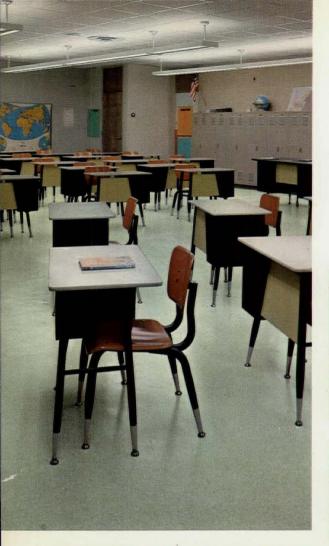
BUILDING TYPES STUDY 381: CAMPUS PLANNING FOR ARCHITECTURAL UNITY

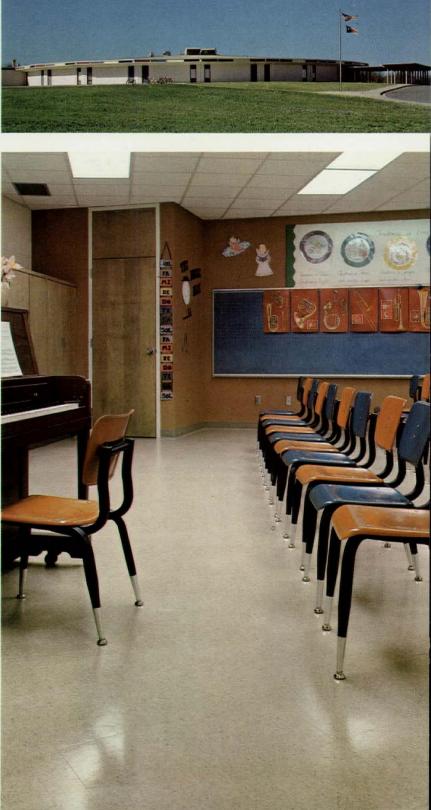
M. PAUL FRIEDBERG—DESIGN FOR THE SPACES IN BETWEEN GULF LIFE OFFICE TOWER BY WELTON BECKET FOUR VACATION HOUSES—HIGH ON DESIGN, LOW ON COST FULL CONTENTS ON PAGES 4 AND 5

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD

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Armstrong offers the widest variety of resilient floors. The best is the one that suits your design.

Midway Park Elementary School, Euless, Texas. Architect: Woodard and Associates, Euless, Texas. Interiors: Glenn and Cecille Hargrave, Dallas. General Contractor: Herman Smith & Company, Euless,



At this elementary school, the best floor is Imperial Modern Excelon Tile.

Design and color are the outstanding features of the Midway Park Elementary School. The architects designed the building fully "in the round", and interior designers filled the classrooms with color-no two exactly alike, yet all related.

For classroom flooring, they wanted a variety of color, yet a subtle spectrum. They needed flooring that would stand up to the heavy traffic and punishment that school classrooms produce. And they wanted flooring that would fit the budget.

They specified Imperial Modern Excelon (vinyl-asbestos) Tile for all the classrooms. To achieve the subtle color shifts, they used 6 of the 11 Imperial Modern colors available.

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Dover Elevators ...engineered for significant buildings



he Architects Collaborative was its own client for a new sixtory headquarters building (above) in the heart of Cambridge, Mass. Exacting yet budget-minded, the planners of this building rst considered an electric traction elevator but switched to Dover Oildraulic Elevator at a savings in cost of the hoistray construction. The elevator serves six landings at a speed f 150 FPM and was installed by Stanley Elevator Co., Nashua, I.H. General Contractor was George A. Fuller Co., Inc., Boston egional Office.

he National Center for Atmospheric Research (left) in Boulder, olo. was designed by I. M. Pei to harmonize with the mesa op site and the sandstone Flatirons which mark the end of ne Great Plains and the beginning of the Rockies. Three over Geared Electric Traction Elevators were chosen for is building which has been called "entirely appropriate to s site and to its purpose." Architects: I. M. Pei & Partners, ew York City; General Contractor: Martin K. Eby Construcon Company, Inc., Englewood, Colo. Dover Elevators installed of Dover Elevator Co., Denver, Colo.

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Cover: Miami Dade Junior College-South Campus Miami, Florida Architects: Pancoast/Ferendino/Grafton Photographer: Joseph W. Molitor

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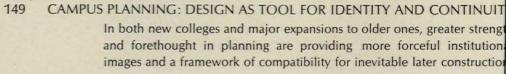
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BUILDING TYPES STUDY 381



150 BARNES STRESSES BOLD CENTRAL IDEAS IN PLANS FOR FOUR CAMPUSE Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, New York; State University at Potsdam, New York Christian Theological Seminary, Indianapolis; and University of Chicag

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, March 1968, Vol. 143, No. 3. Published monthly, except May, when semi-month by McGraw-Hill, Inc., 330 West 42nd Street, New York, New York 10036. CORPORATE OFFICERS: John McGraw, Chairman of the Board; Shelton Fisher, President; Daniel F. Crowley, Senior Vice President and Secretary. SUBSCRIPTION RATE: for individuals in the fields service State strength of the field service and constant service strength constant. \$6.00 per year in U.S., U.S. possessions and Canada; single copies \$2.00; further details on page 6. THIS ISS is published in national and separate editions. Additional pages of separate edition numbered or allowed as follows: Western Section 32-1, through 32-6. PUBLICATION OFFICE: 1500 Eckington Place, N.E., Washin ton, D.C. 20002. Second-class postage paid at Washington, D.C. POSTMASTER: Please send form 3579 to F fillment Manager, ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, P.O. Box 430, Hightstown, N.J. 08520.

Horner-Pennyrova



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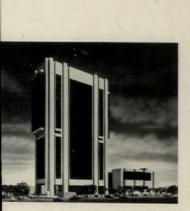
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COMING IN THE RECORD

"MOBILE HOUSES" AS ARCHITECTURAL COMPONENTS

As architects confront ever more complex economic and social problem in the design of housing, and as the pressures to find new approaches to the provision of low-cost housing increase, there is a renewed interest in experimentation with prefabrication techniques. The two projects by Pau Rudolph to be shown next month resulted from his studies of the potentia of "mobile home" units for the architectural problem.

BUILDING TYPES STUDY: ARCHITECTURE FOR SELLING

This year is expected by F. W. Dodge to see a healthy increase in stor construction, and the opportunities for architects in this field continue to improve in another way: As the demand for quality in facilities for retail ing increases, architecture becomes in fact a merchandising tool. Nex month's study will present some of the architectural results.









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And so went, in some such words, the main line of presentation by nine of the 13 architects interviewed not long ago by a public building committee I serve on. They talked reassuringly—and almost exclusively—about costs without making clear, I thought, that such figures are dependent on so many variables that they mean very little without some elaborate qualification.

It's easy to see why they talked costs. Reassurance about "price" is probably the strongest and certainly the easiest appeal to most building committees. Inexperienced but earnest, with conflicting anxieties as town officials ("Let's give the kids a pleasant place to learn in") and as taxpayers ("Enough is enough!"), building committees grab on to "real things" like square foot costs and percentages of effective teaching space and dual-use cafeterias as things they can understand better than "subjective" discussions about environment and the values to student and teacher of the quality of the architecture they spend six hours a day, 180 days a year in.

But four of the 13 architects did talk

about environment, and how design should grow functionally and efficiently out of the educational program, and about some of the options that are available in the finish of any building. They talked about the uncertainties in cost that can affect any building—starting with the uncertainties about site conditions. They talked as though they believed quality in architecture was important, and they did not talk about costs except to say that they couldn't talk about costs until they knew a lot more about what the town wanted and needed. And one of them got the job.

Sound like I'm prejudiced? So far I am. But we're a long way from a happy ending. The architect translated into a handsome preliminary design the educational program set up by the Board of Education. Made detailed cost estimates. Made a presentation to the building committee. Got approval. Built a beautiful model. Made a presentation at a town meeting. Talked about architecture. Got an overwhelming vote of approval (and a \$2.8-million appropriation) from the assembled taxpayers. Finished the drawings. Put the building out for bids. Which came in \$511,000 high.

I'll spare you the details. Cries of outrage, uninformed newspaper editorials, lots of I-told-you-so's from the 'no frills' contingent, cutbacks in the design, elimination of tennis courts, student parking lots, and landscaping, new town meeting for supplemental appropriation —and another setback in the relationship between architects and the public.

Every time a building comes in above the budget, a few more people take up the old cry that "good design costs too much." It does not, of course, and the "value added" by a good architect over the unimaginative and unpleasant minimum design is, we have to think, a very good value indeed. It is easy to argue on a number of bases-and the easiest of these arguments is that it costs very little over the life of, say, a school, and it costs very little indeed per taxpayer. For example, it's pretty easy to prove that saving one part-time janitor at \$3,000 per year will let you add at least \$100,000 in first costs for higher-quality, lower-maintenance construction; and pretty hard for a taxpayer to argue that he ought to vote for a minimum building instead of a guality building if the annual cost to him can be equated to one dinner with cocktails. When an architect, who wants to build a good building instead of a minimum building, makes his case-and gets the job-he owes it to the client and the profession to be at least close about costs. And that means being as professional about estimating and managing a job as you are professional about the developing of the design itself. It's unfair to the client to come up with an estimate based casually on past performances, or the estimates supplied casually by friendly suppliers. In these days of erratic and rising costs, it is indeed a complex job to make estimates on the basis of what the contractor is going to have to pay for everything a year or two or three from now -but the contractor has to do it, and put his business on the line each time he does. It's also unfair to the client to indulge in the normal human tendency to minimize "the bad news." Reality is an -Walter F. Wagner, Jr. opened bid.



"You can be sure Pericles wouldn't have gone ahead with it had he foreseen the day when it would interfere with local television reception—"

A new kind of involvement: a report on Rochester

As I mentioned on this page last month, I was invited to be part of a jury for a competition, sponsored by the Rochester Times Union and The Democrat and Chronicle, "to stimulate and encourage new design, construction, and improvement of commercial properties." And I promised to report "whether this competition really seems an effective way to give the general public a little more awareness of architecture—even if all they do is stumble over it on the way to the crossword puzzle."

Well, I went to Rochester; met fellow jurors Charles Hughes, a New York architect, William H. Scarbrough, a Syracuse architect, and William C. Pahl, who runs his own contracting firm in Syracuse. And we had a great day.

There was no great architecture to judge, and most of the entries were made up of very bad snapshots. There was one remodeling job that I thought was a fine job until one of the newspaper reporters observing the judging pointed out that what I thought was the "after" was the "before." But at any rate, we made a preliminary screening and then drove around town looking at the finalists. And I was reminded of a few things that architects and architectural editors need to be reminded of from time to time. Item: Pictures can be very misleading-in fact, they can lie something awful. In one case, a very badly photographed remodeling job that survived the initial screening only because someone pointed out it would be easy to look at since it was on the way to lunch turned out to be my favorite of the day-a neat, trim, restrained remodeling job. In another case, a building that looked particularly disciplined and handsome in its exterior photographs turned

out to be finished inside with all the restraint of a Miami Beach resort hotel and to be monstrously sited between two particularly nice old houses on one of Rochester's oldest residential streets.

Another thing of which I was reminded was that buildings that leave us cognoscenti cold can be beloved by their owners. For example, we visited a library that lent itself to a fair amount of criticism, but the library ladies were so proud of it that our tour schedule was set back by 30 minutes. So maybe it was more successful architecture than we thought?

At any rate, I'd have to say that I think the effort of the two newspapers is a very worthwhile one. It wasn't very sophisticated, and we all wished they'd call the program a "competition" instead of a "contest," but the combined pages devoted to the program over two weeks had to make an impact on the newspapers' readers. And any kind of educational effort like that has to help the cause of better design.

"Architects must become civic activists . . ."

I keep liking what A.I.A. President Robert L. Durham says in his speeches, and the above was the theme of a recent speech he made to the Architectural Institute of British Columbia. In his speech, he argued that many urban problems result from "our lack of a public ethic concerning land use" and that architects should help communities "evolve logical, informed policies affecting our environment," including more flexible zoning and building codes.

He also discussed the architect's role as a member of the multi-disciplinary design team; "We are no longer willing to say that architects should design the buildings, engineers the freeways, landscape architects our parks, and then leave the issues of schools, water, sewerage, and fresh air to the city fathers."

His final point: "We must add to the architect's design training and knowledge of building, a better understanding of land values and mortgages and tax benefits of alternate financing methods."

Fashions, fishing, and architecture

Alfred Browning Parker, who has done some very good architecture and has written a very good book (addressed to the general public and entitled "You and Architecture") has entered a whole new field of endeavor-radio. He-as part of "a group of outstanding personalities of the Greater Miami area"-has been taping a series of spot announcements "broadcast by WIOD at various times during the day as programing allows." It seems to me that there's a another big step forward being taken here: The idea that architecture is a subject of sufficient interest to the general public to be interspersed with spots on real estate, animals, music and musicians, bowling, insurance, religion, fashion and fishing is a refreshing one.

Money-saver of the month: British Columbia division

According to a news release just received here, the government of British Columbia now has under consideration "a new method of preparing senior citizen's housing projects.... The proposal is for the various government departments to draw basic plans themselves so the sponsoring organizations can escape the architects' fees. The money saved," the release concludes, "could be used for furnishings..." —W.W.

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cost stays happily down to earth. That's because standard hardware or welded pipe framing supplies all the structural support needed. The fabric is a sturdy weave of 100% cotton (8 to 15 ounces per yd. of 31" width) treated for mildew and

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Shangle

Nob Hill Club Apartments, Atlanta, Ga. Architect: Cooper, Carry and Associates Builder: Crow, Pope & Carter

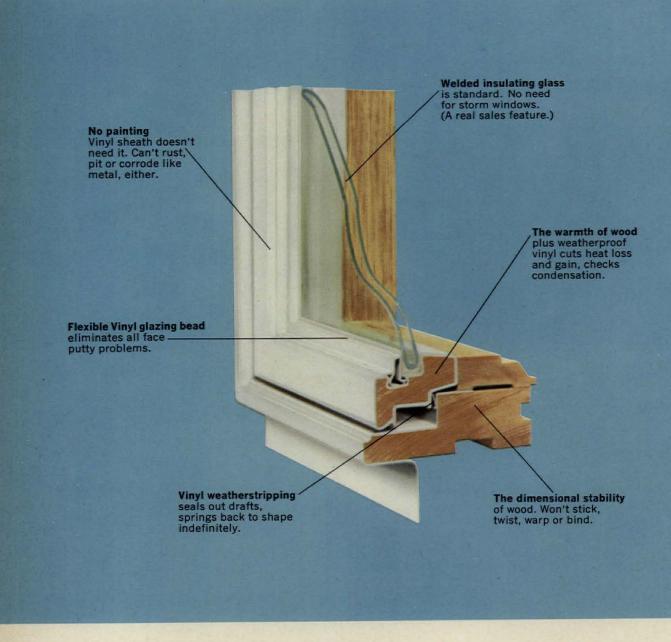
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Washington Club Inn, Virginia Beach, Virginia, features 40, 8-foot Andersen Perma-Shield Gliding Doors. Guests get a sweeping view of the ocean through snuggly weathertight gliding doors. No problems ... even under the most severe salt-air conditions. Architect: Evan J. McCorkle, Virginia Beach, Va.



Emma Norton Methodist Girls' Residence, St. Paul. Difficult elevation could make window maintenance a nightmare, but there's little or no maintenance with Perma-Shield. They've been performance proved on thousands of residential and commercial jobs like this one—exposed to every climate over the last 9 years. Architect: Progressive Design Associates, St. Paul, Minn.



Low maintenance home, Long Lake, Minn. The Perma-Shield Windows in this home won't need painting, or storm windows, and they won't pit or corrode like metal. They combine the insulating value of wood and the maintenance savings of a rigid vinyl shield. Architect: George F. Panuska, Virgin Islands.

Perma-Shield Windows

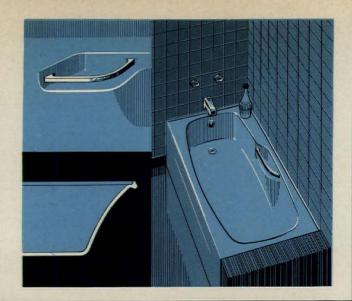
Offhand, how many people do you know whose ankles are as wide as their hips? Or whose backs are ironing-board flat? Whose arms hang below their knees? Probably the exact number of people who can get really comfortable in a bathtub-shaped bathtub.

Bathtubs are beautifully shaped for sailing toy boats. But certainly not shaped for people.

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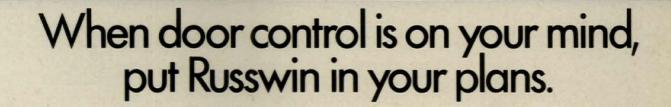
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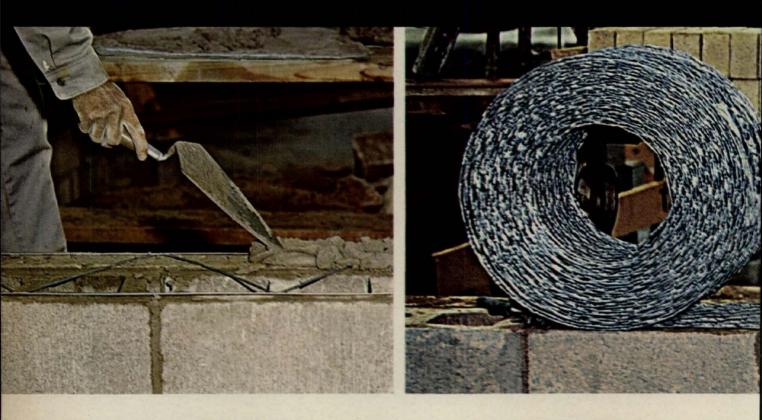
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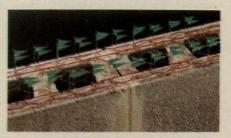
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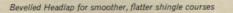
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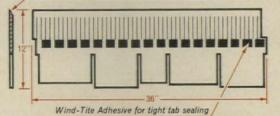


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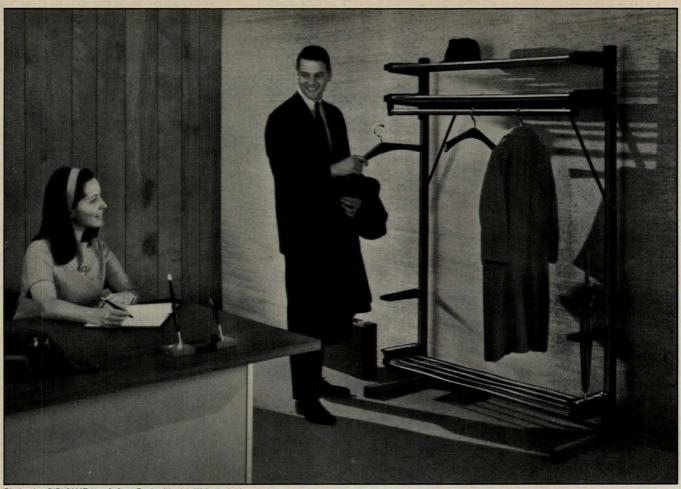
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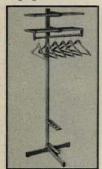
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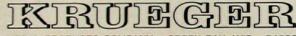




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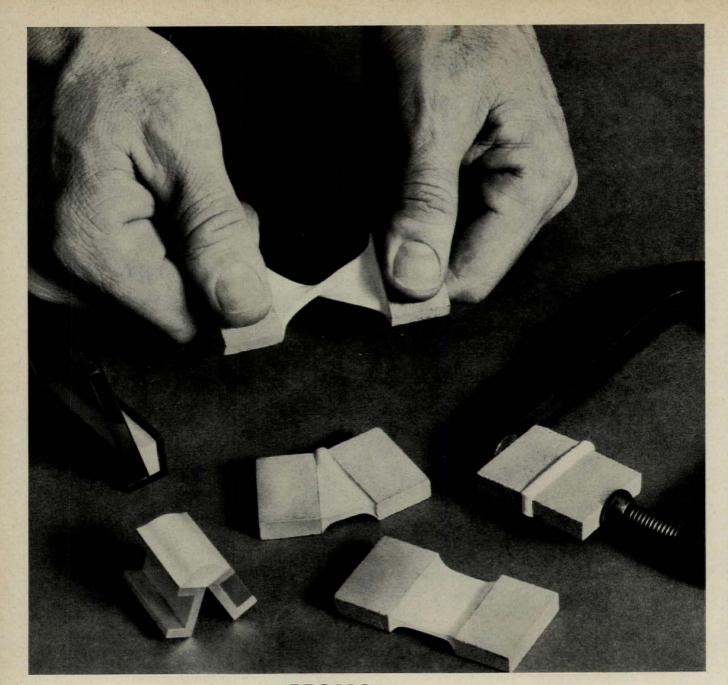
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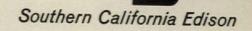
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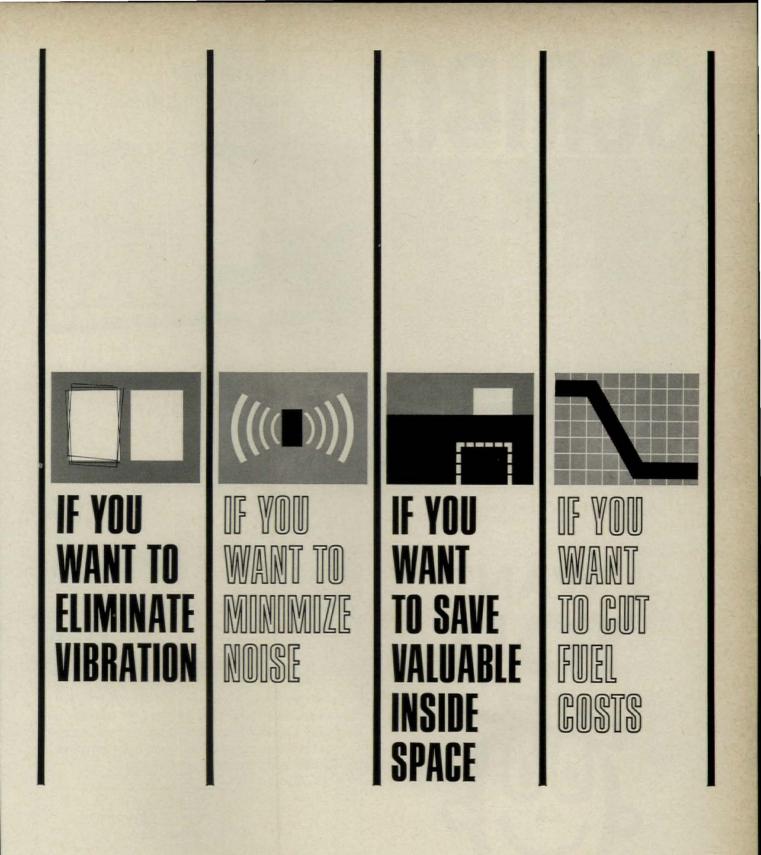
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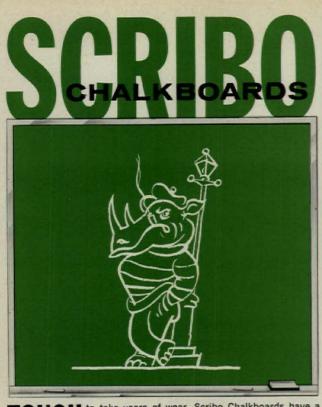
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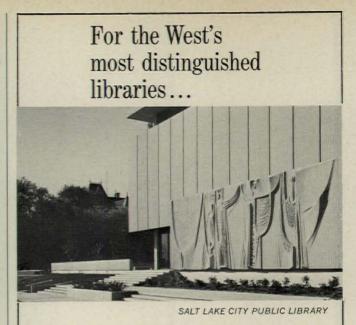


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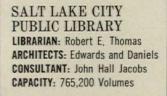




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Marcel Breuer will receive A.I.A. Gold Medal; other A.I.A. award recipients named



Marcel Breuer has been named as this year's recipient of the Gold Medal, highest honor of the American Institute of Architects. Also announced by the A.I.A. were other 1968 medalists and honorary members. All of the honors will be conferred at the 100th convention of the A.I.A., which will be held in Portland, Oregon, June 23-26, and in Honolulu June 27-28.

Mr. Breuer, 66 years old, will be the 34th recipient of the Gold Medal, which is presented for "most distinguished service to the profession of architecture or to The Institute." A native of Hungary, Mr. Breuer was a student at the Weimar Bauhaus from 1920-24 and then taught at the Bauhaus in Dessau from 1924-28. He came to the United States in 1937 to join

the faculty at the Department of Architecture at Harvard University. In 1946 Mr. Breuer moved to New York City and established his office there. He also maintains a branch office in Paris. Mr. Breuer's most notable works include the Whitney Museum of American Art, New York City; St John's Abbey in Collegeville, Minnesota; the U.S. Embassy in The Hague; the UNESCO World Headquarters Building in Paris; and the IBM Research Center in La Gaude, France. He is the architect of the soon-to-be-completed headquarters of the Department of Housing and Urban Development in Washington, D.C.

Other A.I.A. medals for distinguished achievement will be awarded as follows: Fine Arts Medal—Gyorgy Kepes of Cambridge, Massachusetts; Craftsmanship Medal—Jack Lenor Larsen of New York City; Allied Professions Medal —Le Messurier Associates, Inc. of Boston; Architectural Photography Medal— Ernest Braun of San Anselmo, California; and Industrial Arts Medal—Paul Grotz of New York City.

The New York firm of I. M. Pei & Partners will receive the A.I.A.'s Architectural Firm Award which honors an office "wherein the continuing collaboration among individuals of the firm has been the principal force in consistently producing distinguished architecture." In his firm Mr. Pei collaborates with: three partners—Eason H. Leonard, Henry N. Cobb, and Araldo A. Cossutta; three senior associates—Leonard Jacobson, James I. Freed, and Werner Wandelmaier; 12 associates; and a technical and administrative staff of 150. E. James Gambaro, practicing architect in New York and a member of the A.I.A. for 43 years, will receive the Edward C. Kemper Award. The Kemper Award recognizes an "A.I.A. member who has contributed significantly to The Institute and to the profession."

Receiving the A.I.A.'s Citation of an Organization will be The Graham Foundation for Advanced Studies in the Fine Arts of Chicago. The citation is awarded "to any organization, governmental or otherwise, excepting architectural organizations, for achievement in any field related to architecture or planning."

Philip Will, Jr., former president of the A.I.A. and partner of The Perkins & Will Partnership of Chicago and White Plains, New York, will receive a Special Citation from The Institute. He is being cited in recognition of "his leadership in extending the concept of architectural practice into new fields."

Five people have been elected honorary members of the A.I.A. This honor is accorded "to those esteemed persons who have rendered distinguished service to the architectural profession or to allied arts and sciences." The new honorary members include: John W. Gardner, secretary of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare: Congressman lames I. Scheuer of the 21st Congressional District, Bronx, New York: Irwin Miller, chairman of the board of Cummins Engine Company, Inc., and Irwin Union Bank and Trust Company of Columbus, Indiana; Mrs. Mabel S. Day, secretary to the Executive Director of the A.I.A.; and Maurice Lavanoux, managing editor of "Liturgical Arts" magazine.

Saigon Embassy withstands heavy attack

The architects of the new Saigon Embassy December 1967, page 43) were instruced to design the building with security as a prime consideration. The way the building withstood its recent siege seems restimony to its effective design.

When the embassy came under neavy attack by the Viet Cong on January 30, they were able to get into the compound by blasting a hole in the fence, but—in spite of early news reports to the contrary—they were never able to gain entry into the chancery building itself. Here are a few of the reasons.

The building is set 60 feet inside the compound, protected by an 8-foot-high

wall of 6-inch-thick concrete. The facade of the six-story building is protected above the first floor by a sunscreen composed of hundreds of 22- by 22-inch footdeep polished white terrazzo blocks. Each of these blocks is split by two 4by 5-inch inward-slanting apertures to let in light and air.

THE RECORD REPORTS

The large sunscreen sits about five feet out from the massive concrete walls of the building itself. The ground floor is faced with 4-meter square, 2-inch thick polished black granite slabs. The windows are made of shatterproof acrylic plastic with doors of solid teak.



According to news reports, the Viet Cong did not manage to inflict too much damage on the new structure. In addition to the hole which was blasted in the compound fence, about 25 sunscreen elements were damaged, the front entrance platform was damaged by an explosion, and unspecified damage was done to the ground-floor facade.

The original architects for a threestory structure were Curtis and Davis. When the program was expanded to a six-story building, the architectural firm of Adrian Wilson and Associates enlarged the building, retaining as much as possible of the original design.

Davis-Brody team will design U.S. pavilion at Expo '70

The exhibition design team of Lewis Davis and Samuel Brody, architects, and

Ivan Chermayeff, Thomas Geismar and Rudolph de Harak, designers, have been chosen to design the United States Pavilion and related exhibits at the forthcoming Japan World Exposition scheduled to open in Osaka in March 1970. The United States Information Agency will organize the official U.S. participation and will shortly be submitting preliminary plans and budget requests to Congress.

Expo '70 at Osaka has the endorsement of the Bureau of International Exhibitions in Paris and will be the world's fourth General Exhibition of the First Category. Previous "first category" exhibits include Montreal's Expo '67, the Brussels Fair of 1958, and the Paris Exhibition of 1937.

The Davis, Brody, Chermayeff, Geismar and de Harak team was selected from 11 design teams considered and was recommended by an 11-member advisory panel which included architects Peter Blake, editor of Architectural Forum, William N. Breger, chairman of the Architectural Design Department of Pratt Institute, and Donlyn Lyndon, head of the Department of Architecture at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Rockrise leaves HUD to return to private practice

Architect George T. Rockrise, the first special consultant on design to the secretary of the Department of Housing and Urban Development, has left HUD to devote full time to his architectural firm, Rockrise & Watson, in San Francisco. While a successor is being chosen, the design and consultant activities of Mr. Rockrise's department are continuing under the staff direction of Ralph Warburton, Special Assistant to the Secretary for Urban Design.

Breuer chosen to design Grand Central office building

Architect Marcel Breuer has been selected as the architect of an office building to be constructed on air rights above the Grand Central Terminal Building in New York City. The project is being sponsored by U.G.P. Properties, Inc., a whollyowned subsidiary of Union General Properties Limited of London.

An announcement from Mr. Breuer's office noted that "it is the intention of the developers that the present Terminal Building, with its famous concourse and beaux-arts facade, is to remain." The office tower will have its columns and elevators within the present Grand Central waiting room, and will have a minimum area of 1.8 million square feet.

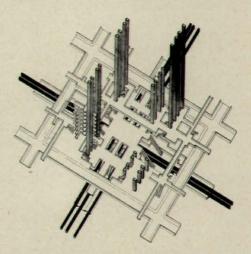
The Breuer announcement noted that "in addition to the important visual problem, the architects recognize the question of traffic and circulation, both within the Grand Central complex itself and the immediate urban neighborhood. Consideration is being given to the public entrance from 42nd Street and circulation to and from subways and trains."

Architectural League/Regional Plan exhibit explores growth of midtown Manhattan

An exhibit now on display through March 15 at The Architectural League of New York shows the findings of a study by the Regional Plan Association on future planning principles for the central business district of Manhattan. The exhibit of drawings, photographs, models, slides and sound has been sponsored by the League at the initiative of its president, architect Ulrich Franzen.

The Regional Plan study and exhibit assumes that by the year 2000 there will be an increase of 500,000 office jobs in Manhattan. To effectively cope with this projected influx, the Regional Plan Association has outlined a number of planning principles—principles the Association feels could be applicable to any number of large metropolitan areas.

The main principle is that places of employment should be located in direct relation to sub-surface transportation, since 77 per cent of New York City workers end their ride to work by subway or train. A graphic representation of this principle—the "access tree"—is shown below. The roots of the tree are



sub-surface transportation, the trunks are high speed elevators or escalators to street or office, with a mezzanine mixing area for pedestrian dispersal. Other principles of the study include: the clustering of office buildings so that they could be more easily served by transportation and so that they could share supporting facilities and create large plaza areas—thus allowing other areas to have less density; the improvement of present transportation facilities and the addition of new ones; the provision of more amenities to make Manhattan more enjoyable; and the utilization of multi-level movement systems separating the pedestrian from traffic.

The exhibit and study were done by architect Rai Y. Okamoto and Frank E Williams, urban design consultants to the Regional Plan Association, with Klaus Huboi, and assisted by Dietrich Kuncke and F. Carlisle Towery. The Regiona Plan Association is a research and plan ning agency supported by voluntary membership to promote the coordinated development of the New York—New Jer sey—Connecticut metropolitan region.



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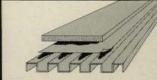
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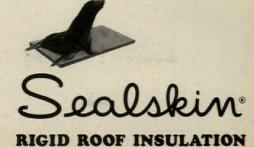
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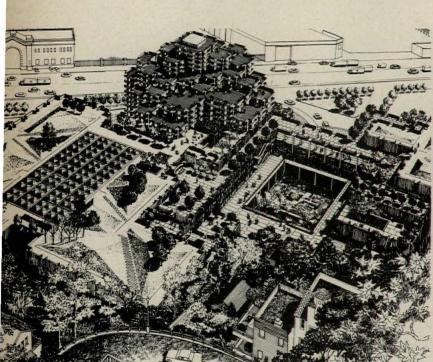
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BUILDINGS IN THE NEWS





A \$100-million International Market Center at the foot of Telegrap Hill in San Francisco will provide 11.5 acres of rooftop garde parks and over 4 million square feet of floor space for a complet home furnishings and trade mart complex. Master planners an architects are Wurster, Bernardi & Emmons and landscape architect is Lawrence Halprin & Associates. The complex will be organ ized around two huge exhibition halls, each containing abou 30,000 square feet and covered by translucent canopies. Withi each hall will be seven galleried stories, each linked to a broad plaza at the core of the project. Two terraced wings will hous showrooms, shops and restaurants, and there will be a 160-foot high, 550-room hotel.

A combined police precinct station house and firehouse, New York City, has been designed for the Department of Public Works by architect Milton Frederick Kirchman. The two-story-plus-basement building will separate police and fire functions, and will include facilities for 600 policemen as well as firemen's dormitories and apparatus room. The building will have an exterior of dark brick and stone trim, and its structure consists of fire-resistant steel frame composite construction using welded shear connectors to develop tee beam action in concrete slabs.

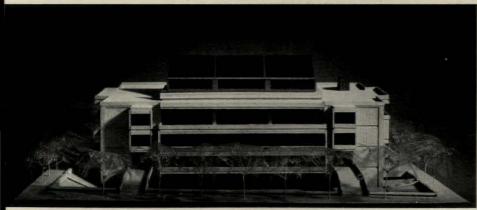




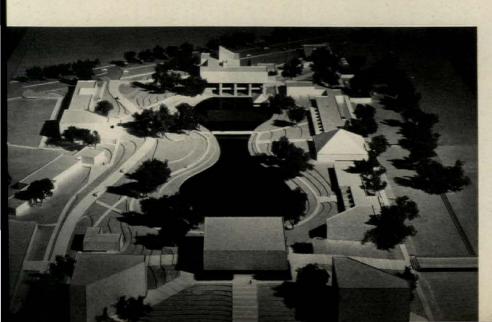
A \$6.5-million museum for the Kimball Ar Foundation Complex in Fort Worth, Texas designed by architect Louis L. Kahn, consist in plan of a series of concrete vaults coverin two rectangular elements joined by a cor nector. The larger rectangle, covered by seve vaults, will house the permanent collection with a service and administrative area below The smaller rectangle, consisting of two vaul and an entrance porch vault, will house aud torium and temporary exhibit area. The cor nector will house a bookstore and receptio desk. A corridor spine through the connected will run the length of the building. Natur light will be provided by two-foot acryl plastic slits running the length of each vau The vaults in the permanent collection are are broken to provide open courts.

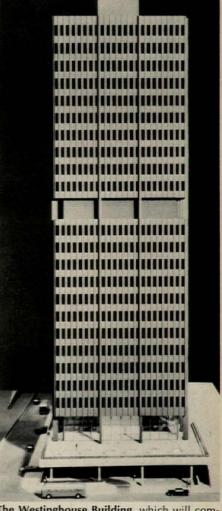


A State Office Building in Harlem, New York City, is intended to give impetus to renewal of the primarily Negro area. Architects are Iffil, Johnson & Hanchard. The building will be a free-standing 24-story tower abutted to a three-story wing. A broad plaza sweeps under the building for street-level circulation. The facing masonry will be a warmtone granite with black anodized aluminum trim. The building will contain approximately 360,000 square feet and is planned on a five-foot module.



The College of Architecture and Urban Planning Building at the University of Washington, Seattle, will be a \$3-million project containing 86,000 square feet in its first phase. The building will house studios, library, offices, shop and laboratory facilities and classrooms. The structure will have a cast-in-place reinforced concrete frame and will be organized around a large interior court rising four stories. Architects are Daniel Streissguth and Gene Zema with Dale Benedict, Grant Hildebrand and Claus Seligmann.





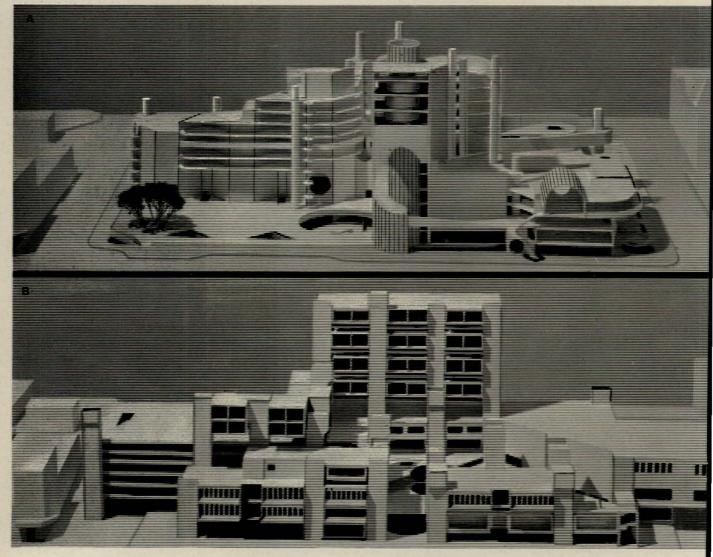
The Westinghouse Building, which will complete the Gateway Center in Pittsburgh, will be a 23-story office structure faced with a dark-finish aluminum and glass. Architects are Harrison & Abramovitz. The building will have a 4.5-foot module for interior flexibility and will contain 500,000 square feet. The allelectric building will have a central heat pump for year-round climate control. Watercooled lighting fixtures will remove heat to reduce the air conditioning load and provide heat in the winter. Underground parking will be provided for 400 cars.

A Civic Center for Fairfield, California, designed by competition-winning architect Robert Wayne Hawley, places four buildings within a landscaped setting. Included in the \$2.4-million center are: a four-story city hall containing 40,000 square feet; a one-story police building containing 10,000 square feet; a one-story community hall containing 15,000 square feet, and a pyramid-shaped community assembly hall containing 9,000 square feet. The buildings are organized around a landscaped park dominated by a man-made lake. Parking is placed in a depressed narrow band around the perimeter of the site, to retain sight lines.

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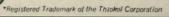
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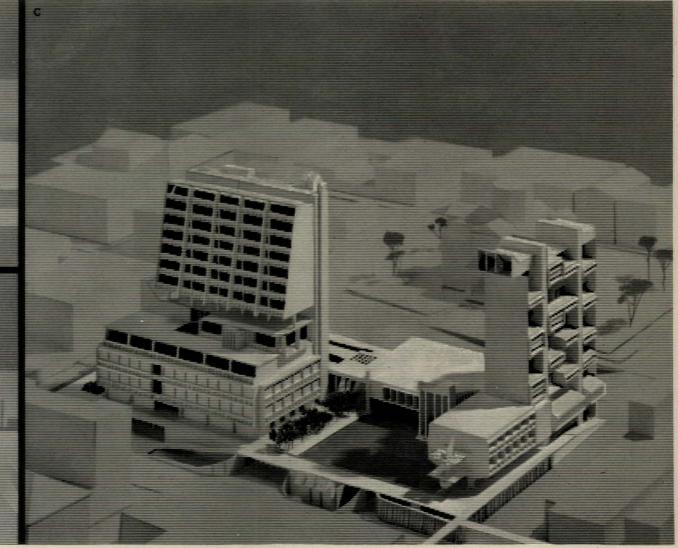
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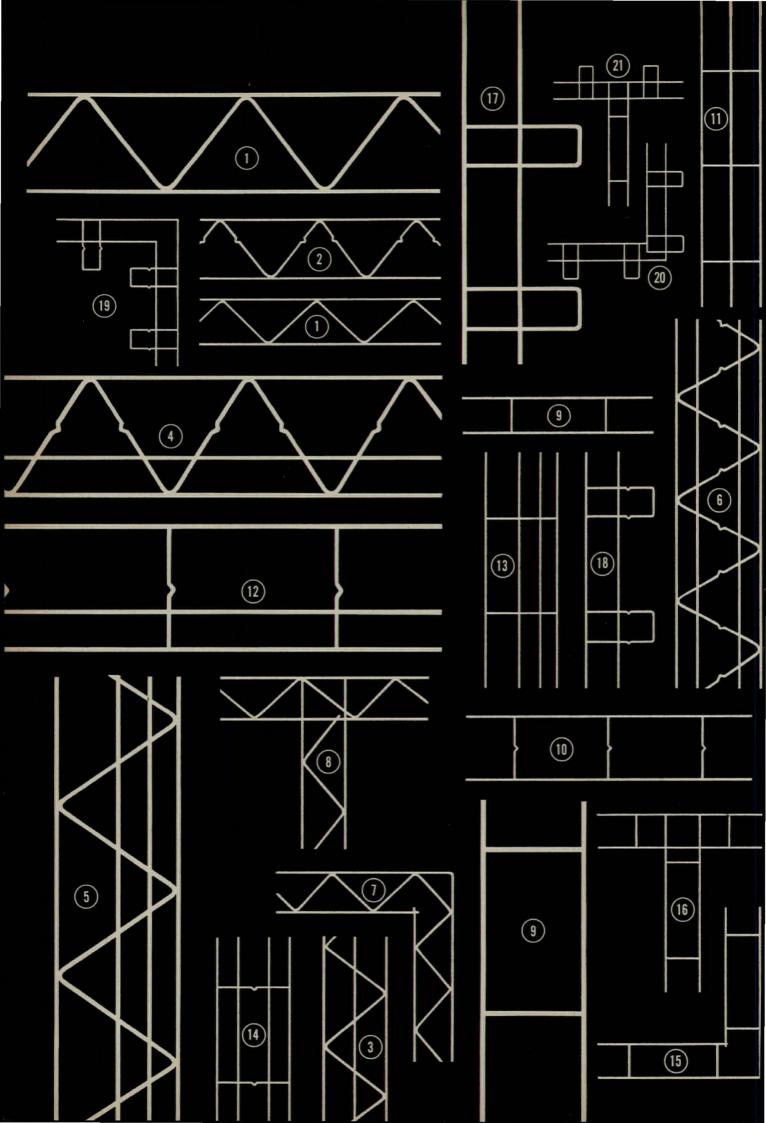


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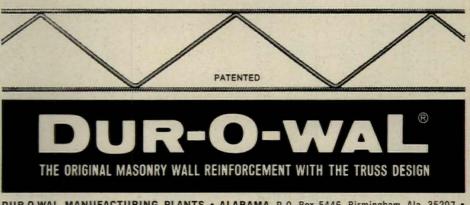
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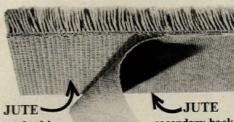
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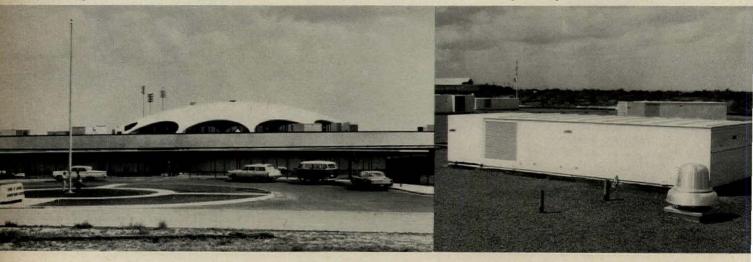
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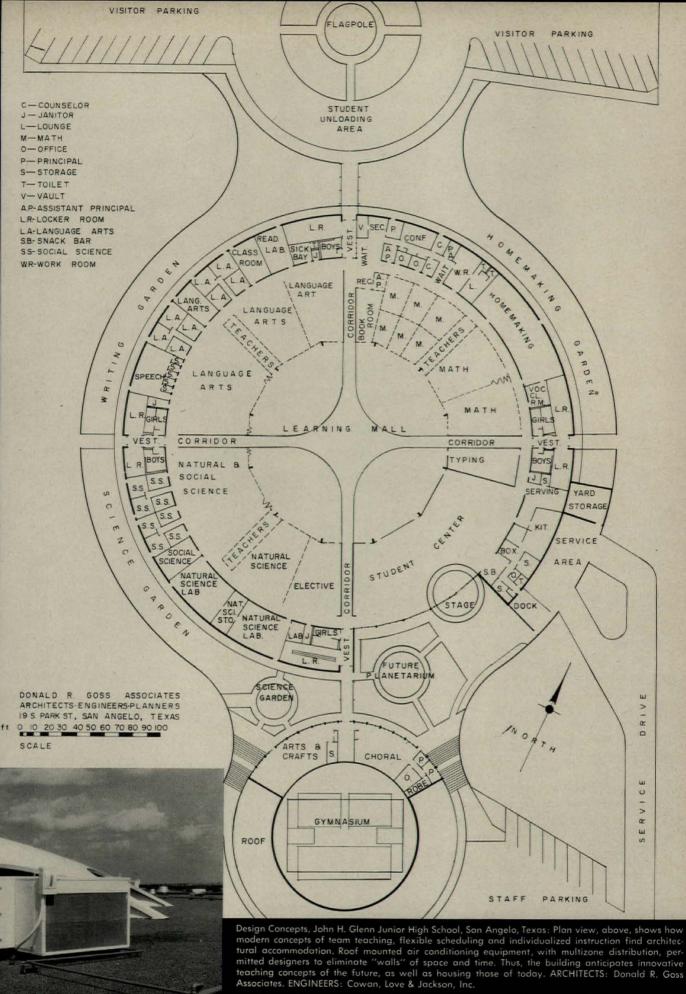
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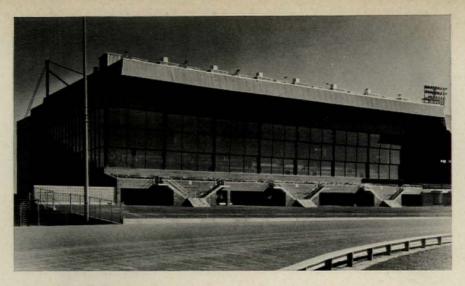
Eight Lennox Direct Multizone units handle classroom areas requiring individual zone control. Each delivers 22 tons electric cooling, and 195,000 Btuh gas heating.



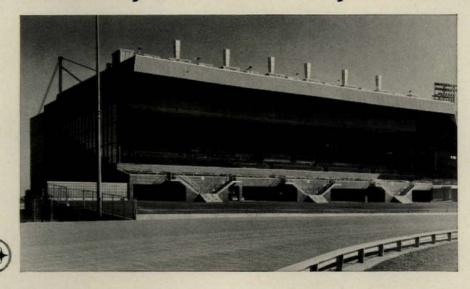


Associates. ENGINEERS: Cowan, Love & Jackson, Inc. Four Lennox GCS3 single zone units serve large open areas in the center of the school. Capacity of each unit: 15 tons electric cooling; 200,000 Blub gas heating.

4



Cable roof permits load-free power window system for Brandywine clubhouse

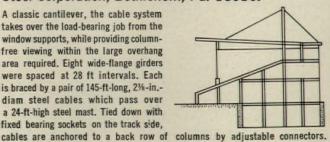


This new, \$4-million clubhouse at Brandywine Raceway, near Wilmington, Delaware, posed an unusual problem. The owners wanted to heat and air-condition the enclosure to accommodate some 2.500 spectators. However, they also wanted to move the windows out of the way so that spectators could have a completely unobstructed view of the track whenever weather conditions were suitable.

Architect Lionel Levy devised an ingenious moveable window system which can be raised entirely out of view by telescoping it into housings above the roof. Engineer Robert Rosenwasser chose a cable-supported roof scheme as the most feasible and economical way to do the job. It permits what normally would have been roof-supporting front columns to serve as mullions and tracks for the window area measuring 196 ft long and 28 ft high.

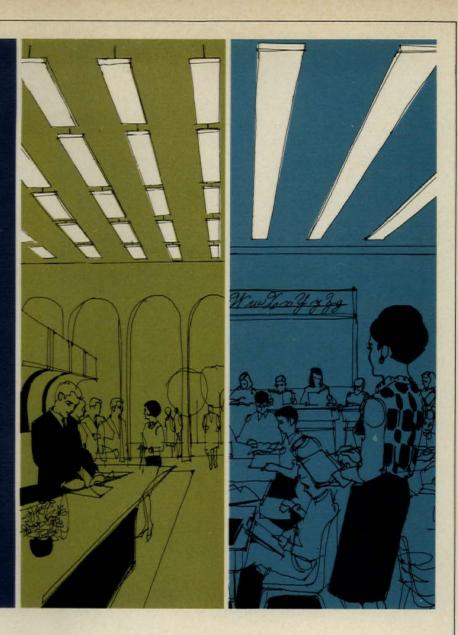
Bethlehem supplied more than 2,600 ft of cable (with end fittings) and 804 tons of structural steel. We also furnished the engineer with cable and connector data, a service we have provided for many of the nation's cable-roof structures. Bethlehem Steel Corporation, Bethlehem, Pa. 18016.

A classic cantilever, the cable system takes over the load-bearing job from the window supports, while providing columnfree viewing within the large overhang area required. Eight wide-flange girders were spaced at 28 ft intervals. Each is braced by a pair of 145-ft-long, 23/8-in.diam steel cables which pass over a 24-ft-high steel mast. Tied down with fixed bearing sockets on the track side.



Architect: Lionel K. Levy . Structural engineer: Robert Rosenwasser · General contractor: Ernest Di Sabatino & Sons Steel fabrication: The Belmont Iron Works • Steel erector: McCormick Construction Co., Inc.





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(4 lamps), and 16" x 96" (8 lamps). Both acrylic and styrene refractors are 1/8"-3/16" thick for maximum strength, with 20-gauge steel housing. PRECISE is beautiful and tough . . . its classic style is as long lasting as the materials from which it is made. Maybe that's why its acrylic refractor is backed by a 20-year, written guarantee. What more could you want from a lighting fixture? Why not call your Wakefield Representative or write for complete specifications. It could be the brightest move you'll ever make. Wakefield Operation, ITT Lighting Fixture Division, International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation, P.O. Box 195, Vermilion, Ohio 44089

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LETTERS

A real challenge

I think it was a very fine idea to publish the article by Donald H. Elliott, Chairman of the New York City Planning Commission, "The Role of Design in the Governmental Process."

Mr. Elliott displayed a deep understanding of the need for design in the broader processes of government and an extraordinary sensitivity to its refined aspects. None of his ambitions will be realized unless the architects and designers themselves become sensitized to this dimension of their work. I think this is a real challenge to the profession which should consider it with concern.

Edmund N. Bacon Executive Director

Philadelphia City Planning Commission

Not even barracks or prisons

"I only know what I read in the paper." In this case "the paper" is ARCHITEC-TURAL RECORD for December, and this



comment is based on what I can infer from two illustrations and a plan accompanying one of them, the contrast between which rather alarms me. On page 44 there is a perspective of a model of a five-building graduate center for Brown University which looks very nice indeed, and, extrapolating from this model to the un-shown plan, I would presume that the students' living quarters in these low buildings have individuality and style. By ugly contrast, I note the illustration on page 153, and the typical floor plan on the following page, of a pair of dormitories for Ohio State University, in which the cell-like accommodations for students in identical multiple units repeated 48 times on a hexagonal basis implies a mass-production of student accommodations that is horrible to contemplate as the living quarters of students in a free university in this country.

It would seem to me that this type of mass-produced, sterile uniformity has long been abandoned, even for military barracks and prisons. The more I look at the plan and photograph of this pair of dormitories, the more I shudder to think what type of student life could accommodate itself to it, or what sort of people would be turned out by an institution of learning that provides such living quarters for its students.

Thank goodness the buildings for Brown University seem to respect the human being as well as the human scale. As I said, these comments are prompted only by these two illustrations, and if I knew more about either or both dormitories, I might revise my opinion.

Robert C. Weinberg Architect and City Planner New York City

Place Bonaventure

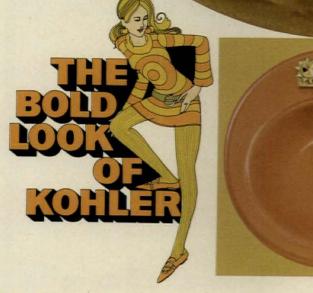
I finally got around to reading the December RECORD. Your story on Place Bonaventure is really good—much better than most routine stories about a large building.

I missed getting to Montreal and have not felt too bad about it—until I read this piece—and am very anxious to see this complex.

> Arthur Rosenblatt Administrator for Architecture and Planning The Metropolitan Museum of Ar New York City

In your coverage of Place Bonaventure in the December 1967 issue, we particularly appreciated the detailed list o

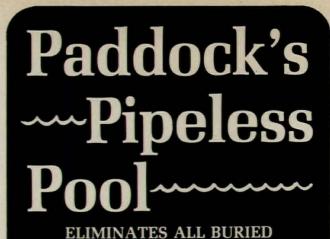
more letters on page 7

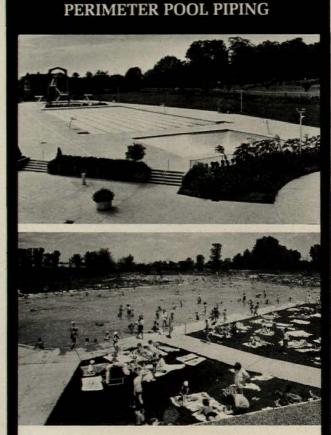


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Three Rivers apartments, Fort Wayne, Indiana

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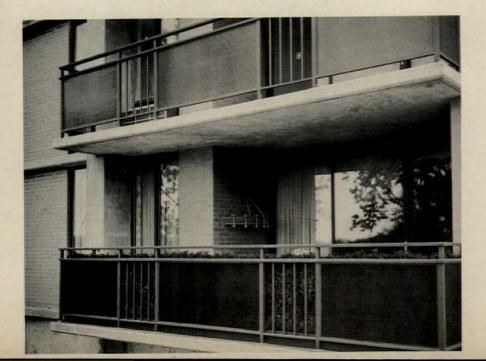


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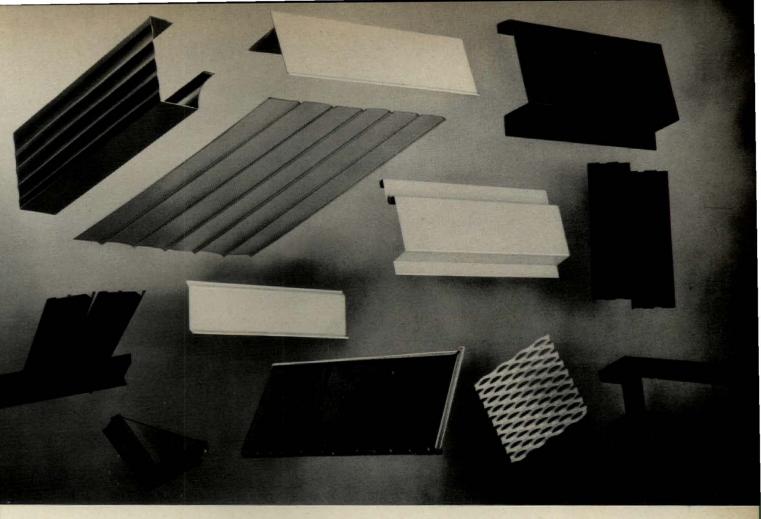
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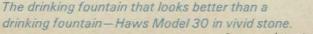


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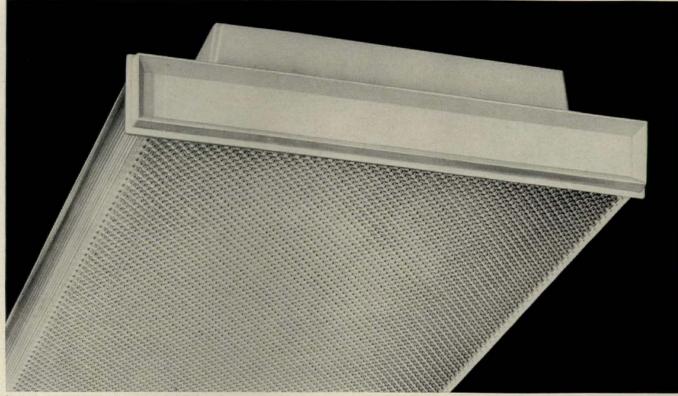
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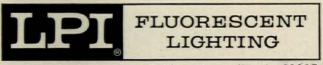
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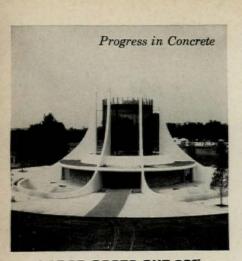
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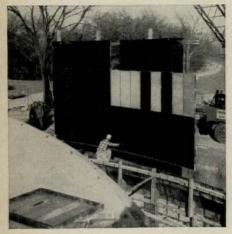


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William M. Linscott, of Linscott, Kiene, & Haylett, was impressed with the economy of gang forming, and will approve it again on other jobs.

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LETTERS

continued from page 56

credits given for the project. We note, however, that you neglected to mention Mr. Neil Holloway, P. Eng. who served as Project Administrator throughout the work, and made an important contribution to it.

R. T. Affleck

Affleck Desbarats Dimakopoulos Lebensold Sise Montreal

Boston University's library

It's unfortunate that your article on Boston University's Mugar Library was not long enough to put forth criticisms or to show photos of the stack areas. As a recent alumnus of MIT, I watched with interest as BU's new "campus" rose on the bank of the Charles, and a recent visit to Boston allowed me to closely inspect the last unit, the library. I found it to be a disappointing building.

Of course, you're correct in your observations that the creation of planted courtyards and varying scales of space have given a great deal of relief to the BU campus. But of course the first goal in the design and building of the library is to create a functional unit fulfilling the aims of service and comfort. It is there that I feel the BU library has failed.

Part of this may be due to the specifications put forth by the client. In a day when most new university libraries are designed to serve all students fully, BU chose to keep the concept of closed stacks for under-graduates. Thus, the good old system of "turn-in-your-slip and-wait-for-your-number-to-light-up" lives on there.

Yet much more of the fault can be laid to the architect. While most schools are attempting to make the idea of dark, dingy bookstack areas a thing of the past, Mugar's stacks have reverted to this outdated status. In addition, you were incorrect in stating that the above-grade stack floors were expandable to 1.5 million capacity. In fact, they can hold only 750,000 while the remainder of the building's 1.5 million capacity will be placed in the two-story sub-basement/ basement space—certainly not designed to relieve the lack of light and air in the stack spaces.

The "carrels" for graduate students in the stacks are in fact desk areas locked off by wire cages, reminiscent of an industrial plant. The reference desk, poorly placed, is hidden away from both the entrances to that floor and the books that it serves. The "lounge" chairs on the lower floors are like theater seats, manufactured in rows so that two people must fight to share a single arm rest. The "custom-designed" furniture may

more letters on page 101

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ARCHITECTURAL BUSINESS

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Luckman firm is purchased by Ogden Corporation

Charles Luckman Associates, a nationwide, four-office firm whose architectural services in 1967 were applied to more than \$100 million in construction, has been acquired by Ogden Corporation, a holding company of diversified interests in steel fabrication, foods, shipbuilding, aerospace and other fields with total 1967 sales of about \$850 million.

The Luckman firm will continue to operate with its organization and corporate entity intact. In addition, Mr. Luckman will become president of a new division, Ogden Development Corporation, which will implement a longstudied decision of the Ogden board to enter the field of real estate development on a big scale.

Ralph Ablon, president and chairman of Ogden Corporation, points out that their researches in this field definitely showed that a qualified architect would be the ideal leader of the development team where, as at Ogden, the handling of large "high quality" projects (a Luckman stipulation) involves coordinating a broad spectrum of capabilities including economic and sociological research as well as planning, architecture, engineering, and construction management—not, it is emphasized, construction contracting.

What's in it for architects and architecture?

Charles Luckman views the move as a ogical implementation of a professional goal he has described for many years he preservation of excellence in archiecture through control of design—depite the more complex factors implicit n the emergence of the corporate and nstitutional client. Such clients, he points out, have vastly increased capacities to program and commission new construction, but are increasingly proscribed in their ability to respond or communicate in the traditional clientarchitect relationship.

The capabilities required by architects in dealing with corporate and government clients on large projects include many that architects have found difficult or impossible to capitalize. For example, the computerization of systems analysis falls well within the concept of expanded services, but few firms have been able to afford to fully develop in-house capability in this area. This and several other capacities will become available to the Luckman firm as a result of their new affiliation.

Mr. Luckman describes four divisions of the Ogden Corporation as making more or less substantial contributions to the ability of the Luckman firm to serve architectural clients. A steel fabricating division offers technical knowledge. The food services division-including the ABC Vending Division which serves hospitals, stadiums, universities, and commercial firms-will be an augmented area of design expertise. The Ogden transportation division, involved as it is in the redevelopment of transport systems for entire cities, will be another such amplifying capability for the Luckman firm.

The most important of the Ogden

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divisions so far as CLA is concerned will be the newly established real estate division for which Mr. Luckman will serve as president with *sole* responsibility for recommendation of projects into which Ogden resources may be directed. This stipulation, says Mr. Luckman, was of the greatest importance, offering an opportunity to demonstrate even more broadly than in the past that quality developments can make as much or more money than cheap developments.

Mr. Luckman sees the "joint venture" as one of the modes of operation through which the various divisions of Ogden Corporation can be enlisted in various projects of the development division. "Here again," he says, "I feel I have an opportunity to prove something. This diversified corporation needs an effective unifying tool—and the capability of the architectural firm in putting together the best talent for developing a project will provide that tool."

The Luckman architectural firm remains intact in all respects including management and personnel. It will operate as an architectural firm separate and distinct from the real estate development division. It may or may not be commissioned by the development division for architectural work in connection with its projects. The division in turn will approach its own projects with full freedom to allocate architectural or consultation commissions to any qualifying firm, Luckman or other.

The professional relationship of the Luckman architectural firm remains unchanged, and a long-term contract provides for continuation of Mr. Luckman's responsibilities in this area. No construction capability is envisioned as part of the Ogden development, and Mr. Luckman's third responsibility as a director of the Ogden Corporation will assure his voice in directions the parent body may take.

Mr. Luckman admits to a certain apprehension during the transaction in its effect on current client relationships. The announcement to clients was immediate and emphasized not only the extended capabilities resulting from the new association, but frankly outlined the advantages to the firm itself in terms of estate taxes as they might affect continuation of the Luckman firm in the future. Another internal advantage has been the opening up of such fringe benefits as retirement plans to present employees of the architectural firm. Few architectural firms in practice today are able to fund retirement plans of a scope comparable to those in large corporate industries.

What's in it for Ogden?

In the real world of corporate finance, Ogden will get three things: 1) a going architectural concern in which they can expect normal earnings to give them adequate return on their investment; 2) a new division with competent management in an active field—soon hopefully to be spurred by the model cities program; 3) a tax shelter provided in some degree through ownership of real estate.

Basic to the agreement has been acceptance by Ogden of the Luckman opinion that the corporation—and specifically its real estate division—does not need in-house capability in construction, or in the wide range of ancillary professions for which consultants are available. It does need a capable staff for managing and coordinating all aspects of development projects for the client. The division then operates as a central source of responsibility in the professional and legal sense for all aspects of each project, and the architect will be in real control

Architects and engineers hold joint legislative conference

More than 300 architects and engineers met in Washington, D.C., January 30-31, at a joint A.I.A.-C.E.C. Legislative Affairs Conference. Typical of the major issues covered at the first day's briefing was the status of the General Accounting Office recommendations to Congress on the matter of repealing the government's 6 per cent limit on A/E fees, and requiring price competition in the selection of professional services. GAO general counsel Robert F. Keller reviewed the investigation which had led to his agency's recommendations, and indicated that the General Accounting Office continues to interpret the 6 per cent maximum as applying to all services rendered by architects or engineers. He further suggested that during 1968, GAO intends to "undertake considerably more investigations involving Federal procurement practices in the construction industry."

Congressman Brooks fights competitive fee bidding

Keller's position was challenged by congressman Jack Brooks (D-Tex.), who received a standing ovation for his support of A/E negotiation procedures which separate discussion of fee from discussion of relative ability to render the desired services. Admitting that he disagrees with comptroller general Staats over the matter of competitive negotiation of A/E fees, Brooks said, "fee reductions resulting from competitive negotiation [as proposed by the comptroller general] could as easily come out of the quality of a successful bidder's subsequent performance as out of his margin of profit." Brooks warned, however, that continued reliance upon the traditional method for procuring A/E services is dependent upon A/Es providing the government the highest quality services at reasonable prices.

Brooks reported that he is working closely with the GAO in seeking resolu-

tion of any differences and predicted that his Government Activities Subcommittee would shortly "achieve a satisfactory conclusion of the problem."

Morse calls for study of systems engineering

Representative F. Bradford Morse (R-Mass.) startled a number of A.I.A. and C.E.C. members with a report on the Federal government's growing interest and involvement in systems engineering. Morse has introduced legislation calling for a national study of the application of systems techniques, similar to those used in industry, as a means of solving a wide range of urban and social problems. The congressman urged the architectural and engineering professions to "wake up" to the future and cited projects which merited the systems approach.

HUD executive sees broad role for architects

This same theme was repeated by HUD assistant secretary H. Ralph Taylor who said "The job of architects and engineers extends beyond designing good buildings. It includes designing whole neighborhoods, including landscaping, open space and community facilities." Taylor told the A.I.A.-C.E.C. assembly, "We expect architects and engineers to intensify efforts to find new materials and new ways to use old materials. They must take the lead in identifying artificial constraints to the use of new technology and moving to overcome them." Taylor particularly urged A/Es to find ways of reducing construction cost in both new and rehabilitated structures.

One of the hottest discussions of the day came during the afternoon of the 30th when congressman Charles E. Goodell (R-N.Y.) reviewed legislation which he is sponsoring on the subject of common situs picketing. Goodell's bill, HR 9669, proposed to permit construction unions to strike entire projects for the purpose of resolving economic issues. His bill, however, includes a number of protective features intended to prevent use of such privilege as a "club" to force unionization upon third parties One provision would prohibit picketing for the purpose of protesting use of prefabricated materials. He admitted that he has had little success in promoting his bill, and noted that action on his legislation in 1968 will likely occur first in the Senate. A vigorous question and answer period was sparked by applause when the congressman observed, "As I read your reaction, I can only assume that architects and engineers oppose commor situs picketing in any form."

Senator Edmund Muskie (D-Me.) said that he expects Congress to complete action this session on the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act (S 698 which would provide for Federal technical and planning assistance to state and local governments. In response to A.E alarm over possible loss of work as a result of governmental assistance, the sena tor noted that services would be avail able only upon reimbursement "of sal aries and all computable overhead and indirect costs." Further, Federal agencie would be required to limit assistance to that which is not "reasonably and expe ditiously available through ordinary busi ness channels." Muskie urged U.S. archi tects and engineers to come into the gov ernmental arena of economic and socia development.

An unexpected benefit of the jointly sponsored A.I.A.-C.E.C. conference was the formation in three states of architect engineer coordinating committees. Said one consultant, "If we can get togethe on legislative matters, I think we migh just as easily agree on fees and contract ing procedures. At least this gives a poir of mutual interest from which we ca start."

BUILDING ACTIVITY

CURRENT TRENDS IN CONSTRUCTION George A. Christie, Chief Economist F. W. Dodge Company

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A new look at 1968 construction markets

Last October, the new issue of Dodge Construction Outlook for 1968 carried some pretty boomy estimates of the course of the final months of 1967 and for all of 1968. Now, with 1968 underway, it's clear that the final guarter of 1967 turned out even better than anticipated. But while current performance is very strong, recent developments indicate that the path for the balance of the year ahead may be bumpier than originally anticipated. The problem areas: credit; the tax surcharge; the new Federal budget. Some of the problems that sent the construction industry into a decline in 1966 seem to be reappearing.

Credit conditions have tightened moderately over the past few months. Though funds are still generally available, interest rates have moved up again.

In reaction to 1966's historic "credit crunch", last year's Federal Reserve actions were geared to providing funds for the residential market. A vigorous expansion of the money supply had the desired effect—funds flowed back to the long-term savings institutions, mortgage rates came down, housing recovered.

More recently, though, signs of changes are appearing. With the housing

market back on its feet, the Fed is now being less aggressive in its monetary policy. Savings flows to the mortgageoriented institutions (S&L's, mostly) have eased back. Mortgage rates have climbed steadily in recent months, and new mortgage committments are off somewhat. These trends could spell trouble later on in the year. How much trouble will be partly governed by what's happening in the area of fiscal policy.

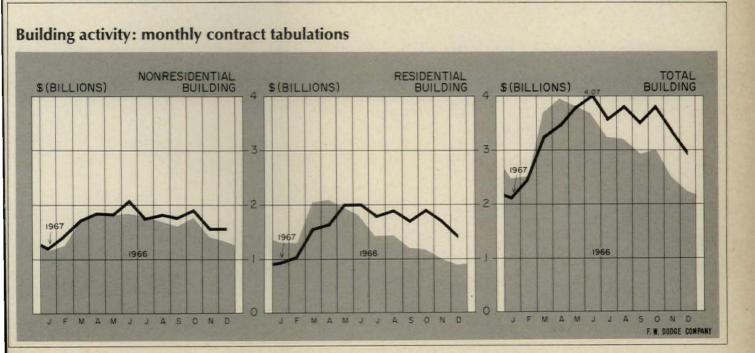
The Federal Budget for fiscal year 1969 (the 12 months beginning July 1, 1968) calls for an expenditure of \$186 billion with a deficit of about \$8 billion. But getting the excess of expenditures over revenues down to \$8 billion hinges on passage of the controversial surtax on individual and business incomes. Without the surtax, the deficit would be some \$12 billion higher—close to \$20 billion, or about where it's been for the past fiscal year.

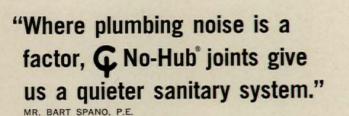
More and more, it's getting to look as though the surtax is a dead issue. And that being the case, it puts the ball back in the court of the money managers. The Fed's board chairman has been saying right along that without the surtax (i.e. with a big deficit) we'll be running a strong risk of inflation and to head it off he'll tighten up on credit.

The other road to fiscal balance is to reduce Federal spending, and this, too, has special implications for construction. To quote budget director Zwick in his recent message to the Joint Economic Committee, "A major area of reductions is in construction programs—both Federal construction and construction grant programs—which we feel can appropriately be deferred."

Where does the axe fall? On General Services Administration. That's the agency that builds Federal office buildings. On the Department of Health, Education and Welfare—especially grants for higher educational facilities. On the Department of Transportation. Another "freeze" has been placed on the highway trust fund. This time \$600 million will be held out. And this may not be all. Chances are that the cuts may go deeper as Congress reviews the budget.

Nobody's looking for a repetition of the 1966 construction recession in the months ahead. Yet, in the light of recent developments the outlook for sustained high-level activity throughout 1968 is no longer as firm as it once was.





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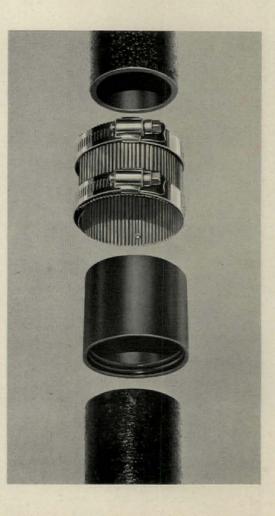
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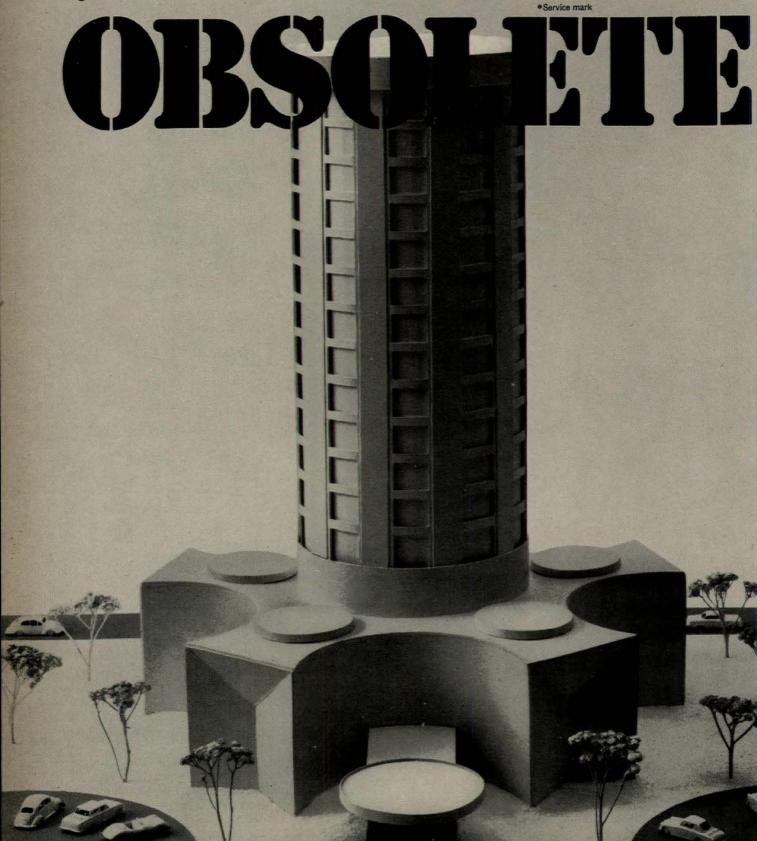
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TRENDS AND ANALYSIS Lawrence C. Jaquith McKee-Berger-Mansueto, Inc. Construction Consultants

How to improve accuracy of pre-bid quotations

New and sophisticated building materials coming on the market each day act as a spark for new concepts in design—and vice versa. But this influx complicates the already formidable task of keeping informed as to both performance and cost, particularly of specialty items.

To insure accurate pre-bid quotations, the arctitect must (1) communicate his conceptual requirements to the manufacturer or supplier in clear and detailed terms, and (2) evaluate the soundness of each quote and its bearing on the budget to the best of his ability.

Manufacturers' pre-bid quotations may be too high or too low

Occasionally the architect may, for one reason or another, receive misleading cost information. This is a serious error and is not easily detected. Recently an architect worked with a manufacturer's representative for several months in an effort to design a system of laboratory equipment which met very special client needs and yet was versatile enough to continue in use as these needs changed. The manufacturer's representative, as is customary, furnished the architect with a "budget" figure for the probably cost of the installation. This figure was incorporated into the architect's project cost estimate. To his dismay, the bids came in well over the manufacturer's "budget" figure; moreover, the "favored" supplier was not among the bidders. Subsequent inquiries failed to reveal whether the manufacturer was embarrassed at not being able to meet the budget figure quoted by his representative, or if other factors caused him to decline to bid. In any event, the architect was left in an unhappy position with his client; yet at first glance it would seem that he had done everything he could to insure a satisfactory result.

Not only is it often difficult to spot a really misleading quotation, but there is even little agreement over the direction in which a quotation should be adjusted for better accuracy. Some architects believe that a manufacturer's quote is always on the conservative side and that actual bids will be cheaper. They, therefore, frequently discount the quotation in their estimates. On the other hand, some feel that a budget quotation is likely to be low in order to encourage the architect, for reasons of cost, to favor that particular manufacturer's product in his specification. Depending on the circumstances, either approach can result in the more accurate estimate.

Clearly then, there are no simple rules for evaluating a supplier's quote. Each must be examined on its own merits and judged on the basis of past experience. And, whenever possible, a confirming quotation should be obtained from another manufacturer.

When the cost of an item proves to be substantially different than anticipated, it isn't necessarily because the manufacturer has erred. This may also occur when the architect has failed to communicate properly his requirements to a supplier or to mention salient design features that can affect cost. In this case it is difficult to fault the supplier. Though the architect might miss an error on the manufacturer's part, he has little excuse for initiating one himself.

Checklist offers pointers for improving pre-bid accuracy

The following checklist points out items and areas (some are very common ones) where the supplier might misinterpret the architect's explanation of his design concept or where the architect might neglect to mention a certain feature. Either failure will affect the quotation and the eventual cost.

Precast concrete: In obtaining a price for precast concrete a misunderstanding can occur when defining the number of square feet required. It can be expressed in terms of either the square foot projection of the wall or the square feet of surface area. With an involved shape, the latter can be many times greater, and a price quoted in these terms will be significantly different from a price based on the projection of the wall. The architect should give the supplier a good idea of his design. If there is a repetitive pattern, fewer molds are required and the price will be lower. Conversely, with an intricate design, the number of molds and the price increase. The usual considerations regarding the type of cement and aggregate should not be overlooked either, since both will also affect the total price.

Curtain walls: As in the case of precast concrete, the architect cannot merely ask how much a certain type of curtain wall will cost. He should indicate to the supplier any special anchorage required, the degree of thermal efficiency required from the wall, whether special laboratory tests for wind and water resistance will be necessary, the type and amount of glass involved, and, finally, the type of glazing system he desires.

Ceiling tiles: Here the architect must be sure that the price being quoted is for the total system installed. This will include the price of hangers, runners, furring, trim, etc.—not just the price of tile itself. The latter is only a small part of the system in terms of cost.

Ceramic tile: When requesting a quote for the installed cost of ceramic tile (and many similar items, e.g., ter-razzo), the architect should give the supplier an idea of the size and number of spaces involved rather than just the overall square foot figure. Installation costs vary quite a bit according to the size of the areas involved.

Tile-like finishes: The number of new products in this category is increasing rapidly and prices range from 20¢ to as much as \$1.00 per square foot. Cost is determined by the type of coating and the number of coat applications. There are two basic types of coating: cementicious and thermo-setting. Under these there are numerous sub-types, e.g., epoxies, urethanes, acrylics, etc., and each is formulated differently. With the variey of choice and range of price that these combinations represent the architect must be extra cautious in detailing precisely what he wants by brand and formulation and making sure that he receives the price in exactly the same terms.

Finish hardware: For these items there are wide ranges in quality. The architect, therefore, should indicate the item he wants by a specific series number and not just by a general description.

Laboratory equipment: The prime consideration in terms of price is whether the architect intends to use stock items or special sizes and construction. For the latter, the cost can be substantially greater and may be quite difficult to estimate. He should indicate what kind of services will be brought in, e.g., electricity, oxygen, gas, etc. and how elaborate these will be. Additional consideration should be given to selecting the materials that can be used in the construction of bench, table and counter tops. The various types (natural stone, synthetics, woods) cover a wide range of prices.

Pavement: If the architect asks for the square foot cost of paving without indicating where it is to be used, the contractor might quote him the cost of light residential cold mix or the square foot price of heavy duty engineered pavement. If both types are to be used, as sometimes happens in shopping centers and industrial parking lots, it should be mentioned.

Bathroom fixtures: The architect should indicate whether he is thinking in terms of a special color (prices are usually quoted in terms of white) or a special finish, e.g., chrome instead of anodized aluminum.

Electrical fixtures: When an architect requests a price on fixtures which he says

are "similar to" a standard fixture, he should closely define what he means by that phrase. The fixture he has in mind may be similar in appearance but not necessarily in price. He should indicate whether he means to have, for example, a stainless steel instead of baked enamel surround, or a different kind of reflector, or if insulation procedures will vary. It is also necessary to distinguish fixtures to be used for explosion, weather or dust and dirt proof areas, since these types are considerably more expensive than nonspecial types of equipment.

The last two items are usually priced by the engineer. But the necessity for outlining requirements in clear and detailed terms is equally as valid whether the architect is providing information for the engineer or the supplier.

Economist analyzes the role of public construction

The changing role of public construction in a growing industrialized economy has been examined in a thought-provoking comprehensive study by Dr. E. J. Howenstein of the International Labor Office for the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. The study is entitled Compensatory Employment Programmes: An International Comparison of Their Role in Economic Stabilization and Growth. While it deals with the attitudes of government officials, employers, and labor representatives in several countries, it is valuable to anyone interested in the future of the construction industry in this country and in the part that public policy will play. It provides insight into the theoretical framework of these new directions.

The role of public construction policy has been changing over the years and will continue to change. It began with the concept of having a reserve of projects on hand which would be released during periods of recession to alleviate unemployment and then could be as quickly withdrawn when inflation threatens. But as pointed out by the author: "Stop-andgo" policies have had the effect of putting a disproportionate burden on the construction industry, precisely when construction output at full capacity is required to help the economy realize its growth objective.

This is the key to the major re-thinking regarding the role of public construction in stabilizing the economy. This new approach is that "public policy should not aim to stabilize the whole economy through the construction industry; rather the role of public works should be confined to its contribution in stabilizing the new construction sector at its equilibrium rate."

In other words the goal of public construction policy should no longer be only a tool to reduce unemployment and stimulate other industrial sectors or conversely to slow down inflation, but it should have the positive objectives of achieving economic growth for the industry and the economy as a whole.

This "sector stabilization approach" has much to recommend it, and although

no government has adopted it as official policy, many are leaning strongly in that direction. An important aspect of this approach is that it incorporates the concept of anticipatory timing of projects to sustain growth rather than the belated infusion of a large number of projects that has characterized past policy.

Dr. Howenstein concludes this one section of the study on a promising note:

"For the first time in the history of the industry, there is real promise that a tripartite attack can be launched by governments and representatives of the employers' and workers' organizations in the construction industry against the costpush factors and the tendencies toward cost rigidities which have particularly plagued the construction industry. There is abroad today in the industry a productivity consciousness which may make it possible to break completely with the restrictionist philosophy of production which has its roots deep in the past instability of the industry, and to make a much greater contribution to the achievement of economic growth goals."

Briefs

U.S. corporations now expect their 1968 profits before taxes to reach \$83 billion, according to the McGraw-Hill survey of corporate profit trends. This would be an improvement of 8 per cent over their 1967 profits, which dropped 4 per cent last year. And this upward trend is anticipated by nearly four-fifths of the firms cooperating in the survey. Only 14 per cent of the answering firms now expect their pretax profits to decline this year,

while 8 per cent expect profits to remain at last year's level.

The 1967 Census of Business will include data on a sampling of architectural and engineering firms for the first time. Results will be published in a separate report containing summary information for the United States as a whole, for states, and for standard metropolitan statistical areas. Detailed information on types of legal organization, major sources of fees and receipts, classes of clients, types of projects, etc. will be included.

ITT and Levitt and Sons, Inc. announce merger of the Levitt organization into a wholly-owned subsidiary of the International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation. Levitt's community development operation will continue under present management as a part of the ITT system.

BUILDING COSTS

INDEXES AND INDICATORS William H. Edgerton

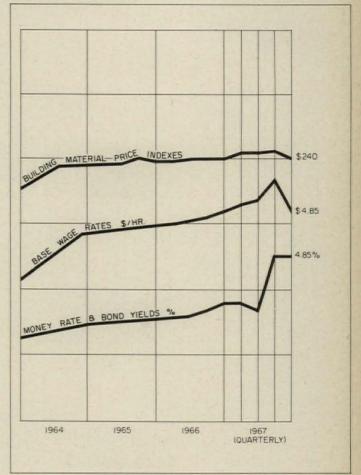
Manager Dodge Building Cost Services An F. W. Dodge service

MARCH 1968 BUILDING COST INDEXES

		1941 averages for each city $=$ 100							
Metropolitan area	Cost differential	Current Do	w Index	% change year ago					
		residential	non-res. res.						
U.S. Average	8.5	286.1	304.8	+2.68					
Atlanta	7.2	329.8	349.8	+4.01					
Baltimore	7.9	289.5	307.9	+4.35					
Birmingham	7.3	262.2	282.0	+2.05					
Boston	8.5	255.1	270.0	+1.41					
Chicago	8.9	317.7	334.1	+2.91					
Cincinnati	8.8	275.5	292.8	+3.73					
Cleveland	9.6	301.9	320.8	+5.78					
Dallas	7.5	265.9	274.6	+1.72					
Denver	8.1	289.8	308.0	+2.42					
Detroit	9.2	297.8	312.6	+3.80					
Kansas City	8.2	255.9	270.8	+2.61					
Los Angeles	8.3	291.3	318.8	+2.74					
Miami	8.4	276.7	290.4	+1.34					
Minneapolis	8.7	285.2	303.2	+2.71					
New Orleans	7.8	258.7	274.1	+3.21					
New York	10.0	300.4	323.2	+2.10					
Philadelphia	8.5	282.4	296.5	+2.16					
Pittsburgh	9.1	262.4	278.9	+1.40					
St. Louis	9.1	281.3	298.0	+1.38					
San Francisco	8.5	366.1	400.6	+0.98					
Seattle	8.4	262.7	293.6	+3.51					

Differences in costs between two cities may be compared by dividing the cost differential figure of one city by that of a second; if the cost differential of one city (10.0) divided by that of a second (8.0) equals 125%, then costs in the first city are 25% higher than costs in the second. Also, costs in the second city are 80% of those in the first ($8.0 \div 10.00 = 80\%$) or they are 20% lower in the second city.

The information presented here indicates trends of building construction costs in 21 leading cities and their suburban areas (within a 25-mile radius). Information is included on past and present costs, and future costs can be projected by analysis of cost trends.



ECONOMIC INDICATORS

HISTORICAL BUILDING COST INDEXES-AVERAGE OF ALL BUILDING TYPES, 21 CITIES

												1941 avera	ge for ea	ch city	= 100.00
Metropolitan								1	1966 (Q	uarterly)	1	967 (Q	uarterly	1)
area	1952	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
U.S. Average	213.5	259.2	264.6	266.8	273.4	279.3	284.9	286.3	287.3	290.4	286.6	292.7	293,7	295.5	297.5
Atlanta Baltimore Birmingham Boston Chicago	223.5 213.3 208.1 199.0 231.2	289.0 272.6 240.2 232.8 284.2	294.7 269.9 249.9 237.5 289.9	298.2 271.8 250.0 239.8 292.0	305.7 275.5 256.3 244.1 301.0	313.7 280.6 260.9 252.1 306.6	321.5 285.7 265.6 257.8 311.7	322.2 288.6 267.1 258.5 312.6	323.3 289.6 268.1 259.6 313.7	328.5 289.4 269.7 260.9 318.9	329.8 290.9 270.7 262.0 320.4	332.4 290.4 272.9 262.9 320.4	333.4 291.5 274.0 263.9 321.3	334.6 294.9 273.8 264.8 327.3	335.7 295.8 274.7 265.7 328.4
Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Denver Detroit	207.7 220.7 221.9 211.8 197.8	255.0 263.1 239.9 257.9 259.5	257.6 265.7 244.7 270.9 264.7	258.8 268.5 246.9 274.9 265.9	263.9 275.8 253.0 282.5 272.2	269.5 283.0 256.4 287.3 277.7	274.0 292.3 260.8 294.0 284.7	274.7 293.0 261.7 294.6 285.5	275.7 294.1 262.6 295.5 286.5	277.2 299.2 265.8 296.6 295.7	278.3 300.7 266.9 297.5 296.9	278.7 300.0 267.6 297.6 298.0	279.6 301.3 268.5 298.5 299.1	287.3 302.6 269.5 304.0 300.1	288.2 303.7 270.4 305.1 301.2
Kansas City Los Angeles Miami Minneapolis New Orleans	213.3 210.3 199.4 213.5 207.1	237.1 263.6 256.5 260.0 242.3	237.1 274.3 259.1 267.9 244.7	240.1 276.3 260.3 269.0 245.1	247.8 282.5 269.3 275.3 248.3	250.5 288.2 274.4 282.4 249.9	256.4 297.1 277.5 285.0 256.3	257.3 298.0 278.4 285.7 257.1	258.2 298.6 279.2 286.6 258.0	260.0 301.6 282.9 288.3 258.8	261.0 302.7 284.0 289.4 259.8	260.8 303.6 283.4 292.0 262.3	261.9 304.7 284.2 293.1 263.4	263.4 309.0 285.2 299.2 266.7	264.3 310.1 286.1 300.2 267.6
New York Philadelphia Pittsburgh St. Louis San Francisco Seattle	207.4 228.3 204.0 213.1 266.4 191.8	265.4 262.8 243.5 251.9 327.5 237.4	270.8 265.4 250.9 256.9 337.4 247.0	276.0 265.2 251.8 255.4 343.3 252.5	282.3 271.2 258.2 263.4 352.4 260.6	289.4 275.2 263.8 272.1 365.4 266.6	297.1 280.8 267.0 280.9 368.6 268.9	297.8 281.7 268.9 282.2 376.2 271.1	298.7 282.6 270.1 283.2 377.7 272.1	302.8 285.3 270.7 287.0 384.7 273.9	304.0 286.6 271.7 288.3 386.0 275.0	309.4 287.1 272.2 290.3 388.1 276.5	310.6 288.1 273.1 291.3 389.2 277.5	312.5 292.8 274.1 292.3 389.6 282.6	313.6 293.7 275.0 293.2 390.8 283.5

Costs in a given city for a certain period may be compared with costs in another period by dividing one index into the other; if the index for a city for one period (200.0) divided by the index for a second period (150.0) equals 133%, the costs in

the one period are 33% higher than the costs in the other. Also, second period costs are 75% of those in the first period (150.0 \pm 200.0 \pm 75%) or they are 25% lower in the second period.



Award-winning Whitesboro High School:

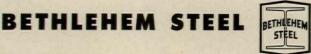
framed in steel to assure flexibility, easy expansion

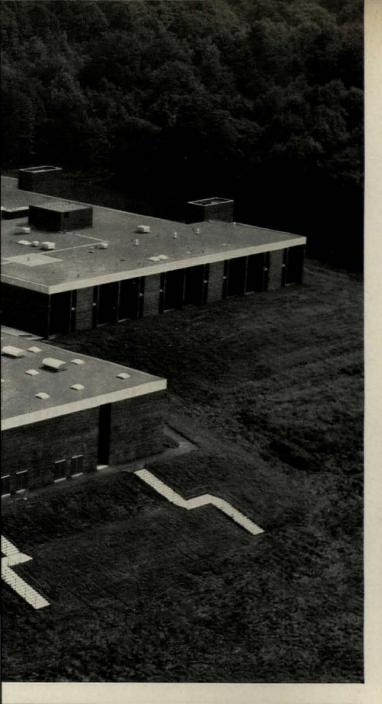
In Whitesboro, New York, about five miles west of Utica, they now have an impressive new high school for some 1,400 students. The school recently won one of the 1967 Architectural Awards of Excellence, sponsored by the American Institute of Steel Construction.

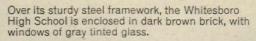
The architects developed three steel-framed, CLINERARY two-story buildings around a central open-air court to create a pleasant and stimulating study environment. Commented the awards jury: "This school building represents a good compendium of the best standard thinking of today. The massing of the forms is impressive, and the handling of the materials is pleasingly restrained."

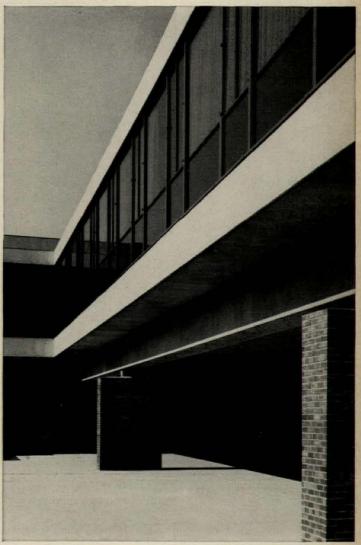
Structural steel was chosen for the framework because it permitted broad flexibility in design, and because of its matchless adaptability to future expansion. As a matter of fact, the designers have already envisioned an addition to accommodate 400 more pupils, when needed.

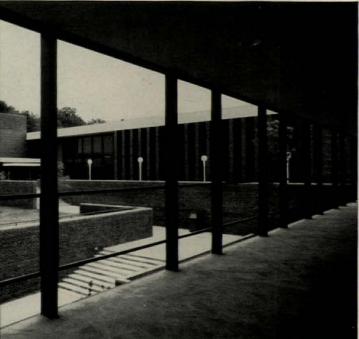
Steel framing offers so many advantages for school construction: economy, fire-safety, speed of erection, durability, fewer columns required, design flexibility. Before you start designing, ask a Bethlehem Sales Engineer what today's new steels and new design techniques have to offer. Bethlehem Steel Corporation, Bethlehem, Pa.











Corridors, both open and enclosed, feature vertical accents of exposed steel framing members.

Architects: The Perkins & Will Partnership, New York, Chicago, Washington. Frank C. Delle Cese, Utica, N. Y.

Steelwork fabricated and erected by Gouverneur Iron Works, Gouverneur, N. Y.







THE ARCHITECTS IN THE OFFICE OF ALFRED EASTON POOR WANTED A WINDOW COVERING THAT WOULD PRESERVE THE NEAT UNIFORMITY OF THE FACADE, AS WELL AS CONTROL LIGHT AND HEAT. THEY SPECIFIED THE 1-INCH-WIDE SLATS OF **LEVOLOR** RIVIERA VENETIAN BLINDS.

THE SUBURBAN OFFICES OF A MAJOR PUBLISHER.

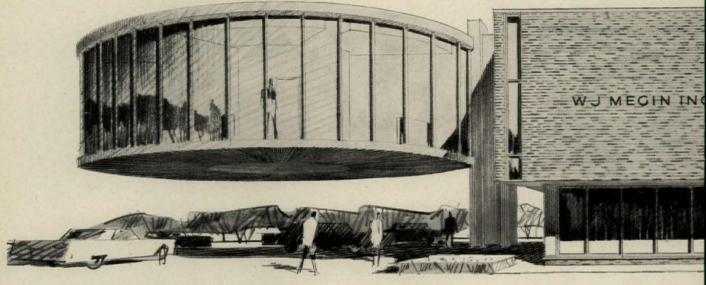


HE INTERIOR DESIGNERS WANTED A WINDOW COVERING THAT WOULD LEND UNOBTRUSIVELY WITH BOTH CONTEMPORARY AND TRADITIONAL OFFICE DECOR. THEY INSISTED ON THE "INVISIBLE" LADDERS ND MAGIC WAND TILTERS OF **LEVOLOR** RIVIERA VENETIAN BLINDS.

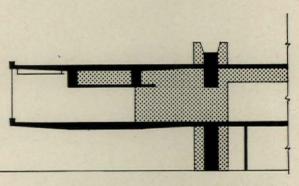
VEN THE BUILDING MANAGER GOT INTO THE DISCUSSION. E WANTED TO SAVE TIME, MONEY AND EFFORT ON THE INSTALLATION. O HE HAD LIGHTWEIGHT RIVIERAS GLUED INTO PLACE INSTEAD OF SING CONVENTIONAL HARDWARE. NOT ONE HAS FALLEN.

)R COMPLETE DETAILS ABOUT THE BLIND ARCHITECTS AND DESIGNERS AGREE ON. RITE LEVOLOR LORENTZEN, INC., 720 MONROE STREET, HOROKEN, N.J. 07030

Feel free to design freely...



W. J. MEGIN BUILDING, NAUGATUCK, CONN. Owner designed and built. Consulting engineer: Henry A. Pfisterer & Associates, New Haven, Conn.



SECTION A-A

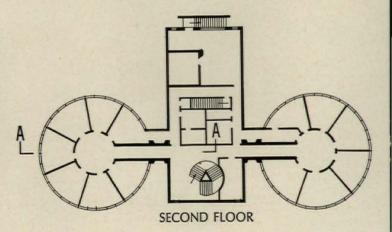
GROUND FLOOR

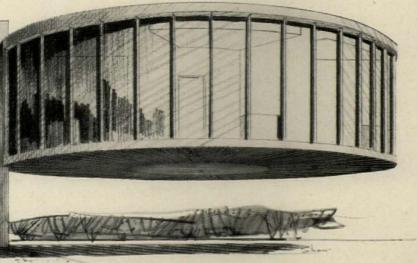
Details

Objectives: Maximum use of interior space, individual temperature control in each office area, moderate costs.

Energy source: Electricity-for all functions requiring power, including heating, cooling and water heating.

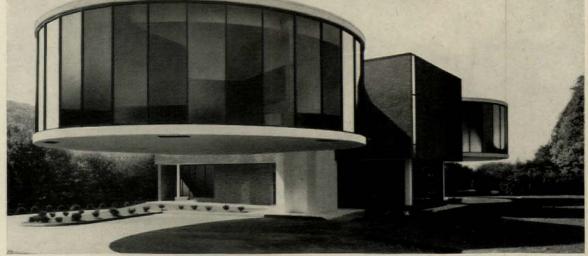
Climate system: Through-the-floor unit ventilators with supplementary baseboard heaters.





7 Jaugart

with All-Electric design



Example: W. J. MEGIN OFFICE BUILDING

Freedom. It's yours with All-Electric design. Freedom of concept. Freedom of execution. With optimum use of space.

How so? Because All-Electric design—with electric heat—doesn't depend on the elaborate distribution networks required by ordinary heating methods. Doesn't require stacks or large furnace rooms.

Instead, it offers the most versatile variety of heating systems available. Systems to accommodate any configuration. Systems you can intermix in one building. Systems with room-by-room temperature con-

trol. (Some totally invisible.) Systems using heat-by-light. *All* of them compatible with electric cooling.

How versatile is All-Electric design?

The proof is in the building. The W. J. Megin Building, Naugatuck, Conn., for example. Why is it All-Electric? One reason, it would have been impractical otherwise. (See details.)

Proof of the versatility of electric heat? 175,000 commercial/industrial buildings throughout the country.

Keep it in mind. All-Electric design with electric heat means design freedom. At practical costs.

For information, contact your electric light and power company.





For more data, circle 64 on inquiry card

If you are a self-employed architect-

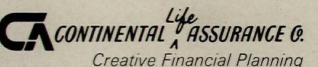
you owe it to yourself to learn about Continental's new Target Program

Reduces current income taxes, increases usable income, while building your retirement dollars!

> The amended Keogh Bill, or HR-10, allows you to start a tax-deductible retirement program. Continental's new TARGET PROGRAM permits you to take advantage of this legislation through one of up to eight different methods of funding. A TARGET PLAN can currently reduce your taxable income 10%, up to \$2,500 each year. And this can often increase your usable income – even after a sizable contribution to your retirement fund. To find out how much you can reduce your income taxes this year, write Robert M. Powell, Asst. V.P., Continental Assurance Co..

> > 310 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago 60604, Dept. 112.





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Durability - Shall be permanent with no protective coating necessary. Shall not deface, tarnish or fade in virtually all atmospheret.

appearance - Ahall not stain or discolor adjacent surfaces; shall blend with other materialt.

<u>Atrength</u> — <u>Ahall</u> protect against fire by maintaining strength at elevated temperatures. Must offer superior resistance to metal fatique, wind damage, denting and abuse.

Workability - Ahall be readily formed, joined and installed in roof and flashing Mystems at any desired gage. Joints shall be easily soldered watertight.

Maintenance - Ahall require no maintenance; normal rainfall to keep Aurface clean.

Cost - To be compatible with other permanent roof and flashing metal systems.

Quailability - Ahall be in stock for prompt local defiver * meet construction

Wouldn't it be great to write specs like this for a roofing material?

You can, you know...

what you'll get is a Republic stainless roofing system

And you'll get further benefits, too. The high strengthto-weight ratio of stainless allows lighter, more economical gages to replace heavier, more expensive (and less available) gages of copper in most roofing and flashing specifications.

Now Republic offers this surprisingly economical material in two tempers: a roofing grade type 304, and a new strong, yet easy-to-work, stainless flashing grade, Republic DUROFLASH®, a soft stainless.

Soft stainless means just that. A workable stainless that can be soldered, welded, brazed, nailed, riveted... even cut with scissors and formed by hand, on the job.

And it has the same durability and corrosion resistance you expect from stainless. Plus a yield strength of 35,000 psi (maximum).

Leading architects have already accepted Republic soft stainless. On the 41-story Federal Office Building at Foley Square in New York City, more than 55 tons of stainless steel were used for spandrel and throughthe-wall flashing. Republic stainless was also used exclusively in the complete new roof installed on the Birmingham, Alabama, Municipal Auditorium.

Designing and Specifying Stainless Steel in Built-up Roof and Moisture Protection Systems.

The newest information on stainless steel in roofing systems is now in a new booklet which is yours for the asking. It contains complete specifications and details plus tables comparing the properties of roofing and flashing metals.

Write to Republic Steel Corporation, Dept. AR-6751, 1441 Republic Building, Cleveland, Ohio 44101. And we'll include a sample of Republic DUROFLASH which will tell you more than we can about the workability of this new soft stainless.



This table illustrates the recommended applications of regular Republic 304 grade stainless, and new Republic DUROFLASH, the soft stainless.

Stainless Steel Types, Gages, Finishes, and Tempers FOR ROOF AND FLASHING SYSTEMS

Use	Product Description and Finish						
Exposed Flashing	Where a semibright reflective treatment is desired						
Roof Trim Roofing	Specify temper rolled AISI type 304 No. 2 (strip) or No. 2B (sheet) conventional an- nealed finish.						
Roof Drainage Accessories	 OR — Where a softer, less reflective treatment is desired 						
Expansion Joint Covers	Specify temper rolled AISI type 304 No. 2 rough rolled (Republic No. 2 RSK) con- ventional annealed finish.						
Roof Drainage	Specify cold rolled (65 to 80,000 psi yield strength) AISI type 304 No. 2 (strip) or No. 2B (sheet) conven- tional annealed finish ap- pearance—semibright.						
Concealed Flashing Roof Penetration Flashing	Specify soft temper (dead- soft or fully annealed) AISI type 304 No. 1 (strip) or No. 2D (sheet) conventional an- nealed finish						
Miscellaneous Items	(Republic DUROFLASH) ap- pearance—matte.						

IN STAINLESS, TOO, You Can Take the Pulse of Progress at **REPUBLIC STEEL** CLEVELAND, OHIO 44101



LETTERS

continued from page 72

indeed be that, but captain's chairs are hardly an innovation in furniture design.

Indeed, the bright walls and carpeting and varied spaces inside, and the new and long-needed plant life outside, may make it a pleasant building to visit or peer from, but it seems not to be up to the standards of modern library design. Perhaps someone who uses it daily will disagree.

> Leonard Levin Department of Atmospheric Sciences University of Washington

Satanic irony?

I am certain that it was mere satanic irony that I happened to pick up a copy of December's ARCHITECTURAL REC-ORD to read how "The American Embassy in Saigon, Vietnam, was designed with security as a prime consideration," only to return home, turn on the television to see films of American servicemen trying to regain the Embassy from a handful of Vietcong.

Paul F. Weber London

See page 35, this issue.

New society

We are pleased to announce the formation of the American Society of Professional Draftsmen and Artists, Inc. Formed as a non-profit society, the A.S.P.D.A. serves to disseminate information on the graphic arts and promote standards of professional competence and personal behavior.

While at the present a strong emphasis is being placed on planning drafting and related graphic presentation, other fields are also within the full scope of A.S.P.D.A. Among the many fields already represented in our membership are: cartography, photogrammetry, technical illustration, civil engineering, architectural drawing and drafting, technical animation and cartooning.

Presently, the A.S.P.D.A. is preparing a rough draft of a textbook entitled, *Planning Drafting and Graphic Presentatation*. This textbook is intended to be used in the classroom and the planning office as a means to introduce the special graphic needs of planners.

Early in 1968, we will be publishing the A.S.P.D.A. Newsletter which will outline our full scope of activities. Among the many activities the A.S.P.D.A. is, or soon will be, engaged in: job placement, school accreditation, professional certification, and publication of technical bulletins.

> Robert D. Williams, A.S.P.D.A. President Baltimore, Maryland

It's easy come, easy go, with LCN Closers

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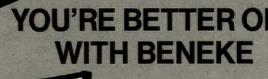
LCN CLOSERS, PRINCETON, ILL. 61356 A Division of Schlage Lock Company In Canada: LCN Closers of Canada, Ltd.

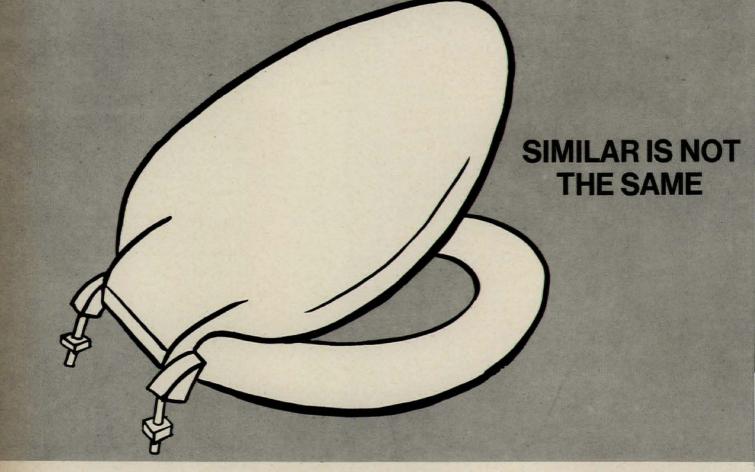
PHOTO: King County Medical Service Corporation, Seattle, Washington; Grant, Copeland & Chervenak, AIA and Associates, Architects.

For more data, circle 68 on inquiry card

368

ARCHITECTURAL RECORD March 1968 101



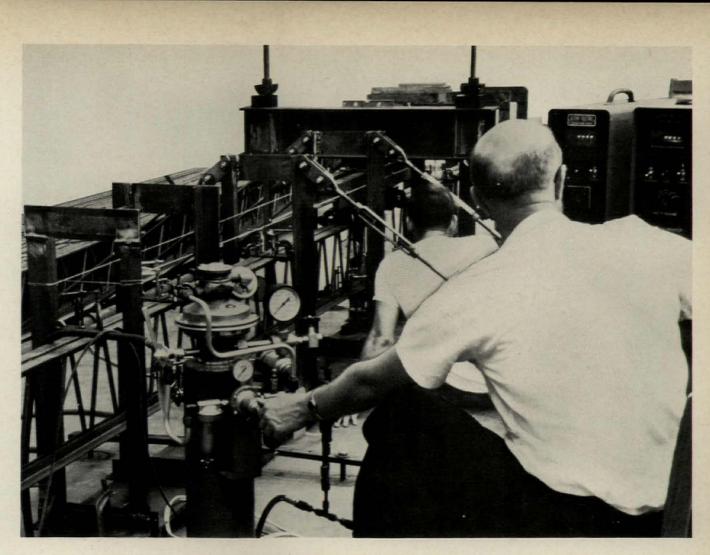


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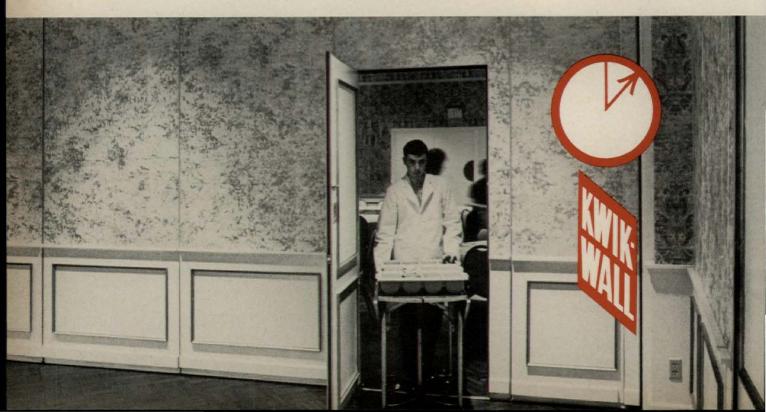


THE BUSBOY SET UP THIS WALL IN 7 MINUTES

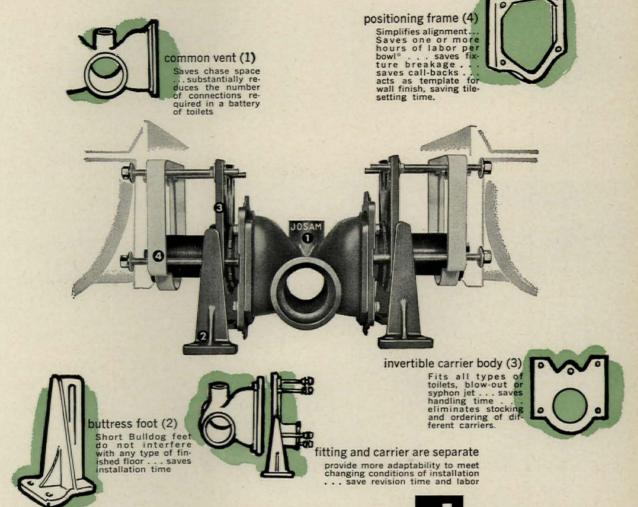
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ON THE CALENDAR

MARCH

15 Deadline for all 8 x 10 submissions for honor and merit awards for excellence in religious architecture, National Guild for Religious Architecture.

27-28 Building Research Institute Conference: "The Case for Instant Space"—International Ballroom, Conrad Hilton Hotel, Chicago.

APRIL

4-6 Middle Atlantic A.I.A. Regional Conference—Greenbriar Hotel, White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia.

30-May 3 National Conference on Religious Architecture. Theme: "The Reality of Tradition: Creativity"—Statler Hilton Plaza, Miami Beach, Florida. The conference reconvenes in Puerto Rico May 3-6. For registration information write: Mrs. Esther F. Martin, Conference Coordinator, P.O. Box 488, Coral Gables, Fla. 33134.



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MAY

3-4 Annual National Colloquium on Information Retrieval—University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia.

5-10 Annual Technical Conference, Society of Plastic Engineers—Americana Hotel, New York City.

6-9 Annual Convention Consulting Engineers Council, Statler Hilton, New York City.

13 Prestressed Concrete Institute Awards Program deadline for submission of entries. For information write: Prestressed Concrete Institute, 205 West Wacker Drive, Chicago 60606.

OFFICE NOTES

NEW ADDRESSES

Atelier d'Architecture et d'Urbanisme Jean Ginsberg, 25-29 Rue du Pierrier, St. Cloud, Hts. de Seine, France.

Gueron, Lepp & Associates, Architects, 6 East 53 St., New York City.

Vollmer Ostrower Associates and **Vollmer Associates**, 62 Fifth Avenue, New York 10011.

ADDENDA

Architectural Record deeply regrets errors in the following notice and credits, and herewith publishes the correct information:

The partnership firm of Charles C. Hartmann, Architects, A.R.A. has been reorganized with the formation of the firm of Charles C. Hartmann, Sr. and Associates—Architects. Charles C. Hartmann, Sr., F.A.R.A. is the principal with Ralph J. Austin, Jr., A.I.A. as associate. The firm's address remains unchanged: 405 West Fisher Avenue, Greensboro, N.C. (Notice appeared on page 78, December 1967.)

In the January 1968 article, "Design for Learning" (pages 113-124), Bolt Beranek & Newman should have been credited as acoustical consultants for Colby College and not the Mt. Anthony school. In the same issue, James Spalmer was the engineer for the Bolton Square townhouses, Baltimore. (Credit appeared on page 154.)

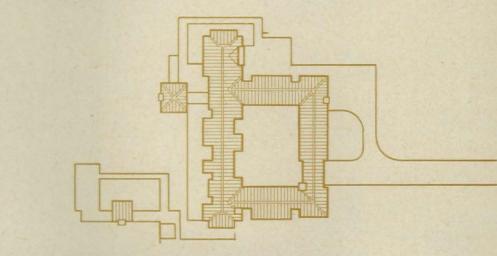
The following additional credits for the Mugar Library for Boston University (January 1968, pages 125-128) are noted: Interior Designers: Hans Krieks, Associates, Inc.; landscape architects: Sasaki, Dawson, Demay Associates, Inc.; contractor: Vappi & Company, Inc. (Omitted from the list of credits on page 126.)

WHATEVER HAPPENED TO THAT "MACHINE FOR LIVING"?

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Rising over New York's Pennsylvania Station is the new Madison Square Garden Sports and Entertainment Center with a 404 foot diameter roof suspended on galvanized steel cables to allow over 20,000 spectators an unobstructed view of the action. It will be the first permanent suspension roof in New York City and one of the largest in the U.S. \Box This giant steel web is made up of 48 separate cable assemblies produced by Bethlehem Steel Corporation. The cables are $3^{3}/4^{\prime\prime}$ bridge strands approximately 195 feet long. Each strand contains 271 cold drawn, galvanized steel wires and has an ultimate strength of 1,644,000 lbs. \Box A portion of each of these giant cables around the perimeter of the roof will be exposed to the weather and the extremely corrosive industrial atmosphere of New York. To meet this corrosive challenge, specifiers called for zinc-coated steel. \Box And zinc protects steel's strength in other key places throughout the structure: galvanized steel clip angles that hold the pre-cast stone panels to the outside of the building, galvanized steel decking, galvanized steel beams that support the brine tank used in ice-making and many more. \Box No other material provides the proven combination of strength, corrosion resistance, and economy found in galvanized steel.



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MARCH 1968

DESIGNING THE SPACES IN BETWEEN

Landscape architect M. Paul Friedberg—widely known as the designer of the remarkably imaginative open spaces which tie together the cruciform shapes of the New York City Housing Authority's Jacob Riis Houses—believes that handsome and effective urban open space can be created far more quickly and cheaply than most people realize. If the uses to which it is to be put are realistically and soundly conceived, he asserts, this open space can be maintained at little cost and great political benefit to the city, or even at financial profit to the local government and to private investors. U.S. city dwellers—deprived of such urban pleasures commonplace to Europeans as eating on



Playground for P.S. 166, New York City

terraces which overlook lakes—respond in overwhelming numbers and with almost pathetic gratitude when any such civilized amenity is granted to them by government, private investment, or philanthropy. New York City now has one such place—only one—and every summer night crowds stand in line for more than an hour to have dinner in Central Park's new Bethesda Fountain Cafe.

Since examples of this kind can be cited in cities all over the country it is surprising that urban open space in the U.S.A. still tends to be leftover or forgotten space. Sites of great potential civic amenity remain undeveloped for decades. Once-handsome and unified plazas and parks which date from past eras are allowed to decay instead of being adapted to changing needs. Badly located new vest-pocket parks in slum neighborhoods—constructed at some distance from, and without the sponsorship of, the local schools, churches or community centers which could be responsible for maintenance—become completely deteriorated from vandalism and neglect

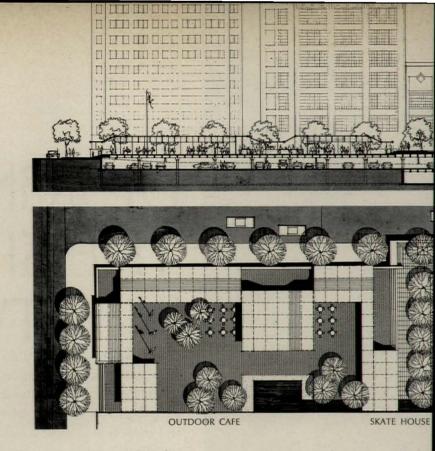
within six months after the politicians and donors have been photographed and televised on opening day. (Only the children remain faithful to the vanishing gift, climbing and swinging about on posts left jutting upward in a sea of cracked asphalt, broken bottles and trash.)

Friedberg contends that this indifference on the part of our public leadership to the civic potential of urban open space can be reversed, once these potentials are explored and better understood. The five projects shown on the following pages have been shaped by the political and social realities from which Friedberg derives his own highly creative and engaging esthetic. —*Mildred F. Schmertz*

Dag Hammarskjold Park: fresh ideas for financing

Paul Friedberg's ideas for the financing of his designs for open space are as interesting as the designs themselves. For example, in discussing his and architect Richard Kaplan's redesign of the present Dag Hammarskjold Park (see right) he points out that the city is not getting sufficient value for the money expended on the original development costs and the continuing maintenance costs of the present park. His development plan, therefore, re-evaluates this existing under-utilized resource and provides a greater variety of public facilities which will appeal to and attract a broad crosssection of the people. Recreational facilities are proposed for use during all hours of the day and through all seasons of the year. Essentially a park for adults, it will have the character of a small-scale urban park for intimate and passive rather than extensive athletic uses. If Friedberg's ideas are followed, the Dag Hammarskjold Memorial Plaza could become a living memorial where the people of New York can experience the habits and cultures of other nations through their music, food and exhibits.

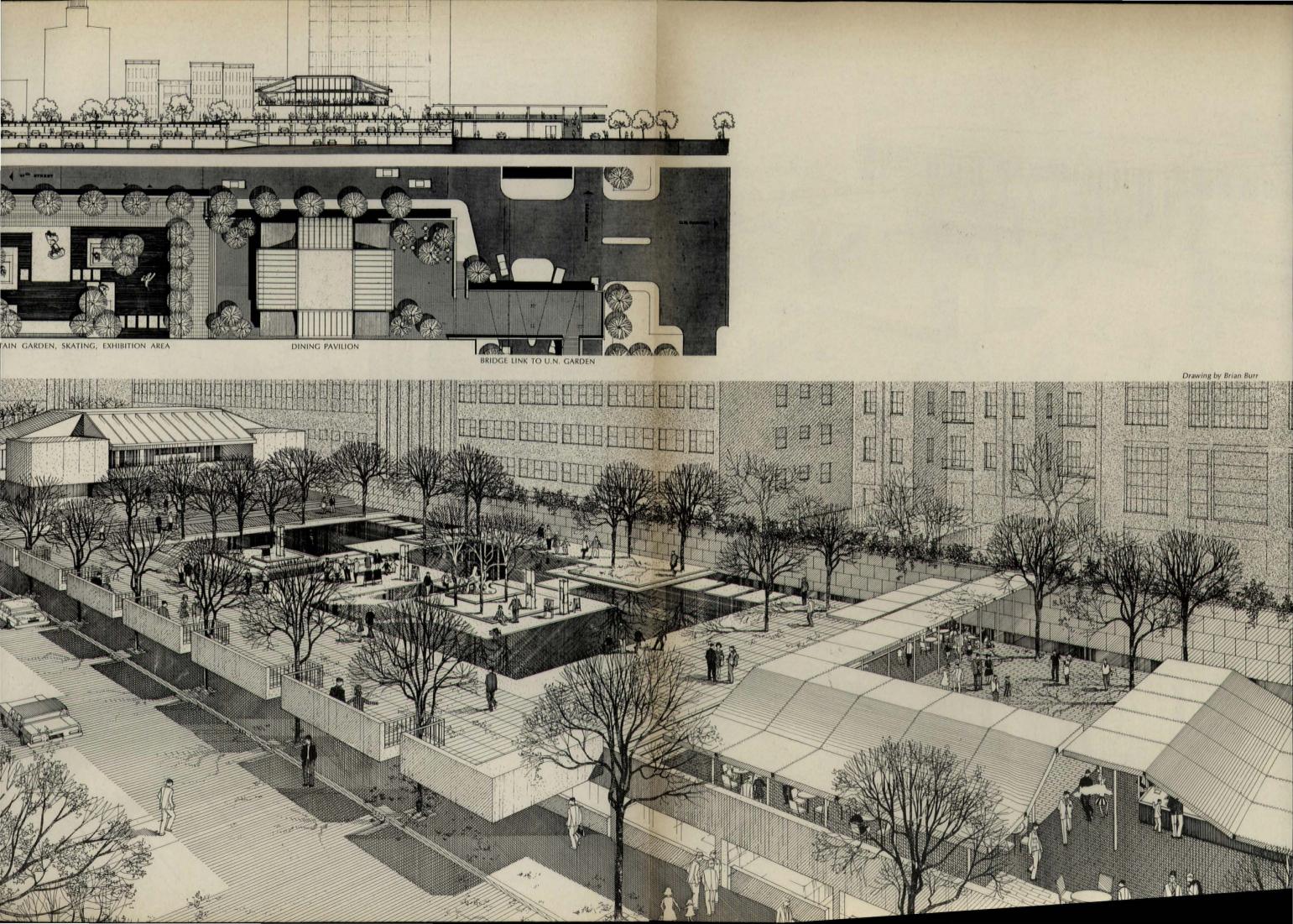
Friedberg believes that New York City can develop and maintain this and other under-used urban spaces without incurring any expense, since they are a potential resource for creating a financial return which will cover the capital expenditure for redevelopment and the ongoing maintenance costs. Certain areas may make sufficient profit to support the development and maintenance of other less intensively programed recreation areas in the non-commercial sectors of the city. In the case of the Dag Hammarskjold Park, the J. M. Kaplan Fund (which financed the redesign) or another foundation could act as private developer by providing the development funds on a non-profit basis in the form of a secured bank mortgage or a direct loan by the Fund, and would secure proper management for the various facilities at no profit to the Fund. The franchise for the restaurants, the rink and the garage could be so arranged that a reasonable profit was made by each business with the remaining profit returned to the city. The role of a foundation would be a catalytic one which would bring about new approaches to recreational programing and park development. Because a foundation can act more swiftly and more economically than city agencies to develop an area such as Dag Hammarskjold Park, it is hoped that the city in return would allow a foundation some latitude in developing this experiment in the area of standards, attitudes and traditional design concepts.

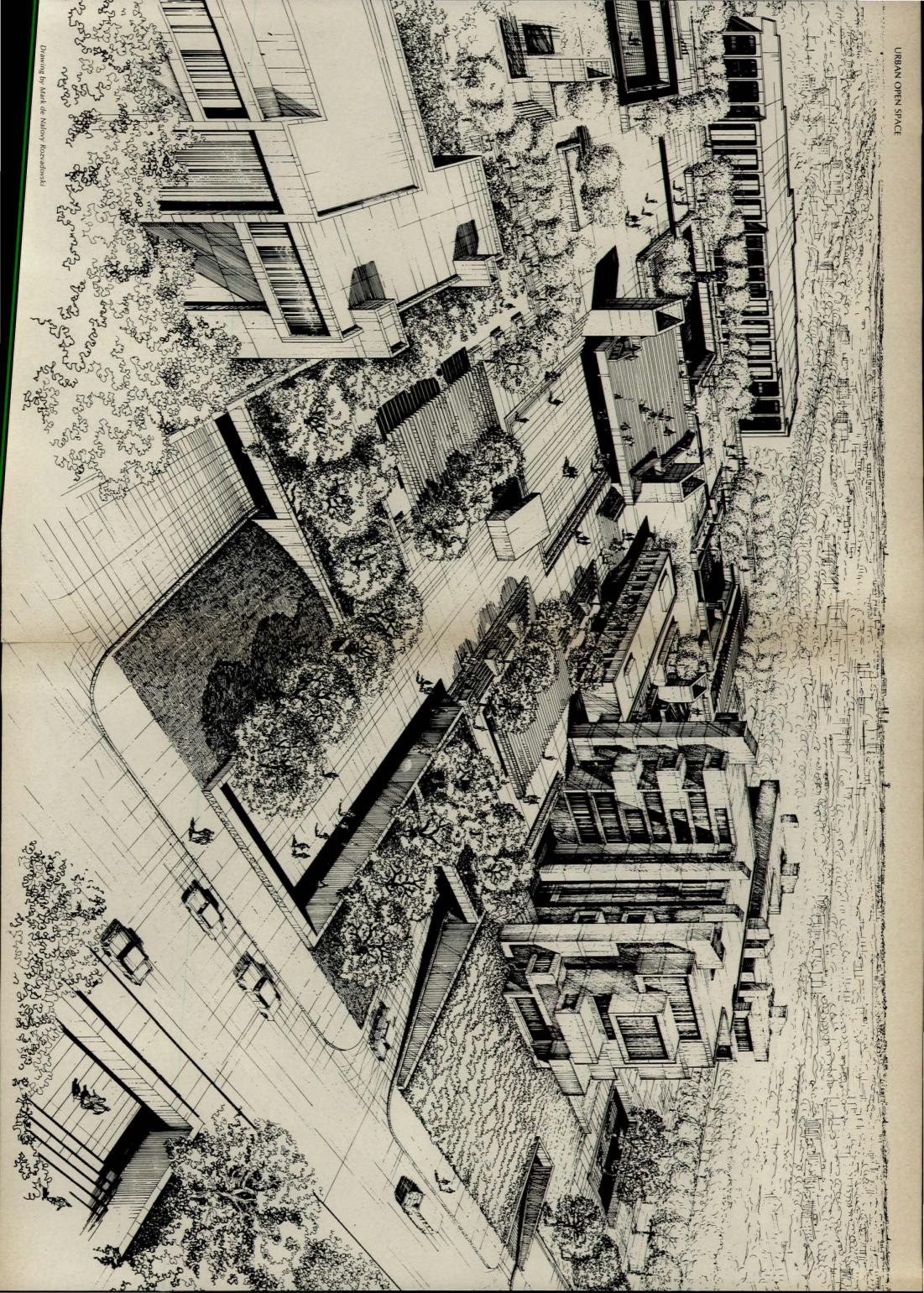


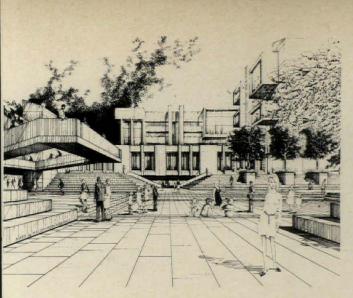
A MULTI-LEVEL URBAN SPACE

The Dag Hammarskjold Plaza, shown in the photograph below, is a typically drab example of the kind of park design which is normally offered the public. Under the jurisdiction of the New York City Department of Parks, it is adjacent to the United Nations buildings and public gardens. The fact that this plaza exists reflects the proximity of the U.N., but its design in no way suggests the immense civic importance of this site. The J. M. Kaplan Fund commissioned architect Richard D. Kaplan and landscape architects M. Paul Friedberg and Associates to make a study of the great urban potential of this space and to develop a scheme for its best use. The designers propose that the site be partially excavated to provide a two-level parking garage, badly needed in the area, which would support a broad terrace. Located at the eastern end of the terrace, adjacent to the U.N. and overlooking the East River, a dining pavilion would function as a high-quality restaurant for U.N. personnel and visitors. At the western end, easily accessible from Second Avenue, a popular-priced outdoor cafe would attract the general public, including ice skaters and those coming to admire outdoor exhibitions of painting and sculpture. The architects propose that private commercial interests develop the garage, terrace and restaurants to be given to the city and leased back to the developer. A portion of the profit could be returned to the city.







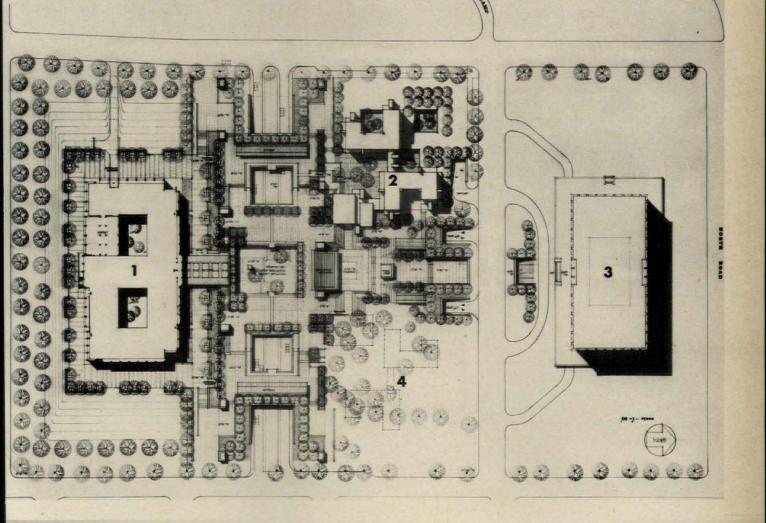


Welfare Administration Department of Health Supreme Court Proposed building

1

SPACE DESIGNED TO INTEGRATE AND UNIFY

M. Paul Friedberg and Associates were called in to prepare a master plan for this social services center for Nassau County at Mineola, Long Island, when it became apparent to the several architectural firms at work on the individual buildings that the need for an extensive underground parking facility would complicate the siting of these structures, the location of their entrances, and their relationship to each other. The ingenious two-level solution provides pedestrian underpasses, clearly separated vehicular circulation, sunken courts, and a central amphitheater. Architects of the Welfare Administration Building, top of the drawing far left, now under construction, are La Pierre Litchfield and Partners. The multi-story building shown at the right-hand side of the same drawing is the Health Administration Building by Morris Ketchum Jr. and Associates and The Office of Max O. Urbahn, associated architects.



URBAN OPEN SPACE

Open-space planning for Pruitt-Igoe: "safe, sound and sanitary is not enough"

M. Paul Friedberg and Associates were retained by Irvin Dagen, executive director of the St. Louis Housing Authority, to suggest alternatives for the upgrading of the physical space of this vast public housing development which has become a widely publicized social failure with unusually high rates of delinquency, crime and vandalism.

The consultants have so far presented three alternatives to the Housing Authority. One alternative calls for the relocation of all the residents in the project, its total demolition and the possible substitution in its place of other facilities, and Friedberg says: "This might be the most wise and beneficial course in the long run. If the entire project is broken down into smaller segments, either near the present site or spread over the entire city, there is a much higher potential for success with regard to the social problems which are present at Pruitt-Igoe in such abundance. If there is one lesson to be learned from Pruitt-Igoe, it is that the grouping together of large numbers of impoverished families exacerbates the social problems and diminishes every chance of achieving constructive social goals. We now know that to provide a safe, sound and sanitary dwelling unit is not enough."

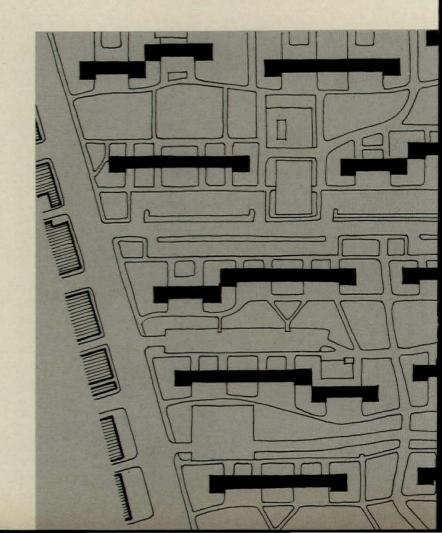
Another alternative utilizes some of what exists at Pruitt-Igoe, but proposes relocating and demolishing some of the project and substituting in its place other functions and facilities. A significant number of buildings would be given over entirely to housing for the elderly, and the remaining structures on the site rould be phased out as quickly as possible and replaced by low-rise units of low-cost housing.

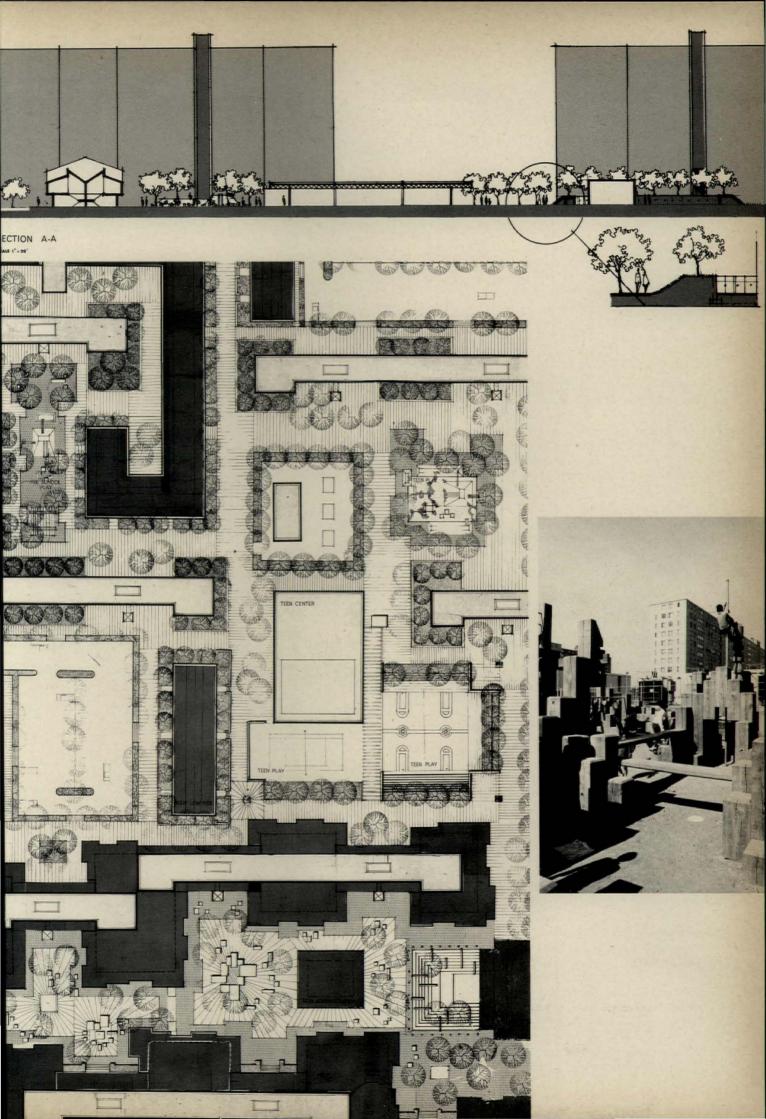
The third alternative proposed by Friedberg drawings shown on page 129 utilizes what presently exists on the site, demolishes or relocates nothing, but only adds facilities and functions. This alternative proposes to broaden the income pyramid of the project by including housing types other than low income, and to simultaneously upgrade the physical environment. It is hoped that by broadening the income spectrum, both the people in the housing project and those who live nearby will feel somewhat relieved of the stigma of poverty which has built up over the past decade. In addition, by broadening the income range in the project it is possible to propose a comprehensive commercial facility, as well as badly needed community facilities. These facilities would be located on the Pruitt-Igoe site as low-rise additions to the high-rise apartment structures. The proposed additional



SALVAGING A WASTELAND

Because M. Paul Friedberg was able to recapture the lost open spaces of the New York City Housing Authority's Jacob Riis Houses by transforming them into immensely successful recreation areas (see RECORD, July and December 1966), he has been retained by the St. Louis Housing Authority to do the same for Pruitt-Igoe, a housing project notorious for its social problems. Friedberg is the first to assert that the physical changes he is proposing will have little effect unless new and better social strategies are initiated, and indeed architect Richard Hatch received a grant from the Office of Economic Opportunity to help devise such strategies. As the drawings indicate, Friedberg thinks that the addition of town houses should help define the spaces, as will the construction of low-rise elements at the base of the slab-like towers which will contain administration units, community centers and the like.





URBAN OPEN SPACE

housing units would be in the form of low-rise attached dwellings located in the spaces between the existing buildings.

These proposed commercial and community facilities as well as the additional housing units would serve to divide the present open space at Pruitt-Igoe and begin to add the human scale and texture that this project is so strikingly without. New construction, in the form of low-rise buildings and extensive site rehabilitation would do a great deal to improve the image of Pruitt-Igoe in the minds of its residents and members of neighboring communities.

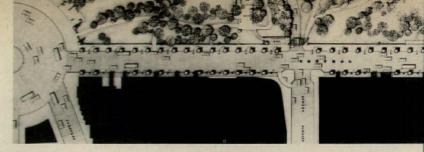
The scheme proposes that additional elevator cores be added to the existing high-rise apartments, outside the building frame, to add needed capacity and eliminate the out-of-service-elevator problem.

P.S. 166 playground: fresh ideas for play—and land use

The P.S. 166 public school playground on West 89th Street in New York City was conceived as a typical school playground. The original plan, designed by the Board of Education, included four basketball standards, a 16-foot-high chain link fence enclosing the entire area, and five pieces of contemporary manufactured play equipment enclosed by another chain link fence within the already fenced-in area.

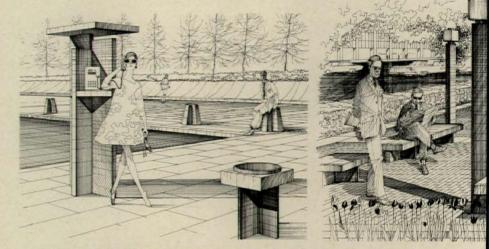
When some of the new playground designs developed while former New York City Park Commissioner Thomas Hoving held that office were first made public, the already quite diverse and vocal West Side community groups began to loudly rebel against the design that had been prepared for them. When they received no satisfaction from the Board of Education they approached Commissioner Samuel Ratensky of the Housing and Redevelopment Board to suggest that a district as experimental as the West Side Urban Renewal Area deserved a better playground. Ratensky asked Paul Friedberg to prepare plans for the project to present to Commissioner Jason Nathan. Nathan approved the scheme and directed Ratensky to get it into the development stage. Hoving stepped in with a \$195,000 grant from the Astor Foundation to cover fees and execution. Since the Astor Foundation has traditionally been interested in the development of open space for community use, this playground, once designated as a school playground, has been designed and is now operated as both a school and community playground under the jurisdiction of the Department of Parks.

The playground design provides a "sitting plaza" where the elderly or



UPGRADING A RUN-DOWN STREET

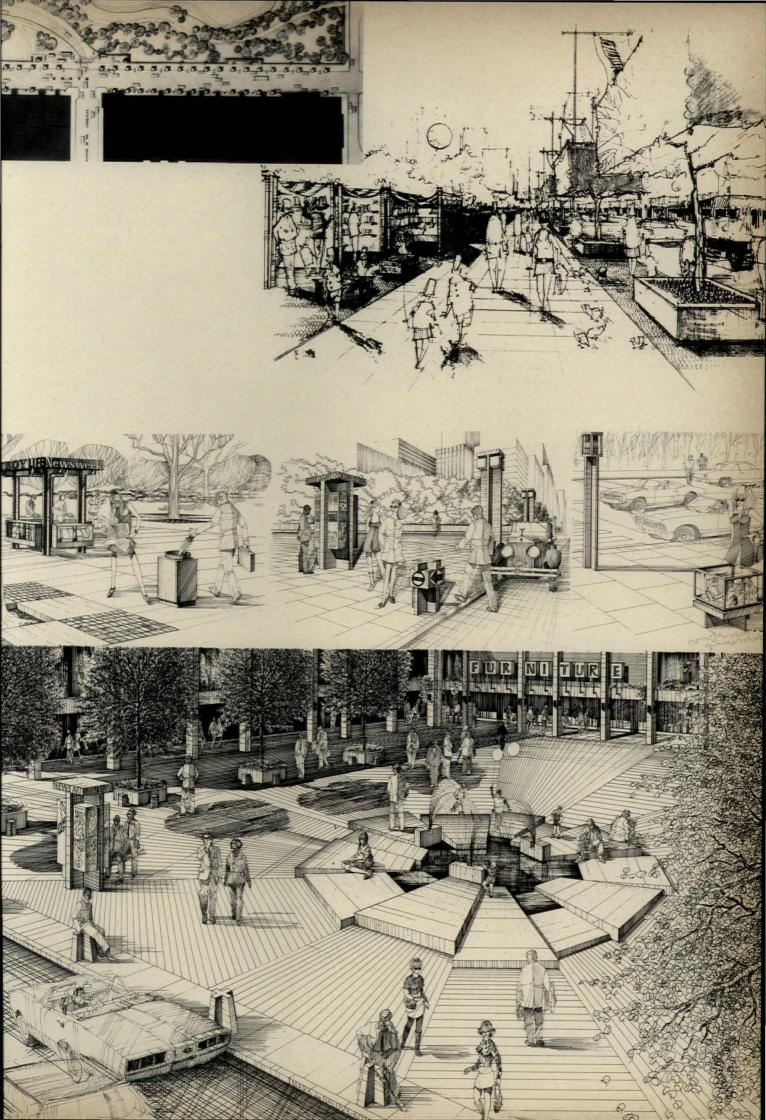
Central Park South is not normally considered a bad street, since its northern border overlooks Central Park and one of its loveliest lakes, and its southern edge is defined by some of New York City's finest hotels and apartment houses. The streets and sidewalks themselves, however, are badly designed, or in bad condition, or both. A group of property owners in the vicinity, wishing the street to more properly reflect property values, have formed the Central Park South Beautification Association which has hired Friedberg to create a unified design. Several of his ideas, including demountable stalls for the display of books or art, are shown in the perspective sketch at the right. As a start, the Association is going ahead with Friedberg's designs for new lighting standards at a more residential scale.



A DESIGN VOCABULARY FOR A DOWNTOWN

Friedberg has proposed a major reorganization for the central business district of Ottumwa, lowa to evolve an urban form more expressive of Ottumwa's role as an important shopping and industrial center. His study for the CBD includes all elements, which if consistently designed, contribute to the visual coherence of an area kiosks, news stands, bus shelters, planters, bollards, lighting fixtures, fountains, garbage receptacles, mail boxes, display cases, banners and so forth.



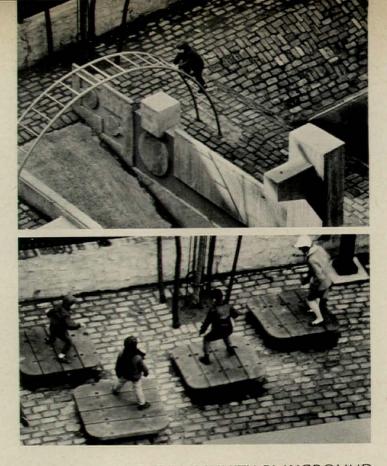


URBAN OPEN SPACE

parents can sit watching the children play without actually entering the playground. It also serves as an area where parents can sit and wait for their children to get out of school. The playground includes an amphitheater for school productions which serves as a giant spray pool during the hot days of summer. Water jets are recessed under the steps and spray out into the center open area.

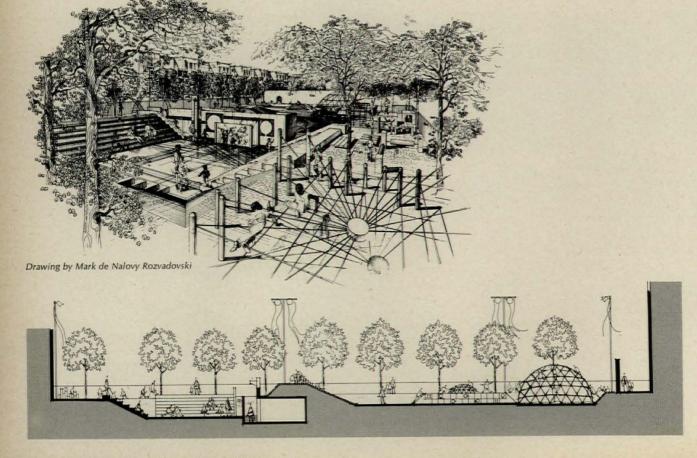
In the lower-right-hand corner of the perspective on this page is shown a giant spider web. The resilience of the cables offers a new experience to the children. The entire playground has been depressed 3 feet from the street level to give it more privacy and to make it more plastic. In the center of the playground is a large granite block mound, which conceals a pump house for the spray unit and a comfort station for boys and girls. By placing the lavatories under the mound, the architects saved precious land and created a mound for slides and other activities.

There is a separate play area for the pre-school and early-school-age children in which all the activities found in the general play area are experienced at a smaller scale.



A SCHOOL AND COMMUNITY PLAYGROUND

This playground, adjacent to P.S. 166 in New York City, is Friedberg's most recent and best. All of the equipment, with the exception of the geodesic domes, was specially designed for this space and much of it is original and unique. The play pieces are so arranged as to be interconnected and thereby offer a limitless variety of use patterns. A child can climb from one piece and jump on to another, bounce his way to a swing and then continue climbing again.



TEMPLE'S SLANTING WALLS CREATE AN UPWARDLY DIRECTED SYMBOLIC FORM

In its unique form the Beth Zion Temple by architects Harrison and Abramovitz appears at once ascetic and Baroque, combining an unadorned facade with a curved and undulating rhythm. Rising from a shallow, dark base on their grassy site, the sloping walls seem almost to create a simple, symbolic upward gesture. Highlight of a four-building complex—including a chapel and a school (see photo below), and an auditorium which is behind the school—the temple is a vigorous religious statement. The handsome interiors have well controlled lighting, graphic art and stained-glass by artist Ben Shahn.

Because it was found to weather well in the Buffalo, New York atmosphere, an exterior facing of Alabama limestone was applied to the concrete walls. Insulation was placed between the concrete and the facing.

photos © Ezra Stoller (ESTO)



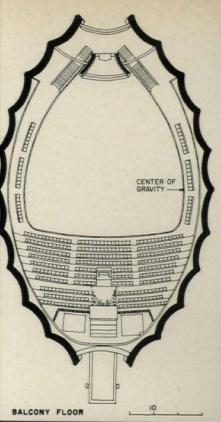
Inside the dramatic structure, exterior scalloping is reflected, and this shape creates changing patterns of natural light which enters from three sources (see section at lower right). From directly above, a circular skylight illuminates the altar and the two free-standing tablets silhouetted against the stained-glass window. Two peripheral skylights accent the wall's slant to give the space a feeling of upward expansion, completing the symbol begun outside. Some of this light from above reaches the side aisles because the balcony is bracketed to the wall in only a few places, elsewhere stands clear.

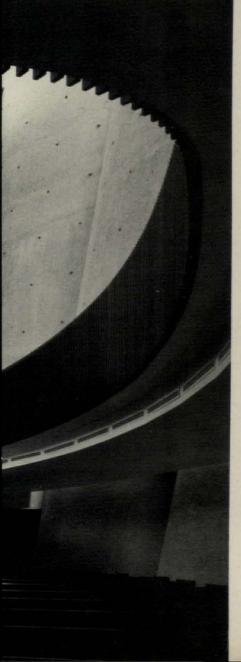
Constructed in two sections (right and left) by horizontal layers, the walls, in their apparent tilted state, remained standing without supports until the roof was applied. Because of the contour, the center of gravity lies not outside nor in the wall, but within the arc (see plan at right). The scalloped shape was developed because it is structurally stronger than a com parable smooth arc. Acoustically, the scalloping works well to diffuse sounds.

A simple steel-truss roof rests on the walls, leaving enough space around the edge for the peripheral skylight. Heating ele ments were installed on the outer surface of the roof to mel abundant Buffalo snows.

Although the main entrance is from a small paved setback from the street side, the practical entrance was provided adja cent to the parking lot. The eye of those entering from the street is caught up in the building's inherent flow and carried forward to the bema. Those coming from the parking lot enter from behind the bema.

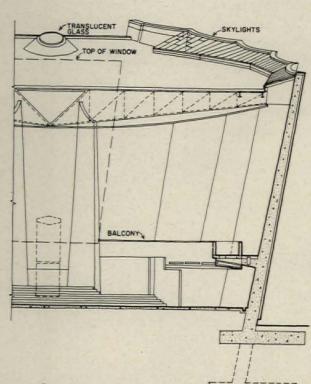




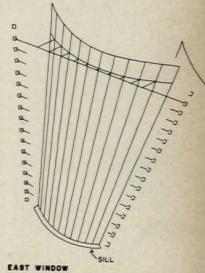




As can be seen in the photo above, the scalloping creates interesting shadows on the Alabama limestone facing. In the interior (photo above right) the walls are exposed concrete with a pattern of unfilled form-bolt holes. Warm-air blowers are located along the base of the wall, and blow heated air up between the wall and the balcony. The light in the top right photo comes from the peripheral skylight.



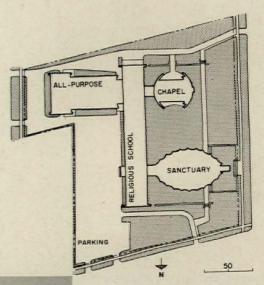
The drawing (below) of the stained-glass window structure shows how the architects and structural engineer, Lev Zetlin, minimized structural supports which they felt would detract from the window's ethereality. Instead of using conventional steel mullions, cables were strung in tension across the opening. Small steel rods tie the window to the tensed cables, helping to support the weight of the glass and to resist wind pressure.

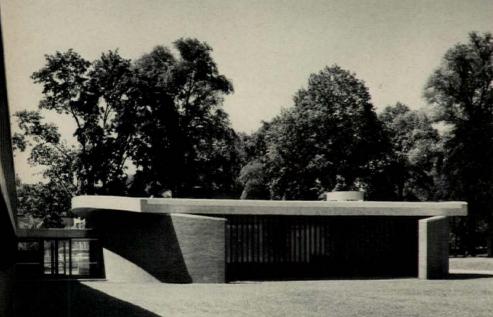


The small chapel, which is used for weddings and summer services, is rectilinear inside. Only the altar and the circular skylight above it reflect the form of the temple. Natural light enters from behind the altar and from window-walls parallel to the main aisle. The materials are brick, and concrete for the undulating roof. Simplicity is an evident attribute of this structure.

The site plan, at right, shows how the temple can either be entered from the street or from the parking lot, through the school building. By placing the parking lot behind the school building, cars are kept out of the view of passers-by.

BETH ZION TEMPLE, Buffalo, N.Y. Architects: Harrison & Abramovitz; structural engineers: Lev Zetlin & Associates; mechanical and electrical engineers: Jaros, Baum & Bolles; acoustical consultant: Cyril Harris; contractor: Siegfried Construction Co.







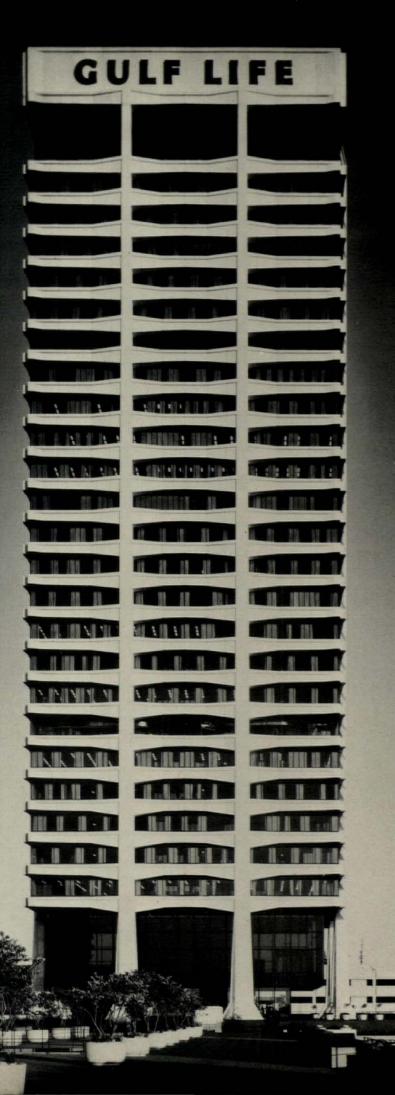
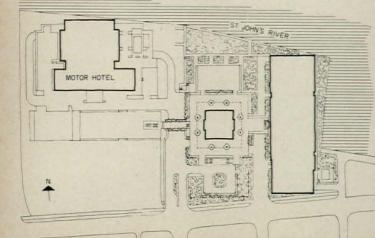


IMAGE AND ELEGANCE IN PRECAST CONCRETE

"In the design of Gulf Life Tower," says architect Welton Becket, "we sought to provide a singular, bold statement combining the wishes of our client for a dynamic, functional landmark, and our own desire to evolve a scale which would directly express the multiple layers of work areas which make up a high-rise office building."



The Gulf Life tower dominates the skyline of the south shore of the Saint Johns River and is the focal point of the 12-acre Gulf Life Center. Other buildings in the center are a five-level garage and a 10story hotel. Development of surrounding areas is in long-range plans for this part of Jacksonville.





Gulf Life Tower in Jacksonville, Florida, clearly expresses both a strong design concept and bold use of advanced engineering and construction techniques. Its exposed concrete frame combines massive scale with grace of form in tapered columns and sculptured cantilevered beams. Forthright and elegant, it stands 27 stories and is 433 feet above a two-level podium—the nation's tallest precast, segmented, post-tensioned building.

The sculptured shaping of the beams, articulating the architects' expression of layered spaces in the high-rise, was made feasible within the \$17-million budget by repetitive use of sets of precast elements. There are 14 such elements to each beam. Sequenced to taper upward and inward to a common interior plane, they are strung like beads on cables and post-tensioned to cantilever 42 feet to corners of the building from two columns which divide each face in thirds. (See November 1966, page 185.)

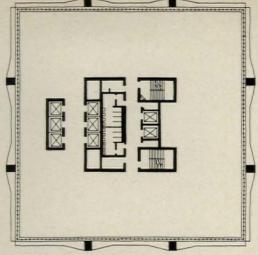
Prestressed double tees span 41 feet from beams to a cast-in-place structural core 53 feet square which houses elevators, stair wells and utility spaces. Two banks of elevators are in free-standing elements facing the core elevators and forming circulation corridors for the office floors. A central corridor on each floor bisects the core and provides access to service elevators and toilets.

The image grows in unity of concept and discipline

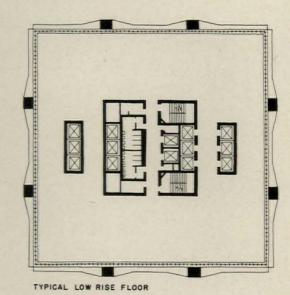
Structural and architectural unity of the precast pre-finished column and beam system has an inherent color, form, and texture that fulfills the architectural concept. As background and completion of that concept, window walls of grey plate glass set in black neoprene and with black anodized aluminum sills are set back 6 inches from the interior plane of columns and beams.

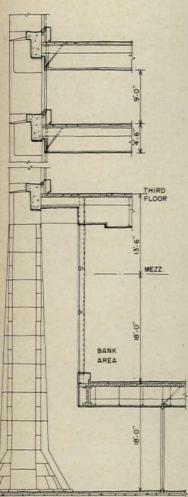
A corporate image housing new home offices for the Gulf Life Insurance Company, the tower stands supremely visible on a two-layer podium which forms a focal point and plaza for Gulf Life Center. The center occupies a 12acre site on the south side of the St. Johns River, directly across from the municipal center of Jacksonville. It is adjacent to a city park with marina and programmed fountain, and is planned as a generating nucleus for development of surrounding commercial properties now occupied by taxpayers, laundries and miscellaneous low-rise structures.

Two other structures on the center site are the 10-story Sheraton-Jacksonville Hotel, nearing completion on the waterfront, and a five-level parking structure east of the tower. West of the tower



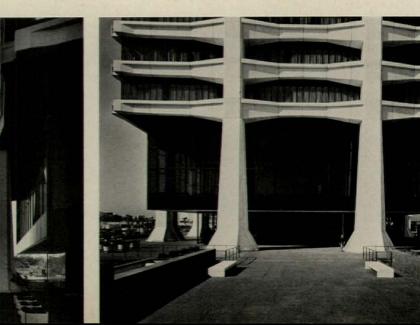
TYPICAL HIGH RISE FLOOR





The sense of scale changes appropriately through all approaches to the building. At the podium level itself, the marble-faced tapered bases of the columns, which read as slender supports for the tower viewed from a distance, acquire great strength and massiveness of their own as they are approached more closely (as from the garage bridge, below). This effect is enhanced by the sequenced setback of the banking floor and lobby floor (above right) made possible by suspending the banking floor from the underside of the 3rd floor.





ATIVES

GULF LIFE TOWER

at podium level and fronting the hotel is a 94- by 409-foot plaza, accessible by over-street bridge from the tower podium. This plaza, studded with planters, provides a promenade for office and hotel occupants and is a roof over shops and boutiques at ground level. A second over-street bridge from the podium to mid-level of the garage also provides a ground-level covered walkway to the concourse below the podium. The concourse houses a 600-seat cafeteria overlooking the river, kitchen spaces, employee lounge, loading docks and a drivein bank.

Programed for growth and internal flexibility

The office tower itself was programed for 500,000 gross square feet, of which 337,000 square feet are usable, columnfree office space. The program was based on the growth potential of Gulf Life which expects to expand to full occupancy within a few decades. Initially, it occupies 141,000 square feet on the 4th through 15th floors with internal space for about five years' expansion. The first floor is a recessed, glass-enclosed lobby over which the second and third floors, less deeply recessed, hang by eight column-like members and are occupied by the St. Johns River Bank. Commercial space is rented from the 16th through 26th floors. A private club on the 27th floor is enclosed by glass, again recessed at the 26th floor level to provide a narrow ledge-surely not a walkway, but perhaps lending some sense of security to members inside.

There is a tradition among large corporations that executive offices are located on the highest floors with the best views. The views from virtually every floor of Gulf Life Tower are spectacular in all directions. So the realistic decision to install the Gulf Life executive suite on the 15th floor was based on the fact that this is the transfer floor between low-rise and high-rise banks of elevators. This permits executives to use an allocated highrise elevator, and leaves high-rent top floors available for income. Company expansion can proceed vertically in both directions with the executive floor movng up and retaining its top position with priority use of high-rise elevators. Ultimate capacity of the building will be about 2,400 employees, both Gulf Life and tenants.

GULF LIFE TOWER, Jacksonville, Florida. Owner: Gulf Life Insurance Company. Architects: Welton Becket and Associates; associate architects: Kemp Bunch & Jackson; structural engineer: Richard R. Bradshaw, Inc.; general contractor: The Auchter Company; landscape architect: T. messe Baumgardner; soil investigation and oundation engineer: Meuser, Rutledge, Wentvorth & Johnston.



tioning is located on the 9th and 20th floors. A special system of ceiling suspension beneath these floors consists of spring loaded vibration isolators which hold the framework for the acoustical ceiling and integrated lighting-cooling fixtures as shown above.

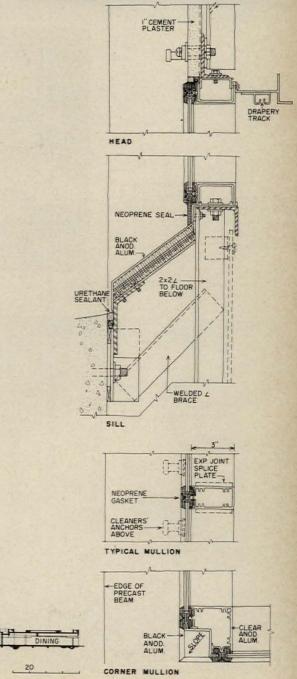
Window mullions of special design hold neoprene gaskets on a 4-foot 8-inch module for internal partition flexibility. Occasional windows on each floor are designed to open for convenience of the window washers.

Foundation strata of weathered limestone are 28 feet below the surface, so large spread footings were used, 25 feet below ground water level. The basement slab is 10 feet below the water line and is designed to resist hydrostatic pressures. Outlying portions of the podium are on steel piles.

PODIUN

DRIVE-IN BA





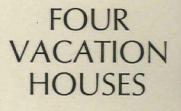


The lobby at podium level is a simple glass passageway surrounding the core area, which is faced with green marble. The information and control desk faces the passageway to moving stairs serving the banking floor above. A large employee lounge, right, is on the concourse level adjacent to the cafeteria. Gulf Life offices are carpeted throughout, and corner executive offices, below, offer panoramic views of the waterfront and municipal center across the river. The system of cantilevered beams permits column-free corners with narrow corner mullions so that views are not obstructed except at the option of the occupant. Associate architects Kemp, Bunch and Jackson coordinated interior architecture, and Richard Plumer Business Interiors Inc. was interior design consultant for Gulf Life offices.





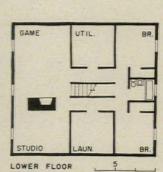


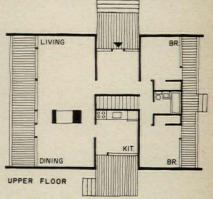


These vacation houses are good evidence of the continuing use of inventive and playful forms in the design of weekend retreats. They are all low cost and compact, and use maintenance-free, natural materials.



Simple house for the snow country





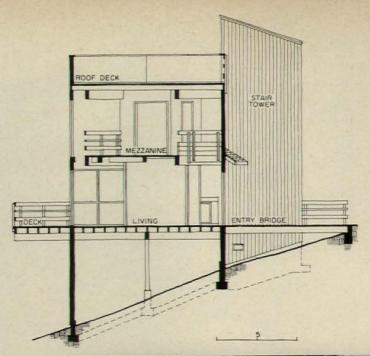
Located on a rugged mountain site and oriented to take advantage of an impressive view to the west, this simple and compact weekend house was designed for both summer and winter use. All openings are deeply carved to form roof overhangs for protection from heavy snow. Steps to elevated decks provide easy access at any snow depth in winter. During the summer, the doors and windows open to the decks and the breeze. To create a structure compatible with its rugged site, the architect utilized straightforward form with strong detailing-shed roof, reverse board and batten siding, and cantilivered decks with heavy railing seats. The house has a compact plan basically divided into a sleeping zone and a living zone, separated by the service core. Two other considerations affected the design: a tight budget (\$16,000 with unfinished full basement and exclusive of furnishings); and minimum maintenance as reflected in the materials used-interior wood ceilings, exterior redwood siding, and use of stains for trim.

Weekend residence for Andrew Daland, West Bethel, Maine. Architect: Andrew Daland; contractor: Grover & Jordan, Inc.





Deeply set-back porch with cantilevered deck provides additional summer living space, cross-ventilation and an impressive view to the west.

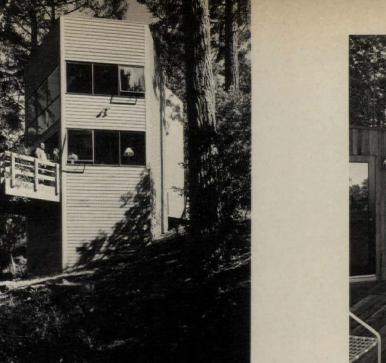


Hexagonal tower for a steep site

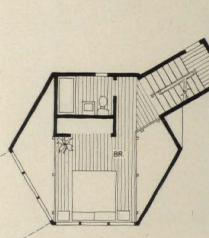
This low-budget (\$15,000) vacation house at the Sea Ranch, a complex of vacation homes north of San Francisco overlooking the Mendocino coast line, was built as a prototype to show prospective buyers the sort of house that might be built on a steep, heavily wooded hillside lot with a distant view of the water. The house is a festive and simple one-room hexagonal tower with an attached stair tower. The stairs lead to a sleeping-shelf mezzanine with bath, and then on to a roof deck with a magnificent view. The main level, containing living room, kitchen and porch, is entered via a bridge, with the entrance sheltered by a canopy roof. The exterior is horizontally- and vertically-applied redwood treated with bleaching oil; with a built-up roof and duck board decking. Interior walls are fir and plywood, with ceilings of exposed fir beams and decking of plywood. The house is designed for any number of steep, wooded lots (two examples have been completed), and is expandable by adding hexagons.

Vacation House, The Sea Ranch, Sonoma County, California. Owner: Oceanic Properties; architect: Marquis and Stoller—Pete Kampf, associate; engineer: Eric Elsesser; contractor: Matthew Sylvia.



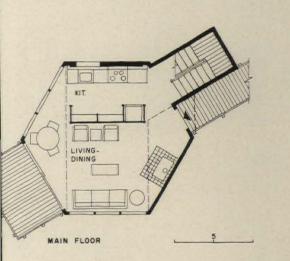








MEZZANINE FLOOR





A sleeping deck overlooks the two-story living room in this vertically-organized octagonal house for a steep, wooded site.

The ski lodge is oriented to a southerly view and the large porch extends a multi-purpose living area for summer use.

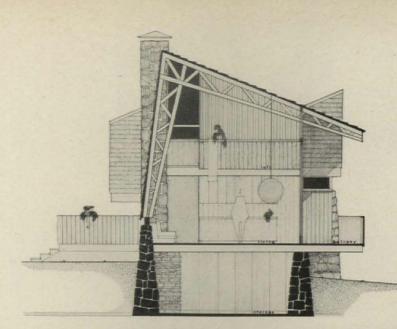


Scissor trusses create distinctive form

The use of wood scissor trusses, 7-feet on center fabricated from standard 2-by-4 studs with nailed joints, gives this \$21,500 ski lodge its distinctive form. A two-story, multi-activity living area for the owners and their four young children is located on a large deck riding above native stone walls. Large glazed doors along the southerly wall permit a panoramic view and open onto a porch which becomes an extension of the living room. Also located on deck level are the master bedroom, bathroom and cooking area, above which is an open loft for dormitory-style sleeping quarters for the children. Exterior and interior walls are either of native stone, which was available on the site, or board and batten, with exterior roof of handsplit cedar shakes. "The spatial development, structural system and general material usage," says the architect Gerard Cugini, "are a conscious effort to reflect in scale and construction techniques the simplicity and directness of barn enclosures."

Ski Lodge for Mr. and Mrs. Douglas P. Webb, Newbury, New Hampshire. Architect and interior designer: Gerard R. Cugini; structural engineer: Arthur Choo Associates, Inc.; contractor: Vahan Sarkisian.

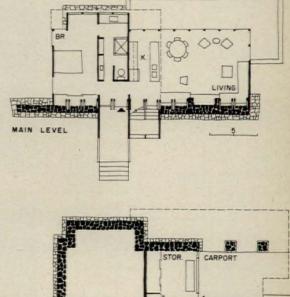




Wood scissor trusses define the two-level living room at one end of the building with sleeping areas, kitchen and bath stacked at the other end.

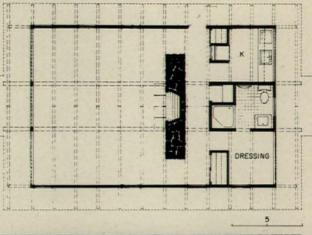








Sweeping roof for a one-room house



This year-round weekend retreat for two was built on an extremely low budget (\$10,000), and is a one-room house measuring 21 by 33 feet. The house has a huge fireplace wall as its central theme. Large triangular expanses of glass are placed high at both gable ends of the building, permitting a view of trees against the sky, since one can see only a few feet through the dense woods and underbrush characteristic of the site. These fixed-glass elements are detailed with no visible trim so that the roof flows smoothly out beyond the glass line and the rafters continue to be expressed under the roof overhangs. Partitions for closets, dressing room and kitchen are kept low and freestanding to emphasize the sweep of the roof. To avoid fuel delivery problems, all appliances and heating were specified as electrical. The bathroom is a closed-off space with hot and cold water tanks located above. There is no cellar due to ledge rock. The main materials are a redwood exterior and stained-fir interior used to unify the house with its site.

Vacation Lodge at Roaring Brook Lake, New York. Architect: David Guise; contractor: Plow Construction.





The partitions in this one-room residence are kept at sill-height of the triangular window elemen to emphasize the flowing sweep of the roof.

Design unity reinforces campus identity and future

As new campuses burgeon across the country, and older ones add vastly to their facilities—the last few years have seen the greatest growth in history—it becomes increasingly obvious that realistic and successful master planning must envisage a continuing—or phase by phase—expansion and change by others in the future. Many campuses are already experiencing some of the urban problems of the city, with a dense hodgepodge of eclectic prima-donna architecture which must somehow be added to or replaced. And many are thoughtfully planning new frameworks for the inevitably diverse styles; schemes which will create a unified complex with its own special image and character, and will provide an appropriate relationship to its own community. As few of these goals are precisely alike, this study presents seven current projects which form a good cross section of typical problems, and which make big strides in solving them. *Herbert L. Smith, Jr.*

Hofstra University gains not only added facilities, but a new more powerful image with its new buildings. See page 162.

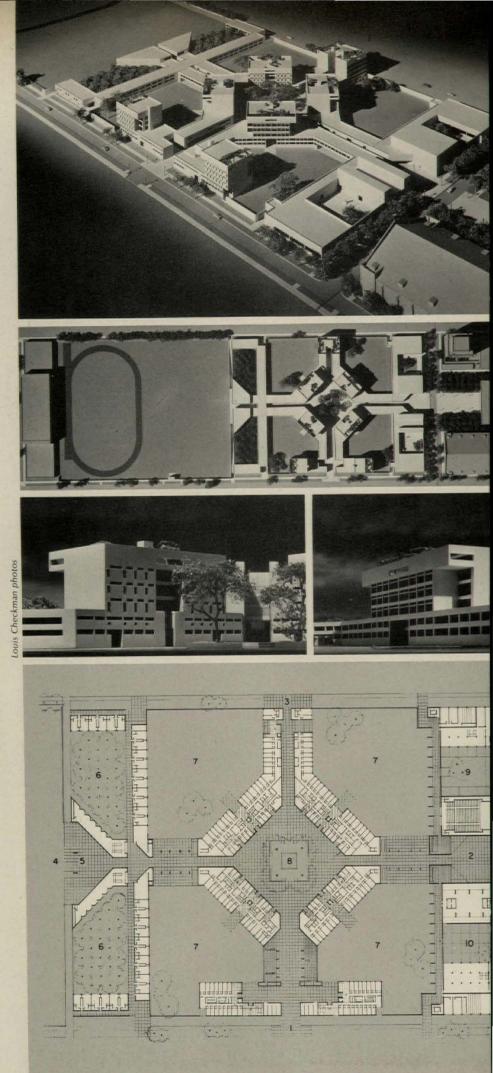


Edward L. Barnes stresses bold central ideas in his plans for four campuses

To highlight the fact that each campus is indeed a unique and individual problem in planning for the future, four of the many campus projects that Edward L. Barnes currently has under way throughout the country are shown on the next pages. Whether a project is an addition to an existing college, or a completely new campus, Barnes has sought to develop a major design idea or "theme" compatible with the needs and aims of the particular institution—and always with an eve for its future suitability.

These four projects are quite different in scope: one is a big city campus added to via urban renewal; one is an urban campus which must grow on a limited site; one is totally new, small in scale, on a riverside tract; and one is a major expansion of a somewhat uncohesive campus. But all the schemes, though totally different, have one element in common—each project has a great sense of unity and of inward community, as well as planned compatibility with whatever facilities existed before or may be added in the future.

The projects were designed during the course of several years: the University of Chicago housing and art center was planned in 1967, as was the expansion scheme for Pratt Institute; the Christian Theological Seminary dates from 1959; and the Potsdam master plan was done in 1964. The buildings for the last two are 50 per cent complete. One awaits the final results of all with great interest.



RIGHT

A scattered campus is tightly bound together with new buildings (blue on plan) where existing academic buildings (gray on plan) were arranged loosely around an enormous field. Now these buildings are linked together by new classroom structures, a library is placed in the center with entrances from two sides, and gateways are planned at all four corners of the court. To the south, the old dormitories are ringed with new dormitories, and a student union is placed in the center of the residential area. The final plan is classic-a binuclear campus with academic buildings centered on the library and dormitories centered on the union.

STATE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE AT POTSDAM, NEW YORK. Architect: Edward L. Barnes—Stanley Maurer, associate.

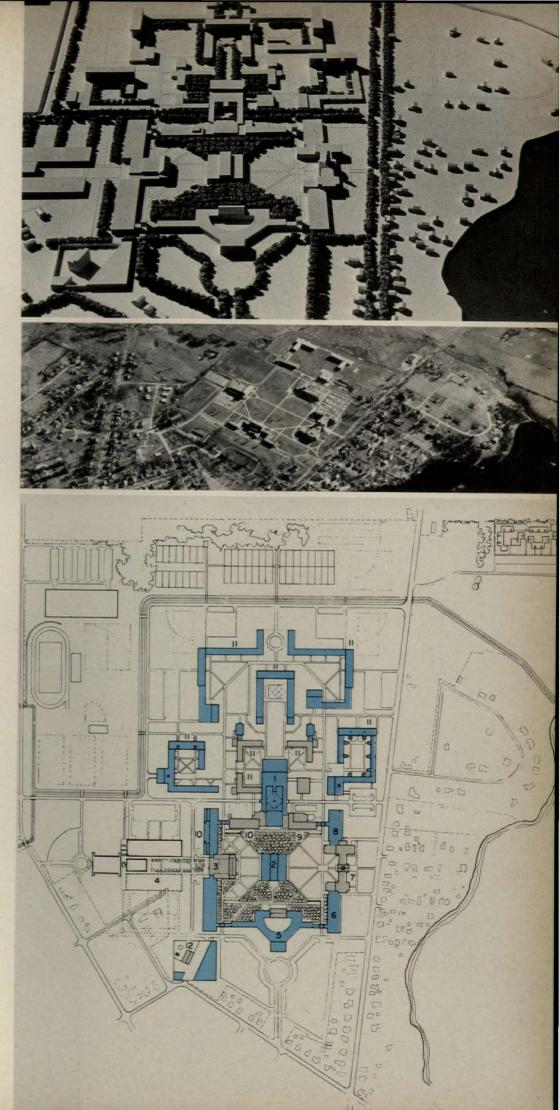
- 1 Unio
- 3 Library annex
- 4 Lecture halls
- 5 Administartion
- 6 Social science
- 7 General classrooms
- 8 Fine arts
- 9 Music
- 11 Housing
- 12 Service

LEFT

A formal "Leodux" hierarchy of courts and towers is Barnes' idea for five blocks along the north side of the University of Chicago campus which has been cleared through urban renewal, and designed as a housing and art center-one complex grouped around five courtyards. Four of these courts are walled culs-de-sac, with green grass and trees. A central court is urban in character: paved, with benches and a central fountain. Narrow pedestrian "streets" open out of this "town square" in all four directions and the major entrances to the complex are on axis with the streets. The housing consists of six-story towers and low two-story linked buildings. A variety of living accommodations is planned: single rooms, suites, graduate apartments, etc. The buildings are very open toward the quiet side courts, more closed toward the busier central quare.

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO. Architect: Edward L. Barnes—Robert H. Siegel and Noel Yauch, associates.

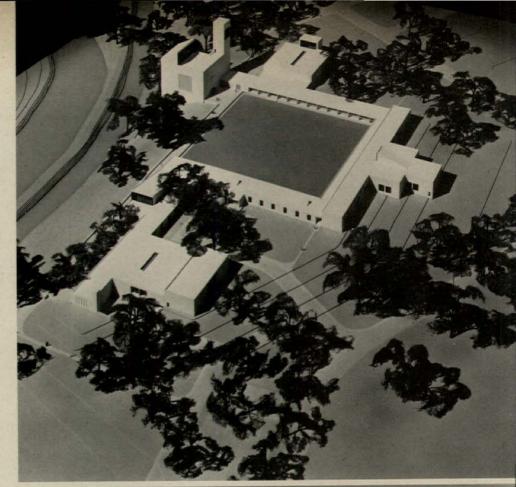
Gate to Ellis Avenue, main campus artery
 To arts plaza and drama center
 Gate to Hyde Park residential district
 Opening to athletic fields and gym
 Twin dining halls over
 Graduate apartments
 Residential "quads"
 Town square
 Music building
 Art gallery and classrooms



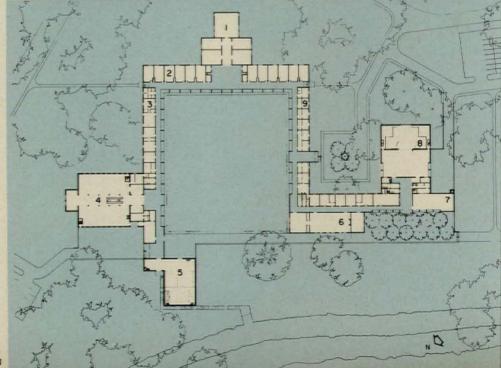
A theological seminary designed as a single building forms an S-shaped plan which embraces an entrance court facing the street and a cloistered grass court facing the river. A theater, cafeteria and student lounge, administration offices, lecture rooms, library and chapel are all linked together along a wide continuous corridor, unifying the daily routine of work and worship, study and play. The plan is really a two- and three-story processional leading to the chapel—a high block standing on the river bank dominating the whole campus.

CHRISTIAN THEOLOGICAL SEMI-NARY, Indianapolis. Architect: Edward L. Barnes—Hildegarde Bergeim, associate; architectural associate: James Associates.

- 1 Lecture halls
- 2 Seminar rooms
- 3 Faculty offices over
- 4 Library
- 5 Chapel
- 6 Student lounge
- 7 Cafeteria 8 450-seat theater
- 9 Administration





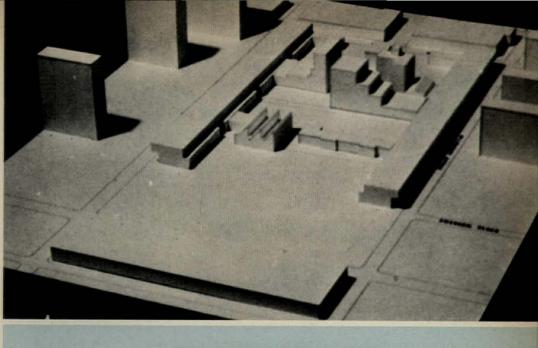


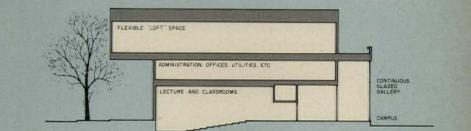
Open-end architecture for a growing city college focuses on two long three-story loft buildings which flank and enclose the academic core. The residential requirements of this college were met by the purchase of adjacent apartment buildings (in gray tones at sides in photo). The new loft buildings have a constant section: lab and studio space on the top floor, a layer of offices and seminar rooms on an intermediate floor, and lecture rooms and large classrooms on the ground level. The two structures are built in increments as required (shown in dark and light blue), and the divisions between departments are flexible and changeable over the years. The top floor cantilevers over the sidewalk and bridges the cross streets. Between these two "bar" buildings are a variety of more sculptural forms-two old brownstone blocks, and old brick chemistry lab, a new tower library and student union defining a central square, a theater, an art gallery, and, as the campus grows, other individual buildings by different architects (old structures are shown in gray, new ones blue). But the anonymous bar buildings on each side give form to the whole and make the inner campus a quiet haven in a neighborhood that has deteriorated into slums and bleak apartments.

PRATT INSTITUTE, Brooklyn, New York. Architect: Edward L. Barnes —Alistair Bevington, associate.

EXISTING BUILDINGS 1 De Kalb Hall 2 Library (future exec. offices) 3 Thrift 4 Apartments 5 Pratt studios 6 Factory 7 South Hall 8 Main (admin.) 9 East Hall 10 Recreation hall 11 Memorial Hall 12 North Hall 13 Student activities 14 Engineering 15 Chemistry 16 Faculty housing NEW BUILDINGS 17 Classroom/studio block 18 Dining/student union 19 Classroom/studio 20 Library phase I 21 Architecture/studio 22 Physical education 23 Architecture 24 Library phase II 25 Art school

26 Science hall and computer





Florida's Miami-Dade solves growth problems by building a second, two-stage campus

To assure the creation of a really workable "automobile expressway commuter college", the City of Miami and Dade County, Florida faced anticipated growth of its new junior college with the premise that there was an optimum size for such a campus of about 10,000 students with their cars. And rather than allow enlargement of a campus to a point where it would lose efficiency and coherence, it was decided from the first that completely new facilities would be found or constructed to accommodate growth beyond the planned size.

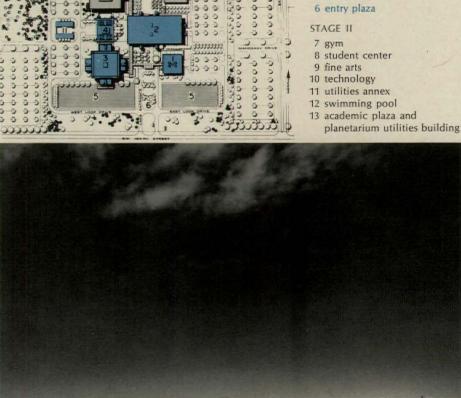
The college was begun in 1960; by 1966 its original facility (now known as the North Campus-see ARCHITEC-TURAL RECORD, November 1967) was jammed with 17,000 students and 600 faculty. To alleviate this crowding, the first stage of a separate South Campus for 10,000 (shown here) has now been completed in another section of the city, and the second stage is well under way. As enrollments are expected to continue to rise to some 30,000 students by 1975, a third campus is being planned as a high-rise educational complex for downtown Miami. The entire system will be directed from central administrative offices on the South Campus, and all will be connected by tower-to-tower communication beams. Although each campus is designed for only 10,000 students, as a practical measure each is also planned so high space utilization can allow the pressure of twice that number while new facilities are being built.

Division of the new South Campus into two stages of construction obviously speeded its use as a second facility: the first four buildings are already in operation as the others are starting construction. And its plan, which centers on two major plazas, assures a sense of completeness at each stage. The total site is 185 acres, with the buildings forming a fairly tightly knit urbanistic group at the south end. The northern part of the site (not shown) is devoted to athletic fields and the like. Student cars circulate on a four-lane perimeter road; a small inner loop road is restricted to service and faculty vehicles and the "campus" to pedestrians.



4 utilities bldg.

5 lakes



3

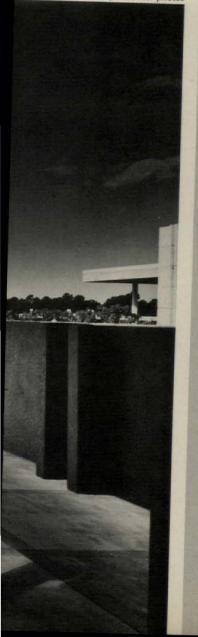




South Campus utilizes lakes to cope with drainage from sudden rains and to dramatize the main entrance. The excavated fill is used to raise central core and parking areas above flood levels. A central utility unit shortens runs to all buildings.

MIAMI-DADE JUNIOR COLLEGE-SOUTH CAMPUS, Miami, Florida. Architects: Pancoast/Ferendino/ Grafton/Architects; engineers: Lawrence F. Brill (structural); Oboler and Clarke (electrical and mechanical); contractors: Fred Howland, Inc.; Capaletti Brothers, Inc. (site development).

Joseph Molitor photos





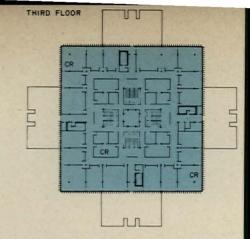
Hub of the entire junior college system, the administration building (above and right) achieves a sort of inverse dominance by its smaller scale and by its more regular and formal shape. The plan is equally direct, with offices and meeting rooms placed on the periphery around a central reception lobby.

The entry plaza (left), which will serve as an atrium to the final complex, is defined by building masses and covered walks connecting all the structures. The larger academic plaza, to be created in the second phase of construction, will be the main focus of student attention. All buildings are less than a five-minute walk from a parking area.



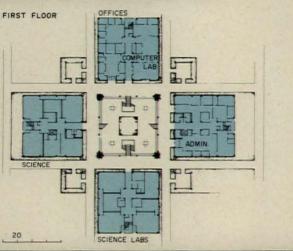


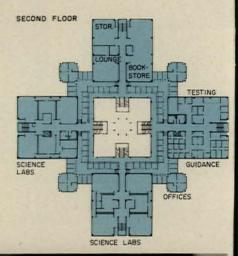




The science building (shown on this page), typifies the clear articulation of function which the architects have achieved in each of the handsome structures. Around the great, enclosed central court (below), specialized labs are grouped in four almost totally windowless blocks; offices link these in a projecting second level; and more general classroom spaces form a forceful cap to the entire complex.

Though all the buildings are vigorously individual, a strong sense of unity is achieved by their geometric masses and by use of the same materials: exposed, sandblasted concrete and precast paneled walls with coral rock aggregate.









The learning resources center of Miami-Dade combines library functions with large and small teaching spaces. The building is, in effect, two structures connected by a covered concourse and wide-overhanging roof; a bridge links them at second level. The smaller of the units has four teaching auditoria (above) around a projection room on the main level, and an audio-visual center and offices above. The larger block has two similar floors of library and divisible classroom spaces (below). For the inevitable change of interior spaces in the future, this unit (as in most of the buildings) utilizes long span construction to permit partition relocation; in general, removable or folding partitions have been used only where there is a certainty of frequent use.

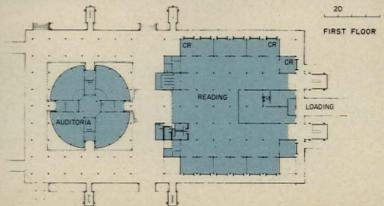
A prime design consideration for all the buildings, as it is a commuter college, was "strength and monumentality (and sheltering trees) to survive all those cars."







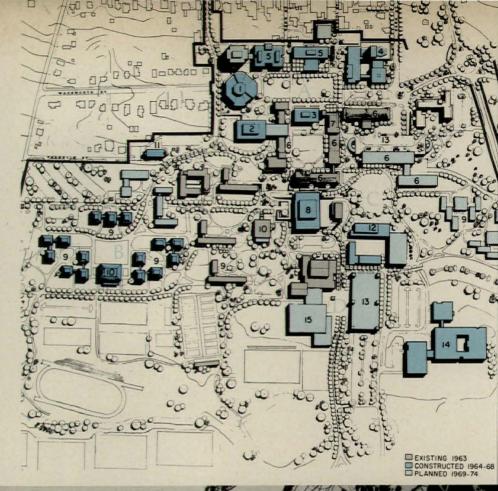


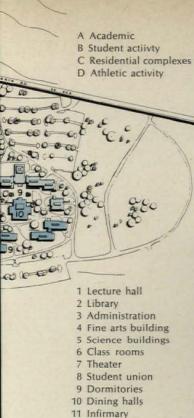


New York State's Geneseo achieves unified variety in a major expansion program

With its four latest buildings, the Geneseo campus of New York State University marks another phase of its long-range master plan for expansion. These new structures-lecture hall, library, fine arts center and administration building-almost complete the academic area of the plan. Although each was under the charge of a different architect, by establishing a common idiom insofar as scale and materials are concerned, all the buildings are extremely compatible while preserving a good degree of design individuality. The master plan (right), which shows existing structures in gray, new ones in dark blue, and future buildings in lighter blue, envisages a varied series of activity centers, buffered by coordinated landscaping.

STATE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE AT GENESEO, NEW YORK. Planning and site work—Architects: Myller, Snibbe, Tafel, Lindholm—Rolf Myller, associate in charge; landscape consultant: Mason and Frey; site utilities: Peter Bruder.





- 12 Service
- 13 Parking structure 14 Demonstration school
- 15 Gym

The lecture hall building is a very unified complex of varying-sized lecture, meeting and assembly rooms. While materials are identical with the other new buildings, the metal fascia is used here with greater force and established a strong character for the building. A lower level contains additional lecture and utility rooms.

NEWTON LECTURE HALL BUILD-ING. Architects: Myller, Snibbe, Tafel, Lindholm-Richard Snibbe, associate in charge, Bruce Fowle, project architect; engineers: Lev Zetlin & Associates (structural); Peter Bruder (mechanical and electrical); acoustical consultant: Harold Burris-Meyer.

photos Luedeke Studio

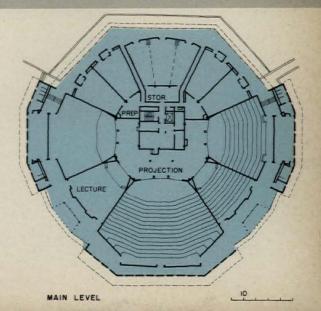


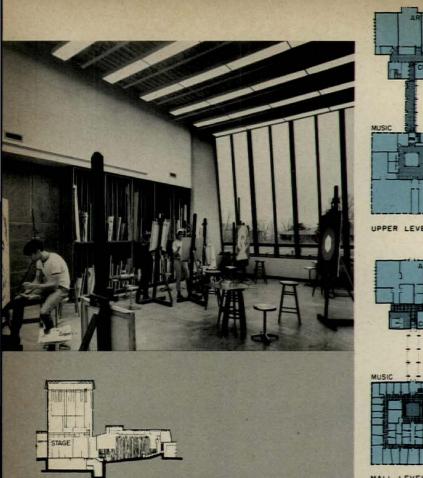
The library, linked by upper-level walks to the administration building and the lecture hall, treats its exterior brick walls as thin curtainwall panels which shield, and shade, the reversed bay windows. Concrete is clearly revealed as the structure, and metal forms a moderately strong fascia. The plan is fairly open and straight-forward, with an off-center service core freeing large spaces for stacks and reading areas. Specialized rooms flank this major space on two sides of the main floors. The structural system has regular bays, which is expressed on the exterior.

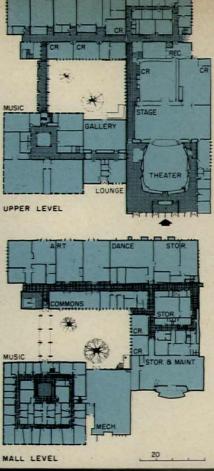
MILNE LIBRARY BUILDING. Architects: Waasdorp, Northrup & Kaelber; engineers: Robeson & Woese; contractor: Scrufari Construction Co., Inc.











The fine arts center is in itself a linked but clearly articulated group to house the divisions of the fine arts department: music, art and drama. The three sections, which are joined by exhibition galleries, were planned with a special character for each by varying the dominance of a particular material. In the music unit, pre-cast concrete and stone panels form the major exterior facing; the theater and drama section is more solidly brick; and the art wing is dominated by large, slanting window walls. All have similar, trim, metal fascias.

THE FINE ARTS BUILDING. Architects: Myller, Snibbe, Tafel, Lindholm—Edgar Tafel, associate in charge; Geoffrey Paine, project architect; engineers: Lev Zetlin & Associates (structural); Peter Bruder (mechanical and electrical); consultants: Michael J. Kodaras, Inc. (acoustical); George C. Izenour Assoc. Inc. (theater); contractor: William L. Crow Construction Co.



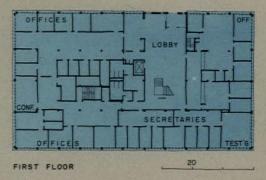


photos Luedeke Studio



The administration building for Geneseo College uses the sloping site, and the brick, concrete and metal common to all the new buildings, to produce a more monumental and focal structure set high on a terraced podium.

ERWIN ADMINISTRATION BUILD-ING. Architects: Myller, Snibbe, Tafel, Lindholm—Rolf Myller, associate in charge; Henryk Szwarce, project architect; engineers: William Atlas (structural); Wald and Zigas (mechanical and electrical); contractor: William L. Crow Construction Co.



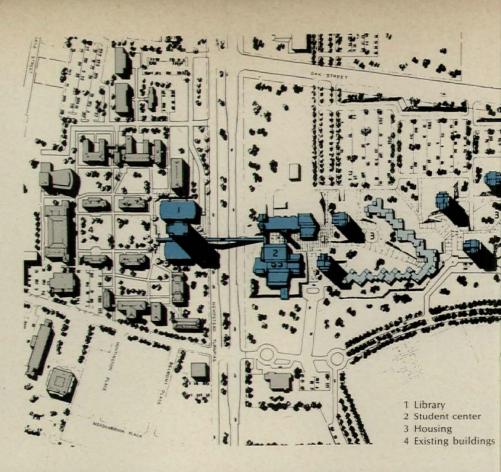


Hofstra links old and new campus areas by a bridge —and forceful architecture

When Hofstra University planned the expansion of its small, quiet campus, it had the great windfall of obtaining a large tract of land no longer used by an adjoining airfield. However, the new tract was effectively cut off from the campus by a turnpike, which was also in the throes of being widened.

The architects turned the problem into a tour-de-force of planning and design, and not only tied the campus together, but established a totally new and infinitely more dynamic character to the entire establishment. The obvious answer of a bridge to span the turnpike was turned from an acceptable one into a highly successful one by using two major activity centers, the library and the student and dining center as the two entrances to the bridge. The strong architectural character of the two also unify the other buildings—old, new and to come.

Jack Horner-Pennyroyal photos



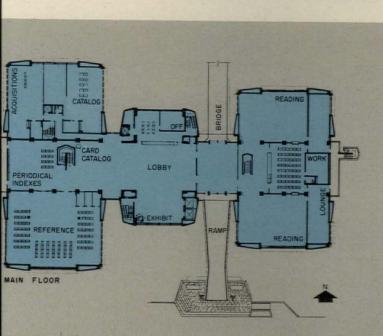


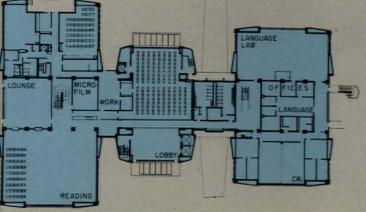
The new library, which forms a sort of symbol and focal point for the expanded Hofstra campus, also injects the new, more powerful design idiom into the midst of the more reticent older buildings. Eventual demolition of a house facing the library will create an open quadrangle which will become the academic heart of the campus.

The unusual secondary function of using the library as part of the major circulation artery for pedestrians across the bridged campus, has proven quite successful. The bridge ramp is turned into a level, enclosed vestibule as it passes through the building; the main library facilities open off one side, and reserve book section opposite. HOFSTRA UNIVERSITY LIBRARY, Hempstead, New York, Architects: Warner Burns Toan Lunde—Danforth W. Toan, partner in charge;

Yung Wang, associate/design; Raymond F. Gunther, associate/project manager; engineers: Severud, Perrone, Fischer, Sturm, Conlin & Bandel (structural); Stinard, Piccirillo & Brown (electrical and mechanical); Eberlin & Eberlin (site); landscape architects: M. Paul Friedberg & Associates.







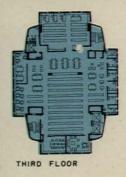
GROUND FLOOR











The interior layouts of the Hofstra library, which was programmed and planned by the architects in collaboration with Hofstra's librarian, Ellsworth G. Mason, have produced an ambience of quiet warmth and efficiency. Where appropriate, the concrete structure has been left exposed as ceilings, or as wall panels of texture left by the vertical roughsawn form boards. These areas are complemented by the textures of soft-toned orange or green carpeting, panels of grained woods, and well designed furniture and fittings. Special study carrels, designed by the architects, can be combined into a variety of groupings.

Lighting: tools that suit architectural objectives

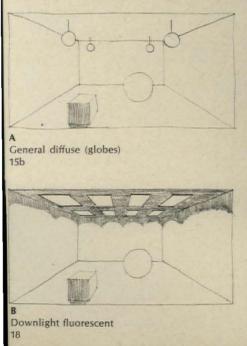
Light is just as much an architectural material as bricks and mortar. Until recently, however, architects have not employed electric light with the same skill they have exhibited with other design elements. Fortunately this picture has changed for the better as the realization has grown that illumination does not automatically "happen." There is no magic that makes planes and shapes assume certain brightness values, accents and form envisioned by the mind's eye. One reason lighting has only lately become a more integral part of the architect's design vocabulary is his over-concern with lighting as hardware. Attention has centered on what lighting fixtures looked like rather than how they performed.

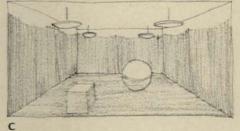
The architect can help avoid lighting mistakes if in the very beginning of the design process he decides how he wants This report has been prepared in collaboration with Sylvan R. Shemitz and Associates/Lighting Consultation and Design

the space to appear. If he does, and communicates his ideas with his consultant for lighting, the range of techniques and equipment suitable for the purpose can be identified very simply. If, on the other hand, this decision is postponed, chances are that range of solutions will be considerably restricted—perhaps requiring complicated, expensive techniques.

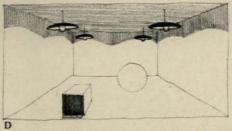
The purpose of this article is to help the architect think about how he wants spaces to appear, and to present, in a general way, what his options are. The sketches on the first two pages suggest a variety of visual effects. If uplighting alone is used, for example, the space may be bland, monotonous and flat. Highlights and shadows created by directional light help the viewer see and sense the volume and shape of a space. Light can direct a viewer's attention to a specific plane or object in a space. It can lead people through spaces by lighting specific areas of the floor, or draw them deeper into spaces by lighting vistas beyond. The chart that follows categorizes the basic lighting systems which can produce these, and other, effects. The numbers in the captions under the black-andwhite sketches refer to systems given in the chart. In addition the fold-out includes a summary of the most widely used lamps. These aids are to help the architect more fully appreciate and comprehend the range of effects produced by various lighting systems and the space required for equipment; also to improve communications with his consultant for lighting. The intent is to stimulate thinking about lighting solutions but not to offer a catalog of effects keyed to specific space use.

Lighting effects generally suggested in the sketches can be produced by systems given in the fold-out chart. Numbers in captions are system types.

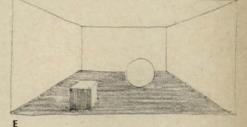




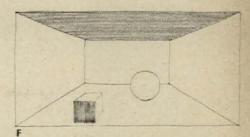
Wide uplights (saucers) 16c



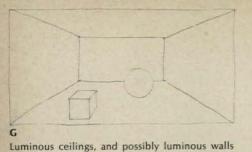
Wide downlights (domes) 16b

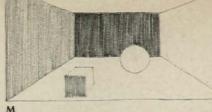


Wall washers (3 walls), uplights 1,2,3,6,7,8,16,19,21

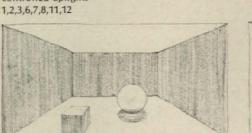


Wall washers (3 walls), downlight 1,2,3,6,7,8,11,12,13,14,16b,18





Wall washers (rt wall), concentrating downlights, controlled uplights

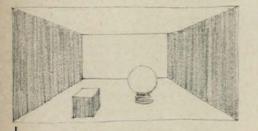


Concentrating downlights, controlled uplights 11,19,21

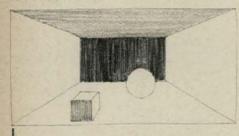


20,23

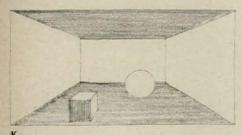
Wall washers (It and rt walls), concentrating downlights, controlled uplights 1,2,3,6,7,8,11,12,19,21



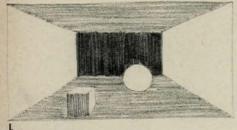
Wall washers (rr wall), concentrating downlight, controlled uplight 1,2,3,6,7,8,11,19,21



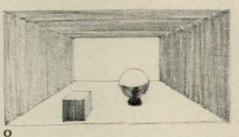
Wall washers (It and rt walls), concentrating downlight 1,2,3,6,7,8,11



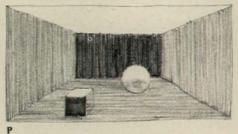
Wall washers (3 walls) 1,2,3,6,7,8



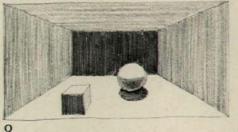
Wall washers (It and rt walls) 1,2,3,6,7,8



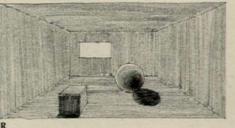
Wall washers (rr wall), concentrating downlight 1,2,3,6,7,8,11



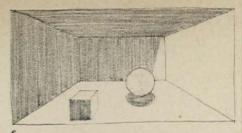
Controlled uplight (from left and right) 19,21



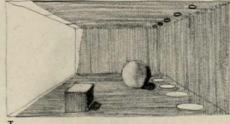
Concentrating downlight



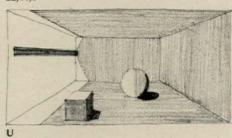
Accent light (picture framer) 22



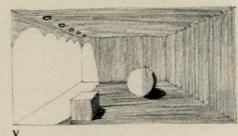
Wall washers (rt wall), concentrating downlights 1,2,3,5,6,7,8,10,11



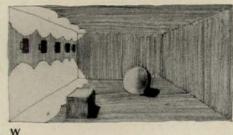
Wall washers (It wall), accent lights 10 with directional shielding 22,11,6



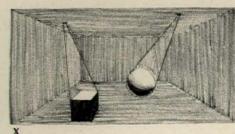
Wall washer (valance) 9



Downlights (scalloping) 11,12



Up-down wall brackets (scallops) 4



Accent lights (on objects) 22

PRODUCT REPORTS

For more information circle selected item numbers on Reader Service Inquiry Card, pages 263-264

300 301 303 304 302

A.I.D. award-winners show a thoughtful, sophisticated approach

A six-man jury, including two architects, chose 14 "original designs in the modern manner" as award winners at the 23rd Annual International Design Awards program sponsored by the American Institute of Interior Designers early this year. Here are some of the winners:

Olivier Mourgue's freely shaped chaise longue has a frame of steel tubing that supports rubber webbing and synthetic foam over which spans a two-way stretch fabric that is zippered. The manufacturer is France's Airborne International; importer is George Tanier, Inc.

Circle 300 on inquiry card

A chair designed by Verner Panton and manufacturered by Herman Miller is made of a single unit of molded fiberglass with contours that suggest modern sculpture. It may be ivory, red or blue.

Circle 301 on inquiry card

A planter bench designed by Elsie Crawford and manufactured by Architectural Fiberglass presents a fresh approach to street furniture. The bench is made of chopped glass fibers impregnated with resins and is reported to be virtually maintenance-free.

Circle 302 on inquiry card

Joe Colombo's sleek floor lamp has a metal shade that adjusts to any height and tilts to beam sideways. The manufacturer is Ostuni O-Luce and the importer, George Kovacs, Inc.

Circle 303 on inquiry card

Kaleidoscope by Design Studio is being produced in vinyl floor covering by the Amtico Flooring Division of American Biltrite Rubber Co., Inc.

Circle 304 on inquiry card

Window-walls made of glass units that contain sculptured relief surfaces and fired-on black ceramic frit suggest the fluid qualities of a hand-molten glass screen that changes with each shift of light. Peter Muller-Munk Associates are the designers of this Pittsburgh Corning Corporation product.

Circle 305 on inquiry card

more products on page 184d

OFFICE LITERATURE

For more information circle selected item numbers on Reader Service Inquiry Card, pages 263-264

CONCRETE / "Manual on Architectural Concrete" is a 152-page paperback book prepared by Morris Liebeskind, principal engineer for the Board of Education of the City of New York. This third in a series is intended to assist "in the preparation of plans and specifications and inspection work for School Buildings, which include Architectural Concrete." This manual includes important items pertaining to architectural concrete and covers such areas as cost, esthetics, construction, manufacturing, atmospheric conditions, and time of year for construction. It highlights possible problems and difficulties and lists guidelines. Checks of \$2 should be made payable to the Board of Education. • Morris Liebeskind, Office of School Buildings, 28-11 Bridge Plaza North, Long Island City, N.Y. 11101.

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do away with the costly, inconvenient nuisance of a cloak room—the slamming, banging, finger pinching of closet doors —the unattractive clutter of open shelving and, instead, give a completely flexible hidden-from-view wraps and storage system.

Each double wardrobe unit accommodates 16 pupils, is constructed to give long trouble-free service and as an extra bonus, provides 21 sq. ft. of colorful tackboard or chalkboard. Matching teacher's closet, storage cabinet, and sink units are available and can be combined to meet your special requirements. For a more complete story write for our catalog SL-48

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Vogel- Petekson company "The Coat Rack People" ELMHURST, ILLINOIS

For more data, circle 87 on inquiry card

includes full information on Acousti-Celotex products, UL time-rated assemblies, incombustible systems and Celo-Flow ventilation, and air distribution systems. Full-color photos show varied installations. • The Celotex Corporation, Tampa, Fla.*

Circle 400 on inquiry card

WALLBOARD SYSTEMS / 32-page manual features detailed information on the most popular systems of drywall construction. Data compares partition and floor/ceiling assemblies in the areas of fire resistance, sound control, thickness, weight and cost. • The Celotex Corporation, Tampa, Fla.*

Circle 401 on inquiry card

CHURCH LIGHTING / "Light in Churches" is a 26-page brochure that describes in text and illustration the technology of modern engineered lighting and gives insight into the esthetic demands of church illumination. "The aim is to provide a broad look at the most recent and modern advances in the lighting of church, temple, shrine, synagogue, chapel or basilica." Four types of light-utilitarian, festive, accent, and architectural-and the specialized lighting fixtures presently used to generate them effectively are delineated. \$1 . The Rambusch Company, 40 West 13th Street, New York City 10011.

SOUND CONTROL / Twenty different sound-insulating partition systems using wood framing are described in an 8-page booklet. The booklet explains that wood-framed wall partitions can readily be made effective sound barriers and can be installed economically in both high-rise and low-rise buildings. The stud-wall systems included were developed by seven different companies and associations, and all were laboratory tested. Western Wood Products Association, Portland.

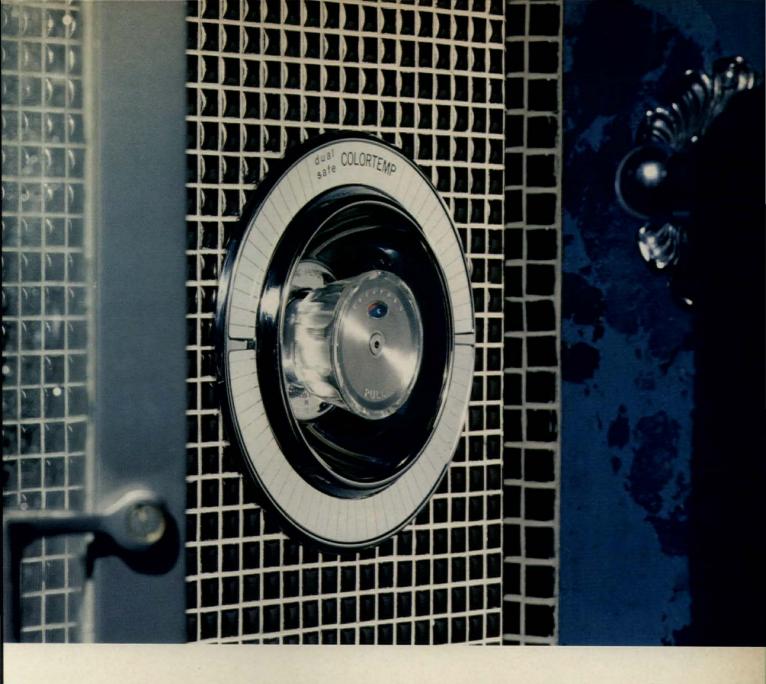
Circle 402 on inquiry card

NOISE CONTROL SILENCERS / "A Solution to the Noise Control Problem" is a 6-page bulletin that explains the advantages of using dynamically rated prefabricated duct silencers to control air handling system noise. Bulletin gives instructions for selecting such silencers. Industrial Acoustics Company, Inc., Bronx, N.Y.

Circle 403 on inquiry card

* Additional product information in Sweet's Architectural File

more literature on page 237



<u>This</u> shower control protects your comfort two ways. Beautifully by Speakman.

Dual-Safe Colortemp's red and blue dial regulator lets you pre-set the precise water temperature you enjoy most. **Dual-Safe** Colortemp shower valves hold temperature constant—automatically balances hot and cold water pressures.

So once pre-set—even though water is turned on elsewhere in the house—a steady never scald, never icy temperature is maintained. Never any burning or chilling surges of hot or cold water.

It's what's outside that counts. Dial red for hot. Blue for cold. In-between for just right. With Speakman **Dual-Safe** Colortemp you can see what you're doing-visibly pre-dial

the safe comfortable water temperature you desire.

It's what's inside that counts. Once the water is turned on under normal operating conditions, a new Speakman twin piston system instantly adjusts to hot and cold input variations—to maintain the safe comfortable temperature you originally dialed.

Dual-Safe Colortemp for dual safe comfort in the shower. Beautifully designed and exceptionally engineered by Speakman. Why not let Speakman quality speak for you.

Send for complete descriptive literature without obligation.



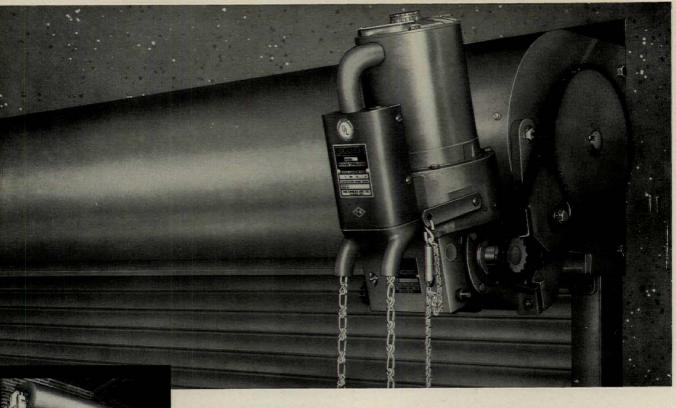
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For more data, circle 88 on inquiry card

KINNEAR Motor Operated Rolling Doors





U/L Listed-

Both the Akbar Fire Door and the operator - separately and in combination - are tested and listed by the Underwriters' Laboratories and available for locations calling for an approved automatic closure in the event of fire. The operator is also U/L listed for application on rolling service doors.

features the finest power operator

Specify --- power operator shall be designed especially for rolling doors and manufactured by the door manufacturer.

Today's most efficient - MONEY-SAVING - door package! A door that has timeproven its operating advantages combined with the "last word" in an electrical operating device. Two matched, coordinated units designed, built and backed by one company recognized for its reliability and door specialization for over 70 years. That's what you're assured when you specify KINNEAR for your service door requirements. But, there's still more!

Among the operator features that make a Kinnear Door your most economical buy are:

- Automatic Clutch Smooth Shock-free operation eliminates door or motor damage in case of doorway obstruction or motor overload.
- Emergency manual operation in event of power failure.
- Motor easily removed for repair or replacement without affecting emergency manual operation.
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- Flexibility of mounting bracket or wall.

This, of course, doesn't include all the "money-saving" features embodied in the door itself. In addition to more serviceability per dollar invested, a Kinnear Door is "REGISTERED" for life extension and also further protected by Kinnear's nationwide service organization. Be sure to have Kinnear's details when you specify doors.

Also manufacturers of Rolling Fire Doors and Shutters, Metal Rolling Grilles, Rolling Counter Shutters and Wood or Metal Overhead Type Doors.

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Offices & Representatives in All Principal Cities -listed in Yellow Pages under "Doors." Also see Sweet's!

INNEA ROLLING DOORS

Saving Ways in Doorways Since 1895

Bright idea

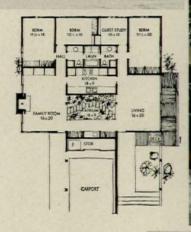
Space-saving showers that never squeeze people!

Bradley Column Showers serve more people in less space than ordinary showers. They squeeze maximum use from every inch of available floor space. But Bradley Columns never squeeze people. Shower patterns leave *plenty* of room between bathers. Bradley Columns offer other important savings. They serve up to 6 people with one set of plumbing connections, cutting installation costs as much as 80%! Bright idea: put the squeeze on building costs. Put Bradley Column Showers into your shower room plans. See your Bradley representative. And write for literature. Bradley Washfountain Co., 9109 Fountain Blvd., Menomonee Falls, Wis. 53051.

Trom

Moving nature indoors is easy... with trees, plants and ceramic tile.





The pleasures of an indoor garden are obvious. But, an atrium is often gained at the expense of convenience, or given a selfdefeating "fish bowl" treatment.

Architect Ray Heuholt, A.I.A., solved this dilemma by combining living things and a natural material – ceramic tile – in this Des Moines, Iowa home. A ceramic mosaic floor surrounds the atrium and covers the family room, entranceway, kitchen, bath and halls. The atrium can be maintained simply, without worrying about water, soil, spilled gravel or falling leaves.

Ceramic wall tile and decorator tile are also used in the house for which Des Moines Marble & Mantle Co. served as tile contractor.

The colors, shapes, sizes, textures and patterns of American ceramic tile are endless. The seal at right on every carton of Certified Quality Tile is your assurance of tile that is regularly tested by an independent laboratory to meet the most rigid government specifications. For information write: Tile Council of America Inc., 800 Second Ave., New York, N.Y. 10017.

MEMBER COMPANIES: American Olean Tile Co., Inc. • Cambridge Tile Manufacturing Co. • Continental Ceramic Corporation • Florida Tile Industries, Inc. • Gulf States Ceramic Tile Co. • Keystone Ridgeway Company, Inc. • Lone Star Ceramics Co. • Ludowici-Celadon Company Marshall Tiles, Inc. • Mid-State Tile Company • Monarch Tile Manufacturing Inc. • Pomona Tile Manufacturing Co. • Sparta Ceramic Company • Summitville Tiles, Inc. • Texeramics Inc. • United States Ceramic Tile Co. • Wenczel Tile Company • Western States Ceramic Corp.

182 ARCHITECTURAL RECORD March 1968



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Styled for tomorrow ... crisp and bold with inherent qualities that are readily perceptible. See and specify this new series. The line is complete in size and models to meet requirements on your most demanding project. Complete catalog available on request. Write All-Steel Equipment Inc., Aurora, Illinois 60507.



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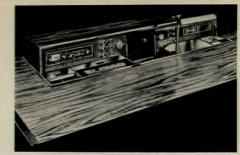
When you're above board, let your architectural fancy run free. But down under, it's all function. Specify Vulcathene® Corrosion Resistant Drainline Systems for laboratory wastes. Alkalies, salts, organic compounds, mineral acids, radioactive wastes are handled without failure, without maintenance, without any sign of change-year after year. Heat-fused joints are leakproof. You can assure your client the most economical permanent system on the market. Over 25,000 installations, over 600 code approvals.

Vulcathene Drainline Systems keep your underground in the best shape. Completely integrated polyolefin systems—sinks, pipe, traps, fittings, couplers, adapters, and dilution tanks—available in stock from 1/2 to 6 inches. See our catalog in Sweet's Architectural or Industrial Construction Files, or write Dept. 3703, Nalgene Piping Systems Division, Rochester, New York 14602.



NALGENE PIPING SYSTEMS NALGE / RITTER PFAUDLER CORPORATION PRODUCT REPORTS

continued from page 177



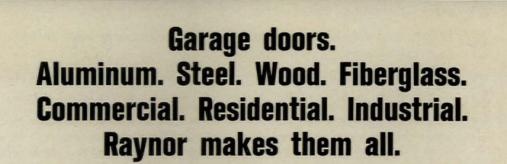
ELECTRONIC DESK / The V.I.P. is a complete electronic center with a walnut and steel double pedestal desk. The console contains the following: all-transistor AM/FM clock radio, built-in portable cassette tape recorder that operates on AC/DC current or rechargeable batteries, all-transistor UHF and VHF television receiver with closed-circuit adapter, high-intensity lamp that swivels and tilts, AC outlet located in miscellaneous storage compartment, digital calendar, memo compartment, telephone index in a compartment, and pen and pencil set. . Interstate Industries, Inc., Chicago.

Circle 306 on inquiry card



UNOBSTRUCTING BLINDS / It is hard to show in a photograph how well these blinds work in giving an almost unobstructed view of the outside, while maintaining the functional value of the conventional blind. In these blinds everything has been reduced to elegant scale: the slats are 1-in. wide and .011in. thick; and the conventional 11/2-in. wide tape has been replaced with braided polyester yarn about 0.45 in. in diameter. The Magic Wand tilt control is a transparent hexagon rod that replaces tilt cords. The rod not only allows micrometer slat adjustment, but holds the slats in the adjusted position without slippage. The blinds are available in white, oyster white, eggshell, sand, pastel green, squirrel gray, and raw umber, colors which, when used well, can add to the invisibility of the open blinds. There are also classroom blinds which can make a room extremely dark for slide or movie projection. Levolor Lorentzen, Inc., Hoboken, N.J. Circle 307 on inquiry card

more products on page 189



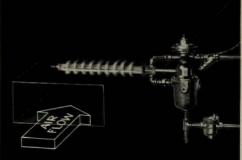
RAYNOR.

The Brand You Can Depend On

Raynor builds fine quality garage doors in all four popular materials . . . wood, aluminum, Raylon (fiberglass), and steel. For residential, commercial and industrial uses. All from one source. And what a source! The industry's finest guarantees coupled with such advantages as data film registration for permanent parts-list records. Custom-wound springs. Extra-heavy tracks. Customized hardware to fit all installation situations. TEDLAR®-protected Raylon (fiberglass). Electric operators for every door. You name it, Raynor has it. For selection, delivery, and quality, depend on Raynor. Send for literature. Raynor Manufacturing Company, Dixon, Illinois.



7 reasons why architects should be concerned with humidification



Armstrong "Dry Steam" Humidifiers introduce water vapor into the air flow to provide accurately controlled relative humidity.

Human Comfort—When air is dry, normal moisture evaporates from the skin more rapidly and produces a feeling of chilliness, even with the temperature at 75°F or more. Nose and throat membranes tend to feel uncomfortably dry without adequate humidity.

2 Personal Health—Research indicates that some disease-causing bacteria that thrive in very dry or very moist air die quickly at relative humidities of 45% to 55%.

"Shock" Reduction—Irritating and uncomfortable shocks from static electricity discharge are reduced as relative humidity approaches 50% or more.

Preservation of Furnishings—Moisture loss from wood panelling, furniture and fixtures in dry air can lead to material deterioration in the form of glued joint failure, checking, shrinking and cracking.

Dust Control—Maintenance of adequate relative humidity reduces the formation of dust and helps reduce its settling out.

6 Safety—Adequate relative humidity helps prevent the accumulation of static electricity which, in a potentially explosive atmosphere, could be hazardous.

7 Production Efficiency—In operations where machines generate static electricity or where "static-prone" materials such as paper, films, plastics, etc., are handled, controlled humidification can substantially reduce or eliminate the static problem.

Good reasons all why controlled humidification is a very important (if not essential) consideration in the development of any building. You can find out more about it in *The Armstrong Humidification Book*, a comprehensive handbook on humidity control for industry, institutions and commercial buildings. Write for your copy today to ...



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812 MH

TRI-CON*

The finish spreads an aura of color richness. The soft metallic sheen of TRI-CON gathers into its highlights the immediate surroundings until the hinge reflectively takes on the beauty of its environment. TRI-CON three-knuckle hinges cost no more than conventional premium hinges. Yet they provide the refinement of concealed pin tips and plugs, self-lubricating Delrin sleeves, ball-bearings that are completely concealed without bulge, and only two horizontal lines in the entire upsweep of the slimline barrel. *Write or phone for sizes and other specifications*.

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PRODUCT REPORTS



shows 54 basic types and 194 different sizes –



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- Door bottoms, automatic and manual
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- Sliding door weather strip
- Meeting rail weather strip
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Excellence and economy—that's why America's leading architects have been specifying Accurate Metal weather strip for 67 years. This brand-new, 24-page catalog shows it all—with large-scale, blueprint installation drawings and complete specifications. All styles for all applications, including the most difficult. Advanced design, finest materials and manufacture. Fabricated from purest quality zinc, architectural bronze, aluminum, brass.



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HOSPITAL ELECTRONICS / All major communication and time control systems serving patients, doctors, nurses, administrators and all key departments have been combined in a consolidated system capable of being engineered, installed and serviced by a single source of responsibility. One obvious advantage of Servo-Communications is its incorporation of all wiring in a single installation with just one major conduit. Among the dozens of electronic functions that have been incorporated are pillow speaker units that include nurse call button with TV, radio and even room light controls, central telephone dictation, elapsed time indicators, multi-channel radio, TV signal distribution and receivers, and educational closed circuit and video tape accommodations to as sophisticated a degree as needed. To speed up admissions and reduce statistical work, the system features visual status indicator panels in both admissions and housekeeping offices. Simultaneously, panels reveal the status of each room or bed. Dukane Corporation, St. Charles, Ill.

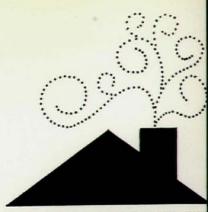
Circle 312 on inquiry card



DIAL CONTROL / The volume of air delivered by an air conditioner may be selected to an infinitesimal degree with a dial. Controls employ "solid state" components, and ac motors provide smooth transition from one speed to another. The only moving part is a "volume control." • Friedrich Refrigerators Inc., San Antonio, Texas.

Circle 313 on inquiry card

more products on page 203



FREE PUMP REFERENCE FIL TELLS HOW YOU CAN GET

instant Water

IN THE HOMES YOU DESIGN AND BUILD BEYON THE WATER MAINS

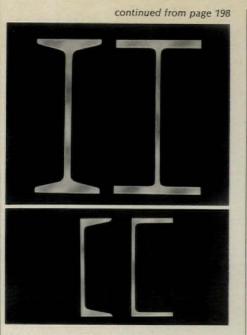
Red Jacket's new pump reference file "Practical Engineering Information" should be at the side of anyone interested in designing an building homes beyond the water mains. Complete and comprehensive, it covers everything from an erage water requirements for home and farm, procedures for determining distance to water level, practical suction lifts . . . t water friction tables and how t estimate operating costs.

As a handy reference it will hel you be sure you're specifying an installing the right size and typ of pump and tank for present an future requirements for any hom water system. It's yours for th asking — just clip the coupon!

For more data, circle 107 on inquiry card

For more data, circle 108 on inquiry car

PRODUCT REPORTS



ALUMINUM REDESIGNS / New standard structural I-beams and channels of extruded aluminum have been designed to take advantage of the fact that they are extruded and that they are made of aluminum. The new designs, all for Alloy 6061-T6, include wider flanges for improved section properties, straight flanges for simplified joining and flanges of equal thickness for I-beams and channels of same height to permit easier joining. The 15 new I-beams range in size from 3 in. to 12 in., the 20 channels from 2 in. to 12 in. The photos show the old standard shapes on the left and the new on the right. . The Aluminum Association, New York City.

Circle 314 on inquiry card



STEEL COATINGS / Nyocon steel coating resists dirt and stain penetration, is unaffected by wear and surface abrasion, and will not chip or craze. It is reported resistant to most acids and alkalis and will not support bacteria and fungus growth. The surface is self-extinguishing and will not support combustion. Nyocon is available in a wide range of colors in an orange peel texture that diffuses light and eliminates glare. ■ Desco International Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

> Circle 315 on inquiry card more products on page 218

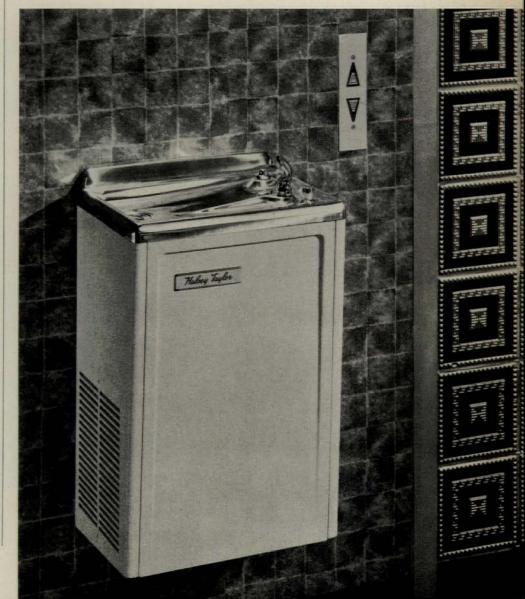
or more data, circle 108 on inquiry card

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Whether you have a few people or a storeful to serve, Halsey Taylor wall-mounted electric water coolers are designed to deliver. Capacities range from 8 to 20 gallons of cool water per hour. Units can be easily face-mounted to any type wall at any conventional height. Plumbing connections are concealed in the cabinet. Cabinets come in baked gray enamel, gleaming stainless steel, or vinylclad steel with a choice of colors and textures. Hot water dispenser (coffee bar) available. Send for 1968 catalog — or look us up in Sweet's or the Yellow Pages. THE HALSEY W. TAYLOR COMPANY, 1560 Thomas Road • Warren, Ohio 44481.

HALSEY TAYLOR

THIRST

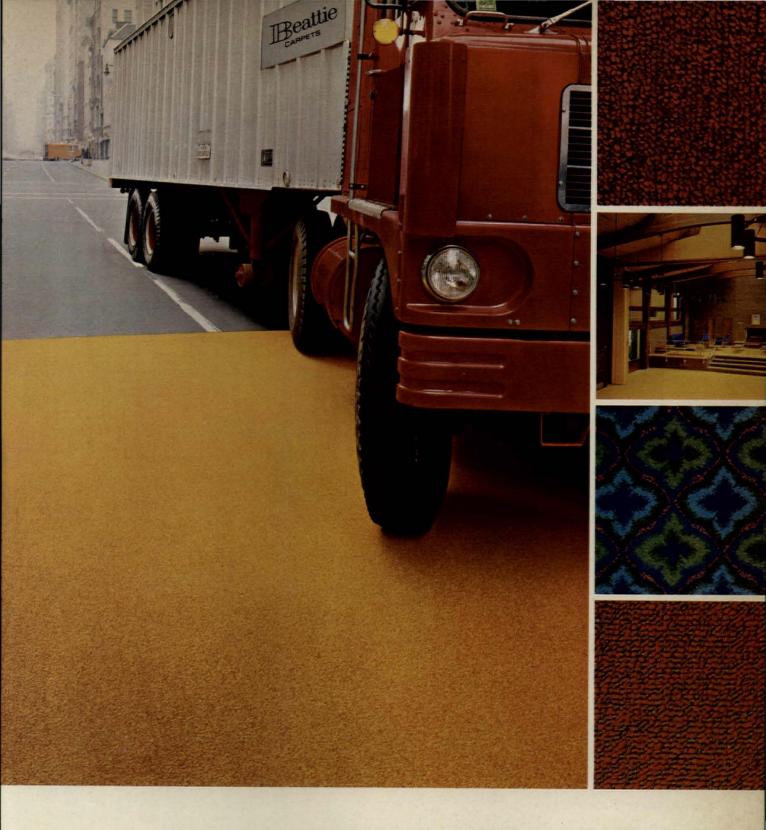


LITE-TRAC

a universal lighting system



A Division of U.S.INDUSTRIES INC.



how much density?

Carpeting must be specifically tailored to the traffic level of the installation. The densely constructed carpet shown above is built to perform perfectly in the most heavily used commercial areas. Get the full story, including information on Nyloc made with

A.C.E. continuous filament nylon, in the "Contract Carpet Guide", a full color booklet from the source that offers full scope capabilities in commercial and institutional carpeting...Beattie.



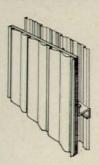
242 Main Stre Little Falls, N	lew Jersey 0742	24
Please send booklet to:	free "Contrac	t Carpet Guide"
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THE BEATTIE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LITTLE FALLS, NEW JERSEY. Showrooms in Atlanta, Chicago, Dallas, Denver, Los Angeles, New York, San Francisco

continued from page 203

STAR INTEGRATED S-2 WALL SYSTEMS WITH DU-LITE* INSURE GOOD LOOKS ... EASY UPKEEP.

S O F T S H A D O W S AGAINST A SURFACE OF HARD STEEL. Just because a building's practical doesn't mean it has to look that way. That's the "why" of Star's new integrated S-2 wall systems—steel flourishes so designed that even their fastening systems are hidden. One S-2 wall system combines attractive exte-



rior panel with interior panel to form an efficient *integrated* curtain wall. Or, may be used by itself. Backed with $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch vinyl-backed fiber-glass of $\frac{1}{2}$ -pound density, these wall systems provide insulation comparable to 32 inches of concrete block.

NEW DEPTH-OF-PROTECTION GIVEN S-2 BY THE ADDITION OF DU PONT "DU-LITE." Test after test indicates DU-LITE to have superior resistance to weather and polluted atmospheres. The result? Durability that stays on — not just colors added on. Wall and roof systems with DU-LITE are guaranteed by Star for 10 years against chalking (in excess of ASTM D-659-44 No. 8 specification test) and fading more than 5 NBS Units color variation . . . against peeling or blistering for 15 years.

STAR HAS THE WIDEST SELECTION OF PRE-ENGINEERED BUILDING SYSTEMS AVAILABLE: Including 8 structural systems, 12 design loads, 6 integrated wall systems, Underwriters' Laboratories-approved roof, standard clear span widths up to 160 feet, standard multi-span widths up to 240 feet — greater if you desire.

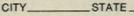
*Reg. U.S. Pat. Off. for Du Pont's fluoropolymer finish.

STAR STEEL BUILDING SYSTEMS



FOR MORE INFORMATION FILL OUT AND RETURN THIS INFORMATION-REQUEST FORM TODAY.

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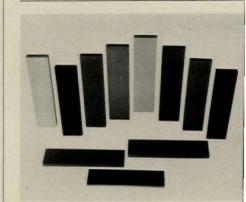


LIGHTING/ Smooth-spun aluminium orbs are designed for indoor applications where PAR and R lamps must be concealed in clean, decorative housings. The fully adjustable fixtures accommodate con-



ventional incandescent, cool beam and tungsten halogen lamps in 75 to 1000 watt sizes for mood, general-purpose or display lighting in churches, museums, art galleries, banks, restaurants, lounges, hotels and commercial applications where items must be showcased with precise color fidelity. Also included in the complete line are special-purpose low-voltage pencil-beams for pinpoint accent spotting and 100 watt and 175 watt long-life mercury floods. Fixtures are available in epoxy painted or brushed metallic finishes, flush or pendant mounted, with or without integral louvers, color lenses, ballasts or transformers . Stonco Electric Products Company, Kenilworth, N.J.

Circle 316 on inquiry card



SLIM TILES / These tiles, 9³/₄ in. by 2³/₈ in. with ¹/₂-in. thickness, may be used for both interior and exterior applications. The tiles, which are manufactured in West Germany, are reported impervious to the elements and are available in 11 colors. • Latco Products, Los Angles. *Circle 317 on inquiry care*

more products on page 236

The first things to put into storage are imagination and Western Wood.

When you design a "Personality Closet" like this, it's nice to know you needn't strain your client's budget in moving it from your drafting table into a house or apartment.

Here's how Western Wood can do the job so beautifully and economically: Standard shelf widths save cutting time. Smooth finished ends and edges need no covering. A full line of board, dimension, woodwork and door products are available at most local building supply dealers. And Western Wood's warm natural textures respond glowingly to stains and other finishes.

Great storage ideas are yours for the asking. Just send us the coupon.

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Send me your full-color booklet of storage ideas, storage plans and "Catalog A," a wood products selection and specification manual. Name

Zip

Firm Address City

For more data, circle 148 on inquiry card

148 on inquiry card Western Wender include knotty and clear grades of Douglas Fir, Ponderosa Pine, Western Red Cedar, Incense Cedar, Western Hemlock, White Fir, Engelmann Spruce, Western Larch, Lodgepole Pine, Idaho White Pine and Sugar Pine.
One of a series presented by members of the Forest Products Promotion Council.

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...with Fuller Tuff-Lite[®] Matrix the design direction is entirely up to you.

Choose Fuller Tuff-Lite,[®] the epoxy-based Wall Matrix specifically formulated for exposed aggregate construction. It's your key to complete freedom of design creativity in new construction or remodeling. It is the one matrix that can be used for

It is the one matrix that can be used for interiors or exteriors, on flat surfaces (vertical or horizontal), around corners, on concrete, brick, wood or any dry clean substrate.

Fuller Tuff-Lite® is an unusually strong, exceptionally lightweight material designed to be used as a base in exposed aggregate construction . . . for walls, columns, dimensional design areas. Allows greater exposure of aggregate. Eliminates costly erection. TuffLite[®] is available in any color. And the color you specify remains uniform for the complete job. Will blend or contrast with any aggregate used. Tuff-Lite[®] retains its color—and superior bonding strength—through wind, snow, frost and all temperature changes. Will not pit, spall or peel. Will not shrink, chip, crack or craze.

Just a $\frac{3}{6}''$ layer is all that's necessary. Can be applied and seeded immediately. Or can be used in making pre-formed, lightweight sections off the job. Cures in less than 24 hours.

Choose Fuller—a complete line of adhesives for the Construction Industry.



Refer to Sweet's Architectural Catalog File 11o/Fu or Write for FREE Brochure.

1150 Eustis St., St. Paul, Minn. 55108, Dept. 258R42

continued from page 237

LIGHTING / Contemporary lamps and lighting make up an 86-page catalog for 1968. Koch & Lowy Inc., New York City.

Circle 410 on inquiry card

BUILDING PRODUCTS / Three brochures give information on roof insulation, expansion joint cover, and aggregate. The 8-page Permalite Sealskin rigid roof insulation board catalog gives full listings of approvals and physical test data. The 4-page brochure on Metalastic, metal-butyl insulated expansion joint cover, contains detailed perspective drawings showing installation and explains the superior performance and extra long life claims for the prefabricated cover. The 8-page Permalite perlite brochure describes the uses and is illustrated with drawings, charts and tables.

Grefco, Inc., Chicago.*

Circle 411 on inquiry card

CORRUGATED PANELS / A 12-page booklet on Kavrex (steel reinforced rigid vinyl) corrugated building panels explains various industrial and commercial installations-roofing and sidingwhere a combination of non-combustibility, high strength and load bearing characteristics, and light transmissions or opacity are required. . Kaykor Products Corporation, Yardville, N.I. Circle 412 on inquiry card

STEEL / "The Modern World of Hot Dip Galvanized Steel" is a 16-page booklet that describes and illustrates highway, architectural, bridge, structural and other applications of after-fabrication hot-dip galvanizing. Such recent developments as galvanized reinforcing steel for concrete construction are discussed. American Hot Dip Galvanizers Asso-

ciation, Washington.

Circle 413 on inquiry card

ELECTRICAL WIRING / A 16-page booklet discusses how modern buildings are solving their electrical wiring problems by running power and telephone lines through the hollow cells of precast concrete floors. . The Flexicore Co., Inc., Dayton, Ohio.*

Circle 414 on inquiry card

SCHOOL INTERIORS / Eight-page brochure illustrates Vicrtex V.E.F. wallcoverings in a range of locations such as classrooms, corridors, and cafeterias. . L. E. Carpenter and Company, Inc., New York City.

Circle 415 on inquiry card

* Additional product information in Sweet's Architectural File

more literature on page 259

For more data. circle 150 on inquiry card

another trend setter from mcPhilben...

NEW! WEATHERTIGHT EXTRUDED ALUMINUM FLUORESCENT UNITS

The 97 line_rugged, totally enclosed fixturesideal for any wet location

mcPhilben brings you a fixture of great structural strength whose clean rectilinear styling blends naturally with the most contemporary architectural concepts. Heavy wall aluminum construction combined with an unbreakable polycarbonate diffuser creates a virtually indestructible unit. A clear prismatic acrylic diffuser is standard for normal applications. Fully enclosed and gasketed, the 97 Line keeps out water under pressure, vapors, bugs and grease. Your choice of one or two lamp units with ballasts for starting temperatures as low as -20°F. Varied mountings available.



97 Line has a continuous knuckle hinge door (see left) that swings away to simplify relamping and is completely removable for maintenance. The door locks with guarter turn Phillips head Camloc captive screws. Write for complete specifications and data.





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METAL BAR GRATING / Manual gives essential current technical data on bar gratings and stair treads of both steel and aluminum. The 24 pages reflect engineering principles and practices recommended by leading manufacturers. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers, Chicago.

Circle 416 on inquiry card

ARCHITECTURAL MODELS / "Professional Model Building Materials" is a 12page catalog explaining various units. It includes finished trees, tree structures, and two-dimensional trees; there are vehicles, foam contours, covering materials, furniture and printed and patterned surfaces; and there are people, both cast and silhouetted. • Architectural Models, Inc., San Francisco.

Circle 417 on inquiry card

DRINKING FOUNTAINS / Catalog of stainless steel units presents fully recessed and semi-recessed, floor mounted and wall hung coolers. There are also sections on classroom sinks and faucets and fittings. • Elkay Manufacturing Company, Broadway, Ill.*

Circle 418 on inquiry card

TRANSLUCENT WALL-ROOF SYSTEMS / Two catalogs in four colors describe translucent wall and roof systems. The 8-page wall system and the 4-page roof system catalogs discuss use of the translucent panels in schools, factories, churches, office buildings and other structures. • Kalwall Corporation, Manchester, N.H.*

Circle 419 on inquiry card

PANEL FENCE / A 6-page color booklet introduces aluminum privacy panels, which could not only give privacy to the yard, but actually add to the surroundings. The booklet explains that vertical ribs and end caps prevent flexing or warping of the panel and the baked-on finish is reported never to require painting. Photos show several attractive installations. • Nichols Wire & Aluminum Company, Davenport, Iowa.

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SWIMMING POOL DESIGN / Extensive (over 100 pages) Design and Engineering Manual covers all phases of swimming pool planning and construction. This 1968 edition contains the newest development in equipment, design criteria and code requirements. Paddock Seablue, Inc., Dallas.*

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* Additional product information in Sweet's Architectural File

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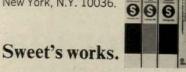


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