, who write: “We are most pleased with the results achieved in architectural beauty, durability, and low material cost. All of this without impairing the exterior architecture of this long-famous landmark in the heart of Philadelphia.” For information on Anaconda Architectural Metals address: Architectural Service, The American Brass Company, Waterbury 20, Conn.

ANAConDA® ARCHITECTURAL METALS made by THE AMERICAN BRASS COMPANY
about the International Revolving Doors at the LUCAS COUNTY COURTHOUSE in Toledo, Ohio

"Even on an initial cost and installation basis, these doors represent a savings of 10 to 15% over comparable doors ... and on a long-term basis, we estimate that they will save Lucas County about $6,000 yearly on heating costs alone.

"From the standpoint of design ... always of interest to architects ... the clean, modern lines of International Revolving Doors blend harmoniously with the building, and do not conflict with its historical expression.

"This installation has generated a great deal of comment among other architects and engineers in this area. And we at Hahn & Hayes regard this installation as a tribute to a highly modernization-minded County Commission, composed of members who possessed a great deal of discretion in making their selections."

Find out how "always open — always closed" International Revolving Doors can fit into modernization or new building plans you may have. Write for further information.
The smart way to modernize

... specify your heating plant in one package

Iron Fireman burner with boiler — engineered as a single unit

These famous boiler-burner units are the products of two great specialists—each in its own field. They are engineered for each other. Included in one catalog, they can be ordered by a single model number from one set of specifications.

Plenty of reserve power

You can feel safe in specifying Iron Fireman equipment. These thoroughly engineered units are conservatively rated. The normal firing rate is a comfortable cruising speed—less strain, low maintenance, quiet operation, higher efficiency—and that big extra capacity is always standing by to pick up extra loads.

Compact and complete

These complete steam or hot water generating units require little more than service connections. Automatic controls, air and fuel systems are built in. No special boiler settings; low headroom; no high stack.

Please mail coupon for catalog and specifications.

IRON FIREMAN MANUFACTURING CO.
3024 West 106th Street, Cleveland 11, Ohio
(In Canada, 80 Ward Street, Toronto, Ontario)
Please send catalog and specifications on following equipment:
☐ Complete boiler-burner units
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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD  June 1958  109
The only completely integrated Radiant Acoustical Ceiling

It is the most modern concept in comfort conditioning. It is years past the experimental stage. Its performance has been proved by use in many types of buildings.

The Burgess-Manning Radiant Acoustical Ceiling is the ideal ceiling for any building where human comfort is a first consideration.

Combining thermal comfort conditioning and acoustical control in the same unit, this ceiling performs both functions with equal efficiency. It heats or cools by radiant energy, independent of air movement and does not produce drafts. Room temperatures are always practically uniform from floor to ceiling. With Burgess-Manning Radiant Heating and Cooling human comfort can be maintained with lower than average room temperatures. Where many people are working in the same room, its extreme uniformity of heating and cooling eliminates the hot and cold spots that cause dissatisfaction and complaints.

As economical as it is efficient, the Burgess-Manning Radiant Acoustical Ceiling introduces a new standard of comfort conditioning for commercial buildings.

Remember

Your Building is Better

Your Building Budget No Bigger

Write for Descriptive Catalog No. 138-2L

BURGESS-MANNING COMPANY

Architectural Products Division
5970 Northwest Highway, Chicago 31, Ill.
Building's system was designed to a static pressure of 8" water.
SOFTITE Cop-R-Loy used ranged from 16-gage for ducts over 18" in diameter to 22-gage for 8" or less.

Because sections were made up in Alpine's shop with short lead time on an "as needed" basis, Wheeling's dependable delivery was a big advantage.

ARCHITECT Skidmore, Owings & Merrill
OWNER Port of New York Authority
GEN. CONTRACTOR Cauldwell-Wingate Co.
FABRICATOR Alpine Sheet Metal & Ventilating Co.

New York International Airport's new International Arrival Building, partially shown here, is air-conditioned by nine absorption machines located in a central heating and refrigeration plant and...

5 miles of high-velocity trunk lines made of Wheeling SOFTITE® COP-R-LOY® Sheets

Although it's only three stories tall, Idlewild Airport's new 3,200'-long International Arrival Building has the high-velocity air-distribution system normally associated with skyscrapers. It was selected to minimize the space requirements of trunk lines and ducts in the extremely long structure... and to assure the best possible year-round air-conditioning in every part of it.

Using almost 250 tons of Wheeling SOFTITE Cop-R-Loy Galvanized Sheets, the lines were fabricated by Alpine Sheet Metal & Ventilating Company, Long Island City. The company's president, Mr. Marty Langberg, says, "We knew this was going to be a tough job, so we worked extremely carefully and used SOFTITE Cop-R-Loy wherever possible to assure extra-long, trouble-free service from the system."

For full details on SOFTITE Cop-R-Loy's extra-long life, contact your nearby Wheeling warehouse or sales office. Wheeling Corrugating Company, Wheeling, West Virginia.

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 111
How much of your client's operating budget will drip down the drain?

More than you might think—unless you specify Crane Dial-ese controls, designed to cut down water loss and water heating bills.

A drop of water a second, hour after hour, adds up to 2,300 gallons a year.

Multiply that by the number of faucets in your client's building, and you can see the incredible water waste that dripping can, and does, cause. And when it's hot water, there's big fuel waste, too!

Crane Dial-ese controls are designed to stop this constant waste. For one thing, a Dial-ese control shuts off easier and all the way because it closes with the water pressure—not against it. The water pressure helps instead of hindering the closing.

Dial-ese is designed to last longer, too. Stem threads are permanently lubricated at the factory—and sealed inside where water can't touch them. All working parts are in a single, simple cartridge that screws into the faucet. Replacement is quick and easy—just take out the old, put in the new.

All Crane fixtures (and only Crane fixtures) feature Dial-ese controls. Why not ask your Crane Branch or Crane Wholesaler for more details?
new Grady Memorial Hospital: guarded by the vital oils of pitch

Now the new Grady Memorial Hospital in Atlanta, Georgia, adds its name to the imposing list of great American hospitals that are Barrett-roofed.

Again, a new building which employs all the most modern construction techniques and materials relies on built-up roofing based on a long-established weatherproofing substance—coal-tar pitch. Pitch, with its vital oils, lasts for decades and is actually preserved by moisture—the destructive enemy of other bitumens.

Laboratory tests show that other bitumens absorb from 2 to 17 times more water than pitch.

And pitch has long-lasting flexibility which allows small cracks to “heal” themselves and assures tight, uniform adherence to the face of the roof deck. Layers of pitch and roofing felt, armored with a slag or gravel surface, comprise the famous Barrett SPECIFICATION® Roof—the critical standard in built-up roofing for over 50 years. BARRETT DIVISION, Allied Chemical & Dye Corporation, 40 Rector Street, New York 6, N.Y. In Canada: The Barrett Co. Ltd., 5551 St. Hubert St., Montreal, P. Q.

BARRETT ROOFS... they outlive the bond
AIR DIFFUSERS
with
DIFFUSING VANES

Each AGITAIR square and rectangular air diffuser is custom designed to meet your requirements of air flow and interior treatment.

These AGITAIR diffusers have built-in diffusing vanes, scientifically arranged in unlimited louver patterns to provide certified 100% draftless air distribution from any ceiling or wall location.

AGITAIR Catalog R-107 shows you how to select the proper size and pattern for your job conditions.

Write for your copy today.

AIR DEVICES INC.
185 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK 16, N. Y.
air diffusers • filters • exhausters
For the past quarter century, Unit Structures, Inc., has pioneered in the continuing development of functional, fire resistive schools through the use of soundly engineered, permanent glued laminated wood members. Unit laminated construction leads the field in creating true school building economy...effectively reducing costs through simplified detailing, adaptability to modular dimensioning, faster erection. As a result, more and more architects are designing schools with dimensionally stable Southern Pine laminated structural members -- and specifying UNIT for dependable fabrication, expert finishing, speedy shipment.

Take advantage of the many cost saving ideas possible only with modern glued laminated construction -- the ideal method to frame classrooms, gymnasiums, assembly halls. Let our experienced planning staff assist you on your next school building project.

WRITE TODAY!

For your free copies of Unitecture, a periodic bulletin, containing simplified details of arch and beam connections, photographs of unusual and outstanding architecture and helpful design data on glued laminated construction.

UNIT STRUCTURES, Inc.
ONLY JENN-AIR EXHAUSTERS OFFER TRUE LOW CONTOUR

The Big Difference is in the Installed Height

To conform with modern construction, low contour in exhausters is the accepted design among architects, engineers and building owners. And Jenn-Air, first to develop low contour spun aluminum exhausters, still engineers the lowest contour of all. Only true measurement of exhauster height is the distance from the roof level to the top of the exhauster. Jenn-Air Quiet-Tested units, when installed, stand 25 to 50% lower than others—yet meet specifications for a discharge height at least 16" above roof level. This is achieved by Jenn-Air’s exclusive method of nesting the motor below the discharge of the exhauster. Thus, the base of the exhauster itself supplies the additional height. In competitive models, with a discharge height of only 9½", the curb base must be extended higher to attain the 16" position. Result: overall, installed height of competitive so-called "low contour" exhausters runs 8" to 10" more than that of Jenn-Air. Have a Jenn-Air representative show you the "yard-stick test"... proof positive that only Jenn-Air Quiet-Tested exhausters offer true low contour.

JENN-AIR PRODUCTS COMPANY, INC.
1102 Stadium Drive, Indianapolis 7, Indiana
STANDARD BEARER TO THE HINGE INDUSTRY!
Since 1954, when Hager first introduced Permanized LUMA-SHEEN Finish—the original and first true aluminum colored finish—it's become the most widely acclaimed finish of the door hardware industry!

Other manufacturers have tried desperately to duplicate and imitate the superb excellence of LUMA-SHEEN. When they compromised quality...they failed!

TRUE TO ITS PURPOSE... LUMA-SHEEN Finish—first of the industry—today is still first in the industry, after four long years! Specifiers, Consultants and Builders recognize that permanized LUMA-SHEEN has a can't-be-copied Hager craftsmanship that out-performs and out-matches them all!

PROOF OF INTEGRITY AND ENDURANCE!
1954—The Industry's first and finest! LUMA-SHEEN Finish—the only electrolytically-coated True Aluminum Color that matched other aluminum door hardware and trim.

1958—Proved by installation in practically every conceivable situation! LUMA-SHEEN remains the only finish that retains original soft lustrous beauty...resists and withstands corrosion.

When you want it to stand up to the test of time—specify Hager LUMA-SHEEN (symbol LS) on that next job.

C. HAGER & SONS HINGE MFG. CO., ST. LOUIS 4, MO. ©1958
More architects are learning that you can

**ELIMINATE NEEDLESS COSTS**

and

**IMPROVE EQUIPMENT QUALITY**

In 1958, the farsighted, value-minded school boards are walking off with the real "bargains" in classroom heating and ventilating comfort.

To learn more about how you can get the most advanced hot water system within your present budget read below:

**ECONOMY**

Compared with the installed cost of some other systems, the Nesbitt Series Hot Water Wind-o-line system saves as much as 20% on construction, equipment and installation costs. Each classroom has its own Nesbitt Syncretizer for heating, ventilating and natural air cooling. And Nesbitt Wind-o-line fin-tube radiation extends along the sill to protect students sitting near windows against cold walls and window downdraft. Each student enjoys the full measure of thermal environment most conducive to optimum learning... whether he sits near the window or at the other side of the room.

**PERFORMANCE**

No other unit ventilator provides controlled heating, ventilating and natural cooling as effectively as the Nesbitt Syncretizer. Add to this the advantages of Wind-o-line radiation and you have two-way Nesbitt protection against (1) excessive radiant loss of body heat and (2) chilling downdraft.

This unique double protection is your assurance of healthful, productive comfort—free of physical distraction—for every child in the room, wherever his seat is located. Only the comfortable student can maintain maximum learning efficiency.

**QUALITY and VERSATILE DESIGN**

The copper tubing of the Nesbitt Wind-o-line radiation does double duty by serving as the supply and return mains for the Nesbitt Syncretizer in each classroom. And that means double savings for you on pipes and coverings, and the elimination of expensive pipe trenches, mains and runouts. Because less hot water circulates, smaller and less costly pipes and pumps are needed. Piping within the Syncretizer units is factory-assembled, labor on the job is reduced. Gravity heating maintains overnight temperature, saving money on controls. Sum total of these economies: the best in controlled heating and
ventilation for your school at a cost that’s way down . . . with quality that’s way up for every classroom.

SCHOOLS IN MODERATE CLIMATES
In parts of the country where daytime winter temperatures rarely fall below 20°F., Wind-o-line Radiation may not be necessary because outside window walls do not create special comfort problems. In such areas, Nesbitt offers the Mainline System. It offers the economies of the series piping arrangement without sacrificing quality.

Send for the big book, packed full of information on the value of controlled classroom ventilation, More Learning per School Dollar.

THESE SCHOOLS CUT COSTS...and improved quality

Heating and ventilating costs for 3 more Nesbitt equipped schools

In New York $1.57 sq. ft.
Myron Avenue Elementary School, Tonawanda, N.Y.
Architect: Fenno, Reynolds & McNeil, Tonawanda, N.Y.
Engineer: Jacobus & Babinski, Buffalo, N.Y.
Gross Area: 15,100 sq. ft.
Total Contract: $256,119.00
Heating & Ventilating: $23,681.00
Nesbitt Series Hot Water Wind-o-line System with Wind-o-line Radiation concealed by storage cabinets as shown at left

In Colorado $1.48 sq. ft.
Machebeuf High School, Denver, Colorado
Architect: John Connell, Deceased R. James Noone, Denver, Colorado
Engineer: Marwi S. Wilson, Denver, Colorado
Capacity: 550 pupils
Gross Area: 46,300 sq. ft.
Total Contract: $523,200.00
Heating & Ventilating: $71,833.00
Nesbitt Series Hot Water Wind-o-line Radiation

In Maryland $1.57 sq. ft.
Stephen Knolls Elementary School, Montgomery Co., Maryland
Architect: Bailey & Patton, Rockville, Maryland
Engineer: Redmile, Corb & Wood, Washington, D.C.
Capacity: 450 pupils
Gross Area: 28,037 sq. ft.
Total Contract: $303,851.00
Heating Contract: $44,025.00
Nesbitt Series Hot Water Wind-o-line System eliminated pipe trenches—put all piping above floor for maintenance accessibility

Nesbitt
THERMAL COMFORT ALLWAYS
more learning per school dollar

Sold also by American Blower Corporation and by American Standard Products (Canada) Ltd.

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 119
... always an insulation investment; never an insulating expense

**FOAMGLAS® IS VAPOUR-PROOF**

Water vapor is the biggest threat to any insulation's thermal performance. It is present in nearly every situation requiring thermal insulation. Most insulations absorb vapor. When they do, the vapor can condense within the material... and turn the insulation into a conductor of heat. Eliminate this threat. Use Pittsburgh Corning FOAMGLAS. Its sealed glass cells can never absorb or transmit vapor (see above) ... thus guaranteeing long lasting insulating value that never fades from its original high level. There's still more to this insulation investment story. FOAMGLAS is dimensionally stable... can't burn... unusually strong... acid-proof... vermin-proof... easy, economical to handle and install. Write for our latest literature. PC Glass Blocks are another outstanding building product of Pittsburgh Corning Corporation.

**PITTSBURGH CORNING CORPORATION**

Dept. B-68, One Gateway Center, Pittsburgh 22, Pa. • In Canada: 57 Bloor Street West, Toronto, Ontario
The Porter Building... another Pittsburgh landmark with Curtain Walls

by General Bronze

Here's another example of a modern office building with metal curtain wall by General Bronze. Located almost within the shadows of Pittsburgh's famous Alcoa Building (with its aluminum curtain wall fabricated and erected by General Bronze), this new Porter Building makes use of 1026 dark gray aluminized curtain wall panels. Its 864 vertically pivoted fully reversible windows are in natural color aluminum finish to provide a pleasing color contrast.

If you're thinking of curtain walls for new buildings (either skin or grid and panel system) in aluminum, bronze or stainless steel, we can be of great service to you. Our extensive experience in designing, engineering, fabricating and erecting curtain wall systems can help you avoid costly pitfalls in this highly specialized field.

For additional information on General Bronze products—curtain wall systems, windows, revolving doors, architectural metalwork—call in the General Bronze representative. He is ready and anxious to serve you. Our catalogs are filed in Sweet's.

The Porter Building—Pittsburgh, Pa.
Architects: Harrison & Abramovitz
Contractor: George A. Fuller Co.
NOW! BASTIAN-BLESSING

From The World's Largest Manufacturer of Fountain and Counter Food-Service Equipment

OUT FRONT impressive custom design

cafeterias...

Cold Pan Units  Hot Food Units  Lowerator Dispenser Stands  Urn Stands  Display Shelving
REVOLUTIONIZES CAFETERIA EQUIPMENT

incomparable quality with mass-production economy

Now, Bastian-Blessing's ingenious Custom-Modular design principle means that you can have a cafeteria line incorporating every type of food-service unit you want . . . arranged in any sequence . . . to fit any size or shape area . . . with seamless, continuous, tailor-made 14 ga. stainless-steel top construction—and with your choice of any Formica, plastic laminate, or popular metal front—at a far lower cost than you'd expect. Materials, construction and easy-maintenance throughout these installations reflect Bastian-Blessing's 50 years of setting the highest standards for the food-fountain service industry. It is truly custom quality . . . without "custom" price penalty or time-consuming "custom" delays!

send for new catalog no. C-400 . . .
...showing revolutionary new Custom-Modular cafeteria food-service equipment. Write on your letterhead: The Bastian-Blessing Co., 4205 West Peterson Avenue, Chicago 46, Illinois, Dept. 4-F.
mills new aluminum frame movable partitions open up a new field of space articulation

THE MILLS COMPANY 987 WAYSIDE ROAD CLEVELAND 16, OHIO
"Glare-less" Lighting with Mercury Uplight Units
Abolite's 24" wide Alzak aluminum uplight fixtures used with H 400-RC1 mercury lamps. Ceiling height is 35'; fixture height, 27' 10", with 20' spacing. 90% of lamp's lumens are useful. Average footcandle level is 35.

Now Abolite brings "office type" eye comfort to...

INDUSTRIAL HIGH BAY LIGHTING

Abolite open-top units direct only a small amount of light (18%) upward, but it makes a big difference in eye comfort. Dark ceiling shadows are washed away—there's no sharp contrast of bright light against black background. And glare is reduced still more by 35° lamp shielding. As a result, eye fatigue is reduced—workers are more efficient.

Abolite's modern air-swept design also reduces maintenance costs because air circulating through the fixture sweeps it clean of dulling dust.

There are three Abolite uplight units for high bay lighting: 18" and 24" diameter Alzak aluminum fixtures for use with 400 and 1000 watt mercury lamps and 18" Alzak aluminum fixtures for 500 watt incandescent lamps (ideal for gymnasium lighting). For full information on these units, see Sweet's Industrial Construction File, 12i/AB.
"Marlite provides a smooth, easily-maintained surface in attractive colors and patterns"

says architect Juliet Peddle

"The new Medicenter Building, Terre Haute, Indiana, has five self-sufficient suites that include an office, waiting room, examination and consultation rooms. All interior walls are Marlite plastic-finished paneling. Six colors, three marble patterns, and six wood grains were used. The result is both attractive and efficient, and requires only a minimum of maintenance."

More and more architects are planning imaginative interiors with Marlite. This versatile paneling—dimensioned for standard modular sizes—fits right, looks right, goes up fast with minimum cost in place. And Marlite's baked melamine plastic finish resists heat, moisture, grime and stains. It wipes clean with a damp cloth; stays like new for years.

Get complete details from your building materials dealer, refer to Sweet's File, or write Marlite Division of Masonite Corporation, Dept. 605, Dover, Ohio.

that's the beauty of Marlite®

plastic-finished paneling

MARLITE IS ANOTHER QUALITY PRODUCT OF MASONITE® RESEARCH
FIRST FIVE YEARS PROVE CURTAIN WALLS SEALED WITH NEOPRENE STAY WEATHERPROOF... TROUBLE-FREE

In 1953, more than 150,000 feet of neoprene stripping was used to seal many of the glass and metal curtain-wall panels in the General Motors Technical Center. Today, 5 years later, this neoprene weatherstripping is still air and water tight. What's more, these same sealing strips are expected to do their job for many years to come.

All over the country, seals of neoprene synthetic rubber are going hand-in-hand with good curtain-wall construction. Neoprene sealing strips won’t crack or dry out, get hard, soft, or lose their sealing pressure... even after years of exposure to the elements. They can absorb vibration and dimensional changes of the panels over long periods of time without “setting” and losing their resilience. In addition, neoprene strips can be pre-formed to make installation of the metal and glass panels easier, quicker and neater.

Sealing strips of Du Pont neoprene can bring long-term dependability and economy to your curtain-wall projects. Send the coupon for a list of suppliers. You’ll also receive a free copy of The Du Pont Elastomers, a booklet that reviews the properties of both neoprene and Hypalon®, Du Pont’s newest synthetic rubber.
PITTSBURGH, Mar. 18. — Results of three tests new 4-D wrought iron have been announced by the metallurgical department of A. M. Byers Company, Pittsburgh. The test data documents the announce-ment made by A. S. Chalfant, vice president of sales, a press conference in Pittsburgh in February at new 4-D wrought iron at least 25% more cor-

Test Conditions

- Corrosion Resistance
- 250,000 Non-Rusting Fibers

Developed By A. M. Byers

Civil Engineer C. E. Drummond (left), examines 4-D Wrought Iron sponge ball with J. A. Cain, A. M. Byers Company southeastern division manager. Laboratory test results have shown the new metal to be much more corrosion resistant than standard wrought iron.

A. M. Byers Claims

Improved Wrought Iron
Less Likely to Corrode

Byers Improves Its Wrought Iron

Develop New Wrought Iron

25 Per Cent More Corrosion Resistance

A. M. Byers

A. M. Byers Co.

Pittsburgh Firm

Announces New
Metal Discovery

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 13. — A. M. Byers Co., a produ-

cer of wrought iron products, announced its meta-
lurgists have come up with a new and proved version of standard wrought iron.

Called 4-D wrought iron, simply a market-
term used to distinguish it from the standard product, it is expected to “aid substantially in reducing losses stemming from material failures caused by corrosion.”

A. S. Chalfant, vice president, stated.

He said that standard wrought iron is ready “for battle in the fight against corrosion.” Wrought iron pipe, for instance, is used in water, waste and drainage lines, locomotives and railroad bits and pieces parts, structural members and process materials tanks.

A. S. Chalfant, vice president, said that the new product will go on the market imme-

NATION ENDORSES
4-D WROUGHT IRON

M. Byers Co. Markets New Kind of Wrought Iron

PITTSBURGH — A. M. Byers, wrought iron, developed after 17 years of research, has greater uniformity and better physical and mechanical properties. The key to manufacture of 4-D wrought iron is removal of more oxygen from the base metal.

A. M. Byers develops new Wrought Iron

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 13 — A. M. Byers, producer of wrought iron products, announces its metallurgists have worked out a new and improved version of standard wrought iron.

Corrosion resistance raised in Wrought Iron

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 15 — The A. M. Byers Company has announced development of an improved type of wrought iron highly resistant to corrosion. Known as 4-D wrought iron, the product is the result of 17 years of research by the company’s metallurgists.

‘New’ Wrought Iron Developed

PITTSBURGH — A. M. Byers, producer of wrought iron products, announces its metallurgists have worked out a new and improved version of standard wrought iron. Called 4-D wrought iron, the product is highly resistant to corrosion.

Here is news. It’s about one of the most significant metallurgical advances of modern times: the increased corrosion resistance of new 4-D wrought iron. This improved metal provides longer service life at lower cost per year. You can get further details from the Byers representative or by writing direct: A. M. Byers Company, Clark Building, Pittsburgh 22, Penna.

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Byers Improves Wrought Iron

Special to The Herald Tribune

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 12 — A. M. Byers announced today that it had developed a new kind of wrought iron, known by the trade as “4-D” wrought iron, which is highly resistant to corrosion.

Byers announces development of improved wrought iron

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 12 — A. M. Byers announced today that it had developed a new kind of wrought iron, known by the trade as “4-D” wrought iron, which is highly resistant to corrosion.
again... it's Erie-quality

Porcelain Enamel Curtain Wall Panels

The builders of another American showplace—DuPont Plaza—looked to Erie for the quality they demanded in their porcelain enamel curtain wall panels.

The Reasons

Construction—Pre-engineered panels of full 16 ga. steel, all-welded flange corners, and assembly with mechanical fasteners.

Durability—Protected on all face panel surfaces with “AA” rated weather-proof porcelain enamel. Internally insulated with age-proof material.

Color—Jewel-tones of permanent, fade-proof colors in lifetime porcelain enamel.

Economy—Fast erecting; maintenance-free finish; actual sq. ft. cost unmatched by less desirable materials.

Erie-quality merits its place in the finest projects, improves the most economical ones.

See us in Sweet's 3e Er
COMPLETELY NEW!

SEAL AND HARDEN NEW
CONCRETE FLOORS BETTER THAN EVER BEFORE...

TREmseAL-20

Tremseal-20 is a radically new, amazingly superior seal for new concrete floors. A "synthetic elastomer," Tremseal-20 is markedly better than conventional magnesium fluorosilicate hardeners and oleo-resinous seals. It is the modern way to seal and harden concrete floors — and at lower cost applied.

An outstanding advantage of Tremseal-20 is enormously increased resistance to abrasion — it wears twice as long as older type seals (see chart). One coat of Tremseal-20 protects the floor during building construction — mortar, plaster and other debris is easily removed after other trades have finished work.

Tremseal-20 can be applied to new floors only 7 days old, providing the immediate surface is thoroughly dry. It dries in 3 hours to a flint-like hardness. Tremseal-20 possesses remarkable adhesion even to smooth, hard-trowelled concrete. Ask your Tremco Man for a sample or write The Tremco Manufacturing Co., 8701 Kinsman Road, Cleveland 4, Ohio, or The Tremco Manufacturing Co. (Canada) Ltd., Leaside, Toronto.

This test was conducted in the presence of, and certified by Cosma Testing Laboratories, a leading independent laboratory. The Taber Abraser (lower right) was used on test panels treated with (1) chemical hardener, (2) oleo-resinous seal and (3) Tremseal-20. Note Tremseal-20's obvious superiority in abrasion resistance.

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958
ARCHITECT: CHICAGO BANK EQUIPMENT CO.
GENERAL CONTRACTOR: PAUL H. SCHWENDENER,
7353 SOUTH CHICAGO AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL.

Specify Arkla-Servel Gas Air

With their new Arkla-Servel Gas Absorptive Cooler, the La Grange Federal Savings and Loan Association keeps customers cool in summer with the same compact system that keeps them warm in winter.

Before installing Gas, a complete study was made of available air conditioning systems. The Arkla-Servel unit—the only 25-ton absorptive cooler—was chosen because it is compact, easy to install, and costs are low for installation, operation and maintenance. No specially trained operating or maintenance personnel are required.
Conditioning and you specify years of trouble-free comfort

Only Gas gives these important advantages:
- high efficiency at all times—even during the light loads
- temperature control is constant
- modular adjustment of capacity (instant automatic adjustment to match actual cooling requirements)
- dependability of fuel service at all times

Gas absorptive cooling can put your commercial and industrial clients’ heating plant on a year around paying basis. It utilizes low pressure steam to cool water, has no moving parts to wear out, and provides quiet, economical operation. What’s more, it’s vibration-free.

Take advantage of the consulting services provided by your Gas company. They have trained specialists who have been working with architects and engineers for years. They belong to your associations or affiliations and are familiar with your problems. Check the facts about Gas and you’ll see modern Gas air conditioning out-performs all other fuels. American Gas Association.
Prefabricated **DOXPLANK**

**Floor and Roof Systems!**

- Cement topping increases strength
- Takes any kind of floor covering
- Openings thru full length reduce weight. Used for conduits and piping, also air ducts.
- Modular surfaces line up to fill in floor or roof area
- Steel reinforcing rods give structural strength
- Tongue & groove design assures positive interlocking and alignment

**High Speed “Time-Table” Construction is KEYED to LOWER BUILDING COSTS!**

The tremendous increase in DOXPLANK installations is due to a new and practical simplification keyed to lowering building costs through saving **TIME**, **LABOR** and **FIELD SUPERVISION**.

These reinforced concrete planks are prefabricated to exact dimensions—delivered to jobsite on **“TIME-TABLE”** schedules and laid to meet **“TIME-TABLE”** planning to provide an immediate working deck for following trades.

Unlike poured concrete, DOXPLANK floor and roof construction is rarely hindered by weather—summer or winter. No delays due to mixing, pouring, setting or building and removing forms. Due to simplified high-speed installation costly field supervision is reduced to a minimum.

DOXPLANK installations conform to approved building practices—also army, navy and FHA requirements.

**Consult with these members of The DOXPLANK Manufacturing Association**

- **Baltimore Concrete Plank Corp.** Pulaski Highway & Race Road Baltimore 31, Md., Mürdock 6-2100
- **Baltimore Concrete Plank Corp.** 1214 Commercial Trust Building Philadelphia 2, Pa., Locust 6-2390
- **Cleveland Precast Floor & Roof Div.** The Cleveland Builders Supply Co. Reeves and Bayrte Road Cleveland 5, Ohio, Phone VU 3-5656
- **Dox-Block System** 100 Broadway Street St. Paul Park, Minnesota
- **DOXPLANK of Illinois, Inc.** 120 South LaSalle St. Chicago 3, Ill., Randolph 6-2780
- **Dox System of Pennsylvania** Box 427 Portage, Pa., Portage 8503
- **Knox Concrete Products, Inc.** 4016 Kingston Pike, N.W. Knoxville, Tennessee
- **Maule Industries, Inc.** 5220 Biscayne Boulevard Miami, Fla., Plaza 1-5681
- **Mid-State Concrete Plank, Inc.** 135 South LaSalle St. Chicago 3, Ill., Randolph 6-2780
- **Wm. Meors Concrete Prod., Inc.** 506-7000
- **Multiplex Concrete Co., Inc.** 64 Glenwood Place East Orange, N. J., Orange 2-1300
- **Nabco Plank Company** Terra Cotta Washington 11, D. C., Tu 2-1700
- **Neville Concrete Pipe Co.** Neville Island Pittsburgh 35, Pa., Federal 1-5834
- **Plasticrete Corporation** Floor & Roof Div., 45 Skiff St. Hamden 14, Conn., Atwater 8-1641
- **Schaefer Bros. Builders Supply Co., Inc.** 1225 Chili Avenue Rochester 11, N. Y., Geneese 8-3460
- **Vander Heyden, Inc.** 6633 West National Avenue Milwaukee 14, Wisc.

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We seem to have lost—in our preoccupation with technology—the visual, sensual delights that water has historically added to architecture. Lying in a still pool, coursing rapidly in a stream, cascading in a fall or bursting skyward in a jet, water is part of the environment of building. Whether it is the art we have lost, or the notion, today when water is used as an architectural element it is usually done tentatively, even apologetically. But architecture seems trending toward more enrichment, also toward more interest in site development. Perhaps with some encouragement,—such as this beginning series,—water may again add pleasure to our contemporary architecture.
As reflected reeds look twice their height, so water-based piers assume strange new dimensions. Frank Lloyd Wright: Florida Southern College.

Below: fractured reflections in a trio of basins designed by the sculptor Noguchi. Fed by underwater nozzles, they are kept full to the brim or made to overflow into the shallow blue-tiled pool beneath. Basins are of reinforced concrete, lined with black waterproof paint and rimmed with ¼” sheet bronze. Skidmore, Owings & Merrill architects and engineers: Connecticut General Life Insurance Company, Bloomfield, Conn.

The cantilevered slabs which conceal the walls of this courtyard pool serve to free the water from all visible confinement. Eckbo, Royston & Williams, Landscape Architects. Bassetti & Morse architects: Benton County Public Utility Administration Building, Kennewich, Wash.
Still Waters

A reflecting pool is most persuasive when illusion seems one with actuality. Unless a mirror pond is filled to the very brim, even to overflowing, the strong horizontals of the coping will destroy the dream. Or the object can be set directly into the water like a reed, with no separate base to interrupt the continuity of verticals. . . . Design must take into account both the angles of reflection and the validity of the reflected scene, for mirrored images may otherwise come as an unpleasant surprise. A quiet pool in a small or deep interior court can multiply busy façades into dizziness and prove far less peaceful in practice than the live water of a fountain or runnel.

Water itself has neither beginning nor end, but precisely stated boundaries will make it seem finite. The Chinese tradition has been to curve a pond in such manner that its total shape and size remain elusive. No matter where one stands, some portion of the shore will be obscured by a promontory, another concealed by an island. Eighteenth century English romantics found this a sympathetic approach and happily converted the self-contained geometry of their fathers’ pools and canals into approximations of nature’s irregular ponds and meandering streams. . . . A certain pleasant ambiguity of dimension is possible even within the formal language of geometry, however, for overhanging floor slabs can serve to hide a pool’s confining walls.

Sometimes it is the flatness of still water that will be its dominant trait, and its flat plane will join on equal footing with other planes of masonry or glass to become the basic formal element of an architectural composition.

Still waters double the known into the unknown and the unknowable. When mysterious depths bear the image of fact, the sheen of certainty, familiar worlds crack open to let Alice through the looking glass. As reflections fall away in the down view, clear water may show sand or pebbles, blue tile or shadowy caverns. Ruffled by a casual breeze, the surface again dominates, but changed now to a textured, glinting shimmer. And the night offers its own delights, when the moon “washes its soul” in the garden pond.

Understanding that mirror pools are best when full to overflowing, the Persians often surrounded them with a drip gutter, as in the Khalili gardens at Shiraz. Many of the great old gardens, in Persia as in India, have today little or no water, but pictures of brimful pools are in Donald Wilber’s article on Persian gardens in the Feb. ’57 ARCHITECTURAL RECORD.
Chinese architects knew how to use the flatness of water as a positive statement. Looking over Nan Hai, Pekin’s “Southern Sea,” from the Pavilion for the Welcoming of Perfumes, this view, says Professor Osvald Sirén in his Gardens of China, “opens over mirroring gray waters into the silent spaces of the world of dreams.”

In his great Barcelona Pavilion of 1929, Mies van der Rohe used sheets of water in the same way that he used sheets of marble or glass. This pool, lined with black glass, became a flat, precisely rectangular plane similar in architectural character to the horizontal plane of the roof and the free, sharply differentiated wall-planes of travertine and green marble, onyx and green glass.
Top: a stream originally emerged from the wall-slot to flow down the marble chute, carved to make the water churn and froth. Aurangabad, India. Above: typical Persian garden pavilion with water spurting from a fountain to slide down a carved chute and emerge as a narrow canal.

Stream and Fall

Water can pursue its natural law of gravity to add sound and movement to the three conventional dimensions of architecture. This is surely the living water, the water of life, ancient symbol of divine knowledge and immortality.

Moslem streams are ordered into straight and narrow channels, often run through the center of pleasure pavilions, erupting as fountains or tumbling down carved ramps as white water. Lined with white marble or blue tile, the channel becomes a strip of heaven on earth. . . . Such devices would, of course, be anathema to the Japanese, whose garden art is an attempt to capture the very essence of nature: also an ordering, but antithetical to the geometric approach. Though their waterfalls look like natural accidents, they are concocted according to rigid rules. Whether it be a Nuno-ochi, which falls like a white cloth sheet, an Ito-ochi, resembling a screen of white threads, or a Sayu-ochi, which falls to right and left, each follows tradition in the shape and arrangement of its stones.

Europeans developed their own way with falling water: the frankly artificial, multi-level cascade. In the relatively modest 16th-century Italian masterpieces, slightly stepped channels, raised about knee-high, bisect ramped walkways to provide a strangely personal experience of fast flowing water. Baroque architects elaborated lustily upon this theme.
Cascade at the Villa Torlonia, Frascati. After 1621.
The most spectacular Italian cascade, designed around 1600, is at the Villa Aldobrandini, Frascati. Water spurts up from two giant columns, runs down around their shafts in open spiral grooves, then spills down balustrades at either side of the main falls, which are broad, beautifully proportioned.

Right: late Baroque bravado designed by Guernieri around 1700 for the castle of Wilhelmshöhe at Kassel, Germany. The great cascade, only the top third of what was projected, is 35 feet wide and almost 800 feet long.
Cascade and naiads at the Caserta Palace near Naples, designed for Charles III by Vanvitelli in 1752. A semi-naturalistic cascade with marble ladies spied in the act of disrobing for the bath. The taste in sculpture is debatable, but its free placing is pleasant to the modern eye.

The 18th century chastened the cascade with its more classic taste, then discarded it completely as an artifice quite out of place in the new order of the landscape garden.

Falling water need not be a luxury, for the rain-fed gargoyle or roof-spout offers opportunities that have been neglected for centuries. The water channel, too, can play a practical, nonetheless romantic role as means of transportation. Launch a boat and be wafted effortlessly and at appropriate speeds through a Tunnel of Love—or a World’s Fair.

Queen of the Fountains, Villa d’Este, Tivoli. Mid-16th century. Its curious, unnerving scale is characteristic of Mannerism.
Sixteenth century street fountain in Berne, Switzerland. Bright with paint and flowers. Under each water-pipe is an iron frame for the support of pails and pitchers.

A wreath of tiny heads caps a chevroned column to spew thin streams into the basin of the 12th century Benedictine cloisters at Monreale Cathedral, Palermo, Sicily. On the fountain's stepped surround the monks enjoyed a taste of Paradise. Moslem influence, obvious in the design of the arcades, is also evident in the love which has known to use so small an amount of water to so great an end.
And last is the jet, defiant of gravity, lancing the sky to merge with light until it falls back with a splash and a splatter, exhausted. Not for the Chinese or the Japanese, this forcing of nature, but for the rest of us, an artifice venerable and delightful.

The medieval fountain was rarely adorned with jets, for the water was simply piped up to a level from which it could drop comfortably into pitchers or basin. As the normal source of household water in yesterday’s Europe, the public fountain or well was the natural neighborhood gathering place—a civic role which the fountain still performs, for people like to linger by running water even when their business is elsewhere.
Court of Myrtles, Palace of the Alhambra, Granada, Spain, 14th century. This was the court of ablutions for an adjacent private mosque. Water bubbles up from marble fountains at either end to slide down little chutes into the pool. What little representation there was in Moslem fountains usually derives from the lotus, and the little Moorish basin, at its best when set down into the pavement, was often carved into an outsize flower. Spigots were frequently shaped as floating lotus buds.

Just above the Alhambra is the Generalife, built in the second half of the 13th century as the well-watered pleasure house of the Sultan of Granada. This main patio is bisected by a 3-foot marble channel with a shallow, low-jetted fountain basin at each end. Pairs of diagonal jets play against each other from either side of the canal to form a rain-bowed water-vault.
A Moslem fountain is by contrast a private affair, flourishing within the confines of gardens and courtyards, often gracing interior rooms. For Moslems the fountain is the jet, single and vertical, issuing from inconspicuous nozzles that are usually centered in canals or low, shallow basins. Occasionally the theme is varied, but emphasis is always on the water itself and not, as with us, on elaborate stonework and sculpture.

That the Moslems have tended to avoid the western whimsy of the spewing mouth may be due less to their greater sense of propriety than to a religious scruple against representational art of any kind, for Mohammed had transmitted the Mosaic injunction against "any graven image, or any likeness of any thing that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the water under the earth." Persians and Indians were relatively relaxed in their interpretation of the commandment, but even they were for the most part well content with the abstract sculpture that was their garden architecture.

The issue of water from a sculptured mouth is a torturous conceit at best; yet it is probably the ancient Greeks with their lion-head roof spouts who started the whole thing and must therefore assume some responsibility—not only for the medieval gargoyle, but for all the spewing dogs, gargling dolphins, nursing mermaids and piddling putti that have adorned the fountains of the Renaissance, the post-Renaissance and the neo-Renaissance.
Gianlorenzo Bernini's curved colonnades embrace his twin triumphant fountains and their complementary obelisk. Piazza di San Pietro, Rome. After 1656

Bernini's great Triton Fountain in Rome. About 1640. Photographs do it less justice than this engraving from G. B. Falda's *La Fontane di Roma*, published around 1684. Here it is shown in its contemporary setting and with its contemporary quota of water—far more than what is allowed it today. Rome is, of course, the classic example of the fountain-focused city. In her rarely perceptive book, *Rome and a Villa*, Eleanor Clark writes that the old quarters of the city "do not constitute an outside in our sense, but a great rich withinness, an interior, and running water is its open fire. Even a tourist can tell in a Roman street that he is in something and not outside of something as he would be in most cities. In Rome to go out is to go home."
In Europe it was the Italians who were first and last masters of the art of the fountain, particularly in the 17th century, when Baroque architects met the challenge with characteristic vigor. Water was a sympathetic medium for the Baroque spirit, the natural embodiment of effects which they sought in painting and sculpture and architecture: dynamic movement, subtly shifting response to light, indefinable dimensions. So they married their sculpture to water, with the great Bernini officiating as high priest, and all agreed that it was a happy union of compatibles. . . . Versailles boasted larger, more elaborate waterworks than anything in Italy, but there the sculpture seems lifeless, irrelevant to the water, and the water itself somehow out of scale, too huge to grasp yet lost in the vast parterres.

Right: fountain of the Bicchierone, Villa d'Este, Tivoli

Ancient Rome as reconstructed in miniature at the Villa d'Este, Tivoli, mid-16th century. Note the surprise jets on the footbridge and the stone, obelisk-laden boat.
No one seems to know who first realized that groups of water-jets could be controlled in pressure and direction to make an ever-changing, potentially dramatic spectacle, or who first thought of synchronizing such waterplay with fireworks and music. But elaborate festivals of this kind did become a commonplace at the great courts of Renaissance Europe, and nowhere more extravagantly than at Versailles under Louis XIV. The art has not been lost. The Seine itself came alive for the 1937 Paris Exposition, while two years later Jean Lababut produced a series of splendid shows for the New York World’s Fair. On a more modest scale but still within the tradition are Calder’s dancing jets and the watery whirl of oddly jetted automata concocted for the California ’52 State Fair.

The fun-lover compelled to apply thumb to nozzle would have enjoyed the broader opportunities of the Renaissance. Montaigne, reporting on his travels of 1580, was specially charmed by the elaborate water-tricks in the great new Italian gardens, and admired a garden at Augsburg where ladies innocently looking into a fishpond were surprised from beneath by strong jets which “remplissent les cotillons des dames et leurs cuisses de cette fraîcheur.”

Soon no self-respecting garden was without its wet surprises. “Never,” said the Duke of Württemberg, “need a man ask for water if he sits on a bench. He will get it quickly enough.” . . . It is said that the Soviet government today maintains two guards in the old gardens of the Peterhof whose sole job is to direct hidden jets at unwary visitors. . . . One world it is, the world of water.
Cleveland’s Illuminating Building
Cleveland's Illuminating Building

Cleveland—AIA Convention city for 1958—has a shiny new office building to show its visitors when they gather in July; the first such to be erected downtown in that city since the Terminal Group was completed in 1930. Located adjacent to, and facing partly on the Public Square, the 298 ft. Illuminating Building tower is only a short walk from convention headquarters.

The structure’s clean lines, delicate aluminum gridwork and glass façades offer striking contrast to the stolid, traditional masonry all about, and may serve to stimulate further building of a contemporary character in the area.

Given a large plot, the architects were able to design the entire building around a typical floor plan that seemed to offer most in efficiency, amenity, rentability, etc. This plan—of 18,000 sq ft—was then stacked up for 22 stories to provide the 400,000 sq ft recommended by the real estate survey; all within a neat, uncluttered package. Parking for 450 cars is furnished by the owner’s building at the rear; the city benefits from widened sidewalks and a 65 by 300 ft landscaped plaza.
As the ground floor plan shows, it was possible to bring the tower down back of the building line, widen sidewalks at both east and south, and provide a landscaped plaza as a base.

Since the new building replaced a parking lot, the owner built a garage at the rear (reached by ramp from the side street) which provides more parking than was displaced. The second building at the rear—housing additional Illuminating Co. offices—was connected to the new structure by a third-floor footbridge.

The ground floor area comprises three main elements: restaurant, lobby, and owner's area for display and demonstration. The lobby, right page, has walls of unpolished travertine except that the two side walls are Venetian mosaic in shades of blue. The floor is light beige terrazzo; the ceiling is smooth plaster.

The demonstration kitchen, left, features a revolving stage for effective presentations, and can be opened into or shut off from the adjacent training kitchen. The lighting for both areas is unusual. Above the ceiling of 24 in. honeycomb squares are 90 fixture boxes, each with 4 fluorescent tubes in 4 colors, controlled from two stations (front and rear) to provide 8 different lightings. There are also 170 incandescent floods—in pink, white and blue—dispersed over the ceiling area. Rheostats have been installed so that both incandescent and fluorescent lights can be dimmed separately or together, as required.
The typical floor plan is based in one direction on a 4 ft 4\(\frac{3}{4}\) in. module (5 of which make a bay) and in the other on a dimension from glass to core that will provide outer- plus inner-office plus corridor; or the foregoing plus an inner-corridor, if need be. Large open areas—often demanded—are provided at the ends of the plan. The rough column face is set back 2 ft, with the tapered enclosure ahead of it housing ducts and pipes.

The high velocity air-conditioning system is split between perimeter and core; the outer zone serving a 16 ft wide band.

The original design for the frame—of structural steel—was changed to concrete due to a steel shortage at construction time. For slenderness, columns for the first eight floors are composite, with concrete above. Lightweight concrete was made with an expanded Haydite aggregate; the mix developed a compressive strength of 3750 lbs per sq in. and a weight under 100 lbs per cu ft. The floors are concrete beam and slab, made of 3000 lb foamed concrete weighing 75 lb per cu ft and containing embedded metal underfloor electric runways in the 4 in. topfill.

The foundation soil is water-soaked, clayey sand with bedrock 206 ft down—too deep for piles. Thus, the building was floated on a reinforced concrete mat placed 18 ft below the street. The mat is 54 in. thick and extends 4 ft beyond the building's perimeter. Settlement has been nominal as expected.
The sixth, or owner's executive floor, features both an unusual lighting installation and attractive interiors, designed by the architect. In the president's office (right page, top) 6 in. deep baffles of natural birch form 12 in. squares below the luminous plane of milky white plastic. Fluorescent tubes at 2½ in. o.c. provide—with the variable control—any intensity from 0 to 450 ft candles, as desired. The high intensity creates a heat load of 45 watts per sq ft, yet the baffles quite efficiently shield one's eyes from the overhead glare.

In the corridor and secretarial areas (picture on page 159) tubes placed 12 in. o.c. provide 100 ft candles and a heat load of 8 watts per sq ft, with birch baffles again providing effective cutoff and an interesting ceiling pattern.

The two pictures at bottom right show the sixth floor reception area. Note the sequence of lighting; from moderate to bright to intense—as one walks from reception area to private office.
Cleveland's
Illuminating
Building

Note the variety of ceiling patterns and lighting installations characteristic of the sixth floor. Top, a typical vice president's office, in which light intensity can be adjusted to 100, 150, or 200 ft candles, as desired. Here, the tubes are spaced 6 in. o.c.

In the board room, center, shallow plastic domes 4 ft in diameter are back-lighted for principal source, with a supplementary peripheral strip.

Enamed metal panels in orange-red, turquoise, and lemon yellow add a cheerful note of color in the dining room, bottom. The grid here is aluminum.
For a quick course in the state of contemporary architecture, there's absolutely no substitute for the Brussels Universal and International Exposition of 1958. This is not to say the busy professional must look to Brussels to know the score (though a few millions of his clients may well discover it there); but knowing the possibilities of structure and the tendencies of current architecture is one thing and seeing them exemplified in the free and festive context of the Belgians' "Expo 58" is quite another.

The freedom is an important point: for although the Belgians, under the leadership of M. van Goethem as chief architect of the Fair, controlled the overall site plan and rather closely regulated the development of the buildings within the Belgian section, architects of the 43 nations represented in the foreign section were subject to no design restrictions except those imposed by their own national clients.

Out of freedom, diversity; and this may be the most significant architectural news of the Fair. No international style to be jeered or cheered unites the architects of the world at Brussels, though of course there are many buildings which owe much to the International Style (and one—appropriately enough, the pavilion of West Germany—which is a later-day gem of that genre). Even the architecture of Communism, at Brussels, is various. The pavilions of the Soviet Union, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Yugoslavia show no common architectural bond with "social realism" or any other artistic tenet of "proletarianism." They have all reached, but in different ways, for the mainstream of modern architectural thinking; coming late to this effort, they are a little downstream, almost quaintly modern; but they are no longer in a world of their own.
One of the most intriguing shapes at the Fair is the "arrow" of the Belgians' Civil Engineering Section. It is the 240-ft-long reinforced concrete mainstay calculated as a constant stress spar from which is suspended a 193-ft-long walkway between the main hall and a smaller suspended hall roofed with a reinforced concrete cupola. The structure makes possible an uninterrupted view of an enormous construction map of Belgium below the walkway. . . . The French Pavilion, far from finished when the Fair opened April 17, is one of the most daring structurally: the effort, foiled by soil problems which developed during construction, was to support the entire structure by the cantilever of the slanting mast.
United Nations (International Section); architect, Hugo van Kuyck

Swiss Pavilion; architects, P. Calame-Rouset; Werner Vanpenhein

Finnish pavilion; architect, Hetma Pietila

Town and Country Planning (Belgian); architects, Vanden Berghe and Goffaux

IBM Pavilion (Belgian Section); architect, Eliot Noyes

Vatican Pavilion (church portion); chief architect, Paul Rome

British Government Pavilion; architects, Howard V. Lobb and Partners

Phillips Pavilion; architect, Le Corbusier

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What does unite the architects of Brussels is their common fascination with structural pyrotechnics: structure as architecture. This is not news; but as you look down on the scene from one of the speeding little cars of the telelift it seems entirely possible that this will be remembered as “the fair of the roofs.” If the laurels were to the most spectacular roof, they would surely go to the French for their gallant (if slow of fulfillment) adventure in hyperbolic paraboloids. If they were to the most numerous category of structural type, the suspended roof would have it. If they were to a rectangular, absolutely flat roof with no addenda of any kind, there would hardly be a candidate. This is a Fair to look up at, and wherever you look there seem to be gyrations against the sky.

What does Brussels mean to contemporary architecture? Will it affect the future as some earlier fairs have done?

Stylistically it seems unlikely. The kind of impact which came from Chicago in 1893 emanated from a unity of direction and common motivation quite unlike the situation at Brussels, where the freedom in which the architects have worked has produced the widest variety of architectural expressions. Except for the familiar spectacle of structural exhibitionism, no single trend emerges; and of the diverse directions to be observed none could be unfamiliar to an architect who keeps reasonably abreast of developments. The architecture at the fair is stylistically a summary of what is, and everybody has seen it before. It ought to be added that this is not necessarily true of the general public, and it is likely that there will be some impact in that quarter, if only to introduce some ideas not heretofore familiar.
The Soviet Pavilion, prefabricated in Moscow and shipped to the site in sections, manages nonetheless to look monolithic: a great frosted glass rectangle which swallows up its site and seems unrelated to people on any scale less than that of the 40-ft statues which greet the visitor just inside the entrance lobby. But the most notable fact about the architecture of the chief Communist pavilions is its independence: it leaves polemics to the exhibits. . . . Three foreign pavilions in a familiar tradition: the West German one a series of stunningly detailed units of varying sizes and heights, an efficient and effective response to a hilly site.
Nor does the area of site development seem to have produced any positive results this time. Although this was a matter in which the initial objectives were quite lofty, what officials have described as “the pressing necessity of making the most of all the space available without neglecting even the tiniest corner” has resulted in a site which seems generally crowded in spite of its park and garden areas. And the architects developing the individual sites seem to have proceeded on the whole as though they would have no neighbors. Again an exposition of what is rather than of what ought to be.

In the U. S. Pavilion architect Edward D. Stone has made up for a lot of everybody else’s sins of omission and commission. Here is architecture and by far the handsomest building at the Fair. Its great plaza is not only a gift to its neighbors but, in this crowded setting, an invitation and welcome; and the building itself has an elegance and repose, an openness, which invite still further. By day and by night (and this is a building designed for both) it is—and proclaims, in contrast to the great closed-in Soviet rectangle across the way—an architecture of light, strength and freedom.

The U. S. Pavilion itself may well be the most impressive exhibit at the Fair. With its setting of plaza, pool and fountains, its transparent walls of vinyl plastic laced with gold-painted steel supports and its great sheltering roof, it is serenely splendid and gracious.
The roof of the U. S. Pavilion utilizes a bicycle-hub principle to achieve a clear span of 350 ft, making it the largest circular building in the world without interior columns. The hub is open to the sky above a central pool 133 ft in diameter; exhibition space surrounds the pool on two levels. Eleven willow trees found on the site have been preserved within the pavilion.

Exhibits strive to suggest that Americans love life and their country for many things besides riches and power, and on the whole this effort appears successful. But the design of the exhibits ignores the building as though it didn't exist: and indeed the dropped ceiling and partitions of the exhibit at the main entrance banish the great interior completely. Two major additions by the exhibit designer constitute architectural intrusions of his own—the ramp leading from the mezzanine to the pool (its use for the fashion shows was an afterthought) and the very ugly wall enclosing a small section of the central pool for sculpture displays. The building was designed before there was even a theme for the exhibits; this may be backwards; but it was the exhibit designer who knew what he had to work with.
An Assembled Concrete Building

Assembling a set of precast pieces to make a building is reminiscent of playing with a construction toy on the living room floor, except for the scale and odds. With construction becoming more industrialized such a process makes sense, for it reduces on-the-job building time and exploits to the full the triple advantages of precasting: close quality control; freedom of shape; and the reduction of formwork and centering. In this particular case, no centering will be required in the field.

Several examples in this building technique have appeared recently, both here and abroad. Concrete maestro Nervi's Olympic dome was so constructed, to name but one. There is every reason to suspect a trend toward the assembled concrete building. Yamasaki says, "Having gone through the casting of the

Architect, Yamasaki Demonstrates
How To Support and Enclose
An Entire Building By Putting
Together Only 4 Basic Pieces
An Assembled Concrete Building (continued):

ACI building, and then seeing this job being produced, we are more confident than ever that this form of technology has unlimited future possibilities."

For the Parke-Davis project, the architect designed this combination of components for three reasons: to create an interesting silhouette against the sky; to provide an economical, fire-resisting structure to roof the required 40 ft square bays; and to achieve a "clean interior look" appropriate to the pharmaceutical products handled.

In assembling the building, only 4 basic components will be used: the L-shaped column and roof-support bent; the spherical-triangular roof shell; and wall panels of 2 sizes. The foundation and floor slab will be poured in place while the other elements are being precast. The rigid bent pieces—which are flat and thus easy to stack and handle—will be locked together diagonally to form the pattern of 40 ft square bays. The roof shell components—40 ft by 20 ft and 3 1/2 in. thick—are being cast at the rate of two a day, and will be cut in half (parallel to the 40 ft dimension) to facilitate handling, storage and shipping.

In setting up the program, Parke-Davis requested a building that would have advertising value and provide a pleasant environment for the workers. To avoid the box-like appearance so common to warehouses, the architect gave this warehouse an interesting roof profile and wrapped it about the central office element, expressively bringing it forward toward the highway. The total result should appear strikingly different from its industrial neighbors.
Parke-Davis Warehouse and Office Building
Menlo Park, California

Yamasaki, Leinweber and Associates, Architects

Ammann & Whitney, Structural Engineers

Knorr-Elliott Associates, Associated Architects

Williams & Burrows, Inc. General Contractors
An Assembled Concrete Building:
Parke-Davis, San Francisco

At right: detailed sections through a typical bay to show junctures at roof, wall, columns, floor

Below: top picture shows the two sets of forms open, with men setting reinforcement, inserts, etc. Forms are stripped in the morning, prepared through the day, and filled in the late afternoon. Bottom picture shows a roof panel on a tilt table rigged to simulate truck moving racks to test the location of lifting eyes and also the lifting rigging. The tilt table makes it possible to turn the casting from vertical to horizontal without strain.
RELIGIOUS BUILDINGS

More people, more communities, more religious buildings: the unprecedented challenge to today's architect is that so many of these new religious buildings will be built in new communities for new groups of people who want a contemporary expression of their faith which will stand not only as a symbol of community of faith—the ancient role of the church building—but, in new and wider significance, as a symbol to the community at large of that faith. Four of the seven buildings presented here are in rural and suburban areas; two are additions to existing plants, one on a spacious site, the other on a crowded city plot; and one is at the crossroads of life and death—a city hospital. Within its particular environment, each is a symbol—not by the pitch of its roof, the color of its glass or the materials which give it substance, but by the appeal it makes to the spirit in the quality of its outward form and inner space.
The design of the place of worship is a crystallization, a concentration in one ultimate statement, of the forces at work in the creation of any great work of art. But it is, perhaps more than any other branch of the arts, the great equalizer—the full demonstration that art is not and cannot be an exclusive thing. The designer of a church building cannot design for himself alone or for an elite group who think as he does. He must reach out to people in the realization that the building he designs is the means of conveying a message to people—not his message but God's.

People differ greatly in what they require and in what they want in a place of worship. Some need tradition or certain elements of it. The designer of the church building cannot turn his back on the past, for history and the church and people are not separable: the past is the heritage of faith, and a people's desire to see this expressed is right. A truly great church building must meet this desire, must in itself be a part of the ministry of the faith, must somehow express these things that are age-old and age-less. We need symbols in architecture; we need them especially in church architecture. A church should look like a church, inside and out, and when it does, it becomes such a symbol. It must look and be what it is without further explanation.

The place of worship is the one architectural problem to which all human beings react, about which all have some feeling, however vague, however strong. At some time every one of us has come face to face with death, has thought something about survival, has wondered about our place in the scheme of things. From this there is no escape in cynicism and snobbery. Nor does agnosticism, or even total ignorance, rule out some feeling about the place of worship. Because the place of worship is a place for people, its qualities, however expressed, must be fundamental, continuing, enduring—impacting not only a sense of kinship with the present but a perception of the past and a vision of the future; and always pervaded with the relationship of God and man. How well the architect understands this, how fully he interprets it, will reveal what he himself really is. He cannot disguise himself in his work: if the place of worship is a sham or sheer theatrical perpetration, or if it is shallow or swaggering, its designer's nature is there for all to see.

Each commission presents a different set of circumstances and for each one there is a close-to-best answer that is possible within the context of the determining conditions. For me the measure of the greatness of a building is how high the man who designed it has reached under the conditions which molded the building's program, how nearly he gives the best answer.
But how high he aspires, how high he reaches, will be affected by the degree to which he has developed his own philosophy, his conviction of life and of architecture from which his creative contribution will spring. If a man lacks a philosophy, he is lost, especially since he will be without that inner strength that can, for instance, sustain him, even protect him, from being crushed—however unintentionally on either part—by the very greatness of the giants of architecture. These great men can, and do, inspire and teach; but the force of their personalities and of their philosophies can also stifle those who are still learning or who have not yet worked out their own convictions.

For in the last analysis, it is only from within one's own self that one can create anything. Creation is a great adventure, and any suggestion of fear or cynicism or subservience is against this spirit of adventure and negates its very process.

The inescapable truth is that great architecture is creative architecture and that it results only when the creative source is free and unfettered, certain and directed; when the passionate experience that is creation, with its paradox of pain and joy, is not held back from its complete expression. Great art—and architecture—is involved inextricably with truth, with love, with the full passion of being. In the moment of revelation which is the essence of creation, the creator is crystallized into the reality of himself and he thinks and feels and creates with the “whole of his being”.

Except for the architect who is in himself a “total” artist, it may take a team of creative artists today to produce the great work of architecture. But this can only happen when each individual on the team—in the church project this must include the man of religion as well as the architect and the engineers and the artists of various kinds—is free to give without restraint the very best of which he is capable. Great art and great architecture do not derive from negative ideas and actions, any more than they do from neutral ones. If we are to reach pinnacles of greatness in architecture there will always have to be an opening for the infinite individual genius that man can bring to his work and that can come from anywhere—that knows no one place, no one temperament, no one approach to design.

Great works of architecture, especially religious buildings, have this in common: they are born of conviction and their makers are men who are “believers” in the largest sense of the word—who know their own minds; who are optimists about the survival of man; in short, men who have faith, by whatever name they may call it, whatever form it may take; and who, because of their faith, move inevitably in a positive direction.
Bee Ridge Presbyterian Church, Sarasota, Florida

Victor A. Lundy, Architect
J. W. Harvey & Son, Contractor

The laminated arches that frame this small country church do so in a free interpretation of the Gothic ribbed vault—and an even freer adaptation of the buttress—producing a space within that is richly evocative of the sense of worship and a form without that in simplicity and sheer beauty of line communicates the building’s purpose to all who pass by. While these arches, in their criss-cross arrangement, are peculiarly responsive to the religious purpose, they are a practical solution to a number of problems: the church had to be built in stages, as money was available, and it may be expanded in the future, so the 18-ft bays were an easy way of building by increment; the criss-cross system provided inherent wind-bracing and made possible arch members of lighter section than with a parallel system; the wood decking laid across them serves as finished ceiling and as base for the roof shingles—an important economy with a total budget of only $50,000. The walls, of concrete corner block, locally made, are stacked criss-cross, for greater strength and to recall the pattern of the arches. Light and shadow continually alternate on the broken surface thus formed.
Religious Buildings: Bee Ridge Presbyterian
To emphasize the complete independence of structure and walls, the walls stop below the ceiling line and a band of clear glass, through which the buttresses pass, fills the space between. The nave seats 250 to 300 people. The floor is cork tile; the ceiling is white fir. Heating and cooling are by forced air in an underfloor perimeter system.
Faith Lutheran Church, Frayser, Tennessee

This small mission chapel for the American Lutheran Church at Frayser, Tenn., near Memphis, makes plain that even an exceedingly stringent budget—in this case, $30,000—need not preclude a building design which not only meets the congregation's needs but does so in a creative way. The simple wood structure of the nave is based on a conventional truss stiffened with diagonal bracing which carries the asphalt shingle roof on its exterior surface and an open wood grille on the interior which forms the ceiling. At the ends of the trusses the diamonds formed by the bracing are boxed with plywood; a simple dentillated strip covers the joint. The lightness of the structural system is emphasized by the slender wood columns which carry the boxed trusses and by the high clear glass windows, running to the line of the sinuate ceiling, above which the roof seems to hover. The materials of which the chapel is built—natural red cedar inside and out, burlap on the panels at each side of the altar—are simple and add warmth to its dignity.
Religious Buildings: Faith Lutheran

Nave daylighting, from clear glass windows protected by roof overhang, is less intense than at altar where light is strong and clear; night lighting is from a continuous fluorescent strip set along the length of the trusses. This first unit (church and educational buildings will be added later) provides chapel seating 250, overflow space which can be used for classrooms, dining room also usable for classes, and a sacristy and study which open onto a courtyard. Mechanical core, with light wells above, contains kitchenette, closets and heating and air conditioning equipment.
A special concern in many Episcopal churches today is that the altar, which is the central point in the worship service, should be central also in the church itself. The “church in the round”, often suggested, offers many problems more difficult to resolve psychologically, perhaps, than architecturally. The original concept of St. Mary’s was round, with a centrally placed altar; but the final rectangular plan, which avoids facing one section of the congregation with another, solves the problem of making the altar the dominant point in the church and of bringing the congregation closer to the altar itself. It does the first by raising the altar on a free, open platform, and the second by making the church unusually wide (56 ft) for its length (88 ft). The choir is in the rear of the church, a satisfactory solution both musically and liturgically, since it leaves the altar unchallenged for attention at the chancel end. The nave seats 400; the narthex provides for 125 more. The structural frame of laminated wood beams and columns makes possible a form and a space which, together with the materials used (principally resawn cedar, left natural), the soft blue color of the carpet and the natural daylight admitted through the two triangular skylights over the altar, produce the “atmosphere of reverence” so much sought and so seldom achieved in today’s churches.
Religious Buildings: St. Mary's Episcopal
Non-Sectarian Chapel for a Mid-Western Hospital

The design for this gem-like chapel suggests a rich experience in form and light through the equipollence of structure, materials and color. To be completed later this year, the chapel is the gift of a resident of a midwestern city to the municipal hospital as a place for meditation, prayer and thanksgiving. A single phrase—"as a watch in the night"—from Psalm 90, which the donor had stipulated as the underlying concept for the design, suggested that the chapel express, and answer in the quality of space it would create, the human need for help, security and protection in time of crisis. Since the chapel is non-sectarian and no worship services will be conducted in it, there were no particular requirements of liturgy, no traditions, no symbols to regulate its solution, but it had to have a special and positive meaning for people of all beliefs and for those of no specific creed. Set on a pedestal 22 ft above grade, the chapel is on the same level as the entrance to the hospital so that it is easily accessible from the waiting room. The entire structure is based on triangles of integrally colored precast concrete elements in which are embedded panels of copper-colored glass one and one-eighth inches thick. The 30-ft glass, plastic and bronze lantern, whose top is 54 ft above floor level, is suspended from steel clamps.
The strong architectural expression given to the exterior of this parish church in a suburb of New Orleans is in the direct tradition of the Catholic church whose buildings stand, more clearly, perhaps, than those of other religious groups, as symbols of the faith to the neighborhoods they serve. In St. Catherine's the architects wanted to disclose on the exterior the spatial feeling of the nave and at the same time express the way in which, by placing the choir stairs on the outside of the building and by minimizing the height of narthex and choir space, they had been able to solve the usual problem of wasted cubage at the end of the typical church. Hence the skeleton web of columns and beams on the west and east façades; hence, too, the masses—functional and decorative—of the choir stairs at either side of the doorway. The stained glass windows, derived as features of this church at the request of the parish pastor who had admired similar window location in a Romanesque Revival church in Chicago, are here given entirely individual treatment by recessing them in deep vaults at either end of the church. The church seats 1000, and is air conditioned. Its frame is reinforced concrete; exterior walls are of brick on the lower portion; along the sides precast concrete louvers alternate with stained glass. Laminated wood arches form the roof structure. Budgeted cost for church and baptistery was $500,000.
Altars (main and in chapel at side), rail, sedilia, tabernacle, baptismal font, stained glass (other than pictorial), and confessionals were all designed by the architects; Lin Emery designed tabernacle sculpture. Baptistry is in round building at side of church, visible from important artery. Of similar materials, it recalls skeletal web on façades.
A characteristic of the religious building project is that its overall plan can seldom be developed in one stage, and that additions to the first units—main worship building to educational plant or chapel, or vice versa—are made years later as population changes make enlargement necessary and feasible. Budget, locality, sentiment and symbolism make even more challenging the always difficult problem of the addition to existing buildings. The Jewish Community Center represents several stages of a building program (from 1927 to 1957) in which this problem has been handsomely solved. The new buildings—synagogue, social halls, offices and more classrooms—make up by far the larger part of the Center. The synagogue, itself, though small in comparison with the other units, is by its dignity, restraint and well-proportioned design the dominant element in the group. Its 300 seats, adequate except for high holy day services, can be augmented by sliding the partitions into the attic and basement which normally close off the adjoining social halls. The windows along the curved walls of the synagogue admit clear light above a band of stained glass by Robert Sowers; by night, lighting is indirect, so that the clear space of the room is undisturbed. Steel framing makes possible a clear span and therefore an uninterrupted view—from the farthest seat, even at the largest services—of the Ark and the pulpit which are raised to improve the sight line and to emphasize their spiritual significance in the service. The two traditional columns on either side of the Ark, Boaz and Jachin, are both symbolic and practical since they are load-bearing structural elements.
Specially commissioned works of art enrich the Temple: the Eternal Light before the Ark is by Helen Beling; the Ark curtain was designed by William and Gertrude Wiesner; the Menorahs and lettering beside the Ark are by Ludwig Wolpert; sculpture is by Jose de Creeft (abstract on synagogue exterior) and Erna Weill.
The problem here was to add a chapel and new educational facilities to an old church building of the red-brick-and-stone-trim period of 1870 and a somewhat more recent classroom unit rather than to move to a new site since the present location was a desirable one. The old church building, adequate for the present, will probably have to be replaced within the next 10 years, so the problem was further complicated by the need to design the new units with future expansion in mind as well as to tie them in with the existing structures. The arcade and the courtyard, an ecclesiastically traditional tie between parts of a religious compound, are the sensitively handled means used to relate the old and the new. The arcade with its open redwood screen serves as separation between the busy street and the quiet of the court, to which its gateway invites. The court, besides preserving several old trees on the property, makes a pleasant entrance to the chapel which is incorporated into the new educational building.
The chapel, seating 120, is in daily and frequent use. The back wall of the chancel is of brick laid with a relief pattern of crosses. Cathedral glass in warm colors on the east wall of chapel throws golden light over red brick walls; glass over choir area is in nearly transparent shades of yellow, wine and blue. Full-length windows on the north open onto a landscaped court. The architect designed all chancel furniture.
"... the engineer can produce almost any kind of physical environment ..."

There is little exaggeration in the statement that the engineer can produce almost any kind of physical environment that he may be asked to, whether it be enclosure of space, control of temperature and air quality, intensity of illumination, or exclusion of noise and enhancement of desired sounds. Conceivably, without too much stretch of the imagination, a roof could be built to cover a whole city. Comfortable temperatures could be provided in an enclosure of only membrane thickness which would keep out rain, snow, wind and dust. Right now, if you wanted to, you could read your favorite book under 1000 foot-candles of light. And for devotees of classical music, there are new concert halls that deliver music to your ears with almost unworldly clarity. For those who dislike walking as a mild form of exercise, there are moving sidewalks and stairways, and operatorless elevators, which, combined with other transportation could practically eliminate foot traffic.

We have actually arrived, then—not in some futuristic tomorrow of the Sunday supplement—but now in an era when building technology literally makes almost anything theoretically possible. Provided it is wanted and the cost doesn't matter.

by Robert E. Fischer

From a talk given at a recent conference sponsored by Armour Research Foundation, "Creative Trends in Structural Design."

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One cannot fail to be conscious that creative architects working with creative engineers have used technology to achieve some memorable accomplishments. But how often—how very often—are architecture and engineering the joint victims of those familiar extremes in the misuse of technology and variations thereof. Either technology is picked up and overglorified as an architectural theme, or it is almost completely rejected—and there is a whole range of imperfect comprehension in between. A few examples will demonstrate:

The first type of technology misuse is found frequently in the selection of a structural envelope. A pure form, whether it be a warped surface, a catenary cable—or its reverse the parabolic arch—is used as the dominant visual element in a building without consideration of its appropriateness to the main function of the building. We are now seeing such aberrations as hyperbolic paraboloids for houses, gasoline stations, and hot dog stands.

Then there is the other approach of picking a pure geometrical form, or perhaps some arbitrary shape, taking a piece of it that will serve as enclosure and then dropping it in the lap of the engineer to make sure that it will stand up and meet the building code.

Now moving a little away from what might be considered as intellectual approaches, there are those architects and engineers who don’t want to be out of the swim, and so ostensibly their building designs are guided by the latest techniques; columns are shaped like moment diagrams; high velocity air conditioning is put in even though a lower velocity system might serve just as well; lighting systems using luminous ceilings which give absolutely uniform illumination are sometimes put in where it might be very desirable to have highlights and shadows.

A slightly different and unhappier version of this approach occurs when the designer reads a little literature and hears a few lectures on a new technical procedure, decides it is not too difficult, and then takes liberties to suit his own version. This has happened in flat slab design, for example—and failures have resulted.

In a different technical area, acoustical control, some people still think that sound can be broken up by stringing wires in every direction across the ceiling, which is nothing less than absurd. Careful attention to room shapes and choice of mate-

"...picking some arbitrary shape and dropping it in the lap of the engineer to make sure it will stand up..."

"...not particularly disturbed even though a room leaks if the space is right..."
One room to another. Here is absolutely necessary. In this streams through a window to bake end of the technology misuse spec-

trum: complete disinterest in engineering techniques. Designers in this category are not particularly dis-

turbed even though a room leaks when it rains, if the feeling of the space is right. Nor are they bothered if temperature of the room fluctuates rather widely. Nor if sunlight reaches or leaves a sudden disappears. Undoubtedly there are variations on the above, but these are the principal types.

There are other problems in building design that have been brought on by technology, particularly in the realm of mechanization. Our economy is based on turning out large numbers of things in repetitive operations. This has been less true of building than other industries. But because of higher and higher costs, more and more standard components—not standard buildings mind you—must be produced to go into more and more individualized buildings.

This is what has happened to prestressed concrete in the United States. Economic pressures are di-
recting prestressing into factory-type operations, with structural units poured in forms in long lines around pretensioned cables which are then cut apart like strips of taffy.

Unfortunately, there hasn't been careful enough guidance in this ac-
tivity to encourage full exploitation of the inherent advantages of pre-
stressing principles and the nature of concrete—although this is begin-
ing to happen. Prestressed compo-

nents, for the most part, look like and are put together like conventional steel framing. There's no reason why greater advantage shouldn't be taken of continuity, or why such a few types of structural units are turned out in a casting yard. A similar situa-
tion exists in regard to tilt-up concrete wall panels. Here is a bit of mechanization that has saved time and money. But most buildings of this type have been far from attractive—

this method so far has merely served as inexpensive means of very durable construction. Somehow talented de-

signers have to work out details to make them better looking.

It has been said that metals and glass reflect our times, and so these materials have been expressed abund-
antly. Such buildings bring a breath of fresh air to our cities. But what is more than upsetting, though, is that in some cases the mechanical engineer must go through all sorts of contortions to get in his ducts and pipes. This in itself is likely to make the system tough to control, but then in addition we also have to put up with idiosyncrasies of the weather, with the sun being alternately hid and then free from clouds. Air conditioning systems apparently have not been forced into such tight space yet that it hasn't been possible to rationalize the greater costs when a system is required to be designed this way. Somehow the added rent-
able area and additional stories gained always seem to amount to more than the extra cost for the air conditioning. The engineer must share the blame in this matter along with the architect. Many times he has not evaluated the newly devel-

oped systems sufficiently to explain to the architect and the client what taking away a foot here and there will mean to costs and operation.

Recently the architect has seemed to be a little more sympathetic to those aspects of engineering which have visual implications. Thus in the last ten years, acoustical design has become more widely appreciated—es-

cially in those areas which have some connection with form. We have seen pretty wide acceptance of acoustical principles which call for shapes that best direct and diffuse sound. Given his "head," the acousti-
cal consultant could start out from scratch and pick the shapes and the materials that meet certain criteria for good sound. In a school audi-

torium this might be simple, in a concert auditorium it would be a good deal more complex: who is abso-

lutely sure at present what sort of sound is most desirable for music? It is doubtful that the acoustical con-
sultant wants to determine exactly what an auditorium will look like. He has a wide variety of valid tech-
niques, and as long as he isn't called upon to perform gymnastics to cor-
rect a basically bad shape—a hemis-

phere for example—he no doubt is more than pleased to have the archi-
tect set the pace. The hemisphere can be corrected acoustically, but then visually it's no longer a hemis-

phere.

Another visual element in design is light, and somehow one would have thought that this would have become a very important part of the architect's vocabulary. Apparently there are instances in the past where the architect was rather expert at utilizing daylight to enhance the ap-
pearance of his buildings.

But now that we have almost un-
limited sources of light, their use in buildings is not much above the level of trying to improve the fix-
ture design. Even if the engineer were able to give the architect elec-
troluminescence cheaply, so that whole surfaces could be bathed in light, one wonders whether at the present time there would be much im-
provement in lighting effects. Some-
how with all our motivation research, "brain storming" and operational creativity which seem to be flourishing in commercial circles, we don't know yet what kind of light to pro-
vide to meet the many moods and ac-
tivities of man. And even granting that there is a glimmer of knowledge in this direction, it seems almost im-
possible not only to get lighting in-
stallations to see what you want to see, but to provide a further positive effect of creating an atmosphere that corresponds to the activity, whether it be working on a drawing board—where you need some visual relief once in a while—or listening to the symphony, on records or in the concert hall.

It would not be overstating the case to say that a good many archi-

tects simply assume, during the de-
cisive stages of planning, that a space will be lighted to some accept-
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problems. The words used to describe an environment or effect didn't mean the same thing to me as they did to those who practice architecture. On the other hand, I felt that we in the lighting profession were also guilty of not getting our ideas across to architects. I sensed that some of the architects were using our fixtures in a given case. When the next job comes along, I doubt very much whether those ideas would be very helpful in solving problems. We need more examples of good design, with an understanding of why they are good from both points of view.

"Lighting equipment is frequently hidden because it is difficult for the architect to find fixtures that fill his needs. I certainly would like to see more architects design lighting equipment or build it in properly, so that it really becomes a part of the environment.

"Fixture designs are a real problem in our mass production era. It is difficult for the lighting engineer to design equipment to fit in the many situations faced by architects. Both groups can help by showing techniques where the lighting results can be provided without the machinery being a prominent part of the design."

Another engineer, this time Felix Samuely* of London, has a philosophy well worth considering in the relationship of engineering to architecture:

"Long span bridges are the only type of construction where other considerations are so subordinated to the structure that it is almost correct to say that what is structurally best is best for the whole bridge. This is what should distinguish the bridge engineer from the one who deals with other structures. The bridge engineer can start with an absolute picture of loads and deduce both shape and construction from it; the building engineer should look around all the time and make sure that what he produces is right in other respects. This is probably one of the greatest failings of a number of structural engineers—that they behave like bridge builders even when dealing with multistory buildings; that they consider their structure to be absolute; that they tend to recommend the cheapest structure although this may lead to a more expensive building, or, even if this is not the case, make the building as such uneconomical or unsightly.

"Now a few words about the aesthetic value of a structure in general, and the degree of functional expression possible in structure. Where structures are easy, even in relatively harassed times like the early Middle Ages, structure did not find its expression in the elevation of the building. Such simple houses as are left to us from the 12th Century do not base either elevation or inside treatment on the structure, and the fact that many more churches than houses remain to us from this period often misleads us into thinking that all medieval building was functional. Building a church of any magnitude was a structural feat, and to do anything but pure Gothic arches would have overtaxed the builders of that time or have made it impossible to carry out their intentions. We can learn from them for our own time that it is more likely that a structure becomes eminent in architectural treatment if it is in itself an extraordinary problem, while if other than structural considerations are more important it is likely that the structure would not be completely visible, or it may even disappear altogether. If a substantial bridge has anything but structural expression we should consider it universally ugly, but we do not often think of giving structural expression to a one or two-story house.

"Where an architect chooses to base the appearance of a building mainly or entirely on structure, the engineer’s position and the possibilities for his contribution are fairly clear. He will have to show the architect several possibilities, and in designing these he will be well advised to relax and forget any mathematics, although it is quite likely that later one or the other of the suggestions will have to be dropped for reasons of practicability. Personally, I have often found that a completely visual approach often leads more quickly to the right shape than any amount of analysis. The more types of construction that can be put forward the better, and if there is a difference in cost this should be pointed out."

Responsibility for how engineering techniques are going to be used belongs to the architect—we all hope to create better buildings in all respects. But this demands then that the engineer not only be familiar with all of the new developments so that he can assimilate them into his practice, but that he be armed with the sort of knowledge that will help the architect select the appropriate system from standpoints of appearance, function, sound construction and economy.*

Seldom do our great engineers trace in retrospect the creative process which produces their finest work. Here Torroja offers just such an insight into the thought sequence by which the famed Zarzuela Hippodrome evolved from initial concept to final form—and a rare opportunity to view the building in all its aspects, from the construction and testing of the model to the soaring drama of the completed structure.

The functional requirements of the Zarzuela Hippodrome may be ascertained from the large cross section above: but, quite obviously, the first pattern was not very satisfactory. It is clear that the weight of the cantilevered roof over the stands will be greater than that of the counterweight over the top promenade. As the rear support will consequently be in tension it has to be a tie rather than a strut. The other support, which has to take the whole weight of the roof plus the load applied by the tie member, must thus serve as the main one. Because this support must be massive, there will be no difficulty in supporting the gangway on a structure cantilevered from it.

The weight of the roof over the betting hall will be largely offset by the tie member, and the load on its supporting columns will be slight. Therefore these columns can be omitted. On the race track side, supports are also unnecessary because the height between the track and the underside of the stands will accommodate a cantilevered beam.

Thus the initial plan developed into the first revision. On close inspection it becomes clear that a rigid attachment of the roof at the main support is not very useful because the roof has good stability under the vertical forces provided by the main support and the tie. On the other hand it is essential that the main support be rigidly fixed at the promenade level. The cantilever roof of the betting
Madrid Racecourse

hall must be flat over the central portion to provide a floor for the promenade. Also its depth has to increase toward the main support where bending moments are highest.

The main support, in turn, must resist these moments. Its full section could be extended to and fixed rigidly in the foundation in order to resist wind forces. However in such a structure the existence of two very rigid supports (the main one plus the bottom part of the stands) could restrain too severely the thermal expansion or shrinkage of the portal frame. Hence it seemed advisable to reduce the over-all rigidity of the main support without impairing its capacity to transmit horizontal shear to the promenade level. The provision of a flexible joint at the bottom of the support consequently seemed a natural, if not an essential, step.

Finally the scant height between the staff gangway and the structure supporting the stands made it necessary to reduce the depth of the latter as much as possible.

At this point the design (see second revision) was allowed to rest for a while. In the end, it was given a certain curvature of outline, which seemed so straightforward and suitable to the purpose that the imagination resisted any attempt at further improvements.

After having adopted curved outlines for the lower part of the structure, it seemed reasonable to give a curved form to the roof also. More was involved, however, than the mere running of an arch or vault from one support to the next as shown above. The main structural function of such vaults is that of arched cantilevers. And to meet the strength requirements, it is necessary that the height-span ratio of the vaults be greatest over the main supports and decrease towards the free edges. The resulting surface could well have been a conoid but for the objection that the conoid is not very attractive. It seemed preferable to choose some other form of curvature. Among the better known ones, none seemed more adaptable than the hyperboloid; hence the cantilevered vaults have the shape of hyperboloidal sectors.

And now the question arises: Is the invention of an especially adapted form to solve a specific problem strictly an imaginative process, or is it the result of logical reasoning based on technical training? I do not think it is either of the two, but rather both together. To me it seems clear that the imagination can operate successfully only in conjunction with the basic principles that a long experience of technical creative work leaves in our personality so that these may later subconsciously condition our intuitive thought. But basic principles are not enough in themselves to create, critically and deductively, a new form. For this to emerge, a spark of imagination is required.
A full-scale model built to test structural properties and construction procedures for the cantilevered vaults proved to be three times stronger than necessary to meet predicted loads. (2) Reinforced echoes lines of stress in curved shell. To avoid danger of water seepage, joints occur along crown of lobes. (3) and (4) Interior views of gallery show main supports, stairs leading to stands. (5) and (6) Shells vary in thickness from 2 in. at the free edge to 5 1/2 in. at the crown of the vaults over the main supports. Lower vaults are 2 in. thick throughout. Arcade which now appears to support lower part of stands (photo page 207) is false, was later added to the basic structure shown in these photos.
Technical Roundup

‘Weatherstripping’ for Metal Walls

At a recent conference, the spotlight that has been placed lately on curtain wall construction was narrowed to focus on a particular problem—sealing; and a particular solution to that problem—preformed resilient gaskets. The following report summarizes key points made in a discussion which covered topics ranging from the design and manufacture of preformed sealants to their application in the field.

In spite of their relatively recent arrival on the building scene, preformed resilient gaskets have been making a strong bid for acceptance as one of the answers to the problem of sealing joints in metal walls. Several important curtain wall projects have been “weatherstripped” with resilient extrusions; several metal window manufacturers are using them in newly adopted “dry glazing” systems.

In an attempt to meet the resulting demand for information on preformed sealers, the Pawling Rubber Corporation recently sponsored a forum, moderated by Wayne Koppes, R.A., at which they were discussed in all their aspects—from design considerations to materials and manufacture to application at the site.

Sealing the Curtain Wall

Of all the problems in designing curtain walls, none is more acute than that of sealing the various materials into a weathertight skin. Because the thin metals used are highly susceptible to temperature variations, a curtain wall facing west may go through, in a single day, a wider temperature range than is encountered by a masonry wall during a yearly cycle. Unless the resulting expansion and contraction is handled without restraint, the panels may oilcan, the frame may warp, the glass may break—and the wall will certainly leak. The problem is to engineer a wall which will allow the various components to come and go freely, but still keep the weather out.

Weatherproofing a wall made up of panels and frames involves three sealing details: the non-working joint, the working joint, and the glazing. The non-working joint occurs when two materials are sealed together without any relative movement between them. They are usually fastened mechanically, and because resiliency is not important, may be sealed with a non-drying caulking material.

The working joint, on the other hand, provides for relative movement, as in the horizontal and vertical joints between individual frames. The metal work for such joints may vary, but in all cases it is essential that they keep out upward-blown and gravity water during all stages of expansion and contraction.

The glazing detail is the most complex of the three, since the glass in panels must be held in a continuous resilient setting which will cushion the glass against wind pressure and movement of the frame, and will withstand the heat and movement normal in a panel curtain wall.

Sealing Methods Developed to Date

In the past few years, several successful sealing methods have been developed which use preformed materials. Essentially these fall into two broad categories: the multiple method in which the preformed material is used simply to position the panel while the actual sealing is accomplished through the use of auxiliary materials; and the simple or compression method in which the preformed material is used both to position the panel and to effect the seal. Because of its economies of fabrication and installation, the latter method will be discussed in greater detail here.

Although many variations are possible, the simplest principle of the compression seal involves an extruded U channel which is slipped over the edges of the panel or glass light. This assembly is then placed into the frame and the seal effected by creating pressure between the panel or glass light and the extruded channel.

One of the earliest seals of this type was developed by architect Eero Saarinen and the Inland Division of General Motors for the wall of the G. M. Technical Center. An adaptation of an automotive strip, the In-lock strip was a continuous gasket dimensioned to fit full into the rabbit. It was installed with a special tool which lifted the lip of the gasket over the edge of the glass, and the pressure seal was developed by squeezing a rubber filler strip into a slot in the gasket.

The General American Transportation Company (G. A. T.) strip, a 70 durometer neoprene extrusion produced by Industrial Rubber and Dryden Rubber Co., operates in a similar manner, except that the locking wedge is an integral part of the basic strip itself.

Still another basic type depends on an external pressure stop to effect a seal. For the Arrivals Building at New York International Airport, Skidmore, Owings & Merrill developed a continuous channel that was made slightly smaller than the glass, and snapped on as the lights were unpacked. The aluminum extrusions were designed so that a pressure stop could be taken up to a point at which the glass light would be compressed between two ¼ in. layers of neoprene. Serrated surfaces were provided on both the pressure stop and the rabbit to give a series of high pressure lines across the face of the gasket.
Another example, the Pawling Rubber Corporation's "wet" seal channel, supplements the pressure seal with a two-sided adhesive seal by carrying within itself a reservoir of mastic sealing compound that is forced out during application.

In general, other than arranging for the application of pressure, design considerations for extruded preformed channels differ little from those for other sealing methods. Sealing space need not exceed \( \frac{3}{8} \) in. at the sill and \( \frac{3}{16} \) in. at jamb and head; and normal cross section dimensions for \( \frac{3}{4} \) in. glass or panels are \( \frac{1}{4} \) or \( \frac{3}{8} \) in. leg thickness with \( \frac{1}{4} \) in. connecting web. The height of the channel leg is usually \( 1\frac{1}{2} \) to 2 times the thickness of the glass or panel, but this dimension may be increased if trim area is desired or if it is necessary to accommodate movement of different materials in very large panels. Extreme wind load conditions may necessitate increasing the channel leg thickness to provide more resiliency.

The Site vs The Drawing Board

One of the potential drawbacks to the use of preformed sealants is the relatively limited range of joint dimensions over which they will function properly. A channel designed to develop an effective compression seal for a joint of a particular dimension may lose that effectiveness if the joint, as often happens, is actually larger or smaller. On a blueprint, a line or dimension indicating the location of an item on a building is fixed. On the job, the line may be a rough surface as much as several inches away from the location shown—and the variation must be absorbed in the joints between sections.

In the field, non-working joints are not usually critical because their tolerances are affected by shop-fabrication and not by field variations. However at working joints, which are normally expansion joints either horizontally or vertically, allowance must be made not only for shop fabrication tolerances and field variations, but also for expansion and contraction. The amount needed for expansion and contraction will, of course, vary with the size of the unit and the type of material. For vertical and horizontal variations, at least \( \frac{1}{4} \) in. should be allowed; while an allowance of \( \frac{1}{8} \) in. (\( \pm \frac{1}{32} \) in.) should be made for shop fabrication variations.

In the case of glazing joints, since glass is normally installed in a shop-assembled unit, the primary concern is the shop fabrication errors, for which the allowance should be \( \pm \frac{1}{64} \) in. In addition, variation in the cutting of the glass will be at least \( \pm \frac{1}{32} \) in. and possibly as much as \( \frac{1}{4} \) in. The effects of dirt and debris which may enter the joint, and of slight twists or distortions of the frame members, must also be considered.

It is evident that if preformed sealants are to perform effectively, they must be designed to allow for these field variations, and the joints must be detailed in such a way that the gaskets can be properly compressed.

The Materials and Their Manufacture

Extrusion is the process of forcing a plastic material through a forming die to obtain a product of the desired shape—for example, toothpaste is extruded from a tube. Unlike molding, it is a "free forming" process in which the ultimate product shape depends on both the shape of the die and the expansion and contraction characteristics of the compound itself. Today, two basic materials, polyvinyl chloride and neoprene, are commonly used in extruding preformed sealing strips and channels.

Polyvinyl chloride, a thermoplastic material, begins to cool and "set" immediately after being extruded, thus permitting the retention of quite complex detail in cross section design. Because there is no chemical change during this process, a reheating will effect its simple but efficient heat sealing characteristics.

Neoprene, on the other hand, is a thermo-setting material which requires vulcanization to effect a cure. As a result of the chemical change that takes place during this process, a very complex cross section design and heat sealing are sacrificed, but good permanent elasticity is obtained instead.

In certain types of glazing, where compounds are to be extruded, vinyl is very satisfactory. But in working joints or compression seal panel assembly and glazing, where pressure is the very essence of the seal, the vinyl compounds lack adequate compression set qualities and only neoprene has the necessary resiliency.

Most tolerances and construction variations can be accommodated by extruded neoprene channels through a combination of good cross section design and proper selection of hardness of stock. As a rule, harder compounds permit greater design flexibility but less desired initial deformation, while with softer compounds the reverse is true.

continued on page 240

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 211
A New Approach to Ornamental Metal

The growing trend towards dividing space by means more subtle than the solid wall has led, in many parts of the country, to an increased demand for wrought metal grilles and screens in patterns that will blend with and enhance the cleaner lines of contemporary architecture. One of the more noteworthy attempts to meet this demand is being made by a Fort Worth metal fabricator whose efforts to maintain high standards of design and workmanship in his ornamental iron products are backed up by a control program aimed at preventing duplication of designs in the same locale.

Designs in McKinley's contemporary series range from very open ones—such as the "Hourglass" pattern in which solid elements in a stylized hourglass shape are strung on slender metal rods—to the more tightly patterned "DeStijl" (above right). Most of them consist of relatively small units that lend themselves easily to combination in larger elements of widely varying sizes and shapes. Thus the same pattern may be used as a grille for wall or window openings, as a space divider, or even as an accent on an otherwise unrelieved wall.

Arrangement of the elements in a particular installation is, of course, subject to the architect's specifications, as is the metal and finish used. Iron and steel, prime coated with zinc chromate, are standard for all designs, but patterns can also be executed in satin finished or polished aluminum, bronze or brass.

The control program mentioned previously is handled by maintaining a running file on all installations. McKinley Designs are offered for use only through registered architects and decorators, and orders for a given area are filled only if the design requested has not previously been used in that area. As company president DeWitt McKinley puts it, "It is our thinking that an architect using our 'Symmetry' design in an auditorium would not like to go around the corner and see the same design on a hamburger stand." McKinley Designs, Div. of McKinley Iron Works, P.O. Box 790, Fort Worth, Texas

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New Bulletin gives important engineering data on Anemostat Constant Volume Turbulators. Write for your copy today.
Precast Floors and Roof on Precast Frame

The new Seahorse Hotel in Galveston, Texas is unusual because it is all precast concrete. The frame is formed of 51 concrete bents cast on the site and erected as shown in the photo below, left.

The second floor and roof are 6' x 16' precast Flexicore units, which clear span an average of 13 feet between bents. The Flexicore slabs were left exposed for guest room and sun deck ceilings, and were cantilevered to provide covered walkways. Flexicore units are hollow-cast concrete slabs that can be designed for clear spans up to 26 feet for floors and 30 feet for roofs.

The Seahorse Hotel is owned by the Beach Corporation of Galveston. Thomas M. Price was the architect and R. L. Reid the structural engineer.

A six-page descriptive folder on this project showing plans, sections, and details is available to architects, engineers and contractors. Write or phone any of the manufacturers below or The Flexicore Co., Inc., Dayton, Ohio. Ask for Flexicore Facts No. 77.

USEFUL CURVES AND CURVED SURFACES: 31—Hyperbolic Paraboloid

By SEYMOUR HOWARD, Architect, Associate Professor, Pratt Institute

The hyperbolic paraboloid, a quadric surface, is shown here in isometric and orthogonal projection. It is a doubly curved surface and therefore not developable. However, since it is ruled surface, it can easily be formed or molded in a framework of straight members. It can be generated in two ways:

1. A generating parabola (AOA in diagram) is moved along another directrix parabola (BOB) in such a way that the successive positions of the plane of AOA are always parallel and the successive positions of the line AA are always parallel.

2. As a ruled surface: Given two straight lines (here 5'S' and 5 S) lying in a horizontal plane, two vertical planes containing these straight lines. Move one of these lines, say 5'S', called the generator, along the other (5 S), called the directrix, in such a way that its successive positions are always skew but always parallel to its initial position. Thus no plane can contain any two positions of the line 5'S'. These successive positions are the straight lines of one family, sometimes called a regulus. The other family is found by sliding the other straight line 5 S along the line 5'S'.

The equation, with axes as shown:

\[ \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{z}{c} \]

(See below for the equations referred to the asymptotes as axes.)

All sections containing the z axis are parabolas. As such a section is rotated about the z axis, from one principal plane (the zx) to the other (the yz), the parabolas become wider and wider, but all with their centers of curvature above the xy plane, until at the sections containing 5 S or 5'S', the parabola becomes a straight line; as rotation continues, the parabolas have their centers of curvature below the xy plane, and become narrower until the section plane reaches the yz plane.

All sections parallel to any given plane containing the z axis are identical parabolas (or a straight line).

Every section parallel to the xy plane is a hyperbola. The lines 5'S' and 5 S are the asymptotes of all of these hyperbolas. Every section above the xy plane will be a hyperbola with its axis parallel to the x axis; every section below the xy plane has its axis parallel to the y axis. The hyperbolae at the same distance above and below the xy plane (i.e., when \( z = +d \) or \( -d \) are conjugate. On this xy plane the hyperbola becomes the pair of straight lines 5'S' and 5 S.

Every section which is not parallel to a plane containing the z axis is also a hyperbola (or a straight line). There are no elliptical or circular sections.
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USEFUL CURVES AND CURVED SURFACES: 32—Hyperbolic Paraboloid
By SEYMOUR HOWARD, Architect, Associate Professor, Pratt Institute

(Continued from Sheet 31)

Every contour or visible edge in axonometric or orthogonal projection is a parabola.

A plane can be passed through any two straight lines of different families or recti; no plane can be passed through two straight lines of the same family. Through any point on the surface pass only two straight lines, one from each family. The tangent plane at that point is defined by these two straight lines.

Note that the plan projection consists of two families of parallel lines, forming a network of identical rhombuses. When \( a = b \), the rhombus becomes a square. Note also that, although the angle between two straight lines of different families is constant in plan, it varies on the surface. (Therefore the hyperbolic paraboloid cannot be a minimal surface, since two such straight lines are the asymptotic lines at the point. On a minimal surface asymptotic lines must meet everywhere at right angles.)

The lines of curvature bisect the angles between the straight lines on the surface.

To draw. Given the rectangular plan with the parabolas \( S' A S, S' A S' \), \( S' B S' \), \( S' B S' \), \( S' B S' \) as the sides, divide each side into the same number of spaces (here 10) and draw the diagonal straight lines connecting corresponding points. These are the plan projections of the straight line generators of the surface. See Sheet 31.

The numbered points can be used to construct the parabolas, in elevation, in isometric or other projection, following the method of Sheet 31. These points are equidistant from the \( xz \) or \( yz \) planes; they are not equidistant along the true length of the parabolas.

Draw the elevations (projections on the \( xz \) and \( yz \) planes) by establishing the height \( c \) of the point such as \( 2' \) below the \( xy \) plane. Join the corresponding points on the parabolas with straight lines. With the numbering system shown, for example, each point such as \( 2 \) is joined by two straight lines to the two nearest points also numbered 2, the point such as \( 2' \) is joined to the nearest points numbered 2'. These straight lines will generate the surface.

In elevation the straight lines are tangents to the contour parabola \( A O A \); this parabola is identical to the parabola \( S B S' \). In axonometric projection (here an isometric) the contour is also always a parabola, which can be drawn from the straight line tangents.

The hyperbolic paraboloid as a warped parallelogram. A surface which is a parallelogram in plan can be set so that three corners (here \( A, C \) and \( D \)) are all in one plane (here horizontal), and the fourth corner \( B \) is not in the plane (here lowered). Divide the sides into equal spaces and join the pairs of opposite sides by straight lines. The surface will be a portion of a hyperbolic paraboloid.

In writing the equation, the edges \( AD \) (length \( a_1 \)) and \( DC \) (length \( b_1 \)) are usually taken as axes, with the angle \( w \) between them. The equation is

\[
k x_1 y_1 \sin w = z \quad \text{Where} \quad k = \frac{f}{a_1 b_1 \sin w}
\]

Note that, since \( a_1 = f \), \( k = \frac{c}{b_1 \sin w} \).

This therefore corresponds to the equation \( x y_1 = a_1 z^2 / c \) (see below). The area of the plan projection of the parallelogram is \( a_1 b_1 \sin w \).

When the edges of the parallelogram, corresponding to the principal asymptotes of the hyperbolic paraboloid, are taken as the axes, care must be used to compare the constants used in the two types of equation. The difference is basically the same as that between the equation of a hyperbola referred to its center line and that referred to its asymptotes. (When \( z = c \), the section of the hyperbolic paraboloid is the hyperbola whose parameters are \( a \) and \( b \).)

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USEFUL CURVES AND CURVED SURFACES: 33—Hyperbolic Paraboloid

By SEYMOUR HOWARD, Architect, Associate Professor, Pratt Institute

For the hyperbola, the two cases are:

1. The equilateral hyperbola (corresponding to rectangular hyperbolic paraboloid). In standard form, referred to x and y axes:
   \[ x^2 - y^2 = a^2 \]
   or
   \[ \frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1 \]
   Axes rotated through 45° to x1 and y1:
   \[ x_t, y_t = a, b \]
   where
   \[ a = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} \]

2. The general hyperbola. In standard form, referred to x and y axes:
   \[ \frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1 \]
   Axes changed from rectangular to oblique and rotated to x1 and y1:
   \[ x_t, y_t = a, b \]
   where
   \[ a = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \]

Or, if \( w = \) angle between x1 and y1,
   \[ x_t, y_t = \frac{a \cdot b}{2} \]

All equations referred to the asymptotes as axes can be checked by the fact that the area of the parallelogram made by the x1 and y1 coordinates of any point on a hyperbola is constant. This is shown shaded on the diagrams.

The values of the functions of the angle \( w \) are:

\[
\begin{align*}
\tan \frac{w}{2} &= \frac{b}{a} & \tan w &= \frac{2ab}{a^2 - b^2} \\
\sin \frac{w}{2} &= \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} & \sin w &= \frac{2ab}{a^2 + b^2} \\
\cos \frac{w}{2} &= \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} & \cos w &= \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^2 + b^2}
\end{align*}
\]

The drawing of hyperbolas may be simplified by using one of these two methods instead of those shown on Sheet 6.

1. Secant or chord method. Given the two asymptotes as shown and any point P1 (which may be the apex). Draw any secant line through P1, cutting the asymptotes at A and B. Measure BP1 equal to AP1. P2 is a point on the hyperbola. This process can be continued, using more lines through P1 or through P2.

2. Parallelogram method. Given the apex A1 and the apex A2 and one point P. Draw the axis through A1, A2. Draw PN perpendicular to the axis. Draw PB parallel to the axes and of length A1N. Divide PB into any number of equal spaces (here four), divide PN into the same number of equal spaces. From A1, draw lines to the points on PN, from A2, draw lines to the points on PB. The intersections of corresponding lines are points on the hyperbola. (This is basically the same method as that shown on Sheet 3 for drawing the parabola.)
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**Architectural Record** June 1958 221
Solar House Uses Heat Pumps for Summer Cooling, Auxiliary Heating

The Solar House opened recently near Phoenix, Arizona, features a unique collection system, and an even more unique method of providing for summer cooling and auxiliary heating. Designed by Peter R. Lee, an undergraduate student at the University of Minnesota, the double-cored house was the winning entry in an international competition sponsored by the AFASE.

Its energy collection system consists of louvers mounted in parallel rows between the steel roof beams over the patios and central court. Two rows are used to heat domestic hot water; the remaining rows collect heat for the house and swimming pool.

The collectors themselves are aluminum shells stretched over wooden frames and insulated with Dacron batting. Blackened copper tubes set in blackened copper sheet are placed over the batting and double-glazed with transparent film. Solar heat absorbed by the copper collection surface is transferred to water circulating through the tubes. During the heating season, the collectors rotate to follow the sun; in the summer, they are turned aluminum side up to act as sunshades.

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for LCN Closer Concealed-in-Door Shown on Opposite Page

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Marietta Concrete Corporation, Marietta, Ohio (one of the country’s largest producers of concrete wall panels) has found RUBATEX to be the ideal weather-barrier seal for their precast concrete wall panel construction in many industrial and commercial structures ... including the $3,000,000 Goodyear Research and Development Center; Sears Roebuck Shopping Center, Nashville, Tenn.; and the National Security Administration Building, Fort Meade, Md.—the world’s largest building of concrete panel construction.

RUBATEX’s unique closed cellular structure with inert nitrogen retained within the cells under pressure provides ... high compressive strength and resiliency even at low temperatures ... excellent insulation properties ... zero moisture absorption ... plus resistance to oxidation.

RUBATEX is soft, flexible, easy to work with and strips can be economically cut from sheet stock.

For full details and sample of Rubatex Closed Cellular Rubber — print your name in space below, attach to your company letterhead and mail to us.
The interior beauty of Shreve, Crump & Low Company, one of America's finest jewelers, is enhanced by the luxurious Seamloc carpeting.

The soft blue of the carpet and the indirect lighting of the displays combine to give an overall effect quite in keeping with the quality for which Shreve's is famous.

Decorators and designers throughout the country specify Seamloc carpet for installations of all types because:

SEAMLOC's thirty-three beautiful decorator colors meet the demands of almost any color scheme.

SEAMLOC carpet can be inlaid with slogans, trade marks or emblems without custom weaving.

SEAMLOC can be cut to any shape, recut or renewed at heavy traffic areas easily, economically. Seamloc's edges cannot ravel . . . need no binding.

SEAMLOC is economical too. The standard four and one-half foot width joins together to make any size carpet with almost no waste.

For your next floor covering job specify SEAMLOC, the best in carpet.

For further details and color samples see your nearest Seamloc dealer or write

SEAMLOC CARPET COMPANY - SANFORD, MAINE
In Indiana's New North Central High School—

Specified

In Indiana's New North Central High School—

BEST® Locks with the interchangeable core*

Handsome, new North Central High School, in Washington Township near Indianapolis, harmoniously blends design beauty with functional service. In planning the school's locking system, attention was focused not only on physical security and appearance, but also upon future maintenance ease and economy.

An all-BEST locking system was decided upon because it minimizes cost and time required for lock changes... also provides one simplified masterkey system throughout the school and entire Township school system. Future buildings can easily be added to this single masterkey system. The BEST system reduces total number of keys needed, allows instant, economical lock changes and assures maximum physical security.

*The interchangeable core is a patented, key-removable pin-tumbler lock which can be locked or unlocked with a regular operating key. This core may be removed with a special "Control Key" (used only to remove and replace cores), affecting instant change of locks. For complete details, see Sweet's Architectural File, 186 or write Dept. A-3

Best Universal Lock Co., Inc.
10 N. Senate Ave., Indianapolis 4, Indiana

Technical Roundup

As shown in the heating-cooling system diagram below, water from an underground storage tank is pumped to the collectors via a grid embedded beneath the swimming pool, heated, and returned to the tank. When heat is called for, hot water from the tank is delivered to a coil in the intake side of the heat pump's indoor unit, and used to warm air which is then circulated through the house. If auxiliary heating is required, heated refrigerant replaces the hot water in the coil. For greater efficiency, a pre-heater coil on the pump's outdoor (compressor) unit uses water from the storage tank—too cool to heat the house, but still warmer than the outside air—to heat the refrigerant.

In summer, the heat pump is reversed, and cold refrigerant is supplied to the indoor unit to cool air entering the house. To reduce the compressor's power load, water from the storage tank, cooled by aeration in the swimming pool, is used to pre-cool the air around the heat pump's external coil.

Research to Test Properties and Potential of Thin Marble Veneers

In an attempt to adapt thin (1/8 to 2 in.) marble veneers to present-day construction techniques, the National Association of Marble Producers is currently sponsoring a program of product research and development at the Armour Research Foundation.

The original objective of the program was to gather data on properties and uses of marble for compilation in an architectural handbook. The data on physical properties has now been nearly completed for all major marble producing areas, and work is well under way on the use of marble for curtain walls. The studies on both structural and non-structural panels cover (1) core materials for laminated sandwich panels, (2) suitable adhesives and (3) metal and fire resistant board interior facings, with supplementary investigations of sealants and panel framing systems.

The remainder of the study will be devoted to work on surface treatments and exterior veneers. 

more roundup on page 294
NEW

HOLOPHANE
Lo-Brite*
Prismalume*
Controlens*

No. 6010
No. 6011

• One Piece—
  4-Foot Length...

• Prismatic Acrylic
  Plastic...

• Unique Concave Shape...

• For 1-Foot-Wide
  Fluorescent Luminaires

Setting New High
Standards of
Lighting Efficiency
and Visual Comfort

This new 4-foot Holophane CONTROLENS offers advantages that are years ahead—that set it apart from ordinary diffusing elements... Made of crystal-clear acrylic plastic... light in weight... free from discoloration... retains its shape... Its prismatic construction and concave contour assure exceptional lighting performance—directing maximum illumination to desired areas, minimizing brightness and glare... Modern and streamlined in design, it enhances the distinction of offices, banks, stores, showrooms—wherever the finest fluorescent lighting is indicated... Holophane lens distributors provide luminaires carrying these CONTROLENS. Specify 6010 for plaster and concealed T-Bar ceilings; 6011 for inverted grid ceilings.

Write today for engineering data and list of franchised lens distributors

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Lighting Authorities Since 1898 • 342 MADISON AVENUE • NEW YORK 17, N. Y.
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A permanent expression of progress is portrayed in this fashionable offset pattern of standard units and 6"x8"x16" pilaster block. Thousands of such distinctive block-featured wall patterns are offered by your local NCMA member. Consult him now.

NATIONAL CONCRETE MASONRY ASSOCIATION
38 SOUTH DEARBORN • CHICAGO

Exterior of Mekelburg Bldg., Brentwood, Calif.
Architects: Candrea & Jarrett, AIA
South Station, Boston is one of the country's busiest railroad terminals. Countless thousands upon thousands of travelers and commuters have gone in and out of this Atlantic Avenue entrance since these precast ALUNDUM Aggregate treads were made and installed 28 years ago by the DePaoli Mosaic Company. Their surface has not lost one iota of its non-slip effectiveness and wear has been insignificant as you can see by this unretouched photograph taken in April of this year.

The walking safety provided by these ALUNDUM terrazzo treads is just as positive in stormy weather when water and snow are tracked in from the street. And there are no grooves nor corrugations to cause tripping.

Catalog 1935R gives complete details about ALUNDUM Aggregate for terrazzo and cement — also in SWEETS.

Technical Roundup

Prestressed Concrete Triangles Give Column-Free Restaurant Space

To meet the clients' request for a structure "out of this world in appearance, but in this world in cost," Architect John Edwin May, A.I.A., designed a highway restaurant framed by a series of concrete triangles. Prestressed concrete bents were leaned together and the resulting triangles tied by a second floor running through the center. The prestressed concrete beams supporting the second floor slab were welded to plates in the triangular bents, thus eliminating the need for columns below. The 5500 sq ft building rests on concrete pads and bearing plates at six points. The walls, all non-loadbearing, are filled in with Kalwall, glass, and rough coral rock.

Stressed-Skin Aluminum Dome to House 'Theater in the Round'

Since its introduction early last year, Kaiser Aluminum's stressed-skin dome has been used for projects ranging from auditoriums to banks to factories. Its latest use is as the core of a $500,000 "Casa Manana" project designed by A. George King & Associates for the Fort Worth Opera Association. The dome itself will be the key unit in a complex that will also include wings housing dressing rooms, offices, a property shop, and wardrobe and rehearsal areas. The circular stage, 32 ft in diameter, and an adjacent orchestra pit will be located in the center of the dome to allow an uninterrupted view from every seat. The stage will be removable and the pit can be covered to adapt the space to activities other than "theater in the round."
Sylvania Mohawk Fixtures... 
the modern approach to 
surface-mounted lighting

No matter how low the ceiling—you can always find room for quality lighting with Sylvania's 3¾"-deep Mohawk. In long, lean rectangles or shallow square designs, these new fixtures have a clean and classic look about them that is tomorrow in good lighting.

In providing more than two dozen different lighting design combinations, with only a few standardized components, the Mohawk Series is one of the most complete fixture lines of its type today. It gives you a custom approach to lighting... choice of 2 standard widths, 2-, 4-, or 8-foot lengths, and 5 different types of shielding.

Ask your local Sylvania Fixture Specialist for his demonstration of the Mohawk's many short- and long-term cost-saving features. And write direct for FREE booklet V-100 with complete specification data.

Sylvania Electric Products Inc. 
Dept. F20, Lighting Division—Fixtures 
One 48th Street, Wheeling, W. Va.

Metal-louvered Mohawks (one-foot width) provide clean architectural design, with shielding needed for high footcandle levels, in new university classrooms.

Dished contour plastic shielding on Mohawk provides attractive lighting design for corridors. Installation by Broadway Electric Company, Knoxville.

Sylvania Mohawk Fixtures get permanent library duty at University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tenn. Architects and engineers on job: Barber & McMurry, Knoxville.
for your special jobs

... lustrous, lasting stainless steel

toilet compartments by Nicholson

Specify the best for the toilet compartments in your “special” jobs—specify stainless steel. It has the undeniable quality and appearance that belong with the job that’s specified “best throughout”.

Nicholson stainless steel toilet compartments do cost more than conventional ones ... but they’re better looking ... last a lifetime ... and are actually more economical over the long haul.

You can count on low installation costs when you use any Nicholson Toilet Compartment. They are designed and constructed for easy adjustment to location contours and for fast assembly.


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6 reasons why you'll want to specify

New Ultracoustic® Ceiling Board

1. NEW BEAUTY—the only glass fiber ceiling board with beautiful travertine texture!
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6. RESILIENT TOUGHNESS—dimensionally stable, yet bends without breaking. Easy to install. Easy to remove and replace for access to area above ceiling.

For complete data, see Sweet's File 11a/Gu, or write for 4-color AIA brochure today.

Gustin-Bacon Manufacturing Company
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Thermal and acoustical glass fiber insulation • Pipe couplings and fittings • Molded glass fiber pipe insulation
Mahon M-FLOORS Give You

Mahon M-Floor Construction was employed throughout in this Modern Office Building for the Manhattan Building Company, Toledo, Ohio, Bellman, Gillett & Richards, Architects, Geo. W. Lothrop & Sons, Inc., Gen. Contrs.

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Electrical Raceways Under Every Sq. Ft. of Floor Surface—Provide Greater Raceway Capacity!

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☆ For INFORMATION See SWEET'S FILES or Write for Catalogues
Opens automatically at 212° F., limiting damage from fire or explosion.

It's cheaper to burn up the sky than a plant!

When fire or explosion strikes a plant, Swartwout Pyrojectors open automatically ... eject heat, flames, smoke through the roof instead of spreading them across the building. Pyrojector protection gives extra time for fire fighting equipment to arrive.

Pyrojectors are installed and operate entirely above roof level, yet extend only 28" above curb. Fusible link mechanism opens 28 square foot vent when temperature reaches 212° F. Can also be opened instantaneously with release chain or from roof. Well insulated and weather tight, Pyrojectors can be opened for extra ventilation in summer.

Find how you can design extra protection into every plant with Swartwout Pyrojectors. Write for complete information today.

Specifying the Compression Seal

While rubber in compression would seem to have the best chance of meeting all the requirements for a permanently resilient glazing set and joint seal in modern curtain wall construction, all rubbers are not completely suitable. Some are effected by sunlight and weather; others are subject to cold flow or permanent deformation under load.

Neoprene, which has come to be almost synonymous with “preformed resilient gaskets,” is similar to natural rubber in its high strength, abrasion resistance, flexibility and resilience, as well as its compression set characteristics. It differs from natural rubber in its outstanding weather resistance and its proven ability to give long term service in a variety of severe exposure conditions.

Like many other construction materials, it is available in a number of qualities, and should be purchased to specification. Standard ASTM testing methods for rubber products cover the following criteria for measuring the quality of preformed neoprene strips:

- **Hardness:** A guide to the load deflection characteristics, usually measured on a durometer scale. (Low durometer materials are soft; high durometer materials, hard.)
- **Tensile strength:** Generally (though not always) a guide to the quality of the compound. High tensile strength implies high quality.
- **Accelerated aging tests:** Indicate how the original physical properties are retained after long-term aging.
- **Compression set:** Permanent retention of sealing pressure is directly associated with stress relaxation.
- **Low temperature flexibility:** Standard tests methods are available.
- **Weather resistance:** The test for exposure to ozone of an elastomer under stress is widely accepted.

Much of the framing for Friedens Lutheran School, Kenosha, Wisconsin, was shop fabricated ready to be set into place.

**With Stran-Steel framing—**

**KENOSHA SCHOOL GOES UP FAST TO SAVE COSTS**

In less than 1,600 man-hours, the 8-room addition to Friedens Lutheran School, Kenosha, Wisconsin, was closed in, ready for interior finishing, according to architect Walter Trapp, A.I.A.

“We selected Stran-Steel nailable joists, studs and wide flange beams partly because of flexibility, but principally because of speed of erection,” Mr. Trapp states, “for fast erection means savings many ways. For instance, we can fasten channel runners directly to the joists. Then acoustical ceiling panels just snap into place. It’s really easy and saves a lot. And by using the Stran-Steel lightweight framing system we were able to reduce foundation material and labor costs at least 20 percent.”

With a Stran-Steel building system you can stay ahead of construction crews by shop fabricating sections and delivering them to the site as needed. At the Friedens School all the non-bearing walls were pre-fabricated and dropped into place as the floors were completed. Plumbing and electrical work is simplified, too, because joists and studs are punched to receive piping and wiring.

Save your clients money by saving construction time. All-steel Stran-Steel components are easy to handle, easy to use. Structures go up fast. And the job you build with a Stran-Steel framing system is durable, fire-safe and flexible in design. Send the coupon for more facts.

**Stran-Steel Architectural Products Mean Construction Savings For You**

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 241
Another "first" from Roddis

NOW...a flush veneered C-LABEL fire door!

Now architects can get all the beauty of a flush veneered wood door... ¾ hour Underwriters approved... with Light Openings as large as 30"x40". Every door guaranteed for the life of the installation.

From the advanced door research program of Roddis comes another development of importance to America's architects—Roddis now makes available, for the first time in the industry, an all-wood, flush veneered, ¾ hour fire door. It's the new Golden Dowel C-label Fire Door!

For use in interior walls of corridors, or for room partitions, this C-label door gives you all the richness and beauty of a wood veneered door... plus excellent fire protection... at a considerable savings over the more costly B-label door.

The core of this amazing new door is made by a patented Roddis process. Special, fire-proofed wood particles are bonded with a waterproof, thermo-setting resin under heat and pressure. Then each side is faced with two-ply veneer panels. This exclusive construction has earned the C-label classification from the Underwriters' Laboratories.

What's more, you can have larger light openings with the Golden Dowel C-label door than are possible with a B-label door. Vision openings up to 1,200 square inches have been approved by Underwriters for this new door. And Roddis will cut them and supply the complete panel assembly for you. (Standard sizes, 30"x40", 30"x36", 24"x36", 18"x30", 8"x12", 10"x10").

You enhance your designs, assure protection and lower costs for your clients when you specify the new Roddis flush veneered, C-label Fire Door. And remember... the GOLDEN DOWEL means "guaranteed for the life of the installation".

For complete details and specifications send coupon below.

COMPLETE CUSTOM PRE-FINISHING!
from the prime-and-seal coat to the final finish coat

For maximum factory-to-installation protection, finer end results, you can specify your Roddis Doors primed and sealed at our factory before shipment. Roddis' new, automated production line applies a special synthetic resin sealer to the double-sanded, dust-free doors. After drying, the doors are sanded again to emerge with a tough, smooth undercoat that assures a perfect on-the-job finish application.

Completely pre-finished doors are also available. You can specify doors finished in color tones to match any of the 9 woods in the Roddis Craftwall paneling line... or to match your own color sample.

ONE SOURCE FOR ALL YOUR WOOD DOOR NEEDS

High standards of workmanship and beauty over the years have established famous Roddis Doors as first choice among architects and builders. Choose from the most complete line of wood doors in the field...

HOLLOW CORE  B and C-LABEL FIRE DOORS  INSTITUTIONAL
SOLID CORE  X-RAY

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BEAUTY...STRENGTH...PROTECTION

Construction of new Golden Dowel C-label Fire Door includes patented, fire-proofed wood particle core of exceptional strength and stability. Asbestos lock block marked with Golden Dowel. 2-ply faces in standard thickness face veneers. Wide choice of first grade woods. Light openings up to 30"x40". ¾-hour protection approved by Underwriters' Laboratories.

RODDIS PLYWOOD CORP.
Marshfield, Wis.
Dept. AR-658

Please send complete information on new Roddis Golden Dowel C-label Fire Door.

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Big Gymnasiums and Halls Become 2 or More Rooms

Cookson Partitions solve gymnasium, auditorium and other big room division problems in the most practical way. Extremely durable and attractive, they are designed with complete flexibility to meet the need for frequent and easy changes in group and room area requirements.

Cookson Partitions give the feeling of permanent structural walls. They may be finished to accent or blend with any decorative plan, yet they roll quickly out of sight for full use of combined room areas. Many exclusive Cookson design and engineering features make this utility partition the most advanced of its type on the market today. Custom built for single openings up to 100' wide, or double openings 200' wide, 23' high. Request Bulletin No. 603 for details.

Insulated Curtain Wall Panel
This wall panel is designed to be the basic unit of a quickly assembled, non-load bearing outside curtain wall for commercial or industrial buildings. Panels are made up of an interior steel panel, fiber insulation, and a steel or aluminum outer panel and the assembly is claimed equal to 25 in. of masonry wall construction in insulating value. The interior panels are of 18 or 20 gauge steel in 2 ft widths, ribbed 12 in. on center. The exterior panels are fluted and are of galvanized steel or leather grained aluminum. Inland Steel Products Company, P.O. Box 393, Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin.

One-Piece Concrete Form Fastener
A new fastening device for plywood concrete forms holds both form tie and waler in place and is reported to save 20 to 40 per cent of the time used in placing conventional forms. The Ply-Tie holder is a channel shape with a tear-drop slot in one arm for the head of a special form-tie, and the other arm designed to hold the waler. Tie holes are pre-drilled to a standard pattern, and studs tacked to the plywood with one of the 2 by 4's backing the joint. The Ply-Tie holder secures the form tie and holds the waler in place. Holders can be used for light, medium, or heavy construction by varying the spacing and thickness of studs and walers. Trueforms, Inc., 414 Times Square Building, Seattle 1, Washington.

Product Reports

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NOW! ALL SIX MODELS offer greatest design flexibility for single and dual duct systems

All six high performance, space-saving, cost-saving models are available with Constant Volume Control... with either flat plate or sinuous baffle... with static pressure taps for quick accurate air delivery measurement... and with the patented helical spring damper that assures complete close-off.

Wherever your plans call for a high velocity air conditioning system—whether you're designing a new structure or remodeling an old one—choose Connor high velocity valve attenuators... there's a model that meets every design and performance test.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 247
Night Locking System
The Sequel Lock system uses a rim-type deadlock mechanism with two keys, one of which is used to throw the bolt, and at the same time release the other key which is then used to lock the next door in the sequence. This system thus insures that all doors in a building have been locked before the final exit door can be secured. It also enforces the complete unlocking sequence when opening up the building. If time records are required, the final lock in the series may be connected with a time recording lock. The lock is designed to be used with many types of doors and windows. Safety Lock Corp., 236 North Franklin Street, Hempstead, New York.

Aluminum Band Shell
This band shell made up of aluminum panels redirects and diffuses the sound of a band or orchestra so that the full musical tones reach all members of the audience and a minimum of amplifying equipment need be used. The roof is cantilever-supported from the rear and the side panels, made of 2 in. of plastic core covered by aluminum sheets, are supported on thin columns. Shell sizes are available to accommodate 40 to 120 musicians. A variety of lighting installations may be specified and side wings or other features may be added. Overly Manufacturing Company, Greensburg, Pa.

Handsome, compact room units like these complete the air-conditioning picture
York quality equipment in the utility area of your building—like the new packaged water chiller—calls for room units of equal quality, efficiency and economy. Here are just a few of a wide variety of York fan coil units that fill the bill perfectly.

Free-standing or furred-in floor units add functional good looks and interest to your room designs.

Wall-hung units eliminate many installation difficulties... are available with handsome wall-to-wall enclosures.

Ceiling-hung units occupy no rentable or productive space.

...York is the first manufacturer to offer all three units.

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by
JACOBY

Crucifixion Window
Saint Patrick's Church, East St. Louis, Illinois
Architect: Paul Saunders, A. I. A.

IMAGINATIVE DESIGN
ACTIVE COLOR
CONTROLLED LIGHT
INTEGRATION OF EXTERIOR
Contemporary and Traditional Dalles in Cement

JACOBY STUDIOS
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Product Reports
continued from page 212

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more products on page 254

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248 ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958
York offers the broadest range of capacities in the industry—18 to 246 tons!

Completely integrated design saves productive floor space, permits installation anywhere in the building!

Exclusive mechanical features drastically cut costs of installation, operation and maintenance!

York makes news again—with a series of packaged water chillers designed to solve problems for the architect while effecting significant savings for building management. Look at the extras engineered into these advanced units:

SAVINGS IN PRODUCTIVE FLOOR SPACE! The compact arrangement of integrated components—including all interconnected piping, and styled automatic control center—results in big space savings. And the unit's quiet, vibration-free operation means it can be located anywhere in your building. No special foundations or space-consuming structural supports are necessary.

SAVINGS IN OPERATING COSTS! Low-cost, trouble-free performance is assured with the York packaged water chiller. Exclusive Flooded Coolers and positive refrigerant feed control mean top efficiency over the entire range of load conditions. Automatic capacity controls save power by continuously adjusting output to prevailing load conditions—without supervision. York's wider selection of capacities means you can choose a unit to meet your needs precisely—without compromise.

SAVINGS IN MAINTENANCE COSTS! Another exclusive—capillary oil return, direct from chiller to compressor—eliminates a common hazard in packaged water chillers: unit failure due to interrupted oil flow under light loads. All key parts are exceptionally rugged; will resist corrosion and wear many years longer.

The new packaged water chiller is another product of York's tradition of designing with the real cost of air-conditioning in mind. The features listed above are just a few of the many that consulting engineers and building owners will want explained in detail. Check your classified directory for the name and address of your local York sales representative...or write for Bulletin I-213. York Corporation, York, Pennsylvania.

Millions Live Better with York

IN CANADA, CANADIAN ICE MACHINE COMPANY LTD., TORONTO

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 249
"to make it easier to select and install"

Checkbook has been prepared in response to many inquiries. It is a concise "pattern" or "key" for relating the wide range of fire protection factors. It is not a catalog.* For men who are not directly working on this part of construction, it helps maintain supervisory know-how.

Checkbook helps interpret and implement authorities' requirements... select and place equipment... avoid waste of space, time, cost... best serve designed appearance, occupant's use and safety.

*see Sweet's or Domestic Engineering catalog directory, Allenco catalog 150 (A.I.A. file 29e2) or new products data
Fire Protection equipment...

CHECKBOOK for Specifying Non Sprinkler Fire Protection
Digest of Portent Sections of National Fire Codes (N.F.P.A.)
with Drawings and Examples

Checkbook reports and shows basic requirements for:—Standpipe Systems; Hose Stations; Extinguishers; Exterior Centers. It includes "coupon specifications" forms for major items, which may simply be removed and filled-in for easier spec-writing. It also lists references for details digested here.

Checkbook is unique, practical, valuable. Your copy will be sent on request. Write or phone your Allenco Fieldman (listed in Yellow Pages) or direct to home office.

W. D. ALLEN Manufacturing Co.
Room 500 Allenco Bldg. 566 W. Lake St. Chicago 6
10 stories up at 8 below

Erection of (US) AmBridge Steel Joists continued through
Pittsburgh's coldest winter

This picture was made on one of the coldest days in Pittsburgh last winter. It shows steel joists that will support the roof of Duquesne University's new 10-story steel-frame Hall of Law and Business building overlooking downtown Pittsburgh.

While most outside construction work in the Pittsburgh area came to a dead stop during the cold snap, the placing of steel joists went on as usual.

USS*AmBridge Steel Joists—standard and long-span—provide rigid, economical and lightweight construction suitable for any type of roof, ceiling and floor. The under-slung and open-web design provides for maximum head room and allows passage of pipes, ducts and conduits in any direction. Their ease and simplicity of erection cuts installation time, enabling you to get your structure under cover sooner. Once they have been erected and properly bridged, they immediately furnish a safe working platform for other trades.

In addition to their use in the 10-story classroom building, AmBridge Steel Joists were also used to support the roof and stage floor of the Auditorium Annex. American Bridge also fabricated the steel frame for these structures. In all, 1,131 tons of steel-work was supplied for this job.

If you would like to know more about the time- and money-saving advantages of USS AmBridge Steel Joists, ask for a free copy of our 36-page catalog.

American Bridge
Division of (US) United States Steel

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Powers DAY-NIGHT Thermostats are adjustable for normal temperature during occupancy and lower economical temperature during unoccupied periods.

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Product Reports

Movable Radiation Barrier

Weld-O-Bond No. 2111, a radiation-resistant adhesive, is used with solid concrete blocks to form a low-cost, effective radiation barrier that can be taken down and re-assembled elsewhere with no waste. This special adhesive is designed to be resistant to the deteriorating effects of radioactivity, to have good compressive and shear strength but not appreciable tensile strength, to permit the wall to be disassembled when the need arises without damaging the blocks. An additional requirement is that the adhesive be readily visible to aid in inspection of joints for possibly dangerous gaps in coverage. The material is said to fulfill these requirements satisfactorily after a year of use in a high-voltage accelerator factory test building. California Stucco Products of New England, Inc., 169 Waverly St. Cambridge, Mass.

Pattern Concrete Block

Hi-Lite block is based on the conventional 8 in. by 8 in. by 16 in. masonry unit and has single or double raised pyramid facing designs. This simple design unit is said to enable architects and builders to create many dramatic architectural effects and patterns. It can add texture and pattern to large unrelieved wall areas. Besser Company, Alpena, Michigan, more products on page 260
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Company _________________________
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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD  June 1958  255
A full-scale test bridge showed engineers new ways to cut costs. 218 more prestressed bridges will follow...at savings that make every fifth bridge free!

Engineers found big economy when they checked prestressed concrete for bridges on Illinois Toll Highways. They're cutting approximately $4,000,000 from original estimated costs—with no sacrifice of strength or durability.

This is a mass production job, the biggest yet of its kind. Designs are standardized. Prestressed stringers are being produced in casting yards to achieve top economy and uniformly high quality. All this enables contractors to meet road opening schedules with resultant financing economies.

Whether the job calls for hundreds of bridges or just a few, savings really add up with prestressed concrete. And savings are just starting! Maintenance costs will be the lowest known on any major bridge system. That's why you'll be seeing more such modern bridges as Interstate System construction moves ahead.

PORTLAND CEMENT ASSOCIATION
A national organization to improve and extend the uses of concrete
The creative imagination will find in Masonite interior panels a combination of decorative appeal and long-time usefulness.

For example, in the residence above, Masonite® Seadrift® presents a texture of well-weathered driftwood. Interest is heightened by the planked effect of randomly spaced vertical grooves. Paint it to blend with the over-all color scheme.

The showroom design in the lower sketch presents Misty Walnut, a Masonite hardboard panel with a wood-grain finish. Its effect is one of well-mannered luxury.

For current product information, consult Sweet's Architectural File, see a Masonite representative, or send the coupon.
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The LANDMARK—Separate "blocks of comfort" for cooling, heating, air handling! Selected and combined by your Lennox Comfort Craftsman for perfect, super-quiet, all-year air conditioning for any job!

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saves hours of installation time. Your Lennox Comfort Craftsman is factory-trained, factory-backed to handle your entire job.

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offers oil, gas or electric heating; capacities of 68,000 to 170,000 Btuh (gas, input) per section.

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includes two-speed blower, cushioned on live rubber in a sound-conditioned cabinet; oversize Hammock Filter that cleans air of practically all dust and pollen. (Efficient Landmark Heat Pump systems are also available for perfect winter and summer comfort.)

There are more than 5600 factory-trained Lennox Comfort Craftsmen, who work directly with Lennox to serve you better!
Now, for the first time, you can specify heating and cooling that meets exact comfort requirements—with the Landmark by Lennox! Simply tell your Lennox Comfort Craftsman what your needs are, and he will select the one right cooling unit, the one right heating unit, the one right air handling unit to do the job. Expertly assembled, these units form the Landmark—the only system that offers comfort made-to-measure; the finest comfort system you can choose.

Separate units, each designed to make the most of time-tested principles, go together to form forced warm air furnaces, air conditioners, or combination heating and air conditioning systems. Each of four cabinet widths can house cooling, heating and air handling equipment of different capacities. In addition to individual Landmark assemblies, banks of Landmarks may be assembled together, coordinated by “multiple interlock” controls, to provide greater capacities required to serve larger areas.

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Product Reports

Aluminum-Fiberglass Plastic Panel

Sunpan wall panels are made up of an extruded aluminum grid, nominally 12 in. by 18 in., with a skin of fiberglass-reinforced polyester resin sheet plastic. Panels are 1½ in. or 3 in. thick and come in three types: type "A" in which the skin completely covers the panel, type "B" which has a protective lip around the edges, and type "C" which is similar to type "B" with the addition of a special interlocking joint for connection to the adjoining panel. Panel dimensions are either standard at 4 ft by 8, 10, 12, or 20 ft, or variable within the extremes given. Panel Structures Inc., 45 Greenwood Ave., East Orange, N. J.

Porcelain-Aluminum Wall Panels

A new panel sandwich with a "leather grain finish" and 1¾ in. of total thickness has been used in school construction recently. The panel has an outside surface of grain finish aluminum finished in porcelain enamel; a ¾ in. air space maintained by stainless-steel clips; a 1 in. fiber glass core of 6 lb density with an asphalt coating; and a 16 gauge galvanized steel back pan. The whole assembly is fastened together as a rigid unit with the two surface pans separated at the flanges by a perimeter gasket. Condensation can escape through weep holes provided, the U value is said to be 66 in. Ingram-Richardson Manufacturing Company, Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.
The "BW" Series is shown above in modern stretcher stack-bond construction. These units as well as the sizes listed below can also be laid in conventional center bond for attractive interior layouts.

**Completely functional, ocular green walls of Natco Ceramic Glaze Vitritile**

Now you can combine the ultimate in cleanliness with a range of smooth colorful surfaces that establish the precise brightness ratio most suitable for long hours of demanding visual work.

Natco Vitritile also allows you to achieve significant economies. Simple washing is all that's required for maximum cleanliness and sanitation. In addition, Natco Vitritile provides a sound fireproof structural unit with an attractive interior finish in one operation...at one cost.

Natco Ceramic Glaze Vitritile is available in a complete range of functional and decorative colors and in three face sizes to give you the most complete design and aesthetic freedom.

Write for General Catalog S-58 and the Facing Tile Institute Specifications Handbook for information on new dirt-resistant mortars.

### SIZES AND SHAPES

<table>
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<th>Series</th>
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<th>Tile Face Size</th>
<th>Nominal Thickness</th>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;BW&quot;</td>
<td>BW-257</td>
<td>7(\frac{3}{4})&quot; x 15(\frac{3}{4})&quot;</td>
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<td>2&quot;, 4&quot;, 6&quot;, 8&quot;</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
A point of special architectural interest in the new Torrington Manufacturing Co. plant at Van Nuys, California is the sunshade of Coolite heat absorbing wire glass that spans the western elevation.

Complementing the spectacular new IBM offices in San Jose, California are these Hauserman partitions, glazed with lustrous Mississippi Broadlite glass.

1260 lights of ¼" Coolite Wire Glass provide better daylight with protection, while absorbing excess solar heat in expansive American Airlines Hangar at Los Angeles International Airport.
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To make the most of daylight, use translucent, light diffusing glass by Mississippi. For utility, beauty and economy, unmatched by any other glazing medium, specify Mississippi Glass. Available in a wide variety of patterns, wired and unwired, at better distributors everywhere.

Write for new 1958 Catalog. Address Department 7.

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Executive Office: 155 Sixth Avenue, New York 13, N.Y.
What is Follansbee TERNE?

As a word, terre means three. As a metal, Follansbee TERNE is the combination of three metals—steel, lead and tin. More properly, it is copper-bearing cold-rolled strip steel with a lead-tin coating. The coating is an alloy of 4 parts lead to one part tin. This makes TERNE's surface perfect for painting and soldering. Since TERNE is basically steel, its coefficient of expansion is lower than any other roofing metal; it is durable, fireproof and can be painted any color, any time.

Now it's possible to achieve both a visual and physical horizontal shadow line on the roof—with a Bermuda Roof of Follansbee TERNE.

The distance between the shadow line can be varied to create the desired effect ... and the effect will change as the sun moves and the width of the shadow line changes.

The striking design of the Bermuda Roof can be adapted to all types of ranch designs and is finding widespread use in circular, triangular and hexagonal roofs.

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Protection of Cultural Property
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Treats in exhaustive detail methods
recommended for protection of all
types of cultural material from all
known hazards. Methods of resisting
the onslaught of blast, corrosive at-
mosphere, looters, insects and mold
are discussed in relation to such mem-
orabilia as paintings, cathedrals, and
insect collections. A section is also de-
voted to the enabling resolutions and
other documents pertaining to setting
up this really complete study.
UNESCO, Museums And Monuments
VIII, as translated into English. Au-
thor, A. Noblecourt, 346 pp, 124
Figs., 137 plates, $7.50. UNESCO
Publications Center, 801 3rd Ave.,
New York 22, N. Y.

A Special Report
... on Built-Up Roofings Discusses
most of the common types of built-up
roofs with their special features and
uses with special emphasis given to
the requirements of roofings in
southern California. C.S.I. 12-B 57,
16 pp, $0.30. Rolf T. Retz, 1429 Pot-
terro Way, Sacramento 22, Calif.

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OF CONVENIENCE

SECTION A PUSH AND PULL BARS
SECTION B PUSH—PULL UNITS
SECTION C PUSH—PULL—KICK PLATES
SECTION D MISCELLANEOUS DOOR HARDWARE
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Brochure #1069B, 24 pp. Ceco Steel
Products Corporation, 5601 West
26th St., Chicago 50, Illinois*

Thermal Resistance of Airspaces
... and Fibrous Insulations Bound-
ed by Reflective Surfaces shows test
methods and details results with ta-
bles and charts of experiments with
many types of fibrous and reflective
insulation materials. BMS 151, 22 pp,
20 cents. Superintendent of Docu-
ments U. S. Government Printing Of-
ce, Washington 25, D. C.

Bio-Climatic Science (A.I.A. 17-A)
Illustrates sunshading problems and
the automatic louvers used to solve
them. 14 pp. Universal Corporation,
6701 Denton Drive, Dallas, Texas.

The Architects Estimator
Is a loose-leaf reference volume cov-
ering current building costs, includ-
ing markups and contractor's profit
and overhead. Tables and factors are
included for material quantity cal-
culations. Revised sheets keep the book
up to date. A companion volume, The
Professional Construction Estima-
tor, is a labor and material time-and-
money calculator. Professional Pub-
lishing Company of Pasadena, P. O.
Box 5205, Pasadena, California

*Additional product information in
Sweet's Architectural File, 1958
more literature on page 272
Where You Need Durability Plus Strength at Low Cost
Specify Armco ALUMINIZED STEEL Type 2

Two plants with roofing, siding and flashing of Armco ALUMINIZED STEEL Type 2 illustrate the architectural advantages of this hot-dip aluminum-coated steel. It was specified for both structures because its combination of atmospheric corrosion resistance and strength assures lasting service at least cost.

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For applications like these and for panels, roof decking, rolling doors, ventilators and other building components exposed to atmospheric corrosion, ALUMINIZED STEEL Type 2 offers economical durability.

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Let us send you complete information on Armco ALUMINIZED STEEL Type 2. Just fill out and mail the coupon or write to Armco Steel Corporation, 2198 Curtis Street, Middletown, Ohio.

ARMCO STEEL

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 267
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To give your clients the best roof protection, specify Johns-Manville Aquadam Built-Up Roofs—and be sure. For a copy of booklet "J-M Aquadam Built-Up Roofs" write to: Johns-Manville, Box 158, New York 16, New York. In Canada, write 568 Lakeshore Road East, Port Credit, Ontario.
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Eight leading manufacturers now make up the association of Certified Ballast Manufacturers

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 269
New! The Andersen Strutwall...

a modular component that joins window and wall!

Factory assembly gives tighter, trouble-free fit; saves labor; simplifies and speeds construction!

Here's a great advance in fenestration. A new building component that makes a quality window an integral part of the house frame. Offers tremendous advantages to architects everywhere.

Precision factory assembly of load-bearing side struts, nailers and lower jack studs gives the new Andersen Strutwall unusual resistance to racking. Provides the tightest possible joining of window and wall. Cuts framing and installation two-thirds—from around 22 steps to 7.

To install the new Strutwall, the two load-bearing struts are cut to fit the header construction used. The component is nailed to adjacent studs, tilted up with the wall. Such simplicity practically eliminates the chance of carpentry errors—and callbacks.

There are even bigger advantages in mullions and larger openings. New Strutwalls are simply butted against each other. Because there's structural support at 4-foot intervals, nothing heavier than two 2 x 6 headers are needed in single story construction.

The new Andersen Strutwall fits any type of frame construction—including panel systems. It's been perfected and proved by field tests all over the country.

The Strutwall is sold throughout the United States and Canada. For more information or specification data, write Andersen Corporation, Bayport, Minnesota.

Available in 7 sizes, 2 styles! Andersen makes seven sizes of the new Strutwalls, two sizes of Strutwall door frames. Window components include both famous Beauty-Line® and Flexivent® styles.

*Patent pending.
Simple, error-proof construction! Just cut two load-bearing struts to fit header construction. Nail Strutwall to adjacent studs, tilt up with the wall. This cuts installation steps two-thirds. Practically eliminates chance of carpentry errors and callbacks.

Saves materials, costs less installed! New Andersen Strutwall eliminates the two long cripples on the left, requires two 2x6's instead of heavier headers in multiple openings. Builders report a good saving in total installed costs—even when figured against inferior conventional windows.

Fits tighter, looks better! Because all parts of the Strutwall are nailed and glued at the factory, you get unusual resistance to racking—the tightest possible joining of window and wall. Famous Beauty-Line and Flexivent styles add beauty and sales appeal to your homes.
HIGH, wide & handsome...

Educators
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Adaptability and style hit a new high in Educators 7-foot storage units. Full length beautifully finished Birch End Panels and Fronts are topped off with matching Birch or colorful Pegboard Doors and new smoothly contoured Tops. Seven different models with interior arrangements functionally designed for secondary grades, make these units useful as they are attractive.

Write today for information and specifications.

Office Literature

Von Duprin 66 Exit Devices
(A.I.A. 27-C) Catalogs the styles, accessories and critical dimensions of this line of panic-bar devices, together with drawings of important details. Bulletin 581, 8 pp. Vonnegut Hardware Co., Von Duprin Division, Indianapolis 9, Indiana*

Kesko RDH Aluminum Windows
...and Keswall Two leaflets show details of, respectively, reversible double-hung monumental series windows, and aluminum framing and finish sections for curtain wall construction. Kesko Products Division of Tusco Corp., Bristol, Indiana.

Lupton Catalog
Gives complete technical data and specifications for the full line of metal windows and doors including reference sketches and scale drawings of installation details. 40 pp, catalog 580, Michael Flynn Manufacturing Co., 700 East Godfrey Ave., Philadelphia 24, Pa.*

Performance of Small-Pipe Warm-Air
...Perimeter Heating Systems describes experiments with this type of heating in a single-story house with full basement, comparing heated and unheated basements. 35 pp, $1.00. Engineering Experiment Station Bulletin No. 445, Engineering Publications Office, 114 Civil Engineering Hall, University of Illinois, Urbana, Ill.

Sportslighting for Night Football

Four Silicone Booklets
CDS-129, Lists the major silicone products and some of their uses. CDS-118, Aids in specifying silicone masonry water repellants. CDS-120, Discusses masonry water repellants. C-14, Lists suppliers of these repellants. Silicone Products Dept., General Electric Co., Waterford, New York*

Larsen Bonding Agents
Discusses the uses, application methods and advantages of bonding agents for use in applying new concrete or plaster to older concrete, brick or other like material. 7 pp. Larson Products Corporation, Box 5756, Bethesda 14, Maryland

* Additional product information in Sweet's Architectural File, 1958... more literature on page 278
Test Results Prove that **DUR-O-WAL** is your Most Economical and Effective Steel Masonry Reinforcement

Dur-O-wal with patented trussed design out-performs other reinforcements two to one... reduces lineal foot requirements by half... cuts building costs. Every pound of high tensile steel in Dur-O-wal works twice as hard because the exclusive trussed design and superior bonding characteristics make every inch work together as a unit. Test results prove why building experts insist on Dur-O-wal... the steel masonry reinforcement that exceeds ASTM specifications... by far your best and most economical buy.

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**DUR-O-WAL**

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Make sure you get all these features...
specify **GENERAL ELECTRIC WATER COOLERS**

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Full width design permits water control from any point in front of cooler. Special design prevents scuffed shoes, stubbed toes.

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Just dial the water temperature you like best. Eight different settings offer wide selection.

**PLUS**
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"Clean edges and uniformity of Junior Channels speed stair fabrication"

...states leading architectural metal fabricator

“We have standardized on Junior Channels for stair stringers. They permit us to prefabricate stairs to exact dimensions with a minimum of waste,” reports Mr. Milton M. Mulitz, president of the Potomac Iron Works, Inc., Hyattsville, Maryland.

Potomac Iron produced and installed 92 flights of stairs in this 15-story Maryland State Office Building and the adjacent six story Maryland State Roads building in Baltimore. Potomac Iron manufactures over 5,000 prefabricated stair units yearly for residential, apartment and commercial construction.

“Junior Channels are stronger than formed plate channels of equal depth. Yet their minimum steel weight speeds handling and fabrication,” says Mr. Mulitz. Junior Channels, hot rolled sections, are ideally designed for stairway stringers. Straight line simplicity and narrow flanges make possible their use with or without ornamental trim moldings and other modifications.

Write today for design data on Junior Channels, available in three sizes: 10”-6.5#; 10”-8.4#; and 12”-10.6# per foot. Write to Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation, 3 Gateway Center, Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania.
PRISMS REFLECT SUMMER SUN . . . yet readily transmit cool ground-reflected light, weak Winter sun.

OWENS-ILLINOIS TOPLITE ROOF PANELS, incorporating the same solar heat control benefits, are available for horizontal use to transmit cool daylight through the roof.
NEW ... at last, a glass that reflects the hot sun

This is new Owens-Illinois 80-F Glass Block. Its specially designed prisms reflect hot sunlight, transmit cool light rays. 80-F is the new way to keep classroom temperatures at comfortable levels ... to assure maximum student attentiveness, minimum teacher fatigue.

Planning to build a new school? Remodel an old one? Before you start, be sure to investigate the unique benefits offered by Owens-Illinois 80-F Glass Block. For full information, write Kimble Glass Company, subsidiary of Owens-Illinois, Dept. AR-6, Toledo 1, Ohio.
The Burt Free Exhaust Fan Ventilators Rout Heat and Fumes Fast in New Saybrook Forge Plant

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Member Air Moving & Conditioning Association, Inc.

Office Literature

Corrugated Asbestos Transite (A.I.A. 12-F-2) Describes varying applications and details methods of fastening, sealing and flashing this material. 31 pp. Johns-Manville, 22 East 40th St., New York 16, New York

Alkyd-Latex Paint Color Book Illustrates 100 paint colors on 3 in. by 4¼ in. chips, indexed, tabbed, and printed with color name, number, and formula. RTU Book, Luminall Paints, Chicago 9, Illinois

Monarch Wall Veneer Panels Describes a porcelain enamel-Masonite-metal sheet sandwich together with details of joints and suggested specifications. 2 pp. Davidson Enamel Products, Inc., 1125 East Kibby Street, Lima, Ohio

Bleachers Describes construction features, capacities and dimensions of a large selection of folding bleachers, backstops, grandstands and chair stands. 12 pp. Bleacher Division, Berlin Chapman Co., Berlin, Wisconsin

Calcore Catalog (A.I.A. 17-A) Illustrates a variety of porcelain-faced curtain wall panels in several combinations of honeycomb, Fiberglas or Foamglas insulation and galvanized or porcelain back. 7 pp. Architectural Porcelain Div., Caloric Appliance Corp., Topton, Pennsylvania

Specifications for Post-Tensioned Prestressed Concrete is a complete specification for design stress, design detail and construction. 3 pp. 35 cents. Publication Office, Prestressed Concrete Institute, 3132 N.E. Ninth St., Fort Lauderdale, Florida

Insulated Concrete Data File (A.I.A. No. 4-E-13 and 37-B-2) Is a specification file made up of individual sheets showing how insulating concrete is applied to various types of roof decks or used in roof construction. Zonolite Company, 135 S. LaSalle St., Chicago 3, Ill.


* Additional product information in Sweet’s Architectural File, 1958
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Designed for installation in a duct where the air is circulated by a separate blower. Especially adaptable for industrial heating applications in combination with cooling. DUCT Series 55 in five sizes from 85,000 to 225,000 btu/hr. Series 75 in sizes 200,000 and 300,000 btu/hr. may be combined to provide unlimited capacity range.

CAPACITIES*

SRA-7-22,000 btu.
SRA-9-55,000 btu.
A-401 and 403-47,500 btu.
SRA-11-58,500 btu.
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*95° F. Dry Bulb air entering condenser, 80° F. Dry Bulb, 67° F. Wet Bulb air entering evaporator, approximately 400 CFM per 12,000 btu.

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Factory prepared, two-story Ualco Curtain Wall units were erected quickly, economically.

Tall, covered Mullions, big hopper-vented windows, and pink-marble panels add up to dignified beauty, easy to maintain.

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For Beauty
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... the exclusive design of the new Multi-X FOLDOOR incorporates a hidden safeguard for the lasting beauty of your room divider or folding door.

You can forget about unsightly wrinkles or sagging folds in the fabric of your Multi-X FOLDOOR. The fabric is fastened to the frame in the valley of the fold, by a special free-floating self-aligning clip or hook, positioned by the frame hinge pin. That way, the fabric is always stretched taut over the frame, whether flexed open or closed—insuring straight, graceful volutes at all times.

This free-floating, self-aligning fabric-fastener is one of many hidden advantages of FOLDOOR—the only complete line of fabric-covered folding partitions and doors. It will pay you to investigate these advantages. Call your nearest FOLDOOR distributor—listed under “Doors” in the yellow pages—or write us direct.

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HOLCOMB & Hoke MFG. CO., INC.

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and other health facilities will be required in the next 10 years. This sizeable outlay is needed because of population increases, modernization needs, and the replacement of obsolete structures. PHS said that half the amount will be required just to replace those hospital patient care units that have been operating for 50 years or longer.

This estimated dollar requirement anticipates a rate more than three times the expenditures during the first decade of the Hill-Burton hospital construction program.

Recognizing that this goal could be quite difficult of attainment, Health, Education, and Welfare Department spokesmen have been stressing increasingly the desirability of taking a new approach to the use of present facilities and the design of future hospitals.

What Kind of Hospitals?

Aims C. McGuinness, special assistant to the HEW Secretary for health and medical affairs, expressed this view when he said that he could not stress too strongly “the need we have for increasing our efforts to keep people out of hospital beds; the need we have for making the most intelligent use of the plants we now have; and for our future hospitals, the need for determined and imaginative approach to the design and operation of accommodations best suited to the patients to be served.” PHS has based several of its research projects on these apparent needs. These are concerned with what it calls graduated or selective care.

C.S.I. Boom continued from page 40

6. Each member shall refrain from disclosing the interest or business affairs of any client or employer without his knowledge and consent.

7. Each member shall uphold the principle of appropriate and adequate compensation to those engaged in specification writing and refuse knowingly to compete on basis of compensation.

8. Associate members shall pledge themselves never to misrepresent their products in any manner, either as to composition, quality or use, and to assist their fellow members in maintaining the high standards of service set forth in this Code of Ethics.
Lennox Research School, Des Moines, Iowa, is a development and research project of Lennox Industries, Inc. Outside dimensions of the split level two-room unit are 46' x 71'-10".

**JOB DATA:**
- Space provided: Two classrooms each 28' x 30', 10' x 71' corridor, three toilet areas.
- Heating and ventilation: Lennox Comfort Curtain system featuring forced air with automatically controlled dampers to mix fresh and recirculated air.
- Lighting: Low voltage fluorescent lighting balanced with incandescent fixtures.
- Floors: quarry tile in entry, asphalt tile in classrooms. Roof surface: asphalt shingles over 2" x 6" tongue-and-groove sheathing.
- Ceiling: acoustical tile in corridors; exposed timber sheathing in classrooms.

Cost per square foot: $15.00

Architects: Perkins and Will, Chicago. Contractor: Lovejoy Construction Company, Des Moines

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**Advanced School Architecture**

...with glulam beams by Timber Structures, Inc.

Natural beauty . . . pleasant atmosphere . . . complete safety . . . easy maintenance . . . and economical construction all are combined in this practical research laboratory of modern school design.

Along with advanced heating and lighting, the school features clear span interiors, with the roof supported by handsome double curved glulam beams. These were chosen to obtain a soft flow of sweeping space from wall to wall. Spaced at six feet, they provide interiors that are warm and light in feeling, with desired center height and ground-hugging eave lines. Cantilevering six feet beyond the sidewalls, they support a canopy which shields the large windows from direct exposure to the sun.

Other applications of glulam timber members by Timber Structures, Inc. include girders, arches and trusses for classrooms, gymnasiums, libraries, auditoriums, field houses and vocational shops. Outstanding examples of these applications are contained in the illustrated brochure, "Timber Framing for Modern Schools". Get your copy from your Timber Structures representative, or write us for it.

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MORE and more of America's leading companies are making wide-spread use of Lexsuco roof constructions with fire-retardant Koroseal vapor barrier and non-flammable Lexsuco adhesive R907T. This construction assures these major benefits: (1) a fire retardant construction with Factory Mutual Class 1 rating; (2) maximum vapor barrier protection; (3) dependable securement; and (4) fast, economical installation.

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This remarkable fire-resistant construction is quick and easy to install. No matter what size roofing job you have, here’s the way to cut installation costs and protect your building from fire. Koroseal Vapor Barrier is a specially compounded fire retardant material made by B.F. Goodrich Industrial Products Company, Marietta, Ohio.

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Here is a refreshing new approach to modular construction. It is a system of building that gives you, the architect, control over both the structural form of the building and the finished appearance. It is the Butler Building System.

In the Butler Building System, the module is a unit of space—a building bay. This bay is comprised of pre-engineered, mass-produced, load-bearing structural components, and die-formed, tight-fitting metal roof panels. It is available in a wide variety of heights, widths, lengths and roof slopes. Use of the Butler bay module reduces drafting room time, and brings to the construction site the economical control of quality attainable only on the production line.

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No other modular system opens so wide the door to creative imagination. In no other modular system is the end product so clearly your trademark... so decidedly a tribute to your individuality.

Why don't you get the whole story from your Butler Builder? He's listed in the Yellow Pages of your phone book under "Buildings" or "Steel Buildings." Ask to see the color film, "Architectural Opportunities with the Butler Building System."

Butler buildings meet minimum requirements of the AISI and AISC, and are designed to conform to uniform, state and municipal building codes.
Potosi school gets the finest in fresh air heating and ventilating—included complete with automatic controls—for just 65¢ per square foot!

The Potosi High School, located in Potosi, Missouri, was heated and ventilated by the Lennox Comfort Curtain for just 65¢ per square foot! Architects: Matthews & Hillman; Heating Contractor: Owen-Short.

New Lennox Comfort Curtain System automatically draws in fresh air from outside... warms, cleans and circulates air quietly and evenly throughout the classroom!

Hard to believe, isn't it—that after all these years a new and better fresh air heating and ventilating system can be installed for a fraction of the cost of systems used previously. Yet it's true! 65¢ per square foot was the complete cost of the Lennox Comfort Curtain System in the Potosi, Missouri High School. Including fully automatic controls, ductwork, labor—everything!

Of course, 65¢ per square foot is unusually low, even for the Comfort Curtain. But costs of $1.03 in Indiana, $1.15 in Montana, and $1.12 in South Dakota are usual and typical of the amazing savings offered by the Lennox Comfort Curtain.

How is this possible? The Lennox Comfort Curtain System applies to schools the sound, tested principles of warm air heating. It eliminates expensive pipes, boilers and chimneys. Moreover, it saves hundreds of dollars per classroom per year every year it is in use. Fuel is consumed only when heat is required, maintenance is amazingly simple and low-cost. Yet—and this is important—the Lennox Comfort Curtain System does a far better job than costlier systems used previously.

It provides a full, even flow of air throughout the entire length of the exposed classroom wall. It is amazingly quiet. And it holds room temperatures to a variance of six-tenths of one degree, circulates air continuously for perfect distribution, introduces a continuous supply of fresh air into the daytime heating cycle, and provides tons of needed fresh air cooling without the cost of refrigeration!

Get full information on this new low-cost system of classroom heating and ventilating. Send coupon below for free booklet, today!

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 287
NEW BENDIX "WEATHERMAN"...  

functional flair for your building designs

Bendix' new "Weatherman", for accurate and instant reporting of just how the weather is outside, is a natural eye catcher. It's adaptable to a variety of buildings such as airports, banks, schools, TV stations, and many others where this public service can be a "built-in" feature. It is also adaptable to existing structures. Weather conditions are indicated on large and colorful dials, showing outdoor temperature, relative humidity, rainfall, atmospheric pressure, wind speed, and wind direction.

With the exception of the barometric pressure unit, each indicator is actuated by a remote (rooftop) transmitter and is connected to the transmitter by electric cable. "Weatherman" indicators and transmitters can also be obtained as individual units.

The "Weatherman" is made by Bendix Friez, makers of weather-data instruments for more than eighty years. For further information and installation data, write to Bendix Friez, 1320 Taylor Avenue, Baltimore 4, Maryland.

Friez Instrument Division

Washington Topics
tailored to the immediate needs of the individual patient.

It is obvious that PHS is thinking more and more in terms of hospitals designed on a zoned basis; with special areas for special services. Five types of care demanding their own special facilities have been described as intensive care, intermediate care, self-care, long-term care, and a home-care program.

Few hospitals are organized this way. HEW is trying to get a more accurate count of those plants embracing graduate care programs. Some 7000 hospitals are involved in a current agency survey to determine the extent to which they may have such programs, or if they have instituted a selective care program at all.

Deep Underground Shelters Studied With Manhattan as Prototype

Engineering studies which indicated excavation in solid rock 800 ft below Manhattan Island could produce enough shelter space to house the entire daytime population of Manhattan for 90 days were described last month in testimony before the House Government Operations subcommittee. Cost of such a project was estimated at between $2.5 and $2.8 billion, or $680 per person to be housed.

The studies, intended as a prototype investigation of the feasibility of constructing underground shelters deep below major American cities, were conducted for the Federal Civil Defense Administration by Guy B. Panero, Engineers, of New York, continuing a survey begun earlier by the Rand Corporation.

FCDA engineers in the Battle Creek, Mich., headquarters had just received the Panero report early last month and would not comment until they had had time for thorough study.

As described before the subcommittee by Benjamin Taylor, FCDA's director of engineering and research development, the study indicated that multiple entrances strategically placed would make it possible to reach shelter from anywhere in Manhattan in a maximum of 25 minutes after warning.

A method of excavation involving a new concept in major earth work is proposed by the Panero report for the project, according to Mr. Taylor. Only pilot bores would be made directly from the surface, these to
WHY STEEL JOISTS
ARE RIGHT FOR SCHOOLS

All three of these new Michigan schools have Bethlehem steel joists in their construction. Here's why:

Fast, economical construction—Bethlehem joists arrive at the job site fully fabricated and tagged, ready for immediate placing. No delays to construction schedules; no costly labor in placing them—two men can easily handle smaller sizes; a simple derrick lifts the larger joists.

Fire-resistance—Steel joists in combination with floor slab and plaster ceiling form a barrier with up to four hours' fire-resistance.

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Our catalog gives full details of these and other advantages gained from joist construction, as well as complete engineering information. Details are also listed in Sweet's catalog of building products.
The magnificent new Prudential Plaza was created to provide business firms in Chicago a better, more convenient location... offering the finest of today’s service features.

Naturally, The "OVERHEAD DOOR" was selected for installation on the Prudential Plaza truck loading entrance. These aluminum doors seal out the powerful winds off Lake Michigan... yet each door glides swiftly up, over and out of sight at the touch of a button.

Installation of The "OVERHEAD DOOR" in the Prudential Plaza is another example of the confidence architects have in America’s finest upward-acting sectional door. For three and a half decades, The "OVERHEAD DOOR" has met the exacting standards of quality, installation and service demanded by architects everywhere.

Today the Overhead Door Corporation produces The "OVERHEAD DOOR" in sizes to fit all standard door openings... and is pleased to cooperate on doors of unusual sizes and special problems. Architects and contractors need only call on us for our special services.

Available in wood, aluminum and steel, there is a type of The "OVERHEAD DOOR" to serve every need. As America’s pioneer and leader in upward-acting sectional doors, the Overhead Door Corporation offers a complete line of doors—residential, commercial and industrial—with or without electric and Ultronic door operators.
The stations at Yonkers, Tarrytown, Thornwood, Rye, Brewster and Carmel are almost closed.

Alberene Stone Provides "Low Absorbency" Protection Against Weather and Chemicals

Alberene Stone's low absorbency rate, its fine grain and absence of stratification prevent discoloration of window sills from spalling and splitting in freezing weather.

Alberene Black Serpentine Stone window sills are chemically resistant. Their all-silicate mineral components prevent discoloration by metallic rust or window sash condensate. They're not stained by salt, grease, oil, fruit juice or alcohol — which simply add lustre when wiped dry.

Architects are offered a color range from silvery gray to dark gray; green to black; and jet black. Also economical slab thicknesses of 5/8" to 1¼". For full information and technical assistance address: Alberene Stone Corporation, 386 Fourth Avenue, New York 16, N. Y., Dept. R.

Washington Topics

permit the lowering of machinery and equipment. The digging would then progress from the inside out, with the rock removed on conveyor systems through long tunnels reaching to the surrounding rivers, where the material would be loaded on barges and taken out to sea for disposal.

Pressed for an estimate of construction time, Mr. Taylor said he thought two or three years could see completion if enough effort were put on the project. He also noted that thought had been given to excavating under the other New York boroughs and eventually connecting the whole system of shelters for commuting.

The subcommittee was not enthusiastic. Mr. Taylor had said FCDA is not advocating the project but Rep. Chet Holifield (D-Calif.), subcommittee chairman, and some of his colleagues, thought publication of the Panero study would hold the entire civil defense program up to ridicule. "Why engage in such a fantastic study when we must approach the best solution for the greatest number of people?" he asked.

In defense, Mr. Taylor explained that FCDA feels it has gotten "a wealth of information" on geological formations "under our big cities." Again stressing that the Federal government is not advocating such a program at this time, Mr. Taylor said he felt the geological knowledge gained had justified the expense (he testified FCDA had paid the Panero firm $18,000). He believes the data accumulated for New York would be applicable to many large American cities.

Mr. Taylor’s testimony was the most spectacular development at the hearings, which had been called to secure information for Congress on results of the "Plumb Bob" test series at Frenchman’s Flats, Nov., last year. A great deal of the technical data resulting from these investigations was placed in the subcommittee’s voluminous and growing record in civil defense matters. But many other facets of the general shelter problem, such as administration and financing, found their way into the May discussions.

Spokesmen told of the agency’s national civil defense program being based on a new aiming area concept. Emphasis is placed on planning of shelters to withstand 30 psi and to concentrate on fall-out protection for total populations in the target areas.
THE KOPPERS BUILDING IN PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
modernized its elevators which were installed in 1929 with Selectomatic operatorless elevators and Traffic Sentinel controlled doors. When in Pittsburgh, test ride these remarkably smooth Westinghouse elevators—and observe Traffic Sentinel in action.

Elevator doors open automatically as car arrives

Doors stay fully opened as passengers enter

Doors never close prematurely to frighten passengers

Doors wait for last passenger to enter... then close immediately

HOW "COURTEOUS" CAN AN ELEVATOR BE?
WESTINGHOUSE OPERATORLESS ELEVATORS WITH TRAFFIC SENTINEL® CONTROLLED DOORS PROVIDE AN AMAZING ANSWER

When Koppers Company, Inc. decided to modernize its Westinghouse elevator system to cope with increasing building traffic demands, they again selected Westinghouse equipment for their 12 elevators. The modernization provided for the newest Westinghouse Selectomatic operatorless elevators, as well as electronically controlled Traffic Sentinel doors.

Why operatorless elevators?—because operating costs are cut as much as $7,000 per car per year.

Why Traffic Sentinel doors?—because these are the most courteous elevator doors in the world. They work for passengers, not against them. They never “snap” at or frighten people. Door opening and closing is controlled entirely by passenger movement. Doors remain open only as long as necessary—and close only when threshold is free and clear. It’s all done electronically with Traffic Sentinel’s “seeing eye.”

If you’re planning to modernize your present elevator system to meet today’s heavier passenger traffic demands, the people to talk to are in your nearest Westinghouse Elevator Division office. They’ll help you with any elevating problem relating to modernization or new building installations.

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WESTINGHOUSE ELEVATORS AND ELECTRIC STAIRWAYS
In just ten years, Styrofoam has set new high insulating standards in the cold storage rooms of leading U.S. companies . . .

No wonder Styrofoam®

Ten years ago, a newcomer in the field . . . today, the most copied insulation on the market. That's the performance record established by Styrofoam® in the low-temperature rooms of leading companies throughout the United States and Canada. And now . . . architects and builders are taking advantage of Styrofoam in "comfort" applications, too.

A close look at its unmatched combination of properties tells you why Styrofoam is a lastingly efficient, maintenance-free insulation. It has a permanent low "K" factor that stays low because Styrofoam is waterproof. It has thousands of noninterconnecting air cells that water can't penetrate. It doesn't rot, mold or deteriorate . . .
is proving superior as "comfort" insulation!

doesn't attract insects, vermin and rodents. In addition, Styrofoam is lightweight, clean and easy to handle. This remarkable combination of properties makes Styrofoam a superior insulation for churches, schools, offices and homes as well as for cold storage rooms.

New construction method substantially cuts costs in masonry construction by eliminating furring and lathing—assures a warm, dry interior. Styrofoam is adhered to brick or concrete block wall with Portland cement mortar. Plaster keys directly to Styrofoam. For more information, write to THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY, Midland, Michigan, Plastic Sales Department 1919G.

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YOU CAN DEPEND ON

because it has lifetime insulating efficiency, unyielding resistance to moisture
Two Fitzgibbons Packaged Boiler-Burner Units were selected to provide heat and hot water service to John Wanamaker's new, modern, suburban retail store. Installed on the roof to reduce construction costs, the design of these two boilers permits even greater economies in efficient operation and low maintenance because of their completely water jacketed combustion chambers, automatic operation, ease of service and quality construction.

These two oil-fired Fitzgibbons steel boilers, rated at 398 horsepower, use Fitzgibbons Tanksavers® to provide economical service hot water.

For more information on this and other Fitzgibbons Steel Boilers, write the company.

Washington Topics

Special emphasis is being placed on improved fall-out shelters which could be so built that they could be converted quickly and at less cost to blast type shelters.

Explained were temporary basement fall-out shelters constructed simply from bags and boxes filled with sand with an adequate earth cover placed on a tarpaulin on the floor of the room above; combination shelter and storage areas under garden houses and garages away from the house; underground group shelters for up to 250 persons serving dual purposes (instruction, cafeteria, library, etc., and shelter) in connection with schools, and the vast underground garages which could shelter thousands of persons and many cars. It has even been suggested that shelters be incorporated in large fills necessary for the Interstate Highway System construction. Officials said they think the big highway program and shelter efforts can blend to a limited extent.

FCDA is contracting for design of a multi-story underground type for schools. One prototype has been completed through the planning stage in this field and several other types will be designed.

The record shows clearly that the administrative agencies feel they are capable of giving sufficient technical assistance for an immediate start on a vast shelter construction program. Gerald Gallagher, assistant administrator of FCDA, said: "We are ready to provide guidance in the design and in the construction of shelters throughout the country to give a high level of protection to the people. We can design and build effective shelters at this time."

This agency first proposed a nationwide effort in a report to the White House in December of 1956. This has been under study since and "a definite program will emerge in due time," Mr. Gallagher told the subcommittee.

The subject could be vitally affected by the President's plan to combine the responsibilities of the FCDA with those of the Office of Defense Mobilization. He has sent a reorganization plan to Capitol Hill which would accomplish this effective July 1 if it is not disapproved meanwhile by either the Senate or the House. This Plan No. 1 of 1958 would create a new office of Defense and Civilian Mobilization in the place of the present ODM and FCDA.
Gain new individuality for Shopping Centers with...

The problem of combining pleasing design with fast, low-cost construction in community shopping centers can now be answered in part with Robertson's new Color Galbestos. All the time-tested advantages of long service life, resistance to fire, corrosion, and extreme weather conditions that have made Robertson the world's standard of steel protection are now available in four new attractive colors... red, green, buff and gray in addition to the familiar black and maroon. Moreover, sparkling roof and sidewall color combinations are possible at a lower cost than any other type of maintenance-free product known.

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Robert H. Waters of the Robert H. Waters Company, Inc., general contractors, 120 Wall Street, New York, N.Y., reports as follows:

On a recent job we completed for British Overseas Airways Corporation (BOAC) in the Seamen's Bank Building, 5th Avenue and 45th Street, New York, we ordered AETNAPAK doors and frames on February 5, 1958. The order was shipped February 6, 1958.

Delivery on custom-quality doors and frames has always been a problem, requiring, as a rule, anywhere from three weeks to three months. Being able to get 48-hour delivery on a custom-quality line that offers a variety of type-and-size combinations and a choice of hardware is certainly a great help in meeting our completion schedules.

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false fronts and are bad imitations in other respects. Some stores have added simply false vigu-ends to plain brick buildings, then plastered over the front and painted it a mud color. The F. W. Woolworth Company conformed by erecting the only 10¢-store in its chain without a red sign across the façade, but its large plate-glass windows are out of focus with Pueblo tradition. On the other hand, the First National Bank Building, put up diagonally across from the old palace since World War II, harmonizes almost completely and is one of the best examples of Pueblo-style architecture put to functional use.

It is this "happenstance" sort of development that the City Council hopes to correct by the new architectural controls ordinance. Early in 1956 a City Planning Commission set up a "Committee to Preserve the Character of Santa Fe." It consisted of Oliver La Farge, well-known novelist and authority on American Indian problems, and Irene von Horvath, an architect who has worked in the New York area. Both Mr. La Farge and Miss von Horvath have chosen Santa Fe as a place to live primarily because of its unusual architecture and historic character. Their first report to the Planning Commission, largely the work of Mr. La Farge, stated the problem succinctly. The following are excerpts from this report:

"The work of this committee explicitly deals with historical, associational, and distinctive values, but if the program developed is sound, and is put into effect, its end result should be highly practical. . . . Mere preservation is not enough. Santa Fe's character developed out of authenticity. Its people built in a certain way. Without consciously aiming at an effect, they gave its streets certain qualities, including architectural unity, an appearance quite unlike that of the streets of any other American town—qualities of color, design, and composition that drew artists from far and near, charm, peace and relaxation. Much of this original, unselfconscious, authentic quality has been destroyed, to be replaced by synthetic imitations that do not imitate; hustle; noise; congestion; and the less desirable aspects of small－
This stunning new office building at Lexington Avenue and East 51st Street is New York's first multi-storied structure clad in gold-anodized metal curtain walls. The 6500-ton steel framework for its 34 stories was erected in comparative quiet, with thousands of Bethlehem High-Strength Bolts used in joining its structural members.

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LARGE window walls have important advantages that make them very much worthwhile, but one thing is certain: they must be washed periodically.

Cleveland Tramrail equipment speeds window washing, because it enables a man to reach any window quickly and provides him with a safe, convenient place from which to work.

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Windows can be washed in one-half or less the time normally required. Even windows designed for washing from the inside are cleaned more quickly with Cleveland Tramrail. The washer need not walk from office to office, carry buckets and materials, move desks, chairs and overcome other obstacles. Instead, he propels himself from window to window with no hurdles in the way.

Whether you are concerned with window washing in an existing building or for a new one being planned, get the facts on hand-propelled and electrically driven Cleveland Tramrail window washing equipment. Ask for free copy of booklet No. 2022-A.

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The Record Reports

town growth such as masses of overhead wires, jarring signs and billboards, and repulsive commercial constructions."
The other committee member, Miss von Horvath, saw the problem as chiefly one of esthetics. During the course of the debate over the ordinance, she said:
"In this country, where a person may choose his religion, his profession, his politics, his very way of life, it does not seem unreasonable to make it possible for him to choose the character of his environment and have it remain as he chose it. Zoning is a step in that direction, but zoning does not usually concern itself with quality and harmony within an area. 'You cannot legislate good taste' is a remark frequently quoted by some; others fear monotony; still others insist that an owner must be allowed to do with his property as he wishes, that any restrictions would be undemocratic.

"With adjustment for the unforeseen, there is no doubt that adequate legislation for harmony is possible. The belief that the exteriors of buildings are private rather than public is bound to vanish as density of population increases. As for monotony, one may as well express concern over monotony in nature. . . .

"There is then the possibility of taking certain qualities in architectural expression and adopting them for one's surroundings without fear of monotony. There are materials and colors and certain basic principles which have shown an amazing recurrence and compatibility with the human race throughout the world over thousands of years, particularly in arid countries. We are fortunate indeed that they happen to exist in Santa Fe and give it a character as distinctive as its history."

The "private rather than public" angle is attacked also by Mrs. Ina Sizer Cassidy, a writer and long-time Santa Fe resident who led the two-year fight for the style ordinance. She deplores the fact that if no restrictive law had been passed, a stainless steel skyscraper could have been built right across the street from the old palace. "In architecture," says Mrs. Cassidy, "there is a third party involved—the public, who are faced permanently with the sight of the building conceived. This public has the right to be heard."

For purposes of clarity, "Pueblo style" is generic for all adobe and simulated adobe construction, whether it be modeled after the true pueblo, the early mission, the "Territorial" building, or other reasonable varia-

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NORTON DOOR CLOSERS

An engine for an airliner or a door closer for the plant which overhauls that engine, both must have one quality in common—dependability—to be acceptable to Trans World Airlines. With that thought in mind, the engineers specified Norton Surface-Mounted Door Closers for buildings at Trans World Airlines' new $18,750,000 overhaul base on Kansas City's Mid-Continent International Airport.

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The 30 structures shown are of many types — bridges, viaducts, dams, hangars, sports arenas, factories, churches. Many of them are of reinforced concrete — for Torroja's most unusual engineering feats are in prestressed and post-tensioned concrete — but wood, brick, and steel are used as well. All of them bear the strong mark of Torroja's brilliant design, sound engineering, and delicate sense of beauty.

ABOUT THIS BOOK
Written by Torroja himself, it follows his reasoning during the design of each of the 30 structures. Engineering details are given. In some cases, alternate designs which were later discarded are shown. The excellent photographs show models, projects under construction, details, and completed projects. The book contains a total of 275 illustrations.

209 pages, 7 x 9¾", clothbound, only $8.50

EDUARDO TORROJA was a pioneer in 1933, and he is a leader in design today. He is an architect, an engineer, and a teacher of structural engineering. He was created, and directs, the Technical Institute of Construction and Cement at Castillares, Spain.

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The Record Reports

tions. The ordinance affects new buildings and the remodeling of old ones in areas of Santa Fe which have historic significance. These include the plaza with its old palace; and the Barrio Analco, a district which contains the old church and many fine residences which are all of 200 years old. New structures or those repaired in such areas must conform to Pueblo style, in outward appearance at least. Complete freedom of expression is allowed so long as the exterior fronts of the building meet the terms of the law.

Of home owners in the historic zone who express themselves at all, the majority favor the ordinance. There is well-thought-out opposition, however. Virginia Gray, a ceramist who has recently designed her own non-conforming house in a region now restricted, says that matters of taste can't be legislated. Miss Gray continues:

"I feel that an ordinance regulating the architectural style of buildings in the city is contrary to the democratic principles of this country. Individuals should be free to do with their own property what is pleasing or attractive to them. No one has the right to dictate by law what is essentially a matter of personal taste.

"It's as if it were decided that only one kind of tree would be allowed to grow—poplars, for instance. But many kinds of trees flourish and there is much enjoyment in their variety. Who is to judge whether a poplar or a willow is a better tree?"

Aurora Lucero-White Lea lives in the historic zone within a few blocks of Miss Gray, and disagrees. Mrs. Lea, author of several books and articles on New Mexico folklore, says:

"In the creation of a pattern for building for an area the situation is the first consideration. The architect should utilize all the advantages and build around them. In the Southwest, especially in Santa Fe, we are blessed with scenic splendor. The pattern for building then should be one that emphasizes this factor. The sprawling adobe with all of its possible varia-

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The Carrier Multi-Weathermaker* System is a unique, new concept of air conditioning so flexible it can be adapted to any commercial or industrial building. Three main factors contribute to its flexibility—a Master Plan, Utility Core and self-contained Weathermaker units. Where funds are limited, the System can be installed in critical areas first, then expanded to include other areas later. Or the entire System can be installed at one time. Either way, there's no disruption of normal routine. The questions and answers here describe the System's advantages in some detail. For complete details, call your Carrier dealer, listed in the Classified Directory. Or write for the booklet, "Carrier Multi-Weathermaker System." Carrier Corporation, Syracuse, New York.

In a typical multi-story office building, the Utility Core of the System is installed vertically to provide service outlets to each floor. In a low, horizontal factory, the Core is suspended parallel to the floor to provide maximum flexibility. Units can be used many ways, four of which are shown on the right.
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For individual offices, the Carrier Multi-Weathermaker System can economically air condition each office. Individual Weathermaker units, connected to inexpensive ducts, do the job. Units can be recessed in a wall or storage area.

For an open production area of a plant, a high-capacity Carrier Commercial Weathermaker using special ductwork can spot-cool an assembly line. In the System, you can air condition other plant areas with smaller air or water cooled Weathermakers.

For a whole floor of a building, a Carrier Multi-Weathermaker System can air condition the entire space with a number of units. Each individual Weathermaker has all the components necessary to cool, dehumidify, filter and circulate the air.

Q. What makes this System new and unique?
A. The Master Plan, which co-ordinates installation of individual Weathermaker units in one integrated System — not a hodgepodge of unrelated “packaged installations.”

Q. How is the Master Plan applied to an average office building?
A. First, a survey determines the cooling capacity required to air condition the building. Then, zone by zone, the Plan pinpoints the location of individual Weathermaker units required to handle the load. In addition, to simplify the installation of utilities from cooling tower to Weathermakers, the Plan provides a unique central Utility Core that houses the cooling tower supply and return piping, drain piping and electrical service. These utilities are sized to service all of the Weathermakers that will ultimately become part of the Multi-Weathermaker System.

Q. How many Utility Cores are required in a building?
A. In an average building, usually one. In larger buildings, several are required.

Q. How does the System’s flexibility apply to installation and financing?
A. If financing is available, the System can be installed all at once. Otherwise, it can be installed in predetermined sections step-by-step — an area, a floor or several offices at a time. In this way, financing can be conveniently spread over a period of years.

Q. Does “low-cost” apply both to installation and operation?
A. Yes. Here’s why: Weathermaker units are relatively low in cost and inexpensive to install. They operate only when needed, so operating costs are strictly controlled. They’re as easy to turn on and off as an electric light, so the expense of hiring an operating engineer is usually eliminated. Because of Carrier quality, service expense is minimum. And the System offers substantial tax advantages.

Q. How quickly can a System be installed?
A. That depends on the building. And whether you want to install it all at once or step by step. In general, it’s fast. All work can be done during regular hours without interrupting routine. And once the Utility Core is installed, individual units may be moved about and connected wherever they are needed to meet a temporarily increased heat load.

Q. What does a Weathermaker unit look like?
A. We’ve shown four here in commercial and industrial installations. More are shown in the 24-page booklet on the System. We’ll be glad to send you this on request. We think you’ll find it interesting and helpful.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 317
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Make it a point to ask your Weyerhaeuser 4-Square Lumber Dealer for complete information on West Coast Hemlock. You will find that it will perform well for a wide variety of your construction needs.

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Earl Henderson, Assistant Cashier and Superintendent of Buildings for The Philadelphia National Bank, and John Kennedy, Main Office Building Supervisor, check the comfortable new officers' lounge. Says Mr. Henderson: "This room is part of extensive bank remodelling aimed at giving the public modern, efficient facilities and employees cheerful, comfortable working conditions."

About 225 employees use the cheerful, efficient washroom-lounge facilities, part of which are shown here in the ladies' lounge. "The entire bank was re-done," says Mr. Henderson, "and of course the washrooms had to be as modern and well-planned as the rest of the project. That's why Scott's suggestions were welcomed. Scott Washroom Advisory Service worked with the architect. Results: excellent!"

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There is a feeling of warmth and spaciousness in an adobe house that cannot be achieved in any other medium of architecture; there is a feeling of friendliness and charm.

Some Santa Fe architects don’t like the measure, and a few believe that it strikes at the roots of the building profession as a creative art.

John Conron, who heads the Southwest Design Council, issued a formal statement just before the final vote was taken. It presents the opposition point of view rather thoroughly, and excerpts follow:

“To say that a city which has taken 300 years to develop should develop no further is certainly presumptuous. The long history from the first Spanish intrusion upon the peaceful (and sometimes not so peaceful) Indian Pueblos, through the invasion by the United States, and later a short-lived Confederate invasion, down to the present-day invasion by tourists shows in its buildings, in its street patterns, in its whole city-scape. Its many ages show through not only these outward signs but also through the way of life of its citizens.

“The attempt to preserve charm and character by legal restriction of the outward appearance of the buildings, in the form of a ‘style ordinance,’ has, I feel, the damaging effect of reducing the city to eclectic mediocrity. The large group of supporters of the ordinance seem unaware of the true meaning of architecture as an art form, or of the history of architectural ‘style’ development. They fear that modern architects are unable to develop an architecture using modern materials, in conjunction with still existing older materials, which will be able to house functionally the needs of a client in a manner compatible with Santa Fe. They fear that Santa Fe is unable to grow and to change gracefully. But like it or not, change it must, just as it did when the ‘Anglos’ arrived in

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"Some of the buildings will be better than others, there will be some successes and some failures. This is inevitable, as witnessed by any architectural period in history, but the end results will be a progression based upon a continuing tradition rather than a stagnant copy of one or two isolated historical periods."

Robert E. Plettenberg, another Santa Fe architect who opposed the measure, was, like Miss von Horvath, chiefly concerned with esthetics. He also placed his views on record before the City Council voted. He said:

"Architecture is an art, born in man's mind, composed to provide shelter for the physical being and an environment for the spiritual self. The architect's palette now, as in the past, is made up of available materials, techniques, craftsmanship and climatic and sociological factors. Building for contemporary man must constantly keep in balance the economic factors of building on one side and man's desire for the ultimate in aesthetic achievement on the other.

"Considerations affecting New Mexico building today are the same as in the past in general but differ in the specific. It is these specific differences that must be recognized. To imitate the simple buildings of the past results in unsatisfactory shelter for the complicated life we experience today; to imitate in a watered-down type of solution results in sham, unflattering to the people of the past as well as the society of today.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 329
HERE, for the first time, are two significant new volumes, concerning two great living architects—Marcel Breuer and LeCorbusier—and two of their great contemporary religious building projects.

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by LeCorbusier

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The building is presented in its three facets: First as a sacred place of worship. Second, it is shown as a work of art, with variegated and surprising perspectives, and the subtle beauty of its wall structures made brilliantly clear. Third, it is shown as a practical exercise in architecture and construction.

In this book LeCorbusier presents his own sketches, his notes, and over 100 photographs, most of them never before published. The notations and computations are in his own handwriting, and the sketches are reproduced directly from the originals. The narrative is also LeCorbusier's.

However, text is kept to a minimum. The excellent photographs and drawings are allowed to speak for themselves. They show the site, the ruins of the previous chapel, construction, and the completed chapel, interior and exterior. The architect guides you to understand the construction details and the practical matters of the project. But, in the final analysis, you must appraise this revolutionary chapel yourself. From the photographs, plans, notes, and comments, you must judge, and decide; as LeCorbusier states:

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ADVENTURE IN ARCHITECTURE
by Whitney S. Stoddard

The story of the rebuilding and expansion of the extraordinary St. John's monastery in Minnesota. The client is the Benedictine order of monks, dating from the 6th century A.D. The architect is Marcel Breuer.

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The photographs are noteworthy. They show the existing St. John's, other Benedictine monasteries, the new living quarters, and models of the projected church, bell banner, and chapter house. In addition, drawings and plans are shown of the present installation and each consecutive stage of the master plan.

Whitney S. Stoddard, Professor of the History of Art at Williams College, received his Ph.D. from Harvard in 1941. He has held a Carnegie grant, the Harvard-Sachs fellowship, and an advanced research Fulbright.

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possible, restore them if necessary, but build proudly today for today. If we are sensitive enough to the true quality of the historical architecture and continue this integrity in our building of today the result will be not unlike those ancient buildings, and yet will be able to stand among them free of deceit and false imitation."

Perhaps the whole effort was summed up best by John Gaw Meem, also a Santa Fe architect and chairman of the Old Santa Fe Association, which backed the measure. Mr. Meem has worked in Pueblo-style architecture with both feeling and success for a full generation, and he endorsed the proposal at a forum sponsored by the Southwest Design Council. Mr. Meem cited instances in history where styles of architecture have been restricted for purposes of "spiritual intent," and said:

"The ordinance is basically a conservation measure... Much of our city is possessed of extraordinary charm and individuality. Some are permanent like our incomparable sunshine, gracious landscapes, and historical legacy of the mixing of three civilizations. Others are fragile... and could be lost: our folkways, our seventeenth-century street patterns, and above all our traditional... architecture. The latter is especially vulnerable in spite of the tenacity with which it has held its own through the centuries and adapted itself to three very different cultures—beginning over a thousand years ago when the Pueblo Indians established the basic forms..."

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"This is seen throughout the world. What it is doing to the ancient cities of Europe is described by Lewis Mumford, eminent architectural critic, in the September 28th issue of The New Yorker. If London and Rome are having trouble with this dominating sameness, how long do you think little Santa Fe can retain its unique and delightful character? Perhaps if design were left entirely in the hands of sensitive people it could be done, but we know from experience how improbable this would be, given present-day economic pressures. Without restrictions we would soon be overwhelmed, to our loss and that of countless visitors who enjoy our architectural differentness and on whom depends so much of our prosperity."

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 337
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Left: Play area shelters students while waiting to board buses.
Above: Typical classroom of 938 square feet. Each classroom has its own outside entrance.
Right: School is built around a paved courtyard, with U-shaped covered walkways joining the two wings. Kindergarten has its own separate wing at the top.
Below: Common Room serves as both auditorium and cafeteria. Kitchen is adjoining at the far end.

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**Interior Walls:** Plastic coated coverings in classrooms, Common Room and halls.

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The Record Reports

29ff "Landscape Architecture in the Modern World"; Joint Meeting of the American Society of Landscape Architects and the International Federation of Landscape Architects; through July 4—Hotel Shoreham, Washington, D. C.

30ff Annual Convention, National Education Association; through July 4—Cleveland

July

5-7 National Convention, Construction Specifications Institute—Carter Hotel, Cleveland

7-11 90th Annual Convention, American Institute of Architects—Cleveland Hotel, Cleveland

20-28 Fifth Congress, International Union of Architects; theme, "Construction and Reconstruction of Towns, 1945-57—Moscow

Office Notes

Firm Changes

Richard M. Adler has resigned from his position as Airport Architect for The Port of New York Authority to enter private practice in partnership with Peter S. Hopf, A.I.A. Mr. Adler was assigned to the Terminal City project at New York International Airport. Mr. Hopf is a former member of the Port Authority staff who designed two of the individual airline terminal facilities at the airport. The newly-formed firm will be called Hopf & Adler, Architects, with offices at 118-20 Queens Blvd., Forest Hills, New York City, N. Y.

W. Stanly Gordon and H. Lamar Drake announce the formation of a partnership for the practice of architecture under the name of Gordon and Drake, Architects, A.I.A., with offices at 1531 Alford Place, Jacksonville, Fla.

Eugene L. Freerks and Robert H. Sperl have been named vice presidents of Hammel and Green, Inc. The Minnesota architectural firm has offices at 1922½ University Ave., St. Paul.

Kelly & Gruzen, Architects and Engineers, has appointed P. L. Griffith as an associate in the firm. Mr. Griffith is an engineer and management consultant. Kelly & Gruzen has offices in New York, Newark, and Boston.

Power outages can do no harm in this hospital

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   Excavation • Compaction • Earthmoving

3. REINFORCED CONCRETE WORK
   Form fabrication • Form erection • Placing reinforcing steel • Placing concrete • Concrete finishing

4. STRUCTURAL STEEL WORK
   Steel erection with welded, bolted, and riveted connections. Types: Commercial buildings, Mill type buildings, Multi-storied buildings

5. MASONRY WORK
   Brick • Clay tile • Glazed tile • Concrete blocks • Stone veneer • Ledgestone • Flagstone • Terra cotta

6. CARPENTRY
   Rough carpentry • Finish carpentry

APPENDIX

  Estimate form sheets for each type of operation

COMPLETE INDEX

ESTIMATING GENERAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS

by Louis Dallavia

Here is a book that has only one purpose: to enable the architect, engineer, and contractor to estimate realistically, and thus narrow the gap between all estimates and final costs. It provides an accurate, foolproof method of estimating all direct production costs in earthmoving, concrete, masonry, steel, and timber construction.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 341
He's Pulling a Steel Joist Apart

To prove quality of the "S" Series open web steel joists produced in its member company plants, the Steel Joist Institute demands punishing tests not only on the entire joists but on its component parts as well.

Here we see an inspector from an independent testing laboratory testing the tensile strength of a web section cut from a standard "S" Series steel joist selected at random from the production line. There are 15 other separate tests and inspections which the joist must undergo and pass successfully, before the manufacturer's joists can be granted the Institute's seal of approval.
To Put a Stronger Building Together

SJI-approved "S" Series joists, having demonstrated their strength and durability under the SJI QVP* program, are made available to architects, engineers, contractors and others who specify construction materials. These joists impart added strength to the structures in which they are used.

Strength, however, is only one of many advantages offered by SJI-approved open web steel joists. Other outstanding features include light weight, easy handling and placement, fire and vermin resistance, versatility and adaptability to different architectural designs.

*Quality Verification Program.
The Record Reports

Ernest J. Kump has formed a partnership with Stanley M. Smith, A.I.A., and Arthur B. Sweetser. The new firm will continue to practice architecture under the name of The Office of Ernest J. Kump, with offices in Palo Alto, Calif. The firm's temporary address is P.O. Box 467, pending the completion this summer of its new office building at 321 Lytton Ave.

Donald H. Lutes, A.I.A., and John M. Amundson have announced the formation of a partnership for the practice of architecture and community planning. Offices will be in the United States National Bank Bldg., Springfield, Ore.

Carter H. Manny, Jr., Thomas J. Mulig, A.I.A., Charles F. Murphy, Jr., A.I.A., and Charles G. Rummel have been named partners in the architectural-engineering firm of Naess and Murphy, 80 E. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

The architectural firm of O'Leary and Terasawa, formerly known as Absameier, O'Leary and Terasawa, will continue in general practice in its offices at 1898 Crenshaw Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.


Williams D. Bailey, engineer, has been admitted to partnership in the firm of Seelye Stevenson Value & Knecht, Consulting Engineers. Mr. Bailey, formerly an associate of the firm, will continue to act as Manager of the Highway Engineering Division. The firm is located at 101 Park Ave., New York 17, N. Y.

Emerson C. Smith & Associates, communications engineers, has announced its affiliation with Law & Wilson, Architects and Engineers, Honolulu, Hawaii.

New Addresses

Koslen & Ross—Architects, 16828 Kinsman Rd., Shaker Heights 20, Ohio.

Beck, Simon & Mantel, Structural Engineers, 921 Bergen Ave., Jersey City 6, N. J.

Skidmore, Owings & Merrill (Chicago office), Inland Steel Bldg., 30 W. Monroe St., Chicago, Ill.

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Reasons include population increase, population movement, and steep growth in church income—but most basic is the upsurge in U. S. church-mindedness.

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with church building?

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5. Advertising leadership—by a margin of 72% more advertising pages than the second magazine in the field (3 months, 1958).

*In recent years Architectural Record's Continuing Readership Research has shown that religious buildings rank close to schools and houses in the interest of its readers.
Required Reading

continued from page 64

the reader's eye, and seek the security of the bindings. Instead of seeking such security ourselves, we might stand ready to act on whatever our individual consciences demand, once we see what our enlarged vision enables us to see. We have still the right to do more than glide quietly with the spirit of the times. Mr. Nelson will not seem to encourage us to exercise this right, but he is pleasant stimulation while we prepare ourselves.

continued from page 60

closions may make an architect raise his eyebrows. For instance, he praises New York City buildings resulting from the 1916 ordinance because "their upper stories taper off, providing greater opportunities for ornamentation."

On the whole, however, he shows a healthy awareness of the necessities of contemporary architecture. Thus, in speaking of building codes, he says, "It should be the aim of both policy and administration to provide needed protection without penalizing good design, without restricting advances in methods of construction, and without prejudicing the use of new materials."

Also, in connection with a particularly controversial aspect of zoning, Mr. Webster remarks, "The arguments that esthetic values can best be promoted by education and cooperation rather than by legislation have been quite persuasive." An architect himself is often the best "educator," and this book would give him useful background for the task.—P. C. F.

Urban Renewal

This 96-page, beautifully illustrated book is a report of a study of a 20-block area in New York City. A detailed analysis of present conditions is followed by plans for rehabilitation and renewal. The study was financed in part by the federal Housing and Home Finance Agency, New York City Planning Commission, 2 Lafayette St., New York 7, N. Y.

Directory Of International

...Scholarships in the Arts is a 120-page booklet that lists awards for study abroad offered by government and private organizations throughout the world in architecture, creative writing, dance, design, music, painting and sculpture, and theater arts. There is a detailed index to fields and countries. Institute of International Education, 1 East 67th St., New York 21, N. Y.

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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 351
Current Trends in Construction
As Reflected in Contracts for Future Construction in the U.S. Reported and Tabulated by F. W. Dodge Corporation

FIRST UPTURN SEEN IN APRIL CONTRACT AWARDS

The first signs of a shift in the construction trend appeared in early figures released by F. W. Dodge Corporation on the totals of construction contracts reported for April. These figures, for 37 states east of the Rockies only, showed an increase of 18 per cent in non-residential contracts compared with April of last year. (The accompanying charts show 48-state totals.) Other encouraging features of the first April figures cited by Dr. George Cline Smith, Dodge vice president and economist, were an 18 per cent increase in school building contracts, a 13 per cent increase in contracts for apartments and other large residential buildings, an 18 per cent increase in commercial buildings and a 16 per cent increase in street and highway contracts in the 37-state area. Dodge has not released 37-state figures since its statistics went on a national basis in January 1957 but did so last month in view of “signs of a sharp trend reversal at a time when every shift in the economic winds is being observed with intense interest.” Best April increase of all in the 37-state figures was shown by public works, up 33 per cent.

RELIGIOUS BUILDINGS

Construction Contracts—Regional Comparison

Valuation (in thousands of dollars)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REGION</th>
<th>MARCH 1957</th>
<th>MARCH 1958</th>
<th>3 MOS. 1957</th>
<th>3 MOS. 1958</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New England</td>
<td>6,412</td>
<td>2,957</td>
<td>8,976</td>
<td>5,832</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N.Y., N.J., E. Pa., Md., Del., D.C., Va.</td>
<td>12,335</td>
<td>13,342</td>
<td>34,313</td>
<td>29,333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Atlantic</td>
<td>8,098</td>
<td>7,137</td>
<td>20,429</td>
<td>14,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohio, W. Va., Ky., W. Va.</td>
<td>8,026</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>18,835</td>
<td>14,281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N.D., S.D., Minn., Ia., Wis., Mich., Ill., Ind.</td>
<td>14,404</td>
<td>15,376</td>
<td>30,410</td>
<td>33,214</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. Mo., Ariz., La., Miss., E Tenn.</td>
<td>4,360</td>
<td>4,476</td>
<td>11,203</td>
<td>10,620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neb., Kan., W. Mo., Okla., Tex.</td>
<td>9,421</td>
<td>10,963</td>
<td>17,669</td>
<td>18,503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 Western States</td>
<td>12,636</td>
<td>8,906</td>
<td>23,084</td>
<td>19,441</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Summary</td>
<td>74,912</td>
<td>67,157</td>
<td>165,119</td>
<td>146,104</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Religious Buildings are the subject of Building Types Study No. 269, pages 175-202.
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ARCHITECTURAL RECORD June 1958 353


Hill, Henry, archt.; Non-Secarian Chapel at a Methodist Hospital—June 1958, BTS, pp. 190-191.


J

Jiunsh, Qaide Azam Ali, Mausoleum, Kara-chi, Pakistan; Raglan Squire & Partners, archts. (winners in international competition) June 1958, pp. 82-86.


K

Kane, John J., Hospital, Pittsburgh; But­ton and Melman, Mitchell and Rithey, archts.—May 1958, pp. 199-206.


La Sands Western Hills Hotel, Shreveport, La.; Lester G. Haas, archt.—April 1958, BTS, pp. 226-227.


Los Angeles Memorial Sports Arena; Wel­ton Becket & Assoc.s.—May, 1958, pp. 212.


Lyles, Bissett, Carlisle & Wolf, archts.; Edward D. Stone, assoc.—Aug. 1958, pp. 190-191.

M

Marte, Robert Thomas, archt.; Faith Lu­beran Church, Austin, Tex.—March 1958, BTS, pp. 182-185.


Masonry, Interpreting for Concrete and Masonry, Parts 1, 2, 3, by Elwyn E. Seeley—May 1958, TSS, pp. 235, 237, 239.

McClave House, Key Biscayne, Miami, Fla.; Robert B. Browne, archt.—Mid-May 1958, pp. 128-133.


Merriam, William H., archt.; Key West High School, Key West, Fla.—May 1958, BTS, pp. 234-237.


Miro, Jean, Studio, Malverne, Spain; Jose Luis Sert, archt.—Jan. 1958, pp. 178-180.


Mohawk Valley Technical Institute, Utica, N. Y.; Edward D. Stone, archt.; Rice & Baines assoc.—May 1958, pp. 170-171.

Monona Terrace project, Madison, Wis.; Solomon R. Guggenheim Memorial Foundation.—April 1958, pp. 186-189.

Museum, by Carl Koch—April 1958, BTS, pp. 235-238.


Museum, Solomon R. Guggenheim Memorial Museum, New York City; Frank Lloyd Wright, archt.—May 1958, pp. 182-183.

N


Newhouse, Roy, archt.; "The Trouble with the Believe Hall and East High School"—April 1958, BTS, pp. 214-216.

Newhouse, Roy, archt.; "The Trouble with the Believe Hall and East High School"—April 1958, BTS, pp. 214-216.

Newhouse, Roy, archt.; "The Trouble with the Believe Hall and East High School"—April 1958, BTS, pp. 214-216.

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Newhouse, Roy, archt.; "The Trouble with the Believe Hall and East High School"—April 1958, BTS, pp. 214-216.

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