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10



A private army

Editorial

By Robert Ivy, FAIA

eeks later, the firepower lingers. Out of the barrage of coverage from the war in Iraq, one graphic image stands out: that of the young soldier triumphantly draping the head of the statue of lam Hussein with the American flag. His actions, those of an exuberant g warrior reaching the capital, have provoked conflicting reactions in viewlepending on where you stand in the world. While to some in the United 's, the message is of liberation from a repressive regime, to many in the Arab d and beyond, the semiotic message is mixed, including humiliation in it and occupation by a superior force. How America and its allies act in the wing months will determine the true meaning of our arrival in Baghdad.

What this war has proved, once again, is America's dominance of vorld scene. While we have no specific territorial ambitions, since the dency of Theodore Roosevelt and the subsequent opening of the Panama al in 1914 (featured in this issue of ARCHITECTURAL RECORD), the ed States finds itself in a position of inarguable military hegemony, ecoic prowess, and cultural ubiquity. Witness our virtual empire in which English language is widespread, almost universal; our media blanket the test islands of the South Pacific, a situation only broadened by the Web; nem and Big Macs rule in Philippine villages.

With all our might and reach, a cautionary note is in order. Think e numbers: From a global population of 6.286 billion, the United States prises 290 million, or only 4.2 percent of the total. Yet despite a chaling year to the economy, America's gross domestic product of \$10.82 on overwhelms Japan's, our closest competitor's, by three times. As tael Hastings pointed out in a recent issue of Newsweek, though we be the premier world economy, we represent a minority of the world's tation, and powerful minorities can become easy marks for resentment. trience shows that towers can become targets.

That's where architecture enters the picture. Architects are fretly the advance guard, the first emissaries, called forth by clients around vorld, not for their power, but for their skills. International governments private entrepreneurs seek American expertise in organizational management, in planning and building. Sometimes they employ us for our art. Rather than fearing us, our disparate partners place their trust in us, commissioning small- and large-scale enterprises, from housing to whole cities.

If our related professions played an active role in dismantling Iraq, while failing to protect the country's—indeed, the world's—irreplaceable cultural patrimony, our primary emphasis as architects in the coming days will lie outside of battle, as we articulate vision or strive to house populations. At this tenuous moment, our ambassadorial role calls for us to open our eyes and ears. Then we can avoid the imposed solution (bypassing architectural imperialism, if you will), assimilating the history of culture and place as we translate our clients' specific languages into physical form.

Today, despite the ongoing war, we American architects continue to meet clients in boardrooms in the United States and to travel abroad to pursue new work. This small airborne population of dedicated, intelligent women and men constitutes a private army of intellectual power, armed not with weaponry but with something stronger—the power to build.

While we all have been transfixed by the events in Iraq, regardless of personal opinions of the war, building always supercedes destruction. Throughout human history, it is our structures that have endured, whether in the Muslim world or in Western democracies. We are needed in the aftermath, to repair the diplomatic and physical damage that has been done and to plan for a new day, replacing firepower with brainpower—offering architecture as a step toward improved international relations for a world rich in individual cultures straining toward expression.

Palent frey

Good News! This year, RECORD is proud to have won a trifecta: three Jesse. H. Neal Awards, sponsored by American Business Media. Additionally, RECORD is a finalist in the General Excellence category for a National Magazine Award, sponsored by the American Society of Magazine Editors.

05.03 Architectural Record 21



Letters

erefore art we?

hk you for the article "Where Are Now?" [March 2003, page 88]. years I have used the phrase :ural bankruptcy" to describe the it of the wealthiest nation in the d during its most recent, unpreceed period of prosperity. I believe nation is undergoing a systematic calculated destruction of "comity." Florida, perhaps, leads the on as a severe case of this aise. My question to you is simply ther there exists, within the AIA, viduals who share a commitment olitical change (I am not referring choice of parties). Who are they how can I be of help? oger Grunke, AIA pa, Florida

nfortably numb

read the commentary ibeskind's plan for the World e Center (WTC) site by Joseph annini and am entirely disillued [Commentary, April 2003, e 891. I cannot believe that such iritual and poetic proposal is oming a numbed-down micron of corporate America. More find it uncomprehensible why skind conceded so muchted, I am a naive fourth-year itecture student-but how? am I to venture into this vast varied market with enthusiasm n the most important and public mission in history does not get to decent expectations? I had ound off to somebody, and I am vour magazine did, as well, I e the "democracy" we live in s, as well, and this tragedy does add insult to the tragedy of 9/11. ean Ramseier ona

locally

high time architects stimulate munity conversation through the gn process. The newly ignited passion for the built environment arising out of the World Trade Center designs has engendered an unprecedented interest in architecture and architects. The design for the WTC site should be only the beginning of this engagement with the public to become both aware of architecture and involved in the discussion of design. However, we can only hope the excitement and interest generated from the WTC process will be maintained and will expand to foment an interest in projects throughout the country. If we want this to continue and the community to truly take an interest in our professional contribution to society, architects must act through our professional association to continue to educate, enlighten, and challenge our communities.

Therefore, AIA must seize this moment to nurture this newly discovered awareness of architecture and architects by making relevant statements of the great qualities within each of our communities. To achieve this end, we need to promote our profession and its endeavors at a national level, but more importantly, we must support local programs to achieve a greater sense of awareness. —Judson A. Kline, AIA Cleveland

Careful what you wish for

Each profession goes through its cycle of highs and lows: Architecture was a focal point under Wright and Mies, business had its heyday in the 80s and 90s, medicine and science have the public's trust now. Libeskind and Bob lvy seem to be signaling the turn of the tide as "architecture goes mainstream" [Editorial, March 2003, page 21].

We have been grumbling so long about our salaries, the public's lack of trust in us, what will happen when we suddenly get what we want? What will happen when society turns to us architects, and we are asked to lead? When the spotlight shines on

us, will we see a profession that bickers amongst itself, individuals cutting each other down to try to get ahead? Or will we see architects listening to each other's ideas, truly collaborating with themselves and with the public? —*Mimi Tsai, AIA Chicago*

A sense of scale

Mr. Campbell's comments on the recent World Trade Center proposals [Critique, February 2003, page 75] are consistent with his typically balanced observations of architecture. Unfortunately, his parenthetical "sidelight" dismissing the relevance of the World Trade Center to the Port of New York and the Port Authority agency is completely unbalanced and factually erroneous. He asserts that the original 1960s program has been seemingly resurrected for the current project. He also should have noted or understood, then, that the program's primary focus was the development of a "world trade center" to bring international trade businesses, goals, interests, and intentions together in one place. The David Rockefeller-chaired report (approximately 1960) that defined a physical embodiment for such a "center," albeit on the other side of Lower Manhattan, went so far as to further say that the existing Port of New York Authority would best be the entity to undertake and operate such a "center." That recommendation was based on acknowledging the chartered purpose of the agency. Any "world trade center" based in the New York metropolitan region was (and is), by definition, inextricably linked to the region's trade, commerce, and economy. Any "center," without question, would have to somehow involve the one regional agency established and chartered specifically to address those topics.

Whether the actual WTC that evolved matched what was intended-a "center" to foster world trade-is not the issue. That is a subject for business analysts and economic philosophers, not architectural critics. Mr. Campbell's jibe of any world trade center being associated with the New York port region and the Port Authority is absolutely historically inaccurate and, moreover, casts a slur at the region and the agency. —Jeffrey L. Bryant, AIA Senior Architect—Planning & Engineering Group, Capital Programs Division, Port Commerce Department New York City

Towering inferior

Robert Campbell's critique of the latest WTC proposals [February 2003, page 75] was refreshing to read. He dares to point out that the Twin Towers "were dreadful in every way." Most critics felt so when they were new. There was a slow real estate market for the original buildings when they were built, and Campbell points out that there are 17 million square feet of office space currently vacant in Lower Manhattan. Is the only purpose of "cloning this ancient program to satisfy the developers who hold the leases ... and to collect their insurance money?" Must we "take back the [tallest building] title from Kuala Lumpur"? At least the Petronas Towers are soaring and graceful like the earlier New York City skyscrapers, very different from the "self-important new constructions" being proposed.

Even Campbell does not ask the questions that are on many people's minds: Why build another target at the site of two terrorist attacks? Who would willingly work in another such tower? Is our need to be biggest and most powerful part of the problem we have with the rest of the world? —Henrik Bull, FAIA San Francisco

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Letters

A feast of houses

This month's houses are a great selection, more varied than they've sometimes been but all elegant as hell. I'm amazed that you could gather such a collection. –John Morris Dixon, FAIA Old Greenwich, Conn.

Escape from streetscape

I consider one of this year's Record Houses, the Doblin Residence, to be a prime example of noncontextual design, particularly when it is taking place in the confines of a crowded urban district.

I do not contest the beauty and functionality of the interior design, and I am sure that the owners are deriving considerable joy and comfort within. But for those who pass by on the street, is a sterile wall of metal siding, relieved only by an open joint that suggests a door may possibly exist, a thing of beauty? Does it (dare I use the word) "fit" with the rest of the urban architectural fabric surrounding it?

The magazine's spread takes great pains not to show any of the adjoining or nearby properties in the photos of the facade. Would that have pointed out the incongruity of this structure set in an urban streetscape? The surrounding buildings must have visible doors, windows, sills, cornices, parapets, trim (another forbidden word), and other features that give life and vitality to an architectural project, missing in this street facade.

I guess I am somewhat oldfashioned in my belief that an architect does not work solely for his or her immediate client but is also "working" for the community at large to see that the project does not compromise life safety,



welfare, or health of the public, and is contextual with the urban landscape that it purports to be a part of. ---Marvin J. Cantor, FAIA Fairfax, Va.

The death of PoMo

I recently read your Record Houses

2003 issue. Although not stated, it seems to be your unofficial announcement of "The Death of Postmodernism You featured eight house And as Sarah Amelar states, the "motif currently finds expression most often through the vable layering of material: and textures." All of these houses succeed wonder and creatively in this reg While I admire all of

these houses, I wish just one had acknowledged t there was a Greek, Rom or Egyptian civilization rather than following ear Philip Johnson. I would

humbly request that you contact Messrs. Graves, Stern, and Venturi, et al., before vou make the official announcement of "The Death of Postmodernism." —Michael Shannon Bissell, Al/ **Bissell Architects** Jacksonville Beach, Fla.



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6

Letters

Pirates beware

I am familiar with the content of Alan Joch's article about software licensing [Digital Architect, April 2003, page 191]. I was the recipient of a BSA "warning letter designed to instill fear." The fear came the same way the corner merchant would cower when visited by the local underworld enforcer, "pay me or else." Joch mentioned the word piracy when referring to the end user fo software. I would like to offer a word to describe the tactics taken by the BSA-extortion.

I understand that there are violators for licensing agreements and that piracy is a problem for the software industry. What I don't agree with are the tactics the BSA and the other enforcement agencies take to intimidate. They use the law as an anvil and the fear of retribution as the hammer to get companies to

"pay" for their crime. I would be curious to know how many firms such as mine are wrongly accused and end up spending thousands to defend their businesses.

As a recipient of one of these letters, I saw no effort to determine fact. The BSA provided minimal opportunity for discussion, and they provided no evidence of fact that my office violated any license agreements. Their effort to determine merit lacked consistency and basic common sense. For example, I was accused of having 12 unlicensed copies of a software program when I had only six computers in my office. When I provided them the documentation for my software, they were confused because according to their records I had one more license than what I documented. There was no satisfying the BSA's agents. They would ask for documentation, and I would provide what they asked for. They would review and then ask for more. One software license I had dated back over 12 years. I was fortunate enough to have the original disks and CDs that came with the upgrades, but they weren't satisfied. They wanted to see the receipt for the original license. Even the IRS doesn't require a business to retain receipts for that length of time.

I was fortunate; the BSA's agents backed off after two years of harassment. I don't know if I provided them resistance they didn't count on or if they finally determined I wasn't going to roll over and pay them the money they were trying to extort. In a court of law you are confronted by your accuser and it is their burden to provide evidence to support their claim. In my dealings with the BSA, I was not provided either courtesy.

As an interesting aside, I am aware of a situation where a threatening letter was sent to a small-town business. It seems they had reliable information that this

business had violated several se ware license agreements. What they failed to find in their merit review was that the most sophi: cated electronic piece of equipm used by the business was an add machine and a 1960s vintage ca register.

—Harlan R. Faust Omaha

Corrections

In April's Record Houses, credit landscape for the Taghkanic Ho by Tom Phifer should have gone The Office of Dan Kiley, with lar scape designer Peter Morrow Meyer and project landscape a tect Nanda Patel. In the March article on green roofs [page 14! photo credit for the Chiropractic Health Center should be given t Charlie Miller, Roofscapes. In th March Building Types Study abo the Camino Nuevo School [pag 144], photo credit should have gone to Grant Mudford.

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Record News

Highlights WTC memorial competition p. 40 Mather's first U.S. project p. 42 Toronto's Union Station redo p. 46 AIA's Top Ten Green Projects p. 54

enmark's Jorn Utzon wins 2003 Pritzker Prize



Utzon (below) designed (clockwise from above) the Education re Prototype House in Herning, Denmark (1967); Sydney 'a House (1957–73); and Kuwait National Assembly (1972–82).



Utzon, best known as the itect who designed the Sydney 'a House, has been named 'ecipient of the 2003 Pritzker itecture Prize, considered the d's highest honor for a living itect. The 85-year-old Danish itect will be honored in a May eremony at the Royal Academy ne Arts in Madrid.

Most of Utzon's projects have a completed in his native mark, but it's the Sydney Opera se, an iconic building of curving forms, that catapulted his er. Construction began in 1959 was not completed until 1973, Utzon had bitter arguments Australian officials regarding and schedule issues. Pritzker Prize juror Frank Gehry, , a 1989 winner, said, "Utzon e a building [the Sydney Opera

se] well ahead of its time, far

ahead of available technology, and he persevered through extraordinary malicious publicity and negative criticism to build a building that changed the image of an entire country. It was the first time in our lifetime that an epic piece of architecture gained such universal presence."

Pritzker Prize jury chairman, Lord Rothschild, said, "Jorn Utzon created one of the great iconic buildings of the 20th century, an image of great beauty known throughout the world. In addition to this masterpiece, he has worked throughout his life fastidiously, brilliantly, quietly, and with never a false or jarring note. He is therefore a most distinguished recipient of the Pritzker Prize."

Utzon was commissioned in 1972 to design the Kuwait National Assembly, which was completed in 1982. The Kuwait building features





an expressive concave roof form. His other projects include the Fredensborg Housing Estate (1959–62), the Kingo Housing Estate (1956–58), Bagsvaerd Church (1973–76), and the Skagen Nature Center (2001), all in Denmark.

Utzon, who lives in a house he designed on the Spanish island of Majorca, is in poor health. His sons, Jan, 58, and Kim, 46, continue the practice of Utzon Architects in Haarby, Denmark. Jan will accept the award, which includes a bronze medallion and a \$100,000 grant, on his father's behalf.

The 2003 Pritzker Architecture Prize jury included Lord Rothschild, Gehry, Ada Louise Huxtable, Carlos Jimenez, Jorge Silvetti, Giovanni Agnelli (who died in January), and executive director Bill Lacy. John E. Czarnecki, Assoc. AIA

PRITZKER PRIZE LAUREATES

1979	Philip Johnson United States
1980	Luis Barragán Mexico
1981	James Stirling Great Britain
1982	Kevin Roche United States
1983	I.M. Pei United States
1984	Richard Meier United States
1985	Hans Hollein Austria
1986	Gottfried Boehm Germany
1987	Kenzo Tange Japan
1988	Gordon Bunshaft United States
	Oscar Niemeyer Brazil
1989	Frank O. Gehry United States
1990	Aldo Rossi Italy
1991	Robert Venturi United States
1992	Alvaro Siza Portugal
1993	Fumihiko Maki Japan
1994	Christian de Portzamparc France
1995	Tadao Ando Japan
1996	Rafael Moneo Spain
1997	Sverre Fehn Norway
1998	Renzo Piano Italy
1999	Sir Norman Foster Great Britain
2000	Rem Koolhaas The Netherlands
2001	Jacques Herzog and Pierre de Meuron Switzerland
2002	Glenn Murcutt Australia
2003	Jorn Utzon Denmark

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Record News

REBUILDING LOWER MANHATTAN

OFF THE RECORD

A \$36 million portion of President Bush's \$74.7 billion supplemental budget request for the war with Iraq was earmarked for a new U.S. embassy in Baghdad.

After a number of false starts, construction began in early April on the Holocaust Memorial in Berlin, designed by Peter Eisenman. It is likely to be completed by May 8, 2005, the 60th anniversary of the Nazi defeat. Eisenman, Cornell class of 1955, was given Cornell's Committee on the Arts and Council for the Arts Distinguished Alumni Artist Award for 2002–03.

The New World Symphony of Miami Beach has hired Frank Gehry, FAIA, to design a performance, rehearsal, and teaching facility. The New World Symphony is the only postgraduate training orchestra in the U.S.

Minneapolis-based Parker Durrant

International has designed a 3-millionsquare-foot retail and entertainment complex for Dalian, China. Ground breaking was in March, and construction will be completed by 2006.

Abraham Zabludovsky, a Mexican Modernist architect, died on April 9 at age 78. He was perhaps best known for his design of the Rufino Tamayo Museum and his renovation of the National Auditorium in Mexico City.

Maya Lin will be honored with Denmark's Finn Juhl Architecture Award in a ceremony on May 6 at the Danish Museum of Decorative Arts in Copenhagen.

Zaha Hadid, Frank Gehry, and Mack

Scogin/Merrill Elam Architects are on the shortlist to design the University of Connecticut's new \$30 million School of Fine Arts building, which will include an opera hall, recital hall, concert hall, media resource center, and studio. The winner will be named this summer.

Politics and legalities now focus for WTC

In the two months following the selection of the master plan by Daniel Libeskind for the World Trade Center (WTC) site, the political and legal maneuverings have been grabbing headlines. At the end of March, it appeared that a potential land swap involving the city and the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey was imminent, but the holder of the retail lease, Westfield America, is not pleased with Libeskind's design.

The Port Authority has made an offer in which the City of New York would acquire both the WTC site from the Port Authority and cash in the range of \$500 to \$700 million in exchange for LaGuardia and Kennedy Airports, which are leased by the Port Authority. At issue is the city's desire to maintain some control over the airports. The Port Authority is jointly controlled by New Jersey Governor James McGreevey and New York Governor George Pataki. According to *The New York Observer*, McGreevey has



At the February announcement of Libeskind's master plan, Libeskind (cen describes the model to Mayor Bloomberg (left) and Governor Pataki (right

voiced skepticism regarding the potential swap, but Pataki is said to support a deal. Negotiations continued at press time, and a decision is likely by July, at the latest.

Meanwhile, Westfield America, the American subsidiary of the Australia-based retail development giant that holds the lease for the retail component of the site, is concerned that its interests are ignored in Libeskind's plan. Westfield sent a letter on March 14 to Joseph Seymour, executive director of the Port Authority, which stated, in part: "We do not believe that the Port Authority or the [Lower Manhatt Development Corporation] has & proper consideration to our best professional judgment, much les our rights or commercial interes or to any additional alternatives would safeguard our interests."

The Observer reported on April 14 that both Libeskind and Think team presented to Westfie America representatives in Febru but "one Westfield source said th the company had felt 'lectured a by Libeskind." J.E.C.

Registration started and jury named for WTC memorial competition

Registration began April 28 for the competition to design a memorial at the World Trade Center site, and a entrants must register by May 29 to submit a design. A winning proposal will be selected in fall 2003. Visi www.renewnyc.com for more information.

The 14 jurors for the memorial competition are architect and artist Maya Lin, who designed the Vietnan Veterans Memorial in Washington, D.C.; Mexico City-based architect Enrique Norten, who won a competition t design a new arts library in Brooklyn, New York; New York City- and Cambridge, Massachusetts-based landscap architect Michael Van Valkenburgh; James Young, the chairman of the Department of Judaic and Near Eastern Studies at the University of Massachusetts, Amherst, and author of *At Memory's Edge: After-Images of the Holocaust in Contemporary Art and Architecture*; Paula Grant Berry, whose husband, David Berry, died in the South Tower of the World Trade Center; Deputy Mayor for Administration Patricia Harris, who advises Mayo Bloomberg on arts and cultural issues; Susan Freedman, president of the Public Art Fund; Michael McKeon, a managing director of Mercury Public Affairs, a political consulting firm, and a former director of communication for Governor Pataki; Lowery Stokes Sims, the executive director of the Studio Museum in Harlem; David Rockefeller, the former head of Chase Manhattan and a leading force in the original development of the World Trade Center; Vartan Gregorian, the president of the Carnegie Corporation of New York and former president of Brown University; and Julie Menin, founder of the Wall Street Rising organization. *J.E.C.*



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Record News

Mather design unveiled for Virginia Museum of Fine Arts



Mather's design includes a sculptural, expansive interior.

The Virginia Museum of Fine Arts (VMFA) will begin construction in 2004 on a \$100 million addition designed by Rick Mather. The museum, located in Richmond, selected Mather from a shortlist that included Smith-Miller Hawkinson. Hardy Holzman Pfeiffer, and Polshek Partnership. This is the first major U.S. commission for Mather, an American architect practicing in London.

Mather's 100,000-square-foot stone-andglass extension, which will open in 2007, breaks with the museum's revivalist roots. The VMFA's original neo-Georgian building, which opened in 1936, was designed by the Norfolk, Virginia, firm Peebles and Ferguson. The VMFA has added to that structure four times, most recently with a 1985 addition by Hardy Holzman Pfeiffer.

Mather's design remedies circulation problems with the existing complex. The Peebles and

It is scheduled to open in 2007.

Ferguson main entrance, for example on the museum's eastern elevation a faces The Boulevard, one of Richmor main thoroughfares. As the museum expanded, the entry was shuttered ir favor of direct access from the parkin lot. The forthcoming extension reorie the museum entrance to The Boulev and includes the "East Window," whic looks into a triple-height atrium. Mat says the glazed surface will "engage the city-it will make the buildings seem like one thing, and make it eas to see the whole museum."

Existing buildings will be retrofit with green features, such as a displacement ve tilation system. Mather claims the complex wil 80 percent more energy efficient than it is tod The VMFA will seek LEED certification.

A new north-facing entry plaza will include tall glazed volume with liquid-crystal technolog on the surface to display video.

Mather has incorporated with local firm SMBW to implement the design. Olin Partnersł is the landscape architect for the museum's sculpture garden, part of which will also be a green roof for a new parking deck. David Soke







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Record News

Cloepfil design for 2 Columbus Circle draws preservationist ir

Although 2 Columbus Circle—a 10-story gallery designed by Edward Durell Stone in 1964—is not an official landmark, New York City preservationists are preparing to fight the \$50 million redesign of the building by Brad Cloepfil of Allied Works for

the new home of the Museum of Contemporary Art and Design.

The redesign replaces the idiosyncratic building's crumbling white marble cladding with, according to Cloepfil, "somewhat diaphanous" terra-cotta panels punctuated by vertical glazed openings. He says the strategy increases the

museum's visibility by "giving an idea of what's happening inside," and allows daylight into the galleries.

But the new exterior spells the end of the existing portholes and sidewalk arcade of lollipop columns. To preservationists, Cloepfil's "design treats these remarkable elements as though they were expendable, if not contemptible," Kate Wood, executive director of Landmark West,

Factory buildings transformed into CaixaForum-Madrid

Swiss architects Jacques Herzog and Pierre de Meuron have unveiled their design for the CaixaForum-Madrid, a new private museum in the Spanish capital. The museum will house the collection of contemporary art of the Caixa Foundation, which is supported by the Caixa

Savings Bank (a sister institution opened in Barcelona last year, in a factory refurbished by Arata Isozaki and local architect Roberto Luna). A pair of early-20thcentury factory buildings a few steps from the Paseo

del Prado are presently on the site. The museum will be connected to the Paseo by a small plaza currently occupied by a gas station (pictured, left).

Herzog and de Meuron's plans call for a radical restructuring of the original brick buildings. The architects suggest removing the granite bases and leaving the brick shells, creating a covered entry plaza that occupies the entire site. The levitation of the buildings, they explain, resolves "problems such as the narrowness of



wrote in a letter to *The New York Times*. Cloepfil responds: "People have definite

associations with the decoration, but I also thin the building's singularity, monumentality—the color of it, even—are just as evocative."



Terra-cotta panels may replace the building's white marble exterior

The scheme also redefines the interior. Fu floors will be constructed in lieu of the original half-story intervals. Glass columns, with artwoi inside, will run vertically through the 54,000square-foot space.

The City Planning Commission must appro Cloepfil's design before the museum can purch the building and reconstruction can begin. *D.S*



The design will transform factory buildings (left) into a museum (abo

the surrounding streets, the placement of the main entrance, and the architectural identity o the institution in a single sculptural gesture."

An auditorium and the museum's technic and service spaces are located below the plaz with the exhibition galleries and other public fa ities above. A metal-clad superstructure, which will rise to a series of inclined planes, will be above the original brick walls. The \$25 million museum will be completed in 2005. *David Co*

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Record News

Toronto's Union Station to undergo restoration and renovatio

Downtown Toronto's grand old Union Station is soon to be restored. But earlier development plans for a boutique hotel and office space on the site are "not part of the discussions with the city at the moment," Cubie Dawson, the codirector of the project at Jones Lange LaSalle in New York, said. Zeidler Grinnell Partnership Architects of Toronto has designed the \$120 million historic restoration and renovation, which includes the addition of nearly 160,000 square feet of retail space. Construction, to be funded by the private sector, is expected to begin in early 2004.

The project is being developed by the Union Pearson Group, a consortium of U.S. and Canadian firms that includes Olympia & York and Jones Lange LaSalle, veterans of the restoration and redevelopment of both Grand Central Station in New York City and Union Station in Washington, D.C. Union Pearson Group was chosen by the City of Toronto in August 2002 following a controversial closed-selection process, in which names of the firms on the two finalist teams were not disclosed. The losing team of New York firm Beyer Blinder Belle, architects of New York's Grand Central restoration, and Rem Koolhaas and his Office for Metropolitan Architecture (OMA), envisioned a large civic square adjoining the station.

The resulting "harangue" related to the selection process—as Eb Zeidler, senior partner at Zeidler Grinnell, put it—has delayed the ratification of the city's master agreement with Union Pearson. Initial plans called for the development of station's air rights with a boutique hotel and office space designed by Helmut Jahn of Murphy/Jahn Architects. Jahn's firm no longer has a role in the project.

Zeidler's design will direct more traffic through the station's refurbished Great Hall, and will enclose and beautify the "moats" surrounding





Zeidler Grinnell will reconfigure passageways (above). The "moats" (top) around Toronto's Union Station will have glass ro

the station. Zeidler stressed the limited focus of the development plan. "Our task is basically restricted to the rebuilding of the station's hea house," he said, adding, "the city has taken av any ability to increase the density."

Dawson at Jones Lang LaSalle said that design is "sensitive to the transportation neec the project," and includes a "merchandising pl that's tailored to Torontonians," particularly the 100,000 commuters who pass through the st tion each day. "The entire project will be a unit complement to a lot of the attractions in that area of Toronto," Dawson added. Andrew Blu. INTRODUCING THE LIQUID WORKSPACE FROM BRETFORD. THE EFFORTLESS INTEGRATION OF POWER, DATA, PRIVACY, AND PERFORMANCE. FOR TODAY'S AGILE COMPANY.

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Record News



Herzog and de Meuron win Beijing Olympic stadium project

Swiss architects Jacques Herzog and Pierre de Meuron have won a competition to design the Olympic stadium for the 2008 summer games in Beijing. Herzog and de Meuron was one of 14 invited firms in the competition.

The 100,000-seat stadium, with three tiers and a sliding roof, will host the Olympic opening and closing ceremonies, as well as track and field and other athletic events. Herzog and de Meuron were inspired by the interwoven twigs of a bird's nest for the exterior structure. The gaps in the structure will be filled with inflated cushions, according to the architects. Herzog says, "We wanted to get away from the usual technocratic stadiums with their architecture dominated by spans and digital screens. (The design) is simple and almost archaically direct in spatial impact." Harry Gugger, the partner in charge for the stadium project, told Swissinfo, "I think we sort of reinvented stadium architecture. You can't change the basic form of a stadium, but you ca add a new architectural quality."

Herzog and de Meuron consulted with Chinese artist and curator Weiwei Ai and the China Architecture Design and Research Group for this, the firm's first project in China. The firm has also recently won the commission for a stadium in Basel, Switzerland—St. Jakob's Par stadium—for the Swiss soccer team FC Basel and is designing the stadium for the 2006 Wor Cup soccer games in Munich. *J.E.C.*

The stadium has an oval bowl (above right) and structure similar to interwoven twigs (above lef

Scholars discuss Modernism and the Middle East

A group of scholars gathered in early April at the Yale School of Architecture for a symposium, "Local Sites of Global Practice: Modernism and the Middle East." As architects and historians discussed the charged history of development in the region, United States troops were nearing Baghdad.

The war that has dominated the headlines was too immediate for analysis, and most talks focused on history. Topics ranged from the Italian colonization of Libya in the 1930s to the barracklike refugee settlements constructed in the late '40s in Israel, from Frank Lloyd Wright's unbuilt projects for Baghdad in the 1950s to the Postmodern towers that transformed Dubai in the '80s. Certain themes were persistent, such as the uneasy relationship between modernity and tradition, progress and preservation, global and local. Yale anthropologist Arjun Appadurai argued that these categories limit understanding—that local and global "cannot be dichotomized," for each influences the other in complex ways. Still, for Western architects, certain difficult realities were hard to avoid. As Hasan-Uddin Khan, a professor of architecture at Roger Williams University, in Bristol, Rhode Island, discussed "hybrid architecture" in the Gulf States, it became clear that much of the work by American and European architects—hotels, airports, and ministries with designs whose forms are meant to suggest Arab dhows or Bedouin tents—now symbolizes what many in the region see as hubris, if not oppression.

Yet architecture is inevitably a key component in nation building. Hashim Sarkis, professor of architecture at Harvard, showed projects—housing, an agricultural center, and a school—commissioned by nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) as part of Lebanon's post-civil war rebuilding. Sarkis says, "NGOs fill a need throughout the developing world." *Nancy Levinson*



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Winner: Glenridge Highlands One & Two – Atlanta, GA

Design: Thompson, Ventulett & Stainback – Atlanta, GA

Manufacturing: Castone Corporation Opelika, AL

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Record News

L.A. firm wins competition for Portland aerial tram

The Los Angeles and Zurich–based firm Angelíl/Graham/Pfenninger/Scholl Architecture has won an international design competition for an aerial tram in Portland, Oregon.

Budgeted at approximately \$15 million, the tram will connect Oregon Health Sciences University, which lies atop Marquam Hill overlooking downtown Portland, with the newly rezoned South Waterfront neighborhood immediately below, which will be transformed in upcoming years from shipyards to biomedical research facilities and mixed-use development. Only the second aerial tram in the United States (the other stretches over the East River in New York City), the project has been subject to a pitched battle between the city, which favors the plan, and residents of an historic neighborhood over which the tram will pass, who oppose it.

This is the first major design competition Portland has hosted since Michael Graves won the Portland Public Service Building commission more than 20 years ago. Managed by Reed Kroloff for Portland Aerial Transportation,

the competition saw Angelíl/Graham/Pfenninger/ Scholl chosen over three other finalists: SHoP/Sharples Holden Pasquarelli of New York, UN Studio of Amsterdam, and the engineering firm Guy Nordenson and Associates of New York. According to juror Diana Goldschmidt, the proposal by Angelíl/Graham/ Pfenninger/Scholl architects was chosen, in part, for "the way they think and approach problem solving, and how they apply that process to a controversial project."





Finalist tram station designs by (clockw from above left) S Guy Nordenson an Associates, and U Studio.



Angelíl/Graham/Pfenninger/Scholl's proposal has a sculptural upper tram station (above).

In presenting their design concepts to t jury, husband-and-wife architects Marc Ange and Sarah Graham likened the pieces of the to various symbolic imagery: The upper tram tion extends from its hilly foundation like a bi dancer; a Minimalist-looking pedestrian bridi was compared to a rubber band stretched o stone; and the tram cars will be transparentsoap bubbles. The lower station contains a c bination platform and roof covered in grass, : that from above, the cars will seem to disapp into the earth. *Brian Libby*

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Record News

2002 GSA Design Awards honor best public architecture

The General Services Administration (GSA) has announced the recipients of the 2002 GSA Design Awards for outstanding public architecture. The National Building Museum in Washington, D.C., is exhibiting the winning projects through October 19. Below are the winners in 11 of the 17 categories.

Architecture

Harvey W. Wiley Federal Building, Center for Food Safety

and Nutrition, College Park, Maryland: Kallmann McKinnell & Wood Architects; **Pacific Highway U.S. Port of Entry**, Blaine, Washington: Thomas Hacker Architects.

On the Boards

United States Courthouse, Eugene, Oregon: Morphosis; Census Bureau Headquarters, Suitland, Maryland: Skidmore, Owings & Merrill; Temecula Border Patrol Station, Murietta, California: Garrison Architects; National

Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Satellite Operations Facility, Suitland, Maryland: Morphosis.

Art Conservation

State Pride and **Justice**, by Leo Friedlander, Nashville: Catherine S. Myers of Art Conservation Associates.

Engineering/Technology

Wallace F. Bennett Federal Building, Salt Lake City: Reaveley Engineers & Associates.

Workplace Environment

Office of the Chief Architect, GSA, Washington, D.C.: Lehman-Smith McLeish.

First Impressions

James A. Byrne U.S. Courthouse, Philadelphia: MGA Partners; Martinsburg Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, Martinsburg, West Virginia:



The U.S. Courthouse in Eugene, Oregon, by Morphosis.



Poste Restaurant, Hotel Monaco.

Lehman-Smith McLeish. **Graphic Design GSA Design Excellence Monograph Series**, Washir D.C.: Chermayeff & Geisma **GSA Historic Building Post Series**, Washington, D.C.: C Associates; **Jacob Weinber U.S. Courthouse Booklet**, § Diego: Rightside Imaging; **Sandra Day O'Connor U.S. Courthouse Tenant Guide**, Phoenix: Ray Vote Graphics **Historic Preservation**

Restoration, Renovation

José V. Toledo U.S. Post Office and Courtho Old San Juan, Puerto Rico: Finegold Alexan + Associates; U.S. Courthouse, Camden, N Jersey: MGA Partners, Art Conservation Associates; Ariel Rios Federal Building Fac Completion, Washington, D.C.: Karn Charuh Chapman & Twohey; Harry S. Truman Presidential Library and Museum,



NOAA Satellite Operations Facility, by Morphosis.

Independence, Missouri: Gould Evans. Sustainability

Environmental Protection Agency Researcl Administration Facility, Research Triangle P North Carolina: Hellmuth, Obata + Kassabai Interior Design

Poste Restaurant, Hotel Monaco, Washingto D.C.: Adamstein & Demetriou Architect

Construction Excellence Wallace F. Bennett Federal Building, Lake City: Big-D Construction Corporat Ariel Rios Federal Building Modernization—Phase II, Washington D.C.: Grunley Construction Company; James H. Quillen U.S. Courthouse, Greeneville, Tennessee: Caddell Construction Company. Kevin Lerner

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Record News



California dominates 2003 **AIA Top 10 Green Projects**

A housing complex, an education center, and a forensics laboratory were among the 2003 Top 10 Green Projects announced by the AIA's Committee on the Environment (COTE), in partnership with the U.S. Department of Energy, on Earth Day, April 22.

This is the sixth year of the Top 10 program. Only one of the 10 winners is located outside the United States: the Steinhude Sea Recreation Facility, in Germany, by Randall Stout Architects of California. For the first time, every winning U.S. project is located in the same state as the architects that designed it. Five are in California: the Wine Creek Road Residence in Healdsburg, by Siegal & Strain Architects: the Argonne Child Development Center in San Francisco, by 450 Architects: the Hidden Villa Hostel & Summer Camp in Los Altos Hills, by Arkin Tilt Architects: Colorado Court in Santa Monica, by Pugh Scarpa Kodama; and HOK's San Mateo County Forensics Laboratory in Redwood City. The remaining four winners are the Cusano Environmental Education Center in Philadelphia, by Susan Maxman & Partners, Architects; the Chicago Center for Green Technology, by Farr Associates Architecture and Urban Design; the Herman Miller MarketPlace in Zeeland, Michigan, by Integrated Architecture: and Fisher Pavilion in Seattle, by The Miller/Hull Partnership, the 2003 AIA Firm of the Year.

The jury for this year's awards included Carol Ross Barney, FAIA, Peter Bohlin, FAIA, Doug Kelbaugh, FAIA, Jacqueline Rose, AIA, and Drury Crawley, AIA. Jurors did not know who designed the projects until the winners were chosen, but Kelbaugh, dean of the Taubman College of Architecture and Urban Planning at the University of Michigan, told RECORD he was not surprised to



The AIA Top 10 Gre Projects announce on Earth Day inclu (from top) Wine Cro Road Residence:

Argonne Child Development Cent Cusano Environme

Education Center; and Herman Miller

MarketPlace.





find local firms leading the pack. "Environmer sensitive design is very site-specific," he said. requires intimate knowledge of the local clima and building practices."

Building performance data was required the first time this year, and the scope of the awards was expanded to include urban project as well as buildings.

The COTE Top 10 will be on display at the AIA national convention in San Diego, May 8-Deborah Snoonian, P.E.

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News Briefs

Chipperfield to design Berlin gallery

London's David Chipperfield Architects has been selected to design the Berlin gallery building Hinter dem Giesshaus 1 (pictured, right). The invited competition included finalists Frank Gehry, Peter Zumthor, Hans Kollhoff, and Ron Radziner.

The gallery will be on a city street facing Berlin's Museum Island and, according to a statement by Chipperfield, the new building will frame Museum Island and be designed so that it "is not confused with the buildings it overlooks." The exterior will be composed of Saxon sandstone block, which, Chipperfield says, "achieves a calm solidity." Moreover, a series of "monumental openings reflect the urban scale as well as the order of the neighboring buildings." Inside, the loftlike space will include exposed concrete ceilings and clerestory glazing.

Moynihan, former senator and design

advocate, dies Daniel Patrick Moynihan, the former four-term senator from New York and an advocate of architecture preservation, urban development, and mass transit, died on March 26 of complications from surgery earlier that month. He was 76.

Moynihan was instrumental in the redevelopment of Pennsylvania Avenue in Washington, D.C., a project first conceived during the Kennedy administration. He helped shape the

Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation in the early 1970s, and his efforts led to the construction of new buildings along the boulevard as well as the restoration of structures. He also advocated the preservation of buildings such as New York City's Customs House and the former main post office in Washington, D.C. Recently, Moynihan had worked to ensure the conversion of New York



The limestone-and-glass convention center occupies six square blocks.

City's main post office into a new home for Pennsylvania Station. The new station will be across the street from the site of the McKim, Mead and White Pennsylvania Station, the destruction of which in the early 1960s helped to spur the historic preservation movement. The new



Gallery (center) will have "monumental" windov

station will be named after Moynihan. K.L.

KPMB to design new home for Toronto film fest In April, the Toronto International F Festival Group (TIFFG) announced its plans to construct a flagship Festival Centre in downtow Toronto that would consolidate all of TIFFG's pr



Daniel P. Moynihan

grams under one roof. The building will house offices, exhibition areas, archives, and a film library. Toronto based architecture firm Kuwabara Payne McKenna Blumberg will des the five-story building, which will include a condominium tower. KPV was selected from among finalists Kohn Pedersen Fox and Kohn Shni

D.C. Convention Center oper

The nation's most expensive conve tion center and Washington, D.C.'s largest building, the Washington Convention Center, opened on March 29. The 2.3-million-square-fi facility cost \$834 million to construct, \$120 million more than the price estimated at its 1998 ground breaking.

The limestone-and-glass building was designed by Thompson, Ventulett, Stainback a

Associates with Mariani Architects Engineers and Devrouax & Purnell. It cov six square blocks in the ci Shaw neighborhood. To fit the building into the area, the designers placed 40 percent of the it below gra and split the aboveground portion into three sections

Segmentation of the building's masses also puserves the city grid of L'Enfant's master plan.

The city's 800,000-square-foot conventio center, completed in 1983, will be demolished. City officials are currently considering development options for that 10-acre site.



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News Briefs

Cincinnati Reds open ballpark The

Cincinnati Reds, the oldest professional baseball team, opened its new ballpark, Great American Ball Park, on March 31. Designed by HOK Sport+Venue+Event with GBBN Architects, the new ballpark replaces Cinergy Field (formerly Riverfront Stadium), which had been home to the



Great American Ballpark (left) opened to fanfare on March 31 (right).

Reds and the football Cincinnati Bengals since 1971. The 42,263-seat ballpark is on the Ohio River, immediately adjacent to the site of Cinergy Field, which has been demolished. A nearby riverfront stadium for the Bengals—Paul Brown Stadium—has been in operation for three seasons. Great American Ball Park is an open-air ballpark with views of the river and the Kentucky shore. It is the only new major league park to open this year; ballparks in San Diego and Philadelphia will open in 2004. *J.E.C.*

AIA names honorary fellows The American Institute of Architects (AIA) has elected five international architects to be honorary fellows in recognition of their contributions to architecture and society. The honorees are Phyllis Lambert, Jean Marie Charpentier, Jacques Herzog, Pierre de Meuron, and II-in Hwang. They will be inducted as honorary fellows on May 9 at the Salk Institute in La Jolla, California.

Guggenheim Museum to open Brazilian satellite

Despite sagging finances that forced it to temporarily shutter one Las Vegas branch and abandon plans to build a Frank Gehry–designed museum in Lower Manhattan, the

Guggenheim Foundation is close to signing an agreement to open a museum in Rio de Janeiro, although an official announcement has not been made. The building, designed by Jean Nouvel, will be partially submerged in Guanabara Bay. Exterior glazing will admit natural light into galleries below the water line, and a large cylindrical volume, including an observatory gallery and restaurant, will rise above it. Construction is expected to begin this summer, with completi scheduled for late 2006.

Public money will fund the \$150 million project, which Rio de Janeiro officials hope wi revitalize the dock district. The city has agree

> pay the Guggenheim \$25 m lion for the right to access a of the museum's collections the next 50 years, according *The Art Newspaper*. Oppone of the pending contract critic the Guggenheim's choice of foreign architect, as well as 1 city's neglect of its existing Museu do Arte Moderno.

Norton expansion opens to public The

Norton Museum of Art in West Palm Beach, Florida, opened its 45,000-square-foot additic in March. Designed by Chad Floyd, FAIA, of Centerbrook Architects, the \$20 million Gail a Melvin Nessel Wing includes 14 galleries, a glenclosed courtyard, and a three-story atrium. state's largest museum, the building now has 122,500 total square feet.

Museum officials call the oval atrium (low



courtyard (above).

left) the centerpiece of the expa sion. Its different abstract forms signify the Chinese, European, a contemporary art collections, a an adjoining pavilion has a glas:

ceiling commissioned from Dale Chihuly. The Norton Museum of Art's original 1941 building was designed by Marion Syms Wyeth. Centerbrook Architects was responsible for th museum's first expansion, a 77,500-square-fo project completed in January 1997. News Bri by David Sokol unless otherwise noted.

Dates & Events

w & Upcoming hibitions

sign Berlin! New Projects for a anging City rlin

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y 2–June 22, 2003

Vitra Design Museum exhibition introduces most innovative young designers and archiis in Berlin with this presentation of their most ortant projects, including furniture, product ign, and architecture. The opening of the exhion simultaneously marks the commencement he new festival DESIGNMAI, offering the public unprecedented and unique range of events taining to design topics, and the present exhion *Take a Seat! 200 Years of Design History n the Collection of the Vitra Design Museum*. he Vitra Design Museum Berlin. Call 49 30 47 77 12 or visit www.design-museum-berlin.de.

nces of India: Changing Views of the numents of a Subcontinent Intreal

y 15-September 14, 2003

e exhibition will present more than 200 master stographs taken by travelers, military survey-, and professional studios within the context he British colonial era, exploring some of the atest architectural sites of the Indian subcontiit. Along with the 19th-century photographs sistoric monuments, a fascinating related ection of images from popular culture, such postcards, posters, political ephemera, and lywood film clips, will be on view. At the nadian Centre for Architecture. Call 514/939-00 or visit www.cca.qc.ca for further ormation.

B HOME House Project nston Salem, N.C.

y 10–July 6, 2003

In multiyear HOME House Project initiative, the ure of affordable housing, begins with an exhion of more than 450 proposals from artists d architects from the U.S., the Netherlands, ain, England, Russia, Italy, and Canada. These stainable designs for low- and moderate-ome family houses are using Habitat for manities basic three- and four-bedroom house a point of departure. A building phase, which rts in North Carolina, will follow the exhibition.

At the Southeastern Center for Contemporary Art. Call 336/725-1904 or visit www.seca.org.

Starting Places/Architect's Study Models Dallas

June 13–Julv 13. 2003

A show of 20 exploratory artifacts by Dallas-area architects will be on view. Operating along the borderline between imagination and reality, these miniature depictions will represent a spectrum of building types and express the pleasure and importance of making things while thinking. At the McKinney Avenue Contemporary (the MAC). Call 214/953-1212 for more information.

Treasures from the Collection New York City

October 14, 2003–April 18, 2004 The Nancy and Edwin Marks Collection Gallery will introduce two installations each year featuring a wide range of objects from all historical periods and creating a visual encyclopedia of the collections. International in scope and possessing one of the most diverse and comprehensive collections of design works in existence, the museum's holdings range from the Han Dynasty to the present and total more than 250,000 objects. Cooper-Hewitt director Paul Warwick Thompson will curate the debut exhibition, encompassing diverse styles in a stimulating juxtaposition of objects across the four principal collecting departments of the museum: Prints, Drawings, and Graphic Design; Product Design and Decorative Arts; Wall Coverings; and Textiles. At Cooper-Hewitt, National Design Museum.Call 212/849-8400 or visit www.si.edu/ndm.

Solos: SmartWrap New York City August 5–October 10, 2003

The first exhibition in a new series features a

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Dates & Events

pavilion by the Philadelphia architecture firm Kieran Timberlake Associates in the Arthur Ross Terrace and Garden. SmartWrap is a concept for a customizable building material that would incorporate a building's facade as well as emerging technologies in heating, lighting, and solar energy. The model, measuring 16 feet square by 20 feet high, will be sheathed in SmartWrap. Visitors will be able to walk through it and manipulate the functions embedded in the SmartWrap. At Cooper-Hewitt. Call 212/849-8400 or visit www.si.edu/ndm for more information.

Ongoing Exhibitions

Do It Yourself: Home Improvement in 20th-Century America Washington, D.C.

October 19, 2002–August 10, 2003 This show is an examination of modern American housing and the products associated with contemporary dwellings and the cultural implications regarding gender roles and leisure time in the domestic sphere. At the National Building Museum. Call 202/272-2448 or visit www.nbm.org for further information.



Big & Green: Toward Sustainable Architecture in the 21st Century Washington, D.C.

January 17–June 22, 2003

Through in-depth profiles of approximately 50 contemporary green projects worldwide, along with a broad examination of global ecological a economic forces, this exhibition demonstrates the transformative powers of sustainable desig At the National Building Museum. Call 202/27: 2448 or visit www.nbm.org.

The Art of Structural Design: A Swiss Legacy Princeton, N.J.

March 8–June 15, 2003

From New York City's George Washington Bric to Boston's new Bunker Hill Bridge, some of t country's most acclaimed structures are the products if Swiss design. This exhibition celebrates the contributions of a group of highly influential Swiss engineers. At the Princeton University Art Museum. Call 609/258-3788 c visit www.princetonartmuseum.org.

Fantastic North Adams, Mass.

March 8, 2003-Spring 2004

In Fantastic, MASS MoCA showcases contemprary artists—Miguel Calderon, Gregory Crewds Alicia Framis, Nils Norman, and the artist colle tive Temporary Services—all of whom embrace a world of hallucinatory, visionary, utopian, and otherwise "fantastic" ideas. At the Massachuse Museum of Contemporary Art. Call 413/662-2111 or visit www.massmoca.org.

Picture This: Windows on th<mark>e American Home</mark> Washington, <mark>D.C.</mark>

March 29–August 11, 2003 Picture This presents windows through multiple perspectives and offers an entertaining two-cent history of a building element that opens a view ir the changing nature of American domestic life. Actual windows, advertisements, film and televis clips, models, drawings, and photographs help to explore how windows shape our understanding of the world inside and outside of our dwellings. At 1 National Building Museum. Call 202/272-2448 c

Roy McMakin: A Door Meant as Adornment Los Angeles

visit www.nbm.org.

March 23–June 29, 2003 McMakin became a strong presence in the desi scene in 1987, when he founded the Domestic Furniture Company in Los Angeles. The exhibitio The upside – every decision is now yours to make. The downside – you now have to make every decision.

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Dates & Events

is a mid-career survey of the Seattle-based artist, tracing the development of his career in art and design and his unique manipulations of the traditional definitions of furniture and sculpture. At The Museum of Contemporary Art. Call 21.3/621-2766 or visit www.MOCA-LA.org.

Of Our Time: 2002 GSA Design Awards Show Washington. D.C.

March 27–October 19, 2003 Through models, drawings, and photographs, this exhibition documents the 24 public projects that received the design award honor last year. The projects show how regional heritage can be integrated with the latest building technology to create dynamic, functional, and attractive structures, spaces, and artworks for the 21st century. At the National Building Museum. Call 202/272-2448 or visit www.nbm.org.

Living in Motion: Design and Architecture for Flexible Living Barcelona



Through May 25, 2003

In this exhibition, architects and designers attempt to adapt homes and artifacts to the new demands of contemporary living. As part of the Year of Design 2003 at the Museum of Decorative Arts. For further information, visit www.designyear2003.org.

ROY/design series 1 San Francisco

April 19–August 24, 2003

An exhibition of groundbreaking design solut by South African–born architect Lindy Roy w launch the first of an ongoing series devotec to showcasing the work of contemporary designers in architecture, graphic design, an industrial design. At the San Francisco Muse of Modern Art. Call 415/357-4000 or visit www.sfmoma.org.

Architecture and Design Permanent Collection San Francisco

April 19, 2003–ongoing

This exhibition will inaugurate a newly installongoing presentation of the museum's archir ture and design collection. Featuring some 1 works of architecture, graphic design, and intrial design from a permanent collection of n than 4,000 objects, the survey will include w known classics and works by up-and-coming designers and will highlight special strengths the collection, including experimental archite ture and digital design. At the San Francisco Museum of Modern Art. Call 415/357-4000 visit www.sfmoma.org for mor information.

Designing th<mark>e</mark> Rose Boston

April 23–June 1, 2003

As part of the planning process for Shakespear Company's Rose Playhouse U.S.A. and celebrat Shakespeare's birthday, this exhibition will featu innovative designs for the world's first historical accurate replication of London's 1587 Rose Playhouse. Curated by architect George Marsh and the Boston architectural firm Payette Associates, the show, through photographs, illu trations, architectural drawings, and text, traces the history of the playhouse and the present-da plans to rebuild the theater using traditional building methods and materials. At the Boston Architectural Center. For more information, call 617/262-5000 or visit www.the-bac.edu.

Both/And: Building Modern in the Context of Historic Architecture Seattle May 2003

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Dates & Events

The exhibition focuses on built and unbuilt projects that juxtapose modern architecture with historic design—architecture that is built in a decidedly modern manner but retains, refers to, and sheds light on adjacent historic buildings. Exhibition projects will be drawn from the Seattle area, along with select projects from other cities in the U.S., Europe, and Canada, including projects from Foster and Partners; Coop Himmelb(I)au; Dan Hanganu with Provencher Roy and Associates; Schwartz/Silver Architects; Kohn Pederson Fox Architects; and Saucier + Perrotte Architects. At the AIA Seattle Gallery. Call 206/448-4938 or visit www.aiaseattle.org.

Alessi 2003 Coffee and Tea Piazza: City of Towers New York City

May 2003

This exhibition will feature the North American premiere of Alessi's new selections for the Coffee and Tea Piazza, designed by a stellar roster of contemporary architects. Promising to define contemporary and digitally driven architecture at



the beginning of the 21st century, this new e tion will feature coffee and tea sets by Williar Alsop, Wiel Arets, Juan Navarro Baldeveg, Shigeru Ban, Gary Chang, David Chipperfield Denton/Corker/Marshall, Deszo Ekler, Massimilliano Fuksas, Zaha Hadid, Tom Kova Greg Lynn, Morphosis, MVRDV, Jean Nouvel, Dominique Perrault, Kazuyo Sejima, and UN Studio. At the Max Protetch Gallery. Call 212/633-6999 or visit www.maxprotetch.cor

Other Architects Barcelona

May 2003–May 2004

A part of the Year of Design 2003, this exhibi links the constructions built by animals with 1 architecture created by human beings. At the Zoology Museum, Natural Science Museum. www.designyear2003.org.

Garofalo Architects: Between the Museum and the City Chicago

May–October 2003

An architecturally distinctive, pavilionlike strudesigned by architect Doug Garofalo will be the first in a series of MCA commissions for eme and mid-career architects. At the Museum of Contemporary Art. Call 312/280-2660 or vis www.mcachicago.org.

Harlem Lost and Found New York City

May 3, 2003–January 4, 2004

This exhibition traces the history of Harlem fr pre-Revolutionary times to World War I. Work with consulting curator Michael Henry Adams author of the book *Harlem Lost and Found: Architectural and Social History, 1765–191* the museum has drawn from its rich collectio to add a unique dimension to the story of the neighborhood's architectural richness. At the Museum of the City of New York. Call 212/53 1672 or visit www.mcny.org.

Futures2com<mark>e</mark> Copenhagen

Through June 9, 2003

An exhibition curated by Christian Bruun that started at the Max Protetch Gallery in New Yc City in December 1999 and has continued or to Europe. At the Dansk Architecture Center. I more information, call 32 57 19 30 or visit www.gammeldok.dk.

Luxury Textiles East and West Los Angeles

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Dates & Events

LACMA's Department of Costume and Textiles, this exhibition highlights extraordinary examples of the textile arts of America, Asia, and Europe from the department's extensive holdings. At the Los Angeles County Museum of Art. Call 323/857-6000 or visit www.lacma.org for more information.

Pere Noguera: Lands Barcelona

Through August 31, 2003 A poetic reflection on the design of elements of earth used in architecture, in the home, for domestic utensils, for furniture, decoration, the garden, and everything that surrounds us. At the Ceramics Museum, as part of the Year of Design 2003. Visit www.designyear2003.org for further information.

Conferences, Symposia, Lectures

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Public Architects Training Workshop San Diego

May 7, 2003

A preconvention workshop presented by the *I* Public Architects PIA that will cover such topic as sustainable design, building security, the design-build process, child-care-facility requir ments, community involvement, how to win a establish design awards, real estate, innovatic and public schools. At the San Diego Convent Center. For more information, call 202/626-7; or visit www.aia.org.

The Modern Movement in Cuban Architecture

Washington, D.C.

May 12, 2003

Havana architect and editor in chief of *Arquitectura Cuba*, Eduardo Luis Rodriguez w discuss the rich cultural legacy of Cuba and h architects of the Modern movement sought to define an identity for the Caribbean nation. At National Building Museum. Call 202/272-244 visit www.nbm.org.

Sir Nicholas Grimshaw Washington, D.C.

May 13, 2003

Voted the best building of the past 50 years ir an Architect's Journal survey, the Eden Projec in Cornwall, U.K., is a showcase for protecting biodiversity. Grimshaw, the project's architect, will speak on his firm's commitment to design excellence based on innovation and a rigorou approach to detailing. At the National Building Museum. Call 202/272-2448 or visit www.nbm.org for information.

The Chrysler Building Washington, D.C.

May 14, 2003

Nationally recognized designer David Stravitz present rare images documenting the constrution of one of New York City's greatest icons. *I* the National Building Museum. Call 202/272-2448 or visit www.nbm.org.






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Dates & Events

Ambient Intelligence: Solid State Technologies in Architecture Washington, D.C. May 14, 2003

New technologies allow building skins to be more than just membranes to keep out the weather. It is possible to incorporate the infrastructure of light and information into cladding materials, creating "smart" facades. Sheila Kennedy, AIA, of Kennedy & Violich Architecture, will present recent projects that explore the integration of sophisticated electronic systems and challenge the material conventions in architecture. At the National Building Museum. Call 202/272-2448 or visit www.nbm.org.

National Design Triennial Conference New York City

May 16, 2003

This cross-disciplinary conference will explore the major forces shaping design today through keynote addresses and multimedia presentations from curators and designers of products, interiors, architecture, furniture, graphics, film, and fashion. The program focuses on work by studios featured in the National Design Triennial, including BluDot, Diamond + Baratta, Escher + GuneWardena, Fuseproject, Champion Graphics, and Toledo/Toledo. In the Great Hall at Cooper Union. Call 212/849-8380 or visit www.si.edu/ndm.

Ralph Johnson, FAIA Washington, D.C.

May 19, 2003

Perkins & Will received the American Institute of Architects' Firm of the Year Award in 1999. Architect Ralph Johnson, FAIA, principal in the Chicago-based firm, will discuss the firm's work, including the O'Hare International Terminal in Chicago, the Nature Museum for the Chicago Academy of Sciences, and his commission for a new "green" federal courthouse in Los Angeles. At the National Building Museum. For more information, call 202/272-2448 or visit www.nbm.org.

Tour Abitare Italia New York City

May 19, 2003 Showcasing the best of Italian home design and celebrating some of New York's emerging fashion designers, the fifth annual Tour Abitare Italia features showroom receptions, exhibitions, and conferences. Call 212/353-1383 or visit www.abitareitalia.com.

SIDIM Montreal

May 22–24, 2003

The Montreal International Interior Design Show (SIDIM) will celebrate its 15th anniversary. More than 300 international manufacturers, importe and designers will present their furniture and designs for office, commercial, and residential space-planning applications. At Place Bonavent Call 514/284-3636 or visit www.sidim.com/.

Planning for Growth in Rural Areas Washington, D.C.

May 27, 2003

Smart growth has a role to play in rural as we as urban areas, but models of rural smart gro have not been widely publicized. Keith Schnei of the Michigan Land Use Institute will discuss how some rural communities can benefit by emphasizing their best asset, rural character. the National Building Museum. Call 202/272-2448 or visit www.nbm.org.

Breakthrough Projects: The Marriage Economics and Innovation Washington, D.C.

May 27, 2003

Sandra Mendler, AIA, sustainable design princ for Hellmuth, Obata + Kassabaum, will trace path of a series of "breakthrough projects" the are realigning expectations about the cost an value of green buildings. At the National Build Museum. Call 202/272-2448 or visit www.nbm.org for more information.

Creating Healthy Communities Washington, D.C.

May 28, 2003

Healthy communities require more attractive physical structures. Vibrant, sustainable comm nities are those in which people take pride no only in their homes, but in their neighborhood as well. W. Christopher Smith, Jr., chairman ar C.E.O. of William C. Smith & Company, will describe how one developer became a chang agent for a once-challenged, now emerging neighborhood in Southeast Washington. At the National Building Museum. Call 202/272-244 or visit www.nbm.org.

37th Internati<mark>onal Making Cities Liva</mark> Conference

Siena, Italy June 15–19, 2003 Call for papers deadline: April 15

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Dates & Events

An international conference for architects, urban designers, landscape architects, city officials, planners, historic preservationists, and social scientists, where practitioners and academics from around the world share ideas and establish working relationships. For more information, call 831/626-9080 or visit www.livablecities.org.

Density Conference Boston

September 12–14, 2003 Density can play a key role in reviving urban centers, containing sprawl, and creating a sense of place in older suburban environments. Join designers, planners, journalists, and others from across North America in examining this controversial topic and exploring design for density in settings that range from large and small cities to older suburbs. Call 202/626-7557 or visit www.aia.org.

The 2nd Beijing International Green Building Materials Exhibition Beijing

September 17–20, 2003 With Beijing's 2008 Olympic Games construction and a bid for the 2010 World Expo, the city's 2nd Beijing International Green Building Materials Exhibition will be held with the theme of green production, green products, and green consumption, and the mission of promoting the application of green building materials in the construction of engineering projects. At the China International Exhibition Center. Call 86 10 8808 2303 or visit www.gbm.com.cn.

The International Concrete Repair Institute 2003 Fall Convention Tampa, Fla.

October 23–24, 2003 The convention theme is high-rise repair and will consist of a full slate of technical presentations covering all aspects of high-rise restoration and repair. In addition to the tec cal presentations, the conventio will host technical and administr tive committee meetings, exhibit networking luncheons, and live demonstrations. At the Marriott Tampa Waterside Hotel. Call 847/827-0830 or visit www.icri.c

Competitions and Awards

Designing the High Line New York City

Registration deadline: April 25 2003

Late registration deadline: May 16, 2003

Designing the High Line is the firs: ever international ideas competitiseeking visionary design proposal the reuse of the High Line elevate rail structure on the west side of Manhattan. Sponsored by Friends the High Line, the open ideas corr tition will culminate in a large-scal exhibition in Grand Central Termin Vanderbilt Hall in July 2003. For ir mation, call 212/631-9188 or visi www.thehighline.org.

The American Society of Landscape Architects 200 Awards Program Washington, D.C.

Deadline for submission of materials: May 16, 2003 The Call for Entries features four categories of professional awards, including Design, Analys and Planning, Research, and Communications. Any individual, firm, agency, or academic institu is eligible to enter as long as the project's participants include a la scape architect or a graduate or faculty member of a landscape architecture program. Anyone m submit entries in the Research a Communication categories. Visit www.asla.org for more informatic

The 2003 Dinkeloo Fellows at the American Academy Rome



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Dates & Events

New York City

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Submission deadline: June 16, 2003

This year's Dinkeloo Fellow will have the opportunity to participate in the Van Alen Institute's 2003–2004 program for new design directions for public space. Through research and intense exploration, a focused travel experience, and a residency period at the American Academy in Rome, this year's fellow will be asked to investigate, report, and document a project of his or her choice. For more information, call 212/924-7000 or visit www.vanalan.org.

The National Sunroom Association 2003 Design Awards Contest Topeka, Kansas

Deadline: June 30, 2003 The Design Awards Contest recognizes and rewards exceptional sunroom design that enhances the beauty of a home or commercial building while considering the energy efficiencies of the sunroom. All sunrooms, patio rooms, and solariums constructed in the U.S. or Canada and completed during the 2002 calendar year are eligible for the NSA 2003 Design Awards. For information, call 785/271-0208 or visit www.nationalsunroom.org.

12th Ermanno Piano Scholarship Paris

Submission deadline: June 30, 2003

The Ermanno Piano Scholarship has been created for newly graduated architects to give them the opportunity to improve their education through a six-month internship with the Renzo Piano Building Workshop. For further information, call 01 44 61 49 00 or visit www.rpbw.com.

The 2003 International Student Design Competition for an Ecohouse

Deadline: July 1, 2003

The challenge is to design an Ecohouse for your own hometor The two key aims are to make i comfortable, with areas of real "thermal delight," and to make i real 21st-century building, safe from climate change, able to su without relying on a great deal of fossil fuels. The competition is of to a student or group of student in a school of architecture anyw in the world. For more informativisit www.ArchitecturalPress.cor

International Achievement Awards

Deadline for entries: July 1, 20 Sponsored by the Industrial Fabri Association International (IFAI), the competition offers architects an opportunity to gain recognition fo projects that have creatively used fabric. Project entries include pho of outstanding specialty fabric proects and descriptions of their unite and important characteristics. To request a brochure and entry form contact Christine Malmgren at 800/225-4324 or 651/222-250. e-mail cmmalmgren@ifai.com, o visit www.ifai.com.

Precast Castle Design Competition

Great Britain and Ireland Submission deadline: October 2003

The Mid-Atlantic Precast Associ (MAPA) announces a contest to design a structurally sound prec castle, open to professional architects or engineers and arch tecture/engineer students. Visit www.mapaprecast.org to registe

E-mail information about event and competitions two months µ to the event date or deadline to ingrid_whitehead@mcgraw-hill.

San Diego is transformed by diverse, challenging civic projects

Correspondent's File

By Ann Jarmusch

reading room, and terraces and

rooms for special collections and

events, all shaded by the lattice

wood or 144-foot-diameter metal

dome that Quigley compares to a

straw hat. Quigley asks, "Where else

but in a civic building could everyone

have free access to the best views?"

Quigley's design to replace

Museum/Museo de los Niños and a

new food co-op in the Ocean Beach

neighborhood are efforts to bring

the temporarily closed Children's

n architects gather in San o for the American Institute of itects (AIA) annual convention month, they will be greeted by a inder construction. Outrunning imistic economic forecasts, ntown San Diego is being transed into a livable neighborhood remarkable speed and diversity. Across Harbor Drive from the ntly expanded convention cennome to the AIA convention, the es' baseball stadium, designed ntoine Predock, FAIA, with HOK t, is taking shape. Will Petco be an elephant in downtown's living room or a regional hit? answer will come when it opens oril 2004.

Around the ballpark, hotel rs with sweeping bay views are g, a site is being prepared for a -overdue new main library, and eums are planning expansions. zying number of new or nearly pleted apartment, live-work loft, condominium projects are helpo combat a housing shortage suburban sprawl.

Rob Wellington Quigley, FAIA, earlier made his mark here influential low-income housing, w at work on two major public missions: the main library, a venture with Tucker Sadler e Castro Architects, also of San o; and a new children's museum park, designed with Martin er of Spurlock Poirier Landscape itecture of San Diego.

Jarmusch is the architecture c for The San Diego Unionune. The \$149.5 million library will be built east of the ballpark along a new diagonal boulevard that will connect two natural assets: Balboa Park and San Diego Bay. Capped by a monumental lattice dome to echo Balboa Park's historic domed buildings and botanical lathe house, the nine-story, precast-concrete library will replace a 48-year-old cramped, outdated facility.

Irregularities in the city-run library project forced Quigley to redesign the building for three different sites beginning in 1996, when his firm was selected from a large international field. With ground breaking to occur sometime in 2004, the library is expected to open in May 2007.

Now designed for the largest of the three proposed sites, the 367,000-square-foot library will include two floors for future expansion and interim leasing, a reading garden with café, and a 350-seat auditorium.

Quigley's concept includes the top two floors devoted to a large public



Rob Wellington Quigley, FAIA, has two major San Diego projects: the new main library (left) and a children's museum (above).



A modern box in red steel will be added to the Santa Fe Depot for the new Museum of Contemporary Art San Diego, by New York's Gluckman Mayner Architects.

DEPARTMENTS

green architecture into San Diego's mainstream.

The concrete-and-glass museum, for a prominent downtown site along a trolley line, will feature solar roof panels, a cooling chimney, and exposed seismic bracing. One of the first large, green projects proposed for downtown, its energyefficient components will serve as teaching tools for kids and an example to other builders.

Just north of Broadway, architects Richard Gluckman, FAIA, of Gluckman Mayner Architects, New York City, and Milford Wayne Donaldson, FAIA, of San Diego, teamed up on a two-part expansion plan for the Museum of Contemporary Art San Diego (above). By renovating a historic building on Kettner Boulevard and adding a three-story wing, the museum will double the exhibition space it now has at the main museum in La Jolla and a downtown satellite.

The proposed renovation of the cavernous Mission Revival–style

Correspondent's File

baggage building with exposed steel trusses, huge rolling doors, high ceilings, and clerestory faced mild opposition. It is attached to the Santa Fe Depot-both 1915 buildings by Bakewell and Brown and listed on the National Register of Historic Places-and will be used for exhibitions and events. What did spark sharp public criticism was the Modernist box to adjoin this pair of Mission-style icons. The 15,950square-foot, strictly rectilinear wing of channel glass, corrugated metal panels, and board-formed concrete was initially viewed as incongruous with the two original buildings.

Gluckman and Donaldson chose the materials, proportions, and structural system for the new building in response to the historic neighbors, then strengthened the relationship during the review process. They recessed windows to emulate the baggage building's inset arched windows and doorways, and selected red-oxide paint for the corrugated metal panels to recall freight cars and complement the 1915 red-tile roofs. Inspired by the baggage building's innovative lightweight steel structural system concealed behind thick, faux-adobe walls, the architects designed the semitransparent new building to reveal its curtain-wall system.

In March, on the second try, the museum design was approved unanimously by the city council. The new building opens in spring 2005.

The Ocean Beach Organic Food Market by Architects hanna gabriel wells of San Diego, grew out of the environmental activism long present in this casual beach neighborhood and its venerable food co-op. The new airy pavilion with a central shopping area and services around the perimeter, including a small deli counter and café with a balcony on



The Ocean Beach Organic Food Market by Architects hanna gabriel wells.

the second level, resembles a soaring market hall. Energy costs will be reduced by nearly \$24,000 annually with natural ventilation through operable windows and skylights, controlled daylighting, dual-pane low-e2 glazing, and solar hot-water heating, according to James Gabriel, principal in charge. Photovoltaic cells will be placed on the roof. Building materials include recycled-content structural steel; FSC-certified lumber; sealers, paints, and adhesives with low- or no-VOC content; and quarry tile, linoleum, and bamboo flooring.

The innovations in flexible, mul-

tifamily housing that have broug national attention to San Diego architects such as Quigley, Smit and Others, and Jonathan Segal evident in a full city block in dow town's Little Italy. Most of this perimeter housing and mixed-us block, developed by Little Italy Neighborhood Developers (LIND and designed by seven architect along with Martin Poirier, the lar scape architect for the Children' Museum park, has been occupie for several years. With the comp tion of the final building, the grou has at last realized its vision of c

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Correspondent's File

ating a dynamic block that appears to have evolved naturally over time.

The newest building on the block, a four-story structure designed by Kathleen McCormick, a principal at Smith and Others, houses a jewelry store at street level, lofts, and on the top floor, a private residence with terraces facing east (mountain and city views) and west (to San Diego Bay). Like another Smith and Others building, The Merrimac, on the LIND block, McCormick's is built primarily of masonry. Its demure, symmetrical street facade belies the surprising exuberance of the rear wall facing a courtyard. The rear wall is painted in an enormous black-and-white checkerboard pattern (photo, right), which McCormick likens to an exclamation mark that punctuates the block's varied, but compatible, architectural expressions. In another urban experiment, estudio teddy cruz has designed Housing Corridors on Imperial Avenue, a project that challenges traditional zoning and land-use ideas. Dense housing, small businesses, and semipublic open space will be interlocked on parcels that incorporate underused land, such as driveways, setbacks, and alleys.

Housing Corridors takes its name from the pattern of narrow streets in its low-income neighborhood east of downtown. Small businesses, with housing above, flourish in and along these streets

> and alleys. The new housing will be built on five or six narrow parcels perpendicular to Imperial Avenue—a busy commercial street and surrounded by alleys.

Noting that this mix of uses is not legal to zone in San Diego but is socially successful, the architects want to appropriate and legitimize the concept. They plan to build 51 apartments



Housing by Smith and Others, a

or live/work units laced with lanscaped passages in the first phiplus 9,000 square feet of small or entrepreneurial space facing Imperial Avenue. The housing ar retail spaces are layered in vert bays that can be expanded fron studio up to a three-bedroom a ment or reconfigured for live/wo retail uses. These double-height allow for balconies and a roof ga for each unit.

With developable land dwir and the population growing in Sa Diego, the concepts driving Hous Corridors and the LIND block ste from much-needed innovation.



Housing Corridors on Imperial Avenue by estudio teddy cruz challenges zoning laws.

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FOR THE EMERGING ARCHITECT

month, archrecord2 looks beyond the shores of North America to find emerging architects bad. In Design, you will find two architects, one Canadian by birth, the other Norwegian, who b quickly built up a large portfolio for their young office in Bergen, Norway. And in Work, we b a look at young Americans who have advice on finding an architecture job overseas. On the b, as always, you will find additions to these stories, plus our forum, Talk.

ESIGN

king for a new way, in Norway

firm that is only a little more than a year old, ders & Wilhelmsen has achieved an astonishing unt of work, both built and on the boards. They mplished this feat by building without clients, and he clients have begun to sign on. The two partners, Saunders, 33, and Tommie Wilhelmsen, 29, took conomic risk in buying land and building their first ing, but it has been a risk that paid off.

"In this way," Saunders says, "we could pursue our itectural vision in line with our conviction. No com-

ises. Once we made such a project, we knew that it would be easier to and convince clients that we were competent architects through this use 'eal-life building, as opposed to paper visions of architecture."

The partners live and work in Bergen, Norway's second-largest city. elmsen is Norwegian, but Saunders emigrated from Canada, where he until 1996. He was in Bergen as part of a research project on northern pean ecological villages.

"I spent three hours one sunny June day in Bergen drinking a beer and g shrimp," Saunders says, "and decided that it is the ultimate urban village nature freak."

In 1998, Tommie Wilhelmsen returned to Norway from Stuttgart, Germany, 'e he had been working with Behnisch, Behnisch & Partner. He and Iders were both becoming known around Bergen, and the director of the en Architecture School paired the two up to teach a six-week course. As taught, they discovered similarities in their working styles and career rations. Then they developed their plan to build.

This building, a cabin on the edge of a fjord, includes a room for eating sleeping, and a second, smaller room for any other purpose. An outdoor connects the two rooms. As of this writing, the partners are still working is retreat, but they have used the same indoor/outdoor scheme for two mer cabins for specific clients. Working with a group of students, they pleted the first of these commissions last summer and plan to build the ind in the coming summer.

The two halves of this vacation house open up toward each other to form an outdoor room between them. Stairs at one end lead to a roof garden. The house is insulated with linseed flowers and the

Summerhouse,

Aaland, Finland, 2002

lated with linseed flowers, and the wood is treated with linseed oil.



Lookout design competition, Aurland, Norway, 2005 Saunders & Wilhelmsen was the youngest of three firms invited to design a lookout over a fjord. They took a Minimalist approach to the site, separating the structure from its parking lot and not disturbing any of the existing pines.



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(continued from previous page) When Saunders and Wilhelmsen get a project—and in their first 14 months, they have managed to start work on 20 projects—they sit down at a table and sketch out ideas together.

"This process is full of conversation, laughter, and feels like a game children would play," Saunders says. "We try to have fun with what we do."

The two do, however, have a strong sense of social responsibility. Several of their projects have focused on creating new forms of affordable student housing, which is particularly difficult to find in Bergen. Their work has not been hampered by a strong preservation movement that

tries to keep contemporary architecture out of the tourist-friendly city center. They are working with a group of political activists to design three temporary structures that the activists will inhabit for three months. As well as acting as a protest against the high cost of student housing, the houses will try to demonstrate new possibilities for urban living.

Saunders and Wilhelmsen are young and admittedly idealistic, but they are getting work done: urban lofts, single-family houses, a competition to design a scenic lookout over a fjord. Their idealism turns out to be practical.

"We ask ourselves all the time, 'What is the value of the projects we make as architects?' " Saunders says. "We always come back to focusing on striving to create architecture with depth." He adds: "We do not want to be architects who just see our projects from a distance. We try to actively participate in making changes to the city in which we work." *Kevin Lerner*

Go to architecturalrecord.com/archrecord2 for more projects from Saunders & Wilhelmsen, and for stories on other emerging architects.



Møhlenpris student housing, Bergen, Norway, 2003

The architects used a dilapidated four-story building as the basis for a new student housing collective. A two-story addition would house sleeping areas, a kitchen, and a common room. The rooms would be rented at the same rate as other student housing in the city.



Cabin,

Sognefjorden, Norway, 200

This cabin, like the Aaland su merhouse, incorporates natur into its design, creating an exoutdoor room. Situated at the of a forest on top of a rocky sle the cabin looks out over the w of an adjacent fjord.



Student housing proposal, 2003

Saunders & Wilhelmsen believe that student housing in Norway should be made more affordable yet still be attractive. Most of their projects are intended for newspaper publication—so that the ideas stimulate debate—and not necessarily for construction.



Protest house, Bergen, Norway, 2003

Working for free, in a protest against student housing prices, the architects designed three temporary housing units that will be placed in the center of Bergen. At the same time, the houses will serve as an exhibition of urban housing design ideas. Most people don't see the forest for the trees when it comes to new construction. Indeed, everyone is so focused on finishing their own part that responsibility for the performance of the whole system gets lost. That's exactly why we developed knowledge-based integration. It's an approach designed to add value and reduce costs throughout the life of a building. And it places all that responsibility squarely on the only shoulders strong enough to handle it. Our own.





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WORK

Finding architecture jobs overseas

Young architects seeking work abroad are doing so for more than just the lure of ancient streets and an attraction to different cultures. For those just out of graduate school, it's a shot at being a part of an exciting project before age 40. There's also a growing sense of disillusionment with the range of prospects available in America: fewer competitions, fewer chances to make a name with a project. But those who have managed to find work or internships abroad know that getting there—and staying takes more than a solid portfolio.

Those who have found international opportunities offer mixed advice about how to repeat their success. Lisa Tilney, who interned for six months with Barkow Leibinger in Berlin, says you need "a good portfolio and a dose of luck." A professor who knew the firm's principals helped, too, with a recommendation. Brandon Cook, a graduate of Columbia University, spent two years in Rotterdam working for OMA. "I went to the Netherlands, where I had two or three contacts who were friends," he says. "One knew that OMA needed people at that time. It worked because I was very much willing to get my hands dirty."

For many, the early stages of finding work abroad begin before the first day of classes. Picking a school with a diverse faculty and roster of visiting critics and lecturers is key. Students shouldn't be lax about engaging visitors, either: When international lecturers visit, students are "ready to pounce," one educator explained.

"They gravitate toward the type of school where international architects gather," says Peggy Deamer, an associate dean at Yale University's School of Architecture. "There's a sense that the interesting players on the architecture scene may not be exclusively American. It goes way beyond Ame at this point."

"Working abroad is part of you need for architectural education," Cook says. "As you're trying to deve op your toolbox, you want new too to use: a different country, different type of office building. Going there your chance to see history."

For recent graduates, it's also a chance to take part in a diverse range of projects. "I think that there a perception, in Europe at least, tha young architects are given the oppotunity to do more interesting things earlier in their career," says Deamer "It's a more positive model of how you can do interesting work early ir your career. In America, it's a really long time before you do a project o institutional value." Jason Clampet Go to architecturalrecord.com/archrecord2 click on WORK for more career stories.

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Starting a new firm: Practical advice for the adventurous

Practice Matters

ost every architect has, at one or another, contemplated ing a firm. There are an almost nited number of reasons why might do so. But why would one start a new practice when economy is bad? With the ketplace more competitive than al, it would seem that a new wouldn't stand a chance. Contrary to this conventional om, many people start firms durperiods of economic recession. 'les Dickens's A Tale of Two Cities ously begins, "It was the best of s; it was the worst of times." In a recessions are like that. They n create conditions that allow practices to emerge out of cirstances that at the outset seem e like crises than opportunities. Lavoffs are one reason that ble strike out on their own. ause labor costs are approxiely 40 percent of an established s net revenues, it's almost a thing that individuals who are e capable of starting their own s will lose their jobs when me declines and there is no f in sight. Although cutting those r near the top of the salary edule may not be the smartest sion, in the short term it pros the greatest economic benefit. netimes good people leave ause they already see the writon the wall.

:h of this article is based on nitect's Essentials of Starting a ign Firm, by Bradford Perkins, A, and Peter Piven, FAIA, published month by John Wiley & Sons. At that point, these "liberated" individuals are left to contemplate their futures. Inevitably, some will become masters of their own destiny and leap into the great void called independent practice.

As Massachusetts architect Earl Flansburgh wrote in RECORD some 20 years ago, "There is no good time to start a new firm, only better times." He was right. Although it may be easier to start a firm in a booming economy, recessions often bring new firms great opportunities. Clients who may be reeling from the same economic pinch that's affecting our profession frequently welcome the arrival of new firms with lower cost structures. Clients often find young professionals' personal service and eagerness to please very appealing. On the other hand, larger firms that have been unwilling to take on small projects when they are busy may find they are unable to compete effectively for such projects when they need them just to keep their overhead covered.

What it takes

Houston architect S.I. Morris was being too modest when he said, "It's not very difficult to do well in this business. All you have to do is get work and execute it successfully." Of course, it's not that easy. So, what fundamental attributes should a firm's founders have? They must be leaders—that is, capable of creating and communicating a clear vision for the future—and they should be able to motivate others to help them achieve it. A

By Peter Piven, FAIA

firm's leaders should be able to articulate how their new firm intends to distinguish itself in the marketplace; for example, by using a unique design philosophy or technical superiority, or by pledging to give clients extraordinary service.

From a practical perspective, owners must be able to manage people, which is different than being good leaders. Managers assign tasks, make work plans, supervise, mentor, and develop talent. They need marketing and selling skills to keep the firm busy. Finally, owners Teams of people who can work together and are mutually supportive usually create far better businesses than any one person can alone. Partners can help settle technical, legal, or managerial questions and are useful where more than one pair of eyes is essential to maintaining work quality. Many sole proprietors feel unable even to leave their firms long enough to take a reasonable vacation; a partner can keep the bases covered.

The classic firm leadership mix combines individuals who have the



must have money-management skills and provide enough capital to finance the firm's start-up and meet additional financial obligations as they arise.

Choosing partners

It is unusual for any one individual to have all of the skills necessary to start, build, and lead a successful practice. That's one reason why new firms often start as partnerships. business-development skills needed to get work; the technical acumen to successfully complete it; and the management aplomb necessary to work with personnel and achieve the firm's financial goals. Things work best when each partner appreciates the importance of these attributes and has the ability to assume some of the responsibility for each of them.

Regardless of the firm's organi-

Practice Matters

zational structure, the relationships between principals can either be a fundamental strength or can significantly damage the company's chances for success. Here are some things to consider when thinking about a suitable partner:

•You will probably work best with partners whose values are compatible with yours.

• Partners should like, respect, and trust each other. They do not have to be close friends, although this can be helpful.

• Partners do not have to put in equal effort or achieve equal results, but each must fill a principal role—as a manager, design partner, or business developer, for example—and make a principal-level contribution to the firm's well-being.

Once you've chosen a partner or partners, here are some keys to making the arrangement work:

Most successful partnerships have principals with complementary personalities and skills who respect their partners' different capabilities—in fact, one of the best things about your partners could be that they are not just like you. Strive for fairness in all things—allocation of financial distribution, professional the cost of funding operations until sufficient cash flow to sustain operations has been established.

One of the first questions most architects ask when contemplating a start-up is how much money will be needed. No two start-ups are exactly alike, but most find it necessary to have enough cash to cover three to

six months of operating costs, plus the amount needed to cover organizational expenses. One way to calculate this is to make up a budget, very much the way that you would cost out a schematic design for a new building.

Organizational expenses to be considered are acquisition of office space and lease-

hold improvements, furniture, computer equipment and software, printed materials, marketing materials such as announcements and brochures, and office supplies. Operational expenses will be incurred for such things as salaries, benefits, rent and related occupancy costs, insurance, taxes,

MOST START-UPS NEED THREE TO SIX MONTHS OF OPERATING CAPITAL, PLUS ENOUGH TO COVER ORGANIZATIONAL COSTS.

credit, and the other rewards of ownership.

Put the basic understandings of the partnership or shareholders' agreement in writing—ambiguous or less-than-thoughtful language in such agreements has caused many partnerships to unravel.

If it turns out that your partnership doesn't work, you should try to end it quickly, and if at all possible, amicably.

Capital requirements

Start-up capital is crucial for any new firm and is required to fulfill two basic needs: initial expenses and travel, copies, telephone, shipping, and so on. It may be a good idea to include a worst-case contingency fund for use in case cash flow doesn't materialize as soon as the partners hope it will.

And when will the cash start to flow? Some architects start their practices with a commission in hand, or at least the promise of one, which will enable them to begin work almost immediately after they open their doors. But services performed today will not produce cash until a client is invoiced and the receivable is collected, which can be weeks or even months later. The collection period norm is 90 days, although small start-up firms often get their bills paid much sooner.

If the firm starts without a commission in hand, it will need much more cash to keep going while the firm markets its services, secures commissions, performs services, sends invoices, and, finally, begins receiving enough payments to make its cash flow positive.

Sources for initial capital include personal savings; loans backed by equity in personal real



estate; loans from friends and relatives; personal credit cards; Small Business Administration loans: and commercial bank loans.

Entrepreneurs should not be surprised when they discover that banks are reluctant to loan money to them. Banks want to be lenders, not investors. They don't want to be the primary stakeholder—and risk-taker—in your firm, and they prefer that architects provide at least half their start-up capital from their personal assets.

Professional services

Every firm needs a banker, and sooner or later most need a lawyer, an accountant, and a tax adviser, as well. Some even employ business consultants. Even those who choose to go it alone as sole proprietors shouldn't feel that they are alone there are many sources of assistance for you.

When considering providers for legal, accounting, banking, or business-consulting services, look for someone who listens well, understands the unique problems of your profession, and has the requisite experience and knowledge t keep their learning curve to a m mum. If you have a specific prot you should weigh carefully whet the solutions they propose appe to be effective and proportionat the issues at hand, and whether proposed costs are appropriate the circumstances.

Architects consult attorney assist with partnership agreeme owner-architect agreements, and possibly liability and labor matte It is essential that you establish

> relationship with a knowledgeable attorr you like and trust. Frequently, a 5-minut telephone conversati with an experienced attorney can provide exactly the right infor tion that will save hou of misdirected effort needless concern.

It is not uncomr for architects to begi practice without the

of an accountant. If a firm stays very small, or operates as a sole proprietorship, it may never nee accounting assistance. However, firm begins hiring more than a fe employees, or the firm's legal or ization is changed to a partnersh subchapter S-corporation, a prof sional corporation, or limited liab company, then more extensive record keeping and complicated tax returns are inevitable. These demand the services of an accou ant. A good accountant can help newly minted practitioner by sett up a payroll and by giving advice how to set up a system of accou that will facilitate both record kee ing and financial management.

Since there is no practical v to operate a firm without a bank account, it is imperative to devel a good relationship with a banke Bankers are important members the community, especially small communities. In addition to their understanding of money and rea estate markets, they generally se a wide variety of individuals, com nies, institutions, and governmer agencies. Consequently, they

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develop a useful understanding of these entities-knowledge that can be of service to their architectclients. Many architects have done work that was referred to them by their bankers.

Since most architects learn to run their business on the fly, it may be helpful at some point for them to seek the advice of a management

most useful when principals are grappling with crucial decisions such as whether to grow or move the firm in a new direction.

Ethics: start out right

Architects and other design professionals are expected to practice ethically, of course, and it almost goes without saying that one

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consultant. The best consultants have assimilated what they know from working with a wide variety of clients in different situations. They understand the underlying issues related to operating a business in a particular profession and can quickly apply their knowledge to new problems. They often provide perspective and impartial feedback that can be

should establish one's firm on the highest of ethical principles. The AIA's Code of Ethics and Professional Conduct is a good place to look for guidance, even if you are not a member.

Generally speaking, the ethical questions most likely to be encountered by persons starting a firm relate to their conduct toward their

former employers.

All architects start out as interns who are employed by others. Those who start their own practices almost inevitably form the relationships and make the contacts that will enable them to go out on their own later while they are working for someone else. When opportunities to practice in your name come along, you may even try to a find way to serve private clients while remaining employed. If you take on outside work, you must use your own identity to get it and your own time and resources to do it. Don't ever imply that you represent your employer to get work for yourself. Always continue to work conscientiously for your employer.

Always ask permission before removing documents. Your employer is ethically obliged to provide copies of documents for projects on which you worked, but you should expect to pay for these copies yourself.

If, in the process of marketing your new firm, you are showing

work you did for a former emp take credit only for the work th you actually did. Be sure to cite your employer on every projec on which you participated as a employee.

While you are proscribed f interfering with your former em ers' contracts, you are free to ir their clients that you are beginn your own practice. However, if y signed a noncompete agreeme with your former employer, othe conditions may apply.

You can offer fellow worke employment unless you have signed a noncompete clause tl prevents it. In this case, it is be to inform others of your intenti to start a practice, then let the decide to join you if they so wis

You may be surprised to fir that former employers are ofter willing to provide advice and su port, including references and, i some cases, referrals. Start you firm in an honorable way, and n burn bridges-you may want to cross them again.

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Critique

chitecture is political. arshaling and distributsources, organizing space, and orchestratcounter, architecture is edium through which in relations are given ision. Since 9/11, es of assaults on buildand cities have become itous symbols of politiction, surrogates-in a /ithout corpses-for our corporeality. As we the war on Irag unfoldreal time on TV, we are luced to a modified, miled, urbanists' discourse, ent from our own, but with mirror images of archire's techniques.

To accomplish the ends of new "war-fighting ecosystem," must be stripped of their acter as human settlements emeasured. If by AI Qaeda, ity becomes Satan's lair, the at of devils; if by our own miliit becomes an urban space ly devoid of habitation. We see ity with the brutal objectivity m points" and "target sets" eapons so accurate they can motely aimed-from across treet, from Qatar, Florida, or outer space-at windows. use their precision is "beyond f," in the words of Secretary of nse Donald Rumsfeld, he can prate a strategy predicated on

ributing editor Michael Sorkin is irector of the urban planning 'am at City College of New York.



General Tommy Franks, March 21, 2003.

the easy technical classification of good buildings and bad (surrogates for good people and evildoers), and direct retributive fire to its targets from prescient satellites hundreds of miles away. The clean and distant imagery—from the World Trade Center collapsing to the row of mushroom clouds rising over Baghdad—is equally depopulated for those who perpetrate and for those who observe. The message is not simply that we cannot miss, but that no one really gets hurt.

The media make use of architecture's tools, as well. Each network employs global imagery from one or another simulation shop to extend its own panoptic reach. As we zoom in on Baghdad from a position in space, a fabulously detailed computer image of the landscape seamlessly morphs into an aerial photo of the city,

By Michael Sorkin

then back to a CAD rendering of the presidential palace to be taken out. At the scale of the city, sinister installations are clearly marked—Saddam Airport, Baath Headquarters, the Planning Ministry—so we can map and assimilate both the networks and points of evil, ready for the acupuncture to be administered by our unfailing Tomahawks.

Like their civilian counterparts, military planners are experts at zoning. After the first night of Shock and Awe in Iraq on March 20, the architectural and urban plans became more detailed. Stretching for several miles along

the Tigris, a neighborhood of evil was introduced to us, a continuous concentration of the architecture of the Saddamite regime, an area of darkness, precisely red-lined to become a pyrotechnic cauldron, ready for its close-up from the roof of the Al-Rashid or Palestine hotel. Dots on the map suggest that we have administered the appropriate corrective dose only where it is needed. By pathologizing in advance all that we hit, the noisome problem of collateral damage is obviated: It's just urban renewal. Indeed, according to an op-ed piece by Daryl G. Press in the March 26

New York Times, Baghdad is particularly well designed for invasion. Lacking tall buildings and laced unlike Grozny or Mogadishu—with broad boulevards, the city's terrain is not, as Press writes laconically, "ideal for urban defense."

To justify the war, Bush repeatedly elided 9/11 and the attack on Iraq as cause and effect. There is something striking in the coincidence of the planning endgame at Ground Zero with the violent site clearing and promised reconstruction underway in Iraq. Already, the *Times* had reported that the administration has invited Bechtel, Fluor, Halliburton, Parsons, Washington



Daniel Libeskind and his winning scheme for the World Trade Center site, February 27, 2003.

Critique

(successor to Morrison-Knudson), and the Berger Group to bid on billions in projects via an accelerated process. "Bechtel would be proud to rebuild Iraq," a spokesman is quoted as saying, and surely they would be proud to get a piece of the action in downtown New York City, as well. Iraq will require its own development no reason to assume that our views—never mind our styles of expression—should be uniform. To the contrary, the idea of liberty (and of its product, difference) is the repudiation of the single voice. At the same time, this expressive latitude does not mean a world of endless relativism, one in which

THE CITY CONFRONTS FOUR MAJOR CHALLENGES IN THE FUTURE, ALL OF WHICH HAVE IMPLICATIONS FOR FORM.

corporation, and the administration is suggesting that these contracts will be supervised by an "interim authority" (shades of the LMDC and the Port Authority), only answerable upward. War becomes the extension of planning by other means.

Our own response as architects has been uninspiring. Architecture's political voice speaks in many tongues, and there is the defense of principle is made moot by an idea of tolerance that reduces social relations to a Hobbesian jungle of pure opportunism and anything goes. In particular, we look to our avantgarde for a riposte to power, for our own targets of opportunity. Avant-gardes always harbor the political, the idea of the overthrow of the status quo. To escape mere



Diller + Scofidio's Tourisms installation at the Whitney Museum in New '

nihilism, though, there must be some integral vision of the good, however obscure its forms at present. Unfortunately, our response to the destruction of the idea of the city by neoliberal globalization or by neocolonial warfare has produlittle constructive speculation a urbanism's future. Having seen the looming disaster, too many our most talented have simply embraced it: Many architects a



ning proponents of the sprawl ne one-size-fits-all mentality 3 strangling the earth. But what ideas of the good re truly worth defending? low can the architectural -garde use its quiver of inno-1 and transgression to defend ? For me, the city confronts najor challenges in realizing ture, all of which have implins for form. The first of these stainability, the idea that pers and resources must be iced in order to conserve and nce the health of both cities he planet. The second issue cess. This entails the just dision of global resources and freedom of the city" that is a amental right of urban citizen-The third is the defense of cy from the multiplication of niques of surveillance and the pulation that prevent us from / forming and maintaining our e of self. Finally, valuable livultural and physical ecologies be preserved. No intelligent

form of urbanism can neglect the defense of its historic successes.

On an exponentially urbanizing planet, the construction of new and sustainable cities is an urgent necessity, and we haven't risen to the challenge. Given the struggle between the goals I've listed and the pressures of a winnowing globalization and militarization of culture and control, the challenge is both how to build these cities and how to find the means for their individuality. Neither nostalgic visions nor the depredations of planning left to the ineffable wisdom of the market will do: Not only bombs obliterate. This assault puts the premium on artistic invention, for the creation of a singular architecture that is sustainable. malleable, and beautiful. And it is here that an engaged avant-garde becomes more crucial than ever.

Two of our most celebrated avant-garde architectural firms have very visible projects in New York just now. Daniel Libeskind's scheme for the reconstruction of Ground Zero [RECORD, March 2003, page 29, and April 2003, page 33] and the exhibition of the work of Liz Diller and Ric Scofidio at the Whitney Museum, *Scanning: The Aberrant Architectures of Diller* + *Scofidio* [RECORD, April 2003, page 103], are widely celebrated as the best and most truly innovative we can do. But seated comfortably in their institutional venues, do either of these firms have the potential for either clarifying shock vast mall underground, and millions of square feet of unneeded office space will be built. The program will be just as it was. Yet for the authorities, who were so roundly castigated for previous failures of innovation, the idea that they're now actually thinking out of the box is bolstered by foregrounding Libeskind's progressive credentials (established by referring to previous "avant-garde" work), by his hip costuming and self-presentation, and by the thick

SEATED COMFORTABLY IN THEIR INSTITUTIONAL VENUES, DO THESE FIRMS CLARIFY SHOCK OR INSPIRE AWE?

or inspiring awe? Is there anything new here?

The final Libeskind scheme is simply conventional, its putative avant-gardism occlusive rather than innovative, offering up poignant, if familiar, symbols to "balance" the real investment to be made and the major uses to which the site is to be restored. The grid will return, there will be shops on the street and in a camouflage of angularities shrouding the architecture whose future may or may not be in his control. At the same time, the idea that this formal experimentalism might harbor a risky politics is defused by Libeskind's sleeve-worn heart, by treacly recitations of his immigrant sagas, by the sudden appearance of an American Flag in his chic lapel, and by his grinning face as he rings

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Critique

the opening bell at the American Stock Exchange, much like Michael Eisner or Martha Stewart at the New York Stock Exchange.

At the Whitney, things are decidedly more promising. Diller and Scofidio have long worked with acumen and verve at the sites of crucial issues in urban politics. By addressing the rites of tourism, the

by responding to the threats of the virtual, continue to celebrate the prosody of the physical.

If I have a question with their work, it is with a certain failure to behave badly, and for their selection of targets grown long in the tooth. This is the old issue of how acceptable a message can be before it simply becomes part of

AS A HYPERAESTHETIC CRITIQUE, THE WORK SEEMS TO PULL ITS PUNCHES, DILATING ON AMBIGUITY AND MIXED MESSAGES.

media of surveillance, the rituals of domesticity, the alienation of everyday life, and the centrality of the body to architecture, their practice can be said to be genuinely critical. Canny in their combination of irony and sensuality-two of the cudgels historically used by the avant-gardes to browbeat cultural norms-these excellent designers,

the medium. Caught up in a hyperaesthetic critique, the work seems to pull its punches, dilating on ambiguity and mixed messages. But does anyone in the Issey Miyake generation actually iron (Bad Press: Dissident Housework Series)? Hasn't the numbness of the robotic production line been better covered by Fritz Lang and

Charlie Chaplin (Master/Slave)? Has anyone failed to observe the homogenization of tourism (Tourisms: suitCase Studies)? Must we still express superiority to simple folk who love their lawns or their vacations (The American Lawn: The Surface of Everyday Life)? Is surveillance really deconstructed by video monitors over the bar at the Brasserie? This is work that makes me long for both the rapier and for utopia, for the out-ofbounds, for violence or hilarity or idiosyncracy.

The power of Diller and Scofidio's project, though, is not its p.c. critique, but the form of its objectification. When the beauty is flat out-as in their tense suspension of Samsonite luggage in the Tourisms installation at the Whitney, or that stunning Blur building in Lake Neuchâtel at the Swiss Expo for 2002, or those intoxicatingly theatric choreographies (such as the Jet Lag multimedia play)-the longing for a better world finds focus. If the avant-garde is to have

a utility beyond indulgence, it's time for both excess and straig talking, for the surrender of iro and hair-splitting intelligence to frenzy of demands for a better world. The strategy of the avan garde depends, always, on too much, on some willing form of behavior, on blurring old certai But totalitarianism trumps amb ity every time. War is the ultimate bad behavior and the canny pc cians in charge of the current carnage-by constantly preser themselves as an avant-garde, inventors of the "revolution in r tary affairs" and pioneers of a "battlespace"-try to superced their own savagery by giving it fresh form. We must do better this. What's needed now are cli propositions at the scale of glo ers, whole cities imagined from scratch, big chunks of alternati realities. Against the aesthetics of alienation and annihilation w must respond with fresh forms survival and joy. Architecture m take the field.



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Books

Pr Behrens and a New itecture for the ntieth Century, by Iford Anderson. Cambridge, s.: MIT, 2003, 443 pages,

r Behrens is now mostly embered for his work in the / 1900s for the German eral Electric company, the AEG, /hich he designed a range of products and graphics as well uildings. His interest in designor industry deeply influenced e architects who worked for in Berlin around 1910: Walter vius, Ludwig Mies van der Rohe, Le Corbusier.

For these reasons alone, one ld expect that there would be a siderable amount of historical arch on Behrens, yet this has seen the case. His later stylistic ideological shifts, first following younger generation in Germany ard the Modern movement in 1920s and then returning to ial Neoclassicism as a Nazi in 1930s, have understandably led to dampen enthusiasm for earlier contributions to architec-. This clear and critical book on rens by eminent MIT professor ford Anderson is a welcome tion to the still rather small ature on Behrens in English. It ides a complete listing of rens's works and an updated ography of the mostly Germanuage scholarship on him.

It is much to Anderson's credit he does not attempt to gloss the ultimately disreputable



nature of Behrens's later politics. Anderson first situates Behrens in the cultural context of the early 20th century, when he turned from the Art Nouveau and Viennese Secessionism of the Darmstadt colony toward a geometrically simplified Neoclassicism. The author then examines the theoretical basis of Behrens's work and traces in detail his strategy for uniting technology and art around 1910. This part of the book includes a consideration of Behrens's important influence on the German Werkbund, which has also been the subject of a book-length study by Tilmann Buddensieg. Anderson's primary focus here is on Behrens as an architect who attempted to give form to early-20th-century Germanic ideas about the need to synthesize art and industry. Like many of his contemporaries, Behrens believed that the new 20th-century industrial era had its own "will to form," or Kunstwollen (a term coined in 1893 by the Viennese art historian Alois Riegl), which differed from all previous historical epochs. In his most

famous work, the AEG electric turbine factory in Berlin (1908), Behrens attempted to "spiritualize" German industrial production through the use of modern industrial materials, constructing forms that suggested, but did not directly imitate, Greek temples and medieval monastic halls as well as modern factories.

Unlike earlier Modernist historians, Anderson does not attempt to suggest that with this building Behrens had moved beyond a modernized and industrialized version of the Classical tradition. He instead situates the Turbine factory in relation to other works of Behrens's office at this time, such as the Mannesmann offices in Düsseldorf (1910) and the German Embassy in St. Petersburg (1912), whose exterior clearly foreshadowed the later stripped Classicism often associated with totalitarianism. This aspect of Behrens's work, so important to 20th-century architecture between the world wars, is given equal weight to the other aspects of his wideranging and highly influential career. Eric Mumford

Fun! Leisure and Landscape,

by Tracy Metz, with photo essays by Janine Schrijver. Rotterdam, the Netherlands: Nai Publisher, 2002, 285 pages, \$32.

On Queens Day, in the Netherlands, author Tracy Metz (RECORD's correspondent in the Netherlands) tapes off part of the narrow street in front of her house. It faces one of Amsterdam's breathtakingly beautiful canals and is prime real estate on this national holiday turned giant street fair. She auctions her space to a college students' beer stand and leaves town. On another day, glitter-spangled wigs and well-toned bare male torsos make their way past her canalside window en route to the Gay Parade, a spectacle that now draws 250,000 gawking onlookers, three times the population of the city's historic center. "I feel like a tourist in my own city, an object in my own museum, an



attraction in my own amusement park," she writes.

Amsterdam has not entirely turned itself over to tourists, as have Venice, Florence, and increasingly, Rome. But even the casual visitor might wonder if Europe—with every centuries-old center pedestrianized and cutesified and filled with culture

Books

fairs—is not on its way to becoming the Boutique Continent.

In her survey of what she calls the "leisure landscape," Metz gives an ironic Dutch perspective to the globalized industry of fun. Landfills in this damp, mountain-free nation have been converted into artificial ski slopes for eager tourists and natives. Leisure villages-which look to American eyes like toy 1950s tract suburbs-have popped up in the exurban agricultural frontier. The rise of spectacle architecture is implicated: Rotterdam's Department of Leisure Economy deploys Ben van Berkel's Erasmus Bridge as the battered port's cheerful new logo. Rem Koolhaas, Harvard's czar of shopping, is replanning the 1960s suburb of Almere as a multilayered infrastructure of retail, transportation, and relaxation.

While places like Tuscany and Provence have been fully trans-

Albert Kahn: Architect of Ford,

by Federico Bucci. New York: Princeton Architectural Press, 2002, 184 pages, \$24.95. Adolf Loos, by Panayhotis Tournikiotis. New York: Princeton Architectural Press, 2002, 200 pages, \$24.95.

Adalberto Libera, by Francesco Garofalo and Luca Veresane. New York: Princeton Architectural Press, 2002, 208 pages, \$24.95.

At first glance, the subjects of this little series seem only loosely connected, if at all. But Albert Kahn (1869–1942), Adolf Loos (1870–1933), and Adalberto Libera (1903–63) were roughly contemporary, and none was a Fountainhead-type architect. Albert Kahn insisted, "Architecture is 90 percent business and 10 percent art." Of his firm, he wrote, "There is no place here for the tempera-



formed into lifestyle concepts, Amsterdam, to the casual visitor, seems to have found a sane alternative. In *Fun!*, Metz assures us that it, too, is being loved to death by tourism. The Dutch are analyzing the leisure phenomenon with enthusiasm, but they don't know any better than Americans do how to live a real life in a place perpetually under siege by those who want to consume it. Are they really looking for answers, or content to just enjoy the show? *James S. Russell, AlA* mental artist. The clearheaded businessman must have charge." In 2002, Kahn was nominated for the AIA Gold Medal. At a time when designers of eye-popping buildings are king, should we be surprised that he didn't win?

Kahn was known, of course, for his industrial buildings, especially those for Henry Ford. The industrialist wanted not an artist who would build a glorious image, but a designer capable of responding concretely to the specific demands of mass production. Bucci writes that Kahn was indeed closer to the pragmatic industrialists for whom he worked than to the intellectual designers of his day—or any day. Kahn felt that the architect was a technician at the complete disposal of the client.

Loos was better known as a rationalist theoretician than for his architecture, including the American Bar, Vienna (1907); Steiner House, Vienna (1920); Villa Mueller, Prague (1930); and his Chicago Tribune competition entry of 1922 in the shape of a column. Unlike Kahn, Loos was seduced neither by industry nor technology, both of which "he considered fatal to the historical evolution of humanity," writes Tournikiotis. But like Kahn, Loos had little truck with the idea of the architect as artistic genius. The architect, he believed, should be a mason who espouses an aesthetic of truthful construction and utility. Loos is known for the maxim, "ornament is crime," but said of it in 1924, "I affirmed 26 years ago that the evolution of humanity would cause ornament to disappear from

> functional objects.... But I never thought like the purists who pushed this reasoning to the absurd, that ornament should be systematically abolished." He believed in " 'belonging to one's time' and, consequently, to tradition," writes Tournikiotis.

Unlike Kahn and Loos, Libera, the Italian protagonist of Modern architecture, fully identified with the avant-garde. Before World War II, he was a rationalist theoretician and architect, whose designs included the Italian pavilion for the Chicago World's Fair (1933) and Casa Malaparte, Capri (1938). He associated himself with Mussolini's Fascist state and wrote propaganda for it. After the warand a period of reflection-he became a leading figure of postwar reconstruction and a significant architect, mainly of housing, and a city planner during the boom of the 1960s. But his prewar architecture, as shown in this book, was no match for such fellow Fascists as



Terragni and Piacentini. And Libe postwar buildings look pedestria more muscle than inspiration. Which, however, is no reason no welcome this first English volum about him.

Each volume in this series is about 200 pages long and printer black and white. All are very read: Andrea Oppenheimer Dean

Luigi Moretti: Works and

Writings, by Federico Bucci a Marco Mulazzani; translated k Marina De Conciliis. New York Princeton Architectural Press, 2002, 232 pages, \$100.

Think of Fascist architecture, and Albert Speer's ponderous, Class confections come to mind. In Fa Germany, working in a Modern idiom was cause for prosecution worse. Not so in Italy, where the Fascist years produced many gra fully Modern buildings. Luigi Mor (1907-73) created some of the k examples, including the urban pl for the Foro Italico, the Piazza Imperiale, and the Palazzo Civilt all in Rome, and his renowned entry for the E.U.R. competition 1937. Moretti neither recanted h Fascism nor associated himself the prevailing rationalists, whose architecture he described in 193 as "born on paper, where it will live and die infallibly." He identifie himself primarily as a Roman, ai found inspiration in the Baroque works of Bernini, Borromini, and Michelangelo, as well as the Gre architecture of the Parthenon. "H was of the avant-garde but also the ancients," Mulazzani writes. Ironically, his postwar designs we



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Books

bulky and closed compared to his earlier open, elegant volumes, although in the Montreal Stock Exchange (1964) and the Watergate Complex in Washington, D.C. (1971), he mitigated massiveness with abundant glazing.

Moretti has been overlooked largely because his major patrons the Fascist Party before the war, the Church and the Roman aristoc-



racy afterward—were anathema to the left-leaning culturati. This book, illustrated with beautiful period photographs, attempts to jump-start a reevaluation and bring Moretti's work to a larger audience. The publication is marred, unfortunately, by Mulazzani's ungainly Italianate English, probably a fault of translation. *A.O.D.*

Geoffrey Bawa: The Complete

Works, by David Robson. New York: Thames & Hudson, 2002, 278 pages, \$65.

The work of Sri Lankan architect Geoffrey Bawa, recipient of the Aga Khan Chairman's Award for 2001, follows in the footsteps of Mexico's Luis Barragan and Egypt's Hassan Fathy in exemplifying Third World architecture at its best. Bawa's buildings in Sri Lanka include houses, hotels, and an assortment of commercial, industrial, educational, and public structures, including Sri Lanka's New Parliament building (1979-82). From the late 1940s onward, as the world sped toward modernization, Bawa's architecture fused Modernist principles with indigenous traditions, environmental awareness, and regional appropriateness. In a rare interview in 1989, he said, "I have begun to think that regionalism is what happens automatically, coming out from the needs of the place ... If you take local materials and the general feel of the place into account, the resultant building automatically becomes regional." If he was a regionalist before that term came into common use, Bawa was also a green architect before the moniker was coined.

Bawa was born in 1919 in multiethnic but socially stratified colonial Ceylon. He practiced law in England and Sri Lanka before turning to architecture in his 30s. David Robson, a friend of Bawa's and a professor of architecture at the University of Brighton, U.K., intended to write this book with architect, but his plan was thwa when Bawa had a severe stroke in 1998 that ended his career. Continuing alone, Robson's inter tion was to "shed more light on Bawa's complex personality" an to place his work in perspective. Well-written and well-produced, book adds to and updates Briar Brace Taylor's 1990 and 1996 books on Bawa. The opening ch ters set the scene, filling us in o the architect's early life and the history of Sri Lankan architectur Robson ties the architect's evolu tion to key periods of political ar economic development in Sri Lanka. The author shows Bawa evolving from a Tropical Modern to a regionalist, to an architect c the state, to a "grand designer."

In the end, Robson writes, Bawa's "commitment to Moderni ideals has enabled him to find ne ways to resolve the contradiction inherent in the dialogue between the local and the global." A.O.D.

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Of blobs, bridge engineers, green building, and photography: A potpourri of spring shows

Exhibitions

icacy. Curated by Greg Lynn. he Institute of Contemporary Philadelphia, through March 2003.

1 the recent exhibition Intricacy hiladelphia's Institute of temporary Art, Greg Lynn, the *N*'s curator as well as the archimost associated with the norphic buildings often called bs," reveals himself to be risingly old-fashioned. After all, show isn't about theory, but thetics: As he writes in the ompanying catalog, his subject urfaces and their articulation ugh subdivision, modulation, elization, structure and massing. most obvious connections veen the works," he adds, "are nal." Even more surprising, most he works of art chosen to comnent the architectural models paintings and sculptures, not allations. One of the few conceppieces, Roxy Paine's Case #11 38), is a specimen cabinet filled polymer blobs, labeled, for mple, "EBMA" and "CCC" (these out to refer to "explosive buls multiple appendages" and amy clustered convoluted"). he has produced, essentially, a I guide to blobs-a reminder of difficulty of categorizing irregular ns, as opposed to, say, circles squares.

Paine's display case is Lynn's w in microcosm. The Californiaed architect, a globe-trotting urer currently teaching at Yale, .A, and the University for Applied ; in Vienna, has gathered together artworks and architectural models and assigned them to three categories. First are objects made of separable parts: If the parts are identical (think bricks or latticework), Lynn calls the resulting objects "aggregations"; if the parts are different, he calls them "assemblages" (with a nod to art historian Rosalind Krauss and others). In the art category, the aggregation that makes the strongest impression is Tom Friedman's Untitled (2002), a cube composed entirely of packing peanuts. On the architecture side is Office dA's plan for a pavilion in Tongxian, near Beijing, in which brick walls become miraculously plastic.

Lynn's third category focuses on true blobs-"parts that are inextricably smoothed together and fused," creating nondivisible forms. Here Lynn focuses more on art than on architecture, not surprising given the difficulty of creating buildings that look like puddles or intestines. Eisenman's 1999 proposal for the Quai Branley Museum in Paris, in which 19th-century buildings seem to melt or morph into undulating appendages, produces an effect, Lynn writes, like that of "a pastry chef, smoothing frosting with a knife"-which is infinitely easier to achieve at model scale than at 1:1. Lynn writes, "Disavowing the disjunction of collage, intricacy privileges fusion by either superimposition or surgical connections along edges." But issues like cost, gravity, and sustainability lead, in the real world, to collage (or worse)-think of Steven Holl's Simmons Hall at MIT (this issue, page 204), where the joints



Intricate objects: Bonnie Collura's Skywalker (above), a mixed-media installation with references to fairytale and mythic characters; Roxy Paine's Scumak series (right), expressions of art making; Peter Eisenman's proposal to connect the buildings of Paris's Quai Branley Museum (below).



DEPARTMENTS

Exhibitions

between rectilinear and organic forms are, at best, awkward. Even the heralded Korean Presbyterian Church of New York, designed by Lynn with Michael McInturf Architects and Douglas Garofalo Architect, consists of several blobby forms mounted, not always gracefully, onto a rectilinear building. Technology, alas, can't turn packing peanuts into peanut butter. This is no doubt disappointing even to Lynn.

The show doesn't focus on the issue of technology, which Lynn has delved into in much of his previous work. How these buildings will be built is a subject for another exhibition (of the architectural works in the show, only one is completed and two are under construction). Lynn's goal was to open a dialogue between artists and architects about a shared aesthetic impulse, and at that, he has succeeded. *Fred Bernstein*

The Art of Structural Design: A

Swiss Legacy. Curated by David P. Billington. At the Princeton University Art Museum, Princeton, New Jersey, through June 15, 2003.

In 1947, the Museum of Modern Art in New York City lauded the artistry of Swiss bridge engineer Robert Maillart (1872–1940) with a oneman show. More than 50 years later, Princeton engineering professor David P. Billington has organized an exhibition of models and images that pays homage to Maillart and three of his countrymen—Othmar H. Ammann (1879–1965), Heinz Isler (b. 1926), and Christian Menn (b. 1927)—for contributing to the beauty of the built environment.

The work of these four engineers is widely hailed as the most revolutionary structural design of the 20th century. Maillart's hollow-box concrete construction for bridge decks, for instance, is now a standard design technique—but it was as innovative in his day as the achievement of Gehry's curvaceous Bilbao was in the mid-1990s. Ammann's oeuvre includes nearly every bridge crossing into New York City from New Jersey and Long Island; Isler's work in thin-shell concrete created an entirely new structural form; and Menn's most recent project, the Bunker Hill Bridge in Boston, is becoming a Beantown icon (although Menn is said to dislike the final design, which has shorter

towers than he envisioned).

All four men studied at the Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, and Billington says this institution has had a seminal influence on the education of engineers. Billington himself is a pio-

neer in this regard: In 45 years at Princeton, he has reintroduced the humanities into engineering education, a connection that has largely been lost as the profession has become increasingly focused on methods of technical analysis. "Engineers, and especially academics, often argue that aesthetics are not part of their profession. One major objective of education in engineering should be to encourage students to see, accept, and begin to use that elemental sense of aesthetics," Billington writes in his book that inspired the show and shares its title.

In fact, the exhibition doesn't quite hold its own without Billington's book, which is mounted page-bypage alongside the models, built by his students. Particularly compelling in the exhibition are Isler's exquisitely illustrated technical notebooks.

The twin goals of the structural engineer—to create strength and to minimize weight—are challenges of the highest order. Billington's show and the accompanying book firmly establish the four featured engineers as masters of form and function, and make the case for regarding structural engineering as an art form in its own right. Deborah Snoonian, P.E.





Maillart's award-winning Chatelard Aqueduct (above); a thin-shell concrete canopy by Isler (left) sits atop the roof of his building; Ammann's spare, modern Bronx-Whitestone Bridge (below).



Assignment GREEN: A Survey of Eco-Design Education in New York, 2003. Curated by David Bergman and Erika Doering. At the Municipal Art Society, New York City, through April 29, 2003.

Earth-friendly clothing rubs shoulders with product designs and architectural models at this showcase of student work from eight schools in New York City. The show was the brainchild of O2NYC, an ad hoc, multidisciplinary collective of designers to which curators David Bergman and Erika Doehring belong. The two teach at Parsons School of Design and the Pratt Institute, respectively.

Bergman advocates what he calls "transparent green design," which avoids typical aesthetic connotations such as craftsy, handmade appearances or straightfo ward reuse of discarded materia The work in this show is not tran parent, as little green design is yet—but the products do show imagination, a primary measure of success for student work of any stripe.

As is often the case, the mithought-provoking green project: involve urban studies and landscape. The best example is a project undertaken by students at City College, who analyzed the historic ecological "footprint" of cities of a million or more resider including Tokyo in 1760 and Cair in 1927. The data they collected can be used to study current pa terns in large urban areas, with a eye toward minimizing local envi ronmental impacts.

The show's intent is to raise awareness about sustainability i

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Exhibitions

education in hopes of fomenting a center of green-design excellence in New York. That O2NYC managed to mount an exhibition from so many disparate sources is to be commended; that the show indicates progress toward its intended goal is even better news. *D.S.*

Thomas Struth. Curated by Maria Morris Hambourg and Douglas Eklund, at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York City, through May 18, 2003.

By photographing buildings and streets, Thomas Struth transcended the role of architectural photographer to become the creator of contemplative portraits of urbanism, globalization, and architectural spectacle. Over several decades, Struth has developed a method of making familiar sights fresh, causing viewers to look more closely at what they take for granted. While this retrospective explores Struth's vast range of subjects, his recent images of urban architecture suggest he is returning to his original interest in photographing streets.

A student of renowned Düsseldorf Academy teachers Bernd and Hilla Becher, Struth developed an analytical approach to photographing architecture with his early black-and-white images of New York City and of European cities. His photographs chart the cities' decay and renewal, conveying the mood and culture of the locales. Struth has since explored other subjects, such as people who flock to museums and monuments in his famous series Museum Photographs. Even though the images focus on the people at these cultural sites, Struth's photo-



Student projects from Assignment GREEN: a curtain created from film canisters (top); furniture made of liana cane from Guyana (above right); and a wall hanging composed of tubing from the textile industry (right).

graphs study the act of observation with the same dispassionate eye that charts his inanimate subjects.

Perhaps Struth's greatest gift is his ability to analyze the way people observe their surroundings. The link





between an image of a parking lc in Dallas and the pandemonium (New York's Times Square is that Struth sees the importance of reflecting upon a banal environme as well as a spectacular one.

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ite the obvious disparities ng his subjects, Struth's photons all explore the underlying acter of the cultures they sent. Diana Lind

zeville: Black Chicago ictures, 1941-43. Curated laren Stange. At the national Center of ography, New York City, ugh May 25, 2003. During its nine years of ence, the Farm Security



turns a dispassionate lens on by Street in New York's SoHo district.

Administration employed some of America's best photographers to document the hardships of living on relief during the Depression. The project resulted in an archive of 200,000 images, some of which are featured in Bronzeville: Black Chicago in Pictures, 1941-43, a show that tells the story of Chicago's urban underbelly, African-Americans chasing the American dream, and the architecture that failed to sustain them.

Thousands of blacks migrated to Chicago in the 1940s, lured by the promise of jobs and a better life. There they found squalid living conditions in the 10-square-mile area then known as Bronzeville. Four photographers—Russell Lee, Edwin Rosskam, John Vachon, and Jack Delanocaptured the duality of this place, where a vibrant African-American culture developed despite factors that made simple living a struggle.

While the exhibition



Poor living conditions were an unfortunate hallmark of 1940s Bronzeville.

explores all aspects of life in Bronzeville, from nightlife to churchgoing, the core images in the show painstakingly document everyday life in the dilapidated "kitchenette" apartments of the neighborhood. Lovely facades on the main avenues of Bronzeville disguised these cramped, one-room spaces where entire families lived cheek by jowl.

Richard Wright once called the kitchenettes a "death sentence without a trial," suggesting not only that the buildings were unsafe, but that they were also an impediment to blacks' growth. Bronzeville is a poignant study in urban planning, a testament that housing remains an essential part of understanding any defining historical moment. D.L.



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napshot



Diana Lind

Acconci's Island in the Mur defies definition. A convoluted mass of I and glass connected to the banks of the Mur River traversing the of Graz, Austria, the island houses an amphitheater, café, and playnd, all of which flow into one another. Acconci is quick to point out lesign's metamorphic qualities: "The functions are mixed, there's no archy, no boundaries, no separation between inside and outside."

On the shores of the Mur, a steel and glass plaything

Acconci, a New York–born artist, revels in his disregard for limits. His career has evolved over several decades includes successful stints as a writer, performance artist, and creator of video installations and participatory oture. Most recently, he formed an architecture firm, Acconci Studio, in New York City, which specializes in publicic design and has built projects ranging from a movable garden in Munich to a screened walkway in Tokyo.

The Mur River, long seen as a dividing line in Graz, became a focus of the city's attention when Graz began aring for its yearlong celebration as the 2003 Cultural Capital of Europe. In 1999, Austrian art curator Robert While the Mur River surrounds the island, its interior reflects the unstable, free-flowing nature of water. The winding corridors (below left) and the café's curvy furniture (below right) look like waves themselves.







napshot

tenhofer proposed the idea of creating an island that would unite the city and change citizens' perception of the Acconci was the natural choice for the commission, considering that some of the key elements in his work ement and evolution—match Graz's own transformation from "Austria's second city" to a renowned center of emporary art in its own right.

The island's two intertwined orbs, an open bowl and a closed dome, may contrast with Graz's traditional archiire, but they harmonize with nature. Acconci says, "We tried to make an island of water; on the one hand, it d literally carry water, support water—on the other hand, it would be as fluid as water." Originally, Acconci envied the island as a contiguous space from both sides of the river that could be entered from underneath the d. However, due to budget constraints, footbridges were used to connect the island to the city and lessened onci's goal of "continuity from riverbank to riverbank."

Within this undulating, 320-ton latticework construction, there are many intersections of activities. Visitors can a bite to eat, attend a concert, and let their kids amuse themselves, all at the same time or separately. As a permanent landmark, the island has already enmeshed itself in the fabric of life in Graz and served as the perance space for many of the Cultural Capital festivities. As Acconci notes, "Once an architecture moves, then it omes generative; it enters the field of biological processes, it grows the way a city grows." The island offers visitors a new vantage point for viewing Graz. The center of the city can be seen through peepholes in the interior and is reflected on the structure's stainless-steel surface.



Like a fine instrument, the most beautiful windows are handcrafted, one
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his year's AIA honor award winners offer a diverse feast of form, image, color, and light. To enrich our understanding, RECORD solicited the views of expert critics Mark C. Taylor, ithia Davidson, and Greg Lynn. In their insightful commentary, we considerable debate. Mark Taylor, an eminent scholar of philosophy ! religion, speaks about architecture in relation to the emerging net-'k culture of today. Cynthia Davidson, an editor, writer, and critic rchitecture, comments on the obsession with image. Greg Lynn, an 'hitect, teacher, and critic, addresses overall trends he discerns as a ctitioner. Each observer focuses a particular lens on the subject, comup with a singular view about architecture in a time of uncertainty.

Architects today are faced with the uneasy task of looking ward in a time of volatile progress toward a new paradigm, while lure of nostalgia keeps propelling us back to the past. This year's iners convey their message with clarity and imagination. Morphosis excels with three winning projects, each uniquely experimental. Rand Elliott is a two-time winner with his Modernist Snow Barn (a shed for plowing equipment) and a small print shop for the ImageNet company that uses copy paper for walls. Caples Jefferson Architects' Heritage Health & Housing, Rios Associates' primary schools, and Pugh Scarpa Kodama's Colorado Court apartments all reflect a fascination with surface through whimsical but practical facades. Lee Skolnick's and Brian MacKay-Lyon's industrial materials speak to the prevailing vernacular, and Richard Meier's and Steven Holl's geometric shapes are both innovative and monumental.

While our critics' discussions may help us recognize the complex forces at work in these projects, in the end we all form judgments based on our own likes and dislikes—and this year's winners provide a plethora of opportunities to do so.—Jane F. Kolleeny

HONOR AWARDS

ARCHITECTURE





Federal Building and United States Courthouse Central Islip, N.Y. Architect: Richard Meier & Partners, Architects; Spector Group [RECORD, October 2001, page 114]

Part of GSA's design excellence program, this humane yet grandscaled courthouse is sited to take advantage of panoramic ocean and bay views surrounding Long Island. A cone-shaped rotunda houses a nine-story-high entry of civic stature. Once inside, visitors pass into a 12-story atrium in the main rectangular volume of the courthouse, which contains the complex's administrative and judicial services and courtrooms.





"The classic Modernist articulation of this building creates a proud and regal form, which need not rely on dated archetypes."



Mark Taylor argues that creativity can be found at the edge of chaos

Mark C. Taylor is the Cluett Professor of Humanities and Religion at Williams College, where he has taught since 1973, and Visiting Professor of Religion and Architecture at Columbia University. Taylor, who has a Doktorgrad (Philosophy) from the University of Copenhagen and a Ph.D. (Religion) from Harvard, published The Moment of Complexity: Emerging Network Culture in 2002. An architecture that is critical for its time must point toward a future emerging in the present. Such architecture is visionary without being utopian. At the cusp of the 21st century, we fin ourselves torn between new realities we do no yet understand and old faiths and ideologies th for many promise certainty and security in a world where they are disappearing.



"Cracking open a densely developed building block, this progressive design provides safe, lively spaces for students and faculty."





Academic Complex, ch College, CUNY York City itect: Kohn Pedersen Fox ciates; Castro-Blanco 'oneri (associate architect)

academic building occupies quarters of a full city block serves as the center of a urban campus. It contains a : central atrium that runs h—south connecting the three inant parts of the school—the ness school, liberal arts college, the shared social amenities.

The trajectory of history is marked by increas-

iterrelations within and among physical, social,

cal, and economic systems. As connectivity

ads, instability and volatility quickly increase,

disorder threatens to erupt. Such disruption

be destructive, but creativity can also occur at

edge of chaos. The increasing interconnection

defines our era is most obvious in rapidly prolif-

Nonlinear, decentralized, open, and complex net-

works are not merely virtual; rather, the virtual

and the real are braided together to form a new

architectural logic beyond information-processing

erating media, communications, information, and financial networks. In the way that the grid was intrinsic to Modernism and the industrial age, the network is the structure of an information society. The architectural projects the AIA has hon-

The architectural projects the AIA has honored this year represent a diversity of styles and approaches characteristic of a period of significant transition. Some architects look back to trusted verities of Modernism, as if the world has not

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Guggenheim Museum (Bilbao) - © Eduardo Chillida House, VEGAP, N Architect: Frank O. Gehry Construction manager: César Caicoya





Colorado Court Santa Monica, Calif. **Architect:** Pugh Scarpa Kodama

Even a modest residence of 44 single-occupancy units can exceed conventional standards as a model for sustainable living. This project provides welldesigned, affordable housing on an urban infill site in the heart of this beach community's downtown commercial district, reinvigorating the area.



"The photovoltaic panels, rainwater collection, and shading systems are used to aesthetic advantage as integral parts of the architectural composition."





nged. The Will Rogers World Airport Snow n in Oklahoma City, by Elliot + Associates nitects, for example, represents an aesthetid Modernism bordering on the banal. In other es, Modernism is tweaked without questioning undamental principles. Kohn Pedersen Fox's v Academic Complex for Baruch College, CUNY, lew York City attempts to soften Modernism's edge by replacing straight lines and right angles with clean curves and smooth slopes. The result is a building that looks more like a 1950s kitchen appliance than a campus of the 21st century.

Richard Meier and Partners' introduction of a cone-shaped rotunda as the entrance to its Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse in Central Islip, New York, is somewhat more successful in suggesting the potential relationship between curvilinear and rectilinear structures. Moore Ruble Yudell Architects and Planners' revision of certain aspects of Modernism in its BoO1 "Tango" Housing in Malmo, Sweden, effectively brings together the longstanding Scandinavian concerns with progressive public housing and environmentalism. The subtle interplay between interior and exterior spaces,

CUESTIONIN THE MODULATION

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Rogers World Airport w Barn ahoma City litect: Elliott + Associates litects

18,000-square-foot structure ed for storage for airport v-removal equipment. A secary portion includes related es, support functions, and hanical space. Using standard, iomical building systems, architect transforms them memorable building forms. use of vertical elements, ctural units, and color presa kind of Zen approach to nating architectural design.



"The snow barn takes the simplest of forms and programs and turns them into a virtuosity of detail and consideration."





within the complex and between the complex its surroundings, achieves a rare sense of inteon that extends beyond the merely functional. critical moment, however, the architects suffer ss of nerve. An aversion to disruption has made ificant innovation impossible. By thoroughly sforming or even destroying what has been, ntive design disturbs customary patterns and displaces established forms.

Since creative activity is unpredictable, its results cannot be calculated with certainty. Morphosis, which received three awards, has a very sophisticated appreciation for the growing complexity and volatility of our increasingly networked world. As communications systems and financial markets are wired, a new infrastructure takes shape that reconfigures long-established distinctions between space and place, the global and the local, and immateriality and materiality. For Morphosis, the interplay between the virtual and the real transforms physical structures in unexpected ways. The Hypo Alpe-Adria Center in Klagenfurt, Austria, effectively embodies the design of networks in its physical form. In this project, grid seems to morph

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Palmetto Elementary School, Orlando, Florida Architect: Reynolds, Smith and Hills Inc. Glazing Contractor: NR Windows, Inc.



"The most limited resources have been evenly applied, resulting in a bright, colorful, activated piece of work and socialization."



Heritage Health & Housing New York City Architect: Caples Jefferson Architects

This modestly sized social services facility in Harlem features a colorful and inviting exterior and a cheerful, light-filled interior. The comfortable environment allows employees and the mentally ill and substance abusers they serve a place for reflection, repose, and the cultivation of hope.



network to create a decentralized structure se lines are strangely nonlinear. The design for pank's headquarters reflects a world in flux re Morphosis strives "to establish nodes of stawithin turbulence." The result is a cacophony rms and angles, which, like bits circulating in r, generates a sense of suspension and even ation. Layered grids cross and crisscross, achieving the effect of a network that seems to be surprisingly mobile. Rather than fixed and secure, this structure opens spaces for circulation in which flow and form remain in constant flux.

No architect better understands the importance of liminal space—that edge or border that separates and joins—than Bernard Tschumi. For more than 30 years, Tschumi has been exploring ways in which the space "in-between," as he describes it, generates novel forms. The Concert Hall and Exhibition Complex in Rouen, France, is one of his most successful works. Bringing together opposites usually held apart, Tschumi creates a complex building that is both provocative and productive. The horizontal, glass-and-steel exhibition wing and the curved steel cladding of the concrete





'his building disproves all those who say that progressive architecture cannot be realized der the guidance of a public school budget."





Diamond Ranch High School Pomona, Calif. Architect: Morphosis; Thomas Blurock Architects (associate architect)

Buildings, athletic fields, parking lots, and open spaces are so successfully melded with the rolling topography that the school's organization emanates from the site. Cantilevered volumes project dramatically into space, and roofscapes fold and bend like shifting geologic plates. The plan defines three schools within the whole, facilitating more intimate teaching environments.

ert hall join to produce a complex whose lack ecise symmetry creates a space for the kind contaneous events that have long preoccupied architect. The most intriguing aspect of the gn is the overlapping envelopes surrounding concert hall, with an inner wall doubled by a mented torus. Multileveled walkways cutting amically through the lobby are reminiscent of the Piranesian spaces in Tschumi's Le Fresnoy National Studio for Contemporary Arts in Tourcoing, France (1991). Though the complex is artfully integrated, it cannot be grasped as a whole because Tschumi has succeeded in creating a structure that is virtually all edge.

Like Morphosis and Tschumi, Steven Holl is fascinated by sites where borders become per-

meable. In Simmons Hall, a dormitory at MIT, in Cambridge, Massachusetts, he uses the image of a sponge to develop a new building morphology. The boundaries separating inside from outside as well as the vertical and horizontal dimensions of the project are porous. This porosity forms a complex structure in which walls not only divide and separate, but also connect and relate so that

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HONOR AWARDS ARCHITECTURE





Howard House

West Pennant, Nova Scotia, Canada Architect: Brian MacKay-Lyons Architecture Urban Design [RECORD, April 2000, Page 108]

This modest house sits in a field surrounded by sea on three sides, facing a bay that flanks a small village of clapboard houses. Designing with utilitarian building materials, the architect responds to the local vernacular and prevailing harsh weather.



"The tectonic of construction, a beauty of the vernacular, and a purist sense of shelter are all part of this enchanting home."

nunication among internal spaces, as well between inside and outside, becomes possi-In contrast to the stasis of the exterior grid Ioll's Simmons Hall, the interior sculptural ces create a sense of vitality and flow characstic of living organisms. The way in which norphic spaces emerge within the structure of grid suggests how digital programs generate artificial life, artificial intelligence, and information organisms that are virtually alive.

Since the 21st century will be a world of webs rather than walls, every kind of boundary and border will have to be recast or renegotiated. Far from merely fashioning new visual metaphors for the 21st century, architects must actually create new kinds of spaces with different organizational and operational logics. When long-separated places and systems become connected, the edge of chaos will become the placeless place we are destined to inhabit. In a period of uncertainty and anxiety, it is reassuring to know that some of our best architects are developing maps to help us navigate a strange new territory, one that surely will be as baffling as it is exhilarating. "A porous collection of architectural volumes and forms responds to the moderate density of the surrounding suburban landscape."







Hypo Alpe-Adria Center Klagenfurt, Austria Architect: Morphosis

Designed as a civic icon for a midsize city in the southern part of Austria, this banking facility responds to its roadway-dominated environment in a complex, sculptural way. Pedestrian movement under and through the building allows assimilation of the site into the suburban pattern. The Minimalist interior combined with exterior finishes create an eclectic mix of moods and volumes.





Cynthia Davidson notes that image and surface-effect dominate awards

Cynthia Davidson is an architecture writer and editor in New York City. She directed the Anyone project of conferences and publications on architecture from 1991 to 2001 and founded ANY (Architecture New York) magazine in 1993. Prior to coming to New York City, Davidson was the editor of Inland Architect, in Chicago, and a Loeb Fellow at the Harvard Design School. If there are few surprises among the AIA Honor Awards this year, it is because readers of desig magazines are already familiar with the project From Bernard Tschumi's concert hall in Rouen, France, to Morphosis' Diamond Ranch High School in Pomona, California, images of the "sa de spectacles" and the angular school have already instilled in us the idea that these project

HONOR AWARDS ARCHITECTURE

3rd & Benton/7th & Grandview Primary Centers *Los Angeles* **Architect:** *Rios Associates*

Developed and adapted to two sites, this design of a prototypical primary center for K-2 students was undertaken to reduce overall class size. Using common industrial construction materials, each school, while formally identical, is distinct in its bold graphic expression. Classrooms are paired to allow for window exposure on three sides. Landscaped courtyards provide security and flexible outdoor spaces.



"These projects delight the eye, create a wonderful neighborhood scale and exterior spaces, as well as celebrate the texture of the surrounding context."





designs worthy of distinction—or at the minin, provide images worthy of dissemination. Whether there is a direct link between lia exposure and professional recognition not be proved here, but media judgment ' suggest that surface, material, and form more compelling than space, if only because ce cannot be adequately captured by the image. It can only be apprehended through actual physical experience. Ironically, to prepare this article, I was only able to look at images—that is, photographs and drawings of buildings.

The importance of image in this year's award-winning projects is seen in work as small as Caples Jefferson Architects' Heritage Health & Housing office in New York City, and Elliott + Associates' ImageNet office in Oklahoma City. The first makes the most of "crude construction" and applies a patchwork of color to a flat exterior to enhance, or disguise, an otherwise workmanlike organization of space.

Elliott + Associates created an image for the ImageNet printing company by using reams of paper to make a three-dimensional texture on

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rican Folk Art Museum , York City itect: Tod Williams Billie n Architects; Helfand rberg Guggenheimer nitects (associate architect) DORD, May, 2002, page 202]

narrow, eight-story museum pped by a skylight above a d interior star. Openings at floor allow light to filter into ipper-floor galleries and ugh to the lower levels, where a café, auditorium, classroom, e, library, and archive reside. "An intricately woven fabric of intimate, vertically organized spaces accommodates users with multiple movement paths."







project of enormous power that questions the urban landscape at the same time it questions normative ideas of interior space-making."



Simmons Hall, MIT Cambridge, Mass. Architect: Steven Holl Architects; Perry Dean Rogers & Partners (associate architect) (page 204)

This daring, 350-room dormitory is one of the first steps in the development of the MIT campus along Vassar Street. The building was conceived as a porous, 10story volume interconnected by social gathering spaces. It explores a variety of unexpected architectural ideas involving scale, color, and light.

walls. While this amuses the eye, it does not ct the space (though one may not be inclined an against the wall). Transparent walls with graphic overlays give some perceptual depth ne working areas, but the typography is so se that the intent is clearly more decorative n spatial, more about surface than depth, e about the eye than the body. Layering also appears in Pugh Scarpa Kodama's Colorado Court apartments in Santa Monica, California. Here the "decoration" on the exterior of an otherwise ordinary low-income apartment block is also a technological investment: bright blue solar panels that store the energy used to power the building. This clever display of program through the placement of materials also feels like an attempt to take the mystery out of technology, to lay out the innards the way Apple Computer's translucent iMac provides a glimpse of the gizmos that make bits and bytes happen.

This exposure is far from a new idea. Mies van der Rohe attempted such "honesty" on the exterior structure of his Lake Shore Drive apartments in Chicago (1948–51). But a careful look

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"Displaying a complexity of architectural m, lifestyle, and technology, this emerges as he most adventurous of the BoO1 projects."



Bo01 "Tango" Housing Malmö, Sweden Architect: Moore Ruble Yudell Architects & Planners; FFNS Arkitekter (associate architect) [RECORD, February 2002, page 156]

One of 15 multifamily housing projects that compose the first phase of development, this sustainable, low-rise project takes advantage of a publicly sponsored housing exposition to explore new arrangements for apartment living in northern climates. A collaboration between American and Swedish firms, it combines openness to light, landscape, and flexible living with a commitment to industrial materials.

cert Hall and bition Complex en, France litect: Bernard Tschumi litects CORD, June 2001, page 102]

ng from a clearing in a highdominated suburban scape, the 7,000-seat concert responds elegantly to its open and public function. The mercial metal siding and ring vertical trusses of the vy form a visual foil to the e, flat-roofed, long-span box houses the performance . Inside, the stepped seating performance floor can be livided and transformed by rable seats and curtains susded from catwalks above.





"The great rounded surface hovers delicately above the ground plane, an icon in the landscape."

eath the curtain wall revealed the lie. The steel n't structure, it was decoration. While the solar els are both real and decorative, the walls at geNet are not made of paper, and the folded slipped aluminum forms in Valerio Dewalt n's Gardner-James Residence in New York City not the ducts that they resemble. They are strial chic. Does this fact make the space any more or less pleasing to the eye? Any more or less accommodating for the user? No. Because we live in an age of contrived reality that emanates from our televisions, computers, periodicals—and, yes, our architecture.

Back when Wiley Coyote set traps for the Roadrunner, his creators relied on the viewer to unconsciously project the depth of threedimensional space onto the 2D cartoon to make Wiley's antics more humorous. Today, space is collapsed into the time it takes to bring up a Web site and its invisible depth of information. There is no need for spatial projection or even spatial imagination. Instead, the viewer's complete experience is with surface.

If the superficial has become a satisfying



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CEANS OF COLOR



important contribution to the preservation of midcentury Modernism that parts a new beauty to a landmark building."

con Public Library, con Branch ton, Mass. litect: Machado and Silvetti iciates CORD, January 2002, page 86]

community library is caresited to emphasize its role civic building without whelming its residential hbors. Exterior materials ide slate panels and shingles unfinished wood cladding. ge windows on the street and ie courtyards provide ample ight to the interior.





Lever House Curtain-Wall Replacement New York City Architect: Skidmore, Owings & Merrill; Gordon H. Smith, P.E. (engineer of record)

This 24-story corporate headquarters, with a facade of blue-green glass and stainlesssteel mullions, was one of the first glass-walled International Style office buildings in the U.S. Designated as a national historic landmark in 1992, the building's deteriorated steel subframe has been replaced with concealed aluminum glazing channels a state-of-the-art solution in modern curtain-wall technology, yet it remains identical to the original facade in appearance.



"The scale of the building and the rich and varied palette of materials allow this library to reside comfortably within the landscape."

rience, it is no longer clear whether the layers e Web are emulated in architecture or vice a. What separates type on a screen from type nageNet's glass walls other than space? itecture's domain is still space, but architects y seem to be promoting sign and image over the risk of losing the "media" wars. Recently I was asked whether the Deconstructivist Architecture show at the Museum of Modern Art (MoMA), in New York City (1988)—itself a form of media—had had any long-lasting effects. If the philosophical concept of unpacking the truth was met with outrage (on some fronts), the architectural forms in the exhibition clearly made a long-term stylistic impression. Among the award-winners this year, the most notable evidence is Kohn Pedersen Fox's (KPF) "interior campus" for Baruch College in New York City. A few years removed from KPF's clearly "decon"-styled IBM World Headquarters in Armonk, New York (1997), the mid-rise is an amalgamation of fashionable materials and shapes most probably argued as "contextual." The only *(continued on page 380)*

HONOR AWARDS







Gardner-James Residence New York City Architect: Valerio Dewalt Tra Associates

Located in a six-story industr loft building, this apartment utilizes four metal folds as its movable walls, floors, ceiling, storage areas. This surprising of ductwork shows how such utilitarian material can define discrete areas of a residential space, as well as become a uniform of art.



"An alien insertion that's evocative and mysterious; there's an element of discovery that dominates the space in a positive way."



Greg Lynn outlines a series of trends seen in various awards

Greg Lynn is the principal of Greg Lynn FORM, in Los Angeles. He teaches at the University for Applied Arts in Vienna, is a studio professor at UCLA's School of Arts and Architecture, and the Davenport Visiting Professor at Yale's School of Architecture. Lynn has two bachelor's degrees, in philosophy and in environmental design, from Miami University of Ohio (1986), and an M.Arch. from Princeton University (1988). In moments such as these, when the architec profession rewards itself for greatness through these prizes, and we outsiders are brought in a magazine to comment on the results, what should we do? Perhaps we serve the commun best by simply making gross generalizations a observing tendencies or trends we see in the miated architectural work.

HONOR AWARDS INTERIORS



Global Crossing Corporate Headquarters New York City Architect: Lee H. Skolnick Architecture + Design

Designed to project an extremely forward-looking identity, these offices embody the tenets of connectivity, speed, security, and cutting-edge technology. Stripped to a bare minimum, the design adds back only what was required to express the spirit and function of a Minimalist work space.





"A corporate space that brings together New Age materials, fiber optics, and plastics to provide luminosity to an otherwise dark shell."



Thankfully, the interest in warmed-over ernist architecture for institutional or corporate ds is fading. That said, the one exception to this is Richard Meier's courthouse in Long Island. s been so tweaked and tuned that it bears as h resemblance to Corbusian Modernism as Gibbons's chopped low-rider "Cadzzilla" has to tok 1948 Cadillac. Meier's courthouse is too tricked out with aftermarket customization to be "Modern." But since I prefer the chop-shop to the authentic antique-shop version, I am impressed with the direction Meier's work is taking.

Morphosis's Hypo Alpe-Adria Center in Austria, takes the customization of Le Corbusier's block typology for the Salvation Army in Paris (1930) to heavy-metal extremes. While remaining compositionally controlled in its articulation of stair, signage, and structural elements with the building skin, the project assumes many risks. It is highly fragmented formally, without a strong sense of frontality. It doesn't say "bank." Instead of being monolithic formally or materially, it is variegated and busy. Yet Morphosis's Thom Mayne does pull it all together. The work is not fetishized and over-

HONOR AWARDS INTERIORS

Collins Gallery

Los Angeles Architect: Patrick J. Tighe, AIA

Combining the public function of an art gallery with the domestic components of a home, this remodel of an existing structure accommodates the need for privacy as well as room for large gatherings. A new wall bisects the building on the diagonal, creating two distinct zones for gallery and residence. Clerestory windows serve as the main light source in the gallery, eliminating the need for additional windows and maximizing wall surface for art. Sliding partitions of glass close off the domestic zone from the gallery.







"The unusual geometry of the plan works beautifully for living among the works of art."

fragmented—for Mayne makes the shifts from small-scale to large-scale work very well. His projects retain their sense of experimentation even at this institutional scale. In fact, the largerscale designs are often far superior to more pristine small-scale stuff. Mayne also gets extra mileage from off-the-shelf components, so that they look highly crafted. Another trend seen in some award-winners is an interest in geologically shaped and constructed spaces, facilitated by a combined research into materials and the advent of new tools for drawing and designing. For example, the American Folk Art Museum in New York City, by Williams and Tsien, is a profoundly geological project, both in the dense sedimentary layering of spaces within the structure, as well as the moliteral cladding of its facade with tombasil mer Another example is Simmons Hall at MIT, by Steven Holl, where a series of interior spaces evoke those of the infamous Narrows in Zion National Park, in Utah.

The last three projects all represent a culr nation of years of personal research by the



ninant in spiritual architecture—this project ries on this tradition in a new and fresh way." Kate and Laurance Eustis Chapel New Orleans Architect: Eskew+Dumez+Ripple

This small chapel is designed to serve the contemplative and spiritual needs of Ochsner Hospital's patients, families, and staff. Because the chapel is interdenominational, the architect developed an ecumenical design. The use of wood implies tactile warmth, creating a protective shelter over the main seating area. Water is introduced in a manner that alludes to its healing, life-giving properties. The subtle use of light, scale, proportion, and materials enhances the feeling of sacredness.



spurred by new technologies of design ruction. Some other award-winning eate spatial effects by means other or materials, as can be seen in the shift o-dimensional imagery. Although Venturi Brown laid out the argument decades icreasing presence of graphic designers mber of architectural teams (Bruce Mau, 2x4, Imaginary Forces, Rebeca Mendez, to name a few) is profoundly affecting architectural design. The two Primary Centers, by Rios Associates in Los Angeles, are both tagged with Keith Haring– and Tofer-like graffiti. Graphic design creates the individual identities of schools within their specific neighborhoods. This prototype, now realized at two addresses, is a very contextual response to the actual graffiti covering buildings in the Santa Monica area, where they are located.

In the Heritage Health & Housing project, by Caples Jefferson, a vernacular patchwork of mosaics is combined with translucent plastic panels. Obscured, variegated light sources add to the cloudy atmospheric quality of the plastic. The ImageNet project by Elliott + Associates literally

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HONOR AWARDS INTERIORS



Martin Shocket Residence Chevy Chase, Md. Architect: McInturff Architects

A one-room, 1920s former photographer's studio has been renovated to link with an existing house on the site. The design opens up the connection between the two buildings, giving the resulting family room seen here a Modern aesthetic that contrasts and complements the existing house.



"Every square inch has been thought through in this remarkable transformation of a single, characterless room."



es books as a construction material and type ninated onto walls for enclosing planes. While ese projects are commendable, they lack the ible theoretical or social agenda typical of nturi, Scott Brown's work.

Is there perhaps a future in plastic? The shift im a Modernist transparency to various forms of anslucency is characteristic of the Japanese sensibility, as epitomized in the work of Kazuyo Sejima of SANAA, Toyo Ito, and Tokujin Yoshioka. And we see aqueous, cloudy, translucent—the translucence of plastic rather than glass—planes expertly incorporated into many projects. Another project demonstrating an interest in the spatial effects of new materials is the Global Crossing Corporate Headquarters in New York City, by Lee H. Skolnick Architecture, with its luminous fabric snake light.

Several award winners used conventional materials in unconventional ways: witness the flowing, folded, corrugated, pixilated, arabesque screens; modulated, textured surfaces; and curving voluptuous forms of projects such as the Lutèce restaurant in Las Vegas, by Morphosis; the Kate and Laurance Eustis Chapel, by Innovation. In the paint industry, it means constantly researching and developing. Creating new products that exceed expectations. Products that feature all the traditional paint qualities professionals expect, plus modern-day features of zero VOC, minimal odor and mildew resistance for commercial and industrial applications.* Premium products like Pittsburgh Paints Pure Performance.^M Because, when it comes to keeping ahead of the competition, "On the surface of the paint film.

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Architecture of R.M. ndler Exhibition Installation OCA Angeles itect: Chu + Gooding uitects

modestly priced installation gn challenged the architect to te a tactile and spatial back-> to view the various formats chindler's work. The design ces the spirit of experimentalin Schindler's work in a :le way and mitigates the trast of the large scale of the eries with the small-scale art he exhibition. The designer created a display system that 1gs coherence to the varied nats of the work.





"The integration of illustrations and models is handled with intense care, making the whole fit together like a wonderful puzzle."





"As hard as I think, I keep coming back to just one thought about this space it is very, very romantic."



Craft New York City **Architect:** Bentel & Bentel Architects/Planners

A dilapidated former department store built in 1886 has become home to this modest-size restaurant, spread out over the first floor and cellar of the existing building. A simple yet texturally rich interior integrates with the food and service functionally and metaphorically. Within the long, narrow space, a rectilinear steel and bronze wine vault, a curved walnut-and-leatherpaneled wall, a dramatic triptych on the back wall, terra-cotta-clad columns, and amber-hued, barebulb chandeliers enliven the space.

kew+Dumez+Ripple, in New Orleans; and e Architecture of R.M. Schindler exhibition stallation for the Museum of Contemporary t, Los Angeles, by Chu + Gooding. Wood, cardpard, plaster board, and masonry were often at to unique uses. The innovations in masonry onding along with a renewed exploration of this chnique shows that lessons have been learned from the fetishistic marquetry of the Southern California architects in the 1980s and '90s. Yet the interest in new combinations of materials can result in a kind of banality if not infused with a structural or formal agenda. Machado and Silvetti's branch library in Allston, Massachusetts, demonstrates that these concerns combined with a neighborly contextualism are not enough to make an interesting midsize building. The virtuoso detailing is inexplicable except as an expression of the will to endlessly articulate surface.

In terms of urban design, we see several cases of nostalgic visions of the city before the arrival of the car. The dense pedestrian preautomotive city is not the one seen in Martin Scorcese's *Gangs of New York*. It is the English

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HONOR AWARDS INTERIORS





"We applaud the client for going well beyond the basic investment to recreating a building with great care and exuberance."

Central Synagogue New York City Architect: Hardy Holzman Pfeiffer Associates [RECORD, November 2001, page 99]

After a fire in 1998, this Moorishstyle building was restored and new elements seamlessly incorporated into the renovated interior. Gold leaf was reapplied to the finials, ribs, and decorative bands of the onion domes, while two copper finials were reconstructed. Artisans reconstructed plasterwork and floor tiles, restored wainscoting and woodwork, and masterfully painted elaborate stenciled patterns on the walls, ceiling, and cast-iron columns.

ageNet

lahoma City **hitect:** Elliott + Associates :hitects SCORD, September 2002, page 136]

e design reveals what the comny does, how it does it, where been, and where it's going. It setting both tells a story and a metaphor. Enlisting ordinary aterials derived from the print siness itself, such as copy paper d typewriters, the architect crees an engaging and provoking ortrait of the company.





"The whole story of the business is embedded in the design—a poetry that has been carried through the entire space."

rden community of Sunnyside, Queens, favored Lewis Mumford and designed by Clarence ein and Henry Wright. Nostalgia is better left Hollywood. Urban designers should invent a w picturesque, if that is what our quasi-city vellers really need. Sasaki Associates' plan for niladelphia's Schuylkill Gateway is the most ban of the award winners. It makes the bizarre argument that the best city planning might be done by landscape architects.

All in all, the projects that stood out in the AlA Awards program were those that investigated three fronts expansively and creatively: reinterpreting a received building type; giving this new typological understanding a formal expression; and realizing these forms through innovative techniques and materials. Kohn Pedersen Fox has rethought the mid-rise institutional building type at Baruch College, in New York City. KPF uses escalators as the primary mode of vertical circulation from the ground level to the fifth floor, not just for functional needs, but to encourage social interaction. Here is a piece of technology associated with commercial retail space being

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HONOR AWARDS INTERIORS



South Court, The New York Public Library New York City Architect: Davis Brody Bond [RECORD, November 2002, page 134]

This three-story modern structure, located in an internal courtyard of the landmarked main branch of The New York Public Library, is successfully integrated into the original building. The structure is lit through ceiling skylights, with the upper floors cantilevered, held back from the original walls by glass partitions. The existing foundation walls are exposed at the bottom of a glass staircase, adding to the feeling of transparency.

"The new building is really a nonbuilding; it subdues itself to highlight and reveal the beauty of the existing historic building."



tèce s Vegas chitect: Morphosis ECORD, September 2000, ge 144]

mini-Venice complete with gonlas, the Venetian Resort is the ome of this exclusive restaurant. subtle entryway pulls patrons om the surrounding casino into nushed realm of elegance. This '0-seat restaurant features a spare, phisticated dining room. Within a circular volume, a geometry of ting and sliding spaces keeps the re in constant motion.





"This wonderfully subtle and sophisticated place is an oasis from the sensuous overload and chaos that is Las Vegas."

Iccessfully used for an institution. Bernard chumi has reconfigured the concert hall typology Rouen, France. Here the public and circulation bace wrap around the concert hall. Louis Kahn arted to do this with the Theater of Performing rts in Fort Wayne, Indiana (1974), and Jorn tzon partially carried it off with the Sydney pera House (1968). But Tschumi makes that hall float in a wrapper of space and skin.

Thom Mayne of Morphosis has set a new standard for public high schools with Diamond Ranch, in Pomona, California. The school's public street between the classrooms allows students to congregate and look at the desert: It is both a large-scale civic space and at the same time is broken into smaller components for social functions. And it is formally inventive. Materials such as metal are not typical of schools in the area.

I sound conservative, but these projects did the most obvious thing architecture can do: generate a new form and a spatial model in expertly detailed materials for an institution. They pursued this end to a greater or lesser degree, but these were the most impressive projects of the day.

URBAN DESIGN



"A creative solution to the intractable problem of university expansion in a dense urban context bounded by a river."

Schuylkill Gateway Philadelphia Architect: Sasaki Associates; Legg Mason Real Estate Services

(associate architect)

Centered on a river, the Schuyl Gateway builds a unified distri on its two banks, with vibrant i dential and office neighborhoo on each side. This unified regio hub joins civic and university li



East Baltimore Comprehensive Physical Redevelopment Plan Baltimore Architect: Urban Design Associates This new initiative develops a major biotechnology campus in East Baltimore, setting the stage for reinvestment in a neighborhood fraught with difficulties.





"This extremely complex project provides sensitive solutions for 40 ailing neighborhoods."



HONOR AWARDS URBAN DESIGN



"This project represents a key turning point in reawakening the historic district around Howard University."



Howard University: LeDroit Pa Revitalization Initiative Washington, D.C. Architect: Sorg and Associates

One of our nation's first Afric American National Historic Districts, the LeDroit Park pro raises the bar on how urban universities, once concerned primarily with their own expa sion goals, can turn outward, embracing adjacent communi working with them to fulfill mutually beneficial goals.





"A plan that ties the town to its malls and campus, making them all hang together, with each part humane and friendly." Charlottesville Commercial Corridor Plan Charlottesville, Va. Architect: Torti Callas and Partners-CHK

This plan identifies and enhance the economic-development opportunities for the revitalization of 15 diverse commercial corridors, ensuring that the rea ization of these is consistent with the physical demands of a vibra civic and university lifestyle.

Interstate MAX Station Area Revitalization Strategy Portland, Ore. Architect: Crandall Arambul

Like many derelict urban areas, North Portland faced a rapid decline in affordable housing, employment, transportation options, and retail and public amenities. This plan revitalizes the areas around six light-rail transit stations. In this framework, planners defined neighborhood centers and pedestrian links, and offered affordable housing solutions.



"This sensitive integration of urban design and transit stations facilitates informed, vital development for each neighborhood."




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25 YEAR AWARDS



A building designed for display



A familiar landmark in the charming ambience of Harvard Square, in Cambridge, Massachusetts, the former Design Research headquarters, designed by BTA Architects (originally Benjamin Thompson & Associates) withstands the test of time. Fitting comfortably within its historic urban context, the building's asymmetrical glass curtain wall allows abundant light to enter the interior, while its reflecting surface mirrors the vibrant city life surrounding it. This bold facade provides a continuous show window, seen at its most spectacular at night, when interiors, shoppers,

and goods are all fully revealed to the outside. Elements of the 1969 design remain in vogue today, illustrating the foresight of the architect. This decades-old project set a new standard for the interaction of retail sales and street life, still so evident in the current retail environment, where passersby can peek at merchandise on view before coming in to shop.

Inside, the lower three floors open onto each other through alternating levels flanking a well for connecting stairways, creating a multitiered, visually and spatially unified whole. Understated wall and floor surfaces provide a neutral background for display.

Forced to close its doors in the mid-1970s, the building was purchased by the developer of the adjacent 42 Brattle Street building, designed by Jose Luis Sert and Huson Jackson. The space between the structures has become a pedes trian passage to a building at the re-(the former offices of The Architects Collaborative) and the street beyonc In 1975, Crate & Barrel replaced Design Research as the tenant and still uses the space as its East Coast showcase store.—Jane F. Kolleeny



he structure and purpose of this iceful extension of the urban streetscape i unified in subtle expressiveness."



American Institute of Architects

Winners and Jurors 2005

WINNERS

Architecture (page 132)

Federal Building and United States Courthouse: Richard Meier & Partners. Architects; Spector Group; New Academic Complex, Baruch College, CUNY: Kohn Pedersen Fox Associates; Castro-Blanco Piscioneri (associate architect); Colorado Court: Pugh Scarpa Kodama; Will Rogers World Airport Snow Barn: Elliott + Associates Architects; Heritage Health & Housing: Caples Jefferson Architects; Diamond Ranch High School: Morphosis; Thomas Blurock Architects (associate architect); Howard House: Brian MacKay-Lyons Architecture Urban Design; Hypo Alpe-Adria Center: Morphosis; 3rd & Benton/7th & Grandview Primary Centers: Rios Associates; American Folk Art Museum: Tod Williams Billie Tsien Architects: Helfand Mverberg Guggenheimer Architects (associate architect); Simmons Hall, MIT: Steven Holl Architects; Perry Dean Rogers & Partners (associate architect); Bo01 "Tango" Housing: Moore Ruble Yudell Architects & Planners: FFNS Arkitekter (associate architect): Concert Hall and Exhibition Complex: Bernard Tschumi Architects; Lever House Curtain-Wall Replacement: Skidmore, Owings & Merrill; Gordon H. Smith, P.E. (engineer of record); **Boston Public Library, Allston Branch:** Machado and Silvetti Associates

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Design Research Headquarters Building, Cambridge, Mass.: *BTA Architects*

Firm of the Year (page 172)

The Miller/Hull Partnership: David Miller, F and Robert E. Hull, FAIA

JURORS

Architecture

Jack Hartray, FAIA (chair), Chicago; Paul Byard, FAIA, New York City; Merrill Elam, Al, Atlanta; Mary Griffin, AIA, Berkeley; Vincem James, AIA, Minneapolis; Michael D. Perry, Hon. AIA, Virginia Beach, Va.; Barton Phelps FAIA, Los Angeles; Ryan Sullivan, Columbia, Md.; Thomas J. Trenolone, Assoc. AIA, Dalla

Interiors

Lawrence Scarpa, AIA (chair), Santa Monica Calif.; Sara E. Caples, AIA, New York City; O. Demetriou, FAIA, Washington, D.C.; Juan Mi AIA, Austin, Tex.

Regional and Urban Design

Martha Welborne, FAIA (chair), Los Angeles; William Holloway, AIA, Wilmington, Del.; Stev Hurtt, AIA, College Park, Md.; Robert Kroin, AIA, Boston; Diane Legge Kemp, FAIA, Chica

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FIRM OF THE YEAR AWARD A spirit of openness propels Miller Hull to excellence

by Sheri Olson, AIA

stint in the Peace Corps during the 1960s altered the lives of David Miller, FAIA, and Robert Hull, FAIA, and established the fundamental values of their future practice. "As a firm we're united in the belief that architecture can change lives and make the world a better place," says Hull of The Miller/Hull Partnership, this year's winner of the AIA Firm Award. Both joined the corps after graduating in 1968 from Washington State University (WSU), where they met in architecture studio. Assigned to different

Sheri Olson, AIA, is RECORD'S Seattle-based contributing editor, architecture columnist for the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, and author of Miller/Hull (Princeton Architectural Press, 2001).



HONOR AWARDS FIRM OF THE YEAR



els/Sisson Residence Island, Wash., 1998 continents—Miller set up self-help housing programs near Brasilia and Hull built mud-brick schools in Afghanistan—they sharpened their social consciousness while practicing an architecture that was efficient, sustainable, and regional. The idealism of that time continues to fuel their work today.

After the Peace Corps, they returned to the Northwest and founded The Miller/Hull Partnership in 1977, known for combining the best of regionalism and Modernism. "In an era when buildings look the same worldwide, Miller/Hull has defined Pacific Northwest Regional Modernism in a way that inspires architects around the globe to respond to the unique characteristics of their own regions," said AIA board member Bruce Blackmer in his nominating letter. Responding to the region's mild maritime climate, pearl-gray sky, and wooded wilderness with a transparency that is the crux of their work, Miller/Hull Partnership views the region's modest utilitarian structures-the lumber mills, fishnet-drying sheds, and forest-fire watchtowers-with a Modernist's love of structural clarity, taut skins, and industrial materials. The majority of the firm's work-from sylvan retreats to exurban city halls-may be situated in the Northwest, but their approach to local climate, materials, and culture is applicable to any region. The firm's ethos of environmental and social responsibility honed during the Peace Corps represents their larger view.

An open culture

Miller/Hull occupies a creaky loft building on Seattle's waterfront, with ferries to outlying islands visible outside the large industrial windows. "A spirit of teamwork and mutual respect for one another is instantly obvious when one enters the space," said John Anderson in his nomination letter. There are neither doors nor individual offices, indicating the open culture of the firm. With 50 employees, the firm is at its largest, with three principals in charge of design (Miller, Hull, and Craig Curtis, AIA-also a WSU graduate, made partner in 1994), managing partner Norman Strong, AIA (another WSU grad and the firm's first employee to be made partner, in 1986), and four associates. "They're at a size when most firms would impose a management structure, but they made a decision not to do that; instead, they resist excess formalization," says Hugh Hochberg of The Coxe Group.

Instead, Miller and Hull continue to drop by each other's desks to discuss projects, as in the early days of the practice when they sat in desks facing each other. "Bob and I rely on each other to be our own best critic," says Miller. They cultivate a team approach that allows variations in response to building type and sites, while maintaining a consis-



HONOR AWARDS FIRM OF THE YEAR





Roddy/Bale Residence *Bellevue, Wash., 1998*



HONOR AWARDS FIRM OF THE YEAR



1310 East Union Live/Work Lofts *Seattle, Wash., 2002*



Bainbridge Island City Hall *Bainbridge Island, Wash., 2000*



tency of architectural expression. The leve design leadership is what makes Miller/Hull un producing a consistently high quality of design recognized by 120 awards in the past 25 years. rare for a firm to have multiple strong designers are also strong design leaders," says Hochberg.

The spirit of collaboration extend clients, consultants, and communities. Design border station at Point Roberts, Washington, u GSA's Design Excellence Program illustrates quality. "The form was not the inevitable conclu of programmatic dictates. Instead, the cl engaged us in critical and imaginative explorat of representative expressions of contemporary ture," says Miller. From these discussions, M generated a schematic design model (shoebox-

"As a firm we're united in the belief that architecture can change liv and make the world a better place."

for easy carrying) to share with the client. As with projects, consultants came on board early in process. Especially crucial input from the struct engineers facilitated design of a pair of steel m and cables that hold up a 100-foot cantileve canopy. As is typical for work currently on boards, the project was presented to the en Miller/Hull office for comment at their wer design review. While the original vision remai the same, the feedback from all constituen sharpened and refined important details of des

An economy of means

The ideas that make Miller/Hull's public w uniquely expressive-the spare form, expo structure, and exaggerated graphic sensibility appear first in residential projects. "Houses ar great way to experiment," says Hull. The econo of means learned in the Peace Corps is also evid in Miller/Hull's residential work. For example, Marquand retreat comes close to resolving client's conflicting aims of enjoying the luxury of home on a private plot of the Pacific Northw wilderness while not destroying or imposing sign icant change on the terrain. Due to the clier cooperation, this 450-square-foot primitive hu off the power grid: Kerosene lanterns provide lig a wood stove supplies heat, and a picnic coo serves as the weekend refrigerator. Water is truck into the remote site in the Cascade foothills a stored in a tower over a gravity-fed shower.

Practical considerations were key selecting the retreat's industrial materials, since sits in an area prone to wildfires and intruders. T exterior walls are concrete block, and metal shu

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HONOR AWARDS FIRM OF THE YEAR



Novotny Cabin Decatur Island, Wash., 1990



NW Federal Credit Union Seattle, Wash., 1996



ters lock down over each opening. A roll-d steel door protects a 10-foot-square opening ir center of the south facade. Clerestory winc between the two overlapping planes of the allow sunlight to penetrate into the two-room i rior. One of the corrugated metal planes floats the house, engaging the tower on the north then projecting out to cover a porch on the so A single, off-center column holds up a cantilew edge beam and frames a view of the surround basalt cliffs. Like many Miller/Hull projects, spare design plays with scale to create a mc mentality befitting the raw beauty of the landsc

Modernism's new civic face

Perhaps best known outside the Northy for its innovative houses, Miller/Hull Partnersh public work is what impacts the local commur "During my tenure, the firm worked on sev important buildings in Seattle, all of which h contributed significantly to the public realm." Garfield Community Center transformed one the most dangerous corners in our city into

The spare form, exposed structure, and exaggerated graphic sensibil appear first in their residential project

active, vibrant meeting place," wrote former Sea mayor Paul Schell in his nominating letter. In c trast to traditional institutional buildings that 1 on symmetry and solidity to convey gravity a longevity, Miller/Hull defines a new civic face w floating planes, geometric volumes, and taut s faces. "Public architecture by definition has obligation to impart meaning and symbolism people," says Miller.

The firm's classroom building for Olympic College campus in Shelton, Washingt exemplifies the best qualities of their public work vast roof hovers over classrooms running along north and the covered open-air walkway connect them along the south. Faculty offices puncture classroom wall to articulate this elevation and p vide a more intimate scale. The roof rises over 100-foot length, culminating in a dramatic doub height porch held aloft by a steel beam supported a "V" of slender steel rods. It is a simple yet innov tive detail that appears slightly off balance, capturi the eye while creating an indelible image.

Miller/Hull emphasizes the expressi potential of ordinary construction rather th highly crafted, high-cost details. This is partia due to tight budgets for public projects, but al derives from the principals' Peace Corps days as the moral imperative of doing more with less. T



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HONOR AWARDS FIRM OF THE YEAR



Marine Technical Facility, Seattle Central Community College Seattle, Wash., 1987



firm achieves this through innovative yet strai forward handling of ordinary materials attention to textural variety and depth. At Olyr College, the fine grain of natural wood sidir juxtaposed with medium-density fiberboard I els. Oversize wood battens cover the vertical jc between panels every 4 feet and have exposed teners to contrast roughness and fineness.

Olympic College's bold colors, jur textured siding, and oversize roof combine to the 8,000-square-foot project a physical press worthy of its symbolic role in the communit 1999 National AIA Honor Award jury concluc "On a tight budget, this modest, unpretenti design serves its client and its small commu well." Throughout the region, Miller/Hull's § ernment, institutional, and community proj assert a civic presence in amorphous town cen and on the edges of suburbia.

Miller/Hull brings the same level thoughtfulness and creativity to the less glamor utilitarian structures that form the backdrop community life. "Thinking of the building ty they have sought out and realized—recycling c ters; water pollution control laboratories; sm ecologically sustainable community buildings a houses—one feels an understated polemic," wr Steven Holl in his nominating letter. A water p

Both architect and developer wanted to give people a reason to aband their three-car-garage McMansions.

lution control laboratory on the Willamette Ri in Portland, Oregon, provides a welcoming pul face, yet embodies a distinctly utilitarian use working demonstration of storm-water treatme illustrates the building's purpose as a water-qual testing facility in a series of water features on a parklike site. Scuppers and downspouts dramat the fact that roofs are a major source of stor: water runoff in urban environments.

Sustainable design

Sustainable design is a natural outgrowth Miller/Hull's design approach rooted in a response site specifics. "We feel that sustainable design a regionalism are intricately tied together. All signi cant lessons in sustainable architecture come frc the vernacular," says Miller. This environmental foc won the firm a series of awards, including to National AIA Top Ten Earth Day awards. "Th clearly show that creative, intriguing, and beauti structures can be sustainable," says Willia Browning, founder of the Rocky Mountain Institu Bainbridge Island City Hall, Washington, demo



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HONOR AWARDS FIRM OF THE YEAR



Water Pollution Control Laboratory Portland, Ore., 1997





Marquand Retreat Naches River Valley, Wash., 1992

Seattle Academy of Arts and Sciences Gymnasium Building Seattle, Wash., 2002



strates this quality. Skylights run the length double-height interior street to bring natural deep inside and facilitate natural ventilation the operable windows. Finish materials are prin recycled, nontoxic, or non–ozone depleting. With astute siting of the project's simple volumes, a civic center thrives on what was once a parkin

The future of sustainability lies be material choices to changing patterns of gro Working with an environmental activist, fo high-tech executive and first-time develope Dunn, Miller/Hull designed 1310 East Unic steel-and-glass loft-style condominium proje a small urban lot. "Our idealism and risk-te tends to attract clients with similar attributes,' Miller. In a city dominated by cookie-cutter m family projects, both architect and devel wanted to give people a reason to abandon three-car-garage McMansions and live in the with a design that was architecturally str The striking, steel-framed glass box express Modernist sentiment, with fine-grained deta to lend a residential scale. Seismic X-bracii slender tube steel painted brick red-crisscre the central bay's outboard of motorized garage doors that slide up to open entire wal

"All significant lessons in sustainabl design come from regionali: and the vernacular."

some units to the outside; an appealing feature the Pacific Northwest's moderate climate. T essentially room-size front porches combine w scattering of cable-railed balconies to add an e liveliness and neighborliness to the street. Altho not intended as a prototype, it is an example of type of urban-infill project Seattle needs to m gaps in the urban fabric while addressing the sh age of high-quality in-city housing.

What the award will bring

How will the award change Miller/Hull? "As reputation grows as a result of this award and design more outside the Northwest, we hop employ a regional approach to these new envir ments," says Miller. The firm discussed a dismissed the idea of establishing branch off and looks instead for more opportunities to laborate with firms in other locales. "It will a probably help to attract even more bright, taler people to our staff," says Strong. Otherwise, a finishing the champagne sent by clients and w wishers, it is back to the drawing boar computers, and model shop. Adds Curtis, "N there's even more pressure to do good work."



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Tempel Synagogue, Krakow: One of the few synagogues that survived the Nazi occupation of Poland during World War II, this mid-19th-century manifestation of an era of great Jewish prosperity was intact but in poor repair when the World Monuments Fund undertook its restoration. The prayer hall (above) is Classic in form, with Moorish ornament reapplied by preservation craftsmen. The exterior (right) was given a fresh coat of stucco.



wo synagogues egain new life and tell of he old

/ildred F. Schmertz, FAIA

ince the end of World War II, over a period of almost six decades, damaged or totally ruined buildings, districts, and older city centers in Europe and the for-Soviet Union have been restored or pletely rebuilt as close as possible to their prestate. Until recently, most preservation effort been expended on buildings and sites of standing aesthetic, historic, or cultural signifce, such as the recently completed rebuilding he old city of Dresden and the restoration of Reichstag in Berlin [RECORD, July 1999, page]. By contrast, restoration or conservation of e-known structures of perhaps equal archiural importance has begun in Poland, choslovakia, Hungary, and Romania.

With the fall of Communism, the ning of Poland's borders to Western tourists brought many Jews to visit the villages, 'ns, and cities where their forebears lived ore the Holocaust. Many pass through kow on their way to and from the memorial the site of the former death camp at schwitz-Birkenau. There is little that remains ewish life for these pilgrims to see and expe-1ce, however, because the Nazis destroyed vish neighborhoods, schools, libraries, and agogues, and handed over Jewish homes to rmans and local collaborators. Today, conporary Jewish culture does not flourish in former iron-curtain countries because very 7 Jews care to live there. But remaining synagues, if not empty ruins or reborn as movie aters, warehouses, or put to other ordinary s, are being adaptively reused as Jewish iseums and libraries, while some are being

chitect and journalist Mildred F. Schmertz is a mer editor in chief of ARCHITECTURAL RECORD.



The principal facade (top) and the ark and its setting (above) as they appeared before restoration. The prayer hall ceiling was blackened by decades of neglect. The synagogue interior and exterior were still intact and thus required renewal of surfaces and finishes rather than significant reconstruction, apart from extensive repairs to the roof.

maintained as living places of worship for existing congregations and visitors.

Soon after the lifting of Soviet control in 1990, Samuel Gruber, then founding director of the Jewish Heritage Council of the World Monuments Fund (WMF) and currently a consultant to WMF, prepared a list of 10 architecturally important Polish synagogues that were in need of restoration. Of these, he recommended that the 19th-century Tempel Synagogue in Krakow receive special attention by WMF. This synagogue is not only a magnificent building that emerged from the era of Polish Jewry's largest expansion and greatest prosperity, but it is also the only intact large urban synagogue of its type still to be found within the country. Constructed of brick and covered with stucco in 1860-62 by followers of Reform Judaism, the Tempel underwent additions and renovations in the 1890s and again in the 1920s. It survived because the Nazis used it as a stable and a warehouse. Neglected for more than 50 years and closed for a decade, the building required extensive restoration.

The small, poor, and elderly Jewish community of Krakow, owners of the synagogue, welcomed WMF's offer of help. Repairs began in 1994 and were completed in the late spring of 2000. Today the Tempel serves as a synagogue for Jewish groups visiting Krakow and for the larger religious ceremonies of the local congregation. It also functions as a concert hall because of its excellent acoustics. In addition to WMF, the Municipality of Krakow and the Citizens' Committee for the Renovation of Krakow's Monuments assisted the work, led by Ronald S. Lauder, chairman of the Jewish Heritage Program and WMF vice chairman.

As a manifestation of separate and distinct Jewish culture, the original builders of the synagogue intended that it not resemble a church but rival the best of them. Located at the entrance of Kazimierz, an old former Jewish district within Krakow, it was positioned and designed to dominate this 19th-century residential and commercial neighborhood. Similar to other examples of Reform architecture of the period, the main facade is a freely reinvented eclectic mix of Romanesque and Gothic motifs. Inside, the prayer hall shape derives from both Neoclassic and Renaissance sources, while walls, ceilings, cornices, and balustrades are patterned with painted and gilded Moorish ornamental motifs from the Alhambra. The plan is elongated and culminates in the Holy Ark at the east end. Like all Reform synagogues, it had no central reader's platform or table (bimah), although today a small bimah is located close to the ark to accommodate Orthodox worship.



Chevra Lomdei Mishnayot Synagogue, Oswiecim: This little synagogue in the Krakow region was completed in 1930; shown here (top) as it appeared in 1941 during the Nazi occupation. The brick-with-stucco facade and the tile roof have been carefully restored (middle). The synagogue adjoins and is part of the newly created Auschwitz Jewish Center (bottom).





According to WMF vice president Stubbs, "After restoring the outer shell, our r for the prayer hall was to be one of conserva as distinct from heavy-handed restoration didn't want this great room to look like instead it was to be a survivor of World W with a long history of previous use." Stubbe the WMF team-Polish restoration arch Janusz Smolski, preservation consultants Ro Kozlowski and Pawel Karaszkiewicz, and pr vation student Mary Culver-were pleased the original interior finishes had for the most survived and possessed the patina of age. C this, there were long discussions about the pa Should it remain softly faded? Can we allow shine or glow in some places? "Everything we was discreet and measured in our effort to b old and new," Stubbs remembers.

A cultural icon is reborn in Oswiecim

In 2001, skilled Polish architects and prese tionists, under the direction of New York arch Arthur Rosenblatt of RKK&G and Polish ar tect Ryszard Swietek, completed the conservat restoration, and adaptive reuse of a little s' gogue in Oswiecim, in the Krakow region. To it is an industrial town of nearly 50,000 pec but only 10,000 lived there before World Wa and half were Jews. The German name for town is Auschwitz, and the former death carr less than two miles away. The Nazis destroyed town's main synagogue, but left intact a si one, the Chevra Lomdei Mishnayot Synago; built between 1928 and 1930. Like the Ten Synagogue, it is one of Poland's few remain centers of lost Jewish life and is of immense toric and cultural importance simply becaus still exists. And it is still there, like the Tem because the Nazis had a use for it, first as a pl to store munitions and later as a warehouse.

The decision to bring the little build which had most recently been used as a car warehouse, into the mainstream of Jewish grimage to and from Auschwitz-Birkenau made by the New York-based Auschwitz Jew Center Foundation and a similar Polish-ba group. The philanthropist Fred Schwartz, or known as "Fred the Furrier," established the for dation in 1995. After five years of lobbyi Schwartz persuaded the government of Polance make the synagogue property the first to returned to the Jewish Community of Pola under a 1997 national law regarding restituti of prewar Jewish communal lands. Becau Auschwitz-Birkenau has no specifically Jew place for visitors seeking quiet and spiritual co fort after their death-camp visit, Schwartz creat the Auschwitz Jewish Center and acquired 1 synagogue to be that place. On behalf of the ce

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The original ark, benches, and bimah of the prayer hall were lost when the Nazis first converted the synagogue into a munitions warehouse. The new furnishings (above) were built following clues offered by old drawings and photographs. The former women's section (below) serves as an extension of the exhibition space in the Auschwitz Jewish Center. The windows connecting it to the main prayer hall have been restored.



ter, the Ronald Lauder Foundation purchase large house next door to be remodeled as a s museum that would exhibit photographs slide and film presentations of prewar Je community life, and include a room for com nal gathering and an administration office.

The synagogue is a gabled buildin stuccoed brick walls and a tile roof on v trusses. While it was still a warehouse, excep two plaques concealed by rolls of carpet, the rior gave no clue that it was once a place w people came to pray. Ark and bimah were gone. Original doors were filled in and cealed, with new doors added elsewhere, and interior openings in the wall that divided women's section from the main prayer hall plastered over. The interior space had been b diminished by replacement of the original ce by a lower one that dropped below the arche the windows, sealing them off at the spring

Because it was a secular building, two-story house could be renovated and alt to become a museum. The synagogue itself, h ever, as a priceless survivor of the Holocaust, restored to its original condition, except for women's section, which, while carefully resto serves as an extension of the adjoining muse

Rosenblatt and his team renewed stucco colors and projecting masonry patte on the main facade and installed a new cei at the original height, allowing the form blocked-in window arches to emerge inside out. A new ark was placed on the eastern face and a study of the building's foundati revealed the position, size, and shape of the o inal bimah that they then duplicated. Guid by old photographs and drawings of sim synagogues, the architects and preservation assumed that the carpentry of the bim benches, and shelving would have been pl and practical, with a dark varnish, and so tl were newly made.

Rosenblatt's conservators, Maria a Aleksander Filipowicz, like their colleagues work on the Tempel interiors, took a similar interest in choosing the appropriate level restoration of ornament. Careful peeling of lay of wall paint uncovered a frieze pattern under ceiling that they were able to replicate. In 1 interest of conserving what was there instead making new, they elected not to replace 1 pattern everywhere, but only along walls who traces were found. In discussing his work Oswiecim, Rosenblatt often refers to the skills Sweitek and the Filipowiczes. "They brought this little synagogue the highest possible level care and craft, equal in quality, if not in volum and scope," he says, "to the conservation effe made for the Tempel Synagogue in Krakow.'

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Photographs by Elliott Kaufman

In 1903, the Republic of Panama, a country that was lopped off of Colombia at the behest of Teddy Roosevelt, signed a treaty with the United States to allow the construction of an interoceanic ship canal. It was the Apollo Program of its time, demanding that engineers conquer unprecedented technical problems in an adverse climate where yellow fever and malaria epidemics often raged. Back in Washington, Congress and the White House often waged political war with the builders, second-guessing nearly every decision they made. When it was completed in 1913 at a cost of \$387 million, the canal represented one of the most expensive construction projects ever undertaken.

In 1977, the canal became a potent symbol of how the U.S. perceived its position within shifting world politics. At that time, President Carter signed a treaty that would cede control of the canal back to Panama on December 31, 1999. He believed that the long-term political interests of the United States were best served by treating Panama as a democratic partner, rather than appearing to exploit it as if it were a colony. Architectural photographer Elliott Kaufman visited Panama four times in 1999, to document the canal during its last year under the American flag. *Charles Linn, FAIA*



The Panama Canal: a monument to perseveran



d technology

Miraflores Lock gates during overhaul (opposite, top left). A ship passes through the Gaillard Cut (above), where countless landslides slowed construction.



A Panamax-class container ship can be no wider than the one shown here (lower left). Periodically t locks are drained so that the machinery and culve can be overhauled and repaired (all other photos).









A spillway (top) that controls the level of Lake Gata can also be seen in an aerial view (opposite). A ship in the lock at Miraflores (bottom left) and the culvert that supplies water to it (bottom right).





un Lake, seen at the lower right of the top ito, was created to supply water to the locks. views of the Gatun Lock from the Caribbean (bottom left and right).

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Sometimes compared to a giant puzzle piece or computer punch card, the new undergraduate dorm stands at an edge of the campus, on a narrow strip of land bound by railroad tracks to the north and a street bordering fields to the south (opposite).

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even Holl experiments with constructed "porosity" in his design for **SIMMONS HALL**, an ndergraduate dorm set in the scientific realm of MIT



Sarah Amelar

nstead of a brick urban wall, we envision ... a porous membrane made up of four or five individual buildings," architect Steven Holl, AIA, wrote in 1999 as he embarked on the design of Simmons Hall, his recently completed dormitory at MIT.
ecting the university's development guidelines for the narrow strip of 1 bound by railroad tracks to the north and Vassar Street, a thoroughbordering playing fields, to the south, Holl proposed his own master 1. Focused on a "porous building morphology," it called for a row of rmeable" rather than barrier buildings, interspersed with pocket parks.

One goal, he argued, was to respect existing view corridors from residential district gradually taking shape in an industrial landscape over the tracks, and the Charles River, glimpsed through a row of I buildings along the south edge of the playing fields. Listing the ideal lities for Simmons Hall, he supplemented transparency, porosity, and meability with "screen, net, aperture, passageway, sieve, unrestricted, reycomb, riddle, sponge, opening, hole, cribriformity, pervious."

Well, maybe cribriformity wasn't the driving force. But what ly is this porous building morphology? Holl has in the past borrowed ly and loosely from the language and concepts of biology to generate hitectural form—as with his Kiasma art museum in Helsinki, a struce alluding to a genetic process [RECORD, August 1998, page 86], and his t Oosten "sponge" building in Amsterdam [RECORD, October 2000, page 126]. So, on the richly scientific terrain of MIT, why not begin with permeable membranes and natural sponges? But, beyond that starting point, how does Holl's perforating approach—expressed both literally and metaphorically—serve Simmons Hall, the students, and the surroundings?

Often likened to a giant computer punch card or notched puzzle piece, this 350-bed dorm now stands 10 stories high, 385 feet long, and 53 feet deep—wrapped almost entirely in a matrix of 2-foot-square windows (5,538 of them). Though not part of Holl's initial concept, the gridded shell, a thick layer of precast-concrete panels clad in sanded aluminum over insulation, actually forms an exoskeleton, bringing the building's heavy structure to its outer surface. It's a solution devised by structural engineer Guy Nordensen, who developed a high-strength precast system, called Perfcon, specifically for this project, providing essen-

Project: Simmons Hall, MIT, Cambridge, Massachusetts Architect: Steven Holl Architects— Steven Holl, AIA, Timothy Bade, design architects; Timothy Bade, project architect; Ziad Jameleddine, Anderson Lee, assistant project architects; Peter Burns, Gabriela Barman-Kramer, Makram el Kadi, Annette Goderbauer, Mimi Hoang, Matt Johnson, Erik Langdalen, Ron-Hui Lin, Stephen O'Dell, Christian Wassmann, team Associate architect: Perry Dean Rogers Engineers: Guy Nordensen and Associates; Simpson Gumpertz & Heger (structural); Arup (mechanical)






With its cast-concrete exoskeleton clad in sanded aluminum, the chameleonlike building changes appearance according to light conditions (this spread). Holes in the entry canopy (above) play against the grid's regular rhythm, providing a whimsical rendition of the porosity theme.



tially a bearing wall that accepts a regular pattern of holes while allowing for such major structural variables as large openings and cantilevers.

This muscular, rigid grid encases a massive creature very different from Holl's diminutive, ephemerally veil-like Het Oosten "sponge." Here, a large-scale grate—which, unmodulated, might have evoked a penitentiary—is playfully relieved by the insertion of huge rectilinear and amoebic openings, by large notches in the building's rectangular silhouette, and by flashes of primary color lining the big notches and deep window jambs.

But the promise of literal front-to-back openings or even transparencies—as implied by Holl's master-plan diagrams of porous building possibilities—is hardly realized. With only the two roofline notches truly penetrating the entire volume, the building actually blocks views with the first seven or eight stories of its entire 385-foot length. Though its enormous crowning crenellations form three towerlike projections that successfully temper the reading of the dorm as a single megablock, the notion of a view-retaining "porosity" remains somewhat mythical here. Even a large opening at the base of the building—sheltering bleacher seats facing the field and a Dan Graham sculpture inside—stops short of offering a completely transverse portal or visual passageway.

A desire to create buildings with long, bridgelike spans or portions hovering high above the ground has recurred throughout Holl's career. Like Simmons Hall, most of these schemes have taken a superscaled, imposing, almost graphic overall form—as in his Spatial Retaining Bars proposal (1989) for apartment buildings configured as upside-down "L"s; his similarly shaped hotel/apartment design (1999) for Mexico's JVC Center [RECORD, June 1999, page 134]; and most recently, the crossbar tower proposal (2003), on which he collaborated for New York City's World Trade Center site [RECORD, February 2003, page 45]. Perhaps due in part to structural, budgetary, and circulation impracticalities of such grand, acrobatic gestures, many of these schemes remain





The facade's preca Perfcon panels allo for long spans with deep beams. Color within the window h and jambs (left) pre ents a stress diagra the structural mem The heavy grid was intended as a brise soleil-to shade the high summer sun ar let in low winter ray: with insulation bene the aluminum cladd increasing the therr mass. Daylight filter through the grid and perforated metal sta rail in the lobby (bel

unbuilt. At Simmons Hall, the big lateral notches form only blind openings, in contrast to the architect's early sketches.

As an urban gesture, Holl's assertion that MIT's master plan needed greater openness, literally and perceptually, made a lot of sense. The campus, originally a Beaux-Arts scheme, had steadily lost definition since the 1950s, when its last building boom set a high standard with Alvar Aalto's Baker House dormitory and Eero Saarinen's Kresge Auditorium and Chapel. The current building campaign-which includes Simmons Hall, as well as structures by Fumhiko Maki, Frank Gehry, and others-has revived MIT's ambitions for world-class architecture. The projects also share a mission to enhance and increase the campus's communal spaces, indoors and out, and knit together its disparate parts. After all, this is a place still reeling from a shift, in recent decades, away from a predominantly male commuter population toward a coed and resident one-and, with that change, a pervasive awareness of isolationism among the students. Holl saw the importance of engaging not only the academic community, but also, to some extent, non-MIT neighbors, as he designed for a site known until recently as "Siberia."

So, Simmons Hall does not turn its back on the tracks, but shows similar faces to the university and its environs. In that sense, the dorm takes a conceptually open attitude. At the same time, all elevations of this substantial edifice offer curiously surreal scale readings. While the large openings help diminish its perceived size, vertical stacks of three windows per floor give the impression of a 30- rather than 10-story structure. And with apertures significantly smaller than standard windows, the predominant 2-foot grid, hardly a light lattice, creates a pattern whose density can read, paradoxically, as more closed than open. (For better or worse, you never get the illusion that you're glimpsing into the rooms.)

The overall perception, however, shifts with changing light. At



In the lobby, a highly sculptural stair of board-formed concrete with a perforated metal rail modulates light and shadow (this page and opposite, bottom).

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obby ilazed passage). Graham sculpture 1ail room 1ultiuse/auditorium **1**editation)ining hall **Dutdoor** dining 'rep kitchen ervery tudent kitchen itudy **Group** lounge **Dpen** to below Housemaster Laundry *Cypical single room* Graduate resident Terrace Photo lab Assoc. housemaster Skylight Exercise Visiting scholar Housemaster reception Typical double room Bleachers Computer lab Game room Music room

his master plan, Holl ched several variof the "permeable," orous," building it). The shapes of mons Halls' multiy lounges (below)

derive from sponge prints. These sculpturally fluid spaces connect residential houses vertically within the dorm, encouraging student interaction.

Holl also conceived of them as the building's "lungs," promoting vertical ventilation (as much as fire code permitted) and deep penetration of light and air.



SECTION A-A EAST/WEST







2010 SPONGE PRAWING EXTRUSIONS @ 20' INTERVALS . MIT 2001





Undulant lounge forms project into the corridors (left). Throughout the interior, the outer grid has a strong presence (above). Terraces are only accessible from such controlled spaces as graduate resident apartments (below).





On the interior, variations on the theme of perforation abound (this page). Typical single dorm rooms have nine 2-foot-square windows, which are operable but restricted to an 8-inch maximum opening (bottom). Each window has its own separate curtain, which some students complain is inconvenient. Holl designed all the dorm room furnishings here, just as Alvar Aalto did at nearby Baker House. Punched with holes, the new furniture is intentionally "porous."



Kiasma, Holl learned a lot about the nature of matte sanded-aluminum cladding—which has exceptional chameleonesque properties, sometimes reflecting the blue sky, other times appearing dull and gray or luminous and silvery. Within the dorm's large notches, he added color cleverly by specifying an off-the-shelf palette of weatherproofing membranes behind perforated aluminum panels that reveal the hues in constantly varying degrees. The three-dimensionally sculptural character of this "puzzle piece" building—with lateral notches staggered along the end elevations—also contributes to its self-transforming qualities.

In its long, narrow, shiplike proportions, colorful window jambs, board-formed concrete interior walls, integration of decks or terraces, and even in its approach to program, Simmons Hall is a distant cousin of Le Corbusier's Unité d'Habitation. Like the Unité, Holl's dorm aspires programmatically to offer "a slice of the city," combining living spaces with a range of communal functions—here responding to the call for gathering places (supplying the proverbial sponge to draw students in) with a night café; multipurpose performance space; dining hall; photo lab; and lounging, study, meditation, and exercise rooms. The night café, in particular a scarce



Sculptural lounge and study spaces (this spread) link multiple residential houses vertically, promoting student interaction. Internal stairs enhance spatial dynamism and increase opportunities for students to see and be seen (above). Skylights cap many of the lounges (below), and Holl skillfully integrated electric illumination to supplement daylight (right and opposite).







nity at MIT, has been attracting students from all over campus.

Once beyond the entry threshold, marked by a 1950s-ish, whimly hole-riddled canopy at the building's southeast corner, the porosity ne really takes off, both conceptually and more superficially. Finely perted and fully Swiss-cheesed materials abound—as in the pale wood n-room furniture, designed by Holl—conveying either a delightfully ful sensibility or decorative enslavement to the permeability motif.

Taking the theme a bit deeper, the facade's amoeboid windows n onto irregular, cavelike lounges and group studies. Just as sponges have e channels amid finer-grained pores, Holl suggests, these sculptural rtions penetrate the more regular pattern of rectilinear rooms. Lined in lely finished plaster and containing gestural stairways, the fluid and amic spaces connect multiple "residential houses" vertically within the n, promoting student interaction. A virtual Rorschach test, the typically it retreats—which the architects designed from inky sponge prints been compared to caverns, wombs, volcanoes, and wisps of smoke. ong the most interesting parts of the building, they offer an intimate but may, as a result, be small for the number of students sharing them.

Holl had envisioned these lounges and studies opening up o the corridors, which, though low-ceilinged, he made extra wide as ential congregating zones. Fire regulations, however, forced him to ose the sculptural spaces, which still project, sometimes clumsily elsewhere intriguingly, into the hallways and dorm rooms. He had imagined student life flowing from the interior onto the terraces, the university has tightly controlled access to high decks.

Even with three levels of window spanning floor to ceiling in each

dorm room, the typical 2-foot-square aperture tends to feel confining rather than expansively permeable, giving the heavy grid what some students consider a slight jail-like quality. (Holl denies that MIT set constraints on fenestration sizes, but he intimates that the campus suicide history led to a stipulation preventing windows from opening more than 8 inches.)

A "porous building morphology" may be a lofty proposition, but, at its loosest, the drive for porosity led Holl to experiment literally with sponge prints, and it yielded some extraordinary spaces. MIT, under the guidance of president Chuck Vest and architecture and planning school dean William Mitchell, should also be credited with an open-minded, or "permeable," attitude in taking a risk on an unusual architectural exploration. Along the way, the design process remained exceptionally open to interchange with the student body, Holl reports. When, for example, he considered coloring the window jambs to identify different residential houses within the dorm, students balked, and he found a new strategy. The colors now form a giant structural diagram, expressing the relative stresses born by each member (red being the highest and blue the lowest). One sign of the building's success in engaging the students-other than the crowds gathering in the new communal spaces-is the ongoing argument about the accuracy of that color-coded diagram. Apparently, a few skeptical future engineers have been recalculating the stresses—but, of course, this is MIT.

Sources

Concrete: Beton Bolduc; Aggregate Industries; S&F Concrete Corporation Windows: Wausau (aluminum) For more information on the people and products involved in this project, go to Projects at **architecturalrecord.com**. The studio buildings (below and opposite) sit atop a 5-foot-high podium that provides a continuous outdoor space for teaching but also raises the structures above flood waters. The 3-acre campus (above) reclaimed a neglected portion of the Napa River.

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anley **Saitowitz** creates a small riverfront campus in Napa for the **OXBOW SCHOOL**,

where art and design take center stage

lifford A. Pearson

hink "community" rather than "school" and you get a better idea of what Oxbow is all about. The brainchild of Ann Hatch, an important player in San cisco's visual arts scene for the past two des, Oxbow offers a one-semester program for school juniors interested in drawing, painting, oture, photography, new media, and printing. Students from around the country come e appealingly scruffy town of Napa, California, 16-week session, and all of them (including e from the local area) live on a 3-acre campus 1g the oxbow-or bend-of the Napa River. ley Saitowitz, who had worked with Hatch on previous projects (a house renovation and a e for her Capp Street Gallery), understood t she wanted here and designed a set of dings that embody the school's ethos of collabion and creativity.

While most people think of Napa as a land of wealthy winevers and San Franciscans rich enough to have second homes in the ly rolling hills, the town—rather than the county—is actually quite king class and remains a bastion of 1960s-era wariness toward big rey. So when Hatch and her main benefactor, the wealthy wine maker ert Mondavi, quietly acquired a series of contiguous properties on the a River and said they wanted to build a school, the town was anything welcoming.

At that time—the late 1990s—Mondavi had begun planning ia, a center for wine, food, and the arts to be built in Napa. Hatch inally thought Oxbow could be part of that project, but Mondavi suged that it be a separate entity. Building the school directly across the ow river, though, let Hatch and her faculty make use of the auditon and other facilities at Copia (designed by Polshek Partnership hitects) when it opened in 2002.

Design of the school began as a project for an undergraduate lio that Saitowitz was teaching at the University of California, celey. Hatch and Mondavi acted as clients for the hypothetical project, the students' designs were presented in a public forum in Napa. "It a good warm-up exercise and helped us with the programming," says



Saitowitz. But the town misinterpreted the student designs as the real thing and became alarmed. Eventually, Saitowitz brought the project into his office and the true design process began. But his design had to overcome the town's initial resistance.

The site for the school came burdened with problems. A recent flood had reminded people that the 15 properties earmarked for Oxbow sat in a flood plain, which made purchasing the land less expensive but building on it more difficult. A derelict warehouse and aging Victorian houses on the properties presented the challenge of either renovating the old buildings or convincing the town to let the school tear them down.

Project: The Oxbow School, Napa, California Client: The Oxbow School—Ann Hatch, president; Margrit Biever Mondavi, vice president; Robert Mondavi, trustee Designer: Stanley Saitowitz Office/Natoma Architects—Stanley Saitowitz, design principal; John Winder, project architect; Steve Schneeman, Sean Murphy, Edward Kim, project team Engineers: Santos and Urrutia (structural); Reicher Spence and Associates (civil) Consultants: Tofer Delaney (landscape); Dott Electrical (lighting) General contractor: The Oliver Co.



The new studio buildings (above and right) establish a formal but engaging street edge and provide spaces for street furniture, such as benches. Deep roof overhangs and limited fenestration on the lower portions of the buildings protect the south-facing elevations from the sun.



Although he had initially hoped to recycle the warehouse, witz determined in the end that it would be less expensive and more tive to raze it and build something new. His plan also called for movone old house to a different part of the site, renovating a few others, converting a pair of two-story apartment houses into student dorms. If the buildings would be set on a 5-foot-high plinth, raising them e flood waters, and the new ones would employ a combination of r planking and translucent channel glass on the street front and rollarage doors on the riverside.

The town authorities had a preference for gingerbread architecand a fear of anything modern, but Saitowitz's design eventually won 1 over. The new 20-foot-high studio buildings engaged the street with ually appealing checkerboard of wood and glass, solid and void, while tions to the two dorm buildings created handsome elevations that forced this streetscape and provided needed space for small faculty ses. Facing the river, the studio buildings can open up almost comly, expanding teaching spaces onto a continuous outdoor terrace. ough the plan closed a small cross street that ran through the camit provided public access to the river and cleared tangled brush from water's edge. For the first time in memory, this bend in the river me an attractive piece of the public realm, now strategically located ont of the much-visited Copia center.

Saitowitz designed the three studio buildings as simple, steelte structures made of 25-foot-wide modules and separated from each r by 25-foot-wide outdoor courts. Using two modules for one buildthree for another, and one for the third, he created a visual rhythm is expressed on the street side and a floor plan that responds to the ial needs of the various studios. While most of the studios rise the full oot height to the metal roof decking, a mezzanine cuts through one lule, providing classroom space above and darkroom and rest rooms w. Saitowitz kept interior finishes as simple as the structure, specify-



- **1.** Studio
- 2. Student dorm
- 3. Faculty house
- 4. Office
- 5. Work spaces
- **6.** *Multipurpose* (future)

Saitowitz renovated two small apartment houses and added a new faculty house (below) to the street front of each one. He also converted several small Victorian houses (such as the one at right in photo below) into office space.





The studio building face north and tak advantage of river views with roll-up glass doors (oppo: While students spe most of their time the 20-foot-high st spaces, a more tra tional classroom (sits on a mezzanin with a darkroom a rest rooms below. The school has 36 students now but c accommodate 48.



- 1. Shop
- 2. Studio
- **3.** Student dorm
- **4.** Faculty house
- 5. Darkroom
- 6. Classroom

SECTION A-A





4-by-8-foot sheets of plywood and Homosote panels screwed directly b the metal framework. For the north-facing riverside, he designed ations that are almost all glass, with much of their lower portions ig commercially available roll-up garage doors. For the opposite de, he created deep roof overhangs to provide shade and limited isparent glass to just the upper half.

"I wanted the teaching areas to be studios with air, light, and ce," explains Hatch. "We weren't going to use the old art-room-in-theement approach here." Since the school is founded on the idea that the are important to our culture, Oxbow's architecture needed to be an intial part of its identity. "I pushed for the architecture to be out-front n the very beginning," states Hatch.

The strategy seems to be working. The studios' flexible space their ability to open onto outdoor rooms and to each other creates an ellent environment for team teaching and collaborative learning, says ohen Thomas, the school's director and head of its printmaking stu-And at night, "the buildings seem to float above the river," says Thomas. Saitowitz uses a similar image to explain the structures but looks at them from the inside out. "What I love about these buildings is that when you roll up the doors, the architecture disappears."

The large, empty spaces of the studios and the gaps between the small buildings turn out to be the spatial engines driving Saitowitz's ingeniously simple design. As is true with much Japanese architecture, the voids nourish the whole. \blacksquare

Sources Steel joists: Vulcraft Aluminum windows: Fleetwood Storefront windows: Arcadia Channel glass on studios: Pilkington/Westcrowns (Profilit) Channel glass on faculty house: Pilkington/Westcrowns (Linit) Upswinging doors: Cookson Roll-Up Doors Wall covering: Homosote Tiles: Daltile Exterior lighting: Hydrel; Bega

For more information on the people and products involved in this project, go to Projects at **architecturalrecord.com**.



Located at the site of Oslo's former international airport, Telenor's new headquarters boasts spectacular views (above), and dramatic volumes (below).

Sale a selection

a joint venture, **NBBJ, HUS,** and **PKA** capture recious Nordic sunlight in a dramatic office environment for **TELENOR'S WORLD HEADQUARTERS**

Peter MacKeith

hen Oslo, Norway, resident Ragna Brekke arrives at her place of work each weekday morning, she enters into "the office of the future," a virtually paperless, highly mobile, literally transparent, intimate environment, notable for what it physy lacks as much as for its calm face-to-face activity: no rows of filing vers, no stacks of manila folders or shelves of ring binders, no mail trolor archival boxes waiting for transport, no anonymous cloth-covered icle partitions or even a patterned open 'landscape' of workstations.

Instead, Ragna chooses one of the eight entrances punctuating two curving glass facades that frame the arrival plaza of the new Telenor dquarters building in Fornebu, just west of the Oslo city center, overcing the Oslofjord. She moves through a seven-story-high atrium and ng glass corridors to her working area for the day's activities—a space e enough for 30 employees, arranged in groups of two to four—and es her coat and belongings in a wooden locker near the unit-area rance. She sets her mobile phone and her notebook computer down on of the available "floating" worktables, plugs them into the power and a ports, and accesses the company servers for her telephone logs, daily , correspondence, and reference materials. Glass-enclosed conference ms are nearby, within each unit area, for necessary meeting and private russions, as is a kitchen for coffee and simple meal preparation. As she ses in the day's activity, her screen saver displays a selection of family rtographs and notes—the equivalent of the personal tackboard.

A senior business consultant with the Norwegian-based interional telecommunications giant, Ragna is one of the nearly 6,000 ployees the company consolidated from more than 30 Oslo area offices o an assembled workforce at Fornebu, all newly trained in a unique leed, patented) way of working at Telenor: untethered to a specific desk specific office; reliant upon digital, wireless, and cellular technology; lemphatically humane. Not surprisingly, perhaps, in this open, flexible rkplace, with its atmosphere of informality and egalitarianism, enor's C.E.O., Jon Fredrik Baksaas, also occupies a similar worktable in headquarter's administrative unit, in close proximity to his administive team, and face-to-face with his administrative assistant (albeit the floor allows slightly better views of the spectacular surroundings!).

er MacKeith is the associate dean at the School of Architecture, Washington iversity in St. Louis. A permanent resident of Finland, he writes frequently on rdic architecture. Telenor management's specific ambition was for "the most innovative workplace in Scandinavia," one reflecting the social possibilities inherent in an open information-technology network: dynamism and fluidity, to be sure, but also a spirit of transparency, invitation, and diversity. The 148-year-old company, having evolved from one Norwegian telegraph line in 1855 to the world's largest operator of mobile satellite services, also foresaw the need for a new building to change and adapt as Telenor itself developed over time.

Telenor's consolidation effort toward such a headquarters simultaneously addressed its desire for a more singular, identifiable corporate location—and its aim to reduce both direct and indirect energyconsumption costs. Equally, the concurrent shift in workplace culture to the desired "office of the future" could also be accomplished more effectively and comprehensively during a transition to a new, collective building. Lastly, the acquisition of property at Fornebu—the site of Oslo's former international airport terminal and runways, now planned and developed as a mixed-use precinct for information-technology and residential uses—provided Telenor with a significant, centrally located site, spectacular in its natural setting and rich in metaphorical potential.

However, the architectural siting and shaping of the entirety of the 158,000-square-meter complex emerged from the winning entry to Telenor's 1998 design competition, authored by NBBJ Architects (USA), led by Peter Pran, design principal, and Scott Wyatt, partner in charge; and two Norwegian collaborators: HUS Architects, led by Bjorn Sorum, and PKA, led by partner Per Knutsen.

Project: Telenor Headquarters, Fornebu, Oslo, Norway Architect: Joint venture, NBBJ-HUS-PKA. Joint venture architectural board—Scott W. Wyatt, FAIA, NBBJ, partner/board chairman; Tom Forsberg, HUS, principal/board member; Per Knudsen, PKA, partner/ board member

Architectural team leaders: Peter Pran, design principal/design group leader; Jan Storing, responsible architect/lead planner; Jonathan Ward, design principal/team leader; Jin Ah Park, design principal/team leader; William J. Nichols, principal/project executive (inception to engineering); Thomas J. Morton, AIA, principal/project executive (engineering to completion); Erik Lind, architect/team leader/deputy project executive (construction); Bjorn C. Sorum, responsible architect/project architect; Annema Selstrom, Christian Sundby, architect/team leaders



Open at both ends, the 250-meter-long plaza invites approach and passage, directs views toward the Oslofjord, and captures the daily course of the sun at Oslo's 59 degrees north latitude through siting and sectional development. The pair of curved glass boulevards are offset from one another.





- **1.** Main reception
- **2.** Offices
- **3.** Atrium
- 4. Reception
- Learning center
 Cafeteria
- 7. Fitness center
- 8. Telenor shop
- 9. Kiosk

- **10.** Customer center
- **11.** Visitor parking
- **12.** Service road
- **13.** Pedestrian/cycle path
- **14.** In/out to under-plaza
- parking
- **15.** Service yard**16.** Villa Harelokken
- **17.** Telenor Plaza





3. Reception

5. Plaza 6. Meeting room 8. Service road 9. Parking

- **11.** Bridge connecting north and south
- **13.** Large seminar/ gathering space

symbolic layering chnological hisand artifacts, the like configuration laza (opposite), levards (right and osite), and branchworkplace units plan, opposite) been laid over aligned with the hwest-southeast ntation of the her airport main vay in two offset uences. Each levard is interrupted round level by an n pass-through that s local residents estrian access ugh the complex.





For Pran, the Telenor project is "a new symbol of technology and culture." Working with architects Jonathan Ward and Jin Ah Park ultimately the senior designers for Telenor—Pran has been part of an effort at NBBJ that over the past five years has produced a new generation of 'firm-defining buildings,' as partner Wyatt calls them: These include the Reebok World Headquarters in Boston (2001), for instance, and now Telenor. Strategically, the project represents NBBJ's first significant foray into Europe; more importantly, asserts Wyatt, the Telenor commission signifies another level of ambition in corporate design: "This is well beyond a brand statement for Telenor—this is a building that seeks to encourage more creative thought and more effective decisions."

Although in dramatic siting and sheer volume, the Telenor design commands attention—the headquarters is the largest of any Scandinavian company's—NBBJ-HUS-PKA's design aimed for an understated identification of the corporation, attempting to resist monumentality through a recognition of the evident, sublime presence of the fjord, the historical traces of the airport, and a progressive diminution of forms into successively more intimate scales. As well, the daily occupation of the building by some 6,000 people suggested the possibility of a temporary urbanity, with the consequent needs for outdoor and indoor, large and small public spaces in counterpoint to the stated program of 200 30-person-unit workplaces, with their emphasis on mobility and intimacy.

To respond to these multiple goals, as senior designer Jonathan Ward describes the design process, the design team used "a simple tree metaphor." In a symbolic layering of technological history and artifacts, the treelike combination of plaza, boulevards, and branching work units have been overlaid on and aligned with the northwest–south orientation of the now-obscured Fornebu main runway in two o sequences. Open at both ends, the 250-meter-long plaza invites approand passage, directs views toward the Oslofjord, and captures the daily sage of the sun at Oslo's 59 degrees north latitude through siting sectional development. The pair of curved glass boulevards are offset f one another: the northern volume has the height advantage and dynamically into the courtyard. The length of its cornice is defined b ambitiously scaled Jenny Holzer installation, an unending streamer of LED phrases. Two stories shorter, the southern boulevard's glazing incl away from the plaza, allowing for a more complete sweep of the sun. I boulevard is interrupted at ground level for an open pass-through, ma it possible for local residents to walk through the complex.

The plaza coordinates all arrivals, whether coming by automo public transportation (currently city bus service, but a light-rail static already planned), or on foot from adjacent residential areas. Telenor dec early on to limit the amount of parking spaces to 1,700 and created a rc ing system of employee parking passes; the design places 1,500 spaces ir two-level structure directly beneath the plaza. Anyone arriving by ascends by stair or elevator to the open-air court.

The artificial plateau of the plaza is occupied by the prism form of the education center, partially surfaced in glass panels desig by the Norwegian artist Jon Arne Mogstad. A grid of colored-conc pylons strides rhythmically across the landscape—artist Daniel Bur

law in Norway ; that workers no farther neters (29.5 m a window, orker situated than that disay only work a day. Thus, igners created as a series glass-andie-sheathed s, demonstrated even-storyss atria found of the curving oulevards (this





A glowing reception desk welcomes workers and visitors into one of the eight entrance atria (above). Interspersed throughout the entrance atria (below and opposite, top) are a number of cafés and cafeterias. These spaces have been shaped for sectional views through the interior and out into the landscape (below right), and each cafeteria is distinguished by a commissioned artwork.









propriation and extension into civic presence of the parking structure's umnar supports. Areas for sitting, walking, and gathering are differiated by textures and patterns of granite paving.

Interspersed throughout the boulevards' eight entrance atria are a nber of cafeterias, cafés, kiosks, and other shops, all programmed with eye to round-the-clock convenience and choice. These major spaces have n shaped for sectional views through the interior and out into the landpe, and each cafeteria is distinguished by a commissioned artwork.

As visitors and employees alike filter through the sequence of pubspaces toward the branching office 'villages,' a scalar shift occurs: from the nic 'gateway' of the international corporation—the arrivals plaza—to ever more intimate (and arguably, more Norwegian) settings of social hering and, ultimately, to the localized small-group atmosphere of the rking areas. These shifts, however, are controlled and held in proportional tionship throughout the movement by a basic dimensional module 2.4 meters (approximately 7.9 feet), used in divisions or multiples in all nning. Combined with the natural illumination requirements of the rwegian building code, Telenor is essentially a series of thin, glass-andvertine-sheathed volumes, in which the corporate ambition for openness 1 transparency in workplace activity is met literally by the materiality, mination, and flexibility of the design and construction.

The collaboration among the Norwegian architectural and engiering partners, the Telenor administrative team, technical consultants, and efined selection of renowned artists, was significantly broader and more nplicated than that of a more conventional commission inside the U.S.

"We made the collaboration intentionally messy," says partner in charge Scott Wyatt, "and it was difficult—but only because people cared as much as they did." In the end, through the collaboration, the development of Telenor as "Nordic architecture," or even "Norwegian architecture," was overtaken by more precise and focused attention to the physical specifics of the site, the innovative ambitions and egalitarian character of the client, and the combined talents and resources of the collaborators—arriving by way of this panoramic perspective at a project collectively better than that which would have been produced by more discrete, individualistic means.

For Peter Pran, the Telenor project represents specific and profound questions of identity, architecture, and representation: "On the one hand, the most important issue is what our work does for Telenor—yes, providing a new identification for the company, and inspiring their employees—but there is still then the Norwegian physical and cultural context. We've sought to make a building that belongs to the site and reflects the society within which the corporation sits, but also one that is transformative of all three. We believe architecture can do this."

Sources

Glass: Arbeidsfelleskapet BFP (facades and roofs) Concrete/steel: Spenncon (prefab)

Doors: Skauan (admission gates and revolving); Robust Staldorer (metal); SSC Joinex (wood) Locksets: TrioVing Elevators: Reber Schindler Heis

For more information on the people and products involved in this project, go to Projects at **architecturalrecord.com**. Fumihiko Maki's complex of discrete buildings called TRIAD, in Nagano, Japan, coher through form, material, and site design

aomi Pollock

t is often said that architects revisit the same themes throughout their careers. In the late 1950s, Fumihiko Maki began his study of collective form—groups of buildings that cohere into an urban whole—while he was a Graham Foundation Fellow traveling in heast Asia and the Middle East. Seen as an alternative to the thenlar megastructure, this concept became a focus of the Tokyo-based tect's practice, launched nearly 40 years ago. During that time, Maki lesigned a vast range of projects across multiple continents.

One of Maki's latest explorations is Triad, a laboratory, gallery, guardhouse for Harmonic Drive Systems, the manufacturer of precidecelerators and other instruments used in satellites, spacecraft, and copes. Though modest in size compared to the convention centers and bus complexes that have become Maki's bread and butter, Triad is rich eas accrued over years of contemplating collective form.

The project began when the company owner asked Maki to design all, semipublic gallery for his private collection of paintings and other *s* by the Japanese artist Yoshikuni Iida as part of the company's campus. ng the project's planning stages, it became apparent that Harmonic Drive Systems, headquartered in a 12-year-old factory in Hodaka, a town of 30,000 located 3 hours north of Tokyo, also needed a state-of-the-art facility to test and develop new products. Then the client decided to build a guard-house for the entire enclave. As a result of the program's accretive growth process, Maki was faced with the question of how to combine three small but functionally unrelated pieces on a single 768,296-square-foot property.

Even in Japan, where a perennial shortage of buildable land results in some unbelievable programmatic pairings, Maki concedes this was a "very unique combination." Though the architect toyed with connecting the disparate pieces, in the end he proposed three independent structures. The guardhouse, a 355-square-foot rectangular box perched atop a gentle slope, contains a control room in front and a tatami-floored lounge in the back.

Encased in a curved steel skin, the 7,664-square-foot laboratory for experimental research in precision instruments includes a fabrication area whose internal conditions had to be carefully controlled. Buffering this room from external noise and climatic fluctuations are the entrance and delivery room at one end, and a testing room and mechanical space at the other. The gallery, a pitch-roofed, 3,810-square-foot structure with

The tubular laboratory seems to merge with the rectangular end of the art gallery in a complex where forms echo the contours of the landscape.



The tubular-shaped laboratory (opposite and bottom left) is enclosed in a thin skin of welded standingseam steel sheets, with a steel honeycomb core and a thick concrete floor. The reinforced-concrete art gallery is marked by a large glazed portal (left) leading to simple exhibition spaces (below). The end wall of the reinforced-concrete guardhouse (middle left) is frosted glass.











ound corner, consists of three exhibition spaces: one for sculpture, ch opens onto a terrace with spectacular views of both the town below the Japan Alps in the distance; one for paintings; and one for other ll works. Distinguished by their varying ceiling heights and indirect ural lighting, the three galleries spiral around a core containing art age, rest rooms, and a machine room. As if blown apart by centrifugal e, each building is a freestanding element with its own distinct charr. Instead of choosing iconographic architectural forms and materials, ki specified those with an abstract, sculptural quality. While there is no rt framework, site conditions and client requirements determined h piece's position.

To monitor the comings and goings at the existing factory, the rdhouse had to be near the compound's entrance, separated from the lab art gallery by the company's internal access road. And the lab had to be to the factory; it is tethered to it by a pedestrian bridge. But it is Maki's tle site intervention—a combination of perimeter berms and open space dulated by elliptical mounds made of grass-covered earth or Cor-ten 1 plate—that cements the pieces in place. "The residual space between ns is just as important as the buildings themselves," Maki explains.

The three buildings are also bound together by formal and mateconnections. The lab's curved section, which facilitates the airflow uired by the facility's highly sensitive machinery, is echoed in the gallery n. In turn, the gallery's rectilinear display space relates to the guardhouse's rall boxy shape. In a similar vein, the lab's steel skin ties it to the gallery's rd metallic roof, while the gallery's concrete and patterned glass walls nect it to the guardhouse, whose frosted-glass window faces the street.

Maki notes that while it would have been easy to use the same rior materials on all three buildings, the contrasting textures and surfaces yielded a more interesting conversation between the pieces, as well as with their larger context. Sharp edges, whose precise execution politely nod to Harmonic Drive's sophisticated products, delineate the buildings and set them apart from the powerful natural setting. The gallery's walls, an all-inone structure and enclosure, are 12 inches thick, while the lab's skin consists of 0.4-mm-thick steel sheets with a 4-mm-thick steel honeycomb in between. The steel shell, which supports the building, is composed of prefabricated pieces bolted together on-site and coated with fluorine to conceal the joints. The metal skin juts out beyond the body of the building to act as an entrance canopy, its diagonal slice revealing its remarkable thinness.

Because Maki used a similar system for the subarena roof of the Fujisawa Municipal Gymnasium (1984), he was familiar with steelplate cladding; but in addition to technological know-how, it took careful craftsmanship and weekly site visits by Maki's staff to pull this off. While each of the three components of the complex is unique and merits attention, together they result in a totality that is a lot more than a simple sum of its parts.

Project: TRIAD, Harmonic Drive Extension Complex, Nagano, Japan Owner: Harmonic Drive Systems Architect: Fumihiko Maki + Maki Associates—Fumihiko Maki, partner in charge; Iwao Shida, Kei Mizui, Masaaki Yoshizaki, Junpei Ito, design team Engineers: Delta Structural Consultants (structural); Sogo Consultants (m/e/p) General contractor: Noguchi Sources Steel frame and sandwich panels (Iab): Hagiura Industrial Steel roof: Sanko Metal Industrial

For more information on the people and products involved in this project, go to Projects at **architecturalrecord.com**.

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WINERIES

Premier Cru Design

A NEW CROP OF WINERIES BY STAR ARCHITECTS SHOWS HOW THESE BUILDINGS CAN CAPTURE THE ROMANTIC ALLURE OF CULTIVATING GRAPES AND TRANSFORMING THEM INTO WINE.



alla St

Laguardia, Spain Santiago Calatrava integrated an undulating structure with the rugged landscape at the foot of the Sierra

Cantabria in northern Spain.

2.

Westbank, British Columbia

Overlooking Lake Okanagan, Olson Sundberg Kundig Allen Architects created a hilltop village dedicated to making and enjoying wine.





3.

Paine, Chile

At the base of the Andes, José Cruz designed a building whose form expresses the sensual process of producing wine.

4.

Arínzano, Spain

Rafael Moneo framed a cluster of old structures with a modern building that matches the stony soil of Bodegas Julián Chivite.

By Clifford A. Pearson

he romance of the grape has driven people to many things poetry, distraction, and now architecture. It engages the senses and the spirit, a combination that architects find irresistible. From its role in religious ritual to the hushed tones it elicits from oenophiles, wine emits an aura of mystery. Capturing that quality in a bottle or a building—is what wine making is all about.

Not long ago, though, winery buildings were production or storage facilities, humble in design and sturdy in construction. They were places of fermentation, not innovation, and they didn't show up on the pages of architecture magazines. Today, wineries are tourist destinations whose buildings help establish particular identities in the minds of the wine-buying public.

Now that wineries cater to day-trippers and even overnight guests, they need to impress. Owners have called in big-name architects and asked them to create memorable buildings. The challenge facing these architects is to design facilities that work both as tourist attractions and factories. While showing off the wine-making process is part of the new mission of many wineries, keeping camera-toting visitors away from forklifts and grape-crushing equipment is part of the job, too.

The best of the new wineries glorify the conversion of grapes into wine and connect this process to the place where it happens.

Having grown up just 50 miles from where the Bodegas Julián Chivite now stands, Rafael Moneo brought an intuitive understanding of the physical setting to his new winery. Not far away, Santiago Calatrava's Bodegas Ysios captures the rolling hills of the southern Basque region in its roofscape and provides just the right visual punch. A few years from now, the Moneo and Calatrava



Construction of Gehry's hotel at Marques de Riscal should start this year.

buildings will be joined by a Frank Gehry–designed hotel for the nearby Marques de Riscal winery. In Chile, José Cruz found an elegant way of expressing the step-by-step process of making wine at his Bodegas Perez Cruz. And in British Columbia, Olson Sundberg Kundig Allen Architects created a village of buildings that evokes the picturesque tradition of wine-making communities. ■

ww For additional winery projects, and more information on the ple and products involved in the following projects, go to Building Type dy at **architecturalrecord.com**.

Bodegas Ysios Laguardia, Spain

SANTIAGO CALATRAVA DESIGNS AN UNDULATING BUILDING WHOSE FORM AND MATERIALS HARMONIZE WITH THE MOUNTAINS AND EARTH. By David Cohn

Architect: Santiago Calatrava, S.A.—Santiago Calatrava, principal Client: Bodegas Ysios Engineer: Santiago Calatrava, S.A. General contractor: Gerrovial Agroman

Size: 86,000 square feet Cost: \$5 million

Sources

Structural wood: Holtza Cedar cladding: Javal Granite flooring: Comarpi Wine is a growing business in Spain (no pun intended). With international consumers discovering the great variety of Spain's wines, companies are investing heavily in the sector, including the huge firm Bebidas y Bodegas, which owns 600 different labels. Its latest investment, the Ysios Winery, located just north of the classic wine-growing region of La Rioja in the province of Álava, enjoys growing conditions that promise to yield highquality wines. To give a distinctive image to this new label, the company turned to Santiago Calatrava for the design of its building.

Program

The newly planted vineyards (160 acres of *tempranillo* grapes) lie at the foot of the Cantabrian Range, just north of the fortified medieval hill town of Laguardia, amid an open countryside with extensive views. The 86,000-square-foot winery building is visible from the passing highway and the town. Calatrava's building takes advantage of this spectacular site, drawing casual visitors as well as organized tours of wine enthusiasts. The facility has a capacity of 1.5 million bottles a year and is designed for possible future expansion.

Solution

The architect faced the difficult task

David Cohn is RECORD's Madridbased correspondent and the author of Young Spanish Architects.



of making an industrial building a landmark with a limited budget of \$6 million, or roughly \$70 a square foot. Borrowing the terminology of Venturi, Scott Brown, and Izenour in their book *Learning from Las Vegas*, one might describe the task as making a roadside shed into a "duck," in the sense that its shape is derived more from a sense of showmanship than strictly functional concerns.

For the winery, Calatrava developed a repertoire of dynamic structural forms drawn from history, specifically a family of curves found in the thin-shell concrete vaults of Felix Candela and other engineers in the 1960s. Calatrava has explored many of these forms over the years in small-scale sculptural exercise which he calls "research," then h uses them in architectural projec One of his interests has been cre ing wavelike structures using stra construction elements.

In the case of Ysios, the str ture employs laminated wood beams of Scandinavian fir, which span 85 feet between the front and back of the building, rising u and down along the exterior wall in sine curves. Reflective alumin sheeting serves as the finishing material for the roof. "The effect sunlight on the roof creates a wa like movement, like the changes tonalities of the surrounding vine yards," says Calatrava.

WWW For more information about the people and products involved in this project, go to Building Types Study at **architecturalrecord.com**.

The central bay of the building kicks up a visual storm and provides a second-story space for dining. The building sits at the base of the Cantabrian Mountains (opposite).

-

R.





Calatrava designed the building so its rolling roof is assembled from straight wood members (above and left). The long load-bearing walls on the north and south also undulate, but they run parallel to each other, so roof beams remain the same size, except at the central bay. The east and west sides of the building are clad in corrugated aluminum (opposite, top).





- **1.** Grape intake
- **2.** Production
- **3.** Barrel cleaning
- **4.** Storage
- 5. Bottling
- **6.** Bottle storage
- 7. Shipping
- 8. Visitors' lobby

Calatrava kept the interiors of the industrial portions of the building simple so the dynamic roof structure takes center stage (right and below). The winery can produce 1.5 million bottles of wine a year.





More than 640 feet long, the winery is oriented so its m elevation faces south, toward Laguardia and the highway. The north and south walls undulate plan, which maximizes their sti ness while reducing their thick Calatrava finished the south fa with horizontal strips of cedar t match the tonalities of the ear under the vines, and he added reflecting pool with a mosaic b of broken ceramic tiles that rur the full length of the building.

In a dramatic, baroque gesture, the architect applied a exaggerated kick to the buildin; central curves so the roof bear here project an additional 33 fe into the air. He likens this thrus central bay to the mountain pe behind the structure. The featur accommodates an upper-level dining room for visitors, who en views through high, angled windows. An axial path through the vineyards leads to the visitors' entrance below the dining room and reveals the building's perfe alignment with the hilltop churc Laguardia a mile or so away.

The interior of the winery unfolds in a roughly linear seque on two levels, with hoppers of grapes entering on the west and finished cases of bottled wine e ing to the east. Calatrava expos the utilitarian nature of the inter specifying simple materials and finishes and allowing the swoop ceilings and zigzagging walls to provide the visual excitement.

Commentary

Flaunting its luminous curves, the Ysios Winery claims a place in the landscape with festive bluster. Its effects are large-scale and direct grand theater rather than intimat conversation. Such an approach, though, runs the risk of provoking *Wizard of Oz* effect if one steps of the central axis and peeks behind the scenes. But this tension is, af all, part of the attraction and mys of the theater. And Calatrava's de captures that magic, conjuring ar imaginative and animated archite ture from base materials.
second-story ng/lounge space ys grand views over plains to the hilltop n of Laguardia.

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4-5

Mission Hill Estate Winery Westbank, British Columbia

2

OLSON SUNDBERG KUNDIG ALLEN CREATES A HILLTOP VILLAGE FOR A WINE THAT IS BOTH TOURIST DESTINATION AND MANUFACTURING FACILITY. By Sheri Olson, AlA

Architect: Olson Sundberg Kundig Allen Architects—Tom Kundig, AIA, principal architect; Brett Baba, project manager; Les Eerkes, Gladys Ly-Au Young, project team Associate architect: R. Martin Cruise Architect Client: Mission Hill Family Estate Engineers: John Bryson & Partners (structural); Yoneda & Associates (mechanical); Falcon Engineering (electrical)

Consultants: Janice Viekman, Orangutang Design (interior designers); Lovinger 2 (landscape); Brown Strachan Associates (acoustical); Ilium (signage) General contractor: Selco

Construction

Size: 120,000 square feet Cost: \$21 million

Sources

Precast concrete: Advance Precast Aluminum curtain wall: Custom by Competition Glass Copper roofing: Tomtar Roofing and Sheet Metal Cabinetwork: Berard Design Group Cabinet hardware: Hafele Tables and chairs: Custom by William Switzer, design by Janice Viekman Exterior landscape lighting: BK Lighting

For more information about the people and products involved in this project, go to Building Types Study at **architecturalrecord.com**. Screw caps are superior to corks, but in the wine industry image is everything. In 1994, Mission Hill, an upstart winery, won an international competition for best chardonnay but still had to battle British Columbia's reputation for bottom-of-the-barrel wines. "People weren't willing to open their minds to the possibility that great wines could be made in the Okanagan Valley," says proprietor Anthony von Mandl. The valley's geography makes such quality possible. Midway between Vancouver and Calgary, it is the northernmost reach of the Sonoran Desert. Glacial lakes run its length, moderating temperatures year-round and creating microclimates that allow grapes from around the world to thrive.

For a hilltop site overlooking 92-mile-long Lake Okanagan, von Mandl asked Tom Kundig, AIA, of Olson Sundberg Kundig Allen, to create an architectural destination. "Anthony wanted Mission Hill to be a place that once visited would not be forgotten," says Kundig. By raising the standard for all Okanagan wineries, von Mandl saw the potential for wine tourism like Napa Valley's.

Program

A winery is a strange mix of hospitality facility and petrochemical plant. On the public side are wine-tasting

Contributing editor Sheri Olson, AIA, is the architecture columnist for the Seattle Post-Intelligencer.



rooms, gift shops, and food concessions; on the business end are high-tech presses, huge stainlesssteel vats, and bottling lines. "It's a complex program to resolve in terms of how wine making interfaces with the guest experience. People want to see the entire process, but we don't want them run over by a forklift," says Kundig. Likewise, the wine maker is leery of people bringing heat and light into the controlled environment of the cellar.

Solution

In 1981, von Mandl bought a distressed winery/brewery on Mission Hill and began a \$21 million transformation. "The first phase was healing the damage done to the hilltop by an ugly existing warehouse," says Kundig. The old 35,000–squarefoot building, now disguised by earth berms, ivy, and trees, recedes into



the background, allowing the dramatic new public elements to ste into the spotlight.

Visitors wind their way up t hill to a battered wall that recall the fortified towns that stud the Rhine's wine country. This is the

Visitors can enter the cellar from a concrete stair (this page) off the main terrace. The grounds also include a 12-story bell tower and loggias from which to admire the views (opposite).







- **1.** Entry gate
- 2. Production/offices
- 3. Visitors
- 4. Bell tower
- 5. Loggia
- 6. Tasting
- 7. Entry arch

A split concrete arch (left in photo above) frames views of the tower and lake and serves as a formal entry to the terrace. Dining (left) and tasting are part of the winery's educational function. first threshold in a series of ou rooms that shift from the scale the Coast Mountains to the cult ed garden. "The architectural pir are placed as thresholds and w dows that conspire to reveal the natural landscape" says Kundig

Visitors walk through a demonstration vineyard (the wi ery's 850 acres of vineyards, tl second largest in Canada, lie 90 minutes south) before turning through oversize concrete arche into a central courtyard. The car flaged warehouse forms the nor wall, while loggias on the south east break prevailing winds and provide a refuge from the intens summer sun. A grassy amphithe opens the southeast corner to a view of the Monashee Mountair and a lake 600 feet below.

On axis with the main entr a 10-story bell tower provides th focal point of the winery—conne ing the underground cellars, the courtyard, and a panoramic view of the valley. The tower offers ar instant historic reference, thougl updated by Kundig in interlockin precast-concrete panels. To unif the disparate pieces of the 40,C square-foot project and save me he developed a concrete kit of p (arches, columns, and capitals). Reached by a stair that





os around the base of the er and entered through a sh-hewn yellow cedar door, wine cellar serves as the high-: of the tour. Inside, light filters n from small, high windows he tower, requiring visitors to se for a moment until their s adjust to the dark. The intering geometries of the orthogotower and the cellar vaults ate a Piranesi-like space with nite walls visible between the rd-formed concrete ribs.

nmentary

sion Hill has an abstract, picturue quality befitting the site the program. Its vaguely literranean architecture may ear anomalous to Canada, but r a day in the 90-degree heat, loggia and covered terraces r welcome respite. The choice naterials (flat-seamed copper the vaulted roofs, rough boardned concrete, and ocher-colored cast concrete) adds a patina of e to the modern forms. The dcrafted bronze door handles, toll of the bells, and the rolling syards are all part of the winentry lifestyle marketed by sion Hill. Adds von Mandl, "Wine metaphor for slowing down and bying the pace of life." ■

The architects abstracted a vaguely Mediterranean vocabulary, using poured concrete, granite, and metal to give it visual muscle. Rugged arches (above left and right) provide structural support and architectural drama to the cellar spaces.

1. Terrace

3. Loggia 4. Bell tower

6. Media

7. Kitchen

8. Dining

9. Tasting

11. Wine vault

10. Cellar

5. Reception

2. Amphitheater



GROUND FLOOR



CELLAR

6 M.

Bodegas Perez Cruz Paine, Chile

3

JOSÉ CRUZ GIVES ARCHITECTURAL EXPRESSION TO A FAMILY'S RELATIONSHIP WITH THE LAND AND ITS COMMITMENT TO WINEMAKING. By Clifford A. Pearson

Architect: José Cruz Ovalle, Arquitecto—José Cruz Ovalle, Hernan Cruz Somavia, Ana Turell Sanchez-Calvo, design team Client: Perez Cruz Family Consultants: RG Ingenieros & Mario Wagner (engineering); Teresa Moller (landscape); Rolec (lighting); Ramon Goldsack (construction supervision) General contractor: Ingelam; DLP

Size: 65,000 square feet Cost: \$2.5 million

Sources

Laminated wood: Ingelam Roofing: Metcom Wine tanks and piping: TPI

For more information about the people and products involved in this project, go to Building Types Study at **architecturalrecord.com**. Winemakers work at the mercy of the soil and the heavens, so it's no wonder wineries often demonstrate a special connection to the land. This bond between man and nature, building and setting, is especially strong in Chile, where old farms are called *fundos*, a term derived from the Spanish word for foundation. In this tradition, José Cruz Ovalle's new building for the Bodegas Perez Cruz (no relation) seems to grow expressively from the local soil.

Carved from the Perez Cruz family's 1,300-acre farm in the Maipo Valley 30 miles outside of Santiago, the 370-acre vineyard sits at the foot of the Andes Mountains and enjoys a temperate, almost Mediterranean climate. Not surprisingly, people have been making wines in the Maipo Valley since the 19th century.

When the Perez Cruz family decided to get into the wine business, it ran a competition among a few architects and was impressed by Cruz's feeling for the land. His previous work—such as the Hotel explora in Patagonia, designed with Germán del Sol [RECORD, October 1996, page 108]—showed an affinity to dramatic settings.

Program

While some wineries today are part hotel or restaurant or retail store, the Bodegas Perez Cruz is all production facility. Essentially a factory and warehouse for wine, the building





could easily have been a dumb shed. No need to grab the tourist's eye with fancy architecture here. So Cruz's sinuous design isn't an appeal to the occasional visitor, but an organic expression of the activities performed inside and the character of the natural setting outside.

The building houses large spaces for fermenting wine in great stainless-steel vats, aging wine in oak barrels and glass bottles, ar smaller spaces for research and tasting by the winemakers. It als accommodates the trucks used deliver grapes and distribute bot of wine to the rest of the world.

Solution

"I envisioned the building embod the wine industry's relationship to both tradition and innovation," sa urving form of the ing along with its and stone eles (this page) help ulate an organic bach to siting and gn. The 65,000re-foot building on a 1,300-acre (opposite) where es are also bred.



A raised walkway (below and right) runs between the barrelvaulted halves of the building, which are expressed on the east and west elevations (above). The design lets air circulate around the winemaking spaces.





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. "Without being figurative, I ed the building to be shaped le voluptuous nature of wine materials like wood." So he aned the building as paired el-vaulted volumes that snake g the land. The barrel forms and of wood recall time-honored ients in winemaking, while the ling's bending columns and arkable interior spaces point in ore idiosyncratic direction. From a distance, the winery s like one long building hugthe land. But as you get er, you see that it is really e smaller structures connected common, double-jointed roof. re the building bends, it ites two great covered patios re people can gather and enjoy laded outdoor space. Inside, e of the vaulted structure is : open as double-height rooms, e some is divided by a mezza-. A cellar runs under part of building, offering space for ondary-fermentation equipment. Cruz used laminated wood

structural elements such as mns, arches, and roof beams. also created space between the ding's distinctive barrel vaults

its roof so air can circulate and light can filter down from small estory windows and skylights. architect says that all the wood d came from environmentally naged sources.

nmentary

z, who moved to Chile from in in 1987, brought with him he of the lyrical Modernism of native Barcelona. Using simple erials and elements, he and his and partner, Ana Turell, turned ir building for Bodegas Perez z into an eye-catching, muscleing exercise in architectural ineering. Capturing the spirit :s Andean setting, the building o finds a way of expressing the sual nature of wine without oring the more prosaic process nanufacturing it. The result is a ding that seems to feel as right he people who work in it as to people who just visit it.





Air and daylight filter from above, so temperature and humidity can be controlled (above). The plan accommodates the linear process of winemaking, from fermentation to bottling and shipping.



Bodegas Julián Chivite Arínzano, Spain

4

RAFAEL MONEO RETURNS TO HIS HOME TURF TO DESIGN A WINE COMPLEX THAT BLENDS VINTAGE STRUCTURES WITH MODERN ONES. By David Cohn

Architect: José Rafael Moneo— Rafael Moneo, principal; Francisco González Peiró, Mariano Molina, Eduardo Miralles, Julio Oloriz, Pedro Elcuaz, project team Client: Bodegas Julián Chivite/Julián Chivite Winery Engineer: Jesús Jiménez Cañas (structural) General contractor: ACR Construcciones

Size: 110,000 square feet Completion date: March 2002

For more information about the people and products involved in this project, go to Building Types Study at **architecturalrecord.com**. When Rafael Moneo describes the setting for the Chivite Winery along the winding Ega River, in the northern Spanish province of Navarra, it is clear he is talking about a land he knows well. "This is where I was born," he says, speaking of the region's abrupt hills, impressive woods of oak, and high pastures of thyme and rosemary. "This is a landscape that I consider part of me."

It is also an important part of the Chivite family, which has been making wines here since the 1600s. Julián Chivite, the father of the present owners and a friend of Moneo's father, hired Moneo to design a new winery on an old estate known as the SeZorío de Arínzano, which happens to be just 50 miles north of Tudela, where Moneo was born 66 years ago.

Program

In 1989, Julián Chivite bought the SeZorío and its 740 acres to develop a new line of select red and white wines. The remarkable site included a compound with a medieval tower, an 18th-century mansion, and a Neoclassical chapel built in the 19th century. Moneo's task was to design an industrial plant that could produce as many as 225,000 bottles of wine a year and fit the structure into this rich historic and natural setting. The building needed to accommodate the latest technical





eo's sprawling new ing wraps around ing structures ig back as far as ieval times (this and opposite, A concrete entry al (opposite, botframes a view of tejurra Mountain.

HEITL







advances in winemaking while offering a warm welcome to vis wine buffs and clients.

Solution

Moneo conceived of the buildin as a backdrop to the freestand historic structures, embracing t on three sides. Its longest arm set against a low escarpment t defines the riverside terrace on which the buildings stand. The walls are sandblasted concrete that matches the stony soil in t ture and color and has the sam kind of white pebbly aggregates Moneo expects the walls to acc a stonelike patina over time, wh the copper roofs will oxidize, ble ing with the foliage of the holm oaks behind them. The three wi of the building organize the prov tion process in a linear sequence from the loading of grapes at or end of the structure to the ship dock and wine-tasting room at . other, an arrangement that clea structures visitors' tours through the winery.

Procession is also importar in Moneo's plan for the site as a whole. From a monumental concrete entry portal beside the hig way, which frames a view of the nearby Montejurra Mountain, a (road runs through the vineyards the river, where a narrow concre bridge crosses into the winery compound. Moneo demolished several nondescript agricultural buildings on the site to make w for the winery. But he also restc the chapel, rehabilitated the sto tower as a residence for the estate's caretaker, and radically restructured the mansion as a for room hotel for visitors, removing later additions and adding an ou door pergola and a winter garde The three structures (chapel, tow and mansion) stand in a garden newly planted grapevines.

In the winery, Moneo uses a series of architectural incidents t mark the stages of a visitor's progress through the building. At the entry, the roof's five parallel gables project over a walled cour forming a protective canopy to



w building (oppoıd right in photo) serves mostly roduction and e facility. While chitects tore a few existing Itural buildings, enovated the old I (center in photo), turned the val tower (left r in photo above) caretaker's , and converted d mansion (left to above) into a inn. A suspended ay (right) provides of traversing a se area without bing wine aging rels.



Because wine must be protected from direct sun, Moneo used daylight sparingly, bringing it in mostly through narrow skylights (below) or clerestory windows, like the one in a fermentation room (bottom). receive grapes from the fields. Forty 22,000-liter fermentation tanks dominate the large entry wing of the building, while beau solid-oak ceilings grab the visitc eye in the following wing.

A small room for fermentat in casks, situated at the joint between the first two wings, features a nearly pyramidal roof the unfolds on its northern face to create a high clerestory window. Beyond this, in a 325-foot-long I containing casks used for aging wine, long oak beams and steel tension rods radiate from short central concrete columns to sup a pitched roof. This extravagant contrivance allowed the architect to thread a central raised catwal between the beams, creating a magnificent promenade for visito on their way to a skylighted bottl area and tasting room. The space partially buried in the terrain, with cellar for aging bottled wine situa below. The procession through th winery ends with a tasting room designed like an English great ha complete with large fireplace anc soaring timbered ceiling. A projec ing window bay in the tasting roc looks back over the winery compound and toward the entry.

Commentary

Moneo compares his use of woo in the winery to the wood-trusse ceilings of the council chamber ir Alvar Aalto's Säynätsalo town ha of 1952. As in that work, oak beams and ceilings seek to relate the building to vernacular forms without disguising its contempora neousness. At the same time, Moneo associates the sandblaste concrete walls with those used by architect Victor Eusa in many of h eccentric Modernist works of the 1930s in Pamplona, the provincia capital, where the young Moneo made his first contact with the wo of architecture. As these contrasti sources suggest, Moneo's design Chivite has many of the qualities (a seasoned wine, bringing togethe a variety of carefully cultivated as: ciations to create an experience c complexity and sensibility.





nitized Systems Are Raising the Level and omplexity of Curtain-Wall Design

;TORY-BUILT COMPONENTS LET ARCHITECTS ACHIEVE THE QUALITY CLIENTS NOW DEMAND

∋ara Hart

acade engineering has always been science. Now it's art, too. As reported in this magazine last August, a building's skin is no longer a passive wrapper articulated with spandrels, mullions, and low-e glazing. Because of growing client demands and techogical innovations, making a curtain wall now requires a team of aborators—designers, engineers, and fabricators. The linear path to tion has been supplanted by integrated teamwork.

This developing paradigm of collaboration is the logical consence of a shift away from so-called stick building to unitized systems, scially in those projects that require small margins of error and and a high level of craftsmanship. Whereas in stick construction ything is done in the field, as raw materials are processed and asseml on-site, much of unitized construction takes place off-site. The de is engineered as a system of components, which are fabricated in controlled environment of a factory or workshop. The components shipped to the site, where they are usually hoisted into place by cranes connected to each other.

Unitized construction is particularly well suited to the demand high thermal performance, weather tightness, and increasingly, qualdetailing. Although quite different in program and execution, the cess of all three projects discussed here depended on a close collaboon among all the disciplines.

tten on the wall

berry, the London-based haberdashery founded in 1856, is so well nded by its signature check pattern of camel, black, red, and white that clothes need no other brand identification. In New York City, where re is an epidemic of high-end, high-concept flagship stores, the dignipurveyor wanted a competitive presence on tony 57th Street without flashy demeanor of Niketown across the street, yet as elegant as the lescent LVMH tower a few doors east.

CONTINUING EDUCATION



Use the following learning objectives to focus your study while reading this month's ARCHITECTURAL RECORD/ AIA Continuing Education article. To receive credit, turn to page 276 and follow the instructions.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

After reading this article, you should be able to:

- 1. List the benefits of unitized construction systems.
- 2. Describe how unitized systems differ from stick building.
- 3. Discuss the collaboration of disciplines required of unitized construction.

For this story and more continuing education, as well as links to rces, white papers, and products, go to **architecturalrecord.com**.

Burberry commissioned the New York office of Gensler to create an envelope to enclose the elegant interiors crafted by interior designer Randall A. Ridless [RECORD, March 2003, page 203]. The site of the new building consisted of the shells of adjoining town houses, the former location of fashion house Escada, and the current, aging and inadequate Burberry flagship.

Before the "gymnastics of making two facades into one"—as the challenge was described by design principal Lance Boge, AIA—could begin, the architects had to investigate the integrity of the two independent shells, each one a structural hodgepodge, the result of decades of



A staircase behind the Burberry facade creates a zone that enlivens the showrooms for several floors, blurring the line between inside and out.



Burberry, New York City

At the Seele factory in Gersthofen, Germany, architects, engineers, and fabricators collaborated to detail the metal-mesh sections (right, far right). Eventually, the mesh was changed from steel to aluminum to reduce the weight of the wall. Seele determined that X-bracing (above) was needed to stiffen the members. The team built prototypes to study the connections.



renovations. "There were three or four different types of construction," says Belinda Watts, project manager for the envelope and structural renovation, and the problem was further complicated by the fact that the floor plates in the two structures did not line up.

The architects evaluated different ways the two buildings could be combined to meet the client's growing needs. The resulting feasibility study summarized five options, ranging from the demolition of the existing buildings and the construction of a new medium- to high-rise tower

FOR BURBERRY, COMPANY IMAGE AND URBAN CONTEXT HAD TO BLEND EFFORTLESSLY.

to a minor renovation that would leave the dividing party wall intact. Analysis showed that a new building would require a long construction schedule and high capital expenditures. Due to a compressed time frame, the architects ruled out razing the stores and chose to perform a radical renovation instead, which included demolishing the structural masonry party wall and replacing it with a series of steel columns and beams to support the new floors. The redundancy of services—elevators, stairwells, bathrooms, and storage—could then be eliminated, capturing more square footage for the sales floors. Finally, with a plan to fuse the existing buildings into one, architects could turn their focus onto creating a refined but visually a mated facade. The complexity of this problem cannot be overstated. typical New York infill buildings, the facade is often a generic curtain v that repeats the rhythms of its neighbors and addresses the streetsca with varying degrees of distinction. Because of the stature of the clie Gensler's mandate was more difficult. For Burberry, company image a urban context had to blend effortlessly.

From the onset, Gensler pursued the facade design as expression of the iconic Burberry check, while understanding that image had to represent a modern, revitalized purveyor of luxury goo "It's hard to take one context and reinvent it in another medium—1 warp and weave of fabric to glass and steel," explains Boge. Countl iterations yielded a sophisticated, asymmetrical, and layered grid, wh was eventually rendered in Magny Jaune stone, glass, and bron: colored metal mesh. Needless to say, there was a lot riding on—a written on—this facade, so craftsmanship in its execution becamsignificant priority.

Gensler enlisted Dewhurst Macfarlane, a structural engineeri firm headquartered in London with an office in New York, to act as t curtain-wall consultant. Its facade-design group is known for innovat solutions for glass envelopes. Their primary role was to ensure that t



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Gensler created a refined, layered facade for the Burberry flagship store in Midtown Manhattan (left) out of Magny stone, clear glass, and bronzecolored aluminum. The partially unitized curtain-wall grid was manufactured in a factory in Germany (above).



George's Quay, Dublin, Ireland

The facades consist of a unitized structural, silicone-glazed curtainwall system, assembled off-site in modules (below left). Stainless steel and granite clad the envelope of this building. Vertical marine-grade stain less-steel fins (left below) project throu the structurally bon glazing to create st vertical elements o the facade.



facade was fully engineered before bidding the job, in order to stress the high level of craftsmanship to the bidders. The German curtain-wall fabricator Seele GmbH won the bid with a proposal for a modified unitized system. "Other bidders' proposals were for more of a standard system approach, with room perhaps for some customization," says Carlos

TOLERANCES WERE TIGHTER THAN NORMALLY SEEN IN U.S. CONSTRUCTION, NOT GREATER THAN ³/₄ INCH OVERALL.

Espinosa, project architect. Had they gone the standard route, "We would have had a very different facade," he explains.

Before the bids even went out, though, Gensler explored the limitations of the materials by making several mock-ups in a local ornamental metal shop. The team had chosen a mesh metal for the larger grid, and they wanted to see how it would bend. "If not for the thermal and structural requirements of the facade, it could have been fabricated in an ornamental metal shop, because elements were that thin and precisely detailed," explains Belinda Watts. Mock-ups and experimentation co tinued at Seele's plant in Gersthofen, Germany, where Seele, Dewhu Macfarlane, and Gensler worked out the detailing together. Eventually steel mesh became aluminum to reduce the weight, and bracing v added to make it rigid.

Unitized systems have another advantage. The Burberry site *k* almost no space for staging. When all the materials arrived, they had to immediately installed or erected. The curtain-wall components arrived batches that corresponded to the erection sequence of top to botto Tolerances were tighter than normally seen in U.S. construction, r greater than ¼ inch overall for alignments to base building and adjace structures, but then shrunk to a few millimeters for the mullion syste The result of such finesse (matching the quality of the interiors) is a d icate scrim that evokes the iconic Burberry check without mimicking

Facade on delivery

George's Quay is a commercial office development in central Dubl Ireland, designed by Dublin-based Keane Murphy Duff Architecture

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The Mall at Millenia, Orlando, FL JPRA Associates, Arch.



George's Quay, Dublin, Ireland

Stainless-steel louvres clad seven pyramidal penthouse suites that form the roofline. The glass is coated in pure silver, which reduces heat gain and glare while giving a sheen to the building. The section (above) shows the louvers and the inward-opening hopper vents that allow natural ventilation to be controlled locally.

Cosgrave Developments. Buro Happold Facade Engineering, the international consulting engineering firm with offices worldwide, designed what it claims is the first example of a fully glazed, preassembled facade in Ireland, which required close supervision of collaborating local and international building-envelope contractors.

According to Russell Winser, project engineer, "preassembly ensures superior workmanship, because all fabrication is undertaken off-

PREASSEMBLY ENSURES SUPERIOR WORK-MANSHIP BECAUSE FABRICATION IS UNDER-TAKEN IN A CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT.

site in a factory-controlled environment. This type of system also allows the facade to be assembled independently of the on-site works, thereby mitigating overall building program risks. Also, there is no need for external scaffolding, as the preassembled units can be lifted into position using a floor-mounted crane."

Unitized construction is often a global effort. Winser explains,



"The aluminum framing sections were fabricated in Toronto a shipped to Dublin, while the double-glazing units were fabricated Cork (using high-performance glass sheets—that is, coated with invisible solar-control layer, made in Germany). Glazing units and fra ing members were finally assembled in Dublin and then deliver directly to site. Architectural Aluminum (AA), a Dublin-based cladd: company, fabricated and installed the curtain wall." Although AA E overall responsibility for the glazing system, detailing of how individ components fit together was developed by a separate contract Kawneer Special Projects, based in the U.S.

The structural silicone glazing (SSG) was factory-installed was clear in this case that bonding double-glazed units to an inboa aluminum framework of horizontal and stainless-steel vertical mullic was best done in the clean and controllable environment of the she Over the past 30 years, structural sealants have earned a reputation reliability, given that in many cases, such as during earthquakes, th have prevented glass from falling. Structural sealants also protect again other outdoor environmental factors such as sunlight, thermal chang

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Plantation Place, London, England

Two Plantation Place (left) is sealed and airconditioned. However, air-conditioning intakes are as high as possible in order to maximize the freshness of the outdoor air. CFD modeling (above) helped determine the environmental conditions throughout the year in both buildings. Blinds incorporated in the wall cavity are opened and closed local photo sensors Wind sensors lift th blinds in windy cond tions to protect ther from damage.

water, and atmospheric pollutants. "The silicone, therefore, acts structurally to hold the glazing in place, resisting positive and negative wind pressures," explains Winser. "The vertical load of the glass, however, must always be supported by discreet supports sited along the glass unit's bottom edge."

Does unitized construction cost more than stick built? "Not necessarily," is the answer from Winser. "This procurement strategy is not

FACADE DESIGN PLAYED A MAJOR ROLE IN PROVIDING FLEXIBILITY WHILE REGULATING THE INTERNAL ENVIRONMENT.

unusual for preassembled facade systems, as shipping costs are very competitive, and the cladding industry supply chain is fairly fragmented. It is the responsibility of the cladding contractor to organize this logistical network. In Ireland, this challenge is exacerbated by the lack of expertise with this type of preassembled facade system. Hence the partnering arrangement with a U.S. company [Kawneer]."

The hybrid solution

One Plantation Place is a multitenant development in central Lond and at over one million square feet, it is unusually large for 1 part of town. In contrast to the Burberry and George's Quay proje the client here, the British Land Company, was very specific ab function and maximum flexibility, as it expected to attract up to individual tenants.

The program mandated that Arup Associates, the internatic engineering firm's full-service architecture subsidiary, provide the higl quality of internal air quality, with the additional requirement that design must accommodate the particular needs of a variety of tena. Facade design, then, played a major role in providing flexibility wl regulating the internal environment, which, in addition to air qual addressed the need for maximum daylight penetration.

Whereas the facades for Burberry and George's Quay are b described as unitized high performance, Arup facade engineers chose unusual strategy for Plantation Place. They created a hybrid curt wall—or perhaps a series of independent systems—that acknowled



that the environmental conditions existing at street level are different from those at the upper floors. For instance, the base of the building is sealed by a high-performance system and fully air-conditioned. It made no sense to promote natural ventilation where floor plates were too deep for fresh air to circulate through, and where the noise from the traffic would be uncomfortably loud. However, mechanical engineer Michael Beaven notes that, while he assumes the windows will remain closed, they are indeed operable, reflecting a cautious optimism that we may enjoy "silent, clean transport in the future."

Above the seventh floor, where the building begins to clear the surrounding buildings, Arup introduced a double-skin facade. Above the

DEPENDING ON THE SYSTEM, AN OPERABLE INNER SCREEN ALLOWS FOR NATURAL VEN-TILATION OF THE INDOOR ENVIRONMENT.

noise and carbon monoxide, it exploited the potential for natural ventilation and maximum daylighting, while remembering the client's instructions to give tenants options. Generally, a double-skin system consists of an external screen, a ventilated cavity, and an internal screen. Solar shading is placed in the ventilated cavity. The external and internal screens can be monolithic glass or a double-glazed unit; the depth of the cavity and the type of ventilation depend on environmental conditions, the desired envelope performance, and the overall design of the building, including systems.

The ventilation in the cavity can be either natural (buoyancy driven), forced (mechanically driven), or mixed (both natural and forced). The direction of the airflow (upward or downward) depend the type of ventilation and the general system design. The internal sci can be operable for cleaning and maintenance. Depending on the sys design, an operable inner screen allows for natural ventilation of indoor environment.

Two Plantation Place is a separate, but connected, 10-st building-a discrete element of the larger Plantation Place schemeit adheres to some of the principles developed for the site as a wh while establishing a clearly distinct identity for itself. The buildin linked through its entrance to established public routes. Its massin derived from its prominent corner location and the architects' desir respond to the surrounding context without losing the building's vis and functional obligation to the greater whole. The use of load-beau masonry in the perimeter wall is an innovative approach to the energy requirement of minimizing glazed area in similar office buildings terms of environmental control, this project is much more complex t the other two. Embedded with wind and photo sensors for natural ve lation, the facades have a certain autonomy because they can oper independently from the other building systems.

These three projects show decisively that "unitized" does mean "uniform." Each is very different from the others. Burberry's st egy was explicitly tied to the craftsmanship associated with the Burbe brand. The designs of George's Quay and Performance Place, being st ulative projects, were driven by client demand for flexibility and ene conservation. In virtually all cases, when "high performance" is demand, "unitized construction" in a controlled environment will c tinue to be the answer.

AIA/ARCHITECTURAL RECORD CONTINUING EDUCATION

INSTRUCTIONS

- ♦ Read the article "Unitized Systems Are Raising the Level and Complexity of Curtain-Wall Design" using the learning objectives provided.
- Complete the questions below, then fill in your answers (page 382).
- ◆ Fill out and submit the AIA/CES education reporting form (page 382) or download the form at www.architecturalrecord.com to receive one AIA learning unit.

QUESTIONS

- **1.** Which is a characteristic of stick-building construction? a. requires small margins of error
 - **b.** materials are assembled on-site
 - c. fabricated in a factory
 - d. component assemblies are shipped to the site
- 2. Which is a characteristic of unitized construction? a. raw materials are shipped to the site b. components are assembled on-site c. fabricated in a factory d. allows small margins of error
- 3. Unitized construction is well suited to which? a. high-performance construction b. collaboration among disciplines c. high level of craftsmanship d. all of the above
- 4. Benefits of unitized construction are all except which? **a.** do not require space for staging **b.** fabricated in a controlled environment
 - c. can be constructed completely on-site

 - d. can be hoisted into place and easily connected

- 5. Structural sealants protect glass from all except which factor? a. thermal changes
 - b. atmospheric pollutants
 - c. wind pressure
 - d. vertical load
- 6. Which is not true of the New York Burberry curtain wall? a. the metal mesh evoked the Burberry checked fabric brand b. the original metal-mesh mock-up was in aluminum c. tolerances varied, but were tighter than ¾ inch

d. the problem with aluminum for the mesh was that it needed bracing to make it rigid

- 7. Benefits of the unitized facade at George's Quay are all except which? a. preassembly ensured superior workmanship
 - b. no need for external scaffolding
 - c. facade assembly was independent of site conditions
 - d. bonding the double-glazed units supported the vertical load
- 8. What is the benefit of preassembled units?
 - a. they are made in a controlled environment
 - **b.** they are made by factory workers
 - c. they are made less expensively
 - d. they are made faster
- 9. Facade designs affect the interior environment in which way?
 - a. they determine the amount of daylight present
 - **b.** they determine the design theme throughout
 - c. they determine the height of each floor
 - d. they contribute to the perceived air quality
- **10.** Generally, a double-skin facade system can consist of any except which? a. double glazing
 - b. monolithic glass
 - **c.** solar shading
 - d. all of the above

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echnology: NBBJ gives Telenor a flexible, fficient, and innovative headquarters

ERGY-SAVING PROPERTIES AND WIRELESS COMMUNICATION ARE AMONG THE STANDOUT FEATURES

Sam Lubell

he mission statement for telecom giant Telenor's new headquarters (see project on page 222) in Fornebu, Norway, is certainly ambitious, especially for a suburban office park: "To be the most democratic, inspiring, and technologically 'anced workplace in Scandinavia." Whether the building, which ened in September 2002 and houses 7,500 employees, lives up to this lon is difficult to determine. But there's no question that the 137,000iare-meter space on the site of the former Oslo International Airport shes the limits of sustainable design and flexibility, thanks to technoical innovations. "We didn't just want to build a building—we wanted nave something to represent ourselves and our way of work," said Dag lgaard, Telenor's chief spokesman.

The building's architecture challenges business culture by not only ing people out of individual offices—a trend that has picked up steam in past decade—but freeing them from fixed workstations altogether. anwhile, advanced technology helps the headquarters attain environ-

ntal objectives and obviates the notion that green hitecture can't benefit a company's bottom line.

:lean, well-lighted place

en for a country like Norway, where environmental ptection is at the forefront of policy making, enor pushes the envelope. Because of Norway's remely high latitude, the country's regulations arding worker access to natural light are among the ictest in Europe: Federal law mandates workers ist be no farther than 9 meters from a window, and vorker situated farther than that distance can work ly five hours per day. To meet these standards, signers incorporated large windows, 1.7 to 1.8 eters high, and built internal office spaces no more in 15.5 meters wide. Like many buildings designed maximize natural lighting, its floor plates are relaely narrow—only 15.5 meters at their widest point.

Window blinds, built snugly into the

ilding skin (they're tucked behind glass rain screens), can be raised and vered electronically and are programmed to respond to the sun's sition. The blinds, made of either perforated aluminum or woven synetic fabric, allow sun to penetrate the building even when closed and

m Lubell is a freelance writer living in New York City who often contributes to CORD. His work has also appeared in The New York Times, New York magate, and The Record of Bergen County, New Jersey.

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also protect occupants from glare. Thanks to abundant natural light, there is barely more than one lightbulb per employee, said Karl Otto Jansen, IT and electric project manager.

While Norway is by no means a tropical environment, summers still get warm, with an average high temperature of roughly 70 degrees Fahrenheit. Summer days in Oslo also have more hours of sunlight compared to lower-latitude locations. Yet the building is cooled without traditional air-conditioning; instead, designers implemented a system called "comfort cooling" that includes chilled ceilings. Cool water is circulated through ventilation ducts and in each building's cooled ceiling elements, which are metal boxes that draw up warm air in the building and then naturally send cooler air downward. The warmed water leaves the building and is recooled via a heat-exchange system that utilizes water from the nearby North Sea. A smaller amount of additional cooling comes from oil and electrical burners and sea-powered heat pumps.

Jonathan Ward, AIA, an architect at NBBJ who worked on the



A long, narrow profile like that of the Telenor headquarters building is a common feature of sustainable design. If the building is oriented in the right direction, this form allows natural light to fall deep into the interior. Telenor says there is only about one lightbulb used per employee at Fornebu.

project, says the comfort cooling system not only uses far less energy than typical cooling systems, but also reduces maintenance costs because there are no filters to replace and no moving parts to maintain. He adds that the system is comfortable for occupants because its low air velocity minimizes the possibility of drafts. Operable windows, located around the building no more than 2.4 meters apart, allow further flexibility for ventilation.

Though Norway is known for its long, cold winters, designers eschewed energy-hogging heating techniques for lower-impact heat pumps, which are being used with increasing frequency (projects in the U.S. can earn LEED green building credits for using them). Like the com-







Because sunlightchallenged Norway has strict federal regulations regarding worker access to windows and natural light, NBBJ performed a number of daylighting studies as design progressed. Renderings of the building at different times of the day (above) helped the architects refine its form and orientation. NBBJ also worked to Telenor to create di representations of indoor office space (opposite, bottom I





so that workers could get a feel for the view corridors and sense the openness of the space. Both designers and client discussed these studies while viewing the renderings on large screens at the Visionarium, a space in the old headquarters specially built for design review. It was so successful as an aid to brainstorming and developing alternatives quickly that Telenor is building another in the new headquarters, and for other clients, as well.



The steep angle of the ends of these floor plates (below and opposite, top) helps to reduce glare from the sun. A fully glazed entryway (above) promotes the feeling of openness and flexibility the client wished to achieve.





Corner "offices" (above) are actually private rooms that workers can use for tasks requiring quiet or confidentiality. Below, the ground-floor cafeteria is used for both socializing and spontaneous meetings. Employees find it easier to interact with each other informally in the new building.



fort cooling system, it is powered mainly by water from the North Water is heated using electricity, and its steam is compressed to beco high-pressure vapor that eventually travels through the building's radia According to Erik Mordli, a HVAC specialist for Telenor, the system duces three times the energy it consumes. Also as in the cooling systa smaller portion of heating comes from oil and electrical burners, but t are essentially backup systems for peak-use times or crises, said Hen Vellene, an engineer for Technoconsult who worked on the project.

Systems that speak the same language

Such innovative cooling and heating systems precipitated the dever ment of a full-blown building automation system, or BAS, designe keep the interior safe and comfortable by streamlined building opera The building's major systems—HVAC, lighting, electricity, even veyance—are connected together digitally by a centralized en management system (EMS). The electronic devices that run the build systems speak a digital language called LON (for Local Opera Network), developed by Echelon Corporation of California. LON al these devices to share data and to be configured for maximum efficie it also allows various types of electronic devices to communicate each other. The HVAC system powers down when the building portions of it, are unoccupied, and the lighting system is also "scer controlled," meaning lights are adjusted automatically when the sun level changes or when people enter and exit. "You don't use more [ene than you actually need [with this system]," said Jansen. Facility staff

TELENOR'S NEW HEADQUARTERS WILL CONSUME ONLY HALF THE ENERGY OF ITS OLDER FACILITY.

view data such as room temperature and electricity usage from spe ized workstations in the complex's operation center and make ma adjustments as needed.

Employees also have significant control over their immec surroundings. They can change temperatures and lighting levels wi few keystrokes on their laptops. Sensors detect their changes on a meter grid around the building. Yet, because the building's lighting temperature are maintained automatically, says NBBJ's Ward, these of trols are not frequently used. And each section of the building, Vel adds, has a floor manager to ensure there are no squabbles am employees over settings.

A true building of the Information Age

Not surprisingly for a telecom company, the IT infrastructure is centaround the use of laptops and mobile phones. Laptops can access company's network anywhere in the building, and all phone calls made over a cellular network. Mobile phones can also receive e-mail faxes, while laptops and handheld organizers are used to exchange vi ally every type of information, whether paper-based or electronic. F regular "snail mail" is scanned and sent to employees via e-mail.

Designers used two techniques to untether workers from f desks. First, groups of workstations and offices were conceived as "w modules" that could accommodate up to 30 people; then, each moo was equipped for complete wireless Internet access. Engineers for Tele and HP installed 32,000 ports for telephone and data exchange—ab four ports per employee, much higher than average. Wireless antennas mobile phones and other equipment, such as routers and servers, are included, and the electronics require 27,000 meters of IT-related w Designers made some concessions to individual needs: Adjustable de

eflections are the way life used to be.





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Telenor employees often gather for impromptu meetings in common areas (top). The facade (right) is tilted to allow natural light to penetrate deep into the building. Work modules with wireless Internet access (bottom) let employees share information readily at mobile workstations.





are shared throughout the building, and private rooms are available confidential phone calls, meetings, or work requiring privacy.

Technology even pushed the boundaries of the building whe was under construction. To better inform employees, designers, the bo of directors, and others about the progress of the project, Telenor insta the "Visionarium," a 37-square-meter room in the company's for headquarters in downtown Oslo, where 3D computer models develo by NBBJ were rendered further by a Telenor design team and preser for comment and discussion. The space sits 25 people, and the view screen measures 5 meters by 2 meters, with a 150-degree curved scr utilizing three overlapping projectors. Digital models were crafted v software like Microstation/Triforma (the primary software used, W said, because it allowed the architects to cut out 2D elevations and e tions from 3D models), 3D Studio Max, Division by PTC, and AutoC. "It's a way of having a closer relationship between the client and the art tect," said Telenor's Knut Ramstad, head of the Visionarium. A 60-t Visionarium in the new headquarters will open in May.

Feedback that was gathered during views of models in Visionarium brought about significant design changes, from mate selection for the glass curtain wall near the main entrance to circulat and employee interaction within the building. Virtual daylighting stuc also helped architects better design the building for natural illuminati "We tried to make the mistakes in the models, not on the site [or in building]," said Ramstad.

The free-flowing atmosphere promoted by unfixed work are pointed out Melgaard, enables frequent, informal, and efficient inter

> tions among employees. "I've never met so many of colleagues before," he says. "You just walk over to people in your zone and ask for two minutes—and two minutes you can accomplish what might [norma take an hour."

Where to go from here?

The investment in innovation seems to have paid off far. Telenor reports the building's energy consumpti per employee, is about half what it was before the mc (Consumption was approximately 14,400 kilowatt-ho per person per year in the old building; at Fornebu, energy consumption is projected to be about 7,000 ki watt-hours per person per year.) Although productiv gains attributable to the new building are hard to qua

tify, the company notes that workers seem happier and more efficie Online polls show that 76 percent of employees feel more efficient wh working in the new building. Only 8 to 9 percent report being unhap with the new building, mostly because it's located farther from Oslo, a hence many employees now have a longer commute.

Since it opened last fall, more than 5,000 people, both archite and the general public, have visited Telenor, Melgaard says, many to se ideas and inspiration. Several visiting companies have told him they a planning to replace their fixed desks with mobile offices and wireless s tems. Whether the open-design office plan is right for every company certainly open to debate, but because it has been a good fit for Telenor, t company has begun implementing this working model in its other loc tions around the world.

Telenor's Visionarium team, meanwhile, plans to contin building similar digital preview spaces for other Telenor branches, a even for facilities they don't own, like the Nobel Peace Prize Center Oslo. "We believe this is the future," said Ramstad. The same, it appea can be said for the entire Fornebu project. ■

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Dia with



Sorting to the bunker mentality • University researchers make impressive structures out of plastic scraps

ndia engineer develops protective enclosure using ordinary materials

tably, the events of September 2001, produced heightened senty to security. Building officials scrutinizing codes. Developers assessing building and site vulibility. Entrepreneurs are offering applications for existing prod-; or, in the case of Keith Snyder, products in development. Snyder is a mechanical engir and senior member of the

r and senior member of the inical staff at Sandia National pratories, where science-based inologies have been developed upport national security since 9. He has been building and alling weapons-testing fixtures nore than 12 years. Using offshelf components, he designed achinery-enclosure system that ears to have a number of useful imercial applications.

Centrifuges, key weapons ing machines, spin objects at speeds; if something fails, object becomes a potentially dly projectile. As a safety meassuch machinery is typically losed in steel or concrete, with attending disadvantages of heft, ense, and opacity.

For a centrifuge at the)artment of Energy's (DOE) Pantex nt in Amarillo, Texas, Snyder ght to design an enclosure that Ild be more efficient and econical, as well as transparent. He ineered, tested, and patented a thod of using clear polycarbonate zing in a Unistrut frame, which last-, projectile-, and ballisticistant. Polycarbonate is a widely d, highly durable plastic laminate CORD, December 2001, page ']; Unistrut is an infinitely flexible uctural-metal framing system. Pantex enclosure uses standard y-8-foot polycarbonate bolted) U-channels that can accept knesses from 1/2 inch to 3/2 inch.

"Polycarbonate has been used

as a ballistic shield in many applications. When you shoot at it, there is not a lot of movement in the surface of the material," explains Snyder, "so you can pretty much bolt it any way you like. But to protect for blasts or larger projectiles, you need more flexibility in the frame, or it will pop right out. I designed a method of assembling standard pieces to resist various kinds of impact loads."

For machinery enclosures, safety is enhanced when the operator can see that no one is inside the enclosure at start-up, or if something is behaving abnormally. The structure has a footprint of a mere 4 inches, and the Pantex enclosure was put up and wired by four people in four days at one tenth the cost of a similar concrete enclosure. Furthermore, the enclosure can be easily taken down to remove the machinery for repair, or to reconfigure or move the testing laboratory.

The security industry is the most immediately obvious user. Everything from crowd control to "pope mobile"-type protection is possible. An enclosure can be installed with bolts to existing walls or floors, or erected as a freestanding structure, and is especially suitable in circumstances where visibility is desirable. Because the system is modular and demountable, it has advantages for temporary installations for large events, such as political rallies or concerts. An enclosure or a fence can be erected at the same time and in the same amount of time as bandstands, lighting, and power systems are put up. And, using the centrifuge enclosure as an example, an assembly can withstand the impact of a 40-pound steel projectile traveling at 60 mph.

Sandia is licensing the system to Snyder for commercial develop-



The centrifuge at the Department of Energy's Plantex Plant is protected by an enclosure made of the Unistrut structural metal framing system. The enclosure uses standard 4-by-8-foot polycarbonate bolted into U-channels.

Security glazing (polycarbonate sheets)	
Horizontal Unistrut member	•
Vertical Unistrut member	
Security desting (polycorresponde choote)	
Security grazing (polycarbonate sneets)	FIG
	CCC 2ne
Assembly hardware	
CORNER DETAIL	

ment, and he has explored variations on security applications, the potential for customizing the framing system to suit specific circumstances, first-time construction, and postconstruction retrofit. Severe weather, specifically hurricanes, exhibit properties similar to those Snyder's TotalShield (as the commercial version is called) is designed to withstand. Horizontal bracing spanning the Unistrut frame helps keep the glazing in place. For buildings with fixed glazing in hurricane zones, polycarbonate in the flexible framing system can be installed as the permanent window system. The window frame can be designed to

Tech Briefs

(continued from previous page) accept bracing bars, which can be installed temporarily when hurricanes threaten and removed again once they pass.

Similarly, houses with operable windows can be retrofitted with frames mounted on the exterior of the building. Polycarbonate sheets can be installed in them temporarily, as needed, during hurricane season. "Then you can watch objects coming at your window instead of sitting in a dark box," quips Snyder. The alternatives now available for window protection range from plywood covers to solid steel shutters, both of which leave the occupants with no natural light and with no way to personally monitor what is going on outside.

Other uses might be to protect outdoor equipment, backup generators, or aboveground tanks from weather or vandalism. "The assembly is made on the non-'threat' side,



Researchers at Rutgers University building a bridge that will be strong enough to support a 25-ton truck out of plastic I beams and tongue-andgroove plastic decking developed at the Center for Advanced Materials.



Security glazing (polycarbonate sheets)			
Gasketing			/
Assembly hardware		Commo Commo	⊐,/
Horizontal brace			$ \square / $
Vertical Unistrut member —	<u></u>		4
Unistrut base (horizontal member)			

so it can be locked up and no one can disassemble it from the outside," explains Snyder. The possible uses seem numerous.

Perhaps with all the potential of polycarbonate to accept color

and to be shaped, it will prompt owners and designers to think of utilitarian structures and necessa protection as worthy of some clos design attention without the bunk mentality. *Barbara Knecht*

Modern-day Merlins turn recycled plastic into sturdy structural members

The next plastic milk bottle you drive over may be supporting the road, not blowing around on top of it. Just before Thanksgiving 2002, a research team, based at Rutgers University in New Jersey, reconstructed a vehicular bridge at Wharton State Park in the New Jersey Pine Barrens out of girders, stringers, and decking made from recycled plastics. Using the existing pilings in the Mullica River, the new bridge is 15 feet wide and 56 feet long, costs \$75,000, and was erected in about 10 days by a fourperson team from the Rutgers' Center for Advanced Materials through Immiscible Polymer

Processing (AMIPP). Designed to support a 25-ton truck, the bridg is made from 17-inch-deep pile caps, 12-inch stringers, I-beam cross sections, and tongue-andgroove plastic decking, which makes a continuous surface with the top flange of the pile caps. Al the material is a uniform gray-bla color, which is easily created fron recycling mixed color plastic.

Thomas J. Nosker joined the two-year-old Rutgers University Center for Plastics Recycling Research in 1987 with degrees in mechanical engineering, material: science, and polymer physics. The center's purpose was to develop a method for recycling and reusing plastic soda bottles.

To collect materials for the project, the university sponsored a curbside collection program. "Peoj were very responsive in giving us the bottles we asked for, but they also gave us a lot of things we did ask for, namely plastic milk and detergent bottles. We made a larg pile of those bottles, and it becam my job to figure out what to do wit them," says Nosker.

The first thing Nosker did was figure out how to recycle this High Density Polyethelene (HDP) into a reusable material. Then he tested its properties and found that its
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(continued from previous page) strength was quite good, and it was accepted by the ASTM (formerly, American Society for Testing and Materials) for low-stress applications, such as park benches and picnic tables. "Unfortunately, like plastic milk bottles that are easily crushed but very difficult to rip, it lacked stiffness," says Nosker.

His research team set out to increase the stiffness of the material by combining it with another plastic. Not so easily accomplished, since most polymers are immiscible with one another; that is, they don't combine molecularly. "Imagine what happens when water hits a newly waxed car: It beads up, because the two are immiscible. Immiscibility is a chemically based characteristic of most polymers," explains Nosker. "We decided that we would figure out how to use that characteristic to our advantage." By combining recycled polyethelene mechanically with recycled polystyrene, a polymer (plastic knives, forks, and coat hangers) that is stiff but easy to break, the resulting material was strong like polyethelene and stiff like polystyrene. It is also cheaper than molecular combination.

To force two immiscible materials to combine molecularly requires the use of a material, often another polymer, called a compatibilizer. To collect and grind up polyethelene and polystyrene costs about 20 cents per pound; a compatibilizer can add another two dollars per pound.

Commercial production of railroad ties using the material created at Rutgers began in the late 1990s. Nosker and the research team continued to develop the material and experiment with cross sections. Working with the McLaren Engineering Group in West Nyack, New York,

they have built bridges using beams, trusses, and now, I beams. "In the next 20 years, the

biggest changes in our industry will be in the area of materials," observes structural engineer Mal McLaren. "I am working with materials people to understand what they can do, and so they can understand what we need. I think we can make a hollow tube section that could be just as strong, with fewer buckling problems. It has been a two-way learning process."

According to Nosker, using the I-beam cross section moved structural plastic into cost competition with rectangular wood members. Up to this point, it has been more expensive to build in plastic than to build in wood. Durability and a dwindling timber supply have counterbalanced the higher cost in railroad-tie replacement. "With a plastic I-beam section, replacing the Mullica River Bridge required 30,000 pounds of plastic compared to the original 50,000 to 60,000 pounds of wood," says Nosker. "And the \$75,000 cost of the new bridge

is the same as the cost for the original bridge decades ago." (Of course, the original cost included the pilings on which the new bric was built).

Nosker is working on a firepr coating that will make the structu members fire-resistant, but McLai points out that the biggest enemy of structural plastic is simply heat. "At 600 degrees, you have spaghe instead of an I beam," he says. The best uses of recycled plastic struc tural members right now, accordin to Nosker and McClaren, include any treated-wood application. "Besides bridges and railroad ties, you can use it for telephone poles play equipment, and docks. Treate

wood is leaching poisonous chemi cals into the environment; structur plastic won't. And these materials burn as cleanly as anything can," says Nosker. "It is especially suital for marine applications," adds McLaren. "It is just as strong as steel-pipe piles, and the marine borers that are destroying timber piles have no appetite for it." B.K.

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DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY

igital Architect

Tablet PCs: Good investment or just hip hardware?

eborah Snoonian, P.E., and Sam Lubell

sleek, and stylish, the tablet the supermodel of the coms world. These portable, reight machines are built with d screens that let users draw ly onto them with a penlike e, rather than using a mouse eyboard to enter information ugh most offer attachable or n keyboards for those who ' to work traditionally from time ie). Software available or under opment for the tablet PC les everything from typical pro-/ity applications like Microsoft > to design tools. Tablet PC rs and developers are even ting the AEC market specifibecause they know architects

✓ For more information on ology for architects, including vs, vendor lists, and links, Digital Architect at itecturalrecord.com. are comfortable working with pen in hand. Should firms take the plunge and invest in these techno-tools? And what can they expect to gain by using tablet PCs rather than traditional computers?

Ease of use, new ways to work

Among architects, early adopters of tablet PCs include Skidmore, Owings & Merrill (SOM), whose associates and partners were pilot users of HP's tablet PC, with Autodesk's Architectural Studio (a design tool well suited to penbased computing that allows users to sketch 3D architectural elements and interact with architectural design information) while the tablet was still in development. Henry King, SOM's chief information officer, says the firm initially purchased just a few machines for select senior staff to test-drive. Now SOM owns 21

tablet PCs and counting. They are used by people of several ranks, from partners to associate partners to project architects, for dashing off handwritten e-mails, making presentations, sketching preliminary designs using design software like Architectural Studio, viewing Cad files on-site, and running traditional office applications.

"Once we got used to not having the keyboard, we really preferred working that way," says King. "And we find them lighter and more durable than traditional laptops, so they're very well suited for traveling." Architects, notes King, use tablet PCs on-site when they want to take compressed Cad files with them, giving them the ability to perform mark-ups straight onto the tablets. Associate partner Jeff Holmes is excited by this new process, especially because of its ability to communicate information. dations for the project; it gets them more excited," he says. "It's not that you couldn't have done it before, but it's more convenient. It's hard to work on a laptop standing in a puddle." Holmes also finds the tablet to be an excellent new tool for sketching 2D and 3D architectural elements on Architectural Studio. "The format's just the right thing. A pad of paper. It feels good." He adds: "I never use the mouse as a sketching tool. I just can't do it. It's either a real pen or the tablet pen." The tablet aids with his organization, allowing him to keep drawings formerly "littered around his office" digitally arranged and send them directly via e-mail. It even helps him in transit. "Now I can even get work (sketches, mail, etc.) done while I'm standing on the train commuting to my office in the morning," he says, albeit a bit ruefully.

electrovava

"You can show guys pouring foun-

Write Where

laptop or as a tablet PC, Acer's TravelMate s multiple methods of input. Compaq and HP teamed up to develop the Compaq Tablet PC TC 1000.

The Electrovaya Scribbler runs for 8 to 16 hours without interference.



Digital Architect

SOM is ahead of the curve. Due largely to the newness of tablet PCs and the uncertain economic climate, firms have not embraced the concept en masse, nor have they rushed out to buy the machines in even modest numbers.

Software developers are working hard to change that, however, particularly for field applications where the tablet PC's lightness, presentation quality, and portability marketing officer for Bentley. "From architect to engineer to contractor. There's no drop off from digital to paper. You don't lose that efficiency." Because the ability to make natural drawings is better than with a mouse, pen-based design software such as Alias Wavefront's Maya 3D modeling (used by entertainment companies like Disney, Electronic Arts, and Industrial Light & Magic) and Alias Sketchbook Pro

MOST TABLET PCS ARE LIGHTER AND SMALLER IN SIZE THAN TRADITIONAL LAPTOP COMPUTERS.

makes it a natural tool. Currently the major software developers for AEC include Autodesk, Bentley, Nemetschek, and Graphisoft. None have programs specifically dedicated to the tablet PC, but most of their programs still work on Tablet PCs, and less memory intensive programs like Architectural Studio, Bentley View, and Bentley Redline give designers effective ways to draft three-dimensional objects. Most agree that the device has the ability to change the industry. "The whole platform of communications is better," said Tony Flynn, chief

(designed specifically for the tablet PC) could pave the way for penbased three-dimensional architectural rendering software.

A company currently creating field-based applications is Kelar, based in Jackson Hole, Wyoming, which has developed front-end software, called Onsite, for airport facility managers that works with Autodesk's GIS applications. The software lets people in airfield and terminal operations view colorcoded maps, floor plans, and exteriors of an airport to enable the development of emergency proce-

Schools find the pen mightier than the mouse

As usual, schools are leading the way, evidenced by the "Tablet PC Rapid Adoption program" at the University of Texas at Austin.

Nineteen Compaq PC 1000 model Tablet PCs were given out and incorporated into architecture courses at the university during the fall 2002 semester. The Tablet PC tested was the Compaq Tablet PC TC 1000, a "clamshell" model. Software used included Autodesk's Architectural Studio.

Architecture courses involved in the Tablet PC RAP included Introduction to Geographic Information Systems Physical Planning Studio, Urban Environmental Analysis, and Advanced Design, Europe

School of Architecture faculty said they were interested in experimenting with Tablet PCs because they felt more natural tools like a pen and slate could foster more creativity. The tablet also allows for a more informal approach than that of a mouse and keyboard. As one designer put it, using a mouse to design is like "drawing with a bar of soap."

Because the tablets were easily transportable, and wirelessl connected via a LAN network, students were able to take their information into the field and perform mark-ups on-site. The tablet PC pen, students said, allowed a more intuitive interaction with design programs such as Photoshop and AutoDesk Architectural Studio.

One student commented that the "pen is almost perfect." Another student, who has carpal tunnel syndrome, was astonished that she could "write for hours without pain." Many were excited because the tablet's format enhanced collaboration in an informal setting.

Outside of designing, students found the tablet PCs especially helpful for note taking. Microsoft's Windows Journal allows students to write in freehand on their tablets, as if writing on a spiral notebook. They can search the text for certain topics, highlight or convert to typed text, provided they have decent handwriting (which many do not). Sam Lubell



Toshiba's Portégé 3500 boasts a 12-inch screen.

PaceBlade's Tablet PC has a Tripod Hole that allows the tablet to be mounted anywhere.





Motion Computing's tablet features "grab and go" docking for quick use with a keyboard.





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dures and evacuation scenarios. "These maps give people a clear 'situational awareness' when they're walking around the terminal, so that they can see where trouble spots are—where crowds might get too thick or equipment might hamper an evacuation procedure," says Ed Maghboul, vice president of Kelar. He continued, "We gave the opera-

Sorting out the difference

Although tablet PCs have been introduced steadily for consum use since fall 2002, those with memories will recall that this is the first attempt at promoting I board-free, pen-based devices. decade ago, in 1992, Microsofi hedged into this arena with an fated effort called Windows for

IT REMAINS TO BE SEEN IF TABLET PCS WILL MAKE THEIR MARK IN ARCHITECTS' OFFICES.

tions managers both handheld organizers and tablet PCs to do this work as they walked around the airport. The tablet PCs were much more popular because of their larger screen size and crisp presentation. People found them much easier to use." It's not difficult to imagine the various ways tablet PCs could streamline work for designers involved in construction administration by, for instance, allowing for faster data capture of changes and field or as-built conditions. Computing, an operating syster and interface designed specific for handwriting recognition on tablet devices. Industry experts the demise of this effort was largely due to a clunky operatin system, and units that had poo battery life, fuzzy screens, and p character recognition. Today's machines are technically super and designed to work with Windows XP Tablet PC Edition, a enhanced version of Windows X Because users are much more

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familiar and comfortable with the Windows environment compared to a decade ago, learning the subtle differences in how to use the applications is not as difficult.

Tablet PC makers include Acer, HP/Compag, Toshiba, Fujitsu, and Siemens. Compag's use of SOM in its tablet pilot program, and its donation of 19 tablets to the University of Texas at Austin, demonstrates the company's interest in architectural usage, but no company has yet clearly positioned itself as a leader in the field. There are two different designs: the "slab," a stand-alone monitor that can connect to a keyboard and desktop mount, and the "clamshell," which has an attached keyboard but can be detached if required. For those who tool around on Macs, Apple has not released its own version of the tablet PC, and the company said it would not disclose what it

DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY

had planned in the future.

Questions and answers

With the market already cluttered with portable computing products, from PDAs to laptops to cell phone/ PDAs, it still remains to be seen if tablet PCs will make their mark in architects' offices. "It could just be a fad," said Al Moulton, president of Graphisoft U.S. "They haven't quite hit. I've seen these things come and go."

First, the problems have to be sorted out. "Eventually it could change the way we do business," said Brad Holtz, director of Cyon Research. But first, he says, several issues have to be fixed. Possible improvements include lower prices (tablet PCs are still almost 10 percent more expensive than laptops), lighter weight (most are two to four pounds), and increased ruggedness. "In order for this to really



WalkAbout's Hammerhead is designed for maximum strength.

work, I need to be able to plop it down on a couple of two by fours with a lot of sawdust around," he says. Bentley's Flynn adds that the machines need to have longer battery life (most have only two to four hours) and improved brightness for outdoor use.

For now, the tablets' biggest strengths revolve around office connectivity, on-site reviews, systems management, and sketching. Good portability gives them a leg up on laptops, while an excellent sketching surface gi them an advantage over PDAs. (Moulton notes, "Palm pilots a meant for people wit stubby little fingers. Pen tablets are made an artist. It gives them smooth flow to their ideas.") But tablets' limi computing power, small screen size, and less act rate control keeps them, fo now, from being used to make important architectu

renderings. SOM says it is not ready to venture beyond Architectural Studio because of limited processing power and memory of the machines, which pale in comparison to most desitop computers.

"For now, drafting is still goir to take place using a mouse and a keyboard," says Holmes. Architectural software specifically designed for tablet PCs remains € sive. "If the demand is there, ther we'll do it," says Moulton. ■

Structural Curbs for proper support

When a structural curb is installed and fastened to the top of bar joists, as shown, additional structure is not required to support roof-mounted equipment. Curbs can be mounted un to four feet on either side beyond bar joists or supporting members. For installation of smaller curbs between bar joists, two reinforcing angles would be required. Structura curbs may also be attached to the top of the steel deck Holes for supply and return are cut into the deck as required. Structural curbs from RPI are the sure solution to leak-free cost-effective roof penetrations.

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Integrated Solutions: Realize the Full Potential of Architectural Precast Loadbearing Wall Panels.

ntegration between architectural and structural precast concrete offers esthetically pleasing and structurally efficient marriage.

uilding practice, the most economical application of architectural precast : is as loadbearing structural elements. Loadbearing units become an inte-

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ral Director, PCI, Chicago, IL

Gate Precast Company,

Use the learning objectives below to focus your study as you read Integrated Solutions: **Realize the Full Potential of Architectural** Loadbearing Wall Panels. To earn one 3 Learning Unit, including one hour of health safety redit, answer the questions on page 305, then follow orting instructions on page 384 or go to the Con-Education section on archrecord.construction.com ow the reporting instructions.

ING OBJECTIVES

iding this article, you should be able to: erstand how architectural precast concrete wall units act as loadbearing elements in a structure n how connections for loadbearing wall panels affect tructural support system tify benefits of using loadbearing architectural

ast units

gral part of the structure, taking the vertical and horizontal floor and roof loads. and/or transferring horizontal loads into shear walls or service cores. Such an arrangement can be economical, not only from a structural design standpoint, but also from the viewpoint of overall construction. Architectural

precast concrete

cladding is noted for its diversity of expression, as well as its desirable thermal, acoustic and fire-resistant properties. Commonly overlooked is the fact that concrete elements normally used for cladding applications, such as solid wall panels, window wall or spandrel panels, have considerable inherent structural capability.

In the case of low- or mid-rise structures, the amount of reinforcement required to handle and erect a precast component is often more than necessary for carrying imposed loads. Thus, with relatively few modifications, many cladding panels can function as loadbearing members. For taller buildings, additional reinforcement may be necessary for the lower level panels.

The slight increases in loadbearing wall panel cost (due to reinforcement and connection requirements) can usually be more than offset by the elimination of a separate perimeter structural frame. Depending upon the application, the loadbearing panels also may reduce or eliminate a structural core or interior shear walls, particularly in buildings with a large ratio of wall-to-floor area. The increase in interior floor space gained by eliminating columns can be substantial and, depending on the floor plan, partition layout flexibility can be enhanced.

To take maximum advantage of loadbearing units, decisions as to their functions should be made before structural design has progressed to a stage where revisions become costly.

Discussed herein are the various shapes and sizes of wall panels, major design considerations, and when loadbearing or shear wall units should be the first design choice. The role of connections and shear walls is explained. In general, the design methods and techniques presented in this article apply to buildings in both seismic and non-seismic areas.

AIA/ARCHITECTURAL RECORD Integrated Solutions: Realize the Full Potential of Architectural Precast Loadbearing Wall Pr **CONTINUING EDUCATION** Series

a column-wall system or insulated panel Horizontal window or mullion panel







Shapes and Sizes

Horizontal spandrel as part of

Architectural load carrying components can be provided in a variety of custom designed or standard section shapes. A wall system can be comprised of flat or curved panels, window or mullion panels, ribbed panels or a double-tee. Each type of panel will readily accommodate openings for doors and windows.

Flat, hollow-core

In the interest of both economy and function, precast panels should be as large as practical, while considering production efficiency, transportation and erection limitations. By making panels as large as possible, numerous economies are realized-the number of panels needed is reduced; fewer joints (waterproofing requirements), lower erection cost, and fewer connections are required.

For low-rise buildings, by spanning loadbearing panels vertically through several stories, complex connection details can be minimized, and consequently, the economic advantages of loadbearing wall panels are increased.

For high-rise buildings, it is normally more practical to work with singlestory horizontal panels connected at each floor level. The elements can be more slender, simplifying the erection.

Multistory panels usually do not exceed 45 ft. in height — the maximum transportable length in many states. Panels should be designed in specific widths to suit the building's modular planning and module of floor members.

Curves are easily handled by precast concrete. On curved panels, a continuous supporting ledge cast on the inside face is preferred to provide bearing for floor/roof members and to stiffen the panels to minimize warpage.

Design Considerations

The design and structural behavior of exterior architectural precast concrete bearing walls depends on the panel shape and configuration. The designer should consider the following:

- Gravity loads and the transfer of these loads to the foundation-Vertical (gravity) loads are parallel to the plane of the wall, at an eccentricity influenced by the geometry of the wall, location of load, manufacturing and erection tolerances.
- Magnitude and distribution of lateral loads and the means for resisting these loads using shear walls and floor diaphragms. Loads in the horizontal direction may be both parallel to and perpendicular to the plane of the wall.
- Location of joints to control volume change deformations due to concrete • creep, shrinkage and temperature movements; influence upon design for gravity and lateral loads, and effect upon non-structural components. Particular caution must be exercised at load path transitions, such as at the corners of a building where loadbearing and non-loadbearing panels meet or at re-entrant corners.
- Connection concepts and types required to resist the various applied loads.
- Tolerances required for the structure being designed with regard to production and erection for both precast concrete units and connections, including tolerances for interfacing different materials.
- Specific requirements during the construction stage which may control designs, such as site accessibility.

Loadbearing or shear walls should be the primary design consideration if one or more of the following conditions ex

- 1. There is inherent structural capability of the units due to either thei configuration or to sufficient panel thickness. The sculptural configur of units often enables them to carry vertical loads with only a slight increase in reinforcement. For example, the precast concrete units m have ribs or projections that enable them to function as column eler for the structure. Ribs may be part of the architectural expression, or where flat exposed surfaces are required, ribs may be added to the back of panels for additional stiffness. Projections do not have to be continuous or straight, as long as no weak point is created within th units. Generally, there is little cost premium for sculptured panels w there is adequate repetition.
- 2. A uniform structural layout of the building facilitates distribution of late forces from wind or earthquake loads. Plus, this uniformity lends itself t repetitive, economic castings. Cast-in-place topping on precast concrete units enable the floors to act as diaphragms, distributing lateral forces, reducing both individual wall unit loads and connections.
- 3. The building has a central core or bay designed to absorb lateral forces a transfer them to the foundation. When the core creates a torsional irregu it should be supplemented by designing the perimeter panels as part of the lateral force resisting system. Because the core or bay provides the structural rigidity, panel-to-floor connections can remain relatively sim The main advantages of precast cores versus cast-in-place cores are surfa finish quality, faster construction, and greater flexibility of the precast concrete erection sequencing.

The three conditions do not preclude other situations where loadbearing pa or shear walls may be used.

See examples of building layouts in which loadbearing panels can be used advantageously in additional online reading.

Shear Walls

In many structures, it is economical to take advantage of the inherent strens and in-plane rigidity of exterior wall panels by designing them to serve as th part of the lateral load resisting system. Walls taking horizontal loads from 1 effects of wind or earthquakes are referred to as shear walls. Shear walls are as the most common and economical lateral force resisting system and have utilized widely in buildings up to 30 stories.

A shear wall system's effectiveness is dependent largely upon panel-to-pa connection design. A significant advantage of jointed construction is in the inherent ease of defining load paths through connections. As such, it is relat easy to separate a precast concrete lateral force resisting system's performand from that of the vertical loadbearing frame.

Shear walls are vertical members, which transfer lateral forces, in or para to the plane of the wall, from superstructure to foundation. Thus, shear wal act as vertical cantilever beams. Shear walls are placed at appropriate locatio within and around the building perimeter according to the architectural and functional design requirements.

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AIA/ARCHITECTURAL RECORD **CONTINUING EDUCATION** Series

Typically, a structure orporates numerous ls, which can be used esist lateral forces in h principal axes of building. The por-1 of the total lateral e which each wall sts depends upon walls bending and ar resistance capacity, participation of the or, and the character-:s of the foundation. The importance earthquake loads ies according to a ject's geographic ation. Many areas he United States uire structural lysis for potential thquake forces varying degrees ntensity. Concrete iels have the inherstrength to perm as shear walls h little or no addinal reinforcement.



Exterior shear wall system (or perimeter frame)



s important, however, that the connections be designed to transfer ral forces, and also accommodate thermal movements and differential lections (or camber).

Shear walls are economical because walls already required by the building out [such as exterior or interior walls or walls of the elevator, stairway, chanical shafts or cores] can become structural shear walls. Whenever posle, it is desirable to design shear walls as loadbearing panels. The increased Id load acting on the panel is an inherent advantage because it increases panel's resistance to uplift and overturning forces created by lateral forces. The effect of cumulative loads on connections between panels must be ısidered, since these loads become a significant factor in determining minim panel dimensions. Shear walls in precast concrete buildings can be indiual wall panels or wall panels which are connected together to function a single unit. Connected panels greatly increase shear resistance capacity. Connecting long lengths of wall panels together, however, can result in undesirable build-up of volume change forces. Hence, it is preferable connect only as many units as necessary to resist in-plane shear forces 1 the overturning moment.

In most cases, an exterior shear wall (or perimeter frame) system provides re efficient and flexible floor plans than does an interior shear wall system :ause it eliminates the need for a structural core.

Furthermore, exterior shear walls do not affect the interior traffic flow sight lines. The exterior walls provide the vertical strength and horizontal inections to allow the entire wall to function as a single unit to mobilize ıd load overturning resistance.

In an interior shear wall system, the lateral forces are not transferred directly the foundation. Instead, the wall panels distribute the lateral forces to floor phragms, which, in turn, transfer them to a structural core or to the interior ar walls. Frequently, the shear wall panels are connected vertically and at the ners to form a structural tube that cantilevers from the foundation, creating tronger element than its individual parts.

See information about architectural precast concrete units serving as forms for t-in-place concrete in additional online reading.

rertising supplement provided by Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute

Integrated Solutions: Realize the Full Potential of Architectural Precast Loadbearing Wall Panels.

Connections

Connections for loadbearing wall panels are an essential part of the structural support system. The stability of the structure depends upon them. It is desirable to design loadbearing precast concrete structures with connections, which allow lateral movement and rotation, and to design the structure to achieve lateral stability through the use of floor and roof diaphragms and shear walls.

Connection methods include bolting, welding, post-tensioning, grouting, or a combination of these techniques. The floor system may or may not have a structural topping. Often, loadbearing walls have horizontal and/or vertical joints across which forces must be transferred.

Connections must comply with local codes whose provisions generally vary across North America. Connections may be subject to functional requirements such as recessing for flush floors and/or exposed ceilings.

Horizontal joints in loadbearing wall construction usually occur at floor levels and at the transition to foundation or transfer beams. These joints may connect floors and walls or wall units only. The principal forces to be transferred are vertical and horizontal loads from panels above and from the diaphragm action of floor slabs.

Horizontal joint and connection details of exterior bearing walls are especially critical, because the floor elements usually are connected at this elevation, and since a waterproofing detail must be incorporated. Vertical joints may be designed so that the adjacent wall panels form one structural unit (coupled), or act independently. In addition to the vertical shear force transfer due to lateral loads, vertical joints also may be subject to shear forces induced by differential loads upon adjacent panels.

The stability of the structure during construction must be considered when planning erection procedures. Therefore, temporary guying and/or bracing must be provided until final structural stability is achieved in the completed structure. This bracing design is the responsibility of the precast concrete erector and should be shown on a bracing plan prepared by the erector.

Wall-to-Foundation Connections

Wall-to-foundation connections are used to tie loadbearing walls to the foundation. Any connection joining a wall panel to a foundation wall or a continuous



The architectural precast walls of 198 Inverness Drive West, Englewood, CO are the perimeter structural-gravity support for the floors and roof. Architect: POUW & Associates, Inc.

AIA/ARCHITECTURAL RECORD

footing should provide a means of leveling and aligning the panel. The attachment method also should be capable of accepting the base shear in any direction. In cases where an interior core carries lateral loads, this may be accomplished with a simple welded connection.

Slab-to-Wall Connections

Slab-to-wall connections are made to join precast or cast-in-place concrete floor or roof members to precast concrete walls. Connections joining the slabs and walls may require load transfer or bearing, diaphragm action, and moment resistance.

Blockouts in wall panels can also be used to support floor members. Such pockets in wall panels or spandrels greatly decrease torsion stresses, and also minimize twist and eccentricity during erection.

When the slab functions as a diaphragm, the connections must transmit diaphragm shear and chord forces to a structural core, thus reducing the load on individual exterior wall or spandrel units and their connections. In those instances, simple welded connections can be employed to join panels.

Wall-to-Wall Connections

Wall-to-wall connections are primarily intended to position and secure the walls, although with proper design and construction, they are capable of carrying lateral loads from shear wall or frame action as well. The two locations of wall-to-wall connections are horizontal joints (usually in combination with floor construction) and vertical joints.

The most practical connection is one that allows realistic tolerances and ensures transfer of load between panels.

See examples of wall-to-foundations, slab-to-wall and wall-to-wall connections in additional online reading.

Concluding Remarks

Architectural precast concrete's full potential as loadbearing walls can be realized when the entire design or design/build team architect, engineer of record, mechanical engineer, contractor, and precaster has the opportunity to develop a project jointly starting at the project's preliminary design stage. Finish types, shapes, repetitive use of efficient and economical precast concrete modules, joint locations, access or site restriction, erection procedures and sequencing, all become important considerations for a project's successful completion. Properly implemented, an early and continuing dialogue between the designers and precaster will ensure maximum product quality and appearance at a minimum installed construction cost.



Two enormous portals that can be read from a distant highway mark the Merrill Lynch corporate office entrance in Englewood, CO. Architectural precast structural units with a finish mimicking Colorado red sandstone contrast with buff colored accents. Architect: Thompson, Ventulett, Stainback & Associates.

pci.org Click For More...

As part of this CES learning activity, you are required to read additional material online. The additional reading will include diagrams on connections and application examples for loadbearing concrete wall panels. To access the material online, go to www.pci.org/pdf/journal/loadbearing_panels.pdf. Read pages 103–111 of the PCI Journal article provided.

Loadbearing architectural precast units design benefits

- Speed of Construction: Prefabrication combined with speed of erectioverall construction time. Production of precast concrete components tion can proceed simultaneously. On-site labor cost is minimized, and e in all kinds of weather. Construction is much faster with a fully integr and skin system where loadbearing wall panels provide both structura and architectural finish. Rapid enclosure allows earlier access by finish Faster completion reduces interim financing costs and results in earlie
- Eliminates Trades: Loadbearing wall panels become part of the struct They form the supporting structure for floors and roof at the building This generates interior space free of perimeter columns and interior bproviding maximum floor plan layout flexibility. When a loadbearing v is erected, the architect and owner receive single-source responsibility shell. This reduces the number of subcontractors and minimizes trade
- Economical, Attractive Structure: Precast concrete loadbearing wall u
 structural-aesthetic functional features, provide the opportunity to con
 nomical, attractive building. Such structures contribute significantly tc
 of contemporary architectural philosophy specifically, a system in whi
 actually doing the structural work they appear to be doing.
- Elimination of Steel Results in Savings: Elimination of separate struc exterior walls results in savings far exceeding the minimal additional c reinforcement and connections required for loadbearing units. This sa apparent in buildings with a large ratio of wall-to-floor area.
- High Quality Facade in All Shapes, Colors and Textures: Precast concrein factory-controlled conditions assures the highest quality possible, th uniformly high quality facade in the desired shapes, colors, and textures. is achieved by using an integral architectural finish for both exterior an Integral finishes not only result in a savings of material and labor, but overall thickness of the exterior wall. This permits maximum interior -Precast concrete panels resist weather and corrosion, requiring little or Their aesthetic versatility is virtually unmatched by any other material
- Decreases Trade Overlap: Panels can be designed as receptacles and c for electrical, mechanical, plumbing and HVAC sub-systems, thereby d overlap problems and eliminating the need for a separate wall cavity.
- Reduces Heating and Cooling Costs: Loadbearing window wall panel form deeply recessed window frames to provide a high degree of sun s minimize air-conditioning system costs by reducing thermal load. Alsc mass of concrete and the possibility of incorporating insulation into a panel contribute to reducing heating and cooling costs.
- Design Flexibility: Design flexibility for the precast exterior allows un while interior framing can be simple and standard. This provides an eco for structures with varying loading, fire and space planning requirements. aesthetic flexibility simplifies changes in plane, relief, color, and texture can be custom designed in desired shapes and sizes or may be selected of standard sections depending on the building's intended use and buc are limited only by the designer's imagination.
- Effective in Renovation Projects: Wall panels can be used effectively to 1 bilitate old deteriorated structures. These panels can be used not only in all but also in structural steel framed structures and cast-in-place concrete str



The all-precast structural systems for Starz Encore Headquarters, Englewood, CO includes double tees, inverted tee beams, shear walls and loadbearing precast walls. The system is a common approach to design in the Rocky Mountain region. Architect: Barber Architecture.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Understand how architectural precast concrete wall units can act as loadbearing elements in a structure
- Learn how connections for loadbearing wall panels affect the structural support system
- Identify benefits of using loadbearing architectural precast units

INSTRUCTIONS

Refer to the learning objectives above. Complete the questions below. Go to the self report form on page 238. Follow the reporting instructions, answer the test questions and submit the form. Or use the Continuing Education self report form on *Record's* website *archrecord.construction.com*—to receive one AIA/CES Learning Unit including one hour of health safety welfare credit.

QUESTIONS

- **Q:** 1. Complex connection details can be minimized by:
- **A:** a. Spanning loadbearing panels vertically through several stories b. Using single-story horizontal panels
- **Q:** 2. Due to the maximum transportable length in many states, multistory panels usually do not exceed ____ ft. in height:
- A: a. 25
 - b. 35
 - c. 45
- **Q:** 3. Which of the following is NOT a condition when loadbearing or shear walls should be the primary design consideration?
- **A:** a. There is inherent structural capability of the units due to either their configuration or to sufficient panel thickness.
 - b. A uniform structural layout of the building facilitates distribution of lateral forces from wind or earthquake loads.
 - c. The building has irregular floor plan in region of moderate or high seismic risk.
 - d. The building has a central core or bay designed to absorb lateral forces and transfer them to the foundation.



A bold sculptural form centering on a circular glass-topped atrium defines the Shepard's/ McGraw-Hill World Headquarters in Colorado Springs, CO. The all-precast system offered the lowest cost and fastest construction schedule of several examined approaches. Architect: Barber Architecture.

- **Q:** 4. The main advantages of precast cores versus cast-in-place cores are surface finish quality, greater flexibility of the precast concrete erection sequencing, and:
- A: a. Lower Cost
 - b. Faster Construction
- **Q:** 5. A shear wall system's effectiveness is dependent largely upon panel-topanel connection design.
- A: a. True
- b. False
- **Q:** 6. Which provides more efficient and flexible floor plans:
- A: a. An exterior shear wall
 - B. An interior shear wall
- **Q:** 7. Which connection is used to tie precast or cast-in-place concrete floor or roof members to precast concrete walls.
- A: a. Wall-to-Foundation
 - b. Slab-to-Wall
 - c. Wall-to-Wall
- **Q:** 8. Loadbearing panels size should consider the building bay size, repetition of units and floor member widths.
- A: a. True
- b. False
- Q: 9. Savings due to elimination of separate structural frame is greatest with:
- A: a. Small ratio of wall-to-floor area
 - b. Large ratio of wall-to-floor area
 - c. Low-or mid-rise structures
- **Q:** 10. The loadbearing aspect limits the possible sizes, shapes and finishes of the panels and can not be used with strip and punched windows.
- A: a. True
 - b. False

About PCI

The Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute is a unique organization of producers, suppliers and professionals. PCI is dedicated to fostering greater understanding of the design and use of precast and prestressed concrete. It also encourages and recognizes excellence in the manufacture and use of these materials. Our professional members guide the Institute's efforts in product innovation, new technology adaptation, design methods development, training and quality assurance. Since its inception in 1954, PCI has been a dynamic force in the steady growth, and the current position of this expanding industry.



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Lighting

This month, Lightfair arrives in Manhattan, where recent projects display deft designs inside and out

BRIEFS

The National Lighting Bureau, a not-for-profit lighting-education organization sponsored by professional societies, trade associations, manufacturers, utilities, and federal agencies, has elected James M. Yorgey, technical applications manager at Lutron Electronics, as its chair. For more bureau information, go to www.nlb.org. In Architecture of the **Night: The Illuminated Building** (Munich: Prestel, 2003, 200 pages, \$65), Dietrich Neumann surveys how architects, engineers, and lighting designers have created the nighttime illuminated appearance of major buildings during the past century. Selected biographies of lighting luminaries chart the emergence of the profession.

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ightfair International, the annual trade show and exhibition for architectural lighting professionals, takes place May 3 through 8 at the Jakob K. Javitz Center in New York City. Visitors to the show can view innovations in illumination, from organic light-emitting diodes to silicon-microchip-powered luminaires, by 500 exhibitors. With courses ranging from basic to master's level, sessions and workshops offer more than 105 hours of education and discussion.

As a complement to the New York City show, this month we feature projects around town that demonstrate winning strategies in architectural lighting (plus one project by a Manhattan-based designer farther afield in Spain). At the Atlas, a new apartment tower in Midtown, Focus Lighting collaborated with architect Stephen Alton to create illumination that fosters an artful sense of arrival. Projected images and

layered patterns of light serve as set pieces, while canted ceiling planes and Cubist-like mirrored walls are foils for accent illumination (photo, right).

For the offices of the Fallon advertising agency, the architecture of the 1913 Woolworth Building inspired MAP Architecture + Design and Goldstick Lighting Design to embrace abstract neo-Gothic motifs for lighting and interior details. The spare spaces employ T8 fluorescents, illuminated display cases, and projected colored light for an office landscape in step with the creative teams at work.

Long a landmark overlooking Madison Square Park, the MetLife Tower was enhanced by new exterior illumination by Horton Lees Brogden Lighting Design (HLB). The custom luminaires, in fact, were developed by two manufacturers brought together by Stephen Lees to forge a new type of exterior fixture to suit the site.



Complementing its architectural lighting practice, HLB last winter launched eLumit (www.eLumit.com), the first comprehensive Web search engine designed by lighting designers for lighting specifiers. The free-access site includes links to manufacturers' specifications, photometrics, and application guides. A secure work-space area allows users to track project specs, schedules, and budgets. It's a helpful resource, with many of the players at Lightfair already onboard. *William Weathersby, Jr.*



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Creative Uses Architects working in Japan shape light and space • A fanciful chandelier nlivens a public venue in Spain • REID reflects on office lighting techniques at its new London headquarters

sic Architects designs three light-filled fices for Western companies in Tokyo

aditional Japanese architecture 1 style are a natural match for own design aesthetic," says yo-based architect George Dasic. nimalist, simplicity with order. 1 subtle details articulated in terials and lighting."

Born in Belgrade, in the former soslavia, and educated at the :hitectural Association in London, sic began his career working large office projects in the U.K. sed in Japan since 1991, the hitect first worked with local hitects for Japanese corporate ents. When the country's phomic bubble burst, he ablished his own firm in 94, designing offices primafor Western financial titutions in a time of mergand expansions in Japan.

"Financial institutions, h their trading floors and issive communications and lipment requirements, proe the perfect ground for veloping an architectural guage built around negoting complex layers created organizational hierarchies," sic says. "Often I make the alogy between the urban ric of Tokyo and the trading ors we design, the ultimate ercise in establishing order t of chaos."

At the offices of utsche Bank in central (yo, canted corridor walls stone are juxtaposed with nsparent glass panels to genera feeling of what Dasic calls ispended motion." For lighting, sic collaborated with designer b Venning of Arup in London. In e reception area, a backlit ceiling d gives the feeling of space (ploding upward," Dasic says. A mpany logo and triptych are illuminated by 50-watt, low-voltage spotlights, while color-changing fiber-optics backlight a waterfall. Along corridors, floor-recessed uplights emphasize the texture of the stone walls. Behind frostedglass panels, dimmable fluorescents specified at 3,000K and 4,200K accommodate varied effects. Isamu Noguchi's Akari lamps serve as grace notes. Office walls are grazed by low-voltage downlights, with some areas backlit by fluorescent wall washers. On the two trading floors, custom circular luminaires are set within metal ceiling tiles that



Clockwise from above: Lighting plays a key role in defining the offices of Deutsche Bank, Munich Re, and UBS Warburg in Tokyo.

accommodate mechanical systems. For Munich Re, space is split

between general office use and areas for hosting seminars and clients. Lighting complements an interplay of geometrical forms detailed in concrete, stucco, granite, beech, and aluminum. Sliding doors reminiscent of shoji screens divide



space, while slashes of diffused fluorescent light along the ceiling lead guests and employees through the reception area and corridors. Custom pendants, called "origami lights," feature fluorescent sources encased in folded panels of rice paper sandwiched between glass.

At UBS Warburg, a procession

of glass-box enclosures glows along corridors. Custom pendants of coated glass and stainless steel combine fluorescent and incandescent sources. Their circular shapes echo portholelike windows that pierce doors. Low-voltage fixtures create a "welcome mat" in front of each room. William Weathersby, Jr.

Creative Uses

A school of floating light spheres casts a golden glow on Valencia's underwater world

Santiago Calatrava's City of Arts and Sciences, in Valencia, Spain, is a mammoth "city within a city," home to an opera house, planetarium, and an aquarium that was conceived by architect Felix Candela as a world beneath the sea. Clad in a thin white concrete shell, the Oceanographic Park's two-level main building emerges from a man-made lake in an arc that recalls the majestic pattern of a fish breaking the waves.

Inside, a school of illuminated spheres floats in midair, echoing the organic forms of the marine life on exhibit. Born not of the sea, but from the mind's eye of Israeli designer Ayala Serfaty [RECORD, November 2002, page 292], the evocative light sculpture *Stand By* makes an aesthetic connection between floors while resolving functional issues in the building's program.

Serfaty, whose firm Aqua

Creations is known for lighting designs that evoke an ethereal or underwater feeling, was asked to join the project by Valencia-based interior designer Francisco Vasquez. The lighting designer's challenge was to illuminate the 49-foot-diameter open space, which connects a cafeteria on the ground level and an elegant underground restaurant enveloped by a 360-degree aquarium. Lighting components had to block daylight, then create nighttime ambience on the lower level, as well as minimize noise and obscure views of diners below from the crowds above.

The open space inspired Serfaty to envision a "flock" of luminous floating objects. In her Tel Aviv studio, 49 lighting spheres were handmade by applying delicate layers of crushed silk onto laser-cut metal structures. Each sphere, measuring 61.5 inches in diameter



Serfaty's chandelier combines crushed silk, metal, and compact fluorescer

and 8.5 inches high, is fitted with six 21-watt compact fluorescent bulbs.

The concrete on the ceiling was too thin to bear the weight of the spheres, leaving the perimeter slab as the only means of support. Engineer Dewhurst Macfarlane ar Partners devised a structural solu tion: a stainless-steel system that supports all 49 spheres from a ce tral column and attaches to the sl via three cables. *Leanne B. Fren*



An illuminated elevator tower and external blinds enhance West End House.

An architect's own office addresses lighting and energy concern

When REID Architecture chose to centralize its operations by merging two London offices, the firm decided to make a bold statement about its practice, creating a showcase for innovation and sustainable office design.

For its new headquarters, the project team renovated



West End House, a nondescript, 1950s-style office building situated on a narrow, dark street near Oxford Circus. The architects envisioned a striking arrival point with a new glass-enclosed tower housing a color-shifting illuminated elevator. "We wanted to give a visual lightness to the building and express vertical and horizontal movement with glass and light," says firm director Andrew Leckenby.

In the entrance elevator lobby, blue-gelled fluorescents cast a cool glow at ground level and subsequently change color in lobbies on each floor. The elevator itself is illuminated with colored metal halides. Lighting also highlights the tower's use as a ventilation shaft: red and yellow colored spots accentuate dampers on each floor.

Steel-framed bridges with timber decking and handrails provide access from the elevator lobbies t the offices. Rather than a typical reception area, an open gallery dc bles as exhibition space. Illuminati by a track system with dichroic spotlights, it offers dramatic views of Oxford Street. Open-plan work areas are indirectly illuminated by T5 fluorescents reflected off exposed soffits. General light level are reduced from approximately 3 to 14 foot-candles to accommoda individual task lighting. Breakout meeting spaces are illuminated by exposed T5 fluorescents.

The architects maximized the impact of daylight within the building. New double-glazed aluminum windows with integral vents provid fresh air into offices as required by workers. External motorized blinds controlled by light sensors on the roof with manual overrides on eac floor, limit solar gain. *L.B.F.* Light.

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CIRCLE 146 ON READER SERVICE CARD OR GO TO WWW.LEADNET.COM/PUBS/MHAR.HTML To illuminate the MetLife Tower, Stephen Lees enlisted two manufacturers to create a custom architectural fixture that weds a long-life floodlight with a color-changer insert.

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tted with custom fixtures born of new technologies, etLife Tower in Manhattan sparks its "eternal light"

ohn Calhoun

ince 1909, the 50-story Metropolitan Life Insurance Tower has been an indelible part of the landscape near New York City's Madison Square Park. At one time the world's tallest ling, at 700 feet, the tower at One Madison Avenue surpassed just four years after its unveiling by the lworth Building. Decades later, it suffered the indigof a 1960s modernization, when its gold-leafed la was reclad in anodized aluminum. But the tower's rining lantern—coined the "eternal light"—has coned to shine, and its clock faces on all four sides have ed a neighborhood keep time.

As part of a \$30 million restoration undertaken ne Metropolitan Life Insurance Company and overby Building Conservation Associates, the MetLife er now stands as a new, improved version of its old The cupola has been regilded with 23.75-carat Italian leaf, and the cracked Tuckahoe marble facades have replaced, as have damaged white and turquoise tiles

ne clock faces. Originally designed by Napoleon Le Brun & Sons, and leled on the campanile at St. Mark's Square in Venice, the tower is on National Register of Historic Places.

The building's facelift is most dramatic at nightfall: The oration encompassed relighting the clock and the top floors, including cupola and the eternal light. "The old system just wasn't that good at ing the building," says Stephen W. Lees, senior principal of the lightdesign firm Horton Lees Brogden. To meet the company-sponsored day programming, rain or shine, crews had to climb out in very bed conditions and manually attach acrylic color filters to achieve, the tower's green and red Christmas vestments or red, white, and blue rth of July colors. Given labor and safety issues, and with the side efit of expanding its holiday and event programming, MetLife wanted attomate the system.

"When the project began in 1999, there was really only one extecolor-changing fixture available in the marketplace," says Lees. "It was nverted theatrical projector spotlight that had a lamp life of about 700 rs—not long enough for an architectural installation. So we did some imaging around and ended up marrying [the technologies of] two ipanies."

Sterner Lighting, a veteran in the exterior floodlighting business, aborated with Motion Development Inc. (MDI), which specializes in om scroller and dichroic color-changer installations. "Sterner made a -profile custom fixture with a ballast and housing, and MDI made lor-changer insert," says Lees. The designer established 12 standard

Calhoun is a freelance writer and editor based in New York City. He uently writes about lighting and cinema design.



colors, but by using a subtractive cyan, magenta, and yellow process, the system can "give us any color in the spectrum that we want."

That ability depends on a full-spectrum source, which led Lees to specify ceramic metal-halide lamps, a substantial color-rendering improvement on the tower's existing 1960s-era metal-halide lamps. When the project began, the largest lamp of this type was 150 watts, but with vigorous encouragement by Lees, the manufacturer produced a 400-watt lamp, with a CRI of around 90 and a rated average life of 15,000 hours.

One problem with the building's preexisting lighting had been a spottiness in the washes, which originate from setback roofs and decks on the 31st, 35th, 39th, 45th, and 46th floors. The designer's method of supplying a more even floodlight across the tower faces was to replace the old 1,000-watt units with two to three times as many of the 400-watt lights, spaced closer together. Therefore, Lees says, "if a lamp goes out, it's not really seen; you don't have to change it immediately every time."

Other strategies included changing out the high-pressure sodium fixtures illuminating the cupola, and replacing the lantern's incandescent fixtures with high-output fluorescent sources behind a glowing translucent glass. When the clock chimes each quarter hour, the lantern flashes red. As for the two-story clock itself, says Lees, "We had

Project: MetLife Tower, New York City Architect, restoration consultant: Building Conservation Associates— Raymond Pepi, Stacy Albanese Lighting designer: Horton Lees Brogden Lighting Design—Stephen Lees, IALD, senior principal; Chad Groshart, designer; Mark Harris Electrical engineer: Jaros Baum & Bolles Electrical contractor: Kleinknecht Electric Construction manager: Structure Tone



The computer-controlled custom fixtures fitted with ceramic metal halides can create virtually any combination of colors (above). Set within customdesigned fixtures, the 400-watt lamps have an average life of 15,000 hours (right and below right).

fiber-optic elements made, one for each minute dot with a separate cable, and separate ones for each number, screwed to the inside. The fiber runs to illuminators, which all have color wheels controlled with DMX protocol." The clock arms are lit by compact fluorescents on a trolley system.

All exterior lighting and color changes are run through an automated show controller on the tower's 26th floor. Lees is working on

COLORED LIGHTING ONCE REQUIRED GELS REPLACED BY HAND, BUT NEW AUTOMATED FIXTURES OFFER A RAINBOW OF EFFECTS.

establishing a remote access system from his offices, which overlook the tower from a building half a mile away.

MetLife's regular holiday program ran on the new system throughout 2002, but because each fixture has its own computercontrolled address, there is an untapped capacity to tackle more complicated spectacles. "For Fourth of July, we could program waving flags," Lees says, by example. He encourages MetLife to illuminate its showplace as an important part of the urban fabric. "Illuminated landmarks belong to the people of the city and should reflect the cultural life of its people."

Sources

Custom floodlights: Sterner Lighting/MDI Fiber-optic components: Visual Lighting Technologies Fiber-optic illuminators: Special-T Lighting Fluorescent striplights: A+L Lighting Controls: Horizon Control

For more information on the people and products involved in this project, go to Lighting at architecturalrecord.com.





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A photomontage, which combines the images of a swatch of fabric and a waterscape, creates an evocative

YAVA

backlit grid. Lighting from the lobby spills through the sandblasted glazing as a beacon (opposite).

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With faceted interior planes enhanced by colored lighting effects, this **Atlas** doesn't shrug, it shines

By William Weathersby, Jr.

ong known as the Garment District, the slice of midtown Manhattan in the West Thirties has gone upscale with a new marketing moniker, the Fashion District. Dressing up its concentration of apparel workrooms and wholesalers, with its platoon of clothing racks traversing the sidewalks, the area now counts a Fashion Walk of Fame and the seasonal fashion shows under grand tents in nearby Bryant Park as publicity windfalls.

The 48-story Atlas, a new apartment tower in the heart of the area on West 38th Street, is embracing a complementary voguish

imagery. The developer, the Gotham Organization, commissioned a lobby that engages tenants and guests in a colorful, modern setting. Designed by architect Stephen Alton, who collaborated with Paul Gregory of Focus Lighting, the lobby is a progression of spaces where sculptural interior surfaces incorporate contrasting lighting elements that recall art installa-



tions. "The arrival spaces are meant to abstractly function as a runway for tenants and patrons," Alton says. From the front entrance, the spaces proceed through colorful, theatrical vignettes toward brighter-lit "backstage" areas closer to elevators, mailboxes, and service areas. Fashion isn't a literal theme, yet the Atlas lobby's color, scale, and imagery subtly relate to the neighborhood's milieu.

Using the techniques of "key" and "fill" lighting, the designers enhanced interior architectural details, defining each area with a distinct color. With a cubist mirrored wall, backlit mural, expanses of marble, granite, and limestone, and canted ceilings incised by reveals, "the architectural envelope serves as the frame, while lighting is the art," says Alton.

Aside from their creative flourish, the lighting effects have prag-

Contributing editor William Weathersby, Jr., is a freelance writer based in New York City. He edits the interiors and lighting sections of RECORD.

Project: Atlas, New York City Owner, general contractor: Gotham Organization/Gotham Construction—David Picket, president; Trevor Marshall, executive project manager; Ken Miller, vice president of development Interior architect, designer: Stephen Alton Architect—Stephen Alton, principal; Michael McNeil, project designer; Masako Fukuoka, project interior designer Lighting designer: Focus Lighting— Paul Gregory, principal designer; J.R. Krauza, project designer; Bill Plachy, project manager A faceted-mirror wall in the lobby refracts views and daylight flowing through the sandblasted glazing, as well as downlight from ceiling-recessed MR16 luminaires fitted with louvers (right). At one end of the elevator lobby (below), a fashion photo by Jeanloup Sieff is projected onto the wall by an ellipsoidal reflector. Neon and T8 fluorescents create ambient illumination.





matic underpinnings. Achieving the look of art installations was r affordable and easier to maintain by lighting than by commissionir purchasing works of fine art, Alton and Gregory agree.

The main feature of the lobby is a 12-by-18-foot backlit 1 tomontage designed by Alton and printed on glass panels. A close-up ir of a swatch of fabric frayed at its edges evokes a city grid when overlaid a waterscape photo. The montage is illuminated by T8 fluorescent *s* fitted with 3,000K lamps, dimming ballasts, and color sleeves. "This us the best color to capture the image details, and the control to vary intensity of the wall with the incoming daylight," Gregory says.

The opposite wall is enlivened with a light sculpture. Using 150-watt ceramic metal halide ellipsoidal reflectors recessed in the cei the design team projected the illusion of red light emitting from bel the wall, evoking a work by James Turrell. The ceramic metal halide la meant minimal maintenance and relamping, ensuring the focus of image would not be disturbed. Accent lighting at nearby seating areas at a concierge desk is supplied by ceiling-recessed MR16s.

A granite-lined alcove known as the "water passage" serves transition between the main lobby and the elevator corridor. The wall is a sheet of water cascading down a panel of stainless steel. The w

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As a transition from the lobby to the residential elevators, an alcove features a canopy edged with blue neon (above left). Elevator cabs are equipped with

color-changing LED strips that feature changing messages (above right). Alton designed a custom illuminated table in the lounge (below).



effect is grazed by T8 fluorescent strips fitted with color sleeves moun in a cove above. A rectangular ceiling cove with knife edges is lit with d blue neon, creating the illusion of an endless night sky overhead.

The monochromatic elevator lobby is lined with Carrara mar Flanking each elevator, a vertical section of marble is backlit by 2,80 neon. Additional T8 fluorescent lamps at 3,000K with dimming ball provide ambient light. The endpoint of the corridor showcases a cust 6-foot-high projection of a fashion photograph onto the marble wall

RATHER THAN DECORATIVE SURFACES **OR ARTWORK ON DISPLAY, LIGHTING REINFORCES THE TOWER'S UPSCALE LOO**

Color-changing LED fixtures are unexpected details defining rear of each elevator cab. The LED units display messages and graph while providing most of the illumination. New messages are programn by building staff via a wireless computer network. Additional T8 fluor cents set within a curved ceiling cove heighten ambient lighting.

In the mail room, an elliptical cove pierces the ceiling pla with red-orange neon evoking a sky at sunset. A shelf below the mailbc is backlit by a low-voltage striplight. At the Atlas, even collecting or junk mail becomes a theatrical experience.

Sources Neon: Manhattan Neon Downlights: RSA Lighting Dimming system: ALM Fluorescents: Lamar Lighting **Ballasts:** Lutron **WWW** For more information on **Projections:** ETC; Altman Lighting Low-voltage striplights: Tokistar

Elevator LEDS: LED Effects

the people and products involved this project, go to Lighting at architecturalrecord.com.

ains in Spain are complemented by Illuminated planes the renovated mixed-use **Salamanca Rail Station**

eanne B. French

uropean train travel carries a romantic allure, evoking adventures aboard the Orient Express or bullet trains barreling through the countryside. But many travelers today would rather
 bypass the romance of the rails for the efficiency and comfort of r car travel. The reality of lagging business prompted the Spanish rail ority, RENFE, to team with developer Grupo Riofisa to create a new

ique for train excursions within the country. rating under the name NECSA, the partnership nsforming train stations throughout Spain from points of arrival and departure into entertaint and retail hubs that are becoming destinations eir own right.

Recently, NECSA completed an awarding, \$8.7 million mixed-use expansion that lops the existing train station in the university of Salamanca. The Madrid office of RTKL red with New York City-based lighting consult-E. Kondos Associates to update and expand the lescript 1950s station into "a viable retail and rtainment venue and a 'landmark' addition to ity," according to RTKL principal in charge Jorge iz. "Our philosophy was to keep the design simnd bold, and marry tradition with modernity," ys. "We wanted to blend the formal institutional ession of a train station with the more playful itectural language of leisure."

During the day, the station's simple form cladding of local limestone projects a formal air links the new entrance to the city's historic itecture. At night, when entertainment venues e alive, a new, more modern expression emerges ee shapes, colors, and lighting. An angular metal py hovers over an exterior plaza that functions n outdoor foyer. Three blue, wavelike ribbons ar to float beneath the canopy and pass from the ior through a glass entry wall, drawing visitors le toward shops, restaurants, and a cinema. A ll obelisk rises through a staircase as an iconic ence to one side of the entrance.

Lighting invigorates the architectural surand accentuates the playful elements of the gn. "The entrance is more of a straightforward ral point during the day but is heightened as an

ne B. French is a freelance writer and a documentary naker based in New York City. She is a frequent contor to RECORD's special lighting section. Project: Salamanca Rail Station, Salamanca, Spain Client: NECSA Architect: RTKL, Madrid—Jorge Berioz, principal in charge; Ricardo Cerezo, Emma Chambers, Juan

Carlos Gomez, Mariana Tweedie, Bobby Wong, Ernie Zabarte, project team

Lighting designer: T. Kondos Associates—Theo Kondos, IALD, principal designer





entertainment venue by lighting at night," says principal lighting designer Theo Kondos, who also illuminated the train station at Plaza de Armas in Seville and is working with RTKL on Principe Pio, a station under construction in Madrid.

Kondos's approach was to light the exterior theatrically, selectively illuminating architectural elements. "If you light every surface of a building at night, nothing stands out," he says. "Lighting key elements of the station creates a mystique that draws people toward it and guides their circulation from venue to venue."

Blue neon lighting reinforces the nighttime effect of the floating wave shapes beneath the exterior canopy. "Against a light background in

NEON AND METAL HALIDES FITTED WITH COLOR CHANGERS ENLIVEN RETAIL AND ENTERTAINMENT AREAS AT THE STATION.

daylight, the blue ribbons are already vivid," Kondos explains. "At night, we mounted blue neon above the ribbons to accentuate their color and the feeling that they are sailing through space."

The metal obelisk becomes a totem for the project when washed in multicolored light from within. "There are not many tall buildings in Salamanca," says Kondos, "so the obelisk tower makes a statement that we could emphasize by placing a color changer at its base."

For general illumination, Kondos employed graphic patterns of light to aid circulation as well as to create a comfort zone of safety for patrons. Throughout, he specified 150- and 250-watt metal-halide





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sources, some fitted with blue color filters. "The warm color temperature allows you to see the faces of passersby, but in an inviting glow."

Inside the 322,580-square-foot station, uplights graze graphic elements along a glass wall that glows from indirect illumination. Above retail areas, round skylights are accentuated by blue neon mounted in a circular pattern. Metal-halide fixtures repeat the circular lighting pattern.

In the lower-level food court, Kondos bathed the circular dining area in warm light and repeated the wave-shaped ribbons carried through from the exterior. "We wrapped the food court with a frame of continuous fluorescent uplights and then created a 'chandelier' of ribbons, with pink and blue neon reflecting colored light on the ceiling," he explains. All lighting is connected to an energy-management system, while the types and wattages of lamps were kept to a minimum to simplify maintenance.

Kondos notes that the placement of light can turn even quiet architectural details into a heightened experience for travelers, such as a glass-enclosed tower of exit stairs at the Salamanca station he subtly illuminated with blue-gelled fluorescent fixtures. "Access stair towers are often lit with overpowering white fluorescents," he says. "But this staircase reads as part of the facade, and lighting helps it step into the forefront."

Sources

Interior metal-halide fixtures: Lucent Lighting UK Exterior metal-halide floods: Philips Lighting Color changers: Irideon **WWW** For more information on the people and products involved in this project, go to Lighting at **architecturalrecord.com**.





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The Fallon elevator lobby in the Woolworth Building emphasizes verticality with backlit wood-strip walls. The reception desk frames projected light evoking stained glass (opposite).
Neo-Gothic abstractions cast a glow of creative inspiration at the **Fallon** ad agency in New York City

By Leanne B. French

he recent relocation of the New York City office of the global advertising agency Fallon was an auspicious move. Not only had the agency doubled in size and outgrown its previous space, but through collaboration with MAP Architecture + Design it tailored an ample 28,000-square-foot home base within Cass Gilbert's landmark Woolworth Building on lower Broadway. The architectural firm and the client envisioned a progressive office design that would reflect Fallon's creative identity while making a subtle contextual connection to Gilbert's 1913 "cathedral of commerce."

"Rather than try to design something with a literal relationship to the building, we decided to take some of the principles of its neo-Gothic



architecture and reinterpret them in an abstract, Modern way," explains MAP principal architect Morris Adjmi. "Principles that we felt were vital were verticality and light."

MAP's abstractions are introduced in a spacious elevator lobby framed with illuminated panels. Vertical whitewashed maple struts set against expanses of acrylic

are backlit by T8 fluorescent striplights mounted at the sides of the panels. Low, museumlike leather-upholstered benches set atop vibrant red carpeting bask in the glow. The combination of materials and backlighting creates a diffused effect in the 17-by-23-foot lobby that is carried through as a motif throughout the office. "The interior is really about the interplay of light and materials and the concealment of lighting within the architectural forms," says lighting designer Karen Goldstick.

From the elevator lobby, visitors enter a reception area defined by a wall painted with squares of colored light, a contemporary interpretation of Gilbert's original stained-glass work in the building's lobby. To achieve the desired geometry and color pattern with lighting, the architects and lighting designer worked with foam-core mock-ups in the MAP offices. Their experimentation led to the use of spotlights and a theatrical rotating color wheel to project green, yellow, blue, and red boxes that

Project: Fallon, New York City Architect: MAP Architecture + Design—Morris Adjmi, Lisa Mahar, Wesley Wolfe, principal architects Lighting designer: Goldstick Lighting Design—Karen Goldstick, principal lighting designer Engineer: Goldman Copeland General contractor: Lewis & Kennedy





Custom illuminated display cases double as light boxes for viewing transparencies (above). A room for conducting focus groups features ringshaped pendants that provide fluorescent uplighting (below).



appear, disappear, and dissolve into one another in a captivating dis of color and illumination. A fabric scrim behind the white reception c acts as a canvas to capture the colored lighting.

Painting with light at the entry is an artful prelude to the h ways that run perpendicular to the elevator lobby and reception a The corridors were designed as gallery space for the agency's crea teams. "We wanted to provide a place where the creative employees cc

CUSTOM LIGHT BOXES ARE SET WITHIN A SHIMMERING WHITE ENVELOPE TO SHOWCASE THE CREATIVE TEAM'S WORK

present their work in a space that would become a locus for their in ration," says Adjmi.

To showcase the agency's projects and inspirations, the ar tects designed two 15-foot-long illuminated rosewood-and-glass disj cases that hold inspiring objects or advertising samples, or function oversize light boxes to view transparencies. Custom millwork was illu nated internally to highlight the display cases. Square downlights wash stark white walls with light. Natural materials, such as the rosewood u for display tables and maple in the elevator lobby, bring warmth to gallery-style ambience.

In the workspaces, the multicolored lighting motif is repea

esign with light



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Along corridors facing open workstations, fabric panels with zippered seams are backlit by T5 fluorescents fitted with color gels (left). Double-sided, illuminated display panels punctuate the path through the office. Showcasing the work of the ad agency, these "billboards" change frequently (below left).

along fabric-covered walls, a way of relating to the stained-glass ima in the reception area and figuratively alluding to the idea of advertisir eye-catching projected images. Covered in stretched nylon scrims tha joined by zippers, the walls are backlit by T5 striplights sleeved with c gels. "We worked on many mock-ups in a prop warehouse to detern where the striplighting should go, and we ended up with a light fix mounted at the bottom of the wall so that it washes upward," Goldstick. A 4-inch-deep cavity was created behind the nylon to he the fixtures.

For the main workspaces, the architects turned what had be maze of enclosed offices into an open office plan that accommodates employees in two rows of 50 workstations each. At the agency's requ there are only six private offices and a nonhierarchical organizatio space to encourage a collaborative working environment. To maxir

THE STAINED-GLASS MOTIF CONTINUES DOWN CORRIDORS, WHERE ILLUMINATED PANELS FRAME A SERPENTINE PATH.

the use of the space, the architects mapped out a variety of teaming an from conference rooms to "telephone booths," which were conceive "little confessionals" for private work, Adjmi says.

Workspace lighting is subtly integrated into the open plan ar purposefully understated. "Light was such an important motif throu out the space, and it was so present in the entry, the gallery, and common hallways," says Adjmi. "In the work area, we thought tl should be the presence of light without prominent light fixtures."

Goldstick struck an effective balance, lighting the main we spaces with pendant-mounted T5 uplights for general illumination suitable light levels for heavy computer use. Lighting in corridors rev back to the use of thematic colors. Gelled fluorescent fixtures w corridor walls in green, yellow, blue, and red. A long corridor connec all public spaces is another showcase for Fallon's work. Six illumina display panels are staggered perpendicularly along the corridor w prompting visitors to navigate through a portfolio of agency proj that changes weekly. Throughout the new office, artful lighting is a J suasive method of conveying Fallon's message and a constant metap for the agency's creative vision. ■

Sources

Recessed fluorescents: Lightolier; Linear Lighting Fluorescent pendants, uplights: Peerless; SPI Striplights: Legion Wall washers: Elliptipar; Insight Track-mounted halogens: Lightolier Reception light panels: NY Disp Pinspot and color wheels: SLD

For more information on the people and products involved this project, go to Lighting at architecturalrecord.com.

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hen T5 linear fluorescent lamps made their way from European to U.S. shores in 1998, many thought that they would soon displace the T8 as the industry's most popular fluorescent lamp. T5's small diameter and high light out make it very attractive, but T8 is still king. T5 components cone to cost as much as three times those of the T8, and T5 fixtures ballasts are generally more expensive. The availability of T5 acement parts is limited to major metropolitan areas, while T8 ps and ballasts are now found in most retail hardware stores. And rovements in T8 lamp technology have helped it to keep its petitive edge.

; fluorescent primer

amps are % inch in diameter, % inch smaller than T8s. T12 lamps are aches in diameter. That means the T5's light output is concentrated a smaller surface area, making it quite a bit brighter than the larger ps, and easier to focus, as well. T5 fixtures can be made to be quite ll, and some of the best optical systems ever offered for fluorescent been designed for them [see "Inside the New Compact, Indirect inaires," RECORD, May 2002, page 331]. In addition, even brighter, t-output (HO) lamps are available as part of the T5 family, which ns that in some situations designers can design with fewer tres—there are no HO T8s. T5 lamps boast 95 percent lumen retenover average lamp life. They put out more light at higher peratures than T8s, an advantage when they are used in enclosed tres, where the T8s' intolerance to heat can make their light output p somewhat.

T5s are available in lengths of 22, 34, 46, and 58 inches, with esponding wattages of 14, 21, 28, and 35; for HO, the power figures up dramatically, to 24, 39, 54, and 80 watts. When combined with tronic ballasts, efficacies close to 100 lumens per watt are common. HO lamps are so bright that fluorescent high-bay fixtures have un hitting the market as alternatives to high-intensity discharge D). Because T5 lamps are so bright—a 46-inch, 54-watt T5 HO p emits nearly double the light of a 4-foot T8—lighting designers st be careful to control their light output by distributing it with difrs and lenses or using it in indirect distributions.

The T5's shorter lengths and unique pin configuration mean they cannot be fitted into T8 or T12 fixtures. But, like T8s, T5 lamps also available in a wide range of CRIs and color temperatures. The T5 p has an average 16,000-hour life, 20 percent less than for the T8s or s, but the use of programmed start ballasts, which are easier on the ps during start-up than standard ballasts, can increase lamp life to 00 hours. Several types of dimming ballasts are now available for T5.

lsay Audin is president of Energywiz, Inc. (www.energywiz.com), an energy technology consulting firm in Croton, New York.



The Retrolux system adapts nondimming T8 and T12 fixtures for use with T5 lamps and allows them to be dimmed using wireless controls.

Like high-quality T8 ballasts, they feature low total harmonic distortion, high power factor, and low-noise characteristics.

Last year, the Lighting Research Center published a complete overview of fluorescent lighting developments on their Web site. You can find it at www.lrc.rpi.edu/nlpip/ by clicking on "Technologies."

T8 technology also improves

To their credit, T8 lamp and ballast manufacturers haven't allowed their price advantage over T5 to lull them into becoming technically complacent. Here are some of the new developments:

• Reduced-wattage 28- and 30-watt lamps are now available in lieu of the original 32 watters, with the same 2,900-lumen output, though they cost slightly more. Because some of the earliest T8 installations are probably ready for relamping now, this is an excellent way to shave a few extra kilowatts off the electric bill in large facilities.

• Ballasts with factors up to 1.2 are available. They can overdrive the lamps, providing more light from the same fixture or allowing fewer fixtures in a new installation.

• Programmed start ballasts can stretch the usual 20,000-hour lamp life to 30,000 hours. If program-start ballasts are not an option because of cost, long-life T8s, running on standard ballasts, can boost average lamp life by 20 percent.

• Higher grade T8s with better color rendition and lumen retention are now available, and the number of T8 dimming-ballast and wiring choices has increased considerably.

With so many options and lower cost, lighting designers may need to look again at their T5 designs to see if they're really better when weighed against overall cost.

New T5 product options

Because the T5 technology itself is so innovative, and it is only a few years old, there hasn't been too much time for improvements. There are some new developments, however, that have appeared recently.

One of the most interesting of these is the Retrolux system, which can be used to adapt standard, nondimming T8 and T12 fixtures for use with T5 lamps and will allow them to be dimmed using wireless controllers. PowerWeb Technologies is working with Westinghouse and Siemens to bring this product package to the U.S. It consists of a "holster" containing a dimmable ballast and wireless communicator

T8 LAMP AND BALLAST MANUFACTURERS HAVEN'T ALLOWED THEIR PRICE ADVANTAGE OVER T5 TO LULL THEM INTO TECHNICAL COMPLACENCY.

that slips onto standard T8 or T12 lampholders. It takes a 46-inch T5 or T5 HO lamp. For additional information about this system, go to www.westinghouse.omni-link.net/news.shtml.

The Retrolux product uses Digital Addressable Lighting Interface (DALI)–compatible dimming ballasts, which can be controlled individually with software designed to work with existing building management systems (BMS). Under BMS control, small radio transmitters, which work very much like cell-phone repeaters, are scattered around a building. These communicate with the ballasts. The system has been used in Europe for several years and has quite a track record there. To learn more about it, you can consult PowerWeb Technologies' Web site at www.2powerweb.com.

Taking a dim view

Designers who are unfamiliar with T5 lamps should be aware that lamps take longer to warm up than other types and, therefore, long reach full light output. Where lights routinely remain on without i ruption for hours at a time, this is usually not a problem. But v fixtures are cycled on and off each time a person enters and lear room, as they are when occupancy sensors are used, the long warr time can be inconvenient. It gives users the initial impression that 1 is something wrong with the lighting, because the rooms seem ins ciently illuminated. In my own office, the light output of the T5-f fixtures was still below 45 percent after 30 seconds of operation. turning on more lights to make up the difference would have defe the energy-conservation value of the occupancy sensors I had inst there. This problem is exacerbated in spaces that are kept cold, such warehouses, where T5s have been installed in lieu of high-bay HID. U may get used to it, but designers should tell their clients what to ex-When clients are unfamiliar with T5, it is always a good idea to mock-up with fixtures and controls to ensure that they-and youcomfortable with the results before settling on a design.

Back at the bottom line

Whether you're putting T5s or T8s on your project, be sure to shar your pencil. There are so many viable design options that specif an optimal one can be a challenge—nothing like the days when percent of all buildings used 40-watt, cool-white T12 lamps. Chand specify T5 components with care, and verify that replaceme especially ballasts, are readily available near the installation. The way to know what your options are is to stay abreast of new deve ments in these advancing lighting technologies.

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LIGHTING RESOURCES

ghting Briefs



ew finders

ectural Area Lighting has released two roducts to follow the company's gn with Light" floodlighting series. Pivot e) uses energy-efficient fluorescent and electronic ballasts in a compact aire design to wash a wall, highlight ge, or indirectly illuminate an indoor or or space. Pivot is available in four indil lengths or can be used in continuous



The Cypher's (right) reflector/refractor optics provide smooth, even illumination odlighting and indirect-lighting applications. The design allows the fixture to be ted in any orientation to address various lighting tasks in interior and exterior :ations. 714/994-2700. Architectural Area Lighting, La Mirada, Calif. **CIRCLE 200**



chitectural opus

Pus Collection of low-voltage lighting products was specifically created by a Lighting to fill the high-end niche market. The Flame spotlight (top left) bts louvers, filters, and diffusers. It includes a 6" suspension cord as standard also available with 12", 18", 30", or 36" suspension rods. The Opus Multi spotarrays (top right) are stylish enough to be used as chandeliers. Designers can se the configuration that suits their needs and direct the light precisely where it nted. The fixture can be installed horizontally or vertically in four, six, or nine versions. Both Flame and Opus Multi are available in a chrome or silver finish. 885-4915. Prima Lighting, La Mirada, Calif. **CIRCLE 203**



Low-voltage tubular glass pendant

The Sirius Optic Pendant with Clear Glass Tubular Diffuser—or SLO3100, as it is known around the factory—is just one of the new lighting products in the Sirius low-voltage halogen lighting system. The pendant's adjustable clear-glass cylinder features an internal optic reflector and may be raised or lowered to the desired height. The reflector takes on a chrome finish when not energized and an iridescent blue tone when lighted. Eighteen optical coatings on a crystal reflector enhance the fixture's illumination capabilities, and an 86 percent reflectance casts a crisply defined beam with sharp edges and no lamp striations. Rated for use with 50-watt T4 xelogen lamps (clear or frosted) with vertical filaments. 800/728-0312. Con-Tech Lighting, Northbrook, III. **CIRCLE 201**

► Floating table lamp The Annoncé lighting line, designed by Sherry Williamson, AIA, will be introduced by Baldinger at Lightfair this month. Williamson, head of Sherry Williamson Design, of Mill Valley, California, specializes in custom lighting and furniture, overseeing the fabrication of her designs by skilled artisans. The open, sculptural table lamp comes in three sizes with a linen shade. 718/204-5700. Baldinger Architectural Lighting, Astoria, N.Y. CIRCLE 202





▼ Translucent light boxes

Resolute's Box wall lights feature Imago, KnollTextiles' resin/textile material. Imago is formed by a patented process in which a textile is heat-encapsulated between two sheets of engineering resin (PETG). The sconce features clear anodized aluminum hardware in six Imago options and two lamp styles: Box 1 and Box 2. Box 1 has a wider shade, while Box 2 is ADA-compliant and exposes the bulb through a circular cutout. 206/343-9323. Resolute, Seattle. **CIRCLE 204**





Lighting Briefs

Out of this world luminaires

Last year, North American Light Spectrum (NALS) began to distribute fixtures from Foscarini of Italy to the U.S. market. This year, NALS expands upon its offerings with the 10th Anniversary Orbital Floor Light. This limited-edition floor lamp, with an updated design by Italian architect



Furruccio Laviani, is composed of five frosted-matte-silver translucent glass plates in biomorphic shapes suspended from short metal arms. Also new from NARS is the Foscarini of Italy Maui collection of crescent-shaped ceiling and wall luminaires. 800/713-2182. NALS, Danbury, Conn. **CIRCLE 205**





▲ Wavy contours

Contour is an interior lighting collection that features Aero, a tightly corrugated aluminum material from Forms+Surfaces. The system comprises a standardized group of end castings, fittings, and accessories and is offered in an anodized finish in matte silver or a range of colors. Linear 4' and 8' elements (combined using the system's array of pattern connectors) and a wall sconce are available. 800/451-0410. Forms+Surfaces, Carpinteria, Calif. **CIRCLE 207**

► Well-lit block

Bega's new glass-block recessed wall luminaire is designed to illuminate indoor or outdoor areas, stairways, or halls where guidance and security lighting are required. The fixture has a die-cast aluminum faceplate with satin-matte crystal glass and flush stainless-steel fasteners. Light is emitted laterally from the projecting glass. It measures 3%" x 3%" x 3%". 805/576-5133. BEGA/US, Carpinteria, Calif. **CIRCLE 209**



Miniature sun

LightDisc, designed by Alberto Meda and Paolo Rizzatto, features a limited overhang that makes it appear to be built-in. The fixture's optical system, integrated parabolic reflector, and diffuser lens with prismatized section allow it to fully exploit the potential of the new circular fluorescent bulb. The transparent



lid houses a PVC disk that hides the screws that fasten the lens to the body. The lamp is airtight, can be used outdoors, and is offered in different versions and measurements. 212/989-6265. Luceplan USA, New York City. **CIRCLE 206**





▲ Linear system alternative

The Inde-Pendants family of individual per dant-mounted lighting fixtures offer the performance and efficiency as many typ linear fixtures, according to the manufac The new family includes four product sty in two different housing sizes, each with distribution choices and a variety of desi and performance options. The fixtures and designed as an alternative to linear syster in offices, lobbies, libraries, classrooms, and other public spaces. 781/294-0100 Litecontrol, Hanson, Mass. **CIRCLE 208**



▲ Colorful entertainment

iColor Accent marries Color Kinetics' digital control expertise with the latest LEC advancements in a low-voltage, indoor/outdoor direct-view linear light. iColor Ac is available in multiple lengths that are controlled in 1' intervals. It is appropriate illuminating architectural highlights, such as building outlines, and other comme retail, or residential applications, with intricate shows of color. 888/FULL-RGB. C Kinetics, Boston. **CIRCLE 210**



e Rail System is designed with two parallel rails that can be straight or custom curved r specification. The system can be ceiling or wall mounted and fixtures can be suspended ous lengths. Standard finishes: chrome, matte chrome and brushed nickel.



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Lighting Briefs

Handcrafted hallmarks

The various offerings in Boyd Lighting's new residential division, the Kentfield Collection, are connected by several hallmarks: luxurious materials, including handblown Venetian glass, cold-cast bronze, and gold leaf; craftsmanship such as hand-machining and hand-polished



parts; imprinted saddle leather bases with the name of the designer and the year issued; and custom-designed lamp shades executed in silks and linens. Kentfield includes a roster of renowned designers such as Clodagh, Fisher Weismer, Thad Hayes, and Todd Rugee. Shown on this page left to right: Cascade Luminaire crystal chandelier; Montgolfier table light suspended between goldleaf disks; Primitive cold-cast bronze table lamps; and the Wainwright floor lamp. 866/251-7777. The Kentfield Collection, a division of Boyd Lighting, San Francisco. CIRCLE 211





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Small scale garden luminaires for higher mounting heights utilizing G-4, 12V lamps.

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▲ Desktop aides

Luxo offers two new asymmetric task lights for computer-intensive workstations in both corporate and home-office environments. The Air light (left) provides a unidirectional wash of glare-free light, which reduces eyestrain and fatigue. Air is characterized by its iteration of Luxo's parallel-motion, counterbalanced spring arm, with a slender, wedge-shaped shade. Alba (right) provides a right-angled wash of lighting and features a colored, translucent, multiadjustable light arm with a wedge-shaped, flat-topped translucent light head. 845/937-4433. Luxo Corporation, Port Chester, N.Y. CIRCLE 212

BLOC	88 888 888	0-10V Dim Ballast One Ballast Two	SPORTLITE CFC4DA 2.01	•
	000	Ballast Three		
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Digital pulse technology

The Advanced Lighting System with PulseBloc offers multilevel lighting control without hardwiring to fixtures. The system has only three components: the Sportlite fixture, the PulseBloc receiver (located in each fixture and preinstalled), and the PulseBox wall controller. The communication between the wall controller and the light fixtures is accomplished using a very high signal of pulses in a low-frequency range. 632/930-0074. Sportlite, Glendale, Ariz. CIRCLE 214

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V T8s exceed federal regulations

All GE 2', 3', and 4' T8 linear fluorescent lamps are now Ecolux products. Ecolux lamps exceed the stringent Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) standards set by the EPA. GE claims to offer the most comprehensive selection of TCLPcompliant linear fluorescent lamps in the industry. Lamps that pass the TCLP testing requirement are considered nonhazardous waste, according to federal regulations. However, specifiers should check with their local EPA office, which may have stricter disposal guidelines. 800/GE-LIGHT. GE Lighting, Cleveland. CIRCLE 213



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USG Understanding Acoustics in Architectural Design

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rial. Picture a vibrating tuning fork. As it m

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New Products Landscape products can bring the exterior areas of a building down to human scale, provide secure public spaces, and help protect the natural environment. To learn about the newest resources available, landscape architects, urban planners, and other design professionals will gather at the American Society of Landscape Architects' 2003 Meeting & Expo, held 10/30-11/3 in New Orleans. Rita F. Catinella

lorful concrete site furnishings

negay Design, a source for t-concrete site amenities, has oduced a new concrete bench two new styles of landscape tainers. The firm was formed r designer Larry Kornegay ned about the poor selection of iters on the market appropriate a contemporary residence.

"I design with the intention of viding a key transition between icture and surrounding landpe," explains Kornegay. "The han scale of planters and ches presents opportunities individual interaction with mande objects that I hope will ance public awareness of the titude of visual delights to be covered in urban and natural

surroundings."

For his newest bench design, Kornegay combined a base made of multicolored cast-concrete disks and a wood-textured concrete plank. The disks can be colored according to site requirements.

The Mex Bold Series of landscape containers replicates the natural ridges of a melon or cactus, and the Square Series showcases the potential for smooth surfaces in concrete. These two series join three other planters already in the collection: the spherical Nutshell, featuring an outer surface texture reminiscent of walnut shells; the crisply geometric Faceted Series; and the softer, flowing Ribbed



Series. All products are available in a wide-spectrum palette of integral pigments as well as natural concrete color. 480/967-6787. Kornegay Design, Tempe, Ariz. CIRCLE 215



The Happy Trail Bench and Mex **Bold Series showcase the potential** of colored concrete in landscapes.



Irking curbs that may have been your old Buick

esponse to a demand for ernative composite materials, versal Forest Products has anded its product mix to include stential Products, a line of recyd multipurpose posts, landscape s, and parking curbs made from vcled automobiles. Based in nada, XPotential Products manutures plastic components with) percent recycled materials, luding the nonmetallic by-product of recycled automobiles, such as fabric, carpet, paint, foam, and postconsumer/industrial plastics. With a life expectancy of 75-100 years, according to the manufacturer, the products are designed to outlast and outperform concrete, reducing maintenance and replacement costs found with traditional concrete or wood alternatives. The composite has a shock-absorbing capability that makes it less prone to chipping

and cracking, and it will not twist, splinter, rot, or decay due to weather, pests, road salt, or chemicals. However, the flexural strength of the composite is less than that of wood, and it should not be substituted for wood products without regard to engineering considerations and testing for the intended application. 800/598-9663. Universal Forest Products, Grand Rapids. CIRCLE 216

Teak rocking chair

The Avignon rocker has detailing worthy of formal dining furniture, yet its Grade A quality teak construction makes it at home outdoors. The rocker features a dished seat, concave back, and scrolled arms. The front of the rocker's seat meets the back of the knee in a smooth curve that won't cut off circulation. A new table also joins the Avignon Collection. 800/981-9888. Smith & Hawken, Novato, Calif. CIRCLE 217



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New Products



▲ You may approach the bench The Leesburg Series is the latest collection from Keystone Ridge Designs. The Leesburg bench is safeguarded with the company's trademark Keyshield powder

Composite deck and railing system

ChoiceDek is a patented composite decking material manufactured with recycled wood fiber and recycled polyethylene that provides a water-resistant product practical for deck, railing, dock, and marine applications. ChoiceDek saws, drills, and finishes like wood and will fade to a gray shade over time. Hidden channels



offers an expansive collection of land-

scape furnishings, including food-court

seating, ash urns, planter stands, tables,

chairs, bike racks, bollards, and wayfinding

signage, 800/284-8208, Keystone Ridge

Designs, Butler, Pa. CIRCLE 218

in the railing can be used for lighting wire, and support rails on top and bottom are notched for easy assembly and to hide fasteners. 866/233-2766. Weyerhaeuser, Federal Way, Wash. **CIRCLE 220**



▲ Memorable lounger

New to the Henry Hall Designs Flexy Collection is the Flexy Batyline Mesh Curve Chaise. The Batyline cover is a French-made material consisting of polyester fiber covered by a coating of PVC that is resistant to rot, mildew, and UV radiation. Sagging is minimal due to a maximum stretch of 3 percent and a "memory" that allows it to slowly stretch back to its original wave shape. The stainless-steel frame does not contain any movable parts, as the chaise is set in a fixed position. 800/767-7738. Henry Hall Designs, San Francisco. **CIRCLE 222**



▲ Lunch break oasis

The Sonoma Bench Collection, designed by Brian Kane, features a wood seat with a metal back and optional arms. The gently curved, perfora metal back lets the natur setting show through. The benches are at home in c door corporate, educatior and retail settings, as wel as interior spaces. Desigr and built to meet the rigo of urban spaces, Sonoma introduces an optional tal

arm to accommodate a coffee cup, newspaper, or laptop. 800/521-254 Landscape Forms, Kalamazoo, Mich **CIRCLE 219**



A key element to the "hardscape" of r projects is the use of brick pavers in a increasing array of colors and styles. I new offerings are the Rumbled Full Ra clay paver (left) from Pine Hall Brick, a the Capella natural clay wall cap (belo a decorative enhancement for walls o brick, concrete brick or block, and stuthat is available from Pacific Clay Bricl Products. 703/620-0010. Brick Indust Association, Reston, Va. **CIRCLE 221**

v Seaside dining set

Weatherend Furniture, known for its signature curves and symmetrical slats, has added several new pieces to its outdoor furniture collection. The Seal Cove dining set includes an 80"-long dining table to comfortably accommodate six. The Seal Cove dining chair features a slatted back detail and curved crest rail design and i also available in a slatless version. Each piece in the set is constructed from mahogany using full mortise and tenon joinery bonded with a durable marine gra epoxy. 800/456-6483. Weatherend Estate Furniture, Rockland, Maine. **CIRCLE 22**:



roduct Briefs



Safety laminate for the lift

ChromaSurface surfacing material allows specifiers to use laminated safety glass for the interior walls of elevator cabs. Using the Cesar Color process, ChromaSurface is made by laminating a printed interlayer material between two pieces of safety glass to create a sandwich. Cesar Color's printing capability can make the film in any color, incorporate a company logo, or impersonate virtually any natural or man-made material. 800/275-7272. Cesar Color, Phoenix. **CIRCLE 224**

e Wright accessories are everything

rank Lloyd Wright Preservation Trust catalog features an extensive collection of sories inspired by Wright's timeless designs, as well as a wide selection of books ight. Inspired by Wright's Francis Little House in Wayzata, Minnesota (1912, lished in 1972), the cast-bronze-resin tea-light holder shown here holds five tea and is accented with an oak detail from the Francis Little living room. 877/8484-. Frank Lloyd Wright Preservation Trust, Oak Park, III. **CIRCLE 225**



etter than the real thing

ado Stone's architectural stone er is composed of Portland ent, lightweight aggregates,

xide dyes used to e accent colors. The ⇒ is about half the of natural stone and proximately one third veight. To create an entic look, the stone er is cast from nced custom molds e from thousands of I-selected natural es chosen by artisans dorado Stone. Shown here is Teton Shadow Rock applied with a dry-stack grout technique. 760/736-3232. Eldorado Stone, San Marcos, Calif. **CIRCLE 227**



Product of the Month Environmental Impact Collection

Two years in the making, the Environmental Impact Collection of colorful seating and panel fabrics offers nine products that exceed Association of Contact Textiles standards for quality and performance. The sustainable manufacturing processes used in the production of the textiles reduce energy use,

greenhouse gas emissions, waste sent to landfills, process-water consumption, and consumption of petroleum. No fabric in the collection requires the chemical backing typically used to adhere fabric to the final seating or panel systems. This eliminates a key hurdle in making contract textiles recyclable in the future—a central goal of the fabric's creators at The Designtex Group. The LEED specification program will soon provide credits for projects that include sustainable textiles. 800/333-9939. Steelcase, Grand Rapids, Mich. CIRCLE 226



Portuguese wall art

The ART collection of ceramic wall and floor tiles was inspired by the colors, environment, and mythical characters of the Douro Region of Portugal. Sombras, by sculptor João Castro Silva, features silhouetted night scenes (below); Gastromania, by painter João Vaz de Carvalho, focuses on whimsical characters carrying ingredients (left); Doiro, by sculptor Rui Vasquez, evokes the region's vines and rivers; and Afrodisíaco, by painter Bela Silva, features bizarre erotic couplings. 351 234 660100. Revigres, Agueda, Portugal. **CIRCLE 228**



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Product Briefs

► Ceramic eye candy

In 20 years, Pratt & Larson has grown from two artists working in a home basement studio to more than 70 people producing the nearly 1,000 items that make up the company's current product line. Pratt & Larson's decorative 1" x 1" bas-relief tiles are available in two pattern styles—12 geometrical and 12 botanical designs—in



hundreds of color combinations. The decorative relief designs are available either in a single-glaze color or with hand-painted detail to accent the design, in a process known as polychroming. 503/231-9464. Pratt & Larson Ceramics, Portland, Ore. **CIRCLE 229**



▲ Safe haven in a storm A new residential storm shelter, engineered to help protect families from the dangers of tornadoes, is available from DuPont. The DuPont StormRoom with Kevlar is a residential in-home storm shelter available in several rectangular configurations that features the strength of Kevlar sheathing built inside reinforced wall panels. When properly installed, the shelter helps to stop and deflect wind-borne debris, the greatest threat from a tornado. The StormRoom complies with the Federal Emergency Management

Agency Standard 320 for a tornado shelter. 804/383-3845. DuPont Advanced Fibers Systems, Richmond, Va. **CIRCLE 232**

► Fan club

Three new ceiling fans have been introduced by The Modern Fan Company: Halo (shown) features a glowing amber or all-white glass center; New Aurora incorporates a 40-

watt, T5 lamp positioned in a

translucent diffuser; and Ball features a simple sphere housing. The fans are constructed of die-cast aluminum or zinc and come with several switching packages. 888/588-FANS. The Modern Fan Company, Ashland, Ore. **CIRCLE 230**

v Simulated steel for safety

Lonseal's toughest sheet vinyl, the Lonplate safety surface, has added a new pattern to its range of designs—Titanium. The Titanium pattern features an alu



minum-sheen finish that is suitable for a range of interiors, including retail of lets, vehicle cabins, and of spaces where rugged slip resistance is the key to s 800/832-7111. Lonseal, Carson, Calif. CIRCLE 231



First-ever wood screen

Marvin has introduced the fenestration industry's first wood screen, according t manufacturer. The screen's frame has a wood interior that can be painted or stain to blend into the woodwork, and an extru aluminum exterior that provides strength rigidity to prevent warping. The screen is o several options on Marvin's new Casemast window, including an ergonomically designe handle. 888/537-8266. Marvin Windows ar Doors, St. Paul, Minn. **CIRCLE 233**



▲ Easier arches

The Easy-Arch product line allows for quick installation of arched doorways, room transitions, and other home features. Available in a variety of standard sizes and dimensions, Easy-Arch preformed metal applications easily secure to framing to create an arch at a fraction of the cost of forming the shape in a traditional manner. Easy-Arch products are designed to be nonstructural and non–load bearing, requiring no additional permits or engineering. 800/854-2461. Easy-Arch, Murrieta, Calif. **CIRCLE 234**

V Radiant interiors

The steamlined Flow Form radiator from British company Bisque is now available in U.S. The long, low lines and "gills" of the Flow Form increase the surface area of the ator and maximize heat output, while the compact dimensions are suitable for sma



spaces. Italian designe Mario Talin redesigned radiator, incorporating : ized feet and integrated pipe-work connections He has also completed new stainless-steel ver suitable for steam-hear systems specifically for U.S. market. 212/791-7 3-D Laboratory, New Ye City. CIRCLE 235

roduct Briefs

sted storefront and curtain-wall systems

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▲ Homeland security The Kwikset Grade 1 dead bolt (model 980, single cylinder shown) is part of the Kwikset UltraMax Security line of resi-

dential door hardware. The dead bolts are available in single and double cylinders. They are included on the Arlington. Chelsea, and Sheridan handle sets which feature a titaniumalloy throw-bolt core, a 6-pin cylinder with anti-pick pins, and an Ultra-Strike Door Jamb Brace designed to prevent forcible entry. 800/327-LOCK. Kwikset, Lake Forest, Calif. CIRCLE 239

clonic central cleaning flo's True Cyclonic Cleaning Action central vacuum system operates without or filters. The filtration system transports 96 to 98 percent of all dirt, debris, Just particles through a network of tubing that runs through the walls and is sited into a clear dirt canister, while the remaining fine dust particles are ed so they are not recirculated into the home. The in-wall tubing is installed in than one day with no structural modifications needed. Vacuflo's no-vent option es it an option for condominiums, apartments, or town houses. 800/822-8356. Products, Louisville, Ohio. CIRCLE 241

► Remote surveillance GE's new SmartHome Security and Surveillance devices operate using wireless 2.4 Ghz radio frequency and various sensor technologies. The SmartLink Security System includes features such as wireless door/window, motion, smoke/fire, carbonmonoxide, glass-break, freeze,



and water sensors. GE also offers a magnetic door alarm with programmable key pad and an indoor magnetic window alarm. 800/435-4448. GE Home Electric Products, Cleveland. CIRCLE 240

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omplementary materials

boond material, which consists of two sheets of .020" aluminum bonded to a noplastic core, was used along with brick and limestone to create the exterior ling for the headquarters building of the Missouri Higher Education Loan ority, in Chesterfield, Missouri. The custom-color, prefinished, compositeil-panel system allowed for a smooth flowing radius around the building's ' and extended past the roofline to create an integrated rooftop-equipment en. 314/878-2303. Alcan Composites USA, St. Louis. **CIRCLE 242**

▼ Residential modular flooring

Interface introduces InterfaceFLOR, a high-style modular floor covering for the residential market. Composed of movable 19½"-square tiles, the flooring can be installed over almost any floor surface, from vinyl tile to concrete. Due to its modularity, InterfaceFLOR can be rearranged easily to transform the look of a room or can be quickly replaced and cleaned. Individual tiles can be washed in the sink or shipped back to InterfaceFLOR for recycling. 866/281-FLOR. Interface, Chicago. **CIRCLE 243**



► Certified paint

The Horizon line of zero-VOC interior and low-VOC exterior paint from Rodda Paint has earned certification from Green Seal, a national organization that certifies highperforming products that are easy on the



environment. In gaining this designation, Rodda Paint claims to be the first in the U.S. to offer a full line of precertified interior and exterior paints and primers that will help to qualify for credit under LEED. 800/452-2315. Rodda Paint, Portland, Ore. **CIRCLE 244**

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and-screented wallpaper

andi is the latest -screen-printed walling from Yonkers, York-based designer yn Ray. Named after lahandi tree that pros henna sap for the of Indian brides, the rn on the 27"-wide A fire-rated wallpaper ompanion to an r design from the any named Foo Lim. andi features a leafy ade motif in four color ngs: Taj Express, soon, Darjeeling vn), and Groove



al. Mahandi is printed on acrylic-coated paper or contract-weight vinyl and 36" half-drop repeat. 914/476-0619. Carolyn Ray, Yonkers, N.Y. **CIRCLE 245**

Watertight seal

Foam-Tite soft-foam TPV seals for use in residential weather-seal and commercial-glazing applications are made with Santoprene thermoplastic vulcanizate (TPV) using an environmentally responsible water-blown extrusion process. The soft foam with



closed-cell construction absorbs less than 2 percent of its body weight even after 24 hours total immersion in water. 330/849-5000. Advanced Elastomer Systems, Akron, Ohio. CIRCLE 246



▲ Coating collaborations

The Sto Watertight Coat is a flexible and breathable waterproofing membrane based on a combination of acrylic emulsion, Portland cement, and fine fibers. It is used to waterproof all types of above- or below-grade concrete and masonry, including foundations, block walls, balconies, parapets, planter boxes, water tanks, and fountains. 678/553-3278. Sto, Atlanta. **CIRCLE 247**

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Product Literature

Landscape lighting solution

Allscape offers a new brochure detailing Focca, the company's newest family of contemporary above-ground floodlighting fixtures. The eight-page brochure provides a range of black-and-white photographs highlighting the features and benefits of the luminaire. 800/854-8277. Allscape, Santa Ana, Calif. **CIRCLE 248**

Safety stair and floor systems

Musson Rubber's new catalog illustrates safety products, including the company's fire-safety, grit-strip, and glo-strip stair systems, and those for the visually impaired. Matching flooring, including Disco, Low Disc, Square, and Diamond tiles, are displayed in an expanded color line with related accessories. 800/321-2381. Musson Rubber, Akron, Ohio. **CIRCLE 249**

Prismatic lighting fixtures

A color brochure from Holophane, *Illuminaire, The New Shape of Light,* details the company's new line of prismatic glass lighting fixtures. In addition to showcasing each new shape, the brochure details fixture advantages, finishes, lamp choices, mounting heights, and options. 740/345-9631. Holophane, Newark, Ohio. **CIRCLE 250**

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Association has published the 2003 edition of the *SFPA Buyer's Guide* ca taining a complete listing of products services available from its members annual directory presents the full rar of products manufactured, as well as services and equipment, grade sepa tions, and more than 40 specialty its produced by member mills. 504/445 4464. Southern Forest Products Association, Kenner, La. **CIRCLE 251**



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Product Literature

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Antique-woods seminar on CD

Goodwin Heart Pine Company, one of the leading manufacturers of original-growth heart-pine and heart-cypress flooring, has compiled a CD seminar especially for designers, architects, and builders. The course takes about two hours and is available in PC and MAC formats. Upon completion, two continuing-education credits can be earned from most major professional organizations by completing a form online or faxing it to Goodwin. The viewer will learn about antique woods, how to evaluate variation grades, compare characteristics of antique woods, and ensure the receipt of true original growth woods. 800/336-3118. Goodwin

Heart Pine Company, Micanopy, Fla. **CIRCLE 253**

Tensile structure brochure

Birdair's new corporate product brochure features lightweight struct systems for architectural designs, including stadiums, amphitheaters, transportation terminals, retail cent convention centers, and museums. also features shade structures, inclu cafés, pool patios, cue lines, playgrc shade, bus depots, and car parks, tr complement outdoor architecture a landscape designs. 800/622-2246. Birdair, Amherst, N.Y. **CIRCLE 254**

Air-filtration aides

Camfil Farr has released a new cata that incorporates the company's full range of air-filtration products. Availa in CD and binder formats, the catalo includes product and technical inforn tion on the comfort-air, clean-proces and safety-and-protection lines. In a tion, the CD includes technical buller on several timely air-filtration topics, including "Mold and Air Filtration" ar review of "ASHRAE Testing for HVAC Filtration." 973/616-7300. Camfil Fa Riverdale, N.J. **CIRCLE 255**









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HONOR AWARDS ARCHITECTURE

AIA HONOR AWARDS (*continued from page 151*) aspect that is more than a styled image is the interior vertical campus, an attempt at creating a dynamic space of interaction, of scratching at something beneath the surface.

Machado and Silvetti seem, on the other hand, to be reconstructing when they piece together forms clad in various materials to compose the branch of the Boston Public Library in Allston, Massachusetts. Wood paneling and stone cladding held in place by extraordinarily overscaled metal clips draw attention to the surface, and their application to distinct shapes suggests more programmatic than spatial ambitions.

One of the "real" deconstructivists included in the MoMA show, Bernard Tschumi, claims that his Rouen complex "provides a strong contemporary image for the cultural development and economic expansion of the district." This image, however, cannot be completely captured in photographs. In fact, programmatically, the image glimpsed from the highway must make a strong, albeit fleeting, impression in order to attract users to the site. Rigorous and modern, the glazed exhibition hall and steel-clad theater play the transparent against the opaque, suggesting the openness of the market and the hidden magic of the stage. This project is beyond deconstruction. Morphosis, on the other hand, celebrates the tilted planes and fragmented forms associated with deconstruction in an organization of buildings and landscape that comprises Diamond Ranch High School. Though clad in the corrugated metal and concrete typical of the contemporary tactile materials project, here the choices are wisely resilient, and the interior street that results from the plan organization is a welcome urban space of interaction, both formal and found.

Steven Holl's new Simmons Hall dormitory for MIT absorbs a "sponge" motif, which is merely Holl's cool explanation for a building of immense complexity. An arresting image and form, the perforated facade and hollowed-out atria set a precedent in dormitory design. Likewise, Williams and Tsien attempt to make "the extraordinary from the ordinary." While circulation spaces animate the interior of their American Folk Art Museum, the architects still push a folded and articulated tombasil metal [a white bronze alloy] surface onto the exterior, both to call attention to the small museum (hidden in the arms of MoMA) and to give it a self-reflective image.

Perhaps the most striking image—both for its formal qualities and its consistent Modernism—is Richard Meier's federal courthouse in Central Islip. There is something to b admired in Meier's unwavering dedication to a aesthetic that, clad in brilliant white metal and glass, never fails to say "Modern." Sadly, howe it also seems to mark the end of an era: the e of geometric formalism, the end of Le Corbusi the end of the smooth white panel. It's an enc that Meier himself must see coming, when an Honor Award is given to something as colorful banal as Rios Associates graphics-as-architec ture in the Los Angeles Primary Centers.

The worst offense in architecture todayan act that capitulates to media-is the substitution of graphics for content. At the ve least, the articulated surface-whether over clips on stone or hand-cast bronze-offers a resistance to the complete collapse of archit ture into the glib surface. It may not be far o when a project like Asymptote's Virtual Stock Exchange, itself created to enhance the image of the New York Stock Exchange, will appear a design winner. In fact, this unpremiated wc should already have been recognized by the Honor Awards program. For only by acknowle ing the nonspatial will architects understand design's function as image as well as the nat of its physical, tactile, and spatial properties changing world.





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Writer Erik Larson adds madness and magic to architectural history

Interviewed by Suzanne Stephens

At the top of the New York Times' nonfiction best-seller list for March 23, 2003, was a book vividly recounting the history of the World's Columbian Exposition in 1893. Yet The Devil in the White City: Murder, Magic, and Madness at the Fair that Changed America (Crown), by Erik Larson, is not your normal architectural history. In the developing genre of a "narrative historical nonfiction," Larson, a journalist and author, has woven together the true stories of two men who built structures related to the Chicago World's Fair. One was Daniel H. Burnham, chief planner for the fair; the other was Dr. Herman Mudgett, alias H.H. Holmes, a serial murderer who designed the World's Fair Hotel, where single women checked in, but didn't check out.

Profile

Q How did you conceive of this dual thematic devi for a book about the fair? I didn't want to do book just about H.H. Holmes-he was too over the top. E the story of Holmes in the context of the fair had a cree juxtaposition in time and space between this magic brilliant endeavor and these acts of absolute darkness. What can you say about your approach? I look for hidd nuggets of information and try to bring out the stori that historians put into footnotes. Fortunately, Burnhan story is a classic narrative you can't make up: Burnha sets out with John Root as a team, in which Root is t actual creative one [the consulting architect], a Burnham is the executor [chief of construction]. The t get this job to do this impossible thing, and then Root di Then, with all the obstacles, such as the bad soil, sno rain, and finally a national depression that began the we the fair opened, the story became irresistible.

Did you have difficulty ferreting out all the facts about the peculiar-looking World's Fair Hotel, in Englewowith its hidden crematorium and gas chamber? Holme hotel was described in news accounts, with floor plapublished. And several photos exist.

You point out that the fair attracted 27 million visits i country with a population of 65 million, and a city one million. Yet trains were quite expensive. According one account, second-class seats on trains from New Y to Chicago cost \$17 one-way (which would translate i \$560 today). The tickets to the fair were 50 cents (\$16 today), and the Ferris Wheel cost 50 cents. Figuring comparative costs between the two periods is difficult. railroad and admission fares were considered steep but unaffordable. The big challenge was to keep the prices enough to attract maximum attendance. Yet the railro wouldn't give discounts. People went to huge lengths to to the fair. I couldn't find great sociometric numbers, bu steeping myself in the literature of the time and newspa accounts, I gather that people of all kinds were there. A a lot of free passes were given out-many to the up classes. It drove Burnham crazy.

The architecture community is naturally happy when an architectural be especially a history, becomes a best-seller. Architecture is a great story, b is a hard sell to the reader—which is perplexing if you think of the impace architecture on all of us. I had this desire to be an architect, but I realized I had to know engineering and math. It wasn't for me. Instead, I stu Russian history at Penn, went to Columbia University's journalism school, then worked for places like *The Wall Street Journal* and *Time* magazine.' remained interested in architecture. Chicago—and New York—are cities of g architectural interest. But you do need a great story to go with it. **Portrait by Benjamin Benschneider**

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