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HOUSE & GARDEN

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Oliver Hoare, in the Kensington house he shares with his family, carries on the British fascination with the East. By Emma Soames

FLYING DOWN TO OSCAR'S
The de la Renta style at Casa de Campo. By John Richardson

THE LIGHT HOUSE
Paul Rudolph's triplex aerie suspended over the Manhattan skyline. By Michael Sorkin

IN THE FABRIC OF THE FAMILY
Manuel Canovas at home in his Left Bank apartment. By Christina de Liagre

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When the Revolution Came Home
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January 1988

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Jan Frans van Dael
Dutch (1764-1840)
oil on canvas
30 x 25 inches
This painting is one of a pair

Jan Frans van Dael, Dutch (1764-1840), oil on canvas 30 x 25 inches. This painting is one of a pair.

CONTRIBUTORS

MICHAEL BOODRO lives in New York and is working on his first novel.

DAVID BOURDON is a New York art critic and has written books on Christo and Alexander Calder.

BRUCE CHATWIN’s most recent book is The Songlines.


STEPHEN DRUCKER is an editor at Vogue.

CHRISTOPHER HITCHENS is a columnist for The Nation and the Times Literary Supplement.

LADY KEITH lives in New York and is working on her autobiography.

TESSA DAHL KELLY lives in London and has written a children’s book, The Same But Different, to be published this year by Hamish Hamilton.

CHRISTINA DE LIAGRE is a writer who lives in Paris.

ROCHELLE REED writes about style and design from Los Angeles.

EMMA SOAMES, formerly editor of the Literary Review, is acting editor of Tatler.

MICHAEL SORKIN is an architect and a critic for The Village Voice. He teaches architectural design at Cooper Union.


PATRICIA THORPE is the author of The American Weekend Garden to be published next month by Random House.

CALVIN TRILLIN writes for The New Yorker and The Nation. His most recent book is If You Can’t Say Something Nice.

COLIN WESTERBECK, assistant curator of photography at the Art Institute of Chicago, writes frequently on the arts.

SUZANNE WINKLER is a contributing editor of Texas Monthly.

HOUSE & GARDEN
What were they really like, those preposterous decorators of the Regency, forever testooning George IV's palaces and the houses of the nobility with exotic hangings and baulbes and jingle-jangles? Much like certain decorators today, to judge by passages from Maria Edgeworth's "silver fork" novel The Absentee, which was published in 1812. Edgeworth's acid caricature of a chic London decorator—shades of Gillray and Cruikshank—has not faded. Mr. Soho is still around, so are his relentlessly self-promoting clients.

We first meet Soho in the house of a silly social climber, Lady Clonbrony, the wife of a backwoods peer—"a mere cipher in London" but "a great person in Dublin"—who is the absentee landlord of the title. Lady Clonbrony is organizing a lavish gala to launch herself on London society and marry her son off to an heiress. Soho is telling his client "in a conceited, dictatorial tone" that there was no "colour in nature for "hair room equal to the bel. ly-o'-the-fate which ... he so pronounced. Lady Clonbrony understood la belle uniforme, and ... assumed the assertion, till it was set to rights, with condescending superiority, by the upholsterer. This first architectural upholsterer of the age, as he styled himself... spoke en maitre... There must be new hangings, new draperies, new cornices, new candelabras, new every thing!...

"You fill up your angles here with encomières—round your walls with the Turkish tent drapery—a fancy of my own—in apricot cloth, or crimson velvet, suppose, or, en flane, in crimson satin draperies, fanned and riched with gold fringes, en suite— intermediate spaces. Apollo's head with gold rays—and here, ma'am, you place four chanceliers, with chimeras at the corners, covered with blue silk and silver fringe, elegantly fanciful—with my statira canopy here—light blue silk draper-
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For the jeunesse dorée few pleasures compare with biting the rich hand that has fed them.
"Outrageous!" "Magnificent!" "A brilliantly bold departure!" The reviews are in and Sherle Wagner's Rock Group is receiving critical acclaim. The base sections in stainless steel, onyx and granite set the tempo for a truly imposing performance. And because this Rock Group takes requests, you may orchestrate your own personal composition of tops and stands. For catalog of all works, please send $5.00 to Sherle Wagner, 60 East 57th Street, New York, NY 10022.
In the Victorian era, it seems, a house with white plaster walls indicated either that an owner had exhausted his financial means and was unable to pay for wallpaper or that he was operating a cheap hotel and intended to rent the rooms to transients. Says Bruce Bradbury, founder of Bradbury & Bradbury, “Even today, when I walk into a Victorian house with white walls, I feel that something is terribly wrong.” He winces at the thought, “To me all the warmth and vitality of the house has been stripped away, leaving only a bleached skeleton. It feels as if something has died. But then again,” Bradbury brightens as he looks around the cavernous room where two smocked craftsmen are leaning over long tables hand-printing lavish wallpaper designs, “we’re back in the nineteenth century around here.”

The Rolling Stones’ “Brown Sugar” coming from a cassette player and Bradbury’s customary office outfit of white T-shirt and blue jeans belie his claim. Yet there is much about Bradbury & Bradbury that is out of another time. The workshop is located in the small town of Benicia, California, north of San Francisco. Approaching the town one sees horses grazing on green hillsides dotted with blooming fruit trees, a scene reminiscent of a description by E. M. Forster. The company’s specific address is in the Benicia Arsenal, a grandly styled Neoclassical building dating from the 1880s. Up steep wooden stairs in Studio 12 the ten craftspeople of Bradbury & Bradbury—“Not a company but a decorative cult,” quips Bradbury—turn out exquisite art wallpapers that are highly sought after by decorators, restorers, museum curators, and owners of Victorian houses.

Over the past few years Bruce Bradbury has devoted himself to erasing many misconceptions about the decoration of the Victorian era. Chief among them, he says, is the popular impression created by movies and television that the typical Victorian interior was one great unrelieved expanse of red flock wallpaper. “Pure Hollywood fiction,” he scoffs.

The Victorians did have a well-deserved reputation for excess, of course. The Victorian world was a riot of ornamentation, richly decorated but tempered by a delicacy of color, an aspect mostly lost to us in surviving interiors because of repainting or misguided “restoration.” A true nineteenth-century cornice, for instance, might have contained as many as ten subtle variations of hue and shade. A door and its

The Acanthus Border is in the tradition of William Morris

By Rochelle Reed
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surrounding moldings may have had up to thirteen closely balanced colors, threaded with pinstripes of vermillion or metallic gold. Ceilings swirled with decorative borders, corner blocks, fans, and rosettes. Cornices were often pinstriped in gold to reflect the light. The overall effect was lively but harmonious, intended to reflect the beauty and subtlety of nature.

When Bruce Bradbury founded his company in 1979, he wanted to specialize in museum-quality reproductions of wallpapers by nineteenth-century designer-craftsmen like William Morris, Christopher Dresser, C. F. A. Voysey, and Walter Crane. In addition, he envisioned re-creating the Victorians’ elaborate decorating schemes: he produced not only wallpaper but also dadoes, friezes, corner blocks, and other decorative elements.

Soon, however, he began, as he puts it, “taking up where the Victorians left off,” creating his own interpretations of late-nineteenth-century designs. The popular Bradbury & Bradbury pattern known as Raspberry Bramble, for instance, is a Bruce Bradbury design laid over the skeleton of a William Morris pattern. Now there are about one hundred patterns available through the company. In addition, Bradbury & Bradbury will occasional-
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his family) by creating his first pattern in his living room and handprinting it at the home of a fellow printer.

Early reaction to the Bradbury & Bradbury portfolio was not overwhelming. Few interior-design professionals were interested in Victorian wallpaper. But when newspaper coverage of his efforts appeared, he suddenly began receiving as many as a hundred letters a day from homeowners, preservationists, and museum curators eager for authentic Victorian wall ornamentation. By 1981 he was able to move his fledgling business into the huge Benicia studio with its large multipaned windows and walls the color of vanilla ice cream.

The actual production of Bradbury & Bradbury wallpaper is an intricate, time-consuming task. "It's an exquisite process—we could never compete with the mass market," Bradbury says happily. To begin, a pattern is broken down by colors, each color requiring an individual color separation. These separations are either hand-cut with an X-Acto knife into a sheet of red gellike acetate known as Rubylith or hand-painted on Mylar. Because each color must be in perfect registration with its companions, corner marks are applied to ensure that the complete set lines up properly when printed.

Next the individual color separations are transferred to silk screens. The silk-screen process utilized by Bradbury & Bradbury was developed from the ancient Japanese silk-screen technique. Fabric is tightly stretched onto wood or metal frames. "In the old days we actually used silk," Bradbury comments, holding a frame up to the light, "but now it's monofilament polyester." The screen is coated with a thin film of photosensitive emulsion in a darkroom, and the individual color separations are photographically transferred onto separate screens. "The results are very much like a stencil," Bradbury explains, pointing to graceful cutouts in the shape of dragonfly wings. "The white areas you see are actually clear fabric. In the printing, paint is forced through these areas with a rubber-bladed squeegee."

Oil paints for the printing are mixed by hand and eye, not by formula, and only in the morning when the light is exactly right. Pigments are the same as those used by the Victorians. When the paints are ready, hand-printing begins. Heavy paper is taped to two or three of the 92-foot-long tables (each table holds the equivalent of six rolls of wallpaper). Metal stops along guide rails help the printers place the screens exactly each time. Their movements are like a dance: lift, place, stretch forward to squeegee the screen from top to bottom, then lift, place, and repeat. The work is mechanical but exacting. To make enough paper for an average Victorian parlor, a pattern may require as many as five thousand impressions. One mistake can ruin an entire run, so hand-printing becomes a case of both physical stamina and meticulous craftsmanship.

Combining the finished elements in true Victorian fashion is the business of the Bradbury & Bradbury design service, a function fulfilled by 35-year-old Paul Duchscherer, an architectural and decorative-arts historian who also worked as an interior designer before joining the firm. Clients send in rough room sketches with dimensions (almost all Bradbury & Bradbury sales are by mail order, which keeps costs down considerably), and for a small fee Duchscherer designs the project in livable, warm period splendor. "There is a world of dimension beyond simply pasting up matching vertical panels," he enthuses. "Ceiling details alone are like taking a magic carpet ride."

Although Bradbury & Bradbury will reproduce a specific Victorian pattern, Duchscherer attempts to guide clients toward existing designs. "To start from scratch is horrifically expensive, really only for historic houses and museums," he explains. "One reason is that each color requires a different screen, and the screens cost $400 each to make up. But we have one hundred designs to choose from. Almost always I'll look at a client's pattern and say, 'Look, it will cost you thousands of dollars to do your exact pattern, but how about this one?'" Duchscherer is gesturing not at a sample book but at a room set, an ornate catalogue brochure that illustrates patterns for both low- and high-ceilinged walls and all the various individual elements—friezes, panels, corner blocks, rosettes—that complete the look. So far, Bradbury & Bradbury has produced five of these room sets—Neo-Grec, Anglo-Japanese, In the Morris Tradition, The Fenway, and The Aesthetic Movement. Two more will be completed by the spring making the collection totally cohesive. And then Bruce Bradbury is considering striking out in an entirely new direction.

Bradbury's passion for Victorian decoration is equaled only by his desire to create something completely new. "I'm not a fan of the Modern era, but I love the future," he confesses. He thinks we're already seeing public rebellion against Modernism's lack of ornamentation, and we're headed toward a very interesting future. "The polychrome painting of houses in San Francisco was not a historical restoration movement but a spontaneous twentieth-century innovation that never had a leader, group, or spokesman," he explains. "Nevertheless, the entire city has been transformed in the past ten years. Look how people leaped to Michael Graves's work and used color and ornament on practically every new project." As he talks, Bradbury verbally creates the image of a 21st-century world decorated perhaps by computer-generated patterns that supersede nineteenth-century design. "Buildings that look like twisted jewels, dripping with polychrome and ornamentation," he raptures.

"People are ready to be astonished," he continues. "Imagine the absolute antithesis of the Victorian parlor and you have Modernism with its stripped white walls. Decorative movements swing back and forth. Now imagine the antithesis of those white walls and you have what is coming—not a copy of Victorian design but something totally new, maybe part high Manchu and part Star Wars. I think it will be really pretty around the first decade of the 21st century. Then perhaps I'll get to fulfill my dream and ornament a skyscraper. Dredging up the knowledge and techniques of the Victorian era has been wonderful, but this is what makes the whole thing exciting for me—where it leads."
PARASOL PARADE

Christo has in the past surrounded eleven Miami islands with floating skirts of pink synthetics and wrapped a Parisian bridge, Gulliver-like, with ropes and huge bolts of golden cloth. For his next project he plans to adorn two valleys, one north of Tokyo and the other north of Los Angeles, with thousands of gigantic translucent umbrellas blue and yellow, respectively, to explore with his typical Pop aplomb the topographical and cultural contrasts between Japan and California. Target date: autumn 1990.

CHASTISED

The small but resonant voice of Roz Chast, poetic absurdist and subtle critic of consumerism, rings true in *Mondo Boxo* (Harper & Row, $15.95), her latest collection of cartoon parables. A frequent contributor to *The New Yorker*, Chast at book length explores such phenomena as "The Store of Doom" ("It has been at least six different stores in the last eight years. . . . Is there some ancient merchant's curse on the building?"), "Ordering Chinese" ("Things One Never Orders: Braised Calf Brain in Happy Sauce"), and "Maids from Space" ("All they said was, 'We're from the Agency.' "). Her fondness for the America of canned peaches, long car rides, and family picnics strikes a plangent note with its implicit critique of fast-track life in the Age of Gentrification.

DO DRIP IN

In 1946, Abstract Expressionist pioneers Jackson Pollock and his wife, Lee Krasner (in Hans Namuth's 1950 photo, below), bought property in East Hampton, New York, and in their studios created paintings that profoundly influenced the direction of 20th-century art, including his *Autumn Rhythm*, 1950, far right. As the Pollock Krasner House and Study Center, they will open in June by appointment. For information call (516) 324-4929.

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A couple of hours down from Riverside you tip over the San Ysidro Mountains and drop into the Anza-Borrego Desert. The day before I left Riverside the temperature had reached 108 degrees even though it was the start of October. Slowly the brown smog thinned out. Above Mount Palomar hung the plume of a forest fire. My spirits began to lighten, like any fugitive fleeing the cities of the plain. “In the mountains, there you feel free,” T. S. Eliot wrote in The Waste Land, and he could not have been more wrong. Mountains spell the inexpressible tedium of the conifer, chalets, goose-down parkas, mulled wine, dirndl, alpenstock, and the unlovely aesthetics of ski culture. Deserts have not thus been subdued and shamed.

From the crest of the mountains the road winds down into Borrego Springs, and the textures and hues of desert light and landscape assert themselves: pointed yucca blades, tall stalks of agave; farther down on the desert floor the tints of cacti, mesquite; everywhere tints of olive and sage, ocher, umber, and gray. The colors are relatively restrained in October, far from the vivid eruptions of spring, when from February into May one can see the vermillion of the desert mariposa, the crimson magenta of the hedgehog cactus, the blue of desert asters, the yellow of the flannel bush. In the desert one is always conscious of the receding planes of landscape and color: the buff slab of hillside, rusting desert sands, purple rim of mountain. The tones compose themselves into a music of time. What one is perceiving is a landscape still young enough to be under duress, like a human face in the middle of the journey.

In its terminal stages, desert is flat, featureless, drab, like nineteenth-century lithographs inhabited by eremites or John the Baptist. As Edmund C. Jaeger remarks in his fine book The California Deserts, “It is only because our deserts are, physiographically speaking, so very young that we have such varied topography, such a variety of structural details.”

The Anza-Borrego Desert, like the rest of coastal and paracoastal California, is heading slowly, very slowly, toward Alaska, tossed to and fro on the San Andreas fault line, whose effects etch the landscape, giving one an intimacy with time both tranquil and simultaneously violent. Deserts carry this sort of paradox in their iconography: an association with spiritual self-laceration, purgatorial treks, death—yet also a reputation as repositories of spiritual uplift and sensual fulfillment, the most famous recipient being Diana Mayo in E. M. Hull’s The Sheik, where the highborn Englishwoman found “her heart was given for all time to the ferocious desert man.”

The bighorn sheep up Palm Canyon just north of the Visitor Center were feel-
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ing as Randy as Diana Mayo the weekend I was there. Trudging up the canyon, I suddenly looked up and saw a bighorn—*borrego* in Spanish—determinedly chasing a ewe along the hillside. Viewed by four of his companions, he kept up the pursuit for half an hour. His hooves and those of his consort cluttered on the rocks.

Down in the Visitor Center, beautifully designed by the architect Robert Ferris and dedicated in 1979, there were skulls of *borregos* long gone. A member of the park's staff told me that the bighorn population was in slow decline under pressure from an increasingly arid climate, livestock viruses, hunters, and other human encroachment.

The pressure is on the *borrego* and other inhabitants of the desert. Just as mountains were a preeminent parable for man in the late-nineteenth-century industrial age, clamoring to Promethean heights, so do deserts now most aptly capture our modern dilemma. In *Drylands*, the ravishing collection of Philip Hyde's photographs, David Rains Wallace writes, "Far from being the wave of the future, deserts may always be sideshows, striptease acts wherein Earth temporarily shocks her blue-green mantle in order to speed up evolutionary pulse rates. If one possible environmental scenario occurs, deserts may disappear rapidly. A greenhouse effect from massive fossil fuel pollution of the atmosphere could melt the polar ice caps and cover much of North America's present land mass with shallow seas. Then even the Rockies, Sierra Nevada, and Cascades might not stop increased rainfall from spreading grassland and forest over the deepest strongholds of sagebrush, saguaro and yucca." Wallace adds hastily, "I have trouble believing this," but his belated optimism seems feigned and the gloom more genuine. In ecological terms deserts are already functioning under extreme tension, making the best of very little: the flora and fauna adapted to scint water and food. Here man can destroy with ease, most visibly in Anza-Borrego with the "all-terrain vehicles" smashing their way through the vegetation.

As I drove along, I could see torn-up slabs of desert, wrecked by these machines. A year earlier, driving across the desert, I'd seen the headlights of these vehicles scything across the evening sky and heard bursts of gunfire as these weekend Rambo's fueled their fantasies, swooping up and down the dunes.

From Palm Canyon I headed east toward the Salton Sea, another testament of the rapid motions of time in the Colorado Desert. A thousand years ago, driving across the Salton Sink, filling it to a depth of 83 feet over a length of 45 miles. The sea, shimmering in the heat, was fringed on its north side by date palms, the fruit clusters shielded by conical hats of paper. The dates were large and moist, and I ate several. The store in Mecca was plastered with photographs of triumphant fishermen looting their prey, seized from Salton's exceptionally salty waters.

I turned west and, near Ocotillo Wells, came on a marker commemorating the expedition of Juan Bautista de Anza, which had passed that way in 1775. Anza blazed the first overland route to upper California with his accompanying padre Francisco Garces and Pedro Font, guiding the colonists who assisted in the founding of San Francisco.

With Anza we meet the prime victims of the fragile desert ecology, the Indians, starting with the Yuma, who, Anza claimed, "went naked and did up their hair with mud and a silvery-looking powder into elaborate coiffures and slept sitting up so as not to disturb them." Cried Father Garces, "Oh, what a vast heathendom! Oh, what lands so suitable for missions! Oh, what a heathendom so docile!" Garces was later clubbed to death by those same docile Yuma Indians rendered desperate and resentful by the depredations of the emigrants and their military escorts.

Anza's monument was surrounded by trash. I headed south along a dirt road, looking for the ancient shoreline along which I could supposedly find
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fossil shells. The sun was high now, bouncing off the roof of my old 1964 Chrysler Newport station wagon. The guidebook to the park had been full of counsel about four-wheel drive, chicken wire to guard against wheel spins, radios, and so forth. The soft-sprung car whacked down on a stone, and alarming noises came from the clutch. I had visions of a long and awful trudge six miles back to the hardtop road. The ancient shoreline seemed nowhere in evidence. The Fish Creek Mountains, repository of Indian sites and fossils, gleamed bleakly to my west. My nerve failed, and I gingerly turned the car and headed back to pitch camp in Yaqui Well. Settled in my tent near the derelict waterworks of earlier Indian inhabitants, I read some of the history of the Cahuilla, the most formidable engineers of the region. That history is as bleak a reminder of Caucasian brutality as any west of the Rockies.

In 1851 the Indians of southern California followed the example of the founding fathers and fought against taxation without representation, planning a rebellion under the leadership of the Indian patriot Garra. The Cahuillas were kept out of the revolt by their chief, Juan Antonio, misguided friend to the white man. Garra was captured with the help of Juan Antonio, taken to San Diego, blindfolded, and stood in his own grave. He laughed at his executioners as the bullets cut him down.

There is a terrible pathos to Juan Antonio’s faith in the good intentions of the white man. He once stated in a white man’s court that “I am an American—my people are all Americans, although we are Indians. If we should hear of armed men in these mountains, we should come and tell you and help fight with you. This is our country and it’s yours. We are your friends; we want you to be ours.” In 1862 smallpox hit Los Angeles and quickly spread through southern California. The Cahuilla were particularly afflicted since no effort had been made to vaccinate them. Those who could fled to mountain homes, thus dispersing the disease further. Juan Antonio caught smallpox in San Timoteo Canyon and died. A district judge had this to say about the white man’s trusty ally: “Old Juan Antonio and four other Indians have died of smallpox and I have been informed
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that the bodies have not been buried and that they are being mutilated by hogs and dogs. Of course it is a matter of much annoyance to the whites in that neighborhood. Where is our Indian agent?"

The poor Cahuillas! They revered life. Under Spanish rule the Indian population in California was reduced by 72 percent, during the Mexican period by 31 percent, and under the Americans, from 1848 to 1880, a further 82 percent.

There's nowhere better to camp than a desert. Mountains are damp, and their air filled with mosquitoes. The desert is dry. The sky was like a black colander held up against a silver light. There were noises, and from time to time I dreamed they could be the murderous footfalls of the only other man in the canyon, the bearded occupant of an old VW bus marked a mile down the trail.

Dawn in the desert is magical; fresh and fragrant with the silence—actually manifold minute noises of desert nature—humming in my ears. I packed up and drove toward the more human landscape in the park, the badlands.

A third of Anza-Borrego is composed of badlands, or ancient sediments. Here are truly desertlike wastes of mud, but, as Mark C. Jorgensen writes in Anza-Borrego, a fine photographic record by Paul R. Johnson, "tilted ridges devoid of plant life stand in the glaring sun today where ten million years ago [there was] a teeming ocean reef." The seas gave way to savannas, which in turn slowly dried to the present texture of Anza-Borrego, under and atop whose surface lie fossils of mammoth, giant zebra, yet more gigantic camel. The badlands looked pretty bleak.

I started down toward a canyon floor, but the clay crumbled easily and I had visions of ending up as an object of fossilized curiosity for scientific expeditions in the very distant future. It was time to be heading north again anyway. I headed back up toward Hemet with the slightly dissociated feeling of having been on a novel sensory wavelength with eyes attuned to ranges of color and texture more delicately varied than the normal visual diet.

"Man" in the form of late-twentieth-century Californian civilization soon made its appearance, rendered singularly unwelcome by the solitude and calm of Anza-Borrego. Alongside the mountain roads to Hemet were already staked out the retirement hamlets and planned communities inching their way east, consequence of the great housing boom slowly surrounding Anza-Borrego. The air thickened and the heat grew as Riverside loomed nearer. No one can leave a desert and approach a city without a sense of loss of the kind expressed by Richard Shleton and attached as an epigraph to The Monkey Wrench Gang by that great memorialist of the desert Edward Abbey, "... oh my desert/yours is the only death I cannot bear."
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AN ARTIST’S EYE

While building an extraordinary collection, Claire Zeisler discovered her own creative gifts

By Colin Westerbeck

That Claire Zeisler became a collector was something of a coincidence, a lucky mix of opportunity and circumstance. That she became an artist was inevitable. The collecting was, even if she didn’t know it at the time, mere preparation for the higher calling that her own art has become. She is 84 now, and there was a gap of some thirty years between the time she became a collector and the time she began to take her own work as a fabric artist seriously. Although she was trained first as a weaver, she now refers to herself as a fiber sculptor and creates freestanding pieces in unfinished materials like hemp or jute. She is one of a handful of people working in fabric who have elevated it from a craft to a modern art form, as her retrospectives in the past decade at the Art Institute of Chicago and the Whitney Museum in New York have acknowledged.

As a collector, Zeisler is atypical, even eccentric, because she hasn’t specialized in one area. Collectors usually concentrate on a single category of art that they can then fill up, like a coffer, until they are the one person to whom every important dealer, historian, and curator in that field comes to pay homage instead. Zeisler has bought on impulse with an eclectic eye and the absolute egotism of an artist. On the one hand, she has a kind of modesty characteristic of artists, a refusal to indulge in connoisseurship or pretensions where art is concerned.

This is the genius of her collection, which is in its range and variety a miniature version of the kind that a world-class museum might have. It contains arts both modern and primitive, objects ranging from a 3,500-year-old mummified bird to an inscribed bench made the year before last by conceptual artist Jenny Holzer. Speaking of the effect her collecting has had on her own art, Zeisler says, “I think it freed me.” But the reverse is also true. Having the instincts of an artist, even before she actually became one, freed her to be the inspired collector she is.

When I visited her Chicago apartment, the first piece we talked about was an alabaster sculpture by Henry Moore. It turned out to be the first work of art she bought, and she thinks it may even be the first Henry Moore ever acquired by an American. She and her husband, she says, “literally carried it home on our backs” after a trip to England in 1932. The man to whom she was married then was the late Harold Florsheim, an heir to the shoe fortune. Apparently he was such a workaholic that there was rarely time for the two of them to travel. When she did finally get to Europe, she decided to make the most of it. She also bought another Moore on that trip, which she has since traded away. Once she was back home in suburban Chicago, she continued to buy modern art. With the guidance of dealer Katharine Kuh, she acquired paintings by Klee, Picasso, Ernst, and other twentieth-century masters who were at that time still relatively unknown in America.

Over the years her collection has remained consistently strong in Modernism of this classic type. Some of the most significant changes in her holdings have come about through trades. “Many times I didn’t spend a nickel on...”
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new things," she told me, pointing out as an example the painting that may well be the most important she owns, Joan Miro's *Le Gendarme* of 1925. Her desire to collect modern works of such heroic scale has been limited only by the size of her apartment. When I asked her whether she ever put pieces in storage in order to make room for new ones, she replied emphatically, "I hate that. I don't want anything in the closets except my old clothes."

As superb a collection of modern art as hers is, however, it is the primitive pieces that bowl you over when you walk into the apartment. Again, the first she told me about was the first she had acquired. She had gone into the back room of a New York gallery to close a deal on a modern work, and this piece was sitting on the desk. She still remembers the dealer because she thought he had such a wonderful name: Valentine Dudensing. She also remembers that Rene d'Harnoncourt, director of the Museum of Modern Art at the time, loved the piece and included it in an exhibition. "That made me feel good," she says, "because I'd taken one look at it and said, 'Oh, marvelous!' and bought it, the way I do mostly."

The piece is a large carved wooden hook from which meats were hung, to keep them out of reach of rats, in men's clubs along the Sepik River in New Guinea. She carefully sounds out the name, "Sep-ick or See-pick, however you pronounce it." In general she is not concerned with the esoterica surrounding the things she owns. They are for Zeisler not ethnographic artifacts but forms of pure imagery. She has no desire to hover over them as a curator or anthropologist might. She wants only to absorb them, to incorporate them into her own sensibility, as Picasso did with the African masks that had such a profound impact on his art.

Besides, she wisely mistrusts the kind of erudition that dealers dispense in order to make the things they sell seem more significant to the buyer. The stories that remain vivid for her involve the sighting and subsequent purchase of an object, such as the time she saw a ceremonial axhead being used as a paperweight at a hotel in Guatemala. Although she pays through her driver resulted in the information that it was not for sale—how else could one keep the papers from blowing away?—she persisted until a price was at last set. It was $15. "I love stories like that," she explains. "I never forget them." Her pleasure is clearly not at the price so much as at the adventure of acquiring.

This is not to say that she has not relished a bargain in her time. The Sepik River piece was had for $450, and she pointed out another, a warrior's shield from the Solomon Islands of museum quality, which she bought for $45. The fact that such things were unappreciated and, therefore, undervalued, allowed her to collect with abandon. She explains, "In those days you didn't have to be serious about collecting. Because things were so cheap, you could have a lot of fun with it, and that's what I liked." Until the sixties, her biggest problem was being able to find primitive objects at all. She once made a trip to Oakland, California, because she had heard that a dealer there had some baskets woven by the Pomo Indians and other tribes. The woman lamented that she had foolishly taken a consignment of fifty and hadn't been able to sell even one, so Zeisler bought the lot.

The unusual find, the unique object, is what she really has a passion for: the Corinthian battle helmet from the fourth century B.C., the pair of Song dynasty bowls still in their clay firing molds, the Tibetan libation cup made from a human skull lined with silver, the polished penis bone of a walrus from Alaska. Perhaps it was to find more material of this caliber as well as to fend off her loneliness that she began to travel extensively after the death of her second husband, Ernest Zeisler, 25 years ago. "I have the impression that Claire has made an inventory of every bazaar on earth and knows three quarters of the junk dealers and antiquities by their first names," says Sheila Hicks, a Paris-based fiber artist who is a close friend and has been Zeisler's traveling companion on trips to Mexico, Egypt, Morocco, Afghanistan, and other exotic places.

Despite the quality of Zeisler's collection, you don't feel as if you must speak in hushed tones when you enter her apartment. There's no aura of preciousness about the place, nor is there any taint of the purist about Zeisler herself. She carries this unpretentious, down-to-earth attitude she has about collecting over into her own work. When I asked her about the brilliant colors of the threads with which she wrapped knotted strands of jute in one of her pieces, I expected to learn about some rare hand-dyed silk. "Oh no," she replied, "that stuff is polyester. I buy it at the dime store because you just can't find brighter colors, and, you know, they never fade." Thread of this sort has also been used in one of the several pieces of her own that are on exhibit in the apartment, a heavy vestment knotted from jute. It's something...
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of a revelation because directly opposite it in her study is a very similar garment from New Guinea, confirming the continuity between the things she buys and the things she makes. It crystallized for me the feeling I had had, ever since I arrived, that for all its idiosyncrasy her collection has an extraordinary coherence.

Looking back now, Zeisler says that her education as an artist began almost a half century ago when she studied under Russian sculptor Alexander Archipenko at the Institute of Design, the Chicago school to which László Moholy-Nagy had attracted many former members of the Bauhaus. But the truth is that the course of her life was set even earlier, at the moment when it first came into her head that she ought to collect art. Zeisler herself touches upon the common theme that links the collector with the artist when she says of her own works, “What I am searching for in them are my roots.” This is the quest on which a great deal of the art of this century has gone. From the period before World War I until well after World War II, there was a feeling among artists that civilization had become self-destructive. Their goal, consequently, was to go back and recover what was elemental and durable in human nature that had been lost. From this their interest in tribal art naturally followed.

Although the pattern of development that Zeisler’s career has had is somewhat different, the end result has been the same. This is why none of the objects in her collection seem to clash with one another. Despite the array of styles, periods, media, and cultures that hits you when you walk in, the place isn’t cluttered. In fact, it has a certain calmness. It has about it that atmosphere of reconciliation which modern artists are sometimes able to impose on the chaotic world around them.
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I suppose you could say that I decided to visit Guadeloupe as a gesture of support for its efforts to celebrate female chefs. Sure, I figured on polishing off a good number of stuffed crabs while I was in the area, but that was all part of the celebration.

As someone with a special devotion to women cooks, I have always thought of Guadeloupe as the one and true table. Think of a Caribbean island that has as its major annual event every August a fête des cuisinières at which several dozen women chefs put together a five-hour banquet of Creole specialties—after having visited the cathedral to ask the blessing of Saint Laurent, patron saint of cooks. I can't believe going to the Caribbean in August for a five-hour Creole banquet.

The mere existence of the fête des cuisinières as the most important event of the year is an indication that these people have their priorities in order. It's the sort of thing that can make you wonder why vacationers spend so much time in places where the major annual event is a horse race or the opening of Parliament. It's certainly the sort of thing that makes me wonder why so much of my time in the Caribbean has been spent in former British colonies where the chefs are looked after by Saint Nigel, the Anglican saint of gray meat and veggies.

I am, after all, someone who celebrated female chefs even during the early years of the women's movement, when reaction against the old saw about a woman's place being in the kitchen was so strong that feminist friends attacked me for my efforts to get Mrs. Lisa Mosca of Mosca's restaurant in Waggaman, Louisiana, the Nobel Prize for the perfection of her baked oysters. It was during those years that my friend William Edgett Smith, a man with a Naugahyde palate, proudly took us to a restaurant run by some sort of radical feminist collective—this place had a name something like Juno's Revenge—and seemed stunned when I informed him, halfway through the main course, that the restaurant had obviously been founded to eradicate the false notion that women can, by nature, cook.

The extremes of that period are now no more than historical footnotes—although occasionally, when there's a
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sudden shift in the weather, I can still taste the burnt crust of Juno's truly horrifying chicken potpie. In Guadeloupe it seemed perfectly natural for me to be sitting at Chez Violetta and admiring the awards and honors that the proprietress displays on the walls. The proprietress, Violetta Saint-Phor, happens to be this year's president of the organization of women chefs known as L'Association Mutualiste des Cuisinieres. A group picture taken of the association at the annual festival was among the decorations on the wall along with a huge color picture of Violetta Saint-Phor herself, dressed in the bright print dress and madras head-dress traditional among the women chefs of Guadeloupe. Looking around, it occurred to me that eating at Chez Violetta was something like eating at one of those restaurants that display the name and trophies of some hero like Joe DiMaggio or Stan Musial. But that was before I tasted the maté de crabe—a dish that might be described as a sort of crab stew, in the sense that a particularly stunning bouillabaisse served on the Marseilles docks might be described as a sort of fish soup. Once I had tasted the maté de crabe, I was reminded of a significant difference between the celebrity of Violetta Saint-Phor and the celebrity of someone like Joe DiMaggio or Stan Musial: Violetta Saint-Phor did not become renowned for runs batted in.

Sitting there at Chez Violetta with my family, finishing up the maté de crabe with the serving spoon, I suppose I felt that I had finally come to a place where women chefs were given the recognition they deserve. For me it had been a long journey. I don't speak only of my attempt to get the Nobel Prize for Mrs. Mosca—an unsuccessful attempt, as it turned out, since they gave it to Kissinger that year. Despite having my efforts completely ignored by the city officials of Kansas City, my own hometown, I have struggled for years to have a major Missouri River bridge named after the late Chicken Betty Lucas, the legendary panfrier of Midwestern poultry. It was I who risked embarrassment in front of his colleagues by running out of adjectives to describe the fried dorado produced by the Barbadian women who cook over wood fires late at night on Baxter's Road in Bridgetown—standing there in the dark as if practicing a forbidden religion in a country where the British colonial administration left the natives thoroughly grounded in English cooking as a punishment for consistently winning cricket matches against the people who taught them the game. I was the tourist in Martinique who spent much of his beach time composing a poem for the brilliant Mrs. Palladino ("I left no smidgen of your pigeon"). I was the lone voice trying to have a special Italian-American Friendship medal struck for the proprietress of a restaurant not far from Silena called Villa Miranda—a woman who could be called the Chicken Betty of lower Tuscany. It was I who campaigned to get a statue built on Fifth Avenue of Edna Lewis's corn bread (the opposition said that corn bread made out of granite was bound to look dry). I was the one who argued that, contrary to an official proclamation of the city of Buffalo, Frank Bellissimo, the proprietor of the Anchor Bar, cannot be considered the inventor of Buffalo chicken wings simply because he said to his wife, Theresa, one evening something like, "Why don't you make something special for the boys?" (As I pointed out at the time, the inventor of the airplane was not the person who told Wilbur and Orville Wright that it might be nice to have a machine that could fly.) I've been active.

I know that some people—particularly people who know the way I've always carried on about how sad it is that there's no Italian West Indies—think might have been avoiding Guadeloupe because it is officially a part of France to which I have had an unkind word or two in the past. Not so. I am not one of those Americans who was permanently disillusioned by the discovery that the only Frenchman who has ever been anything like the Frenchman in Hollywood movies, the charming and debonair Maurice Chevalier, was in fact the charming and debonair Maurice Chevalier. I have forgiven the French a lot; usually at mealtime. As it happens, I remained absolutely calm when, the moment we arrived in Guadeloupe, I realized that the line for passport control was in the customary shape of a French line—a triangle, with the base of the triangle where business was being conducted. The line looked so French that when we finally reached the immigration officer, I half expected him to shuffle around some papers to get the fourteen carbons straight, hold a scratchy pen above them, and ask something like, "Grandmuzzer's maiden name?"

He didn't, of course. People who live in Guadeloupe—I suppose they could be called Guadeloupiais—although I like the sound of Guadelouppeans—speak French, but not in a way that makes them terribly concerned with the imperfections of your pronunciation. They don't seem to care much about your grandmuzzer's maiden name either. Although Guadeloupe is closely connected with metropolitan France in any number of ways, it's more than 4,000 miles from Paris; obviously only a limited number of its residents can afford to go to the elite universities there for the postgraduate course in essential rudeness. On the other hand, everyone seems to be able to do flawless French fries. As we were digging into the pommes frites we bought one day from an outdoor stand in Gosier, a little town near the line of beach hotels just east of Pointe-à-Pitre, I had to acknowledge that there was a certain nobility in the French having spread the French-frying skill around the world when the English were spending a lot of time and energy try-
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It was I who campaigned to get a statue built on Fifth Avenue of Edna Lewis’s corn bread

_lambi_ was excellent. So were the French fries. “This is an island where you can get conch sausage at a beach canteen,” I informed my daughters. “What else is there to say?”

One day we went by boat to Terre-de-Haut, the main island of Les Saintes, a cluster of tiny islands seven miles off the tip of Guadeloupe. Terre-de-Haut has its charms—terrible beaches, a picturesque village filled with gingerbread bungalows—but it’s not the sort of place where a traveler would expect a great variety of foodstuffs. It’s remote. Virtually nothing is grown on it. Its natural supply of fresh water never varies: none. As we disembarked, children came to peddle a delicious coconut pastry that’s a specialty of the island; for lunch we ate another specialty, smoked fish. All of that was fine. But what truly impressed me was the menu of a simple restaurant called Chez Janine which we passed on the harbor as we were walking back to the boat. It listed codfish fritters, stuffed crab, beignets of aubergine, Creole sausage, crudités, tomato salad, goat curry, chicken curry, court bouillon of fish, fricassee of conch, fricassee of octopus, ragout of goat, grilled fish, grilled chicken, pork chops, aubergine au gratin, christophine au gratin, papayas au gratin, puree of breadfruit, two kinds of rice, banana flambé, coconut flan, and banana beignets. At the side of the building there was a sign that announced the availability of take-out French fries.

On Guadeloupe itself, of course, that sort of variety was commonplace. I would get up in the morning and read out loud down a list of the restaurant proprietresses just to let myself know the possibilities for the day: “Prudence Marcelin of Chez Prudence-Folie Plage, Felicite Doloir of Le Bar, Lucienne Salcede of Le Karocoli, Jeanne Carmelite in August. I also decided to compose a poem to Clara Lesueur; I long to roost Near your kitchen.

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GARDEN PLEASURES

GARDEN IN THYME
Taming the unruly ankle-deep scented lawn
By Patricia Thorpe

When I was a young and foolish gardener and believed everything Vita Sackville-West wrote, I gave her credit for inventing the thyme lawn. This is not so surprising when you read in V. Sackville-West’s Garden Book how she congratulates herself on this:

“I had what I thought might be a bright idea... I decided I must have something very low growing... and dabbled in lots and lots of thyme, and now have a sort of a lawn which, while it is densely flowering in purple and red, looks like a Persian carpet... It is so seldom that one’s experiments in gardening are wholly successful.”

Certainly she had what I as a neophyte gardener did not: a knowledge of the English garden tradition, during several hundred years of which thyme lawns and chamomile seats were tossed about the landscape as casually as picnic rugs or lawn chairs. But it has always been one of Vita Sackville-West’s great talents—along with borrowing somebody else’s good ideas—to take a fairly obvious thought and make it sound irresistibly charming, and the thyme lawn, coming at the moment it did ten years ago, sounded just that way to me.

We were at that time struggling with a rocky and mostly vertical backyard in upstate New York which I proposed to turn into an herb garden. Harry was responding to the endless stream of rocks from what might become beds by creating a complicated series of terraces and paths enclosed by a low stone wall. How nice it would be, we agreed, to have a soft and scented “Persian carpet” of thyme. The fairly sharp slope and small size of the plot would make mowing an ordinary lawn here very awkward, but both these factors would work in favor of the thyme, which, Vita assures us, would never need mowing and would thrive on this south-facing well-drained site. During these speculative discussions the low wall continued inexorably upward until we discovered we had neatly enclosed our imaginary carpet leaving an opening barely wide enough to admit one slim gardener with hand shears. Well, mowing was now definitely not an option, and the view on the thyme lawn shifted from the feeling that it might possibly be a charming idea to the slightly grim determination that it had better be.

Vita spoke of dabbled in lots of plants, but faced with 200 square feet of raw soil and the size of a $2.50 plant, seed was clearly our choice, which turned out to be surprisingly easy to locate. We removed, or so we thought, all the grass from the area, lightly roughed up the surface with a pick, spread a lot of lime, and sowed our seed. In one area I mixed in the chamomile seeds as well and in a few selected spots added a dash of the red-flowered variety, T. serpyllum coccineus. As I remember, we were rash enough to embark on this in midsummer. But rainfall and cool weather

The catalogue for Burnett Brothers—now, alas, no longer a retail seed business—offered, in their succinct fashion, “Thyme, for lawns,” and it looked as if they had been selling it this way since at least the nineteenth century. A fleeting suspicion of Vita crossed my mind. Here I was sidetracked by an equally terse suggestion, “Chamomile, for lawns,” and thought, why not?

Soil preparation was minimal—all writers on herbs insist on their indifference to soil conditions, and this seemed the time to prove it. We removed, or so we thought, all the grass from the area, lightly roughed up the surface with a pick, spread a lot of lime, and sowed our seed. In one area I mixed in the chamomile seeds as well and in a few selected spots added a dash of the red-flowered variety, T. serpyllum coccineus. As I remember, we were rash enough to embark on this in midsummer. But rainfall and cool weather
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GARDEN PLEASURES

were with us, and thyme makes few demands about germination, so we soon had the beginning of our lawn. The thyme-chamomile mix by early fall had the amazing rich tones and textures of a seventeenth-century tapestry: I preened myself for going Vita one better with this combination. The following spring proved my delight premature: the chamomile was transformed from a dense woolly carpet into scrawny upright stems attempting to bloom. By then the thyme was in full force and swept over these pathetic stalks in a wave.

This was the amazing thing about the thyme lawn, and I began to wonder if I had misunderstood something very basic along the way. I for one have never seen a Persian carpet eight inches deep or one that threw up hills and sprays, engulfed small shrubs, and welled up over stepping stones. Nothing could have been further from the meek bulb-starred mat I was expecting, and it seemed to typify in some ways the enormous differences between English and American gardens. This so-called lawn was not in the least well behaved—great sections winter-killed, leaving tough blackened stems over bare earth, while in other areas it raced out to take over beds of unsuspecting annuals. One thing it obviously needed was a good mowing, and another, as it turned out—how had Vita failed to mention this?—was fairly persistent weeding, certainly until the cover was dense and uniform enough to hold its own. Vigorous though it undoubtedly was, it did not lie down flat, it did not roll to cover an inch of rock a year. The tiny crowded carpet sustained under control.) Cut the plants back carefully to level the surface will probably never be rolled. Your thyme may migrate to other parts of the garden; just pull up these escapes and use the plants to fill bare patches.

I finally got to Sissinghurst and saw Vita’s “bright idea.” It has nothing in common with my swirling ankle-deep mass. The flat perfect carpet lies neatly inside its boundaries, and its smooth surface will probably never be rolled upon by a cat or a houseguest. Frankly it looks a little boring, and it would have been completely at odds with our garden and our landscape. Sometimes the mistakes we come to live with suit us better than our successes would have ever done.

For other foolhardy amateurs, a few words of advice. Be sure you can mow your lawn. It will need it only once or twice a year (do not cut too soon before flowering). Occasional rolling with a big lawn roller might help flatten it. You can grow patches of thyme in your ordinary lawn, but if you mow too often, it won’t bloom. Mowing is best with a very sharp power mower—hand mowers tend to pull too much or merely bend over the wiry stems without cutting. (I am still cutting mine with a hand shears and never really get it.) Cut the plants back, and this works beautifully.
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WAGNERIAN DRAMA

Seventy-four drawings and sketches by Otto Wagner (1841-1918), the influential Viennese architect who successfully merged art with engineering at the turn of the century, are on view at the Drawing Center in New York until January 16. Drawings, sketches, and watercolors compellingly illustrate Wagner's integration of stringent lines and bold cubic forms with glittering materials and ornament. Even rarer in architectural drawings are the elegantly rendered people in period dress who occupy his evocative urban spaces. Suzanne Stephens


Top: Otto Wagner, house of the architect, Vienna, 1912, perspective. Above: Detail.

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**DRAWING DIVINITY**


**TEUTON COMMENTS**

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**PIECED OFFERINGS**

Homage to the Quilt," at New York's American Craft Museum till January 10, features twelve splendid coverlets (Susan Arrowood's c. 1895 quilt, above) from the Museum of American Folk Art. They are juxtaposed with 35 winners from the "Quilt National '87," a biennial competition sponsored by the Dairy Barn Arts Center in Athens, Ohio, promoting quilting as a contemporary art form. D.B.

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**NEW YORK**

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For 135 years these apartments on New Orleans's Jackson Square have been the best address in the Quarter—even when there was no such thing

By Stephen Drucker

I once heard New Orleans described as a “grande dame with dirty fingernails,” but it was my first visit to the city's celebrated Pontalba apartments that really drove the point home. Peeling paint, bare bulbs, open storm drains, and tipsy stairs led the way to well-bred rooms filled with polished mahogany and immaculate white sailcloth upholstery. This, I said to myself, must be an acquired taste.

It's a taste that seems to agree with New Orleans. For 135 years the Pontalba buildings have been the best address in the French Quarter, though it should be said that at times there has been no such thing as a best address in the French Quarter. The buildings are known for large rooms, high ceilings, low rents, and a long waiting list. A lease to one of the 72 apartments is considered a great prize, most often won by pulling the right political or social string.

The Pontalba buildings are strictly for people who can't get enough of the Quarter. They face each other across Jackson Square, probably the finest urban square in America and certainly the least American-looking one. It is the spiritual heart of New Orleans, jammed on an average day with street musicians, fire-eaters, jugglers, portrait painters, and drunken students singing “Bulldog,” all to the accompaniment of cathedral bells and a somewhat manic riverboat calliope. Every apartment in the Pontalbas has a balcony with a view of this immense outdoor party, which can start at dawn and end after midnight. Living there, one actually begins to feel a little like the host.

Because of the noise and the transients and the drinking in the streets, the Quarter is generally regarded as a place to live for a year or two. Until you grow up. It's certainly not thought of as a place to raise children. "Uptown is William Faulkner, downtown is Tennessee Williams," as one tenant summed up his neighbors: bad-boy yuppies, middle-aged couples smoking pot on their balconies, elderly people who've been bucking the Uptown order all their lives. In the Quarter, they can be naughty.

The buildings were created by a woman who was frequently described to me as the "closest the South ever came to a real Scarlett O'Hara." Her name was Micaela Almonester, and today's tenants are happy to recount the key points of her life: she always got what she wanted; she didn't want to marry her cousin, Célestin de Pontalba, even though the union of two rich and powerful
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The Lower Pontalba belongs to the state of Louisiana, the Upper to the city of New Orleans. They're a bit like identical twins raised by different parents.

Virtually one商店 they were married, her name-in-law tried to kill her. But even then she prevailed. Michelle ran into trouble in the smash her father-in-law wounded up next, and her husband insisted the twin of baptism.

It took no less than the determination of the new husband to complete Jackson Square. When she was a child in New Orleans, the square had been a parceled ground leading from the Mississippi River to the three great civic buildings of the city: St. Louis Cathedral, the Cabildo, and the Presbytère. When Michelle married and moved to France, she visited the Palace Royal and the place des Vosges in Paris and was inspired enough to return to New Orleans someday to finish the square with two monumental neoclassical buildings. Each would look like a palace but would contain sixteen private row houses—for the business of rent, of course.

As was the style, the business brought architects like James Gallier Sr. and later Howard F. W. and contractors and strictly the two men tumbling together everything she wanted, which is more or less the way we see the square today. So be sure that she never be forgotten for her work. She had a total 1,000 for the buildings, she had the initials A. P.—for the family, Gallier, and Pontalba—cut into the iron railings of the galleries.

The buildings were completed in 1853 and had new grand prospects. Fashionable, years before the Civil War brought陈某人 revolution in their times. Clement and the Pontalba never turned themselves in. They divided the two houses as an arrangement apartment between one of the Pontalbenes. The other two other houses have been used as a dance and the third as a row house.

The Quarters received a different judgment than the Pontalba Square until the 1880s when artists began to move into the area and respectable people started strolling there. As the Quarters received, a historic preservation movement began to grow, and the Pontalba apartments were ultimately moved away from the Pontalba heirs. In 1930 the Lower Pontalba (now the downtown side of the square) was taken over to the Louisiana State Museum, which continues to manage it. In 1930 the Upper Pontalba was returned to the city of New Orleans, its original tenant, since then they've been a bit like identical twins raised by different parents.

Many of the Pontalba tenants are amoral, and many remember moving into quite a different place from what they find themselves in now. Among them are a couple of small children, and Jane Taylor who moved into their building soon after World War II. Their apartment, along with all the apartments in the government-owned buildings, had been renovated by the WPA, but a decade earlier it was a drab interior, not as especially memorable historically with such details as a gold-tiled bathroom, mosaic floors of marble, and a modern kitchen in the slave quarters, and a so-called French-line preservationism that's exactly what it is, and the reverse-bungee city is eager to recreate the Pontalbas and raise the rent, but the building has served the 100 well.

From years ago the Tournes moved into a neighborhood, but today they live in a historic zone. The opening room came in 1925, when Jackson Square became a traffic-free pedestrian mall and there was no stopping the stores selling puppets and ice cream and chocolate-chip cookies. "Bonfire," says Mrs. Taylor, "now there's a word that sends me into a frenzy.

On one day I visited the couple, there were carousels spinning on their heads by the street door and Jackson Square had been dedicated to the St. Louis was an event. Mrs. Taylor seemed to take it all in stride as she told me about how the Quarters used to be. Things were a bit southerly and a bit sweeter. You could hear the birds in the park. It smelled different—there were violets, and a breeze on the street I know it sounds strange, but over the sunshine was more beautiful."

There someone place at the Pontalba where life could possibly be called slow and sweet these days. At 140 N. Anne Street a house museum is maintained by the Louisiana State Museum, and three dollars will buy anybody a visit. It has been restored as it was before the Civil War. Instead of peeling paint, tourists see Baroness Pontalba's original color scheme of white-washed walls, built-in closets, crown moldings, and green faux-marble fireplances, as well as Roux's Revival parlor furniture and a chef's room filled with doll. For no three dollars you get the Pontalba's house as they are—pooling parlor, boat bulbs, stooshow, and all.
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BY TINA LEE

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January 1987
Oliver Hoare, in the Kensington house he shares with his family, carries on the British fascination with the East

BY EMMA SOAMES

Oliver and Diane Hoare and their children in the garden, which was designed by Cindy Simon.
Oliver and Diane Hoare have been married for nearly twelve years. He is an Islamic art dealer who worked at Christie's before becoming a private dealer. Diane is French and does not let down her countrywomen. I remember going to lunch with Diane in her parents' house on the avenue Foch when we were both schoolgirls. She was wearing Givenchy and smoking Kent cigarettes; I was wearing Biba.

Diane's father was the baron de Waldner, head of an old French Huguenot family whose title her brother Gérard has now inherited. Her mother, Lulu, is a famous gardener and a considerable eccentric. Diane was brought up in Paris by an English nanny and spent her childhood summers in the bracing air of Scotland with her maternal grandmother. "Ever since I can remember my mother and grandmother used to take me to museums and antiques shops rather than the zoo and the circus," she says.
Oliver's expertise in Islamic art is an obvious influence, but his eye ranges further too. "A dealer once told me that the function of a work of art is to make you dream. That's the best definition I've ever come across for my own taste.

Her taste developed at a tender age. She decorated her first apartment on the Left Bank with old English oak furniture she bought in London and a collection of turn-of-the-century French Mauritian portraits picked up one by one all over Paris.

Oliver's mother was a White Russian émigré who married a member of an English merchant bank where many of Oliver's relations still work. He was educated at Eton and then studied art at the Sorbonne before taking off to travel extensively in the Middle East. He worked at Christie's for seven years in the early seventies, which he could only afford to do by setting up his own company, Flying Carpet. He used to make weekend buying trips to the bazaars of Iran where he bought kilims.

When Diane and Oliver married, the very first objects they bought before they had any furniture or indeed even a house were the Moorish doors that are over the fireplace and the poppy wallhanging now in the drawing room. "We never even thought about where we were going to put them, but luckily the ceilings in the house were high enough." With such insouciance was this stunning house conceived.

The Hoares' house is an opulent depository of different collections. Oliver collects Islamic calligraphy. Diane collects Chinese narcissi pots. Together they have found a wonderful collection of giant objects—an outsize shoe (the mascot of a French shoe shop), a portrait of a giant. Then there are prayer beads, dervishes' chin rests, and camels. Despite all this, Diane insists that they are not collectors: "We do not invest in art. We never buy anything with a view to selling it. Everything in this house is purely for decor, nothing else."

Oliver's expertise in Islamic art is an obvious influence, but his eye ranges further too. "A dealer once told me that the function of a work of art is to make you dream. That's the best definition I've ever come across for my own taste." Indeed, the loftily high-ceilinged house is cool and quiet and full of things to inspire dreams. It totally absorbs the presence of two dogs, three children, and a small but comfortable staff. Diane's taste is more classic than her husband's—more avenue Foch than Fulham Road—but they complement each other throughout the house. "Where I would say they coincide most neatly is in the poppy hanging," says Diane of the massive wall-size hanging that originally was part of a Mughal picnic tent and takes up a whole wall of their drawing room. It is vast and delicately embroidered with red poppies on a cream background. "It really is a great re-

Islamic calligraphy—the center drawing is an angular Kufic design of a repeated word—and watercolors. Oriental paintings, and a row of dervishes' chin rests are above an 18th-century ormolu-mounted secrétaire in Oliver Hoare's study. On the desk, to the left, a collection of calligraphy tools.
The Hoare children, Olivia, Damian, and Tristan, and their parents in the Turkish pavilion-like conservatory with kilim-covered benches. On the table, a collection of Ottoman prayer beads, an Indian hubble-bubble, and a Turkish incense burner.

Opposite: Hat-covered Victorian stand in the hallway.
lief that it’s hanging here and not in a museum,” says Diane. “I believe objects should be used, not put away behind glass.” So downstairs in the dining room the tablecloth is a priceless Bokhara wallhanging on a gold background: “I’m sure it’s improved over the years from having a few bottles of wine thrown on it,” says Diane cheerfully.

Throughout the house there is an attention to detail and a high quality of finish that reflects Diane’s perfectionist French standards. This is complemented by Oliver’s contacts in the international art world. For his business he and David Sulzberger, his partner in Ahuan Art, travel all over the Middle East, the States, and Europe buying privately and selling mostly to museums and to “few private collectors, increasingly in the Middle East again.” The pursuit of dream-provoking objects once led Oliver to buy Marilyn Monroe’s pink mesh bra at an auction at Sotheby’s. “My partner was going to get it, but he lost his nerve because there were so many press about. So I put up my hand and bought it. We were mobbed by the papers, who sent around some amazing girl to model it. When asked why I’d bought it, I said because it contained the American dream.”

Editor: Judy Brittman

FLYING DOWN TO OSCAR'S
The de la Renta style at Casa de Campo

BY JOHN RICHARDSON
PHOTOGRAPHS BY JACQUES DIRAND

The technique of logging inside the front door. Right: Oscar de la Renta.
Some 25 years ago Oscar de la Renta went to Bangkok, intent on seeing the legendary Jim Thompson. Thompson was the man who put Thai silk on the map and, after assembling a magnificent collection of local antiquities, disappeared without trace into jungle darkness. His famous house, now a museum, built in the traditional Thai manner was a revelation to Oscar. "The decor was dated," Oscar says, "but the great wooden house—basically one huge room surrounded by a veranda—was a dream. I swore that whatever I built in my native Santo Domingo would look like that."

Back in the Dominican Republic a few years later, Oscar discovered that Gulf & Western had bought up a number of local enterprises, including the sugar plantations and refinery at La Romana, a sleepy, rather rundown town at the southeastern point of the island. His brilliant Cuban friend Alvaro Carta, who had been put in charge of the operation, realized that the place had enormous potential transcending that of sugarcane. Given its ideal climate (blue skies and balmy breezes) and scenery far better than the scrub-covered coral reefs of the Bahamas, La Romana would make the perfect Caribbean resort—a rival to Round Hill or Lyford Cay.

And so Carta set about building a hotel (Casa de Campo), laying out two superb golf courses (every bit as attractive and tricky as Pebble Beach), championship tennis courts, and no less well-equipped facilities for polo. He also set about luring attractive people to build houses on Gulf & Western's vast holdings of land. As the island's best-known native son, Oscar got to have first pick of the available sites: a picturesque scoop of prime coastline with what has turned out to be more than enough space for an ever-growing cluster of buildings (latest addition: a tiny house for his adopted son, Moses) and an ever-proliferating garden (latest addition: an amphitheater-shaped enclosure for orchids).

True to his word, Oscar and his late wife, Françoise, came up with a version of the Thompson house. "In the tropics," Oscar says, "people have a terrible tendency to live in glaring white rooms in glaring white houses. No wonder they never take their sunglasses off. I wanted the reverse of that: a lofty room, like Thompson's, that would be all the more a refuge from the sun for being dark and shady. And so I opted for walls and ceilings of natural wood and a house consisting of one vast space open on all sides to a wraparound veranda shaded by huge overhanging eaves. The room is always fresh, but in the event of a hot spell there are old-fashioned fans to stir the air." Air, I may say, that is heavy with tuberoses. A further advantage, the acoustics are perfect for the music (Verdi, for preference) that wafts into the garden of an evening—guests permitting. Meanwhile, in the garden night-scented flowers, which Oscar
A handsome pair of Chinese lacquer export armchairs and chaise longue made in about 1830 are in one of the guest bedrooms. The chair on left is Victorian lacquer.
plants wherever possible, waft into the great romantic space of the house.

As for furniture, Oscar is rightly proud of his island’s skills. Everything, he has always insisted, must be made in the Dominican Republic. He has designed most of the furniture himself, including a bamboo four-poster bed like a Thai temple made by immigrant Chinese craftsmen. Oscar originally furnished the veranda with traditional-looking deck chairs and stools of mahogany with rush seats; furniture that evokes the atmosphere of Conrad’s novels so powerfully that one expected to see them occupied by Lord Jim or Almayer rather than Henry Kissinger or Ahmet Ertegun. More recently Oscar has replaced these less Conradesque but more comfortable. He has also discovered and helped to train a local cabinetmaker—nicknamed Chippendale by travelers—who has an instinctive grasp of the English eighteenth-century vernacular and the possibilities of local mahogany; witness his stylish bookcases for Mica Ertegun’s New York library as well as the beds and side tables he has made for his patron.

Over the years Oscar has attracted legions of friends—Rockefellers, Rothschilds, and Agnellis to name but a few—from both sides of the Atlantic to La Romana; indeed he has been the key factor in transforming a province backwater into a recherché resort. But, as this great promoter of the Dominican Republic says, “it’s crucial that La Romana retain its indigenous character and not become an American outpost where the principal role of people would be catering to foreign tourists. Thank heaven there are a great many attractive and discriminating Dominicans—the Vicinis and Bonetts, for example—who have built magnificent houses here. Eighty percent of the new houses belong to Dominicans.” Oscar is also delighted that La Romana has become the favorite winter resort of many prominent Spaniards. When I was there last Christmas, there were Marches, Fierros, and Domecqs galore. And the Cisneroses—who divide their time between Madrid, New York, Caracas, and one of the most spectacular local houses—had flown in a group of Gypsy dancers from Seville so that the Spanish visitors could feel at home and keep up their flamenco (Text continued on page 163)
View across the saltwater swimming pool to the sea. **Opposite above: Guest bedroom has tub in the center of the room and a Japanese lacquer kimono rack used for towels. Opposite below: The walkway outside Oscar de la Renta’s bedroom in a separate cottage, formerly the pool house.**
Paul Rudolph's triplex aerie suspended over the Manhattan skyline

BY MICHAEL SOFFIN

Perched atop a row house on Beekman Place, the sleek aerie hovers happily above an otherwise sedate sidewalk. Mainly solid on the sides, a profusion of windows and greenery bursts forth at each end, revealing four levels of light behind. By day this extraordinary penthouse carries the street's green-shaded sidewalk. At night, below, it takes its place in the skyline, a small but distinctive jewel on Manhattan's crown.

This is the home of architect Paul Rudolph. Begun in 1956 and still being tinkered with, the place is at once residence and studio of experimentation and laboratory for living. It is easily one of the most amazing pieces of modern urban domestic architecture produced in this country, a structure packing more finesse and design wit into its compact volume than many architects manage to produce over entire careers.

This will come as no surprise to Rudolph's fans (indeed, the house only provides further proof for speculation about the continuum of Rudolph's career). It wasn't many years ago that he was one of the undisputed authorities of American architecture. Dean of the School of Architecture at Yale during its golden age, designer of its magnificent and widely celebrated building—arguably the seminal work of the six-

The dining area, on the mezzanine level, also contains Rudolph's Steinway and his drawing board, which is cantilevered out over the living room. Below the drawing board, a plaster plaque from a Louis Sullivan building in Chicago which Rudolph has had since he taught at Yale.
ties—Rudolph was rising fast. Project after project affirmed his genius as a space maker, his succinct plasticity.

Then it stopped. By the end of the seventies Rudolph had fallen to the rising fashion for fashion, the arid wastes of Postmodernism. His commissions dried up, and for the past ten years the master builder has been virtually unconstructed in the United States. This disgraceful condition is somewhat mitigated by a number of projects built recently in Asia and by the continued loyalty of a few American clients.

The Beekman Place apartment offers stunning evidence of Rudolph's undimmed powers. A visit dazzles. The initial impression is one of complexity, of a vast constellation of floating elements, of spaces soaring away. The materials sparkle and glow: beams laminated in stainless steel, closet doors of skylighting plastic, glinting xynyl, thick plexiglass, marble, metal.

If things seem initially tough to sort into familiar bits, the key words are interpenetration and elaboration. This is an incredibly rich environment. While the apartment is nominally organized on four levels, this reflects the conventions of use rather than the dimensions of experience. Here is an architect who conceives of space tactilely, as a living thing that pours through the environment and seeps into its recesses. In this, Rudolph is the heir to Frank Lloyd Wright, headwater of “flowing space.” He also shares with Wright a fascination for the idea of integral decoration. Both achieve it geometrically out of a further buildup of architectural elements, what Rudolph calls the “multiplication of members.”

The central spatial event in Rudolph's apartment—the double-height volume at the center of the main living area—recalls both this lineage and Rudolph's own prior work. Like his Art and Architecture Building at Yale, it's reminiscent of Wright's great Larkin Building, likewise organized in tiers around a soaring space. The entry in the apartment is up a flight of stairs climbing eastward. One passes first through a little bar adjoining a cozy library and emerges in the big space. A window wall opens to the south. To the east a flyover compresses the space again, forming a more intimate sitting area replete with Rudolph settees. The furniture acts in the larger composition: “The seat is really a floor, the back is a wall.” The condition is one of sitting low, looking out onto a higher space. Glass doors open onto a small terrace above the East River.

Ascending another flight, one comes to the dining area—again with table and chairs by the architect—which overlooks the great space. To the west...
The dining table holds a collection of miniature stone heads, and chairs are Rudolph designs in plexiglass and steel. Opposite, The architect has ensconced his large collection of tiny Mexican tin miracles in the dining area between sheets of plexiglass. He also keeps a group of toy robots, which he paints in various colors.
the kitchen. To north, south, and east a mezzanine surrounds the volume. On one side is Rudolph's drawing board, cantilevered out over the void, and on the other his Steinway. A wall nearby holds a facsimile of a Mozart autograph score. Rudolph is the son of a clergyman, and his piano loft surely recalls the ecclesiastical organs of his childhood. Beyond is a terrace framed out double height and overhung with wisteria. On the other side of the kitchen is a sitting room and bath opening onto its own terrace and lit by an interior skylight.

At the dining level the stair switches from the south side of the house to the north, signaling that it now climbs to Rudolph's private quarters. These comprise a generous bedroom, sybaritic bath, and large terraces to east and west. The eastern one is magnificent, supporting not merely Rudolph's prototypical wisteria bower but also a miniature system of canals lined by lush vegetation. The level of the terrace is a few feet higher than that of the bedroom so that from the interior of the house one is able to look both over and under its plane, lending the illusion of flotation.

To the west there's another side to the house. Organized around a smaller double-height volume, it holds a separate guest (Text continued on page 168)
The living room in the guest suite has curving steel stairs that lead to a sleeping loft. **Opposite top:** One of the terraces with double-height trellis. **Opposite center:** A section drawing of the apartment. **Opposite below:** Rudolph's penthouse with cascading greenery atop its Beekman Place row house.
IN THE FABRIC OF THE FAMILY

Manuel Canovas at home in his Left Bank apartment

BY CHRISTINA DE LIAGRE
PHOTOGRAPHS BY JACQUES DIRAND

I had to start my own company or give up because no one would produce my designs in France," says textile designer Manuel Canovas, 52. "My drawings were turned down for being too colorful and on too large a scale." An initial investment of 10,000 francs in 1963 has 25 years later turned into a personal empire with an annual turnover of 120 million francs. Forty new fabrics are created each year along with carpeting, wallpaper, and parfums d’ambiance. "What I had to present was totally new at a time when everything was old and traditional—but traditional in a false way since taste generally was based on a nineteenth-century bourgeois vision of the eighteenth century."

Canovas was 28 years old when he opened his first tiny shop on the rue Saint-Roch. "When I started, the colors in decoration were limited to vieil or, vieux rose, vieux bleu, vert Empire. They dated to the nineteenth century and the bourgeoisie's fear of bad taste."

Canovas took up the more violent and contrasted colors of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. His exotic palette changed the look of the French home in ways that his own Paris apartment shows off. "There will soon be a significant return to the eighteenth century," he says. "I detest the nineteenth century. It may be in now with some decorators, but it is a period of pastiches: fake Gothic, fake Louis XV, fake Middle Ages."

Pointing out two eighteenth-century fauteuils at one end of the living room upholstered with original fabric...
dating to 1740, he says, “Look at those vibrant colors—bright red, bright yellow. In those days people weren’t afraid!”

The one person who wasn’t afraid in the sixties was David Hicks. “He crashed the gates of tradition and brought violet, yellows, and Matisse blues into the home, even into Buckingham Palace where he did a dining room in rose shocking.” Doors were opened. “We had the same vision at the same time, with color and with a certain geometrical esprit.” First there were Canovas checks (carreaux), then the famous jacquards. His favorite fabric designers? Philippe de La Salle (1723–1804) and Suzanne Fontan, who has left her mark on the twentieth century with colorful, nature-inspired printed percales.

A year ago when it came to doing over this Left Bank apartment overlooking the stately gardens of the Champ-de-Mars, Canovas says color was the point of departure. After deciding the living room should be yellow—“the way they often are in England to bring an effusion of light into a gray climate”—he set about designing the carpet in the same soft yellow with dabs of blue, almond green, madder red (rouge garance), and violet picking up on different things in the room.

“The lemon yellow of the two Niderviller rafrachissoirs basically does not go with the yellow moire of the walls. But there is a kind of miracle that happens at a certain moment in a decor when everything functions well together. That’s where decorators go wrong who want colors to match exactly. These little discrepancies make a house elegant.

“It is exactly like a man who dresses too perfectly,” he continues. “Being too impeccable is inelegant. True elegance is a pocket handkerchief a bit rumpled and not the same color as your tie.” Canovas wears only Chiffonelli suits, Charvet shirts, Brooks Brothers tasseled loafers, and a gold crest ring emblazoned Todo Es Nada (Everything Is Nothing), a sober family motto.

Manuel Canovas has made his greatest mark as a coloriste. “There are no ugly colors, just ugly combinations. Take a severe color like caca d’oie (goose doody!), put it between taupe, rose-beige, slate, or brown, and it sings.” Canovas’s recently published guide to fabrics provides a lexicon of colors that includes everything you’ve ever or never heard of, like Isabelle: “Legend has it that Isabelle la Catholique made a vow not to wash until her husband’s return—and her clothes took on a color quite like café au lait.”

The lexicon does not begin to cover all the elements of the infinitely subtle Canovas palette, which uses 7,000 color bases. “The durability of my image is my instinct for color, having a sense about what’s to come.”

Over the years the designer’s keen eye has found sources of inspiration far and wide. At first it was the Otomi Indians and Mexico. Then India. “It is as though in poor countries color is the only luxury,” he says, going on to describe what he calls another color shock: women working on the roads in Rajasthan in saris of absinthe green, shocking pink, saffron, and fuchsia. “I only learned later on that eighteenth-century

Manuel Canovas, above, in the living room with his wife, Catherine, and Alma, four months old, with family portrait of an Austrian prince behind. Left: In the light-filled living room the walls are covered in a yellow moire; the Cabochoin Paille carpet was designed especially for the room. Below: An 18th-century armchair, signed Cressent, is covered in an original period fabric. Above are a portrait of the future emperor Joseph II of Austria, 17th-century Flemish still-life paintings.
Canovas’s Bien Aimée peony fabric covers walls, opposite, leading to the bedroom, above, where paintings of American Indians by Antoine Tzapoff hang against Canovas’s Pali fabric, after 18th-century cotton indienne. An early American quilt covers bed upholstered in Alexandrine striped moiré. A Louis XVI table is against the wall under pastels by Yves Leveque. A David Hicks lamp is on the night table under a 17th-century Japanese painting.

France possessed these vivid and audacious tones.”

California’s atmosphere clean brought new greens and white into the scheme. Then early American decoys, of which he has a vast collection, and quilts triggered a whole new Americana line. From the Japanese, Canovas says, he learned rigor: “They have achieved a synthesis of expression, an extreme stylization that has influenced my abstract designs and geometries. The Occidentals like to show; the Orientals like to suggest.”

Not one to let anything slip through his fingers, Canovas has collected 120 different colors of sand from beaches around the world: “From the most extraordinary places,” he says, “like Circe’s grotto.” The sand, kept in enormous glass jars, is part of the Canovas archives found in the library/entrance hall, which also houses 3,200 books. All exquisitely bound, each book sports the colors of its category: blue-red is English, green-black is German, red-yellow is Spanish... Nabokov and Proust are favorite authors.

“For me, a beautiful house is one where there are lots of books, lots of photos, and flowers from a garden, not from a florist. These are much more important than having signed furniture or paintings by great masters. Look how few people have books, how few people dare to display photographs because they’re afraid photos won’t give them enough importance. Fewer still are lucky enough to have a garden.”

Manuel Canovas cultivates flowers with the mania of a botanist. Among the 213 seedlings he has planted into the flourishing Candides collection are the peonies of Bien Aimée in the boudoir, a fabric designed to point out how erroneous a cliché it is that large patterns aren’t right for small rooms. The extravagant larger-than-life peonies are rendered with absolute exactitude from detailed studies. He is currently working on a particular lotus that is flown in daily from Southeast Asia straight to his drafting table.

The same concentration goes into the replication of fabrics from historical documents. In these “flashbacks” Manuel Canovas reproduces the motifs of an antique cashmere shawl and reedits hand-painted nankins and indiennes. The bedroom’s cotton wallcovering depicting a cocoa bean is one such indienne dating to the eighteenth century.

Canovas was raised to respect Classicism by his Spanish father, Blas, an accomplished painter in his own right. “When I was eight years old, he would take me on his knee and read me Leonardo da Vinci’s notebooks! Later on, a professor came to the house to give me lessons in anatomy...” (Text continued on page 169)
 CONNECTICUT MADE SIMPLE

It took five years, but Ira Howard Levy finally got what he wanted: a weekend retreat that was both classical and modern

BY MICHAEL BOODRO

PHOTOGRAPHS BY BRIGITTE LACOMBE

For many, a country house evokes casual images of muddy Wellingtons tossed in a corner of the front hall, overstuffed sofas strewn with Hudson’s Bay blankets, and a battered pine table in a large fragrant kitchen. Deer Run—despite its bucolic name—is not that sort of place. But then one must expect something else from a house whose owner proudly proclaims, “I created this house as a place for my soul to reside.”

Indeed, he has backed up this ambitious statement by having every one of the 93 rare varieties of cone-bearing trees on his property catalogued and individually labeled and has printed a brochure pinpointing their location for visitors. His triple-glazed windows were built according to proportions dictated by Palladio’s Quattro Libri and precisely fitted with teak on the outside and mahogany within by a yacht builder from Maine. At a convent in Ireland nuns embroider the stylized deer head logo he created for bed and bath linens, green on white.

Ira Howard Levy, the owner in question, who spent five years designing and building the house, has become an expert in developing and packaging products during a long career with Estée Lauder, where he is now senior vice president of corporate marketing and design. He is responsible for the image of such lines as Clinique and Aramis, and at Deer Run—“a saga of determination”—he has produced perhaps the ultimate package for the country life.

When he bought the land in Litchfield County crossed by the Appalachian Trail and surrounded by a vast nature preserve, he was committed to the idea of escape from a hectic New York life. “I’ve always been

Deer Run sits on a knoll overlooking a pond in the foothills of the Berkshires. Inspired by a Georgian house Levy owned in Ireland, it has only two bedrooms and its windows were built according to the proportions in Palladio’s Quattro Libri.
taken with the English notion of a country house that comes out of the eighteenth century,” he says. “That notion of the Enlightenment and the Georgian era, of repairing to the country and having a balance, an enlightened balance, a place where you can get the rhythm of nature.”

The size of the house, which has only two bedrooms, was inspired by Levy’s once having owned a Georgian house in Ireland and by his stay in a renovated caretaker’s house on the property at Deer Run while the new house was being conceived. “In Ireland, unlike England, ‘stately’ is not a matter of size but of proportion. Although stately,” he adds, “is never a word I’ve been comfortable with, Irish Georgian houses are very spare. And I wanted this house to be spare. And the caretaker’s house at Deer Run brought my whole sense of grandeur, my sense of scale, down,” he pauses and laughs, “to a human proportion.”

The selection of an architect was no easy matter, just as Levy—who states emphatically, “If I had it all to do over again I’d be an architect, no question”—could not have been the easiest client. The difficult search ended fortuitously with the selection of Gabriel Sedlis, a Lithuanian who had studied in Italy, spoke fluent Italian, and had designed for both Mario Buccellati and Pierre Matisse.

Sedlis proved the perfect architect to develop Levy’s conception of a modern yet classical house. “The idea behind the house is very simple,” Levy explains. “It’s based on New England architecture, the Georgian and Federal character of New England villages. I did not want a Postmodern house. I’m violently anti-Postmod-
ern. I wanted a classical house that feels like a contemporary house."

Together Levy and Sedlis not only poured over Palladio’s *Quattro Libri*, which, in Levy’s words, “became the discipline for the house,” they also traveled to Italy. They went to Palladio’s Villa Malcontenta, where, thanks to Levy’s friendship with the Foscari family, they “stayed and measured and paced off.”

During other trips to Europe they also worked out details. They developed the high-tech ambient halogen lighting fixtures, which were manufactured in Milan, and created oval doorknobs to be cast in bronze in Rome. The forty pages of architectural plans Levy happily exhibits illustrate the care and time that went into Deer Run’s design. “There was no rush,” he says proudly. “I was so committed to quality.”

In the living room, opposite, a Regency mirror hangs across from the Edwardian-shaped sofa covered in bleached raw silk. Floors are of cherry wood culled from the property. Above: Also in the living room, a contemporary Native American sculpture by Michael McCleve, a lighting fixture designed by Levy and Sedlis, and a painting by Robert Dash over a Scottish hall table.
The building is characterized by Levy as an "extraordinary marriage" of client, architect, and builder, and he has nothing but praise for the workmanship on the house. The fine work of the New England craftsmen is evident in the wood floors throughout and the wall of Shaker cabinetry in the guest bedroom, all made from kiln-dried cherry trees cleared from the site.

Furnishing the house was a much less arduous task not only because Levy already owned approximately half the pieces but also because his interests and tastes are so varied and eclectic. A former trustee of the Museum of American Folk Art, he is vice chairman of the Contemporary Arts Council at the Museum of Modern Art. He's also practiced in furnishing homes which, in addition to his Manhattan apartment, include a beach house on Long Island he has since sold, a Frank Lloyd Wright house he is currently renovating in Arizona, and a house he is planning to build in Seal Harbor, Maine.

For Deer Run, Levy says, "I wanted simple, masculine, but slightly eccentric English furniture of the eighteenth century." But true to his all-inclusive eye, Levy has ended up with a house that is, he admits, "a very strange combination of things, although I do think there's a continuity to my taste." He has freely mixed Irish and English, Bauhaus and Biedermeier, artworks

In the master bedroom, some of Levy's collection of American 19th-century silhouettes, above an English Regency settee, left, and, below, on the antique mantel painted with a view of Deer Run by Stephen Gemberling. Right above: A door from the master bedroom to a small balcony. Right: In the dining room, Brno chairs, pikes from the French Revolution, and a late-18th-century Pembroke table.
In the guest bedroom: two Cooperstown pencil-post beds. right. one original, one copied. and. above. a wall of Shaker-style cabinetry in cherry wood from the property and an original Shaker rocker.

by contemporary Indian painters with eighteenth-century architectural drawings.

The result is a house that stands prim, almost chilly and forbidding in its gleaming whiteness against the rolling foothills of the Berkshires. But inside, the severe symmetry is softened by the pale mauves and greens of the carpeting, by the precise and loving way elements are fitted together, by bright sunlight filtered through pleated silk shades. The house asserts its New England heritage in its small high-ceilinged rooms, painted throughout in a dozen shades of white, and in its many warming fireplaces. Despite its formality, Deer Run seems somehow snug and foursquare, its exacting construction endowing it with a reassuring shipshape feel.

Upstairs in the octagonal sitting room. Palladio makes himself felt more strongly in the house's sweeping views through the high arched windows, in the photo of Villa Rotonda tucked on a bookshelf, in the trompe l'oeil depiction of an eighteenth-century servant boy and Levy's cat on a secret door, a playful allusion to Veronese's famous murals at the Villa Maser.

After two years of using the house on weekends, entertaining at casual luncheons or small dinners for six, Levy feels settled in. He has no desire to change the house in any major way. "I like it worn and cozy and comfortable," he says with a smile. "I hope I never have to repaint the inside of this house. In that sense I do want it to be like an English country house, not in the chintz sense."

If he should feel a Text continued on page 169
FUTURE FOLLY

Architect Warren Schwartz's personal vision for his house in the Berkshires

BY SUZANNE STEPHENS
PHOTOGRAPHS BY CHRISTOPHER LITTLE

A gangplank-like stair leads to the second floor of the Schwartz house.
A
luminum trim and pronglike aluminum scuppers add to the tough and quirky image of this otherwise straightforward house

S
ome houses up here are spooky," observes Sheila Fie-
kowsky about the Berkshire retreat designed by her husband, Warren Schwartz. "This one is cozy." The glint of the five-foot-long javelinlike scuppers that pierce the brow of the octagonal-shaped house doesn't do much to prove her point, however. Judging from the screech of car brakes as area tourists catch a first glimpse of this aggressively charged apparition high on a knoll, the passersby don't exactly think of it as a "home." But then we are talking about visitors who come to the Stockbridge, Massachusetts, area to stay in tidy little Victorian bed-and-breakfast inns where patchwork quilts are carefully tucked over brass bedsteads.

These urban folk line up to get a peek at the innards of the picturesque Norman Rockwell Museum. Or if they seek higher-brow Americana, they head for the Mount, Edith Wharton's stately turn-of-the-century Classical-style home in Lenox. As they rumble around in tweeds and trample through the bucolic landscape with its rolling hillsides, tall leafy trees, and clapboard farmhouses, they do not expect space-age archi-
tecture. Coming upon the Schwartz-Fiekowsky weekend house often takes their breath away.

"Everyone always thinks it is much bigger than it is," says Schwartz, as if size were the only cause for palpitations among unsuspecting spectators. In reality the West Stockbridge residence is only 1,200 square feet of living space on two floors. But since it is stark white stucco, punctuated by aluminum trim over windows and doors, bedecked with those aluminum bristles (and don't forget the pointy skylight), it looms even larger on the horizon than an electrical substation.

Naturally the first question from a visitor expecting to find another gabled-roof cottage done up in barn red with forest green trim is "Why?" "I'm from Miami," Schwartz offers. "I've been working in Boston for so long, and everything there is brown." The architect had originally thought of drenching his house with Miami's own "national" colors, hot pink and vibrant yellow, but when the house was well into construction, he had second thoughts. These hues were so, well, sunny and happy and light. Drained of color, the bleached, bone-white, angular cottage took on a pris-

Architect Warren Schwartz stands on the deck of the house he designed for himself and his wife.

The bedrooms of the symmetrically organized villa occupy the square base, while the main public spaces are located in the octagonal tower.
tine, purified air. "It makes you look at the form, not at a colorful surface," the architect adds hopefully.

Warren Schwartz's favorite photograph, which he carries in his wallet, shows the house in dead of winter looking as if it is sitting atop a windswept dune in southern Florida. Not even a chimney has been included to indicate to the geographically disoriented that the house might actually be far from a beach studded with palms. Clearly the house is a study in the inversion of natural expectations. While one would be hard put to argue for its being contextual in the stylistic sense of fitting into the vernacular of the region, in many ways it is very much a product of the current architectural climate. It calls forth a number of associations to past architectural images including medieval fortresses, nineteenth-century American octagonal houses, and even Erich Mendelsohn's 1921 expressionistic concrete observatory in Potsdam. Gestures to more contemporary works can also be detected. Is there not in the shape of the tower a touch of Aldo Rossi's Teatro del Mondo designed for the 1980 Venice Biennale? And, for true cognoscenti, does it not also make a bow to the campanelike fountain replete with spearlike telescopes and bladelike projections that another Boston architect, Schwartz's friend Jorge Silvetti, designed recently for a Sicilian town?

"I don't get to do many houses," says the formerly repressed architect. The practice Schwartz established in Boston with partner Robert Silver has a reputation for sensitive renovations and additions for offices, stores, and schools. These projects are for no-nonsense clients who generally know what they want. With his own house, Schwartz at last could cut loose, and his wife, Sheila Fiekowsky, a violinist with the Boston Symphony Orchestra, turned out to be an ideal client. (Architects love clients who say things like, "I knew whatever Warren designed would be wonderful.") Nevertheless she did reject the first scheme because it looked too much like a silo.

One thing that Fiekowsky wanted was a space to play music in. Thus the multipurpose main room (living room, dining room, kitchen) fills the entirety of the octagonal tower. Designed to function virtually as a music box, the ultraresonant room was fitted with maple floors, skim-coated plaster walls, a thick partition to block off the kitchen, and spruce ceilings with steel trusses. Because Fiekowsky and Schwartz entertain and receive a lot of guests, especially during the summer when the Boston Symphony is in residence at Tanglewood, they needed an acoustical conservatory that would easily accommodate informal musicales. The acoustics rival those of most concert halls. "They are almost too perfect."

(Text continued on page 166)
STAGE FRAUGHT

The Venice rooms of actress Valentina Cortese are a romantic extension of her real home, the theatre.

BY MARTIN FILLER

PHOTOGRAPHS BY OBERTO GILI

Valentina Cortese, in Capucci, with one of a quartet of 19th-century marble busts of four seasons by Antonio Bottinelli.

Opposite: Overlooking the Campanile, San Marco, and the Palazzo Ducale, the salon of Cortese’s pied-à-terre on the Giudecca is furnished with opulent antiques, including a pair of 19th-century Indian silver armchairs.
Looking out on one of the most famous urban panoramas in the world, Valentina Cortese describes the vacation home she has recently completed for herself and her husband of seven years, Milan inventor and pharmaceuticals magnate Carlo de Angeli. "This is my stage, my plateau," she says of her extravagant pied-à-terre on the Giudecca, the large southern island of Venice. "It is a poetic place, a dreamy place." It is above all a gloriously theatrical setting, not just a romantic evocation of the city itself but also a tribute to the power of illusion and the spell of imagination. The sixtyish Cortese is best known in this country for her movies, beginning with a string of Hollywood pictures in the forties and fifties (she married the actor Richard Basehart in 1951), then shifting in the sixties and seventies to such distinguished European films as Federico Fellini’s *Juliet of the Spirits* and François Truffaut’s *Day for Night*, which brought her an Oscar nomination for best supporting actress in 1973. But she feels her most important work has been in the legitimate theater, especially during her fifteen-year liaison with the Italian stage director Giorgio Strehler.

Evidence of Cortese’s pride in that part of her varied career can be found throughout this high-ceilinged apartment on the piano nobile of the seventeenth-century Palazzetto Mocenigo, which has been converted into more practical living units, including one on the ground floor for her son, Jack Basehart. Also an actor. For example, a small cherry orchard in the surprisingly large and almost rural garden behind the house was planted to commemorate her role in the eponymous Chekhov classic. The grandest room in her flat, the salon, has been painted with scenic trompe l’oeil by the artist Fabio Palamidese, a young protégé of Renzo Mongiardino and of the scenographer Lila de Nobili, who designed the sets for several Strehler productions. And on tabletops throughout the house are scattered the signed photographs of Cortese’s many friends in the performing arts, including Nancy and Ronald Reagan, whom she and her first husband knew in Hollywood before the couples’ career paths diverged so dramatically. She visited with them during last summer’s economic summit in Venice, during which the Reagans stayed at the hyper luxurious Hotel Cipriani, just several doors away from Cortese’s house on the Fondamenta San Giovanni.

The salon has an immaculate crispness that seems more like a Visconti vision of Venice than the authentically shabby palazzi of the Golden Book families. Although the designer Filippo Perego provided a great deal of help in assembling the components of this painstakingly detailed scheme, there is no question that the persistent and demanding muse was the owner herself. Sitting one day in Caffe Florian, the historic coffeehouse on the Piazza San Marco, Cortese remarked of the 1858 décor—painted panels of Orientalist ladies at their leisure, framed within gilded arabesques—that it would be wonderful to wake up to such a vision of exotic, indolent luxury. This casual observation inspired the design of her new bedroom, in which mirrors and painted glass-covered panels give the small room the luminous atmosphere of a soundstage on which filming is about to begin. An amusing personal twist is added to one of the paintings: the central woman is Valentina Cortese, a conceit borrowed from Madame de Pompadour, whose bedroom at the Chateau de Bellevue was decorated with painted panels *à la turque* in which her own features figured prominently.

Although the look here is sumptuous—heavy silk fabrics, extensive gilding, Claude Declercq’s gold passementerie, and cabinet-quality woodwork—the touch is light, the colors refreshing, and the cumulative effect far removed from the claustrophobic clutter common in many present-day attempts at decorating in the Continental grand manner. The leavening is provided by the personality of Valentina Cortese, for although she takes her profession quite seriously indeed, she nonetheless approaches it with sheer delight in make-believe. That same spirit transfixes her home with a kind of innocent enthusiasm and unadulterated pleasure in living a fantasy made real.

Editors: Jacqueline Gonnet and Beatrice Monti della Corte

Carefully arranged photographs include signed greetings from Franco Zeffirelli and Herbert von Karajan as well as Nancy and Ronald Reagan, old Hollywood friends. At center, a 1980 wedding photo of Valentina Cortese and her husband, Carlo de Angeli.
The salon is painted with scenic trompe l'oeil by Fabio Palamidese. The Sévres and crystal chandelier is 19th-century French, the mirror over the mantelpiece Swedish.
January 1973, on a morning of stygian gloom, I called on Konstantin Melnikov, the architect, at his house on Krivoarbatsky Lane in Moscow. I had already been in Moscow a couple of weeks trying to ferret out survivors from the heady days of the leftist art movement of the early twenties. I had, for example, a wild-goose chase in search of an old gentleman, once a friend of Tatlin’s, who owned a wing strut of the glider Letatlin. I even tried to find the man who, as a homeless student of the Vkhutemas School, had installed himself and his bedding inside the Constructivist street monument The Red Wedge Invades the White Square.

One evening, I went to supper with Varvara Rodchenko, the artist’s daughter, in a studio that had also been the office of the magazine LEE. The shade of Mayakovsky, one of its editors, seemed to linger in the room. The bentwood chair you sat on was Mayakovsky’s chair, the plate you ate off was his plate, and the fruit compotier was a present brought from Paris by a man who called himself “the cloud in pants.” On the walls there hung a selection of Rodchenko’s paintings—less fine, of course, and less mystical than those of Malevich, but making up for that with their dazzling display of vigor. In his daybooks, crammed with sketches, you could watch him anticipate and race through every style and variation of the postwar abstract movement in Europe and America. Small wonder, then, that by 1921 he had believed that easel painting was dead, and when I asked his daughter whether she still possessed the three canvases he had shown at the exhibition The Last Picture Has Been Painted, ” she unrolled onto the floor three square monochrome canvases: one yellow, one red (and what a red!), and
one blue. For all that, my visit to Mr. Melnikov was the high point of the trip, since, by any standards, the house itself is one of the architectural wonders of the twentieth century.

The Arbat was once the aristocratic quarter of Moscow. It was largely rebuilt after the Napoleonic fire in 1812, and even today, in palaces of green or cream-colored stucco, one or two of the old families linger on with their possessions. Melnikov's house—or rather pavilion in the French sense—is set well back from the street, a building both Futurist and Classical consisting of two interlocking cylinders, the rear one taller than the front and pierced with some sixty windows: identical elongated hexagons with Constructivist glazing bars. The cylinders are built of brick covered with stucco in the manner of Russian churches. In 1973 the stucco was a dull and flaking ocher, although recent photos show the building spruced up with a coat of whitewash. On the front façade above the architrave are the words KONSTANTIN MELNIKOV ARKHITETOR—his proud and lonely boast that true art can only be the creation of the individual, never that of the committee or group.

After I had entered the door on that dark January morning, I climbed the spiral staircase painted emerald green and came into the circular white salon where the architect himself, lying on a kind of Biedermeier chaise longue, was having a grated apple for his elevenses. His son, Viktor Stepanovich, was grating the apple. The old man, he explained, could not take much solid food. He was very frail and disillusioned, and when he blinked his hooded eyes one had a sense of hopes abandoned and lost ambitions.

Viktor Stepanovich took me upstairs to the studio that on a summer's day must have been one of the lightest and airiest rooms imaginable, but on this day of muddy clouds and snow flurries the atmosphere was one of liturgical solemnity. He was a painter. His canvases lay this way and that against the walls. He was also something of a mystic and mountain climber, and while we sat drinking vodka and cracking pine nuts, he showed me several pink Monet-like impressions of dawn in the Caucasus, which struck me as extraordinarily beautiful. When I asked if I could take some photographs of the house, he said, "You must be quick!" For what I hadn't realized was that Anna Gavrilovna, the architect's wife, was hiding in the bedroom and thoroughly disapproved of having a Western visitor.

The house, as I said, was somewhat dilapidated. There were water stains on the walls, nor was it particularly warm. Beds in the house were stone pedestals, and walls polished stone for a dust-free purity—all in open chambers for better circulation of air.
Yet because Melnikov, for reasons of economy as well as aesthetics, had eschewed a slick, mechanical finish, and because he had stuck to the materials of his peasant boyhood—rough-cut planks and plain plaster—the effect was never shoddy but had an air of timeless vitality.

By the time we got downstairs, the old man was sorting through papers on his desk. By the window there was a plaster cast of a Venus: the yearning of a Russian for all things Mediterranean. He showed me photographs and drawings of projects—realized and unrealized—from his entire career.

Among them were the Makhorka Pavilion from the 1925 Moscow fair; the brilliant freeform arrangement of street stalls at the Sukharevka Market; the Paris pavilion of 1925; the Leyland bus garage in Moscow; his various workers’ clubs, which proved that he, like Le Corbusier, was a “poet” of reinforced concrete; the plan for a monument to Christopher Columbus (to be erected in Santo Domingo); and, finally, a project for the Palace of the Soviets—half pyramid, half lotus—so wild in conception as to make the loonier architectural ramblings of Frank Lloyd Wright seem like so many little sand castles.

Among the photographs from Paris, he showed me one of himself, a dandified figure standing on the staircase of the Soviet pavilion. Then having pointed meticulously to the hatband of his homburg, his cravat, and his spats, he asked me: “What color do you think they were?” “Red,” I suggested. “Red,” he nodded.

How a private family house—and not any old house but a symbolic coupled duet—came to be built in 1927 in the heart of Moscow, can only be explained within the framework of Melnikov’s strange career. Fortunately there is now a first-rate guide in S. Frederick Starr’s Melnikov, Solo Architect in a Mass Society, from which one can extract the bones of the story. Kostia Melnikov was a bright peasant lad whose father was a milkman. The family home, known as the Hay Lodge, was a cabin sixteen foot square in an outlying suburb of Moscow. “Today,” he wrote in old age, “looking back on my works, the source of my individuality is clearly visible... in the architecture of that building. Built of clay and straw, it looked like a foreigner in its own homeland... but all the magnificent carving of the surrounding houses yielded before it.”
The milkman Melnikov supplied a nearby academy where his young son was soon to be found rooting in the wastebaskets for scraps of paper to draw on. The family apprenticed him to an icon painter. His next job was in a firm of heating engineers whose proprietor, a second-generation Englishman, Vladimir Chaplin, recognized the boy's artistic talents and sent him to the prestigious Moscow School of Painting, Sculpture, and Architecture.

This institution, Mayakovsky once said, was the "only place where they took you without proof of your reliability." It seems that Chaplin hoped his protégé would blossom into a painter of country scenes and was a bit chagrined when Melnikov changed tack from painting to architecture. The young man, however, was a wonderful architectural draftsman. He designed schemes for grandiose Neoclassical buildings. He married a plump, pretty sixteen-year-old girl from the middle classes, Anna Gavrilovna, and by the time the revolution came he had already built a car factory.

The savage winter of 1917–18 found the young Melnikovs half-starving, back with his family at the Hay Lodge. But gradually, as the nightmare of the civil war receded, Melnikov—like Ladovsky or the Vesnin brothers—began to emerge as one of the most forceful architectural theorists of the renamed Vkhutemas School. His asymmetrical Makborka Pavilion was a success among intellectuals and workers. At almost no notice, he designed the sarcophagus and glass cover for the embalmed corpse of Lenin and later would recall that one of the party hacks threatened to have him shot if he didn't get the work done on time. Then in 1925, partly for his proven skill at operating within a minimal budget, he was awarded the commission to build the Soviet pavilion at the Paris Exposition Internationale des Arts Décoratifs.

With such outstanding exceptions as Le Corbusier's Pavillon de l'Esprit Nouveau, the exhibition was an exercise in opulent kitsch—the essence of Art Deco. Competing in vulgarity were a pavilion of Old Granada, a Ruhlmann and Patout pavilion, the Italian Fascist-Renaissance pavilion, and the English pavilion—perhaps the silliest of all—in the Hollywood-Anglican style.

The Russians, in contrast, with their budget of only 15,000 rubles (at the time an equivalent of U.S.$7,650) had no alternative but to build light. In fact, the whole structure, which sat on a site between the Grand Palais and the Seine, was made of the cheapest Russian timber, roughly shaped by peasant craftsmen, sent by train from Moscow, erected in next to no time, and painted red, gray, and white. Its plan, sliced with two staircases at the diagonal, was incredibly ingenious. Among the exhibits was a small version of Tatlin's tower, which when the show was over was left to the French Communist Party who promptly forgot about it and failed to pay the storage charges of the warehouse where it sat unrecognized until it was chucked out and probably burned sometime in the early sixties.

An English publication, put out by His Majesty's Stationery Office, had this to comment: "The pavilion of Russia was of
MANY ROOMS IN A FIELD

In a Southampton landscape, Jan Cowles creates a garden of several parts

BY LADY KEITH    PHOTOGRAPHS BY MICK HALES
Balance of flowers in the meadow changes yearly; here, daisies, California and Shirley poppies, bachelor's-buttons, achillea.
Mrs. Cowles never lets you see everything at once. She rarely lets you see more than one thing at a time. The genius of laying out the paths—sodded grass “wonderful for walking barefoot on,” as Jan puts it—and turnings and crossings in her garden never allows you to see around the corner. All the garden’s vistas, plantings, and beds remain a surprise until you have come upon them. Choose a path in any direction. A bit of color will beckon you to follow it to a sweep of wildflowers, a bamboo room, a garden of columbines or heavily scented tea roses.

Five years ago Jan Cowles’s four-acre garden in Southampton was not much more than a big back lot with deep tire ruts from the motorbikes of the former owner’s teenage boys plus a generous hole in the privet hedges to accommodate their egress. With the help of landscape architect Bruce Kelly and landscape designer Galen Williams it was turned into a succession of seaside rooms. “I wanted a garden you could stroll in, and Bruce Kelly arrived at the idea of rooms in a field.”

From the loggia at the back of the house a sweep of groomed lawn is bordered by a low post-and-rail fence along a traditional and ever-changing English border. Thickly planted with white phlox, Japanese, Siberian, and bearded iris, sedum ‘Autumn Joy’, geum, pink and white astilbe, ‘Hidcote’ lavender, artemisia ‘Silver Mound’ and ‘Silver King’, the lawn is backed by bayberry, hydrangeas, and bush honeysuckle creeping along the fence among climbing tea roses and shrub roses. In the distance is a dense planting of strong pink floribunda ‘Carefree Beauty’ roses, daylilies, and lupines in all colors.
Not far from here one can pass through a six-foot-high curtain of golden beige and lavender grasses. Here Galen Williams planted various kinds of miscanthus, ranging from yellow-and-green-striped zebra grass to ‘Silber Feder’, and these grasses are in front of a backdrop of higher, darker shrubs which lead to the greater garden beyond and the field of wildflowers. Galen Williams ordered pounds of specially mixed wildflowers from a company in Colorado. The field was plowed and raked twice before it was first sown in the fall of 1984. Enormous patches of blue nemophila appear from mid April until early June, and orange California and pastel Shirley poppies come out in mid May until June along with blue, pink, and white bachelor’s buttons. Mixed in are such shrubs as blueberries, potentilla, and deep red dwarf barberries. By July and August spiky purple, mauve, and lavender lythrum, black-eyed Susans, deep burgundy and yellow calliopsis, oxeye daisies, and Queen Anne’s lace appear.

To offset the yellow and white colors of the field in late August, Williams created a garden of columbines and late-blooming flowers. So in a southwest corner of the garden are three or four varieties of columbine, as well as wild bleeding hearts, ‘Silver Mound’, little English geraniums, eupatorium in purplish blue, thalictrum in lavender, sweet rocket in mauves and white.

On the northeast side of the garden a curved narrow bamboo corridor gives onto an enclosed circular area lined with bamboo. In the center is a pool with a fountain enveloped in cascading blue oat grass. Concentric circles of ‘Silver Mound’ and sedum ‘Autumn Joy’ and ‘Ruby Glow’ surround it and are divided by paths. A Lutyens bench is alongside.

You leave the serene green room by way of a path lined with grasses so tall that you barely notice the roofline of a gazebo. Designed by Kelly, it is open on all sides. Jan says it’s “like a big umbrella” and calls it her Adirondack room.

Near the gazebo is a shady garden of ferns with a weeping cherry in its midst, and to the south is a blue garden of hydrangeas carpeted with vinaea. On the seaside perimeter that runs alongside the long meadow is a row of poplar trees in military order: green-and-silver columns lined up, moving only slightly in the gentle breeze from the sea.

One would say it is a garden with a sense of both introspection and abandon. No wonder almost every day in summer and autumn a lone figure can be seen walking down the grassy paths first thing in the morning and then again at sunset.

Editors: Babes Simpson and Senga Mortimer

Take another path, find a different scene.
Clockwise from above left: Meadow colored by poppies, bachelor’s buttons, daisies. Hydrangeas pale to dark, orange daylilies, Silvery lamb’s ears, cleome, veronica, and echinops. Gazebo engulfed in rugosa roses.
BLACK AND WHITE

Jerry Della Femina and Judy Licht’s graphic New York penthouse
In the two days before I visited the Della Feminas in their penthouse on Riverside Drive, I had been reading Tom Wolfe’s *The Bonfire of the Vanities*. This novel contains about three dozen scenes in which working stiffs draw in their breath when admitted to luxurious Manhattan apartments owned by Wall Street brokers and furnished in the age of Reagan and Boesky. I don’t intend any very exact analogy here. For one thing I am not a working stiff. And Jerry Della Femina may have toiled as an adman, but a business-suit tycoon he is not. Nor does he go for ostentation. Still, the first effect of the apartment is moderately gasp making. By knocking out the walls of three rooms, he and his wife, Judy Licht, have got themselves a skyline-to-river view with a twentieth-story perspective. By revolving slowly in the middle of the newly created space one can, so to speak, cover a lot of ground.

The Della Feminas (you say Della Fe-mean-a, of which more later) operate a division of labor. He spends the days on Madison Avenue, where he’s recently sold his agency to the London-based Wight Collins Rutherford Scott, and he insists on views and heights. She works part-time for WNYW-TV while nurturing two-year-old Jesse, and she does the interiors. The penthouse was their joint project after years of living—alone or with other spouses—in limited accommodations that sometimes had commanding views and sometimes didn’t.

Since the hectic overused word *flamboyant* is so often employed to describe Jerry’s style as an image maker, I was braced for a riot of color contrasts and campaign souvenirs. But the main area of the apartment, a large living room with dining section en suite, is almost austere. Judy Licht—who says she’s always hitherto gone for “intense color”—went for interior designer Da-

Black and white is the scheme in the Della Femina living room where two English 19th-century bronze vases from Reymer-Jourdan Antiques on the mantel flank a Dutch mirror. On the tables: left, in front of a Terry Rosenberg collage, a sculpture from the Nolte gallery and a geometric vase from Zona; right, an Ivory Coast mask and a vase from Gordon Foster Antiques.
vid Salomon's pale furnishings, widely spaced and set off by dark fittings. A black piano, some ebony carving, and dark frames for the mirrors and pictures. Some heavy but not ornate bric-a-brac. "I once took a course at the New York School of Interior Design," she says, "and I have my own ideas on these things." An arm of the apartment, leading through a medium-size kitchen, turns into a basic but light and airy child's and nanny's wing. The child gets the best view of midtown. The river view, or the New Jersey view if you absolutely insist, is afforded from the living room and the bedroom. It overlooks the whole working reach of the Hudson up to the George Washington Bridge.
The space—and the sense of space in an apartment that seems larger than it is—is enhanced by a good deal of mirroring. This trick is repeated in almost every room and culminates in a multimirrored Jacuzzi bedroom-bathroom. A bed, with an oaken chest at its feet, gives a countrified impression to the room, which is slightly contradicted when at the press of a button an enormous TV set rises slowly from the chest. But, as she says, they both get enough TV at the office to justify camouflaging the ones at home.

Both he and she now own a horse. But both stress that the high life is new to them. Jerry Della Femina was born in Brooklyn and had what he describes as a Radio Days upbringing. At PS 95 his scary teacher Miss O'Connor mispronounced his Neapolitan name, but it stuck with the other kids after he feared to contradict her, and he now keeps it even though his parents and children all say Della Femina. (He has three grown-up children from a previous marriage.) “When I was growing up, I loved those Fred and Ginger movies. There was one—Flying Down to Rio—which had a great Manhattan penthouse. I didn’t even know how to want one.” The two dogs, Panda and Tortellini, are white and black and white, but they were chosen to suit Jerry’s allergy problem rather than a thirties and forties color scheme.

Judy Licht says that she’s now “reveling in domesticity, child, dogs, decor” after a lifetime of career-womaniship and basic apartments. “Our last place together, at the top of a building on the corner of 72nd and Central Park West, was the world’s most expensive one-bedroom deal.” And which came first, the new penthouse or the decision to have a baby? “I found I was pregnant and we had to move. I was out to here while we were looking.”

The building, put up by Emery Roth & Sons in the late 1930s, was recently landmarked—“fortunately after we had done all our restructuring.” There

(Text continued on page 166)
The daughter of Roald Dahl describes the past life and recent refurbishing of the family’s Georgian farmhouse in Buckinghamshire

BY TESSA DAHL KELLY

PHOTOGRAPHS BY RICHARD DAVIES

Between rows of pleached limes, left, the author of *Kiss, Kiss*, *Tales of the Unexpected* and *Charlie and the Chocolate Factory* heads for his writing hut, accompanied by Chopper. Above, Gipsy House, home of the Dahls for over thirty years.
When my father married my stepmother, Felicity, my brother, sisters, and I were anxious. Would she or wouldn't she? Would he let her? We knew she was itching to get her hands on it. Gipsy House. Our childhood home. Gipsy House, this remarkable place that has embraced us Dahls for over thirty years. A rambling, sprawling Georgian farmhouse that has allowed my family to use, abuse, extend, and take over its entire body. Giving us security and warmth, nurturing and caring for us all. This was no ordinary home—Gipsy House was our friend and ally. Holder of our confidences, deepest secrets, and most precious times. Receiver of our triumphs. It had been the breeding ground for massive creativity, shuddered at the tragedies that it had had to be a part of. And it had enveloped our bodies and accepted our selfish carelessness with more tolerance than the best nanny in the world.

Gipsy House seemed to have shared in my parents’ marriage vows: “For richer, for poorer, in sickness and in health, for better, for worse.” They stuck to them pretty well for 27 years, then packed it in. Gipsy House did not. She clung on, deserted and apparently battle-scarred. Lonely and worn. We did not notice her exhaustion.

My mother, Patricia Neal Dahl, had hung in the bathroom downstairs a beautifully painted quote from *The Velveteen Rabbit*. We all learned it by heart. Every time we, as young children, sat on the loo, we would whisper it very fast: “Generally, by the time you are Real, most of your hair has been loved off and your eyes drop out...”
Without question it was the most relaxed, easygoing house I have ever known. Yet it had a natural elegance

and you get loose in the joints and very shabby but these things don't matter at all because once you are Real, you can't be ugly, except to people who don't understand."

Would she understand, the new Mrs. Dahl? Theo, Ophelia, Lucy, and I were as territorial as a pack of wolves, as possessive as tigresses with cubs, filled with nostalgia.

My parents had bought the house unseen in 1954 for £4,250, when Mrs. Sofie Dahl, Daddy's mother, had bid successfully for it at an auction in the Georgian Dragon Pub, Great Missenden. It was a simple square house typical of its period with a dusty yard and rickety outbuildings.

My parents are wildly determined and gifted people. They would turn this place into their haven, and they did. My father brought his film-star bride there for the first time in 1955. For the first five years of their married lives they visited country-house auctions, buying up old paving stones, furniture, and statues. They scoured an-

In the sitting room, left, the Dahl collection includes abstraction by Lyubov Popova, 1912, portrait of Lucian Freud by Francis Bacon, peasant woman by G. B. Tiepolo. On the table, flanking the decoupage lamp, are two Roman glass vessels. Below: Portrait of RAF officer Roald Dahl by Matthew Smith, 1941.
My father and my stepmother became consumed with the task of decorating. Wonderful pieces of furniture started to appear in antique shops in remote villages for treasures. The house was slowly transformed. Inside and out. The lawns were laid. Beds of lilies, old English roses nestled with glorious herbaceous plants. While clematis crawled up the brick-and-flint outhouses, a Nevada rose cascaded over a stone queen rescued from an “auction by tender” of tired statues from the houses of Parliament.

My father adored restoring old paintings and mirrors in those days, and he could often be found fiddling with an exciting discovery under coats of paint and varnish. They built a guesthouse, though I don’t know why because Daddy distressed Mummy’s American friends (especially theatricals) as effectively as he would a wooden frame. As we were born they enlarged the house like a Lego set—simply adding a chunk where it would fit—eventually joining it all up when the guesthouse reached the main house and became a sitting room. This was a sizable family home now. Yet it had a natural elegance. My father has always believed in “plain good taste.” Outstanding art works, a Picasso or a Matisse, would hang beside one done by the children. The furniture, virtually all eighteenth century, was treated with nonchalance but never abused. I remember as an eight-year-old being firmly but kindly asked by Daddy to stop using the Regency picnic table as a collapsible slide (we discovered that when you sat on it the legs caved in).

Without question it was the most relaxed, easygoing house I have ever known. Anyone could go anywhere, with one exception—my father’s work hut. Built in 1956 for £100 with single-brick walls, it was out-of-bounds. His inner sanctum, the only place he could escape the chaos and drama that seemed never-ending. Contact was only possible if the main electric fuse was switched off. Then his light would flash: once for something normal, twice for an emergency.

It was the emergencies, the ghastly, awful tragedies that slowly devoured the Dahl family. My baby brother, Theo, was badly brain-injured in an accident; my sister Olivia died of measles encephalitis; my mother suffered three massive strokes. Although my brother was saved by a special shunt perfected by my father and two others and my mother eventually recovered, the heyday of Gipsy House was ending. It started to feel as sad as its occupants, tired and

(Text continued on page 165)

In Lucy Dahl’s bedroom sits Mr. Fox with a karate trophy. Overhead, witch halls provide protection against witches, who are supposedly scared off by their own reflections. Above the painted cast-iron bed hangs a landscape by Roald Dahl, and on right wall a seascape also by the author.
I'll be right down. I'll pick you up on the elevator," says New York art dealer Hal Bromm over the intercom. Twelve floors up, doors open on a hall ablaze with raw strokes in pure hues. "I commissioned Russell Sharon in 1985 to paint this, and he turned it into a magical country landscape. That's the sun. Here's a tree coming up. He's famous for his red trees. Lots of grass. Come on in."

He opens the door to his Tribeca loft, and we're greeted by more Russell Sharon—three playful seven-foot-tall figures as bright as Sunkist oranges carved out of Dutch elms. We pass through twelve-foot-high spaces filled with sculpture, walls crowded with paintings and drawings, to get to a more conventional oak library where we settle down for tea: Hu-Kwa in green Dresden cups and saucers on a black-topped coffee table designed by artist Jay Coogan which stands on three bulbous yellow legs bearing Dalmatian-like spots. "I call it a low table," he asserts. "Doesn't 'coffee table' sort of work with words like occasional chair? And if it's occasionally a chair, then what is it the rest of the time?"

At 40, Hal Bromm is not a newcomer to contemporary art. He's been selling it since 1974, first as a private dealer, and then twelve years ago he opened his gallery in Tribeca, now on a lower floor in this same turn-of-the-century former office building. In 1985 he opened a second gallery in the East Village. He's been buying contemporary art since about that time after spending a year in London designing furniture. His collecting began when he was fifteen with antique lap desks and tea caddies, followed by tortoiseshell and mother-of-pearl card cases. Next American ceramic cookie jars from the forties and English biscuit tins. Then contemporary art. Now he's collecting houses in Key West, Florida.

Bromm points to a portrait of himself by one of his artists, Roger Cutforth. And Grace Graupe-Pillard, Keith Haring's Crib, opposite, is flanked by Rosemarie Castoro's black steel Flasher and Portrait Flasher in Hal Bromm's Tribeca loft. Above right: Bromm in front of Rotating Corners, Castoro's graphite on gessoed wood screen. Above left: A coconut sent as a postcard to Bromm from Hawaii.
another of his artists, did a portrait of him on cut-out canvas. This is just the beginning of the portraits of Hal Bromm, and the one by Grupe-Pillard seems to be painted right on the wall.

“And this is Jody Pinto,” he says pointing to a drawing. He makes the introduction as if he were introducing me to a friend standing right in the room. He represents Jody Pinto, too. He introduces me to a drawing by Terry Rosenberg—not one of his artists—as well as a photographic triptych by Mac Adams and a totem made of painted driftwood by David Wojnarowicz before coming to a tiny gouache painting of a face on a plaster wall fragment. “This is Luis Frangella. He’s one of my artists. He’s from Argentina and was the opening show in September at my East Village gallery. Wonderful show of paintings. All candles. The first was an unlit candle, and each one after that was a candle burned down a bit more, and the last was a puddle of wax.”

Still in the foyer just beyond the Sun-kist figures is a sticklike square table with equally sticklike chairs. It’s hard to miss that it’s by Russell Sharon because of the trademark colors—bright blue, brilliant yellow, rich red. If Bromm is having one of his buffet dinners for fifty, some people end up eating at this small table, which faces a nine by six and a half foot of paintings. All candles. The first was an unlit candle, and each one after that was a candle burned down a bit more, and the last was a puddle of wax.”

A Macyn Bolt sculpture, top, hangs in the Yellow Room. Center: Julian Opie’s oil-on-steel Sweet Composition is in the dining room. Faux-malachite candlesticks are by Richard Taddei. Left: Graphite-on-board faceted piece is by Castoro.

Large windows are crowned with half-moon windows made of the same sort of opalescent glass used in Tiffany lampshades. And a swag border runs around the room. “This room had a border of wallpaper with the maker’s mark on back, but I put on new paper, with the same mark, from Cole & Son—they have an incredibly reference section of the old wood blocks, from all the great country houses they’ve ever printed paper for.” The yellow striped wallpaper also from Cole & Son. “It’s turned out to be a very good background for contemporary art, which doesn’t always have to be on a white wall.”

To prove the point, the sitting room houses a profusion of contemporary art along with French, English, an Italian antique furniture on a large Astusson carpet. A massive Mike Bidl painting called Convergence hangs over a Hepplewhite settee that still has its original needlepoint. There are a number of screens and sculpture acting as screens.

Out of the Yellow Room, through the foyer, and into the dining room—his dining-room table is a modern classic by Bruno Mathisson, and the bentwood chairs are Thonet. Across the room is the collection of American cookie jars he bought in the early seventies, and next to the table is a crib.

“This is Keith Haring’s Crib. We did a show with Keith in 1981, and he did this piece. Marty Margulies was here the other day with his wife and new baby, and he said, ‘Gee, that would be so great.’ I didn’t say anything, and he didn’t say, ‘Would you sell it?’ or ‘How much is it?’ But I know what was on his mind.”

In the bedroom one wall has transparent glass doors looking onto the library. Old green oilcloth pull shades provide privacy. “They’re a wonderful dead green, which makes them fade away and do the job without making a fuss about it.”

The other walls in the bedroom boldly display another of his collections. English taxidermist art in the original show boxes: a South African fruit bat, an owl, a kingfisher, a hawk, egrets, and much more. “When I lived in England, I used to go to the flea markets. These came out of the trophy rooms of the country houses.”

Three very alive walking irises stand nearby. “I love plants. These flowers bloom only once a year and stay open only one day. One of my favorite words, which I haven’t uttered today, is correct. The irises seem correct. Let me correct myself. They are correct.”

Editor: Marie-Paule Pelle
In the Yellow Room, a Hepplewhite settee with original needlepoint in front of a Mike Bidlo painting.
Luis Frangella's *Early Seduction* dominates the dining-room wall. *Opposite:* An eclectic mix on the wall in the dressing room: a birthday card and silk Pollock-like tie by Mike Bidlo and a card by Jody Pinto.
ESCAPE TO MOHAWK VALLEY
Far from the hopping Hamptons, designer Alain Mertens and other art-world figures have found a place where nothing happens
BY DORIS SAATCHI

Alain Mertens, above, a Belgian-born designer who lives about half the year in London, at home in his Charlottesville, New York, house, a restored and renovated church rectory. Left: Rear façade of the house with newly added octagonal windows. A Greek temple birdhouse sits on the picket fence.
In its heyday at the turn of the century Charlotteville—a small town in a remote part of New York's Mohawk Valley—had two seminaries, four general stores, a couple of hotels with ballrooms, two newspapers, and a population of 1,000. By the time Alain Mertens got there in 1983 it consisted of a cluster of turn-of-the-century buildings by a two-lane blacktop county road that passes through town on the way to somewhere else. Before he knew it, Mertens had paid $7,000 for a small house on half an acre and bumped the village's current population up to 75.

"I had no idea what I was doing," says Alain. "A house in the country was the last thing I wanted, but for that money I didn't stop to think what I was getting into." The house was built as a rectory for the Methodist church across the road, and according to church records, dates from 1878. "There was nothing in it when I bought it," he says, "except for one rattan table and a couple of dead flies because it hadn't been lived in for a year or so, but apart from that it was okay. It even had rudimentary central heating and double-glazed windows. All I really did was open up a lot of small rooms into more comfortable spaces."

Armed with a pile of do-it-yourself manuals such as The Old-House Journal, Historic Preservation, and The Family Handyman, Alain started the work on a Labor Day. Through the general store and the local hardware store—"always the best place for God-given information"—he located carpenters "who mostly have lived here their whole lives" and local builders to
Mertens found the painted iron bed, above, in a Massachusetts antiques shop. In left corner is an 18th-century English oak coffer; a Tantric drawing rests on one of a pair of ladderback chairs. *Opposite:* Work on the house included opening up small rooms to create comfortable spaces, as in the study seen through a doorframe painted in Williamsburg Palace Study Blue.
help him. As he tells it in his charmingly accented English, he had no trouble communicating what he wanted. "I think what I was doing was quite new for them, but the main thing was that I was there the whole time working alongside them."

Although his father trained as an architect in Belgium, Alain’s only formal preparation for renovation was a course at Columbia just before he discovered Charlottesville. “It never occurred to me to study architecture because I was very bad at geometry,” he remembers. Even without any training, Mertens was reorganizing and refurbishing spaces early on. His first solo project in the late 1960s was his own D.M. Art Gallery in London, which hadn’t up to then seen much black studded-rubber flooring and plain white walls. In recent years he has switched with ease between projects, including supervising work on one of New York’s fringe art galleries for English Minimalist architect John Pawson and filling a London town house with antiques for an English communications tycoon.

While admitting to being a Classical Modernist “deep down,” Alain says his course at Columbia has made him more open to tradition and to efforts to preserve the past. “In America when you see what they did in the country a hundred years ago and what they’ve done in the past fifty years, it becomes obvious that what they did earlier—with limited means—was so much better. They’ve only demolished things in the past fifty years and replaced them with ugly schools, ugly fire departments, and ugly post offices."

In Alain’s house there is not a single “up-to-the-minute” sliding glass door or picture window, causing locals to remark that “after all that work and all that money you still have an old house.” Purists will note that he has used an interesting European version of a well-known synthetic counter surface in his kitchen and the colors of the walls—inspired by a visit to Williamsburg—are historically “wrong.” On that same trip Alain went to Thomas Jefferson’s house. “That someone who was not a trained architect could build Monticello gave me great admiration for Jefferson,” says Alain. “He was such a universal man, so many interests, and he excelled in so many fields.”

-equipped with the knowledge he gained from work on his own house, Alain converted the local hotel for a friend, and he is now restoring a Federal farmhouse for art dealers Jason McCoy and his wife, Diana Burroughs, near the comfortable resort town of

Charlotteville area now depends on the manufacture of maple syrup and a bookbinding operation that employs about sixty people. Early in the spring each year the local sap collectors arrive and hook up buckets to two big maple trees in Alain’s front yard. “Everyone allows them to do it,” says Alain, even though he doesn’t get the sap they collect. “I adore maple syrup. I have a very sweet tooth. Fortunately there’s a good local dentist.”

Does Alain worry that in this place, which seems to be caught in a time warp with its evocative names like Cobleskill and Schoharie where there are no street addresses and people don’t bother to lock their doors, there will now be an influx of city folk to spoil it all? “Most people want things to do,” observes Alain. “When they ask what do we do here in the winter, we say ‘nothing.’”

“We” is a small group of like-minded members of the art world—in addition to McCoy and Burroughs and the Karps, they include dealer Eugene Thaw and his wife, Clare, and artists Ralph Goings and Richard Artschwager—who have been drawn to the area precisely because there is “nothing” to do there. “Forty-five minutes to go and see friends for dinner or a movie is absolutely no effort once you get used to it,” says Alain. “I found I even had the luxury of deciding to visit some people because they had a good television set and I didn’t have one at all. It was my first encounter with Dynasty and The Colbys and Falcon Crest—all those really exciting programs—and I decided the only way to deal with them was to go on not having a TV.” Instead of watching television, he reads, ensconced comfortably in an elegant disarray of piles of design magazines and picture books of exotic places, ranks of family photographs, and a hodge-podge of objects accumulated over the years in his world travels—everything looking very much as if, like the house and the village, it had been there forever.

Editor: Babs Simpson
WHEN THE REVOLUTION CAME HOME

(Continued from page 125) matchboard construction and was painted red... The exterior was largely of glass, and the whole looked like a dilapidated conservatory.” Others compared its aesthetic to that of the guillotine or said it was a “stab in the back by the warriors of the Bolshevik Revolution.” But this did not prevent Melnikov from being the toast of the town, nor the great names of Modernism—Hoffmann, Le Corbusier, Perret, Mallet-Stevens—from admiring with great generosity that the Soviets had stolen the show. Le Corbusier took the young Russian under his wing and showed him all the Modern buildings worth seeing—among them his studio for Amédée Ozenfant—which may have put ideas into Melnikov’s head about building a place of his own.

Melnikov was even the toast of White Russian émigrés who held a costume ball in his honor; guests came dressed as the “new Constructivist architecture.” He went on holiday to Saint-Jean-de-Luz where, in answer to a commission from the Paris city fathers, he devised a scheme for a multi-story car park for a thousand cars to be flung across the Seine like a bridge and supported by colossal Atlas-like caryatids on either side. The commission, needless to say, fell through.

Meanwhile, Melnikov’s friend Rodchenko, who had come with his project for a workers’ reading room, far from reveling in the high jinks, detested Paris and all it stood for. “The cult of women,” he wrote home, “like the cult of worm-infested cheese or oysters, has reached a point where to be fashionable is to be ugly.”

Melnikov, in later years, said he was terribly tempted to stay in France, yet his peasant instincts seem to have called him back. He boarded the train for Moscow where he soon found he had stirred up a hornet’s nest of jealousy in the Vkhutemas School. The denunciations followed, but buoyed up by an apparently limitless faith in his own genius, he decided to press on regardless. He built an extraordinary depot for the Leyland buses, which the Soviets had bought from England. Then, in 1927, he set about building his house.

He seems to have hoodwinked Nikolai Bukharin, the party official who put the site at his disposal, that the design would have immediate relevance to the problem of mass public housing. But, as he himself confessed, the time had come he felt to be both architect and archi-millionaire.

Given the fertility of his imagination and his litmuslike ability to grasp some feature and use it for his own ends, it is hard, if not impossible, to pinpoint Melnikov’s sources. He is known, as a student, to have studied the utopian projects of Boulée and Ledoux, both of whom designed cylindrical buildings. He is thought to have admired the interlocking cylinders of grain elevators in the American Midwest, which were published by Le Corbusier in his L’Esprit Nouveau. He examined the structure of certain Muscovite churches. And as for the honeycomb construction, whereby windows can be added or subtracted without affecting the weight load, it reminds me of the cylindrical brick tomb towers of Islamic central Asia. There was, it is well known, a strong Islamic influence on early Soviet architecture.

I would also like to think that on one of his summer drives around Paris someone drove him to the parish of Chambourcy to see the Désert de Retz, a building that was being “discovered” around that time by Colette, among others.

The Désert, a colossal truncated Doric column with a stack of oval and round rooms piled up around a spiral staircase, was designed and built by an eccentric Anglomane and friend of Boulée, the Chevalier de Monville. It is surely the most imaginative building of the eighteenth century still standing. Yet, although classed as a national monument since 1941, the French government in its wisdom allowed it to fall into ruin. The windows of the drum are oval and rectangular, but there is something about their arrangement which strikes me as being very close to that of Melnikov’s house. At the time I didn’t have the wit to ask him, so we shall probably never know.

Melnikov himself, in answer to the self-imposed question “What is it that prevents genius from manifesting itself in architecture?” wrote that his lack of money was converted into an “immense richness of the imagination.” His sense of autonomy had swept away all sense of caution, and the practical economies forced him to risk as much, relatively speaking, as was risked by Brunelleschi when building the dome of the Florence cathedral.

I never got a chance to go into the bedroom because Anna Gavrilovna was hiding there. I suspect, however, that the altarlike beds had been done away with as well as the uniform yellow-green color of the walls which Melnikov, who had certain theories about color and sleeping patterns, associated with restful sleep.

Scattered all over the house were bits of bourgeois furniture, Neoclassical chairs, or an Art Nouveau carpet—in fact, throughout there was an atmosphere of antimacassar and sanovar at odds with the original spirit. Viktor Stepanovich told me that during the years of the Stalinist “night” his mother had salvaged whatever she could from her old family home.

Melnikov, mercifully, did not have to share the fate—of cattle trucks to Siberia—which befell a Mandelstam, a Babel, or a Meyerhold. Yet gradually the vultures closed in. First his colleagues denounced him as a Formalist. Then at a meeting of the Soviet architectural establishment about eight hundred hands shot up in support of a motion that would prevent him from practicing his profession.

The death knell of visionary architecture in Russia had already been sounded when Lenin’s commissioner for enlightenment, Anatoly Lunacharsky, announced, “The people also have a right to colonnades.” It did, admittedly, take time for the spread of that deadly megalomaniac style known as Sovnovrok (New Soviet Rococo), which was bound to be an anathema to Melnikov. For forty years he simply sat at home doing nothing. From time to time there was talk of his rehabilitation, but nothing really came of it, so that by the time of my visit the house, for all its vestiges of vitality, had become a somber and gloomy private palace—as somber as Prokofiev’s 1942 Sonata.

When I bade the old man good-bye, he smiled a smile of wistful melancholy and, raising one hand, drew in the air a graph of his blighted career. If one could have recorded it accurately on paper, it might have looked something like this.
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(Continued from page 86)
Lessons.
Nor should we overlook the Cuban influx—a logical development given the affinities in climate and products (rum, sugar, tobacco) between the two countries. Ever since Gulf & Western sold out their Dominican interests to the Cuban-born brothers Alfonso and Pepe Fanjul, the place has been tinged with the glamor of pre-Castro Cuba.

In the tropics people have a terrible tendency to live in glaring white rooms in glaring white houses

La Romana has become so stylish that the airstrip can no longer cope with the crush of private jets; a new airport is being built. By revamping the hotel and other amenities the Fanjuls are attracting a flock of affluent yuppies. A new golf course is on the way, but let us hope no more hotels. La Romana’s charms should not be overexploited.

Back, however, to Oscar. Just as he has drawn on local resources for all of his furniture, he draws on local resources for the superb food he—or rather his gifted cook Maria—provides. “Naturally I am grateful for all the goodies that friends bring from Paris or Rome or New York,” he says, “but to be honest I could do without everything except the pasta and Parmesan. Let’s face it, European delicacies like caviar and foie gras taste all wrong in the tropics. Local ingredients are fantastic if you know what to do with them.” And so Maria and sometimes Oscar comb the local markets for...
FLYING DOWN TO OSCAR’S

the excellent local fish and crustaceans—especially langostinos and the romantically named palomas de cuevas (pigeons of the caves), which turn out to be succulent land crabs. Thanks to Oscar’s know-how and Maria’s skills, those plantains and roots that look so unappetizing in tropical markets turn out to be as versatile as the potato. Puréed yucca roots make some of the world’s best fritters; they are also the basis of the brittle yucca bread: an ancient Carib staple that would have been served to Columbus on one of his first stops in the New World: this island.

The rarest treat that Oscar serves is a salad made of the unraveled heart of a palm tree—rare because the unraveling takes five pairs of hands five hours to achieve. No less a delicacy and no less difficult to find is the fragrant nispero: an ugly medlarlike fruit that outshines all its rivals, even the passion fruit, in flavor. It would be folly to eat it any other way but raw. Guavas, mangos, papayas, and cherimoyas, on the other hand, are turned into marvelous sorbets and purees; and, thanks to the local rum, bananes flambées are incomparable. Meals draw to a close with an assortment of local pastes—cashew, coconut, guava, molasses—accompanied by a delicate goat cheese and slices of fudgelike dulce de leche. And then there is excellent local coffee or cana-rifo or, my favorite, ginger tea, said to make you sleepy and amorous.

Everything else in this delectable house has an informal stylish charm: for instance, the constant va-et-vient of maids from one guesthouse or pavilion to another. These majestic girls remind me of Gauguin’s Martinique scenes: the way they move in file carrying great flat baskets of linen or food. During the day they will be wearing voluminous aprons and bandannas made of gingham, in the evening white broderie anglaise and lace.

And then the setting is so idyllic. Whether you eat in the thatched rotunda built out over the waves, on the rocky terrace overhung with copey, on the mahogany veranda of the main house, or heaven knows where in the garden, the sea is always in view. At lunch you can watch cormorants or dolphins or sleek young snorkelers. At dinner fireflies compete with hundreds of lanterns and the far-off flicker of fireworks, which usually means the Fanjuls are having another party. Oscar offers his guests a different variety of fireworks: verbal ones. The rockets, squibs, and fusées that emanate from his volatile guests light up the night no less brilliantly.

Editor: Babs Simpson

MIZNERVILLAGE. A QUALITY OF

He was an extraordinary man with an extraordinary dream. Addison Mizner. Architect, socialite and renaissance thinker who envisioned a South Florida lifestyle of unprecedented luxury and leisure. In the heart of Boca Raton, there is a new Arvida community which lives up to the Mizner dream. Mizner Village.

Situated along the Intracoastal Waterway, on The Boca Raton Hotel and Club Estate, this unique gathering of residences offers all the elegance and charm of Mizner’s original “golden city on the gold coast.” Mizner Village features Mizner Court and Mizner Tower—two offerings that would make even their namesake proud. Blending romantic architecture, waterside amenities and unabashed luxury, both offer an exciting variety of floor plans ranging from 1,500 to over 2,800 square feet. Plus complete amenities that include a jogging trail, putting green, tennis, swimming an
Even though my parents' creative energy and vast successes continued, their personal lives were exhausted and they divorced in 1983. Almost in empathy, the house, too, became worn out.

Ophelia, Lucy, Theo, and I all adored our stepmother, Felicity, from the beginning. When she and Daddy married, we should have never nurtured the trepidations we did. Our only concern was for Gipsy House; we never feared her in any other way. We discovered within weeks that Felicity clearly had read The Velveteen Rabbit, too; she did understand.

She also displayed a great gift. Not only did she have a green thumb but terra-cotta fingers. Things started to sprout quite painlessly. Every architect's plan was given to us for approval. Jury-like we sat and nodded with delight while colors were cleared and fabrics filed past. Gipsy House started to purr, and so did Daddy.

I would be lying if I gave an impression of totally painless plastic surgery. Renovation is never without its agonies, but other than a couple of weeks when Daddy began to look haunted as he picked his way over bricks and copper piping and a few disappointments because he simply would not allow frills or frippery—"I see no point in bunching and fussiness. Curtains are fine as long as they are plain"—the transformation ran with almost unknown calm.

My father perked up when the walls were plastered and his snooker room was completed. As if a young man again, he along with his bride became consumed with the task of decorating. Wonderful pieces of furniture started to appear from auction houses; remarkable paintings were hanging medallike from her walls. Drops (Felicity is a City & Guilds-trained carver and gilder) tumbled gracefully down gaps. Even Chopper, our deeply loved Jack Russell, had his own mahogany dog chair, invented by Daddy, designed jointly, commissioned by Felicity, and hand-carved by a local craftsman. The garden is as much of a triumph as the house: knot and Italian herb gardens, herbaceous borders spilling lavender and peonies over the edge. The avenue of pleached limes that forms a guard of honor to my father every day as he strolls to work is utterly beautiful and will be even more so.

There have been only two concessions. One each. Felicity has never touched my father's hut, filled with mementos and eccentricities, such as the head of the femur removed from his right hip, the prosthesis removed from an unsuccessful operation on the left, and the disc (in a bottle) taken from his spine. There is a ball of heavy silver paper he made between 1934 and 1935 from the chocolate bars he consumed, a model of the shunt he invented for hydrocephalic children, a desert star.

And my father's grudging concession has been to allow antique-lace linen on their bed. In Daddy's words, "Gipsy House is lovely." Happy days are here again. — Editor. Carolyn Solis

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GIPSY HOUSE

(Continued from page 144) fray. Renovation is never without its agonies, but other than a couple of weeks when Daddy began to look haunted as he picked his way over bricks and copper piping and a few disappointments because he simply would not allow frills or frippery—"I see no point in bunching and fussiness. Curtains are fine as long as they are plain"—the transformation ran with almost unknown calm.

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FUTURE FOLLY

(Continued from page 114) can’t rehearse there because the violin sounds so good,” Sheila laments. “It’s like singing in the shower.” However, their music-minded guests have no complaints about the acoustics or the space, which is made even more desirable by adjoining outdoor decks and a commanding view of the rolling hills.

Tucked below this “stage” are the three bedrooms, all the same size, contained in a square base—a plan that clearly recalls in its symmetry a Classical Italian villa. The dimensions—the 20 by 20 by 20 living room or the 10 by 10 by 10 bedrooms—belong to what Schwartz calls the “dumb” proportional system of the Renaissance models. The small size and tight plan also mean that the house is practical. “It takes us ten minutes to open it, roll up the shades, and kill the flies,” the architect boasts.

Schwartz had warned his wife that in every architectural project “there is always one major goof.” They discovered it when they had a child. Although there is enough space, they find that the acoustics in the upstairs room do not make for quiet bedrooms below. Nevertheless at less than two years their still-angelic daughter is able to sleep through anything when she is tired. But sooner or later...

Meanwhile the setting functions extremely well for the adults. Because of its intimate size and scale and proportions, the house after a while loses its mechanistic just-in-from-Mars quality. You get rather used to it. It even starts to feel downright homey.

Editor: Heather Smith Maclusac

At rear: pointed skylight, kitchen entrance

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The entire house is an essay in density. Rudolph uses materials ranging from the transparent (glass, plexiglass) through various degrees of translucency (sky-lighting plastic, water) to the opaque (plaster, leather, stone) and the reflective (mirror, stainless steel, glass). These materials are often employed un conventionally. In the guest suite the bathroom sink is plexiglass and, while washing up, one looks through turbulent water to the room below, out the window, and up the street. The tub in the master bath is likewise plexiglass, forming the ceiling of part of the kitchen, opening up the possibility of a variety of mesmerizing visual juxtapositions. Even more extraordinary are the plexiglass floors in the bridging zone between the front and the back of the house. The view both up and out through a wide variety of densities, translucencies, and adjacencies is spectacular.

Architectural space is materialized by light. And no architect is more heliotropic than Rudolph. For him, light (like space) is substantial, sculptural. In his studies for projects Rudolph actually draws the light—not just according to conventions of shade/shadow but as a myriad of tiny arrows flowing through space, as if he could detect the photons with his pen.

His apartment is a light-catching apparatus. Imagine, then, its movement. On a sunny day it bounces from the riv-
IN THE FABRIC OF THE FAMILY

Over three thousand books are kept in the library entrance hall.

(Continued from page 101) perspective. My father made a deal with me: whenever I submitted a perfect drawing I was allowed to ride horseback for an hour.

The lessons paid off: at seventeen, for pocket money, while a student at the Beaux-Arts in Paris, Canovas designed three scarves for Hermès. Sister Isabel apparently learned her lessons too; she is the designer of fashion accessories and jewelry.

At first destined to be an archaeologist with several years in Rome at the Villa Medici followed by further studies in Mexico, Canovas is one to dig deep. “I like the idea of an ancient object inspiring a modern graphic. Take the eighteenth-century rafraichissoirs,” he says, picking up the thread where we began. “They were the point of departure for Gotha, a totally abstract fabric of fuchsia and yellow stripes.”

Just as the past is ever present in the House of Canovas, so it is at home. Formidable ancestral military decorations and family portraits deck the walls. Noblesse oblige. Catherine, his second wife, the mother of his fourth child, and a manager of marketing for Saint Laurent cosmetics, finds the dining room too formal, too cold, too grandiose. “She doesn’t like the grand portraits. But she is obliged to put up with them. I told her I can’t throw them out. After all, they’re family!”

Editor: Marie-Paule Pelle

CONNECTICUT MADE SIMPLE

(Continued from page 108) propulsion toward change, develop a desire for a new style, or uncover a new interest, as he recently did on a business trip to Russia where he became fascinated by icons, these will most likely express themselves in new homes, perhaps in Maine, perhaps elsewhere. “All of my lives are different, but none of them are mannered,” he says. “People can disagree with me on this, but my homes are not meant to tell the world something about me so much as make me feel comfortable in a different mode.”

Of Deer Run, Ira Howard Levy says almost shyly, “You can see that I love it,” and then adds, “I can choreograph my life differently there. I can be not so compulsive. I’m a compulsive in everything else. I can relax when I’m up there. I do slow down. I don’t talk so fast there.”

Editor: Carolyn Sollis

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IMPRESSIONS

URBAN COEXISTENCE

Soaring peregrine falcons raise intriguing possibilities about city and wild life

By Suzanne Winckler

One sunset at Cleo’s, the bar on top of the IDS Tower in Minneapolis, I met some friends to watch the peregrine falcons that have taken up residency downtown. Seven young birds had just been released that morning, bringing the total to sixteen. With a telescope and binoculars—to the backbeat of disco and the dusky glow of neon—we watched the falcons perching several stories below us on their man-made aerie, the roof of the Multifoods Building, and swooping off occasionally between flashes of summer lightning that lit up the Mississippi River to the west. Several curious patrons asked what we were looking at. We gave them a look through the scope.

The peregrine falcon is an aerodynamic masterpiece. It is a hunter of samurai precision as well as the most pen- sive and regal of the North American falcons. In the 1960s its numbers began to crash because DDT residues were thwarting its reproductive capabilities. A ban on DDT in this country solved the root problem, and through painstaking but widespread captive breeding and release programs, which began at Cornell University, the peregrine falcon is being reestablished across the United States, in city and country. A cityscape packed with high rises bears a striking resemblance to precipitous cliffs that are the preferred haunts of peregrine falcons. Besides Minneapolis, the hawks have been released in such cities as Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Montreal, Los Angeles, and most recently, Chicago. They have taken well to cities—and the city dwellers to them. This year one of the Minneapolis peregrines had dispatched a pigeon—their usual urban prey—and started to pluck and eat it on a busy street downtown. A construction worker, seeing that the bird was dangerously preoccupied, gathered up some orange plastic traffic cones and encircled the bird until it had finished its lunch.

Watching peregrines from such a sophisticated prospect as Johnson/Burgee Architects’ IDS Tower is in some ways a contradiction in terms, but for those who are attract- ed to the extreme—and often similar—beauties that reside in wilderness and cities, it is having the best of both worlds. People who suffer such ambivalences don’t kid themselves that watching peregrine falcons in urban surroundings means all is going right with the world, but it does provide something of a respite from thinking about the various problems that cit- ies, and we inhabitants of them, create for the natural world, from deforestation in the tropics to the fallout from acid rain to the punching of holes in the ozone layer. Here for a change the city has befriended a creature that is the essence of wild- ness. Watching the falcons that evening in Minneapolis was something like being present at the marriage of two dear friends who you know are opposites. You feel a little trepidation, but because you love them both, you have high hopes.
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CONTRIBUTORS

STEVEN M. L. ARONSON is the author of Hype and the coauthor of the Edgar Award-winning Savage Grace.

MICHAEL BOODRO lives in New York and has recently completed his first novel.

DAVID BOURDON is a New York art critic and has written books on Christo and Alexander Calder.

ANDRÉ EMMERICH is president of the André Emmerich Gallery in New York. His books on Precolombian art include Art Before Columbus and Sweat of the Sun and Tears of the Moon.

JONATHAN LIEBERSON, an associate at the Center for Policy Studies, the Population Council, New York, is a contributing editor of The New York Review of Books.

CHARLES MACLEAN is the author of The Wolf Children and The Watcher.

CARL NAGIN received a grant from the National Endowment for the Humanities to complete a biography of Chang Ta-chien to be published by Atheneum.

EMILY READ translated from the French Catherine the Great and The Reckoning. She writes regularly for British Vogue and the Literary Review.

GREGOR VON REZZORI is the author of Memoirs of an Anti-Semite and The Death of My Brother Abel.


WILLIAM WEAVER is the author of Dune: A Biography. He has translated from Italian works by Primo Levi, Umberto Eco, Italo Calvino, Alberto Moravia, and Pier Paolo Pasolini. He is currently translating Calvino's last work of fiction, Under the Jaguar's Sun.

GEORGE WHITMORE is the author of Nebraska.

SUZANNE WINCKLER is a contributing editor of Texas Monthly and writes frequently about the environment for Audubon and other magazines.

HOUSE & GARDEN
The fabric is Brunschwig, the furniture is, too.
The best-preserved Jugendstil interiors are the real prize at a little-known hunting lodge designed to the smallest detail by Josef Hoffmann

By Martin Filler

On the edge of an evergreen forest in Lower Austria stands a small house that is not far from Vienna—only forty miles away—but seems thoroughly remote from the capital city of the former Austro-Hungarian Empire. A charming hunting lodge called Bergerhöhe, it looks at first glance much like the other old farmhouses in the vicinity. As one nears it, however, a motto over the front door of the modest one-story structure becomes visible: Das Haus des Friedes in Stille ("The house of peace in stillness"). This verse by Martin Luther is in keeping with the piety of the local farm folk (even though they are Roman Catholic, not Protestant), but what about the lettering itself? The words are inscribed in elegantly stylized characters—unmistakably in the manner of the Vienna Secession, one of the most cosmopolitan art movements in history. That is the only exterior giveaway that Bergerhöhe is not just another agrarian dwelling but in fact a sophisticated and affectionate reinterpretation of the peasant vernacular as high art.

This transformation of a rustic cottage into a small gem of innovative design was carried out by Josef Hoffmann, one of the leading avant-garde architects of fin de siècle Vienna. In 1899, Paul Wittgenstein (director of his family’s nearby ironworks and an older relation of the philosopher Ludwig Wittgenstein) asked Hoffmann to remodel a typical Bauernhaus at Hohenberg for use as a retreat all year round and as a shooting box during the hunting season. Hoffmann, who was then only 29, had designed much but as yet had built little. Two years earlier he had been among the disgruntled young artists who walked out of the establishment artists association in Vienna and set up their own school, the Secession, to free themselves from what they saw as the deadening influence of Classical instruction. Those would-be revolutionaries wanted art to return to its more “honest” archaic roots. They had an appreciative (if idealized) vision of folk design and the people who produced it, but the notion of those urban aesthetes yearning after bucolic simplicity had something of the air of Marie Antoinette and her ladies-in-waiting playing at milkmaids.

The Jugendstil phase of the Secession—of which Bergerhöhe is the most completely preserved example in domestic interior design—took many of its ideas from indigenous building traditions in rural Austria. The picturesque qualities of those structures were heightened, even exaggerated, here by Hoffmann. Grafted onto regional motifs were many current ideas from other European branches of the Art Nouveau movement, including the Belgian and especially the British.
Stephanie Hoppen - at the Winter Antiques Show

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Top: The exterior of Bergerhöhe is that of a traditional Austrian cottage, save for the stylized motto over the front door: Above: Portal to the bathroom has a dramatic."horned" overdoor of stained oak.
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THE DOMINO EFFECT

Tom Monaghan's obsession with Frank Lloyd Wright has jolted the market for the master's works

By George Whitmore

Outside Ann Arbor, Michigan, in the middle of 1,500 acres of rolling farmland skirted by U.S. 23, the world headquarters of Domino's Pizza, designed by Gunnar Birkerts, looms on the horizon like some gigantic starship fallen to earth. It's a long, low-slung building, mostly roof because Tom Monaghan, Domino's president, founder, and sole proprietor, likes roofs. "Roofs are usually not given the amount of attention they deserve," says Monaghan. And if this one, a humongous hip roof covered with copper, brings to mind one of Frank Lloyd Wright's Prairie-style houses, it's no accident. Tom Monaghan likes Frank Lloyd Wright, too.

Monaghan—an exceedingly ingenuous entrepreneur who has parlayed a few pizzas into a multinational, multimillion-dollar empire—is a great fan of Frank Lloyd Wright, and lately that has led him to take some pretty breathtaking leaps beyond the world of pizza.

In December 1986, Monaghan found himself at Christie's in New York, paddle in hand, at his first decorative-arts auction in a room full of dealers and seasoned collectors. He felt compelled to bid successfully on each lot of Wright designs in a sale that included everything from exquisite leaded-glass turn-of-the-century windows to scruffy-looking plywood benches from a 1947 Unitarian church. Displaying a fine degree of impartiality, Monaghan bought it all.

But most especially he bought a "rare and important" oak high-back spindle side chair designed about 1901 by Wright for the Ward W. Willits house. Monaghan paid $198,000 for the chair, more than three times the reserve price. It was the most that had ever been paid at auction for a Wright design and set a new record for a twentieth-century chair. Then in September of last year Monaghan set another, more significant record by privately purchasing for $1.6 million an 1899 oak dining set, a table and eight high-back chairs, from the Joseph W. Husser house. This is the highest price ever paid for a twentieth-century American decorative-art object. Certainly a spectacular debut for someone who had been collecting Wright seriously for a little over two years.

Left: Balloons, Confetti, and Flags, a Frank Lloyd Wright window from the Avery Coonley Playhouse in Riverside, Illinois, 1912.
Below: Portrait of Tom Monaghan.
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In the words of one New York dealer, “Tom Monaghan’s a man who knows what he wants and goes after it.” Since 1985, Monaghan has moved with extraordinary speed to acquire a vast and exemplary selection of Wright-designed furniture, decorative objects, architectural elements, and works on paper so that the Domino’s Pizza collection is now the largest in the country. The sheer scope of Monaghan’s acquisitions—everything from the sublime to the not-so-sublime—as well as his willingness to pay premium prices at auction has annoyed a lot of people. For one thing, because of the publicity he’s received, other collectors with Wright pieces to sell now approach him directly, and this has upset a few dealers. But his purchase of the Willits chair seems particularly to have exasperated them. “If he’d come to me,” says one dealer who preferred not to be identified, “and I’d told him the chair was worth $60,000, he would have said it was too high. But at auction, in the glare of publicity, it’s a different matter.”

Headline-making purchases are nothing new to Monaghan. In 1983 he reportedly paid $20 million more than had ever been paid for a baseball team when he bought the Detroit Tigers for $53 million (he got the stadium too). In 1986 his purchase of a Bugatti Royale Berline de Voyage for $8.1 million was also widely publicized. Owning the Tigers fulfilled a boyhood dream. As for his 120 classic cars, he says, “I just like being around them.”

A little in the way of public relations seems to lurk behind these flamboyant purchases. Baseball isn’t bad for the pizza business, and the Bugatti “has been out selling pizzas like crazy” through frequent appearances in car shows, parades, and auto publications. “If anything I do in the way of a hobby gives us publicity, that gives me an extra excuse to dive into it,” says Monaghan. Even so, he’s had some trouble convincing everyone at Domino’s that Wright and pizza go hand-in-hand.

Monaghan grew up in an orphanage—one enormous Victorian mansion set on terraced grounds in Jackson, Michigan—run by Felician nuns. “It was a prison and every time we left I sat right by the window of the car or bus and studied every house and building I went by.” Then one day, when he was twelve, he discovered an architecture book in the public library. “In that book were pictures of I don’t know how many Frank Lloyd Wright’s works. Fallingwater and the Johnson Wax tower—I was fascinated by them. Each so different and all by the same man. I wanted to know more about him, and it’s been that way the rest of my life. When he died I was 21 or 22 and I remember it very well; that meant the end of one of my dreams, to have Frank Lloyd Wright build my house.” By that time he was in the marines; while stationed near Tokyo, he visited Wright’s Imperial Hotel.

Monaghan later enrolled in the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor and worked at several jobs to stay in school. Then in 1960 he and his brother borrowed $500 to buy a little pizza store in Ypsilanti—Monaghan hoped to earn enough money to go back to school to study architecture. Soon there were branch stores, and, his dream deferred, Monaghan went permanently into pizza. Domino’s Pizza promised a hot pizza at your door thirteen minutes after a call and today boasts over 4,300 branch stores, and, his dream deferred, Monaghan went permanently into pizza. Domino’s Pizza promised a hot pizza at your door thirty minutes after a call and today boasts over 4,300 shops in the United States and abroad. “I’ve always known I’d be a multimillionaire,” Monaghan confides in Pizza Tiger, his 1986 autobiography. “I never doubted it for a minute. The only question was when.”

If other interests got put aside over the years, Monaghan’s fascination with Wright flourished. In 1975 he gathered up his wife and four daughters and toured scores of Wright’s houses in the Midwest in a motor home. “My wife and family are pretty much anti—Frank Lloyd Wright because of it,” Monaghan admits ruefully. “I spent a lot of time in various houses talking about Wright and the houses to the owners as long as they’d let me, while my family waited in the motor home.”

He sought out Wright on business trips. “One of the most wonderful days of my life was in 1977, when I went to the Renwick Gallery in Washington, D.C. David Hanks’s exhibition on Wright was there. I spent a whole day in the gallery looking at all the things that for years I’d seen only in books.”

Two items in particular—an 1899 spherical copper urn and some windows from the 1912 Avery Cooley Playhouse in Riverside, Illinois—had a special appeal for him that day. Now he owns not one but two of the rare Wright urns and 34 of the Cooley windows—almost all that remain outside museum collections.

His very first purchase was quite modest: a Taliesin-line dining table mass-produced in the mid 1950s by Heritage-Henredon. “Up to that point I hadn’t gone near a dealer because I knew I shouldn’t buy anything.” But an offering in a 1984 auction run by public television station WNET in New York proved irresistible. It was the long-lost Usonian Exhibition House erected in 1953 on the site of the Guggenheim Museum. Monaghan paid $117,500 for it. Another early purchase was a bedroom wing from the 1912 Francis W. Little house in Minnesota, deaccessioned by the Metropolitan Museum in 1985.

At first Monaghan was advised by Leonard Eaton, a professor of architecture at the University of Michigan. It wasn’t long, however, before he retained David Hanks, curator of the exhibit that had impressed him so much years before. Hanks is a Wright scholar and decorative-arts consultant whose expertise lay behind the formation of collections at the High Museum of Art in Atlanta and the Musée des Arts Décoratifs in Montreal.

Early in 1986, Hanks drew up a “wish list” for Monaghan of thirty...
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“major quality pieces in terms of major houses, major designs”—and then proceeded to acquire them. All but eight or nine are now in the Domino’s collection, which includes a tree of life window from the Darwin D. Martin house in Buffalo, two oak side chairs from the Imperial Hotel, textiles from the Taliesin line produced by Schumacher in the 1950s, a hexagonal cypress dining table designed by Wright in 1939 for the Audubon Plantation in South Carolina, and a walnut side table from Fallingwater. An important recent purchase, for another record price, is a chest of drawers from the 1902 Little house in Illinois.

“He has done this extraordinarily fast,” says Hanks, “and it’s always hard for us to keep up with him. I was guiding him in the direction of what I thought were the most important objects from an aesthetic viewpoint, but he conceives the collection in a much broader sense, in terms of an archival center.” To that end, Hanks’ firm has put a lot of energy into cataloguing the burgeoning collection with Monaghan’s in-house archivist.

“Preservation is the great ethical issue involved in the collection of Wright’s designs,” states Hanks. Accordingly he and Monaghan early on established a policy of not purchasing items out of houses that are intact, and in some cases Monaghan has actually lent pieces back to houses that are now museums. The company sponsors an annual Wright symposium in conjunction with the University of Michigan which draws scholars and collectors from all over the country. At the symposium last year a $20,000 preservation challenge grant was established, and the Unity Temple Restoration Foundation in Oak Park, Illinois, was awarded the first grant.

In a sense Monaghan is Wright’s last great, albeit posthumous, client—firmly in the tradition of the individualistic Midwestern entrepreneurs that were Wright’s best customers. He doesn’t live with Wright furniture—partly because his wife doesn’t care for it but also because it’s “too expensive to have in the house with kids and the cats around.” But he has long dreamed of building a house Wright designed in 1907 for Edith Rockefeller McCormick, who opted instead for a Palladian-style villa by Charles Adams Platt.
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"I think I probably have looked at those plans more than anyone else in the world, except perhaps Frank Lloyd Wright," he's said. At one point he was even negotiating with Wright's heirs to erect the Golden Beacon, an unbuilt Wright skyscraper, on a rise near Domino's corporate headquarters.

With a building for the center for the study of Frank Lloyd Wright opening in March, much of the Domino's Pizza collection is stored in a warehouse, out for restoration, or in traveling exhibitions. But some items are on display in a temporary gallery off the lobby of the headquarters building. Monaghan visits it morning, noon, and night, dropping in from his office upstairs. His private aerie is itself an enormous ("just about two pizza shops deep") Wrightian extravaganza on two floors. Paneled in African mahogany inlaid with bronze strips, it has yards of bookshelves ("I had the librarian at the architecture school buy me a bunch of books, and I still don't have enough"), leather-tile floors, and silk ceilings. A bust of Wright is prominently displayed, as are Tigers memorabilia and models of Monaghan's cars. An adjoining green-marble bathroom boasts plate-glass doors, a gold-leaf quatrefoil vaulted dome, and the "world's champion urinal," an initially enigmatic niche that issues forth a floor-to-ceiling cascade. ("I can't bring myself to use it," he cheerfully confesses.) A fully functioning Domino’s Pizza shop is located in the building, and Monaghan enjoys the smell of pizza wafting up through the vents.

His employees tend to regard Monaghan’s Wright obsession with good-natured indulgence. "They think it's a toy," he says, "and they're right. My problem is I keep running into things I've got to have. I'm almost disappointed when something really beautiful becomes available because usually the stuff that's most beautiful is the most expensive."

He admits he has paid more than he intended to at auction. "I thought I might intimidate the competition if I bid high on the early things. If I looked like I was going to pay any price, they'd drop out. But it didn't seem to work. I'm afraid to say what's on my wish list, because the prices will go up. I guess all you have to do is look at what I don't have to know what I want."
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At risk of inviting ridicule, I shall reveal an idiotic plan I hatched one day in my room on the 45th floor of an Atlanta hotel. A veteran of bus tours of Virginia Civil War battlefields and a student of many books on the Civil War, I have somewhat overcultivated the subject and have found myself in recent years engaged in such urgent business as tracking down Robert E. Lee’s baby hair or the stuffed remains of Stonewall Jackson’s horse Old Sorrel. According to plan, my first day in Atlanta was given up to similar ante-bellum and Civil War trivia. I spent the morning tramping around the grounds of an 1840s plantation that the Atlanta Historical Society had restored in such painstaking detail that it included a woman in period dress sweeping the porch of the big house. It was indeed she who misinformed me about how to get back on the main road where a taxi was waiting and sent me through interminable ante-bellum gardens of cut-leaf Persian lilac, angel’s-trumpets, and jack-in-the-pulpits. In the early afternoon I went to the Cyclorama, a diorama of the battles fought around Atlanta in 1864 and seen from one’s seat on a revolving platform. Now I do not wish to say that the lecture that accompanied the viewing of the painting lacked zest or vivacity, but the revolution of the platform was so slow and the attention devoted to each portion of the diorama so detailed I was in danger of blacking out and pitching over more than once. I was able, however, to exercise greater self-control in this respect than my neighbor on the left.

He was as thin and lean as John Carradine or Osgood Perkins. I noted that he was listing somewhat during the account of the battle of Kennesaw Mountain; by the battle of Peachtree Creek he was dozing lightly and making sloppy sounds with his mouth, like a fish out of water; when the lecture reached the breastworks of Atlanta, he had assumed the position of one of the dead soldiers photographed by Mathew Brady, with a third of his body sprawled across my own and his open palm stretched beneath my face. The decisive piece of evidence that he was profoundly asleep was the accelerating plink-plonk tattoo on the descending steps of the platform sounded by his pencil when it dropped from his hand. There was no need to awaken him, for when I turned behind me to see it his behavior was disturbing others. I saw that the entire row of people behind me was asleep, uncannily resembling the sleeping Buddha’s found in Angkor Wat and other temples. When I returned to my hotel, I decided to cut short my stay in Atlanta. The houses and gardens of Savannah, I reasoned, were worth seeing once more: from there I could easily travel up the coast to the old South Carolina town of Beaufort and from there to Charleston.

To walk for an hour or so through the old section of Savannah is one of the most pleasurable experiences a traveler to the American South can have. The old city was laid out as a sequence of large squares, with streets crossing them at right angles. Fires in the eighteenth and nineteenth century destroyed many of the original houses, and they were replaced by others in different architectural styles; what remains is a patchwork pattern of Federal, Greek Revival, and Regency houses and enormous Presbyterian and African Baptist churches. At every turn there are large two- and three-story houses with colonnaded piazzas adorned with ironwork—cast-iron balconies, scrolled designs, iron grapes and tassels.

Along the squares of Savannah stands such a variety of grand houses that one can scarcely credit General Sherman’s remark that its water oaks entitled Savannah to its “reputation as a handsome town more than the houses, which, though comfortable, would hardly make a display on Fifth Avenue or the Boulevard Haussmann.” Perhaps he was thinking of the house in which he stayed when he concluded his march to the sea, a vulgar Neo-Gothic structure built by a rich
Jean-François Raffaëlli (French, 1850–1924). *Place d’Estienne d’Orves Seen from Rue Magador*. Signed l.r.: J.F. Raffaëlli. Oil on canvas, 32 × 25½ inches (81.3 × 64.5 cm).

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merchant which has three doorknobs on the front door. But other houses in the city, such as the Isaiah Davenport house or the Owen-Thomas house, are masterpieces of symmetry and proportion. The latter, built by William Jay, an exceptionally imaginative nineteen-year-old English architect in the early nineteenth century, is a Regency villa with a portico and double semicircular stairs at both its front and garden entrances. The house is full of ingenious details: a salon with trompe l’oeil spandrels; a dining room square at one end and curved at the other; an interior staircase that divides halfway up to the second floor and over which Jay built a mahogany bridge; a continuous onlay of brass set into the banisters of the staircase.

It must be said that I saw the city in somewhat unusual circumstances—my driver, Ernest Pendleton, a retired bus driver, was a crusty up-country Georgian of indeterminate but ancient age. On first sight I took him to be in his nineties; he told me he first came to Savannah in the late 1920s, when he worked with a friend delivering ice on a horse-drawn ice wagon. He was also a monologuist who wore dark glasses and drove so slowly that I was able to secure an unbroken view of each stone and tree that we passed, even on a highway.

In Atlanta I had seen the Oakland Cemetery on the hill overlooking the city where General John B. Hood had directed the battle of Atlanta in 1864. There was nothing to suggest the catastrophe of the war in which more American casualties occurred than in World War II. The voluptuous tropical decay that surrounded me as I stood in the hot dusk, pinched by midges and asphyxiated by exudations of jasmine and magnolia, was at such odds with the simple tinsel of the inscription that I was driven to imagine who was buried here and how they came to die: teenagers with letters to their parents pinned to their uniforms before battle, officers who had their horses shot from under them and who smashed their skulls when hitting the ground.

My meditations were abruptly broken by the sound of Pendleton’s step. I would be less than candid were I to deny that the man’s idiosyncrasies were beginning to irk me. For one thing, I scarcely ever fully understood what he was saying: legs would be pronounced as “laigs,” further as “further,” and to ensure that he would not be understood, Pendleton would seem to be quietly laughing as he talked. “Mah bailly’s in uh singuluh mooood,” he would say, “hee-hee-hee, an ah reckon we kin ketch supin to ate lak aigs—hee-hee-hee.” He would also distort the sense of questions I asked him by transposing and otherwise rearranging words in them before he answered them. When I commented on the beauty of Laurel Grove, he said, “Yep, sho is ugly round heah.” As we walked about the cemetery, he called out to me some unusual dates he found on a tombstone: “Heeuh’s whahn died 40...
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real yung—bohn in 1856, died 1841.”

One thing I could say for Pendleton as a guide: he was a cornucopia of misinformation. He riveted me with one inaccuracy after another as we drove over streets paved with ballast and oyster shells to the cotton factors building. And I came to realize that he used the same number—29—in response to any question of mine that required a numerical answer: 29 was the number of miles from Savannah to Hilton Head, the number of minutes from downtown Savannah to the airport, the year he arrived in Savannah.

Seeing that I could learn more about Savannah by reading a guidebook, I contrived to gain the silence of Pendleton by pleading the demands of work and importantly rustling some papers in my lap. We then drove in silence at an unimaginably slow rate past gas stations and one-story houses outside Savannah, watching old people hang their laundry and passing miles of marshland. Near nightfall we had gone the full 29 miles to Beaufort, where Pendleton helped me check into a motel he highly esteemed. Apart from the fact that there was no hot water in its bathrooms, that my forehead became the central landing strip for the population of flies in the bedroom, and that my neighbors failed to close both their doors and their windows and pursued frenzied alcoholic battles through the night, it was an excellent tip.

The centerpiece of my visit to Beaufort was a walking tour of its old houses and estates organized by the Historic Beaufort Foundation. I had wished to visit the old city ever since I had seen the immortal ante-bellum photographs of its humid plantation houses and riverside gardens taken by Samuel Cooley. The tour was not an elaborate affair, just twenty or so people walking detached from the tour and walking alone through the unlit streets. The layout of the town of Beaufort was so transparently simple. I thought, that I would soon be able to rejoin the others without much trouble, and I amused myself en route by applying my new architectural vocabulary to the buildings I passed in the moonlight, noting jib doors and hipped roofs and ellipsoid arches. But after walking alone through the unlit streets, I permitted myself the conjecture that I was hopelessly lost in a ghost town.

My relations with the band of ebullient elderly people I fell in with were cordial until we reached the Daniel Hingtong Bythewood house on Prince Street, where I accidentally dislodged an antique boarding pike from the wall and nearly eviscerated two old girls behind me. The incident produced some little cries of disapproval from them, but when I went on to misjudge the date of construction of the house by over two centuries, their attitude toward me turned to one of arctic indifference. At first I felt ashamed of my ignorance but then became resentful of their scorn and childishly set about learning everything in the foundation’s booklet so that they would not be able to find me out again.

By the time we swung round to Federal Street I had made myself a nuisance, compulsively correcting others and acting as a tour guide. As we walked along in the darkness I would read from the booklet in the trembling light of one of the soggy matches I had brought from the motel, and sometimes even recite long passages with no relevance to what we were passing. At 409 Hancock Street, I declared, “Wall studs are secured in the sills, both top and bottom, by mortise and tenon. The framework of mortised and doweled construction is principally heart pine with random width flooring.” The Henry McKee house on Prince Street, I went on, was bought at a tax sale after the Civil War by Robert Smalls, a slave who had been born on the property. Smalls had a remarkable career, first as the man who captured and delivered a Confederate ordnance transport to Union blockaders and later as a congressman. Not surprisingly, one after another of my companions dropped away, and I was soon completely detached from the tour and walking alone through the unlit streets.

However farfetched they may seem to one who was not there, the anxieties I began to feel at that moment were not entirely irrational. For there was something baleful about these narrow old houses lying in the dark and about the eerie silence broken only by the tramp of my sneakers and the sputtering noises I made as I continually expelled the eerie silence broken only by the tramp of my sneakers and the sputtering noises I made as I continually expelled low-hanging moss out of my mouth.

Under such circumstances it was
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only natural that I would be startled by unexpected noises. As I strode on, I heard a soft high-pitched drone like that of a dentist’s drill. When it suddenly stopped and I felt a sting in the neck, its significance became all too clear to me. The jeering faces of the yellow-fever victims buried in Savannah passed before my eyes. The city of Beaufort might be no more prepared for the epidemic than it was over a hundred years before. After assuming for a short while the position of Edvard Munch’s screamer and releasing a sound like that made by a fipple flute, I hastily buttoned up my shirt, rolled down my sleeves, and pulled up my collar to minimize the exposure of my flesh to a second fatal sting. I walked on, but as I passed an open driveway, I heard a low growling sound. Yellow fever was one thing, but to be torn apart by the dentist’s drill. When it suddenly stopped and I felt a sting in the neck, its significance became all too clear to me.

There followed a lethargic version of the famous chase in the Hound of the Baskervilles was intolerable. I doubled my pace into a kind of demonic skip and then into a canter.

Upon what I had to say, most of the guests scattered like dik-diks startled by a marauding warthog.

dashing by the houses I had seen earlier, stumbling into muddy ruts in the road and twisting my ankle. Up ahead in the distance I saw a man step vigorously into his car and slam the door. I shall never know whether he didn’t see me or whether he was exceptionally malevolent, for as I hobbled up to his car, holding my collar with one hand and waving frantically with the other, he turned on his headlights, steered his car down the driveway, and drove away from me.

There followed a lethargic version of the famous chase in the film Z, but with the principal characters reversed, his wheezing car zigzagging down the road trying to escape me.

Fortunately the chase was a short one, for within minutes the driver pulled up at the gates of a large plantation house where some sort of garden party was taking place. When I saw some of the people assembled there I realized that he had unwittingly led me to the wine-and-cheese party that was the culmination of the tour. The mud-flecked trousers, the tears in my shirt, and especially the luxuriant veil of moss I had acquired in my walk did much to set me apart from the other guests, as did my rapid-fire explanation that I had acquired yellow fever and that they would too. by God, unless something were done to drain the swamps of Beaufort.

I paused to rest a number of my medical fears, but during the course of a lively disagreement on the steps of the motel he failed to persuade me not to cancel my trip to Charleston. I still have the shadows of some grip marks he impressed on the flesh of my arm—the one not holding up my collar—but unlike some chronic misconceptions about the charms of the antebellum South in time they would go away.
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FIRST LADY OF AMERICANA

As writer, editor, enthusiast, and collector, Jean Lipman led the way to a new appreciation for America’s folk artists

By John Russell

Jean Lipman wearing a Calder pin, with a doll’s chair, dower chest, decorated box, and a model of Richard Lippold’s sculpture Orpheus and Apollo for Lincoln Center.

As a tastemaker—and, for that matter, a tastebreaker—Jean Lipman is in a very high class. If she has long been known as Mrs. Folk Art, it is not because that is the perimeter of her sympathies. As editor for many years of Art in America magazine, she was as alert to what was going on in the art of her own day as she was to the quilt, the painted copper and iron weathervane, the model roadster (1907), the decorated baptismal certificate, the polychromed sternboard, and the ship chandler’s sign. But she, as much as anyone, made Americans aware of an important part of their heritage. In so doing, she set them free from the gentilities implicit in nostalgia for the “early American” style in furniture, objects of domestic use, and the marginalia of daily life.

All this was made clear in 1986 for a whole new generation of enthusiasts in “Young America,” an exhibition organized by the Museum of American Folk Art in New York (which came with a particularly seductive book published by the Hudson Hills Press in association with the museum). Jean Lipman’s part in this was supervisory, but everyone knew that hers had been the pioneering spirit that made the exhibition—and indeed the museum—a possibility.

As it happens, I have trouble remembering a time when I did not know Jean Lipman. I acted as her London correspondent for Art in America magazine during many of her thirty years as its editor. Later she was our neighbor in Connecticut. More recently, she has been an ever-welcome visitor from Phoenix, Arizona, or San Diego, California, where she and her husband, Howard Lipman, now spend much of their time.

During all those years she has changed hardly at all—the same trim figure, the same quick light tread, and the same boisterous response to this or that development in American art. If I can date our meetings, it is in part because she not long ago traded her close-fitting all-purpose style of hat for one that has a majestic broad brim and a crown to match.

She discounts entirely the idea that, as editor of Art in America, she had a direct personal influence upon American taste. To hear her talk, you would think that she sat quietly to one side and allowed a mettlesome team of contributing editors to go their own way. And it is true that, as an editor, she was ideally suggestible and rarely turned down an idea that was cogently presented to her.

Nor did her notion of line editing involve the compulsion to change, to cut, or even to rewrite, which sometimes endangers editor/contributor relations in this country. She knew what she liked and she was perfectly well able to put it into words, but she was equally interested to know what other people liked and to let them explain it in their own way. Whence came the ecumenical character of Art in America under her guidance.

As historian, collector, and proselytizer, her energies were concentrated for many years on what is now a notion universally accepted—the high quality and social importance of American folk art. Until 1924, when the first-ever exhibition of American folk art was held at the Whitney Studio Club in New York, there was no way to find out about it, and certainly nothing to read about it. "In the beginning," she said not long ago, "folk art was viewed by collectors and sold by dealers as a lowly kind of antique, not fitting neatly or attractively into any of the acceptable categories." When the Lipmans began to collect American folk art in the 1930s and even when she published her first book on the subject in 1942, there was no market and therefore no accepted price for it.
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Those were the days in which a New York dealer could get an important folk painting from a junkman for a dollar and a bottle of whiskey. There was no name for it either. “Early American” was what people wanted to hear, but the trouble was that most American folk art is not early American at all but dates from the buoyant, fecund, and hyperactive middle of the nineteenth century. Folk art in this country has a forthright, independent, no-nonsense quality that had nothing to do with pattern books imported from England. It was the real thing, the local thing, the innocent thing, and the one that came naturally.

Virtually nobody else wanted it, let alone spent their weekends hunting for it, grading it A, B, and C when they found it and quite often taking it home almost for pennies. In this way it happened that when the Lipmans sold four hundred items from their American folk-art collection to the New York State Historical Collection in Cooperstown, New York, in 1950, they worked out that the average cost to them of the works of art in question was under $100. One of their paintings, Winter Sunday in Norway, Maine, has been reproduced over and over again and was also used as a Christmas stamp. Recourse to the little black notebook in which Jean Lipman had logged all their purchases revealed that it had cost them fifty cents net.

Those were days in which a New York dealer could get an important folk painting from a junkman for a dollar and a bottle of whiskey. At least one of the paintings the Lipmans were offered has since increased its value by two thousand times. I should perhaps say here that, unlike some pioneer collectors, the Lipmans did not take advantage of this fact to make a killing. When they sold their four hundred objects to Cooperstown, they totaled up the original purchase prices and multiplied them by two. “That is the price,” they said.

They then went on to make a second folk-art collection. Though hampered by the fact that Jean Lipman’s books, articles, and exhibitions had caused prices to rise ever higher, they never ceased to enjoy themselves. The highlights of the collection in question are now in the Museum of American Folk Art in New York. Many years of scouting have reinforced her opinion, first voiced in print in 1942, that a number of gifted folk artists “arrived at a power and originality and beauty that were not surpassed by the greatest of the academic painters.”

When the Lipmans had their house in Cannondale, Connecticut, visitors were struck in particular by the pretty and vivacious painted boxes that lay around the house. One of the visitors, Grace Glueck, told Jean Lipman that when she writes her memoirs, she should call them Getting It off My Painted Chest. As Mrs. Lipman is a paragon of modesty who does not even like to be photographed, let alone talk about herself, I wouldn’t lay money on our reading those memoirs. But for quite some years now she has been producing pictures of her own in which a marked folk strain can be discerned together with a vigorous polemical intent. Like many a collector who has identified very strongly with living artists long known and deeply loved, she does not always care for what is going on around her today. She makes sure we know it, too, when we look at her latest paintings. Nor has Howard Lipman ever been short of a lapidary phrase for art that he dislikes.

But fundamentally the Lipmans are likers, not dislikers, and to spend an evening in their company is to be with people who have not only made taste where American folk art is concerned but have lived it. To hear Jean Lipman get it off her painted chest is no mean treat, and I only wish that it happened to me more often.
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When Is a Catalogue a Reflection of Life As We Would Wish to Live It?
GUGGENHEIM GOLD

S
parks fly when two great collections meet face-to-face for the first time in New York’s Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum. “Fifty Years of Collecting: An Anniversary Selection,” through March 13, salutes the golden jubilee of the Solomon R. Guggenheim Foundation, the organization that administers both the museum and the Peggy Guggenheim Collection in Venice. The museum is rich in works by Kandinsky, Picasso, Brancusi, Mondrian, Calder, and Dubuffet. Peggy Guggenheim’s strong suits were the Surrealists and Pollock. By combining highlights of both, foundation director Thomas M. Messer (who retires this year) has assembled a comprehensive and provocative connoisseur’s survey that, in a more perfect world, would remain in one place forever.

David Bourdon


BEST BRITS

D
id modern sculpture in the British Isles begin and end, respectively, with Henry Moore and Anthony Caro? “A Quiet Revolution: British Sculpture Since 1965” focuses on six artists, all born in the 1940s. Richard Long and Barry Flanagan are the key figures in this lively show at the Albright-Knox Art Gallery in Buffalo, February 13 through April 10, which includes Tony Cragg, Richard Deacon, David Nash, and Bill Woodrow. Long is a poetic Minimalist who creates much of his understated but eloquent art while backpacking in remote areas of the earth. He fashions subtle site-specific pieces, usually geometric configurations of stones, which are exhibited as documentary photographs. Flanagan, too, questions whether sculpture need be rigid in form or made to last. His early works—burlap stalagmites stuffed with sand—are engagingly goofy, while in recent years he has concentrated on enigmatic bronze effigies of a leaping hare.

D.B.


POST-IMPRESSIONS

D
uring the closing decades of the nineteenth century many artists, including Paul Gauguin, summered in the Breton village of Pont-Aven on France’s northwestern coast. Collectively they created immensely appealing images of the region that no tourist bureau has ever excelled. The results may be seen in “Gauguin and His Circle in Brittany: The Prints of the Pont-Aven School,” at the Museum of Fine Arts in Houston through February 21.

D.B.

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<td>925-4338</td>
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<td>Vito Acconci: Photographic Works from the 1960's  Feb. 6-Mar. 5</td>
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<td><strong>Art Et Industrie</strong></td>
<td>106 Spring Street</td>
<td>431-1661</td>
<td>Functional Objects: Forrest Myers, Richard Snyder, James Hong, E.B. Jackson, Terence Main, David Zelman Jan.-Feb.</td>
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FISHING FOR COMPLIMENTS

Architect Frank Gehry has this thing about fish, a major recurring theme in his work. His new Fishdance Restaurant, below, in Kobe, Japan, is a contemporary version of architecture parlante—buildings that literally take their form from their function, like the famous Long Island Duck, where poultry was sold. Sited next to an elevated highway, this $3 million seafood house has a shed-roofed main building for cooking and dining, a copper-sheathed snakelike coil, and a chain-link fish 60 feet high—enough to make the Japanese patrons feel like Jonah. It is rumored that Gehry’s latest commission, for a new Madison Square Garden in New York, will sport two big fish.  

IMMOVABLE SUBJECTS

Cervin Robinson’s New York’s Municipal, Tribune, and American Tract Society buildings, 1966, left, is one of nearly two hundred architectural images in his and art historian Joel Herschman’s Architecture Transformed (MIT, $50). A history of the photography of buildings from 1839 to the present, it deals with architecture as subject as well as with the stylistic and technical developments of photography.  

INTERIOR VOICES

At one point in Eugene O’Neill’s 1928 drama Strange Interlude, Nina Leeds (Glenda Jackson, below) thinks, “I couldn’t find a better husband than Sam... a better lover than Ned... I need them both to be happy.” Complicated? Yes. And O’Neill’s use of soliloquies in which characters lapse into their thoughts works particularly well in this three-part television production. Ken Howard as Sam Evans and David Dukes as Edmund Darrell are good (though early on one is hard-pressed to believe they—and Jackson—are in their twenties). Edward Petherbridge as the lonely, caustic Charles Marsden steals every scene. On American Playhouse, January 18–20 (PBS).  

NEW DIA

Imi Knoebel’s Ghent Room, 1980, below, makes its U.S. debut as part of the first exhibition at the Dia Art Foundation’s spacious new site at 548 West 22nd Street, until June 30. Pictured are Charles Wright, executive director of Dia, foreground, and architect Richard Gluckman, whose restrained renovation of the loft space in a twenties warehouse provides an ideal setting for the work of German artists Joseph Beuys, Blinky Palermo, and Knoebel, an adviser for the inaugural show. Later one long-term exhibition per year will be presented and installed by artists who will be commissioned by Dia.  

Sarah Kaltman
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IMPRESSIONS

THE PEOPLE'S SPA

Bathhouse Row in Hot Springs, Arkansas, is at once elegant and hale, a place for everyone

By Suzanne Winckler

Hot Springs, Arkansas, is a long narrow town built in the cleft of two mountains. The trees on those slopes come right down to the main street. The sky, more often than not, is blue. Swirls of steam rise amid the forest, little wisps of proof that the town sits on a natural cauldron of boiling water. Atop this boiling water are eight public bathhouses (in times past there have been more). Their names have the ring of exotica or boundless sophistication: Superior, Hale, Maurice, Fordyce, Quapaw, Ozark, Buckstaff, and Lamar.

Until the advent of horse racing some years ago, Hot Spring's reason for being, its character and atmosphere, even the peaks and valleys of its social and economic history, could be explained by this natural profusion of boiling water and the bathhouses that were built to take advantage of it. While the rest of the town, that part which has spilled out into the surrounding flatlands, comes and goes on its own amorphous agenda, downtown Hot Springs—or Bathhouse Row, as it is called—continues to be defined precisely, for better or worse, by what bubbles up from underground.

The hot springs are not hallowed ground in the way that Machu Picchu or the pyramid of Cheops is, but on America's timeline they are old and sacred enough. For several thousand years various tribes of Indians took the waters in the shadow of the mountains.

Hernando de Soto is said to have rested here in 1541. In 1832, President Andrew Jackson signed legislation declaring the springs a preserve; this was the earliest federal act that sought to protect the natural environment for the use of all citizens. Early visionaries, among them Stephen Mather, the first director of the National Park Service, had high-flown plans for Hot Springs. They felt the bathhouses should rival the European spas in the elegance of their amenities. While a few of them—most conspicuously the Fordyce—catered to an upper-crust crowd, Bathhouse Row thankfully refused to be molded along old-world societal lines. It simply wouldn't relinquish a broader view, a broader embrace. The best proof of this is that the clientele in the bathhouses rose immediately following both world wars (1946 was the all-time record for bathing), those times in which as a nation we were trying to recapture. The tonier patrons at the Fordyce, those who aspired to the spas of Europe, no doubt viewed this influx of average Americans with some dismay. Nevertheless, Bathhouse Row really is a place for everyone.

Now that we take our leisure, and our medicine, in different ways, the hot springs have less practical use to the masses, and Bathhouse Row, relative to past heydays, is on something of a downward spiral. To sound less pessimistic, Bathhouse Row is trying to reinvent its reason for being. The National Park Service and certain civic-minded citizens of Hot Springs are applying a standard preservationist remedy—that is, adaptive reuse. Five of the bathhouses are now leased and will feature a fine-arts center, a museum, a health spa, and so forth, and this fall the Fordyce will reopen for tours when it becomes the Visitor Center for Hot Springs National Park.

Theirs is a tricky job and I wish them luck. In the meantime, for those of us...
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who go kicking and screaming into the ever-modified future, for those of us who appreciate life as it is lived on the curves of the arch as opposed to its summit, there are many things to recommend Bathhouse Row at this moment. Not the least of these enticements is the knowledge that the one functioning bathhouse, the Buckstaff, and those in several of the nearby hotels employ attendants who still ask their patrons such questions as, "Where do you hurt, Sugar?" These are interrogatives that have their own curative powers.

Hot Springs is a relic of more communal times. Retiring to a hot tub is now a private event, intimate but also exclusionary. Bathhouse Row is more haphazard and egalitarian. To slip into the Hot Springs mode may require a loosening of inhibitions for some. This is a town where people ride the hotel elevators in their bathrobes, a place where strangers, swaddled in white sheets, pad around together in marbled halls. Perhaps the languorous regimen in a steamy atmosphere induces light-headedness, but all this bathing business seems silly in a nice way, and Hot Springs is a most endearing place. Even if you do not find them amusing, the hot baths are relaxing, as is the optional postbath massage, during which even the most reluctant relaxer will be pummeled, slapped, and kneaded into quiescence.

Although it is hard to imagine not taking the waters, one could certainly forgo them and still derive great pleasure from the charms of the bathhouses themselves. The adaptive reuse in store for the extant bathhouses shouldn't change their general character, but it is just one more step in a saga of continual change. Nothing has stayed the same on Bathhouse Row. Today's bathhouses sit on the sites of former ones. Many of the original structures were sacked by marauders during the Civil War. Many were lost to a raging fire in 1878. With fire and rot the two constant threats, all the frame bathhouses were replaced during the teens and early twenties by the imposing masonry edifices that stand today. The last of the octet to be built was the Ozark, and that was in 1922. There have been no major face-changing alterations for years.

If Bathhouse Row didn't mimic the European spas from a social standpoint, its architects, following a turn-of-the-century trend, still looked to Europe for their inspiration. Elbow to elbow, each structure on Bathhouse Row has its own distinctive look. Nevertheless, taken together, they stand as a remarkable testimony to the efficacy of borrowing and harking back, in a way that Postmodernism still hasn't quite managed to do. The look of Bathhouse Row, at once elegant and hale, can be attributed to the nearby Little Rock architectural firm of George R. Mann and Eugene John Stern, consummate practitioners of Renaissance Revival styles. They designed the Fordyce (1915), with its sumptuous Tiffany-style marquee the tour de force of Bathhouse Row; the Ozark (1922), a glistening white palace with twin Spanish towers; and the Quapaw (1922), which with its exotic mosaic dome seems straight out of Byzantium. Mann did extensive design alterations on the Hale (1914), revamping it from Classical to Spanish Revival with a great hipped roof of red tile and a façade of arched windows.

Thanks in large measure to Mann and Stern, Bathhouse Row is a hymn to the window. Most of the structures make elaborate and generous gestures to let in as much light as possible in the most elegant manner, as if to say that the sun was held to be as therapeutic as the waters. Bathhouse Row glints and twinkles.

The most splendid of the eight bathhouses, the Fordyce, is Colonel Samuel W. Fordyce's magnanimous and gilded monument to the spring waters he credited with saving his life. It is a large, almost ponderous structure, saved from appearing too earthbound by the lacy ironwork on the overhanging marquee, the frilly terra-cotta moldings around the many windows, and the flutings of the Spanish red-tile roof. Many cozy rockers stand on the large porch.

Stained glass is in elegant abundance at the Fordyce. Transom glass above the front doors contains a water motif of beautiful shimmering pink lilies floating on blue. In the women's department (the bath facilities were separated by gender) there are three Art Deco-style windows depicting scenes from nature, while in the men's department there is an exquisite stained-glass skylight—called Neptune's Daughter—more Classical in style, in which three figures, a mermaid and a young man and woman, all physically fit, orbit the skylight amid a profusion of fishes and frogs. The two best rooms upstairs are the music room—a sunroom where patrons retired after their baths to chat and make music—and the gymnasium, where, it is said, both Jack Dempsey and Billy Sunday came to hoist wooden dumbbells.

The Arlington Hotel in many respects is the spiritual heir of the Fordyce. It is the exceedingly large cream-colored edifice overlooking Bathhouse Row which offers its own in-house bathing facilities to its clientele. Unlike the Fordyce, the Arlington confuses garishness with stylishness often to amusing effect—it looks a lot like a backdrop for one of Busby Berkeley's chorus lines—which is all the more reason to stay there. To go to Hot Springs, Arkansas, to take the baths, as well as to have a highball in the bar at the Arlington and to rubberneck along Bathhouse Row is to relax in a very American way.

From the veranda of the Arlington one can look down Bathhouse Row and contemplate the fickleness of our palliatives, from hot mineral baths to Valium to All-Bran. Or if one is feeling a bit drowsy from a bath and massage, one may survey that lovely vista in the cleft of two mountains and think about nothing at all.
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STITCHES IN TIME

Inman Cook of Woolworks keeps up with the changing world of decorating

By Elaine Greene

Although needlepoint, a centuries-old craft, has never died out, there have been definite ups and downs in its popularity. The latest up arrived in the 1960s, when American hobbyists by the hundreds of thousands raised their needles to execute entire canvases instead of just filling in the background around flowers previously stitched by professionals, as their mothers might have done. Woolworks, a Manhattan shop that still flourishes on the Upper East Side, opened its doors in 1965 under the joint leadership of two former decorators, Inman Cook and the late Daren Pierce. Cook specialized in the flower designs, his partner in the geometries, and some of the original favorites are still being offered.

Woolworks immediately became a major source for good needlepoint designs, joining three other Manhattan shops, none of which remains. One owner retired and left no successor; another shop spread itself too thinly with knitting and crocheting and ultimately failed; and the third faded away because it did not keep up with design standards that have, according to Inman Cook, been steadily rising during the past 25 years. "Don't you think decorating is better? Don't you think every domestic art is better?" he asks.

Cook maintains Woolworks' standards with a permanent staff of two artists plus two freelancers and himself. They do not sell kits and never did; instead, they hand-paint canvases ordered from a large array of samples and will copy or adapt any design that is brought to them or that they have found on request. Cook explains, "When we create a special design for a particular decorator or needleworker, that design belongs to the person who pays for it. We don't add it to our regular line, or the original customer might begin to see it at her friends' houses six months later." Even the standard Woolworks patterns tend to be unique because they are stitched in colors chosen by the individuals who will work them — sometimes with the advice of their decorators and always with the help of the shop. "We want our customers to enjoy both the process and the finished product," Cook says, "so we tell them when we think the colors they are considering won't work out."

The shop gives stitching lessons to beginners and gladly consults along the way. Many of the regular customers enjoy visiting with Inman Cook and drop in to make progress reports even when help is not needed. Scores of woolworkers have just presented children's brightly detailed Christmas stockings and traditional men's slippers in geometric bridle-brass motifs, projects the shop mounted for them. Others are stitching versions of pillow and seat covers, wallhangings, and rugs seen in the illustrations. Some are beginners and others have been working steadily on one project or another for a decade or two. Most of Cook's customers are women, but a respectable number are men, some of whom might mention that in many parts of the world fabric and rug embroidery has been men's work since antiquity.

For the advanced needleworker the most ravishing choice might be Woolworks' adaptation of a Flemish flower...
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For the advanced needleworker the most ravishing choice might be Woolworks’ adaptation of a Flemish flower painting as time. Inman Cook reports that his young customers (“they are younger and younger”) never blink at the price. “Only the people my age, who remember life before inflation, complain.” Occasionally a decorator will order a finished piece from the shop which includes a few thousand dollars more for labor, but an heirloom—even a future one, as this obviously is—is in a value realm of its own.

Woolworks serves customers not only from all parts of the United States but also from Europe, Australia, and Latin America. Cook says he has visited a Paris shop that specializes in needlework duplicating Cluny documents and the Royal School of Needlework in London where they are equally bound to tradition. What Parisians, Londoners, and many others come to Woolworks for is a fresh new look at tradition, a look that Inman Cook, who has never lost touch with the decorating world, constantly reviews. As he sits at the back counter of the shop watching people on Madison Avenue rush by at their famous Manhattan pace, he stitches away on his current project—this time a personal gift, but it is often a shop sample—and says in his soft Southern accent, “I think decorating will continue to improve, and so we’ll just have to keep up.”
K E N T S H I R E

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In the annals of art and deception the career of Chang Ta-ch’ien (1899–1983), China’s foremost modern painter, has no parallel in the West. Indeed, the details of his life, gilded with myth and hagiography, read like a picaresque adventure novel. No modern Vasari could invent so appealing a tale: kidnapping by Szechwanese bandits at the age of seventeen; a brief novitiate as a Buddhist monk; studies with master calligraphers in the literati circles of Shanghai; and his growing reputation as a connoisseur, imitator, and forger of the landscapist Shih-t’ao (1642–1707).

There was his capture and rumored death at the hands of the Japanese during the Sino-Japanese War; his artistic pilgrimage with Tibetan lamas to remote Tunhuang, where he copied frescoes in the Caves of the Thousand Buddhas; his ties with prominent warlords, secret societies, and Chiang Kai-shek’s inner circle; and then his dramatic flight from the mainland after the defeat of the Nationalists—episodes from the larger-than-life romance of this Chinese quixote.

Chang’s multiple identities as a modern painter, connoisseur, and forger of ancient Chinese scrolls made him a seminal figure in the transmission of Chinese art to the West. His own work drew praise from Surrealist Andre Masson, and his much publicized visit with Picasso was hailed as an East-West summit of the art world. Critics in Europe and America praised him as the greatest living Chinese artist. In the early 1960s, at a time when modern Chinese painting was scarcely known in America, the Wallace family of the Red Jet’s Digest paid $40,000 for his six-paneled Giant Lotuses, painted in the impressionistic splashed-ink style characteristic of Chang’s later years. Recently it was resold at Sotheby’s for close to twice the amount.

With his long beard, cane, and Song-style robes and hat, accoutrements of a traditional wenren, or Chinese literatus, Chang cut an exotic, impressive figure in the art capitals of the West. But to Chinese, displaced by civil war and revolution, there was nothing eccentric in his deliberate recreation of the past. In his life and art Chang embodied their nostalgia for a lost homeland and for aristocratic ideals they longed to restore. The status accorded him in the West—the awards, tributes, exhibitions, and high-ticket sales—made him a cultural icon for exiled Chinese, for partisans of a China other than Chairman Mao’s.

In 1954, followed by his entourage of kowtowing disciples, cooks, gardeners, and sixteen children from four wives and concubines, Chang settled in Brazil on a forty-acre estate filled with fantastic rocks, peacocks, imported flora and fauna—a Shangri-la in exile replicating classical gardens from his former homes in Szechwan and the city of Soochow.

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GARDEN PLEASURES

sis. Chang designed gardens that were in integral part of his aesthetic world. In Mogi Das Cruzes outside São Paulo, in Carmel, California, and in the Abode of Illusion in Taipei, Chang's garden dwellings served as an extension of his studio, the landscape equivalent of a tableau vivant, a natural environment for the illusionism of his art.

He had lived in some of China's most renowned classical gardens, including Soochow's Garden of the Master of the Fishing Nets, built by a scholar-official in the twelfth century and reconstructed during the Qing dynasty. The Metropolitan Museum's Astor Court replicates a small courtyard and pavilion of this garden, the very corner where Chang Ta-ch'ien worked during the 1930s. Chang and his brother Shan-tze painted and kept tame tigers there until the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese War in 1937.

Chinese gardens naturally came to be associated with the extravagant aestheticism of the literati. The emperors spent lavishly on them, expanding them to include parks, lakes, hunting grounds, and elaborate rockeries resembling mountain landscapes. A single villa might contain dozens of sites, and in the tradition of Tang Buddhist poet Wang Wei these sites acquired conventionalized names with poetic and historical allusions such as Dreaming Hermit's Loft and Deer Forest Hermitage.

Shen Fu, in a chapter called "Pleasures of Leisure" from his 1809 memoir Six Records of a Floating Life, writes: "In laying out gardens, pavilions, wandering paths, small mountains of stone and flower plantings, try to give the feeling of the small in the large and the large in the small, of the real in the illusion and the illusion in reality."

He adds that when looking at a garden's stone wall, one should feel as if one were gazing across an endless precipice. To heighten the sense of reality amidst illusion, the garden should be arranged so that guests discover unexpected vistas just when they think they have seen everything. The Chinese made their gardens less formal and more intimate than the Japanese, and their irregular, overgrown appearance reflects a deliberate incorporation of spontaneous elements in nature.

In Chinese art symmetry means balancing natural forces, not the geometry of line and number. The very term for landscape in Chinese art (shanshui) combines the characters for mountain and water. Polarity of void and fullness, darkness and light, yin and yang govern the composition of gardens, paintings, poetry, and all expressions of Chinese aesthetics. This may explain why Chinese painters largely avoided the Renaissance scientific techniques of fixed linear perspective. They favored a moveable atmospheric perspective in landscape paintings, enhanced in hand-scroll format where the illusion of traveling through a visual world with shifting perspectives has a cinematic quality. The winding pathways of Chinese gardens produce the same effects.

In a wealthy suburb above Taipei the Nationalist Chinese government built the home Chang Ta-ch'ien called the Abode of Illusion. Here he spent his final years. Opened to the public after his death as a memorial museum, the villa and its gardens sit at a fork in a mountain stream beneath the benevolent distant view of a Buddhist nunnery.

Visitors discover three separate gardens at ground level, all of them designed by Chang: one at the entrance with a bridge-covered pond stocked with native carp; indoors, the rooms open onto an arcaded courtyard with giant lotuses, plantains, and camellias. His ubiquitous collection of bonsai black pines and evergreens, some over a hundred years old, adorn the balconies, rooftops, and garden walls, and above the courtyard his two gibbons swing mischievously in their long cage. Outdoors, by the cascading stream adjoining his house, a third garden, terraced with tea pavilions and winding paths, leads to the glassed enclosure Chang built for his cranes and peacocks.

From the rooftop gardens of Chang's villa one can see the nearby National Palace Museum, which houses the world's finest collection of classical Chinese art. Chang's own collection of ancient paintings and calligraphy was given to the museum, as well as his copies of the frescoes from the Caves of the Thousand Buddhas. The museum's staff frequently consulted Chang on the authenticity and dating of their collection of over 6,000 scrolls, for Chang's connoisseurship had few rivals, his success as a forger not withstanding.

Rooms inside the Abode of Illusion display a farrago of Chang Ta-ch'ien mementos: his collection of fantastic rock forms, an extensive library of classical Chinese literary and painting texts, and photos of Prince Rainer and Princess Grace paying homage to Chang at the Abode of Illusion and of Chang's 1956 visit to Picasso's villa, La Californie, where the two artists posed with playful masks Picasso fashioned for the occasion. For the piece de résistance, in Chang's Great Wind Hall studio, a life-size wax statue of the artist stands over his worktable, brush in hand. Sitting by his inkstone, a wax gibbon admires the master's handiwork.
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The perimeter of his outer garden is no more than a hundred paces, but pleasant vistas of mountains and monasteries balance the garden's serried topography. Its meandering pathways have one Brobdingnagian feature: an imposing monolith that caps the miniature mountain where the Master of Illusion is buried. Some liken its shape to

The career of Chang Ta-ch'ien has no parallel in the West. The details of his life, gilded with myth, read like a picaresque adventure novel

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AEGEAN IDYLL

Gregor and Beatrice von Rezzori extol the pleasures of a sixteenth-century house on the island of Rhodes

PHOTOGRAPHS BY OBERTO GILI
When I first met B., I wasn’t quite sure that I would not have to be jealous about another woman in her life. She spoke of her with alarming passion. She lived in Greece, on the island of Rhodes, in a village renowned for its beauty named Lindos. There was a cluster of whitewashed and pinkish gray cubic houses among small groves of olive, orange, and cypress trees at the foot of a hill on which the Knights of Rhodes had built a mighty castle enclosing the temples and stoas of the Hellenistic Acropolis, and some columns were still erect, golden against the immaculate blue sky. Add to this the busy trottings of donkeys, cascades of bougainvillea over flights of steps, and the azure of the Aegean Sea, and you have the full picture. In all this she was the most beautiful thing, and B., who at that time had an art gallery in Milan, resented every moment she could not be there and impatiently waited for summer when she could go to Lindos and spend some blissful months with her.

I am not the only one to be delighted by B.’s English. Bruce Chatwin collects her most bizarre and overwhelmingly expressive phrases. But then I had known B. for only a short while, and it took me some time before I found out that she was not a woman but a house. Nevertheless, it was a love story, and a dramatic one. Here’s how B. tells it.

B: The first time I saw her, she was not at her best. It was a rainy day, misty and windy, and she was in shreds; obviously showers that were flagellating her from every direction penetrated her wounds and were bothering her a great deal. But she had not lost her beauty nor her dignity. She was standing all by herself, emerging from a heap of rubble, isolated from the village which at that time was more or less composed of a few houses scattered among the ruins. She was special, separated from the rest by an olive grove that climbed up the hill to the Acropolis.

I climbed up alone to the Acropolis on top of the hill. The heavy door to the castle was shut, but suddenly there appeared from nowhere a strangely little man with a big head shaped like a cucumber. He introduced himself very proudly. “I am Vassilanko, at your service.” Lady B. had told me that he was a sort of simpleton and had strange tastes: he liked animals a little bit too much, especially donkeys. When I told him that my first wish was to have the door to the castle opened, he promptly produced a huge key and unlocked the door. We climbed many steep steps to reach the temple, and it was from there that I first spotted the house. I immediately knew I had to see it, but it was surrounded by a high dilapidated wall. Vassilanko disappeared and re-
turned a few minutes later balancing a ladder three times his size on his shoulder.

Once over the wall, I faced a ruin that was a combination of a small knight's castle and a Turkish konak with a spectacular view of the bay of Lindos. The courtyard was paved with multicolored pebbles in intriguing cabalistic designs, and every door, window, and staircase was covered in Byzantine-like carvings of flowers, birds, chains. The roofs were open to the sky. Shrubs were growing in the rooms, some of them completely filled with heaps of stones, wooden planks, chicken and goat droppings, but I was in love with the house and had no other desire than to start redoing it.

It was a few years later that I realized not only had I married B. but the house, too. Lindos had once been the most important harbor on the isle of Rhodes. From the time of the Knights onward, all through the Turkish rule till the beginning of this century when the Italians took the Dodecanese, Lindian sailing boats had kept up trade and traffic between the islands and along the Asian and North African coasts. But steamers and trucks had taken over; the decline was rapid. In prosperous times, though, from the end of the sixteenth century onward, rich Lindian shipowners and merchants had built themselves important houses—slightly influenced by Islamic architecture—in a medieval style. In contrast to the blindingly white-washed houses that close up their high windowless walls to line the narrow streets of the village, these so-called captains' houses retained the slowly graying honey color of their limestone. When B. arrived in Lindos in 1959, most of these houses lay in ruins; the young people had left, and Lindos was an abandoned village, left to old people. B.'s love affair with the house was indeed the beginning of a new phase in the history of the island. Perhaps Lindos should divide its history into two periods: B.B. and A.B. The latter began like this.

B: My new friend Vassilanko was very chatty. I learned that the owner of the house, a prosperous merchant in the town of Rhodes, had never had any interest in claiming his inheritance in such a remote place as Lindos. Why, he asked me, was I so curious about that heap of rubble? The house was much too far from the center of the village—only the bay was visible from the top of the tower. My insistence on finding the owner led us to the

By night I smuggled in two young restorers from the Brera Academy in Milan. They spent a month lying on their backs, perched on scaffolding.
When the architect saw my ruin, he was enchanted by the unexpected views from every room and her site on a prominent point between the village and the bay.
local papa or priest. Unfortunately he was dying, and the small room in which he was about to expire was filled with wailing women. Vassilanko, totally unmoved by the situation, said he knew the priest was a distant relation of the Rhodian merchant and could he please tell us his name. The expiring priest stopped grasping the sheets and, with a surprisingly swift movement of his hand, extracted from his cavernous bed the stump of a pencil and wrote down the name I wanted.

Six months later I was sleeping under her roof. The restoration, however, had not been exactly smooth. At that time I was very busy with my Galleria dell'Ariete in Milan, which took all my attention and resources. I had met a brilliant young architect, Niko Hagimichalis, a pupil of Le Corbusier. When he saw my ruin, he was enchanted by the graceful proportions, the unexpected views from every room and her site on a prominent point between the village and the bay. We decided what was needed was restoration to original splendor without any alteration or change.

Finding a group of masons was not difficult, but every needed material except the stone had to come from the mainland. I also had to overcome the grave mistrust of the Archaeological Service. They considered my house a treasure to be preserved but not touched by an eccentric young woman who had come from God knows where. Now they were

A very private guest bedroom, opposite and above, which is traditionally called the captain's room because from there one could watch boats entering the harbor. It has six windows overlooking the bay of Lindos. The bed is Genovese Louis XVI.
The dining room has no roof except for the branches of a large fig tree. When Beatrice first arrived, it was a sapling. Pottery on table was made locally.

Opposite: The façade of the main sala has Byzantine symbols over the door and opens onto the courtyard.
AN AMERICAN ORIGINAL

In his eighteenth-century farmhouse
Stephen Mack displays a passion for detail

BY CHARLES MACLEAN  PHOTOGRAPHS BY DANA HYDE
The keeping room with Dutch door, 18th-century table, and ladder-back chairs.
Years from now archaeologists excavating the site of Chase Hill Farm are liable to turn up the remains of an eighteenth-century village that research into local history, maps of the period, and parish records will show never existed. Only one dwelling stood on Chase Hill in colonial times, much as it stands there today, an unassuming Rhode Island farmhouse set among fifty wooded acres a mile from Ashaway on the Connecticut line.

It was restored by its present owner, Stephen Mack, from what he describes as an “absolute rotting hulk of a house” that had been abandoned long enough for a family of wildcats to have made its home in the kitchen. After reclaiming the house and living there eleven years, he knows most of its secrets. Not that Chase Hill is haunted. It has charm and warmth enough to exorcise any ghosts, even those inadvertently transported there in the stones and timbers of a village that never was.

Stephen Mack collects buildings. Apart from his own house and the old barns he uses as office, workshop, and storehouses, I counted at least twenty hidden about the precincts of Chase Hill—disassembled houses of the eighteenth century which he has brought together from all over New England.

In contrast to the bucolic surroundings of the main house, a rust red center-chimney Cape Cod, the fields where the “village” lies present a strange landscape. Piles of building materials wrapped in shiny black tarpaulins give one the impression of wandering through a Dadaist sculpture park.

“We have parts of houses stashed everywhere,” Mack divulges, opening up a shed full of old doors. He lifts a tarp so that I can admire some massive pine anchor beams. He knows the provenance of every piece, even without referring to an exhaustive filing system.

Staircases rise among the apple trees like erratic outcrops of glistening basalt. In a corner of one field a graveyard of building blocks has been carefully laid out and blueprinted, each stone numbered in white oil.

Stephen Mack, opposite, with his 1937 Packard convertible. Below: A ship’s billet head is next to the mantel in the east parlor, which has a collection of telescopes and nautical objects and paintings. Above: Mack’s house is painted a colonial red.
In the west parlor a Charles X chair keeps company with an 18th-century bannister-back armchair. A display table, used as a desk, holds a collection of nautical handiwork and antiques, and on the shelves are albums of the 18th-century houses Mack has disassembled and moved.
paint on its underside. Chimney stacks are piled together; lintels, flags, and doorsteps lie in grass kept short by a herd of sheep that boards at the farm every summer.

Often asked what exactly it is that he does, Mack is reluctant to use labels like preservationist or architectural design consultant because they only tell part of the story. After salvaging Chase Hill, which gave him the idea of turning an agreeable way of life and work he enjoys into a business, he heard about a house in a neighboring village which was going to be bulldozed.

"It happened to be a beautiful little eighteenth-century half-house. So I took it down myself, and since I didn't have need of it, I sold it. That's really how it began. I decided to acquire Colonial houses that were going to be torn down anyway—to make room for a supermarket or parking lot—carefully disassemble them, sell them to someone, then put them back up elsewhere with the same meticulous attention to detail as Chase Hill."

Among several projects he's working on—Mack only considers American eighteenth-century houses to be worthy of the kind of effort he puts into his restoration work—one involves moving a building from Connecticut to Ohio. Inevitably a transplanted house will lose its historical association with a particular locale, but Mack believes that the success of the move depends on the integrity and sensitivity with which the restoration is done.

"A common restoration can be absolutely disastrous. You might as well have a modern reproduction. What interests me is keeping the fingerprint of a house, the charm and character of it intact, while at the same time making (Text continued on page 174)
In the kitchen a collection of lusterware cups and saucers, Leeds plates, 18th-century rummers, and handblown glasses are to the right of an 18th-century carved granite sink. The counter is chestnut with an inlaid tiger-maple cutting board.
At the bend in a winding road that runs through vast fields of wheat and the hills on the edge of the Île-de-France, one suddenly catches sight of a small hamlet tucked in the valley hollow, huddled as if for warmth around its church. At the entrance to the village is an old farmhouse that behind its closed doors hides one of the richest collections of memorabilia and objects from the history of modern art. It is here that in 1971 Madame Marcel Duchamp decided to gather together mementos of her past.

Alexina Sattler, whom everyone knows as Teeny, first married the son of the painter Henri Matisse and then, in 1954, Marcel Duchamp. They lived in New York then, in Max Ernst’s old apartment on 58th Street. It was only after Marcel’s death that she found the farm during a weekend with her daughter, Jackie Monnier.

Ever since she was a child Madame Duchamp has preferred to live outside cities, and her life has alternated between the world of art and the silence of the countryside. She confides, however, that Duchamp did not like country life at all.

Having had an intimate connection with two of the greatest artists of the twentieth century, Teeny has a house full of objects that refer to these men. Entering the grand salon through the farm’s inner courtyard, one sees several paintings on the walls: a view of Collioure by Matisse, a large canvas by Wifredo Lam, and the drawing of a portrait of chess players by Duchamp.

In fact, the presence of Duchamp, who died in 1968, can be felt everywhere. Several of his youthful readymades—which changed forever the meaning of contemporary art—are
In the grand salon, *The Bicycle Wheel*, one of Duchamp’s earliest readymades, c. 1913, stands between a chair that once belonged to Max Ernst and a Mexican funerary statuette in the shape of a dog. *Moon Debris*, the kite-tail sculpture at left, is by Jackie Monnier, Teeny Duchamp’s daughter. At right is Matisse’s *The View of Collioure*; behind the sofa, a study for Duchamp’s *The Large Glass*. 
A youthful drawing by Marcel Duchamp on which he wrote, “This drawing is never to leave the hands of the Duchamp family,” with *Times Sickness*, 1968, by Baruchello and a sponge piece by Yves Klein.

The 1921 readymade *Why Not Sneeze, Rose Selavy*, above, with Man Ray’s *Metronome* and a “thumb snail” by Claude Lalanne. Below: The 1916 readymade *A Bruit secret* holds at its center an object known only to Teeny Duchamp.
Photograph, above, of *Étants donnés*, Duchamp’s final major work, and a portrait of the artist by Man Ray. *This photo:* A 19th-century American mirror and another portrait by Man Ray. *Below:* Gouache by Dubuffet and a sculpture of Joan of Arc by Arman.

Brancusi’s *Sophisticated Lady*, top, in the grand salon. *Above:* Collection of wishbones over doorway and a replica of the 1917 readymade *Fountain*. *This photo:* Trompe l’œil wall painting by Duchamp is in attic.
about, pointing up the contrast between the most conceptual of twentieth-century artists and the quiet charm of a country house.

On an étagère in the sitting room is one of Duchamp’s very first drawings. He must have been all of six years old but, even so, insisted in his own handwriting that this drawing was never to leave the hands of the Duchamp family. At the far end of the room a canvas of Fauve inspiration evokes the entire pictorial context of the early years of this century when Duchamp, following in the footsteps of his two brothers, the painter Jacques Villon and the sculptor Raymond Duchamp-Villon, tried his hand at painting before a definitive break with artistic tradition.

In the center of the room one recognizes The Nine Malic Molds, a study for The Large Glass in the Philadelphia Museum of Art. It took eight years of unrelenting effort and calculations as precise as those of Leonardo da Vinci when inventing his extraordinary machines. The Large Glass inflamed the imaginations of all its admirers—writers like Octavio Paz, art historians, and poets like André Breton. As so often in Duchamp’s work, it possesses a mystery in the face of which Teeny poses questions but gives no answers.

Farther on, A Bruit secret, the ready-made consisting of a ball of string holds in its center an object known only to Teeny. It is placed between Man Ray’s Metronome and Apolinère Enameled, which Duchamp intended as a parody of the poet Guillaume Apollinaire. A chair found by Max Ernst and brought from New York by Teeny is set amid stools sculpted by Brancusi. These simple pieces of furniture epitomize the adventure and inspiration of modern art, the rediscovery of ancient cultures and primitive art which inspired the purest forms at the beginning of the century.

Duchamp created an entire oeuvre based on satire. What he wanted to say was too serious to be understood by a public that did not take the true measure of the devastating aspect of his work, which its author offered with a mis-

(Text continued on page 186)

In the Hippo Guest Room, François Xavier Lalanne’s hippopotamus sculpture contains a bathtub in its body and a washbasin in its head. Chess set belonged to Jacques Villon.
KLOSTERS COMFORT

In the Swiss Alps, the search for the perfect chalet

BY J. FAIRCHILD

The view from the master bedroom, above, with pine-covered mountains beyond. Opposite: John and Jill Fairchild and their King Charles, Roderick, on the balcony outside their bedroom.
Finding a chalet. Impossible. Try. Our friend Andreas Rüedi, one of the fine local architects, has some land way up above Klosters. Why not build that dream house in the Alps? Up we go, winding around the narrow road. One skid and over the precipice—just look ahead as Andreas steps on the pedal of his beige Porsche. We stop and start the climb upward—on foot. What a view, but think of trampling through the snowdrifts with suitcases. Andreas assures us the village does perfect plowing—which turns out to be true. But the land is on an incline so steep you might slide down to the road, even in the summer through fields of wildflowers.

“No, Andreas, I don’t think so.” And we are off down the mountain at full speed. “Stop. Right here. See over there peeking out from the pine forest that little white chalet with the tall flagpole flying the Swiss flag. That’s the house. That’s it.” Andreas says, “Forget it. It’s not for sale and probably never will be.” So we have a glass of Dézaley at the Hotel Chesa knowing soon we will be back in New York with only the dream of Klosters and that little white chalet dancing in our heads. Six weeks later Andreas telephones. A good Swiss, he doesn’t make a long-distance call unless it is important. “Your chalet is for sale. What do you want me to do?” It didn’t take a second. “Buy it.” I answer. I didn’t ask the price. I didn’t ask about the condition. I didn’t even ask how to get up there. I simply said, “What is the name of the chalet?” “Chalet Bianchina,” Andreas answered. What a beautiful name.

The first time we saw Chalet Bianchina up close we were not disappointed—not a bit. The
The first time we saw Chalet Bianchina up close we were not disappointed—not a bit.
The exterior was perfect. Inside was a different story. Gut we must

exterior of the chalet was perfect, the garden just what we wanted. We already saw the ‘Papa Meilland’ roses blooming and window boxes filled with red geraniums. Inside was a different story—a horror. Gut we must. Andreas whipped out a pad and pencil. In a few minutes he and Jill redesigned the first floor. One big living room with an open library at one end and an open place to dine looking out at the two-hundred-year-old barns next to us. Upstairs, there were more problems. Andreas sketched away. Two small bedrooms—just enough for comf’ double beds, with a chair and possibly a desk in one and a bookcase in the other. That was it. Then we decided we wanted nice comfortable bathrooms, not like the small bathrooms back in our New York apartment. They would be made all in wood, that wonderful Klosters pine which sends off its own sweet perfume. Even the bathtubs would be covered in wood.

The master bedroom? We envisioned a large French door out onto a new balcony—and the view of the mountains. We were lying on the floor propped up against the wall imagining the way our bedroom would be. Andreas put his sketch pad down. “The ceiling in all the rooms should be of wood,” he told us. “Yours should also be curved like a boat.” In two hours he and Jill had transformed Chalet Bianchina into what we felt was our perfect chalet. How lucky can we be?—I thought as we left, making that treacherous turn from the little grass road onto the narrow cow path with formidable old stone walls. In the winter, to get out of Chalet Bianchina, first you hug close to the barn, then you stop, turn right slowly onto the cow path just enough to turn but not too close so you hit the wall, and, taking your foot off the brakes, you go down the dirt road to arrive at the main road for the steep descent down to the village. With four-wheel drive and a little bit of luck you can make it. We have not yet met a cow on her path.

The facelift of thirty-year-old Chalet Bianchina didn’t take long. Andreas works with sketches, then he calls in his workers—or rather his craftsmen, all from Klosters—and they go to work. There is Andreas himself standing up in front of the hole that will soon be a fireplace. He slaps the plaster on with his hand as he shapes the chimney. “You see it must look just like a pregnant woman—gentle and tender in form.” The chimney is finished on the spot, and soon the ironmonger is there hammering in the iron band around the bottom of our pregnant fireplace.

Every newer Swiss chalet has a bomb shelter in the basement with a heavy bulkhead door, which might be better on a submarine. What do you do with...
In the living room, above, a sofa and armchair are covered in red wool rep from Colefax & Fowler; a Karabagh kilim is by the hearth. Opposite: John Fairchild in the living room.
Looking from living room to entrance hall, top
Above: Jill Fairchild in master bedroom; walls are covered with Colefax & Fowler’s Caroline chintz.
Right: Breakfast on fruitwood dining table, c. 1830.
Opposite: Library area of living room with Regency oak writing table and chair of bird’s-eye maple.
In a few minutes we redesigned the first floor. One big living room with an open library at one end and an open place to dine looking out at the two-hundred-year-old barns.
In the Emmerich sculpture park, James Wolfe's *Top Gallant Blue*, 1985, painted steel.
When I bought it four years ago, Top Gallant Farm was an abandoned Quaker dairy farm of some 130 acres on land that had been cleared in the 1790s. Some of the rolling pastures were overgrown with quick-growing secondary forest, but most of the fields remained open. With the passage of time the old fence lines between fields had grown into tree lines, so that large areas of the farm were divided into a series of outdoor rooms. The land presented some grand vistas, but the many enclosed settings are what made the old farm such an immediately appealing setting for a sculpture park.

Establishing such a place fulfilled an old dream. In an article I wrote twenty years ago in *Art in America*, I outlined the basic premise: the lifetime production of a painter can usually be stored in one or two warehouse bins, but a sin-

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*Top Gallant Farm is blessed in having a variety of settings for sculpture—fields, intimate groves, dense curtains of dark green.*
Country breezes stir leaves and branches to life with movement, contrasting with the static presence of steel.
gle major sculpture can eat up that amount of space by itself; the price of leaving a car in a parking lot for a day documents the economic impossibility of placing unsold sculpture in New York, even though the city is the world’s leading art market; clearly what was needed was a place in the country near enough to allow a visit within half a day. As a city man born and bred I never entertained the thought that I myself might create such a sculpture park, but then I had the luck to find Top Gallant Farm in New York State. Adapting it as a setting for the work of sculptors I long admired has been a joyful challenge ever since.

In retrospect it is clear that I had no idea when I started how much there was to learn about siting outdoor sculpture or how much of that learning process was to be a matter of trial and error. The knowledge I had acquired during thirty years of working as an art dealer and installing exhibitions of sculpture proved to be of only limited usefulness.

Top Gallant Farm is blessed in having a variety of settings for sculpture. There are large open fields, some with steep drops that allow tall pieces to be outlined against the sky. There are intimate groves whose dense curtains of dark green are ideal backgrounds for light linear sculpture. Winding roads and paths allow one to come upon a given work or group of works with a sense of surprise and discovery.

There is nothing static about art in the outdoors. Unexpected aspects are constantly unveiled with the coming and going of clouds, hours, and seasons.

Ever-changing daylight is a far more complex phenomenon than carefully arranged and modulated lighting in a gallery or a museum. Bright sunny days give sculpture crisp, sharp outlines that on cloudy days blend into almost tender softness. Rain gives sculpture a wet, varnished look that emphasizes reflecting planes and surfaces. Windstorms push about and even topple seemingly solid man-made objects with great ease—and sometimes unexpectedly (Text continued on page 172)

Alexander Liberman’s *Trope II*. 1986. welded steel painted white.
SCALED TO PERFECTION

Albert Hadley’s small house in Connecticut has a richness created by expert placement and personal details

BY MICHAEL BOODRO
PHOTOGRAPHS BY OBERTO GILI
Almost all the furniture in the living room comes from Hadley’s former country place in New York State. Over the Biedermeier chest at right is a mirror of ebony inlaid with mother-of-pearl. Bust is a copy of one in the Cluny Museum in Paris.
In a small village in Connecticut, literally steps from the railroad tracks, stands an unprepossessing house that has become the obsession and the joy of Albert Hadley, partner in that most distinguished of design firms, Parish-Hadley Associates. It is somewhat disconcerting to think of this sophisticated master of American decoration spending his weekends in a town that might have inspired Thornton Wilder, it becomes easier to understand upon meeting Albert Hadley. He is quiet and self-effacing, with more than a slight trace of the Southern charm and accent he brought with him from Tennessee to New York. His manner and his impeccable eye have won over some of the wealthiest and most demanding of clients in that city.

The way he made the move to this new house from the much larger farmhouse near Tarrytown, New York, which he had used as a country retreat for ten years, was direct yet surprising, almost serendipitous—indeed, not unlike the interiors he designs. “I found this house quite by accident. I had been toying with the idea of another location,” he explains. He had grown tired of the isolation in Tarrytown, not to mention the “hopeless upkeep” of the large garden. He had even contemplated building a small house for himself. “I was out for a drive with my mother and sister in this area, and we turned the corner onto this street, which I have to admit is the ugliest one in town, and I immediately said, ‘That’s the house I want.’”

“I flirted around with it,” he continues, “looking at it, not knowing if it was for sale, not knowing if it was empty.” He had friends investigate and discovered that indeed it was. He says happily, “It was waiting for me.”

Because of its small size and its proximity to the railroad tracks, however, he was wary and decided at first to rent the house for three months. Hadley learned that it is impossible to temper a fixation with a trial run. After one night in the house he decided to buy. That was in November of 1984, and after slight restorations he moved in the following June.

He wanted to retain as many familiar furnishings from his previous house as size and practicality would permit. Placing them was another matter. “I must have made a million sketches before I moved in, trying to decide where I would, in fact, put things—even though I had measured and knew where they would fit. But where I wanted them was something else. It really wasn’t until I was there and started moving things around that it all began to come together.”

The surprise was the degree to which his furniture adapted to the new environment. Even the circular table, which Hadley feared would overwhelm the dining room, feels comfortable in its smaller confines where it stands on the leopard-print carpet that has become one of Hadley’s stylistic signatures. The loss of a pair of iron bookcases, which proved too tall, was mitigated by the discovery of a nineteenth-century English pine glassfront bookcase that perfectly fits the long wall in the living room.

What didn’t work, he discovered, were the white walls that he had enjoyed so much in the larger Tarrytown house. “As I settled in, I realized that white walls made this house look poor and unfinished,” he says. “I wouldn’t have known that ahead of time—even if I had wanted to think about it.” The living room now sports a coat of pale gray enamel, the dining room a warm chocolate brown. The hall is papered with a simple Parish-Hadley design. Each of the three bedrooms upstairs features a different paper, in-

Albert Hadley, at his front door, above, with 19th-century cast-iron dog. Opposite: Family pieces in the studio include a chaise and a lithograph of hunting dogs which once belonged to Hadley’s grandfather in Tennessee and a needlepoint pillow made by his sister. Wooden candlestick is from Maine.
A subterranean room, formerly the kitchen, has been transformed into a studio where Hadley has his worktable and many gifts from friends. Framed batik by Alan Campbell over English chest of drawers was a house present; gourd on table is from Hadley's native Tennessee. In foreground, a feathered ball sculpture by Armin Postler.
cluding pink and white stripes in the master bedroom.

The result is a house that seems immediately soothing, whose richness in small personal details never over-whelms. In cool weather there’s the inviting living room with fireplace and comfortable slipper chairs, perfect for tea. For balmy days and torpid evenings there’s a screened-in porch overlooking the yard that Hadley has transformed into a small semiformal garden with a raised bricked-in rectangle of green surrounded by holly trees and rhododendrons. The small bedrooms have just enough color and unusual objects—including a bedstead that Hadley had made from parts of an overly ornate mirror—to engage the eye without tiring it.

But the true glory of the house is a subterranean room, formerly the kitchen, that its owner terms the studio. One has to duck to enter, and there are only two high square windows for illumination; through one you can see grass and a thick tree trunk like an elephant’s leg. But this room has a sense of scale and ease that makes one wish immediately to move in; it is the apotheosis of the basement “rec” room so beloved in the 1950s and ’60s.

The studio, clearly the most-used room in the house, contains a large open fireplace, an upholstered chaise, and a set of French arm-chairs—a gift from his friend and colleague at Parsons, Van Day Truex—which were painted white and upholstered in brown leather (“actually leatherette,” says Hadley softly, “but don’t tell anyone”). Here Hadley has set up his worktable and surrounded himself with personal mementos. There is a colored lithograph of hunting dogs which once belonged to his grandfather in Tennessee. There are photos of Van Day Truex and Rose Cumming, watercolors and drawings by Mark Hampton and Alan Campbell and one that once belonged to Eleanor Brown, a needlework zebra rug, a pillow made by his sister, a table that he found on the street. Even the adjacent laundry room has style, with another armchair and a table spread with other small objects that “haven’t found a proper home yet.”

Throughout the house are unusual still lifes, small surprises, special treasures tucked away in unexpected places—drawings by friends, a beaded picture hung on the back of a door, a pair of dog sculptures lolling on the front porch. “There is a sort of continuity to the madness,” Albert Hadley admits with a smile. “Each room has its own personality, and the things that go into that room are ones that amplify that theme, to a certain extent, without being stuffy about it,” he adds, almost abashed at having verbalized even this much of his philosophy of decor.

**Editor:** Jacqueline Gonnet

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There is always something fresh to look at in this small house. 1. In bathroom, watercolor of ghosts by David Whitcomb, bronze alligator, probably 19th century. 2. The laundry room has green painted floor; drawings on door are by Mark Hampton. 3. Studio table holds photograph of Hadley’s friend and Parsons colleague Van Day Truex and a portrait of Rose Cumming by Wilbur Pippin. 4. In dining room, Chinese pears on a plate in front of a similar subject in watercolor, a gift from the William Paleys. 5. A 19th-century ebony chest inlaid with ivory; slippers on Louis XV-style stool.
THE OTHER HAMPTONS

Mark and Duane Hampton’s weekend life on Long Island

BY JAMES REGINATO
PHOTOGRAPHS BY HORST

Duane Hampton, above, is framed in the doorway of her terrace where wicker furniture, a French park chair, and a copy of a Ming table made by Frederick Victoria are surrounded by pink geraniums. Right: A tall garden bench designed by Mark Hampton is at one end of the garden, backed by privet. Beds of roses and perennials are edged in box.
They met in Florence. At the American Express office. He was a boy from Indiana on his grand tour. She was a girl from Oregon who'd complained, cleverly, about the dreariness of Mount Holyoke College until her grandmother placated her with a trip to Italy.

Mark Hampton at the time thought he was going to be a lawyer, and indeed he entered law school at his parents' behest. But it was Duane who helped him decide, during their engagement, that his talents lay elsewhere. “Finally he said, ‘So you wouldn’t mind terribly if I quit law school and became a decorator?’” she recalls.

It was a fortunate decision for both and the start of a most successful and enduring partnership. For evidence one need only inspect the couple's Southampton house and garden, where during June, July, and August guests are almost as abundant as the delphiniums, geraniums, hydrangeas, peonies, and roses.

Five years ago, when they found a 1920s gardener's cottage situated toward the rear of what had once been a grand estate, it wasn't the American shingle summer cottage they wanted—"a place," Mark elaborates—"that would be comfortable in summer but one that would be equally inviting in winter."

Once they had added to the house, Duane, whom a close friend describes as a "committed shopper," set to work. Most of the furnishings were found during her early morning prowls through London's antiques markets.

Several years ago, while plundering Vienna, Duane and Louise Grunwald decided to make a business of their passion. They subsequently opened the MH Stockroom, which sells small antiques and decorative accessories, not unlike James Robinson.

In decorating the house, Mark explains, "we function as a team on most levels. I tend to like big architectural things while Duane likes more romantic designs—linens, porcelain, lace." "Every wonderful small touch you see is mine, and every grandiose gesture is his," Duane laughs. "And anything you don't like, we don't have to talk about."

Responsibility for the garden is, more or less, evenly shared, though Duane has dominion over the roses—the most plentiful flower—and, as Mark says, "every time a hole occurs I hop in the car and pick something up from the little gardening center." Originally laid out by landscape architect Bruce Kelly, the garden is focused around a pergola of Mark's design.

When guests stay, the guest bedroom is stocked with roses from the garden, chocolate-chip cookies from Kathleen's, and a clothes steamer. Needless to say, friends have run of the refrigerator and roomy kitchen.

A set of blue-and-white Staffordshire is on the deep ivory-colored walls with trompe l'oeil molding. English and French blue glass, which Duane Hampton collects, is around the room. Hepplewhite-style chairs are covered in linen from Scalamandre. Roses are from the garden.

"Finally he said, So you wouldn't..."
ind terribly if I quit law school and became a decorator?” Duane recalls
where traffic revolves around an imposing hearth that’s flanked by two enormously comfortable easy chairs.

As for the children’s rooms, sixteen-year-old Alexa Hampton’s room is pronounced off-limits. It “hasn’t happened yet,” she explains. Her room in town, she adds, however, has. There Alexa and her elder sister, Kate, have each been allowed to decorate their respective quarters. While Kate has opted for a more restrained look, Alexa explains that hers is “lush,” with damask, draperies, and dark rose walls. Sounds rather Madame de Pompadour-ish, it is suggested.

“Don’t say a word against Pompadour,” Mark breaks in. “She was a great girl who worked hard for what she got.”

Editor Kaaren Parker Gray

* A stone walk, right, planted on either side in tones of pink, blue, and silver. Lavender, primula, hosta, santolina, forget-me-nots lead to a wooden obelisk and 19th-century wrought-iron benches. Above Mark, Kate, and Duane Hampton under a pear tree in the garden.irts.
“Every wonderful small touch you see is mine, and every grandiose gesture is his, and anything you don’t like, we don’t have to talk about”
Morning glories fill the Gothic wire trellis on the porch by swimming pool. Left: In the living room 18th-century architectural engravings from Vitruvius Britannicus frame the fireplace. Mark Hampton designed the bookcase inspired by William Kent. Sofa and chairs are in a chintz from Brunschwig, and a sisal is on the floor.
When I was living in Paris in the summer of 1956, the Harvard Glee Club came to town. It was their first visit to Europe since 1921, and people made a big deal out of it. They sang in the Royal Albert Hall in London. They sang in the Salle Gaveau in Paris. They sang in Chartres Cathedral. They sang for the Pope in St. Peter's in Rome, for Bernard Berenson in his villa "I Tatti," and in Florence during the Maggio Musicale. In Germany they had the freedom of the airwaves.

Their president and leader on the tour was a tall, leggy, hyperenthusiastic young man called J. Carter Brown. With his dancing tread, his buoyancy of spirit, and his overflowing delight in where he was and what he was, he was George Gershwin's American in Paris come to life. He was also conspicuously bright—at home in all societies, learned far beyond his years, responsive from morning till night. You didn't forget him.

Thirty years later I went to Providence, Rhode Island, to have dinner with the same J. Carter Brown. It was an average day for him. Until the late afternoon he had had meetings in Washington, D.C., where since 1969 he has been director of the National Gallery of Art. He flew to Providence. We had dinner. He showed me the family house in which he had been raised, and at the end of a long evening he was driven to Newport, Rhode Island, where he was due at six the next morning to board the yawl Volta for the Newport to Bermuda race. Although he had not long recovered from a serious automobile accident, he was just as buoyant, just as eager, just as responsive, and even better informed than he had been thirty years before.

I had gone to Providence primarily to take a last look at the family house at 357 Benefit Street. (Carter Brown's mother had died not long before, and the house was about to become the headquarters of the John Nicholas Brown Center for the Study of American Civilization.) Built in 1791 and owned by the Brown family since 1814, it radiates a universal confidence. "They were really expressing faith in what they had achieved," Carter said, "and in what the future of this country was going to be. But there was great elegance, too. Look at those finials and those urns! That fascinating roofscape! There's a widow's walk up there from which you can see all the way down Narragansett Bay."

The Browns were at home with themselves, at home in Rhode Island, and at home in the world. And why not? What was Providence if not a Brown town? In the eighteenth century four Brown brothers—Nicholas, Joseph, John, and Moses—had each in his own way established the family once and for all. (An earlier Brown had arrived in Rhode Island from Massachusetts in 1638, only two years after Roger Williams had arrived in a canoe with just a handful of other people. Carter's mother had once figured out that at least four of those
Carter Brown, director of the National Gallery, back for a visit to his childhood home at 357 Benefit Street in Providence. On the table is an 18th-century Russian porcelain dessert dish from his mother's collection. Opposite: The entrance to the Georgian-style house, which today houses the John Nicholas Brown Center.
other people found themselves a place in the Brown family tree.)

"Basically they were in everything" is Carter Brown's answer if anyone asks him how the Browns did so well. They had what it took to succeed in a new country.

Nicholas was an entrepreneur of genius. Joseph was a gifted architect and part-time professor at what is now called (what else?) Brown University. John was by nature an adventurer, a man of drive and panache who was one of the pioneers of trade with China and the East Indies. (The house that he built for himself in Providence was described by John Quincy Adams as the "most magnificent and elegant" that he had seen anywhere in North America.)

"Those people didn't fool around" is how Carter Brown now sums it up—doubtless remembering how John Brown in 1772 had virtually inaugurated the American Revolution by burning the British revenue ship Gaspee right down to the water as she lay aground in Narragansett Bay. But there was also Moses Brown, who turned Quaker, hated the fact that John Brown dealt in slaves, and proselytized for better public health, better public schools, and the emancipation of the slaves.

Add to that the fact that the Browns more or less invented the industrial revolution in America, bought widely into agricultural lands that had been ceded by the government to veterans of the Civil War, and were also active in banking, mining, railroads, and the textile industry, and it will be clear that they were truly "in everything." In time they were all over the country, but it was with Providence that they identified themselves.

It was for Providence that they distilled rum, manufactured spermaceti candles and pig iron, and sent their ships to the Baltic and the Mediterranean as well as the Far East. When Providence needed a Baptist meeting house, a market house, a public library, and eventually a university, it was the Browns who came forward. Joseph Brown showed the town what stylish building was like and gave it its first fire engine. He was an avid amateur astronomer and when the transit of Venus was due, he made sure that the phenomenon was properly observed by the citizens of Providence.

The Browns were at home with themselves, at home in Rhode Island, and at home in the world.

And why not? What was Providence if not a Brown town?

History is full of families that burn bright, only to burn out. Nothing like that has happened to the Browns. Carter Brown's parents, John Nicholas Brown and Anne S. K. Brown, were a striking pair. Their height, their bearing, the quality of their attention to others—all were mightily impressive. But this is not to say they were august but ineffective survivors from the past.

When John Nicholas Brown wanted to build a new house on Fisher's Island in the 1930s, he went to Richard Neutra, thereby securing the first International Style private house in the Eastern states. He gave the first lecture on Cézanne that was ever heard at Harvard. When he bought a drawing—and the great scholar Erwin Panofsky said that his collection was one of the most discriminating that he knew—he was as likely to choose a Picasso, hardly dry from the studio, as a Watteau.

He could read both Greek and Latin and was a deeply committed medievalist with a close knowledge of Burgundian monastic life. He was the first commodore of the New York Yacht Club who was not a New Yorker and the first trustee of the Boston Symphony Orchestra who was not a Bostonian. He could do anything, more or less, and at the age of 21, when he came into an inheritance that at one time had caused him to be spoken of as the "richest baby in America," he took over number 357 Benefit Street, which at the time was almost empty, and furnished it from scratch without any help from anybody.

He did not marry until he was thirty, but from that day forward the house was very much a joint creation, and so it has remained to this day. Walking in through the Palladian front door of that grandly proportioned three-story wooden house, we notice the Georgián paneling (imported from an English country house), the Zuber panoramic wallpaper with its views of West Point, Manhattan, Philadelphia, Boston, and Niagara Falls, and in the drawing room a Chinese wall-paper made up in Paris by a Chinese crafts-
man from fragments that had been found in an attic in
the neighboring John Brown house.

"My mother really got into that room," Carter said.
"The Adam style, with that chimneypiece and that nice
furniture, was really the right date for the house." There
was a problem, though, with the Chinese wallpaper.
The Chinese craftsman worked from photographs and
color notes, and such was his feeling for exactitude that
he copied the light gray background of the photographs
instead of the original white. "But in many ways it was
softer and more charming, and that gave the key to the
room."

It was a remarkably evocative interior. In the small
paneled dining room where the infant Carter was
coaxed to finish his cornflakes, drawings by Boucher,
Salvator Rosa, Degas, and Matisse caught his
wandering eye. (One of the Matisses later went with
him to Harvard.) In the small drawing room where the
children listened every day to their mother reading
aloud from the Iliad and the Odyssey at teatime, there
were incomparable examples of American eighteenth-
century furniture from Philadelphia and Newport.
There were a kneehole desk and a kneehole blockfront
bookcase, both by John Goddard, that turn up in all the
reference books. They are presumed to have been com-
missioned for the family.

And as Anne Brown had a passion for Russian eight-
teenth- and nineteenth-century porcelain and decora-
tive arts, exotic intruders from that huge and distant
country can often be found. There is a lapis lazuli desk
set that was once in the library of the czar Alexander II
in the Winter Palace as

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A ROYAL REFUGE

Sommariva—part hunting lodge, part love nest—where the first king of Italy went to unwind

BY WILLIAM WEAVER

PHOTOGRAPHS BY OBERTO GILI
In 1859 Victor Emmanuel II, the king of Sardinia-Piedmont and later the first king of united Italy, bought Sommariva castle and transformed it into a beloved refuge. No doubt he was attracted by the bountiful hunting in the central Piedmont area—the king was an impassioned hunter, and the house is still full of his trophies—but Victor Emmanuel also wanted to install there his mistress Rosina, who had two children by him, a daughter, Vittoria, and a son, Emanuele. It is Emanuele’s descendants who live in the house today.

Up until the end of the Italian monarchy in 1946, schoolchildren in Italy were taught to think of Victor Emmanuel II as the father of the country, and in his own day he was also known as il re galantuomo, the gentleman king. But, in truth, modern Italy had several fathers (first among them, Cavour), and though Victor Emmanuel had many qualities, he was not always a gentleman. At social functions he was curt to the point of rudeness; he hated official dinners and would sit, his hand clutching his sword, leaving his food untasted, glaring at his guests until they had bolted theirs.

Despite close control, he had a number of love affairs before, during, and after his marriage to the delicate and saintly Maria Adelaide, a Habsburg cousin. Still, the marriage was happy, and the queen bore him eight children before her early death in 1855. Cavour and other advisers wanted the king to remarry, but Victor Emmanuel was firmly under the spell—or, some would have said, in the clutches—of Rosina, whom he had first met in 1847, when she was just fourteen. Bursting with health, vigorous and simple, Rosina could speak only Piedmontese dialect when the 27-year-old Victor Emmanuel met her. He found a governness to add some polish, and shortly after he ascended the throne installed her in a little villa at the far end of the park of Stupinigi, a royal summer residence. Later she was set up in a great hunting lodge called La Mandria, just outside Turin, and then at Sommariva.

While the king’s tastes were relatively simple, Rosina’s clearly became regal as she tightened her hold on him and gained increasing security. Her other residences have long since changed hands and broken up, but Sommariva has been lovingly preserved. It is a rare exemplary illustration of solid late-nineteenth-century Italian bourgeois taste and, in some way, Rosina’s monument. Long before the king married her he named her countess of Fontanafredda and Mirafiori, and her monogram—RM—is everywhere, etched in the crystal and woven into the rugs. On teacups and plates there are always roses echoing her name, and there are painted fountains for Fontanafredda and flowers for Mirafiori. She commanded a large household—there were at least twenty servants—and the vast kitchens on the ground level and the extensive copper batterie de cuisine, with endless molds for game pâtés and ices and shaped puddings, seem to indicate that the couple rarely dined alone. (When the king went hunting, he took with him a whole entourage of beaters and attendants and cooks. At nightfall, anyone turning up at his camp would be invited to join the big table. Afterward he might pass around some of his cherished cigars, which he made more flavorful by soaking them overnight in cognac.)

On the mantelpiece in the king’s bedroom at Sommariva is the certificate of his marriage to Rosina in 1869. The document is handsomely framed. Did Victor Emmanuel keep it there, or did Rosina place it there as an affirmation after his death? In any case, it is a curious testimony: at that time the king had been excommunicated, and the officiating bishop wrote on the paper that the marriage was taking place because the king was “in serious danger of dying.” Actually he recovered and lived until 1878, when he died in Rome in the Quirinal. Ill. Rosina was unable to be with him. For the next seven years—the rest of her life—Rosina sent a wreath to be placed on her husband’s tomb on the anniversary of his death. The wreath was anonymous but—it is safe to guess—ostentatious.

The king’s bedroom, opposite, much as it was in his time; photograph on desk is of Garibaldi. Left: The study of Cavour, architect of Italian unity and the king’s prime minister, who spent several months at Sommariva. Portraits are of Victor Emmanuel and Cavour.
MEMPHISTOPHELES

Influential Milan architect Ettore Sottsass is busier at seventy than he has ever been

BY MARTIN FILLER

Ettore Sottsass, above, presiding genius of the Memphis design group, has transformed the Malibu beach house of Max Palevsky. Left. In the living room Sottsass’s furniture plays off against art, including, over the fireplace, Roy Lichtenstein’s 1968 metal wall relief, Palevsky Explosion.
t is closing time at a trendy new restaurant in SoHo, but Ettore Sottsass isn't budging. The new Romeo Gigli cashmere coat of his longtime companion and collaborator, Barbara Radice, seems to have disappeared, and he is refusing to leave until it is recovered. The host, art dealer Joseph Helman (at whose downtown Blum Helman Gallery the Milan-based architect's latest series of furniture had just opened), is in a state of mild consternation and gallantly offers Radice his own jacket against the after-midnight chill. Sottsass will have none of it and holds his ground. Awkward minutes pass, and then miraculously out of nowhere the missing coat materializes, to the amazement of everyone except Ettore Sottsass. In this revealing episode several of his most pronounced characteristics—implacable force of personality, seen-it-all worldliness, and uncanny intuition—come into sharp convergence, much as they do in his widely copied but never equaled designs.

Sottsass at seventy—a milestone he marked last September—has attained a serenity that gives his most recent work a low-key but sustained power, quite different from the frenetic energy and teasing humor of his famous furniture and objects for the Studio Alchymia and Memphis manufacturing groups during the late seventies and early eighties. It was then that Sottsass, who for years had been a respected figure on the Italian design scene, suddenly burst out of his role as creator of well-thought-out consumer products for mainstream manufacturers (like his red plastic Valentine typewriter of 1969 for Olivetti) and launched one of the most startling and influential avant-garde design movements of this century.

Italy in the late seventies was still reeling from the political upheaval and rampant terrorism that had kept it on the brink of civil chaos for most of that decade. As a result, Italian modern furniture production, which during the fifties and sixties had been the most adventurous anywhere, came to a virtual halt. The constricted imagination and flagging energy of its leading designers were painfully evident in the small number of lackluster pieces introduced during that difficult time—thin lifetime tables, chairs, and lamps that seemed to be in mourning. Thus the unheralded advent of the new Sottsass style hit Milan in 1979 with the full force of a revolution: not an intellectual or ideological turning point but certainly a spiritual one.

Attacking the restraint and repetitiveness of the played-out International Style, Sottsass and his small circle of younger colleagues took up everything orthodox Modernism had spurned: garish colors, vibrating patterns, flamboyant shapes, incongruous combinations of elegant and funky materials, flagrantly hand-crafted luxury after a period of machine-made Minimalist austerity, and above all an aggressive playfulness that subverted the pomposity of much architect-designed furniture. The initial 1981 Memphis exhibition created a sensation and open outrage in some quarters. Even the group's name was a provocation—directly inspired by the Bob Dylan song "Stuck Inside of Mobile with the Memphis Blues Again," it was also prized for its additional references to ancient Egypt and the hometown of Elvis Presley.

The latest exhibition of Ettore Sottsass's newest furniture designs, on view from January 21 through March 15 at the Château Dufresne, the Canadian national museum of decorative arts in Montreal, marks a new direction for him. The mere fact that those 25 remarkable pieces were not produced by Memphis but were commissioned by Blum Helman and made in Italy under Sottsass's supervision in unique or limited editions priced as high as $30,000 sets them apart from his previous efforts. Of the group a half dozen can be numbered among the best pieces Sottsass has ever designed. But despite their art gallery and museum provenance, they are intended by their creator to be used as furniture rather than to be regarded as sculpture. Although not a complete departure from the Memphis look, these cabinets, chairs, credenzas, mirrors, pedestals, sideboards, and tables are noticeably more refined. Rare marbles, gleaming lacquers, and fine veneers are in greater evidence than the plastic laminates, plexiglass, and fake wood grain that reigned so long. But just as the designers used a variety of materials to create a sense of mystery and surprise, so Sottsass here uses them to build an illusion of abundance. He has created a house out of furniture, and the viewer is encouraged to delve inside to discover what is real and what is not.

Sottsass's own apartment in Milan refutes the notion that his objects can't be used together to furnish an entire interior. There his distinctive pieces combine easily and still leave room for bold contemporary art.
In an old building in Milan, opposite, the apartment shared by Ettore Sottsass and Barbara Radice is a surprisingly calm assemblage of his strong designs. Above: The living room. Below left: The kitchen. Below right: Detail of bookcase.
1. Red lacquer cabinet by Sottsass in the Palevsky beach house, Malibu.
2. Sottsass's mirror *For East* first shown at 1987 Documenta exhibition in Kassel, West Germany.
3. Marble console table for Blum Helman entitled *Coming Back from an Apartment in West Berlin*.
5. Beneath 5th century AD Persian mosaics in the Palevsky house, a Sottsass marble console table.
6. Another of the Palevsky chairs.
7. Stairway in Sottsass's new Alessi shop in Milan combines gray terrazzo steps and bannister of reconstituted wood veneer by Alpi.
8. Max Palevsky and his wife, Jodie Evans.
9. Blue-glass domed canopy with spiral columns in Palevsky house living room is a reminder of Sottsass's love of India and its culture.
11. Tiled fireplace in Palevsky house bedroom.
Sottsass's most recent designs have a self-assured power new to his work. Artful though these pieces are, he insists they be thought of and used as furniture.

In the Palevsky house in Malibu, rug and tables by Sottsass stand up to powerful works of art by Frank Stella, above, and Rodin, below.

travel agency in Zürich, new headquarters for the Rainbow fabric company in Milan, and an apartment for Gianni Pigozzi in New York. Most exciting of all is an entire house, furnishings and everything, for the New York photography dealer and decorative art collector Daniel Wolf, under construction in Colorado. Rizzoli has just brought out Sottsass's new book, Design Metaphors, and lately he has designed a series of 34 art-glass pieces for Memphis, women's jewelry and a men's watch for Cleto Munari, and several dinnerware patterns and candlesticks for Swid Powell.

He has also completed his largest residential project to date, an extensive redesign (with his associate Aldo Cibici) of the Malibu beach house of Max Palevsky, the Los Angeles computer tycoon and art collector. While Sottsass's most assertive furniture is generally difficult to place in conventional interiors, requiring the open expanses of lofts to accommodate its powerful presence, there is no such problem at the Palevsky house, where the huge rooms are more than able to absorb the massive pieces. The existing Spanish Colonial motifs of the house—polychrome tile, carved woodwork, and terra-cotta reliefs—meld perfectly with the Sottsass additions, pointing up as never before the quiescent Mediterranean element in his work.

The Milan apartment Sottsass shares with the journalist and design curator Barbara Radice (with whom he has lived since 1976) shows that it is also possible to create a considerably smaller interior with his furniture. However, it has taken the hand of the master himself to pull off this difficult trick. Their one-bedroom flat in an old building in the Brera section of the city is a calm and soothing place, "a stage for private dreams," in Sottsass's evocative phrase. The pale pink-and-white-striped flooring of reconstituted wood veneer by Alpi, the serrated white marble wall shelf holding a totemic vase of intensely multicolored glass, and the ravishing blue-glass serving cart in the kitchen are some of the tip-offs that a highly original taste has been given free rein here. Throughout are dozens of other Sottsass designs from the very familiar to the virtually unknown, including a wonderful little black-and-white-painted plywood table with bentwire legs designed by the architect in 1948, when he was just over thirty. "Craig Miller of the Metropolitan Museum in New York has asked to have it for the collection," Sottsass reports, "but I have come to like it so much that I told him I would have to leave it to the museum in my will." Given the extraordinary vitality of the man and his work, they may have quite a wait.

Editors: Elizabeth Strebeyeff Byron and Beatrice Monti della Corte
Beneath Matisse's *Persane*, 1929, and Picasso's *Le Repas frugal*, 1904, a pair of Sottsass tables entitled *They Thought It Was Coming from Burma.*
On July 29, 1897, Flora Payne Whitney broke upon the world in banner headlines: BABY GIRL WILL INHERIT MILLIONS. And so she would, by the "trifling, gorgeous accident of birth." She was the eldest child of Harry Payne Whitney, one of the leading sportsmen of his generation, and of Gertrude Vanderbilt Whitney, sculptor, burning bohemian, and founder of the Whitney Museum of American Art; she was the granddaughter of Cornelius Vanderbilt II, president of the New York Central Railroad, and of William C. Whitney, secretary of the navy under Grover Cleveland. Home was a 54-room mansion at 871 Fifth Avenue whose interiors had been designed by Stanford White. As the world outside her privilege shifted and reshaped itself, the world-within-a-world she had been born into remained as compact as a heroic couplet—and as elevated. Indeed, as lofty as a Cole Porter quatrains:

You're the top!
You're the Tower of Babel
You're the top!
You're the Whitney Stable.

Flora Whitney swept into society in the summer of 1916. For her debut her father had a blue-and-yellow ballroom added to his Newport house—only a stone’s throw from the Breakers, the Beaux-Arts palace of her Vanderbilt grandparents. The guest list for Flora’s coming-out party commandeered two columns of The New York Times. Her dinner partner was Quentin Roosevelt, son of the 26th president of the United States. They were soon engaged. But the time permitted them was short. Quentin was to die inside the German lines in 1918. During the months following his death Flora worked as Theodore Roosevelt’s secretary. Later she lived in Washington with Quentin’s sister Alice Roosevelt Longworth, who would become known as much for her tart tongue as for her gentle genealogy.

Today the witnesses are gone, the men and women who knew Flora Whitney in her young beauty as, in a dress by Poiret or Chanel, she paused at the turn of the staircase that had been contrived for her descent. All the witnesses are gone, save one—the decorator Nancy Lancaster, who rounds off the portrait of Flora as a girl: "I feel I am the last leaf on the tree as our class at Foxcroft is now not even mentioned and no wonder as I am the sole survivor. We were members of the first graduating class. Flora was one of the few people I’ve known who had real charm. The last time I saw her she looked exactly the same as always—those lovely eyes and that ‘fluted’ mouth I always teased her about. How I like to remember her is being in one of the Foxcroft open wooden classrooms with golf stockings on (for the cold) and ballet shoes as she practiced ‘toe standing’ from her chair during lessons. The year we came out I stayed at Newport for her ball. We danced till sunrise and bathed in the ocean—a very advanced thing to do then but hardly to be mentioned now."

In 1920 Flora wed stockbroker Roderick Tower. Some years later they divorced, and in 1927 she married architect G. Macculoch Miller, enjoying with him a long-lived happy domesticity.

Brendan Gill places Flora for us in the consanguinous social landscape of her time: "I think it is safe to say that all those young Vanderbilts and Whitneys, as
For Flora’s debut in 1916 her father had a blue-and-yellow ballroom added to his Newport house.
they moved in their mock-royal progresses from great house to great house according to season, were sharing a degree of luxury unknown to ordinary mortals, then or now. All those big houses to move among as fashion dictated! Who but an ignorant outsider can have dared to invent the phrase 'the idle rich'? The rich worked hard and long at their pleasures—and upon their cultural tasks as well.”

As to those laborious pleasures, over the long years of her life Flora either owned outright or had at her disposal her mother Gertrude Vanderbilt Whitney’s studio on the rue Boileau in Paris; a handsome house on the 700-acre Whitney estate in Old Westbury, Long Island, designed in 1924 by Stewart, Walker & Gillette, which served as “headquarters”; Camp Deerlands built by her Whitney grandfather; Château du Boulay near Tours in the Loire Valley on his 100,000-acre holding in the Adirondacks; Cady Hill House in Saratoga Springs, New York; and Joye Cottage in Aiken, lazing at the intersection of Easy Street and Whiskey Road, at a hundred rooms perhaps the biggest house in the Carolinas. To get from estate to estate there was the obligatory private railroad car, winningly called The Wanderer.

As for cultural labors, for fifty years Flora served successively as the vigorous trustee, president, chairman, and honorary chairman of the museum her mother had founded in 1930. “The point about Mrs. Miller and the Whitney,” says the museum’s current director, Thomas Armstrong, “is that it was hers, it had been left to her in her mother’s will, and she made the decision—and it was not an easy one for her—to bring in outsiders.” Flora Whitney Miller was therefore largely responsible for the transformation into a national treasure of what might otherwise have remained a family heirloom.

In the late 1940s, Flora and Cully Miller added to their architectural retinue a duplex apartment at 10 Gracie Square at the far end of East 84th Street—with its unique street-through porte cochere one of the most remarkable buildings in New York. The first thing she did was install—

(Text continued on page 176)
Flora Whitney Miller, *center left,* on her jumper in Aiken, South Carolina, c. 1917, and, *above,* with her brother Sonny (Cornelius Vanderbilt Whitney) at a wedding, 1905. *Opposite:* In the guest bedroom, one of two sleigh beds with dolphins from a merry-go-round. *Left:* Nadelman figures and family portraits in the guest bedroom. *Top:* Elaborate boiserie in the living room with heirloom French furniture and painted and parcel-gilt Steinway grand piano over which Turner's *Juliet and Her Nurse* hung until 1986.
Long before Wagner, Ibsen, or Byron discovered its delights, the Sorrento Peninsula attracted powerful and perceptive visitors from the north. Agrippa Postumus, grandson of Emperor Augustus, built a fine villa on the peninsula right beside the present town on the site of what is now the Villa Tritone. A convent stood here from the fourteenth century until its dissolution in the early nineteenth century. Garibaldi made a hospital in the building, and in 1860 Count Labonia, a distinguished antiquarian and friend of Schliemann, the excavator of Troy, bought the site and began to build the present house and create what is now one of the finest gardens in southern Italy. Today it is the home of Rita and Mariano Pane.

The house stands on the tip of a little promontory fronting a sheer drop to the sea, facing out toward Naples and Vesuvius. It is a simple cream-colored Neoclassical building in the style of the old hotels all along the Sorrento seafront. Behind it and on either side, encircled by walls and balustrades, is the garden, a private green oasis of palms, oranges, cypresses, pines, and eucalyptus. Secret paths and allees cut through this forest, revealing statues, urns, fountains, and tantalizing glimpses of sea and sky. When William Waldorf, the first Viscount Astor, bought the property in 1906, he enlarged the garden and made it a repository for his vast and ever-growing collection of Classical, medieval, and Renaissance statuary. Shockingly, to do this he pulled down the old fourteenth-century convent. He then gouged a huge swimming pool out of the upper garden on the other side of the road to provide earth to cover up the foundations. Another eccentric but most effective idea of his was to build a high wall along the seaward side, blocking the view. Various openings were made in the wall, thus neatly reversing the English eighteenth-century gentleman’s habit of cutting vistas through trees to medieval ruins or Greek-style temples. One of the larger openings is a balustrade topped with Neoclassical busts by Alma-Tadema facing into the garden, their backs to the sea. You can see here the true late-nineteenth-century vision of the Mediterranean—the sea, sky, and mountains as backdrop to elaborate stonework, Roman heads,
Under a rustic arbor of Banksia roebuckii and Chamaedorea elegans mingled with orange trees and underplanted with clivia line path to Rajasthan tree fountain.
and urns silhouetted against them, and perhaps a cypress, pine, or huge pot of geraniums in the foreground.

On the other side of the house is a completely different outlook. Here the sheer drop is edged simply with a low stone balustrade, and you can sit, as I did, on a warm November afternoon looking down onto the perfectly unspoiled little fishing port of Sorrento, a world away from the big hotels on the other side. All you hear are the shouts of children playing among the blue and white fishing boats and the red-and-yellow-striped bathing huts. The men mend their nets; washing is draped from window to window; delicious cooking smells waft up. It is a domestic scene, and it feels strange to be gazing down upon it from the grandiose garden above. When I told Mariano Pane how delightful I found this view, he laughed and said, “Yes, we love it too, but we feel a bit like aristocrats looking down on the village.”

He is, of course, as he tells you proudly, a self-made man, Sorrento born and bred, with eight sisters and no brothers. He began with a small boat plying between England and West Africa. Now he controls 42 ships through his company Italmare, based in Sorrento, employing over a thousand people. His other company, Ecomare, builds and leases out small boats which clean the sea, hoovering up thousands of square miles of plastic and filtering the polluted waters of coastlines from Naples to Hong Kong. He is justifiably proud of this side of his business, which also makes amphibious vessels that push clean sand back onto Mediterranean beaches.

This combination of business sense and imagination enabled Pane to acquire the Villa Tritone fifteen years ago. The move was greeted with some suspicion by his fellow Sorrentans—they had always regarded the house as a mysterious place inhabited only by rich foreigners at certain times of the year. However, Mariano and his wife, Rita, have succeeded in making the villa a family home—their three children were brought up here—cherished as never before. The garden has been kept with Astor’s original layout but with constant additions to the stock of rare palms and ferns.

Inside the huge green wrought-iron gates, the garden looms up, a confusing jungle—(Text continued on page 184)
Garden ornaments from Lord Astor's collection punctuate the garden's tapestry of foliage textures. Clockwise from top left: Geraniums, pittosporum, and a fan palm on a seaside terrace. Roman amphora on a Classical capital is framed by an ivy-covered palm trunk and a sago palm, *Cycas revoluta*. Ferns and succulents planted in a retaining wall form a background for a first century A.D. Roman column topped with a pot of graceful hybrid epiphyllum cactus. Part of the Panes' large botanical collection of palms and palmlike cycads and nolinas.
Although the passion for antique patina is recent, the graceful shape and elegant proportions of Classical furnishings have never been out of vogue. Here nature morte comes to life with a re-created Pompeian wall painting by Gilles Grosland and an arrangement of rare 1st-century vessels and utensils. These and the ancient objects on the following pages are from the collection of Jean Philippe de Serres of Paris. Modern tables by Jean Michel Wilmotte.
The taste for antique finishes, having ridden the full two-dimensional range of trompe l'oeil ceilings, sponge-painted walls, and faux-marble floors, has broken through to the third dimension and to every level of the marketplace. Suddenly metal furnishings are presenting antique pedigree—achieving chemically in minutes what nature has taken aeons to do—with a variety of verdigris that rivals the bronze objects of ancient Pompeii.

Furnishings in metal are not new: the Greeks and Romans had a penchant for bronze that extended from stools, daybeds, and braziers to candelabra, tripod stands, and everyday pots and pans like those pictured here from the rare and extraordinary collection of Jean Philippe de Serres. In the mid-nineteenth century, partly because of the Victorians' obsession with hygiene, beds and chairs were designed in metal. And earlier in our own century...

Circling carp, above, in an ancient bronze basin.
Left: In the Greco-Roman tradition curtains, not doors, screen entrances and private places; here one hangs from an oxidized copper rod from Jerriestyle.
the Bauhaus designers, in collaboration with and appreciation of the machine, took furniture design in metal, especially shiny tubular steel, to new heights.

But now, that which is shiny has grown dull. Today's designers have sent polished chrome on sabbatical and are rediscovering matte finishes and the metals of the ancients—especially bronze. Jerry Van Deelen of Jerrystyle, who is a deft hand with chemical wash, has transformed hundreds of mundane "things" into objets d'art. And just this past year Pottery Barn added bottled verdigris to its catalogue for those do-it-yourselfers who have been unsuccessful in finding what they want in the plethora of already patinated items. Designer John Saladino draws from the ages not just a preference for a dull finish but also the exceptional vocabulary of forms from ancient times. Inspired by the shape and shade of antique treasure, metal furnishings have reached a new maturity.

Bronze bowl and adjustable tripod stand, above, from 1st century A.D. Left: Oxidized-brass wall sconce and candlestick from Jerrystyle wander from Classical form. Bronze dishes from Zona.
CLASSICAL PROFILES

Jerry Van Deelen of Jerrestyle serves up a modern oxidized-brass version of a Classical bowl and pitcher atop a gold-leaf desk with oxidized-bronze legs. Opposite: Chris Collicott's design for a copper pot, from Clodagh, Ross & Williams, has men on the move across the stainless-steel surface of a table with oxidized-copper frame by Thomas Wendland from Nolte.
CLASSICAL PROFILES

Tripods, ancient and modern.
This page: Etruscan bronze stand with claw feet supports shallow Gallo-Roman dish and footed bowl. Opposite: John Saladino trades animal feet for casters and links the triangular to the circular in a glass-and-steel table of his own design.
dramatic results. The four seasons drastically affect everything from the color, quality, and angle of light to the total change of land and woods, as summer leaves give way to the barrenness of winter trees and the ground goes from green to brown to snowy white.

Seasonal changes in foliage play a crucial role in outdoor placement. A summer’s dense and solid wall of trees begins to thin by September, and come November only grayish brown and black brown trunks and branches confront the eye. Modern steel sculpture that is oiled and presents a rust brown surface and sculpture that is painted black are seen to great advantage against leafy backgrounds. The virtually ever-present country breezes stir leaves and branches to life with movement, contrasting with the static presence of steel. But after the curtain of leaves has turned orange and yellow and fallen to the ground, the remaining stark trunks compete for recognition so that dark steel sculpture often becomes hard to make out. It is then, with the coming of winter, that the dark green permanence of spruce and hemlock and pines fulfills its most valued backdrop function. It is also when the virtues of brightly painted or polished sculpture come into play most strongly.

The old saw about the best-laid plans of mice and men is nowhere more true than in the placing of outdoor sculpture. Sketches and even maquettes and models are fun to play with, marvelous toys for adults, but actually of quite limited value in predicting just how well a work will look in a given setting. Miniaturized scale rarely relates very accurately to actual scale (one of the reasons architectural models can look so appealing and the realized buildings disappointing). As a result, there is nothing for it but trial and error: my crew and I often have to move the same sculpture from site to site and from one angle of view to another as many as three or four times, until at last the work comes fully into its own.

There are two kinds of outdoor sculpture. The first, given sufficient space, decorates the landscape handsomely almost anywhere one puts it. The second is more intimate and requires a welcoming, embracing setting. The difference is a little like that between opera, which David Hockney so aptly described as the only serious music that can survive being played in a fast convertible with the top down, and chamber music. Both are wonderful, but each requires different handling.

Before actually placing a large sculpture outdoors, a very careful study of the work will help avoid mistakes. The better one knows a sculpture, the less trial and error will occur in its siting. Because the eye is often lazy, a very useful device is a camera. Looking at a sculpture through the photo lens 360 degrees in the round and from any number of higher or lower viewpoints forces one into an exceedingly close study of a work. The camera not only makes one look hard but allows one to capture the best perspectives permanently and use them in installing the work.

Orchestrating the installation of an entire group of works together is even more complicated but also more rewarding. A revealing dialogue of forms results when more than one sculpture is placed within the cast of an eye. Installing groups of sculpture by the same artist in close proximity deepens one’s understanding of the quintessential character of the work. Combining large and smaller works or early and later ones often results in surprising revelations — especially when more than two works are seen together. Two of anything inevitably focus the eye on differences, while with more than two the underlying shared aspects of the various works come to the fore.

By the same token, two or three differing works by various artists can contrast each other brilliantly, or they can clash. In this, the placing of sculpture in nature is a challenge to one’s taste and sensibility quite similar to the hanging of various artists’ pictures in a home or a gallery.

My crew and I often have to move the same sculpture from site to site as many as three or four times.
Maintenance of outdoor sculpture is an element often neglected and yet at times creates excessive concerns. Simply put, time and nature together erode all man-made objects. Bronze is a classic material for outdoor sculpture, but even bronze can develop the green patina of corrosion unless wax is applied from time to time. Birds leave their white droppings on surfaces, usually requiring more washing than the rains provide. (One method of keeping birds away is to have a row of thumbtacks spot-welded to the inviting landing edges.) Painted steel sculpture needs to be repainted, just like the Golden Gate Bridge and for the same reasons: the sun bleaches all pigments in time, while wind and rain pit their way through any painted surface to start little pockets of rust, which must periodically be attended to. Oiled metal surfaces need new coats of oil or wax every year; even shiny stainless steel looks best if a yearly wash removes accumulated wind- and rain-carried deposits of grime. Happily, such maintenance is easily done.

The question is sometimes raised whether landscape needs or is improved by a work of art. The thought was well phrased by the poet Joyce Kilmer: "I think that I shall never see/A poem lovely as a tree." A tree can indeed be a kind of living sculpture, but it too needs the creation of a setting: underbrush must be cleared or lesser trees removed so as to reveal the majestic oak or maple in all its splendor. There is something within us that makes us value the hand of man in the midst of nature. It is surely why in all the grand vistas by Albert Bierstadt, Frederic Edwin Church, and other Romantic landscape painters there is always a reminder of man's presence—a boat or an Indian tepee—somewhere in the fore or middle ground. In the very moment of acknowledging the majesty of Creation, we long for our own handiwork. Thus by a kind of magic, sculpture placed in a landscape enriches both itself and nature.

**CORRECTION**

The photograph on page 170 of the December 1987 issue was incorrectly identified. It shows a local shrine, not the Matsu-no Chaya inn, in Hakone, Japan.
The perfectionist who will go to almost any lengths to "get it right," Mack admits that his clients don’t always notice or care about the trouble he takes with obscure historical or aesthetic details. But he can be very persuasive. When he explains why, for instance, only handwrought nails will do for a particular job or why he has to carve his own moldings using original eighteenth-century molding planes, his authority and enthusiasm are hard to resist.

In his workshop at Chase Hill, I watched him put an old piece of maple into a vise and with a few deft strokes of a plane shave it down until the form hidden in the wood was revealed. He pointed out why he found the shape so satisfying. "It has a small quirk, just enough to make a shadow, and a lovely broad bead—the valley and the hill, as it were. By the late nineteenth century you find the quirk has become much deeper and the bead so exaggerated that the moldings seem to me fiercely ugly. And those are the only patterns still available. Which is why, I guess, I started collecting eighteenth-century molding planes.”

Stephen Mack lives simply at Chase Hill Farm. The house has all the virtues of the period. Its white airy rooms, pleasingly proportioned, are full of light. The outdoors seems to come right into the place without threat to warmth or security. It is a comfortable house and it has style. From the milk-painted paneling and corner cupboards to the crates in the fireplaces and the granite sink in the kitchen every detail seems authentic beyond the call of "getting it right."

But there’s no coy invitation here to step back in time, none of that Colonial whimsy that can reduce the art of restoration to the sincerest physical expression of nostalgia. Mack’s work takes its direction from what he calls the principle of embellished utilitarianism. When he talks about “creating a certain feeling, making beautiful things that improve life, that anchor people in the different places that I’ve swept into a vise,” he invokes the eighteenth-century notion of the Classical ideal made comfortable, made simple, made modern.
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A keen look crept into his eye then, and with pale mustaches dancing in the wind he reminded me of Mr. Toad on one of his wilder flights of enthusiasm. As we pattered by, people waved and yelled at us and upped their thumbs in approval. The attention didn't seem to spoil Mack's enjoyment. "You don't ride around in something like this if you want to be left alone," he said.

There were times when it all seemed a little much, an exercise in willful eccentricity; at others I felt privileged to be in the company of an American original. As he sketched out plans for his village, a community where people would be able to live modern lives but with the "option of escaping from the engulfing sameness of our shopping mall culture." I had no trouble imagining those disassembled houses rising up from under canvas in the wooded fields of Chase Hill Farm—or for that matter anywhere in America.«

Editor: Marie-Paule Pelle

HIGH BOHEMIA

(Continued from page 156) around the doorway in the upstairs sitting room—a marble arched frame that had surrounded one of the monumental Stanford White doors in her childhood home at 871 Fifth Avenue. "Mum adored decorating her new apartment," a daughter recalls. "She said she was always inheriting things and that this was the one thing she created all by herself."

To our contemporary eye, the living and dining rooms seem seized in a time warp. The grandeur, however, takes on a plausibility when we remember the rooms Flora had grown up in. On Gracie Square she proceeded to reweave her heritage—witness the allegorical tapestries, the splendid French furniture, the boiserie, the Aubusson panels, the fringe and plush and stuffs of the Gilded Age.

Rubbing our eyes, we notice the twentieth century readmitted to our vision. There are contemporary paintings—works by Walter Gay, Paul Cadmus, Loren MacIver, George Tooker, and Charles Burchfield—and, of course, sculptures by her mother, who had introduced her to modern art. We see, too, that there was room in Flora's sensibility for the fanciful and the eccentric—the pair of nineteenth-century Dieppe ivory armchairs in the foyer, the ivory mirror, created with a portrait of Christian IV of Denmark.

The Steinway painted and parcell gilt grand piano in the living room, raised on pierced and carved giltwood legs, descended to Flora from her Vanderbilt grandmother. Over the piano flamed the incandescent Juliet and Her Nurse, long considered the greatest Turner painting in private hands. At 10:15 on the morning of May 29, 1980, it went on the block at Sotheby's: by 10:21 it had made history, bringing the highest price at that time ever paid at auction for any work of art. With her accustomed bounty Flora donated a significant portion of the proceeds to the Whitney Museum. "It was the only one of my mother's paintings that followed her from Westbury to Gracie Square and back," a son recalls. "She would say, 'Oh, by the way, would you take the Turner?' and I would stick it in the back of the station wagon along with the laundry."

Flora lived primarily in the upstairs sitting room of the duplex—"that was the home room," says her son. A daughter elaborates, "Upstairs was more my mother than downstairs—very sort of far-out and modern and original: it had things in it you would just never think of having if you were me. Mum was always willing to experiment—with, for example, Art Deco, which was unusual in a Gracie Square apartment in those days." There are the Jean Michel Frank chairs and the aluminum furniture and the elmwood desk with cutouts for the telephone book and the Social Register—depressions in the wood where they could fit exactly. There are the valences for the curtains, which Flora made herself, and the pillows on which she copied contemporary paintings, later doing her own imaginative designs. There is her bed, with calla lilies cascading in copper down the headboard.

And then there are the beds in the guest room—made from the seats of an old merry-go-round—which Flora's old merry-go-round—which Flora's old merry-go-round—which Flora's
dadkki

When Sonny and I were first married, we came to spend four or five days on Gracie Square. We stayed in a room that had two adorable beds painted with circus themes. Flora said she was so sorry she didn't have one big beautiful bed for us, but we said that one of the sleigh beds would do quite nicely." Just before the apartment was dismantled, in 1986, the decorator Albert Hadley came to cast his tutored eye on all its artful assemblage. "It had enormous style and enormous mood," he says. "What struck me most was that the apartment was not a set piece at all, it was highly personal and exciting—there were just so many things that were fun to see. It must have been full of spirit when Mrs. Miller lived in it."

Of late years Flora seldom left Old Westbury. Henry James describes old age as the slow, reluctant march into enemy country—"the country of the general lost freshness." Flora, however, never lost the "vivid and shimmering" quality that her cousin Gloria Vanderbilt captures so elegantly: "White and red and black mercuriously jumbling together from the colored silks she wore, the translucent skin, the luscious Chinese lacquer of her nails, the marigold of jewels, earrings of pearl close to hair coiffed tenderly as the feathers of a bird. She was indeed resplendent."

We can presume that it was with reluctance that Flora Whitney Miller took leave of this world. She died in July 1986, eleven days short of her 89th birthday, an admirable representative of her class—perfectly natural, extremely vintage, endlessly responsible yet always having a good time.«

Editor: Carolyn Sollis

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THE PROVIDENTIAL BROWNS

(Continued from page 141) well as a Russian imperial dessert service from the Hermitage and some Russian blue-and-white girandoles that once belonged to Catherine the Great.

“My mother taught herself Russian as a girl, from books, because so many Russian musicians came to Baltimore, where she was raised as one of the seven children of the rector of St. Paul’s Church, and she wanted to be able to talk to them. But when one day a real live Russian came to the rectory, it turned out she had learned it phonetically in such a way he hadn’t the faintest idea what she was talking about.

“In the 1920s,” Carter went on, “you could just go out and buy classic pieces of American eighteenth-century furniture, and that’s what my father did. My mother was interested in everything he was doing, and she had such a strong musical background—that she had played the violin in the Baltimore Symphony and served as music critic on a local newspaper—that they had hardly got back from their honey-moon before they were having chamber music at home.”

Chamber music gave way in time to rented movies, much to the relief of some of the locals, one of whom said how nice it was that “Anne Brown has stopped educating Providence and is now entertaining Providence.” But she didn’t give up on music. “In fact she got my father to play the cello and I was taught piano and clarinet, and when the Neutra house was built, there was a special room, called the Music Room, with a little hole in the floor for the peg of the cello. We also had a custom-built hi-fi system that was the marvel of all our neighbors.”

Anne Brown was a born scholar. A childhood interest in tin soldiers and their uniforms evolved in later life into a mastery of the iconography of military costume, which earned her international recognition not to mention a collection of tin soldiers—some of them painted by her mother, who had studied painting at the Académie Julian in Paris—which is now the property of Brown University. Anne Brown was, in fact, the third member of the Brown family to give the university a highly specialized library of her own choosing and devising.

Given the thoroughgoing, thorough-thinking character of both his parents and their drive for attainment in all that they undertook, it was inevitable that Carter Brown would either founder in inanition, as often happens to sons who are set so high an example, or go a long way. If anything, he had been overstimulated. Music tempted

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walls and balustrades. The inner wall gus of Agrippa himself, which depicts too good to leave to the mercy of the el-
ements. The extremely fine sarcoph-
pillars. Signora Pane told me that sev-
carved nativity scene, a Renaissance 
symbols of water and life. There is a 
scene of triumph, had been with great 
ble columns, too, which stood in the 
garden in Lord Astor’s time covered in 
moss and draped with wisteria to cre-
ate a “ruinized” effect, have been 
cleaned and waxed, revealing beautiful 
colors and patterns and now stand in 
the hallway.

Alles cut through the garden to-
ward stone, sea. and sky. The most 
spectacular of these is a wide avenue of 
cypresses—the sea at one end, a foun-
tain at the other—flanking a great 
arched tunnel of Banksia roses sup-
ported by wooden struts. The ground 
beneath is thickly planted with brill-
iant orange clivia among which are 
twin rows of big pots of Chamaedorea 
unus, much used as an indoor plant in 
the north. In May this allée is spec-
tacular with the roses’ white blossoms 
above.

But this is not essentially a flower 
garden. Certainly plumbago drapes 
the lower palms, bougainvillea grows 
along the walls, cyclamen are natural-
ized underfoot, and near the house 
pink and red geraniums spill out of 
enormous pots. The main effect, none-
theless, is of greener, shade, and con-
trasting foliage of every shape and size. 
One thinks of Marvell’s “green 
thought in a green shade.”

We emerged from the trees, and I sat 
on the terrace among pots of gerani-
ms and stone lions while Signora 
Pane produced a delicious lunch (a lo-
cal mozzarella, spaghetti al pesto, red 
mullets en papillote). They grow all 
their fruit and vegetables in the upper 
garden with no artificial fertilizers; 
they make their own olive oil and wine, 
too. Signor Pane spoke of his affections 
for the garden: he feels that he is keep-
ing it in trust for future generations. 
He pointed out the terrace of the Hotel 
Tramontano, where Ibsen sat looking 
toward the Villa Tritone while writing 
Ghosts. Benedetto Croce stayed here 
for two years during the war, and the 
Panes have kept his study intact with 
his desk still in its place.

At that moment, well out of season, 
it was possible to imagine the great 
men who visited Sorrento and looked 
out, like us, toward Naples and Pom-
pei—Byron, Wagner, and the greatest 
native of the town, Torquato Tasso, 
the Renaissance poet, author of Jerusa-
lem Delivered. Past and present min-
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AEGEAN IDYLL

(Continued from page 89) confronted with the necessity of establishing rules for the restoration of such houses, and this house set the precedent for all others. Great importance was given to the quality of materials used. Yet there were some problems such as the ceiling of the great sala, which was done in colored wood painted with stylized flowers in red and blackened green and bordered like a Bokhara rug—all without the usual beams. I've always felt it was like a flying carpet over my head.

Many visits from the Archaeological Service and even more meetings in their office in Rhodes only led to the promise that a great expert would arrive from Athens to decide how the restoration would be done. Three years passed, and he still had not shown up; in the meantime I had my head covered in clay. So I took it into my own hands. By night I smuggled in two young restorers from the Brera Academy in Milan. They spent a month lying on their backs, perched on a scaffolding erected by a mason friend. Every now and then they looked longingly at the beach, but I only let them go for an evening swim at dusk. I bribed them and encouraged them in every way, so at the end of the month, with every bone in their bodies aching but feeling like Michelangelo after the accomplishment of the Sistine, they had their task completed. My magic carpet was flying again.

I often wished I had it at my disposal when B. and I were traveling. Wherever we went, B. collected things to enhance her beauty, with the thoughtfulness of a lover. But I had to carry them, and although it may not be a great strain to heave a Syrian inlaid coffee table out of a New York antiques shop and into a waiting taxicab, transporting half a dozen rugs from Kabul in Afghanistan or a dozen brass lanterns from Marrakesh in Morocco to the island of Rhodes creates some discomfort. I cannot count the hours spent in bazaars and flea markets looking out for little surprises for her. But my patience and endurance were rewarded since I too have lived many a happy day within her walls. As for B., the relationship with the house is downright mystical. It is no accident that B. can't refer to her in the neutral gender usually employed when speaking of a house. She is a live creature, and although B. thinks that metempsychosis is a rabbit's disease, she cannot deny that she and she had known each other since long ago, perhaps in a former life.

L'AIR DUCHAMP

(Continued from page 106)chievous smile. Teeny seems to preserve this spirit, the spirit that animated the great explorers of modern art.

When she moved into her house, the only help Teeny had came from her friend the sculptor François Xavier Lalanne. One of Teeny's problems, in the case of the guest room, was how to install a bathroom without ruining the proportions of the room. A sculpture by Lalanne became the solution. The amazing turquoise Hippopotamus is a bathroom all by itself: its body holds a bathtub, its head a washtub.

Beyond this taste for fantasy, one of the passions Teeny shared with Duchamp was a love of chess. Every room has its chessboard: games sculpted by Calder, Villon, and Ernst are in various rooms. Calder's figures are humorous, Villon's Cubist-inspired. Because of Teeny's love of chess, she would go with Duchamp during their vacations from one friend's house to another in order to play matches. Once in the lineup of adversaries she found herself playing against the eighteen-year-old Bobby Fischer.

Teeny always follows chess championships, such as last fall's world title between Karpov and Kasparov and comments on the psychology of the stalemate—the draw—which causes the pitiless tension between both players to rise. Using a set made by her husband, she keeps this passion for chess alive and carries on a never-ending match with composer John Cage.

Surrounded by her children and grandchildren, Teeny continues to delight in contemporary art. She placed Une Nana, a sculpture by her friend Niki de Saint Phalle, opposite her chessboard. A gouache by Dubuffet might hang alongside a lithograph by Jasper Johns. Her daughter, Jackie Monnier, makes kites that transform the wind blowing over the house into an aesthetic caress. That is how in this marvelous seraglio of modern art one lives the rhythm of the seasons.

Translated by Matthew Ward
Editor: Marie-Paule Pellé

KLOSTERS COMFORT

(Continued from page 110) this wasted space built to withstand the bombs of the past but not the bombs of today or tomorrow? Simple. You make the bomb shelter the wine cellar and drink a toast there to happier days.

Decorating Chalet Bianchina? How that word decorating brings up connotations of forced luxury. Not for us. After Jill and Vivien Greenock of Colefax & Fowler have applied cool hands to turn Chalet Bianchina into a cozy home, you just want to cuddle up to the fire or lie in bed while snowflakes dance outside or in summer the cowbells sing.

Early one morning, shortly after we moved in, we were sleeping snuggled under eiderdowns when there was a tapping on the windowpane. Roderick, our King Charles, jumped off the bed and started barking. I put on my deerskin slippers and sneaked downstairs. Standing at the door in a blizzard stood Anita, our next-door neighbor, holding a pail of fresh milk just squeezed from her cows.

Editor: Judy Brittain
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Romance: The spirit of Fragonard... The fun of fashion... The richness of tapestry... The splendor of ornament... The surprise of color 114

Modern Rothschild: Eric and Beatrice de Rothschild bring exuberance to a rich tradition. Roger Toll describes the style of Château Lafite, and André Leon Talley defines the style of the family 124

Decorative Bette: Rhoda Koenig presents an inside view of Bette Midler's colorful family and a house where Bloomsbury meets Southern California 136

A New Light in Texas: Architect Arthur Andersson talks with Martin Filler about his variation on the Western farmhouse 144

Hockney at Home: Henry Geldzahler celebrates the powerful interplay between the artist's work and his surroundings in the Hollywood Hills 150

Little Black Chairs, Little Black Dresses: New from Milan 158

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Duane Michals' Four Seasons: The photographer loves his garden. In pictures and words he records its seasonal changes 164

Our House: Is it a museum or a home? In this election year Christopher Hitchens investigates the changing face of the White House 172

Fish Without Fire: Through trial and error Jeffrey Steingarten discovers how to make the most out of microwave technology 176

Gilt Complex: The gilt madness is evident from the moment you step into the Laphams' New York apartment. André Leon Talley talks to Joan Lapham 186
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Corporate Marketing Director Eckart L. Gürtel

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"It's an exhilarating, exhausting, endless challenge," says photographer Arthur Elgort, above right, about working with HG's new creative director André Leon Talley. The result of their most recent collaboration is our lead feature on romance. Talley comes to HG via Vanity Fair, Vogue, and WWD. He develops features all over the globe, and in his monthly column, TalleySheet, offers insightful observations about people and fashion. Elgort's most recent book, The Swan Prince, featuring Mikhail Baryshnikov, has just been published by Bantam, and his photographs are in the ICP collection in New York and the Victoria and Albert in London.

DUANE MICHALS
Photographer Duane Michals' passion is his garden, so his feature in this issue is the definitive labor of love. He has published several books—his latest, Album (Twelvetrees Press, this spring), is a collection of black-and-white portraits with Michals' aptly titled introduction, "I'm much nicer than my face." Michals exhibits at the Sidney Janis Gallery in New York.

(Continued on page 24)
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HIRO says, "It's not food per se that interests me but how I approach the project." His photographs appear with writer Jeffrey Steingarten's monthly food feature.

LAURIE SCHECHTER reports in Style on the latest decorating ideas and trends, but "if it's already out there in a big way, I move on." She worked at Vogue, New York, was fashion editor of Rolling Stone.

TIM STREET-PORTER moved to Los Angeles from England eleven years ago and has photographed this month three of the city's most celebrated residents—Dennis Hopper, David Hockney, and Bette Midler.

RHODA KOENIG used to sing Gershwin and Porter in nightclubs and now finds herself in London writing for HG as well as for New York, Vogue. She interviewed Bette Midler for this issue.
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Lining Up for Art

Waiting lists are the latest expression of an overheated art market

One of the stigmata of the eighties is the waiting list. It is a product of the superheated contemporary art market in which there are piles of new money and frantic competition for the hot names. Since 1982, when interest rates shrank and Wall Street started to boom, the contemporary art market has been expanding in all directions—more collectors, more dealers, more market-minded artists, and the arrival of the aggressive corporate or private art consultant. (So far, it doesn't appear that the stock-market crash on Black Monday has affected the contemporary art market; when people lose confidence in stocks, the relative value of art often increases.) All this adds up to increasing pressure on the dealer who administers the supply and has to meet the demand.

"If you want a Donald Sultan, I'll put your name down," explains Irving Blum of the Blum Helman Gallery on West 57th Street, which also has waiting lists for Bryan Hunt and Ellsworth Kelly. "When one surfaces, I'll try to accommodate you."

But don't be naive. It's not a matter of waiting your turn. The dealer picks and chooses, and the process is complicated...
by the fact that some artists with the largest demand work at a less-than-prolific rate. For instance, Eric Fischl supposedly produces only four paintings a year. Donald Sultan and Philip Taaffe do a dozen or so.

The fact is that the waiting list is really nothing new. There have always been more people after the works of certain artists than can possibly be accommodated. There has without exception been a waiting list for Jasper Johns since his first show. Johns does three or four paintings a year. Several collectors were annoyed that Leo Castelli let Asher Edelman, a relatively recent high roller in the contemporary art sweepstakes, buy one of the paintings from Johns's last New York show (January 1987).

Certain collectors have a prodigious influence on this question. If word goes out that Charles Saatchi is buying a new artist, a lot of collectors will follow suit. Or if he decides to sell an artist's work, as he did in the case of Sandro Chia, it has a chilling effect on the artist's market.

Some dealers treat the idea of waiting lists with scorn. Mary Boone, who is sometimes accused of having started the phenomenon, says emphatically, "I have no waiting lists, and I'd never use that term." The dealer of Eric Fischl, David Salle, Sherrie Levine, and Brice Marden, among others, insists that "it's a selling tool, a political tactic, part of this new high-pressure, buy-by-numbers way of collecting." Mary Boone concedes that she will not sell to just anyone. She, like other dealers, is trying to keep prices down to protect the serious collector.

There is an enormous inflation from the primary market sale to the secondary resale. "I'm selling Eric Fischl paintings for $85,000 when they could be worth $400,000. So I have to be careful," Paula Cooper admits that some of the artists at her SoHo gallery—Elizabeth Murray, Jennifer Bartlett, and Joel Shapiro—have waiting lists: "We keep notes but I know in my mind which collectors I'm interested in selling to."

Irving Blum says there's nothing like a museum retrospective to secure a long waiting list. "Frank Stella's recent big retrospective at New York's Museum of Modern Art brought his name to people's consciousness. Consequently, if you're collecting new painting and if you have a lot of money and if you want to be really fashionable, you want a Frank Stella."

How can a collector rise on a waiting list, short of bribing a dealer? "Sometimes collectors will buy art that isn't overwhelmingly popular so the dealer will become more sympathetic to them," says Helene Winer of Metro Pictures, which has waiting lists for Cindy Sherman and Robert Longo.

And some collectors try to climb to the top of the list by name-dropping. "They tell me who they have in their collection or if they've lent paintings to museums," says dealer Pat Hearn, whose East Village gallery has waiting lists for Tishan Hsu, Peter Schuyf, Philip Taaffe, and Mary Heilmann.

Also, some dealers are extremely loyal to long-term collectors. "Certain collections are viewed as being reflective of a high standard," says Raymond Learn, a New York collector and a member of the National Council on the Arts. "Those are the collections that the dealer wants to see his artists in."

Dealers give priority to museums and collectors because they're good for an artist's career. And if a dealer doesn't know a collector, he tries to find out if his intentions are honorable—is he interested in the work or its resale value.

Waiting lists can put pressure on artists to continually do the same work for fear of losing their audience if they don't. But waiting lists can also enable artists to do freely whatever comes to mind. Susan Rothenberg isn't influenced by the fact that there are a lot of people waiting for her paintings. She got off her horse image several years ago. In her show last fall at Sperone Westwater, she moved into very different terrain with a sense of greater complexity and chromatic richness. She has gone her own way in spite of waiting lists, and people are still lined up for her work.

Don't be naive. It's not a matter of waiting your turn.
Keen on Portraiture

Paul Kasmin opens a new photography gallery in New York

Paul Kasmin, 28, is the son of Kasmin, one of London's leading art dealers who acquired cult status in the early 1960s by introducing contemporary American art to England. As such, Paul was well placed to start a gallery in New York. He had dealt privately in photographs by André Kertész, Cecil Beaton, and Hoyningen Huene and exhibited his own photographs under the name of Percy Washington (based on a character in the Fitzgerald story "The Diamond as Big as the Ritz").

"Daniel Newberg, a dealer in contemporary American and European art, had bought a 5,600-foot space that he wanted to share with a European, so he approached me," Paul Kasmin says. "I could have opened a gallery in London, but I don't enjoy living there, and Americans understand photography better than the folks back home. In London it is a lonely business."

The Paul Kasmin Gallery opened at 580 Broadway in January; the interior was designed by Lewis & Micol and the furniture by Paul's friend Jasper Morrison. The gallery's first show was of Brancusi photographs followed by a group show of contemporary works.

"I'm very keen on portraiture; I'm not interested in the gable end of a house in the middle of America or a close-up of a Scottish puddle. My main interest is to show artists who take photographs as well. I admire José María Sert and Man Ray, who thought of himself as an artist rather than a photographer.

"In London I became very familiar with the work of many of the dead photographers—now I'd like to show an interest in the living."

Liza Campbell

On View

An international retrospective of Degas premiers at the Grand Palais Feb. 9-Mar. 16. The exhibition of 275 works, including Rehearsal of the Ballet, left, reveals new insights about the artist's life and career. Comes to the Metropolitan Museum in early October.

Greek sculptures and painted vases from the 9th to 5th century B.C. are on their first U.S. tour in The Human Figure in Early Greek Art at the National Gallery of Art through June 12.

Works on Paper at the Dallas Museum of Art highlights the innovative techniques and styles employed by artists as diverse as James McNeill Whistler, David Smith, and Jasper Johns. Through March 20.

In little more than a decade, Nuremberg-born, Helmut Jahn of the Chicago firm Murphy/Jahn has transformed himself from the Wunderkind to the Glitz-Bilder of American architecture with buildings unmatched in bringing unbridled showmanship into the corporate mainstream. One spectacular example of the 48-years-old Jahn’s approach is his new United Airlines terminal at Chicago's O'Hare Airport. Not since the sixties has that building type been given such high-profile dazzle. Although not up to the best of that decade—such as Eero Saarinen’s TWA terminal at New York’s JFK or his main building at Dulles Airport near Washington D.C.—United O'Hare nevertheless demonstrates an uncommon conviction that the architectural gateways to our cities ought to be given the symbolic importance once accorded to railroad stations. That is implied by Jahn’s steel-aluminum-and-glass vaulted Concourse B, which recalls the great iron-and-glass train sheds of nineteenth-century railway depots. Much more contemporary in its imagery is the neon-threaded moving sidewalk between the concourses, reminiscent of discotheques before they came to resemble English men’s clubs.

But what every American architect craves is the chance to make his mark on the metropolitan skyline. Jahn has done that most recently with his needle-spired, 61-story One Liberty Place tower in Philadelphia. He has also broken the unwritten local law that no structure exceed the 548-foot-high City Hall, a funny Victorian pile topped by a statue of Philadelphia’s founder, William Penn. More disturbing than that urbanistic lèse-majesté is the essential crudity of Jahn’s loudly striped glass-and-granite skyscraper. Like a child’s drawing of New York’s Art Deco Chrysler Building, it lacks the proportional finesse that is the first requirement of a successful high rise. With its chunky profile and gleaming skin, One Liberty Place shifts the center of civic attention away from the governmental and toward the commercial in a symbolically arrogant manner. It is not only an egotistical usurpation but also a visual assault, marring the face of the city for decades to come.

Martin Filler
Wright On

The American public can’t seem to get enough of Frank Lloyd Wright, our only architect with the instant name recognition of a Rembrandt or a Beethoven. Publishers and curators are well aware of that, and the recent flood of books and exhibitions on his architecture, furniture, decorative objects, and drawings only fuels popular interest in Wright’s timeless work. New York’s Museum of Modern Art has already begun initial planning for a major FLLW retrospective scheduled for some time in the 1990s, but there is no need for the architect’s insatiable constituency to wait that long for a first-rate survey of his towering genius. The latest show, “Frank Lloyd Wright: In the Realm of Ideas” at the Dallas Museum of Art and LTV Pavilion through April 17, is a particularly ambitious attempt to re-create the thoroughly unified atmosphere Wright gave to his architecture and interiors. The 160 artifacts on view include the full-scale, completely furnished Usonian Automatic House, designed by the master in 1955 but never constructed until now. It makes this a far more vivid affair than the average two-dimensional architecture exhibition and ought not to be missed during a two-year, six-city national tour.

One Man’s Mission Style

The very concept of the museum design collection has been so deeply influenced by the pioneering Museum of Modern Art in New York that it’s difficult for some people to think of one without such twentieth-century icons as Breuer chairs, laboratory glassware, or sculptural ship’s propellers. That doesn’t include architect Paolo Polledri, who was recently named to form an architecture and design department at the San Francisco Museum of Modern Art. Born and schooled in Italy, at 41 Polledri is young enough to have lived through the major changes in architectural values since the sixties, which place greater emphasis on works that had been forgotten during the heyday of Modernism. (Polledri is seen, right, with one of them, Bay Area architect Bernard Maybeck’s Palace of Fine Arts of 1915 in San Francisco.)

Polledri plans one of the most exciting agendas for a museum design department in years. Rather than duplicating classic survey collections elsewhere, SFMMA’s “will explore the relationship between the regional culture of California and the man-made environment,” Polledri says. “I plan to focus on architecture—buildings and landscape design—and object design—furniture, lighting, and graphics. Above all, I want to include artifacts that illustrate a design process, to emphasize the context that produced them rather than particular personalities.”

Archangelaes

Kristen Kiser’s new Gallery for Architecture in Los Angeles, a lively addition to the city’s art scene, is devoted to works by architects, such as Richard Meier’s monolithic collages and Hans Hollein’s Berggasse 19, left, a gilded evocation of Dr. Freud’s couch and armchair, named in honor of his Vienna address.

Paolo Polledri, new architecture and design curator at SFMMA.

Polledri’s dream collection would include a chair by the incomparable California Arts and Crafts architects Charles and Henry Greene (“I’ve got to have some of their furniture”), an Apple I personal computer, and what might turn out to be his most lasting contribution of all: a new scheme by a top contemporary architect for the museum itself. “This building ought to speak for my department.” He adds hopefully, “It better be good.” M.F.
design

Starck Reality

Philipppe Starck may be the hottest new designer around, but he’s not talking.

Getting an interview with Philippe Starck is no easy matter. To start with, this designer only communicates to the press through his wife, Brigitte, which turns any attempt to organize a meeting into the verbal equivalent of an obscure folk dance. Apparently Starck likes to talk—he loves to talk, it is hard to shut the Gallic genius up. Knowing this, Steve Rubell and Ian Schrager wrote into the contract for Starck’s current design project, the Royalton Hotel in New York, that he must not give interviews lest, horror of horrors, everyone get bored hearing about the hotel before its reopening in the summer of 1988. The Royalton, which stands almost directly opposite the Algonquin, is as I write little more than a shell filled with dust-besmirched builders. As such, it was hovering near the bottom of my list of pressing questions when I finally set up the interview and flew over to New York. Within hours of arriving in Manhattan I received three telephone calls. They went like this: the interview’s off—it’s on—it’s been postponed.

Midweek, three days into the noninterview, tracking down Starck was still proving hard. I resorted to devious routes and talked to those around him.

Michael Steenberg, a charming gray-eyed person whose showroom, Furniture of the Twentieth Century, wholesales Starck’s designs, agreed to talk. “I admire him enormously; he is one of the few people of our generation who has produced classic furniture, in particular the Café Costes and Pratfall chairs.” These chairs are two different sizes of the same model and are remarkably reminiscent of an Art Deco chair by Ruhlmann, but they are minimal where Ruhlmann’s is luxurious—the difference between a filing cabinet and a chest of drawers.

Starck, born 39 years ago, studied interior architecture at Paris’s École Camondo. He first got noticed after designing two Parisian nightclubs—Le Main Bleu and Les Bains-Douches. He preserved the original concept of Les Bains-Douches, set in an old public bathhouse, by retaining municipal tiles and the large pool. Starck’s break came when he was one of five young designers commissioned to work on the Élysée Palace.

The highly successful Starck Club in Dallas was his first major design commission in America. The discotheque, located in a defunct brewery, has been described as bizarre—resembling an upper-class fallout shelter. However, New Yorkers don’t often look to Texas for outre inspiration, and it was not until Starck had completed several projects in France and Japan that the style-conscious of New York clasped him to their collective bosom. The jobs that did catch their attention were François Mitterrand’s office apartment in the Élysée Palace, the Café Costes in Les Halles, and Manin, a restaurant in Tokyo. The Café Costes, in particular, received a great deal of publicity because it was the first absolutely new design for a café that Paris has had for one hundred years. In it he managed to distill the traditional essence but still emerge with a fresh look that is unmistakably French. In attending to every detail down to the knives and forks, he created a per-

A motorbike
fanatic, he married about in leathers
Chair of the Month

When I first saw the Frank Gehry cardboard chair, I giggled. I remember when I was a child what I loved doing was taking big cardboard boxes and making houses! I'd crawl inside with my friend and we'd have our own clubhouse. This chair is the ultimate in what you can do with cardboard; I think children would love it.

There's a lot of the child in Frank. There's whimsy in this chair and humor, too. It's comfortable and sturdy. Frank told me you can spill a glass of water on it or leave it in the rain, and it swells up but goes back down when it dries. If it starts to come apart, you just put some glue on and it goes back together.

Carol Burnett

Carol by Frank Gehry, corrugated cardboard. From New City Editions, Venice, Calif.

Starck's Les Bains-Douches: once a bathhouse, it's still a public space but now a Parisian nightclub.

fine example of the cult surrounding him at the moment is that his nine-year-old daughter, Ara, was allowed to exhibit a footstool of her own design at the prestigious Milan Fair. In Starck's exhibition in Barcelona a piece that received some comment was a large plinth painted blue with a glass bell jar on top, which housed two pieces of his new designer pasta.

The magnitude and, on occasion, absurdity of the cult surrounding Starck poses the question: Will it last? Craig Miller, a curator at the Metropolitan Museum, said of Starck, "He's one of the most interesting young designers in France at the moment, but he is so prolific that we are looking carefully before choosing a piece for the museum." Curiously, the Museum of Modern Art had this response on Starck: "We are not familiar with this name. What does he do?"

I asked Michael Steinberg what he thought of the Starck cult: "Well, I think he is a brilliant publicist and his wife, Brigitte, works as an excellent support system. There's a circus going on, but it's not as if the circus leaves town and there's nothing left. By the way, we're having a party tonight that Starck is coming to—you can meet him there."

A visitor to the gallery opening said, "He is quite brilliant; his presentations are sloppy—mostly verbal—but he generates enormous enthusiasm by thinking on his feet. He's flexible and amenable and works very closely with his clients; for instance, you'd be surprised how much Monsieur Costes had to do with his café. Having seen the plans, I think you will find his designs for the Royalton Hotel are much warmer than you'd expect."

At last the man himself loomed in the doorway, an unmistakable figure looking like a bear in a green beret. All I knew about him personally was that when he is not commuting around the world he and Brigitte live in a villa just outside Paris.

I was propelled across the room by Michael Steinberg. There was a glimmer of a possibility that the interview was going to be set up the following afternoon, so I was told in a hiss to talk to Starck but on no account tell him I was the interviewer—he had been playing hide-and-seek with all week. I took the opportunity to talk with Starck about Philip K. Dick, the science-fiction author of Ubik, a book that seems to obsess the designer. He names many of his chairs after
its characters, though strangely the brochures tend to spell their names wrong. Two of his chairs, Dr. Sonderbar and Pat Conley I, interested me particularly in light of Starck's written statement: "Modern designs should be things that your grandmother can put up with without feeling uncomfortable or humiliated."

Both Dr. Sonderbar and Pat Conley I have the capacity to reduce any sitter to a quivering wreck within moments. Dr. Sonderbar is an extremely ugly and uncomfortable chair. On a good day he can design four pieces an hour way, leaving your bottom dangling well below the steel framework and your knees up on a level with your chest. I asked Starck why these chairs were so staggeringly uncomfortable: "I had a spare fifteen minutes, and those are what I came up with." Does this mean that everything the great man designs gets through—is there no editing? A London dealer explained why these designs had managed to slip beyond the prototype stage: "Starck is a very big man; if he sits on a chair, he'll be wedged in it—there's no chance of his bottom dropping through anything."

Starck has previously said that he is a "design junkie" and that on a good day he can design four pieces an hour. This makes one think there is arrogance in the man. Then again you cannot blame him if people are ready to buy these things for the cachet of the label—after all, much of his work has his name on it. Another person I talked to said, "It's a bit like having a leather handbag with Gucci stamped all over it. But there are those people who won't buy him because they don't like labels."

Not surprisingly, my last chance at an interview was canceled unceremoniously, and Starck departed for Paris where he was finishing off his design for a bar-cum-restaurant-cum-grocery called Puzzle (both branches opened in late September). Before long if Starck maintains his popularity, we could all be sitting sipping our coffee in rooms designed to look like the waiting room of an elegant 21st-century mental asylum.

Time to strap yourself into your Teflon straitjacket, Grandma. Liza Campbell

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### Co-Starcks

Three French designers in the Starck tradition who have ideas of their own

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**Thibault d'Aucuns**

The 28-year-old philosophy graduate turned glass furniture maker Thibault d'Aucuns sculpts with a hammer and diamond chisel and an inner peace. "If you lose it, the glass breaks. You have to become the material. The imagination, the intimate and beautiful must speak." The Musée d'Art Contemporain owns examples of his work, which is sold at Galerie Hogan in Paris and, on special order, at Furniture of the Twentieth Century, New York.

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**Marie-Christine Dorner**

With two boutiques, one restaurant, a sixteen-piece collection of furniture, and a year's work with Idée (all in Tokyo) to her credit, 27-year-old Marie-Christine Dorner triumphantly returns to Paris to tackle her biggest challenge: the total rehaul of the Hôtel d'Isly, to be renamed La Villa de Saint-Germain-des-Prés when it opens in June 1988.

"Materials make the difference," says Dorner, who frequently uses silver gold finishes on steel or dyes wood with ivory and navy tints for her precise linear pieces that have a Japanese look. She's also a designer with an eye on the future: "The need to personalize one's environment will be accentuated."

Dorner is perhaps the brightest star in this group of young designers. Starck certainly thinks so, since he wrote, "Now I believe in reincarnation," in the catalogue of her first exhibition.

Dorner's furniture made by Idée is distributed through Furniture of the Twentieth Century in New York.

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**Thierry Peltraut**

"The stupid, the superfluous, or the inexplicable is the best in ornament," says thirty-year-old Thierry Peltraut, the cynic of the group, in describing his designs. "They're deliberately basic—the classic forms of the eighteenth century." If, of course, you think sculpting "without form" by dripping acid over sheets of metal is basic. Peltraut's furniture for the Avant-Scène gallery in Paris is available at Casa Bella in New York.
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met a woman who told me that she had had a parrot as a pet for over fifty years, and they had always hated each other. It had been the childhood pet of her children, had met their school bus every day, had presided over family meals, even watched bridge games, and kibitzed—had learned to scream “trumped my ace” with uncanny realism, greatly upsetting unsuspecting players. Now with her children grown, her husband dead, my friend is left alone with this parrot, which bites her whenever it can.

My house is like that parrot. While presenting to the world a deceptively pleasant face—pretty, light, eccentric, on a little mews street on Telegraph Hill in San Francisco—it bites me whenever it can. It has flowers, it has views out of old Hitchcock films of bridges and bay and Lombard Street, “the crookedest street in the world.” It even has a garage—an incredible luxury in this little city. But somehow we cannot get along, this house and I.

An adversarial relation to a house is a baffling and difficult thing. In principle a house is neutral, passive, inanimate, waiting for the stamp of your character. Yet we all sense the vitality, the mysterious organic life of houses, so why should it not be that, like people, strange mismatches occur?

In the case of my house, at first I wondered whether it might be because it can’t come up to the memory of my “real” house. Most of us, I suppose, are some time or other obliged to leave a beloved house and make do somewhere else. Even if the somewhere else seems perfectly all right to other people, it cannot to oneself until you really are at home again, until the new house welcomes you.

We moved from our big old house in Berkeley to resolve the exigencies of commuting—the bridges which lead to San Francisco, where my husband works, are now impassable with traffic jams and shouting drivers. With high hearts we took on the task of renovating a little Victorian ruin, a kind of proletarian cottage that survived the earthquake of 1906. Remodeling a house is, of course, generally agreed to be a masochistic and desperate enterprise, and one doesn’t even have the satisfaction of unique misfortune, for everybody says the same thing.

Yet we’ve been here two years now, and all the towels are put in cupboards, nails and screws arranged by size in little jars along shelves—outward signs of order. Perhaps it’s like a once-stormy marriage now ironed out. There are things you can’t forget. Bad feelings built up between me and this house.

Yet I love to be at home. Staying home is tinged for me with furtive, almost illicit charm. In the late thirties and early days of the war, my parents were under the influence of advanced theories of health and education which advocated outdoor life and exercise, or perhaps these were native theories, for when my father barked in a certain voice, “Go outside and get the stink blown off ye,” he claimed that this very phrase had been said to him by his father, whose own father had been born in the eighteenth century—indeed my father pronounced this phrase in a strange accent, not lowan but more like an Elizabethan, and I’ve always believed I will one day come across these words in Shakespeare.

This suggestion that home, or at any rate inside, was faintly unhealthy has added to the ambivalence and intensity of my relationship with my houses. What slightly dangerous pleasure to be home, or at least indoors.

There were certain words, vaguely pejorative, that surrounded “home” and added to my rebellious inclinations to stay there.
Be touched by the fragrance that touches the woman.

ELIZABETH TAYLOR'S PASSION

Jewelry by Harry Winston
Photo by Norman Parkinson
of books on interior design. These are a continual temptation. I know by heart a certain book by David Hicks and all the compendiums of rooms that this magazine has published over the years, sometimes with pictures that I myself had cut out of the magazine long ago. In my scrapbook I have pictures from the days when Françoise de la Renta’s dining room was red with blue-and-white china. Was such an august personage aware of young California housewives dreaming of her splendor?

Are other people as susceptible as I to the allure of pictured rooms? Maybe only homebodies are. Or do men, too, in their Knollish offices dream of rooms? How long have I had this picture of a tall room with painted shutters and cream walls, zebra rugs on a red car-

Novelists, they say, are by nature keepers of score, historians of disappointment

pet, and on every table a collection of something—paperweights, boxes, exquisitely arranged. With such a dream how can I love the very different charms of a cottagey living room bathed in Mediterranean light?

We all remember being told to count our blessings. And we all do remember, I am sure, that wicked feeling of reservation, that dark inner surliness that no one in the light of our general good fortune could possibly understand, that feeling of being bad because discontented. Everyone tells me how pretty my house is: the French doors that open to the vast blue of the bay dotted by little sailboats, the romantic beam of light that swings around and around from the lighthouse on Alcatraz, the big kitchen with its marble counters and pine floors. . . .

Novelists, they say, are by nature keepers of score, grudge-savers, historians of disorder and disappointment. With such unruly interior lives perhaps a special plea can be made for their need to have an ivory tower of their own special variety: “A lordly pleasure house/Wherein at ease for ay to dwell,” “full of rooms ‘all various, each a perfect whole/From living Nature fit for every mood/And change of my still soul,”” as Tennyson described his. I cannot love you, house, because you are this, not that. Yet I suppose it is I, not my house, who is going to have to change, just as Art did in Tennyson’s poem, leaving her dream house for realistic service in the world but never giving up her dream of the ideal.
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We capture beauty.
The new edition of the late Douglas Cooper’s classic study *Picasso Theatre* (Abrams, $75) is the more welcome for having been so long out of print. True, a number of the black-and-white illustrations still look woefully Xerox-like, but Cooper’s analysis of this hitherto uncharted subject is as eye-opening as ever it was when first published in 1968. Nobody else could have written this book. The author’s close friendship with such Diaghilev alumni as Cocteau, Massine, and Lifar, not to speak of Picasso, enabled him to evoke the last great years of the Ballets Russes with a perfect combination of scholarly gossip and gusto.

Especially revealing are the glimpses of Picasso on the job. What genius for theatrical improvisation he had! He liked to work literally on the dancers. Some of his finest effects would be left to the very last moment. On opening night Picasso would appear backstage accompanied by a dresser laden with paint pots and sticks of theatrical grease-paint; he would daub dancers’ faces and costumes as boldly and effectively as if he were at work on a canvas. “One generally has to paint the dress on the dancers,” I remember Picasso telling his old friend Clive Bell, the English art critic. Might Pablo have had an ulterior motive, Bell asked, apropos an incident that occurred just before the curtain went up on *Parade*. The little ballerina Lopokova had apparently “wriggled and giggled and messed everything up” because Picasso by mistake-on-purpose had tickled her nipples with his paintbrush.

Cooper is at his saber-rattling best when chronicling the battle of *Parade* (May, 1917). Jean Cocteau’s avant-garde ballet set on the hustings outside a circus tent. When Cocteau had the bad taste to describe *Parade* as the “greatest battle of the [first world] war,” people were outraged. The French army was facing a major German offensive, costing thousands of lives and casualties, and the Russian revolution had broken out two months earlier. Hardly surprising that fights broke out on opening night and that shrieks of “Sales boches!” rent the air. Audience and critics alike were either ecstatically pro- or manically anti-*Parade*.

Provoked by an offensive review, Erik Satie (*Parade*’s composer) sent the critic in question a postcard: “Monsieur et cher ami, you are nothing but an asshole and an unmusical one at that.” A libel action ensued, and Satie would have gone to jail if friends had not intervened.

Léonide Massine’s choreography was wonderfully inventive. “The American girl had to ride a merrymaker horse, to go bicycling, to dance rag-time, to quiver like a film image, to imitate the rolling motion of a ship in a storm and so on, while the Chinese Conjurer had to pull an egg out of his pigtail, eat and digest it, then find it in the toe of his sandal.” As for Cocteau, his scenario, for which Apollinaire coined the word *Surreal*, must be seen as a reaction to Diaghilev’s famous challenge, “Étonne-moi.” For better or worse the modish poet’s would-be, with its gimmicks—a magnified voice shrieking gibberish as well as the errack of bullwhips and pistols and the clickety-clack of typewriterstook out by the rest of the team. In the end it was Picasso who “amazed” Diaghilev—not always pleasantly, because his costumes—huge Cubist superstructures—for the three circus managers made dancing so difficult. Seventy years later, this Gesamtkunstwerk—which brings together, as Cocteau said, “Erik Satie’s first orchestral score, Pablo Picasso’s first stage decor, Massine’s first Cubist choreography, and a poet’s first attempt to express himself without words”—still looks and sounds as fresh and original (to judge by the Joffrey Ballet’s excellent revival) as it must have been on opening night.

Cooper did not describe how Picasso’s involvement with the ballet coincided with an urge to settle down and marry. Given his recent rejection at the hands of Gaby Lepsinasse (see House & Garden, October 1987), the artist fell easy prey to Olga Koklova, a very young dancer in Diaghilev’s troupe. Once the ring was on her finger, Olga turned out to be all the things he despised—a nagging, boring bourgeoise—as well as more than slightly deranged. Aided and abetted by the relentlessly chic Cocteau, Olga proceeded to propel her husband, who loved and loathed being lionized, into the world of le tout Paris. The artist’s *époque des douceurs* was mercifully brief. Less than a decade lat-
May you age as beautifully as this rug will.

Twenty years from now, the lovely little girl you see up there will look a lot different. However, the new Karastan rug she’s sitting on will probably look much the same.

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er Picasso reacted so violently against Olga's pretensions and possessiveness that he took to portraying the formerly beautiful ballerina as a horridous hank of skin and tendon characterized by a rictus of rage.

When in the mid twenties Picasso lost interest in his wife and the ballet, Cooper follows suit. He fails to see how the artist's theatrical sense continued to manifest itself in oblique ways right up to the end of his life. And he falters when obliged to focus on Picasso's own peculiar plays, especially the fiendish *Four Little Girls*. Cooper was too much of a Formalist to see that this seemingly childish pantomime is (as Lydia Gasman pointed out) a dionysiac reenactment of primitive ritual sacrifice and that its apocalyptic language derives from the Book of Revelation. But then he died before a new generation of art historians delved into Picasso's awesome Spanish psyche and revealed how he came to see the world in terms of black theater where farce and tragedy, life and death, good and evil are eerily expressed in terms of each other.

When *Picasso Theatre* came out in 1968, it was deservedly acclaimed. But Cooper—critic of legendary malice and censoriousness—was also castigated for presenting such important new material in the frivolous form of a coffee-table book. A silly accusation were it not that Cooper had inveighed against some of his colleagues for doing the same "unserious" thing. Now that art books are obliged to adopt a coffee-table glossiness in order to sell, nobody would bother. Twenty years ago purists were up in arms.

Hardly surprising that fights broke out on Parade's opening night, and shrieks of "Sales boches!" rent the air Theatre in an anonymous review, blasting away at Cooper's many musical errors, which are still uncorrected in the new edition. Russell perpetrated a further tease on Cooper. Pretending to be a naive art student, he published a letter disingenuously asking whether coffee-table books were all that invidious, given that some of the scholarly Cooper's writing took that form. Cooper couldn't come up with an answer. But, for all its blemishes, this reprint of *Picasso Theatre* does. It bears out that an art book can be both serious and glossy provided the text is full of new ideas and information and the illustrations wisely and lavishly chosen and, if possible, decently printed. In that case, off the coffee table and onto the library shelf.  

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Matisse: *Rhythm and Line*  
by Jacqueline and Maurice Guillaud  
Clarkson N. Potter, 648 pp. $100  
Elegant and encyclopedic, the Guillauds' grand guide through the work of Henri Matisse includes 775 plates (275 in color) of the artist's paintings, drawings, watercolors, etchings, lithographs, cutouts, monotypes, and sculptures. Excerpts from the pioneering Fauvist's journals, letters, and interviews provide a running commentary of sorts. A brief biography and a text on Matisse's graphic works are also included, along with a history of the two well-known Baltimore collectors, Etta and Claribel Cone.

Cy Twombly: *Paintings, Works on Paper, Sculpture*  
edited by Harald Szeemann with contributions by Roberta Smith, Demosthenes Davvetas, and Harald Szeemann  
Prestel-Verlag, 240 pp., $60  
Published in conjunction with the Twombly retrospective that toured Europe last year, this revised edition of the exhibition catalogue includes 101 color plates of the artist's paintings and works on paper as well as 19 black-and-white plates of his less well known sculptures. Vintage comments on Twombly by Frank O'Hara, Pierre Restany, and Roland Barthes are included along with essays by contemporary admirers of the American expatriate's work.

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An American's summer home is an Englishman's castle—or his mill, mansion, manor house, gatehouse, folly, abbey, water tower, game lodge, or chapel. The summer months may find the British flying south, but for visitors they represent the best chance of catching a glimpse of the sun. Byron's "English winter—ending in July/To recommence in August" is somewhat unkind: the climate has occasionally been known to be quite pleasant. And today there is more reason than ever for staying within those shores; the great British tradition of eccentricity, immortalized in bricks and mortar, is up for rent.

The organization with the noblest intentions in that field is without question the Landmark Trust, whose incredible properties range from a summer house shaped like a pineapple in Scotland to a Martello tower in Suffolk built to keep out Napoleon. "They'll be furious if you write about them," said a friend. "It's like a private club for a select few to enjoy." This, it turns out, is a great, though not uncommon, misapprehension.

Set up in 1965 the Landmark Trust is, researcher Charlotte Haslam admits, "consciously publicity-shy," but this is only because it is a charity whose first priority is conservation. People take second place, and rentals bring in a mere 30 percent of the Trust's spending money. As your visit is effectively subsidized, a bit of proselytizing seems justified. "The point of staying in a Landmark is to learn about our heritage. When people leave we want them to say to themselves, 'Yes, there was a point to building this.'" The philosophy is humbling; the subtext is that these buildings will outlive you, so enjoy them while you're here.

The Trust has decided exactly how many people's wear and tear each building can tolerate, and "minds very much indeed" if the number is exceeded. I always assumed that this same strictness somehow explained their fondness for single beds. Not so, and now there is even an occasional double bed to be found. But don't expect telephones and other modern luxuries—you are stepping into the past after all.

Truly British, the Trust appeals to the guests' sense of fair play—"we do hope and expect that you will leave it as clean as you can." Even if you feel confident that you measure up to such exacting standards, you will still be a long way from choosing where to stay. Should it be the Gothic Temple at Stowe in Buckinghamshire built about 1740 and now on long lease from Stowe School? Or Clytha Castle, a folly built in 1790 near Abergavenny in Wales, with views toward the Black Mountains? Or, for a large party, Fort Clonque, set on rocks three hundred yards from the coast of Alderney in the Channel Islands and reached by causeway, with a drawing-room ceiling eleven feet thick? Or the Appleton Water Tower near King's Lynn in Norfolk, all Victorian, vertical, and vertiginous? Or right in the city of London, houses above the shops in an eighteenth-century Smithfield terrace—one of which used to be the home of Sir John Betjeman? Or should you go to Lundy Island in the Bristol Channel—run by Landmark but belonging to the National Trust—and stay in one of the many houses there?

A new brochure, the first in ten years, gives details about a hundred Landmark Trust properties. Spoiled for choice, I asked Charlotte Haslam's advice: "My favorite property is whichever I'm researching at the time," she hedged. But when pressed, she picked out from the recent acquisitions Culloden Tower in Yorkshire, with its fine Rococo Gothic interiors, and Stogursey Castle in Somerset, the gatehouse of a medieval castle—"perhaps because they tell you so much about the mentality of the people who built and used them." All the properties, in the
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By contrast Blandings, an eighteen-month-old establishment named after one of P. G. Wodehouse's characters' stately homes, seems out-and-out commercial. With its red-leather-look brochure it is as high profile as Landmark is low because it's financially rather than emotionally involved with the buildings. As a result it offers conscience-free holidays in indulgent surroundings where, instead of being environmentally aware and bringing your own sheets, you can be waited on by handmaid and footman.

Blandings has 64 properties, mainly large houses—dowers, manors, castles—many of which have pools and tennis courts and are lavishly equipped with bathrooms. One even has its own squash court. The most expensive is Hatton Castle near Aberdeen, housing up to twelve people beneath its crenellated roof for $7,620 a week, including chef and housekeeper. Also in Scotland but less costly ($3,890 a week) is Glen Striven, which overlooks Loch Fyne (of oyster fame) where water babies can splash about in the dory and catamaran supplied with the house. Some of Blandings's most attractive houses, such as the sixteenth-century Stanton Court and Georgian Old Hundred, are in the Cotswolds.

A quarter century ago a certain city gent decided to let out his own country estate and soon found himself running Country Homes & Castles. Today he and his staff spend much of their energy arranging the life-in-a-stately-home experience: "Marvel at stories passed down through generations, and enjoy the lively and entertaining company of your British hosts," the brochure invites. If the image of Lords of the Manor fallen on hard times and prostituting themselves to tourism makes your toes curl, you can also rent splendid homes without the hosts. "Homes" is the operative word: the owners have temporarily gone away—but not without first locking up their most priceless objects and checking your references. The 46 houses available on this basis include Lismore Castle in County Waterford, Irish home of the Duke of Devonshire, which is fully staffed and sleeps fourteen, and a house at Newick in Sussex which could happily handle a party of 25.

"People who ring us about weekend cottages have missed the point," I was told in case I'd missed the point, too.

Should you actually want a cottage, the

National Trust now has a good selection, particularly in the West Country, Wales, and the Lake District. Some are suitable for disabled people, and this year three have been adapted for wheelchair users. For a leaflet giving details about whom to contact in each region (a slow process, this one) send a self-addressed envelope to their New York or London office. Some of their most unusual

Country Cottages has discovered the wheel: you can rent a restored fairground wagon standing in an orchard in the Cotswolds which sleeps two, or if there are four of you, a 1921 railway carriage on a disused line in Hampshire.

The tourist offices of Wales, Scotland, and Ireland have lists of all kinds of rentable properties. At the thirteenth-century Roch Castle in Pembrokeshire, for example, you can take the keep that sleeps ten, or the west wing for six, or join the two together for a larger party. The Irish Tourist Board list includes Cloughan Castle, Normandie, and claims to have a more lived-in, informal feel than others; and Lisnavagh in County Carlow, a Victorian Gothic number complete with heated pool, "grass tennis court [mossy]," and peacocks on a thousand acres of park and farmland. Somewhat more modest are the Georgian house Clashleigh in County Tipperary and an eighteenth-century parsonage in County Carlow. Most include staff, although the appealing four-bedroom Rahaly Castle in County Galway is self-catering. Elegant Ireland can also arrange cars, helicopters, and often a range of field sports in season, too.

If you want to rent a sporting lodge in Scotland—with or without the bloodshed—this can be done through Macsport or the sporting department of Strutt and Parker. If shooting is in season, you have to pay for it, and the cost can run into the thousands, depending on the type, but out of season you can rent the lodges, unstaffed, for as little as $600-$1,000 a week and simply enjoy the scenery.

Finally an American concept has arrived in Britain: the Fountain House in Bath, built in the 1760s, has been converted into fourteen "luxury serviced apartments" for holiday lets. Bookable through Blandings, an apart-

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French people divide their eating not the way their guidebooks do—by price and food—but by the status of the experience. They begin with the simple café and arrive, eventually, at le grand restaurant. Everyone acknowledges le grand restaurant. The chefs of France set out on the road to le grand restaurant the way Balzac’s Lucien de Rubempré set out from Angoulême for Paris—innocent and avid, chasing perfect gentility in the illusive ambience of the perfect sauce, the perfect tablecloth, the perfect pot of roses. They are usually disappointed. Le grand restaurant is a state of mind. It is as capricious as Madame de Bargeton. It is not always what it seems.

To begin with, most chefs on their way to le grand restaurant are not very sophisticated. They come from small towns and modest families. They are apt to mistake solemnity for elegance—to proffer tapestried chairs and too-big tables and funereal service. Or they mistake hauteur for style, like the chef-patron at the France in Auch, who checks the labels on your wine to see if you are worth his attention, or the captain at Olympe, who tells foreigners that in Paris you peel the shrimp before you eat them. Or they mistake price for tone, like Alain Senderens at Lucas-Carton, whose hors d’oeuvres start at thirty dollars. In the end the cooks who achieve a grand restaurant are like other artists—nature’s aristocrats. Their taste has nothing at all to do with class or what the French would call formation. Their style, like their food, is a matter of instinct. They have a sense of intimacy and occasion at the same time, and their restaurants glow. Joël Robuchon’s Jamin in Paris glows, but not many other restaurants here do, whatever the cost and effort that went into them.

One of my favorite Paris restaurants has always been a Gascon restaurant out in the relative sticks of the twelfth arrondissement. It is not a grand restaurant. It is called Au Trou Gascon, and it is owned by a Gascon chef named Alain Dutournier, who invented marvelous variations of his mother’s specialties and served them in a fin de siècle dining room that was light and full of charm. Dutournier comes from a village called Cagnotte. His mother ran an inn there, and he helped her out and learned to cook.

A couple of years ago I discovered that Dutournier, at 37, had merely been stopping in the twelfth arrondissement on his way to le grand restaurant. He had borrowed eight million francs from the bank, hired an architect and a decorator, and rented a ground-floor space on the rue de Castiglione, across from the Lotti and down the street from the Ritz. Morgan bank. Chaumet. and the other imposing institutions of the place Vendôme. He had turned over Au Trou Gascon to his wife and to a young sous-chef from Faugeron called Bernard Broux. He said to himself, “Alain, if you stay at Au Trou Gascon you will end up as L’Ami Louis of the twelfth arrondissement.” This is what they were hoping (by “they” he meant other cooks), but he was going to surprise them with the grandest grand restaurant in Paris. He called his new restaurant Carré des Feuillants because it sits on land that had once belonged to an order of monks.
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HG MARCH 1988
called the Feuillants and then to the Jacobin dissidents who split off from Robespierre in 1791 and were known thereafter as the Feuillants Club. More important, he liked the word carré because it began with c, and would be right up front with the a’s, b’s, and c’s in every alphabetical listing of grand restaurants. He has never got over the fact that the Guide Gault Millau puts Au Trou Gascon with the i’s, and that some people even put it with the f’s (as if it were Le Trou Gascon). To make his point about carré, he ordered everything he could in squares—the menu, matchbooks, ashtrays, and even the dark green service plates.

Au Trou Gascon was a restaurant that seemed to happen just right. There were no false steps to trip up our provincial hero. It was a pleasant neighborhood spot when Dutournier bought it. But it had beautiful boiserie, thickly molded ceilings, old mirrored walls and, best of all, four 1906 painted panels of rosy Belle Époque women posing demurely as the Four Seasons. Dutournier was 24 then and had been working since he was fifteen. His parents mortgaged their inn to “aider le petit,” he says, and he and his wife divided the money. They ordered lace curtains and etched glass lamps, pretty lacquered chairs and cachepots for carnations and mums. They came up with a color for the walls—a soft, warm apricot beige—and outlined the moldings in a barely darker version of the same shade.

In the kitchen Dutournier began to experiment with his Cagnotte cooking. His wife says that at first he was very “severe.” No mustard on the table. No Madeira, only Sauternes, with the foie gras. No chickens but his favorite chickens from Chalosse. He wanted a clientele, he says. He wanted to discourage the kind of locals who came for Sunday lunch—one old lady and her poole to a table, no wine, and half a bottle of mineral water. He worked on a menu that would eventually include his famous Gascon pastilla—a delicate, sealed croustade of pigeon, foie gras, grapes, pine nuts, and baby cabbage—and an Indian-spiced, stuffed cul de lapereau, his grandmother’s escalopes de foie gras de canard au vinaigre, and a remarkable salmon baked with cabbage. He arrived at two stars and three toques—and lobster ravioli that in all of Paris were second only to Joel Robuchon’s. The Trou Gascon sommelier could remember what wine you had ordered the week before—or the year before, for that matter. He saw—Dutournier likes to say this—a bottle sitting on the head of every customer.

Dutournier never succeeded in discouraging the neighbors. They stuck around and got their gastronomical education in a quarter ordinarily given over toentrecote and pommes frites. Parisians drove “out” from the center of town and talked about the restaurant. In time the most sophisticated Parisians ate there. And then the most sophisticated foreigners. During the “day of the strong dollar,” they were booked for months ahead.

Dutournier is a brassy, irresistible talker. He likes to say that there has been “no cuisine in France for a century, except the cuisine that cooks from Gascony and Alsace created,” and that this has to do with “Eastern influences.” He is hard put to tell you who, precisely, the exotic Easterners in Alsace were, but the flavors of Moorish Spain have crossed the Pyrenees into southwest France. Dutournier’s Gascon pastilla is only one or two ingredients away from a classic Moroccan pastilla, and he makes a Gascon stew with bitter chocolate. It is more likely, though, that the exotic East entered his own Gascon repertoire when he was nineteen and apprenticed at a Chinese restaurant in Munich. Unlike most French chefs, he is open to influence. He is still the youngest of the great Gascon chefs of Paris. (The oldest was the famous Antoine Magnin of L’Ami Louis, who died last fall, at 86, and who was in fact Pari- sian-born and raised in Switzerland.) There are also Philippe Serbource, from the won- derful bistro Chez Philippe, and the Descats, mere etfils, who until recently had the res- taurant Lous Landes. But Dutournier says he is the first grand restaurateur of them all.

Today’s young Rubempre is a yuppie, green but greedy, and it may be that Alain Dutournier was simply in the spirit of the times when he set out so determinedly for a grand restaurant. He was always an entre-preneure. In 1980 he organized chefs from Faugeron, Merot-Gaudry, and Le Petit Co-
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opened on January 8, 1986. He draped a banner on the corner of the place Vendôme and stood a big green wooden signboard on the sidewalk with an arrow pointing to his courtyard. The place was enormous. Two hundred square meters of atrium and restaurant. A hundred square meters for the kitchen. And another two hundred for service areas. The scale did not go well with what the French would call the petites économies of the restaurant—with the single chocolate truffle you got with your coffee instead of the plateful of chocolate truffles appropriate to a grand restaurant or the cheese that was sliced so thin you could hold it up and see the light through it. Like a Meissen teacup.

But now he had room for everything, and he knew that the other cooks in town didn't like the decorating. Dutournier is that you don't cancel at a grand restaurant. But Carre des Feuillants is still business—at least until you taste the

eggplant caviar with cumin or the mullet with cabbage, walnuts, and green and black peppercorns. It needs to settle. Anxiety hangs in the air. Young boys in black tie serve your bread and pour your water as if one crumb or drop on the tabletop would send them back to the provinces. The first time I was there the sommelier suggested a Burgundy that cost a fortune. When I asked for another Burgundy—there are over five hundred wines on the carte de vin—he said he had "nothing else to recommend." Dutournier admits that a lot of his old customers prefer Au Trou Gascon—that it has gotten to be a kind of club for the cognoscenti. But he is full of enthusiasm for his new clients—the Australians who talk too loud and the South Americans who try to buy the plates. He likes the sort of people who make a restaurant rentable. He knew that the critics were jealous when the best review he got was not in Le Monde or L'Express or Le Figaro but in the Communist party paper L'Humanité, which liked the decorating. And he knew that the other cooks in town were jealous when they started calling up and reserving tables under false names—which meant that at dinner those tables would be empty. There is a problem about tables if you are courting the guests at the Ritz or the Carlton or groups of movie producers having a Paris meeting. Hotels make reservations for their clients and the clients cancel. What bothers Alain Dutournier is that you don't cancel at a grand restaurant. ▲
I have never, until quite recently, that is, been all that fond of port. Port. To be perfectly frank, the very word seems to ring with stuffy pomp and humbug, and until a few years ago I had an almost pathological distaste for the stuff. I should begin by saying that my earliest enological experiences were not particularly happy ones. Let me explain: in England there is a variety of die-hard nanny that to this day steadfastly believes in the beneficial effects of port on a young man's constitution. To be fair, this is not as nutty as it may sound: I have it on good authority that port was regularly administered in the best of Edwardian public schools and indeed that the children of royalty were seldom given anything else. When I tell you that my own nanny began my education in the matter with a particularly nasty brand of cheap ruby and this at the tender age of seven, you may begin to understand my problem.

Mercifully enough, my father has never been much of a port man himself, but there were the inevitable occasions when at some grand dinner or other the moment would come for the ladies to withdraw. And then the terrible moment of decision—to stay or not to stay. As a teenager, you lose either way. Worse still, however, is the discovery that staying behind after the women does not, in my experience at least, improve with age. One finds that the few houses where the convention is still observed seldom provide the best male company anyway. A disagreeable cross section of stockbrokers and noisy army people tends to be the general thing, and conversation, once deprived of the moderating influence of female company, all too often degenerates into a shouting match over such key issues as money, sex, or pheasants. For years, then, I had been shunning what I now find is one of the grandest and most pleasurable of wines. Having rediscovered it, however, I have also found that port bears with it pitfalls and complexities that might well have been designed to baffle even the vintner.

Real port, as its name implies, comes from a rigorously defined area of northern Portugal in the Douro Valley. Historically port has the dubious distinction of being the result of bigamy: in 1253 King Afonso III of Portugal, a liberal and generally enlightened monarch, took his liberalism too far by marrying Beatriz of Castile. This would have been very well were it not for the fact that his first wife, Matilda of Boulogne, was still alive. A papal imbroglio ensued, and before the first marriage was annulled Beatriz gave birth to Dom Dinis—the heir to the throne who introduced grape vines into the region.

It was not until over four centuries later that the wine began to be fortified with brandy to create port as we know it today. The brandy, after three or four days, artificially arrests the wine's fermentation, thus ensuring that a high proportion of the grape's natural sweetness is retained in the wine. The majority of the region's estates, the quintas—particularly those of the Upper Douro (Alto Douro), which generally make the finest ports—cultivate their vines by hand to this day.

The important thing to remember is that there are two main types of port: wood-aged and bottle-aged. Of the three bottle-aged varieties the finest is vintage port. A vintage year is declared only about three times a decade, and vintage port is the result of such an outstanding year. The wine is aged for its first two or three years in wood and then bottled to mature: for a refined vintage port this should take a minimum of ten to fifteen years although the bottle is available to buy immediately. As for the other bottle-aged ports, single quinta is the product of a single estate in nonvintage years, while so-called crusted is generally a blended wine also bottled early to mature in the same way.

There are basically three varieties of wood-aged ports to consider: tawny, ruby, and white. These are all aged in oak vats and, with the exception of old tawnies, usually blended and bottled after three years. Ruby is nothing but an inferior tawny, and white in my view is not much good for anything. (The French consume large quantities of this as an aperitif, but there it is.) I shall not weary you with descriptions of the two remaining wood-aged ports: vintage character and late-bottled vintage. Suffice it to say that they are attempts at producing a vintage port without putting in the expense and fuss to create the style of the real thing. These wines may be fine (I confess I tried a Dow's 1981 late-bottled vintage the other day and found it quite lovely), but they are nonetheless imitations.

Two true vintage ports currently drinking extremely well are the 1966 and '63. Recently I was lucky enough to have a go at Warre's '66 and thought it one of the most sensational wines I've ever had. When drinking a port of this stature, don't rush it: you are
in the presence of greatness, and there is a magnificent progression of experiences to savor. To begin, once the port is properly decanted and in the glass, hold it up to the light—I trust we’re talking candles here—and look for a characteristic amber color within its smoky brown exterior. Swirl it gently around in the glass, and then sniff. This alone should have you hooked for life, but it’s not until the liquid is tasted that the sheer sensuality of vintage port begins to reveal itself.

Nobody can pretend such heady stuff comes cheap: vintage such as this is likely to set you back well over $50 a bottle. But do not despair: much more fun than buying a vintage port when it’s ready to drink is picking it up for a song when it’s young and letting it mature in your own cellar. Your investment will be appreciating nicely should you want to part with it, and if you don’t you’ll end up with not only a magnificent bottle of wine but a bargain to boot.

Choosing the right vintage port can be a difficult task. As port producer James Symington puts it, “It’s like asking a chap aged two when he’s going to go gray.” The year 1977 is generally considered to be a great one, and it is now clear that 1985 will be another; many experts have already made favorable comparisons between this and the highly venerated 1966. The vital thing is patience. Drinking a prized vintage port only a few years old is nothing short of enological infanticide and more than likely will result in a bad case of indigestion. Still I realize that there will be those short of money, patience, or the life expectancy required for the real thing, and for these poor souls the best advice is to go for an older tawny. Dow’s does a very fine twenty-year-old tawny, which I find first-rate, but, as in Keats’s immortal words, “O, for a draught of vintage!”

A sampling of ports available in the United States:

**VINTAGE PORTS** (bottle-aged)
- 1963: Warre’s, $85; Dow’s, $96; Taylor, $120.
- 1966: Warre’s, $47; Taylor, $60.
- 1977: Graham, $46; Croft, $46; Fonseca, $50.
- 1983: Warre’s, $29; Fonseca, $28; Dow’s, $25; Royal Oporto, $12.
- 1985: Though not drinkable yet, this is going to be a fabulous year for port. Cases of 12 bottles from all major shippers, now available, range from about $160 to $360.

**TAWNY PORT** (wood-aged)
- Dow’s 1981 Late-Bottled Vintage, $13;
- Dow’s Twenty-Year-Old Tawny, $25;
- Sandeman, $14; Niepoort Colheita 1960, $39
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GARDENING

Planting a Seed

Caroline Seebohm tells how, in the cold of winter, seed catalogues offer a rich profusion of possibilities

Another well-known house is Park, famous for flowers as well as vegetables. Eleanor Perényi has mixed feelings about it: "I spend much time studying their Japanese chrysanthemums, Madagascar palms and green amaryllis, but must report disappointments at the lower level: packets mislabeled (laced pinks at 10 cents a seed turned out to be common Cheddar), low viability in the seed, poorly rooted cuttings."

Covering the other two hundred plus seed catalogues would take a determined digger several dizzying months. Out of 83 garden catalogues mentioned in Katharine White’s columns in The New Yorker, 22 were out of the business ten years later. Meanwhile, new ones spring up, reflecting garden fashions just as promiscuously as hemlines.

The older seed companies such as Comstock, Ferre have frequently offered heirloom seeds that date back to the mid nineteenth century. D. Landreth sold seeds to Thomas Jefferson and George Washington, and the Landreth catalogue has an interesting list of seeds available since the 1800s. Old seeds are open-pollinated and therefore often harder than hybrids, but enthusiasm for planting historical seeds has now also assumed philosophical and ecological overtones. Many newer seed companies, such as Abundant Life and Johnny’s Selected Seeds, are catering to an interest in preserving the legacy of America’s horticultural past.

Seed exchanges also provide heirloom supporters with authentic old seeds. The idea was pioneered by Kent Whealy, founder of the Seed Savers Exchange, a grass-roots operation with more than six hundred members. Heirloom seed people claim that the major companies such as Burpee, Gurney’s, Harris, and Park, mindful of the bottom line, are under pressure to sell only bigger and better commercial varieties. The 1988 Park Seed catalogue, for instance, boasts a new four-inch fully double zinnia that looks like a dahlia and a new impatient that sounds more like a peony. Yet many gardeners say the new hybrid flowers are often harder and more disease-resistant than the old varieties.

Thanks in part to the pioneering work of Lady Bird Johnson, wildflower gardening is taking the country by storm. People are buying cans of wildflower seed and throwing them on their backyards in hopes of getting a maintenance-free flower-filled meadow next year. (Hopes are frequently dashed. As Mrs. Johnson herself points out, it’s no good scattering seed into grass “as if you were feeding chickens.” To ensure germination, it is necessary to rake and water.) Jumping into this growth market are seed catalogues such as McLaughlin’s, offering wildflowers of the Pacific Northwest, Prairie Nursery in Wisconsin, and the Botanic Garden Seed Company.

There are also catalogues targeted to a particular region of the country—for instance, Florida’s Kilgore, Plants of the Southwest, Territorial Seed Company for gardeners west of the Cascades, or High Altitude Gardens based in Ketchum, Idaho. There are those we read for pure pleasure because of the photography or plant descriptions (Park, German, Harris, Letherman’s). Goldsmith’s catalogue is printed on such glossy paper and with such glamorous typefaces that it is more like a Bloomingdale’s mailer than a seed list. Sheepers, specializing in European seeds such as Dutch beets and haricots verts, is beautifully presented with line drawings and includes recipes from Renée Shepherds. Gurney’s is a crazy newspaperlike item with small print, postage stamp-size pictures, and a huge selection of goodies, including pink and blue potatoes, originally from the Andes.

Pamela Lord, cofounder with Jason Epstein of the Garden Book Club, loves the Pinetree Garden Seeds catalogue, for both its reasonable prices and its selection: “I found a cardoon from them, which I grew around
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- Phoenix: Amour Florist, 6750 W California 602-496-1024
- Phoenix: A. Amor Flores, 4440 E Indian School Rd 602-941-9208
- Phoenix: Curtis Flowers & Gifts, 3143 E Airdale Dr 602-946-8435
- Phoenix: La Contant’s Flower Shop, 2565 E Indian School Rd 602-356-0020
- Phoenix: La Paloma Flower Shop, 12516 N Seventh Street, Suite 6 602-365-1515
- McAloney’s Flowers & Gifts, 3389 E Camelback Rd 602-256-6467
- Scottsdale: McCormick Ranch Flowers, 7330 E Shea Blvd 602-949-9920
- Sun City: Faxes & Gifts, 15419 E Ave 602-912-2166
- Tucson: Abella Balay Floral, 2485 W Hobson Rd 602-886-8363
- Catalina Flowers, 5504 N Broadmoor Blvd 602-747-9281
- Tucson: Ladybug Flowers, 7946 E Broadway 602-886-5056

#### CALIFORNIA
- Anaheim: Conroy’s Florist, 1701 West Lutheran 714-635-9900
- Arcadia: Santa Anita Flowers, 10600 South Baldwin Ave 626-847-8118
- Bakersfield: Barsew Flower Boutique, Inc., 301 E Main St 661-929-6808
- Beverly Hills: University Flower Shop, 19500 W Madison Rd 415-546-5320
- Beverly Hills: John Phillifin Flowers, 3075 S Robertson Blvd 213-657-7644
- Los Angeles: LA Premier Flowers, 8881 W Olympic Blvd 213-276-6695
- The Rancho Garden, 3935 Wilshire Blvd 213-270-0030
- Brea: Nat’s Custom Flowers, 345 South Braga 714-526-5943
- Burbank: Burbank Floral, 218 E Olive Ave 818-846-5111
- Buena Park: The Flower Rhapsody, 839 California Drive 714-247-4685
- Camarillo: A Flower Mart, 3191 Avenida Linda 805-987-6876
- Carlsbad: Conroy’s Florist, 2201 Sherman Way 818-999-8520

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To the trade only
Dive into the pages of J. L. Hudson.

Ultimately every gardener will have his or her own preference. The voice of the catalogue, the layout, listings, prices, and deliveries will play their part. And if your eyes finally glaze over while reading yet another ardent description of a hybrid eggplant or buttercup squash, it’s time to pick up my favorite catalogue of all, Better Yield Insects, where you can buy aphid predators ($15 for 100) or whitefly parasites ($11 for 1,000) to control the pests that you will no doubt invite into your garden by planting all those sexy vegetables you have selected from perusing your seed catalogues all winter.

Seed catalogues

Most of these companies ask that you send a self-addressed stamped envelope with your request.

Abundant Life Seed Foundation
P.O. Box 772
Port Townsend, WA 98368

Allwood Brothers, Mill Nursery, Hassocks
West Sussex BN6 9NB, England

W. Atlee Burpee & Co., 300 Park Ave.
Warminster, PA 18974

Better Yeld Insects, P.O. Box 3451
Tecumseh Station, Windsor
Ontario N8N 3C4, Canada

Botanic Garden Seed Co., 9 Wyckoff St.
Brooklyn, NY 11201

Chiltern Seeds, Bortree Stile, Ulverston
Cumbria, LA12 7PB, England

Comstock, Ferre & Co., 263 Main St.
P.O. Box 125, Wethersfield, CT 06109

Cook’s Garden, P.O. Box 65
Londonerry, VT 05148

Country Garden, Rte. 2
Crvine, WI 54114

Fragrant Path, P.O. Box 328
Fort Calhoun, NE 68023

H. G. German Seeds, 201 West Main St.
Box 398, Smethport, PA 16749

Goldsmith Seeds, P.O. Box 1349
Gilroy, CA 95021

Gurney’s Seed & Nursery Co.
Second and Capital
Yankton, SD 57079

Harris Seeds, 961 Lyell Ave.
Rochester, NY 14606

Hazeldene Nursery, Dean St., East
Farleigh, Maidstone
Kent ME15 OPS, England

Heirloom Gardens, P.O. Box 138
Guerneville, CA 95446

High Altitude Gardens, P.O. Box 4238
Ketchum, ID 83340

J. L. Hudson, Seedsman, P.O. Box 1058
Redwood City, CA 94064

Jardin du Gourmet, P.O. Box 32
West Danville, VT 05873

Johnny’s Selected Seeds, Foss Hill Rd.
Albion, ME 04910

Kilgore Seed Co., 1400 West First St.
Sanford, FL 32771

D. Landreth Seed Co., 180–188 West
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before there was any sign of Wilsford Manor, far down a Wiltshire country lane in which the wet blackberry bushes dripped, queues of cars were forming for a viewing of one of the most bizarre auction sales of the year. Organizers from Sotheby's patrolling the road in waterproof capes were apologetic but adamant. The car park had been flooded by a week's continuous rain, and there was no way to approach the house. Paul Walter, a collector from New York who had just flown in from Dublin, was not put off. The remaining mile and a half, in mud, could be done on foot.

For the purposes of the four-day viewing and the two-day sale last fall, Sotheby's had put up a pink candy-striped marquee in the garden, its far end leading directly into the house. The sight, reminiscent of summer weddings, was odd and uncomfortable in a garden that had become secret and impene-trable during the long years of neglect in which Stephen Tennant, brightest of the bright young things of the late 1920s, lived on in the house as an almost total recluse. Stone putti, nymphs, urns, busts, iron chairs, and families of cranes, green with moss, crumbling and battered, had long since partially disappeared behind yew and bamboo and the fronds and tendrils of once exotic and meticulously tended plants.

Paul Walter is one of America's most dedicated and original art collectors, whose collections include nineteenth- and twentieth-century photographs; Indian and Southeast Asian paintings, drawings, and sculpture; nineteenth-century porcelain; eighteenth-century glass; and contemporary American paintings. "People are amazed at the variety of what I put together," says Walter in a soft, precise voice. "An African woven hat, perhaps, with a bit of nineteenth-century American pottery and some Indian sculpture, all sitting on a 1930s table made for an Indian maharaja by a German architect. It's fun to take ephemera and put them with serious things. That shocks the scholars."

Walter has just bought a new house on Long Island, which he refers to with satisfaction as a "great shopping opportunity and one I don't usually get." The house will reflect his increasing interest in the nineteenth-century Arts and Crafts movement. "I want a period house," he says, "with late-nineteenth-century design and architecture. It will be largely decorated in the English style: porcelain, glass, fabrics, the lot. And because it's near the beach there will be some whimsical things. A country house has to have whimsy, something amusing."

With the house come several acres of garden, currently all "weeds and woods," but soon to be transformed into a series of complementary styles of garden. "It depends a bit on what I buy in England," but will be influenced by Vita Sackville-West's remarkable garden at Sissinghurst in Kent to which Walter returns again and again.

Part of the draw of the Wilsford Manor sale was the knowledge that in the forties and fifties Tennant had been an astute collector of esoteric pieces of garden furniture. Once Walter had negotiated the mile and a half of mud at a brisk stride, therefore, he vanished behind the clumps of sodden bamboo, catalogue and pencil poised, stout
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shoes squelching through a wilderness now turned into a swamp by other would-be buyers. A nymph shrouded in greenery received a few brisk taps about the face. "She's had her nose fixed," said Walter accusingly.

In the marquee the level of tension was climbing. One infuriated viewer accused the placid Sotheby's representative of lack of planning for the cars. "We didn't think about the rain," she was told. "Well, you should have, shouldn't you? After all, it's October and it's England."

As a collector on a mission to buy, Walter was not a man to be distracted by a little bickering. Long before flying to London he had studied his Wilsford Manor catalogue with the utmost care, the way he has studied hundreds of other catalogues since he first began collecting as a boy. What started it? "I don't know. Greed."

By the time he was at college he was buying old master prints, guided by one of his professors. To this passion he added a desire to travel: the two, allied with a certain free-spiritedness, was the start of Walter's resolutions to transform it into something peculiarly his own. It was outrageous, you know. Even E. M. Forster was charmed by him—and he was a tough cookie when it came to being charmed.

When Wilsford Manor eventually became his, Tennant resolved to transform it into something peculiarly his own. The result was extraordinary, an extravaganza of pink and glitter, of good pieces of furniture mixed with absurd ones, of strangely fashionable chairs and bedside tables, of scattered straw hats and draped fringes, of tinsel and gauze and ivory and leathers and above all of shells, which he passed onto ceilings and tossed about the floors.

In the fifties, Tennant took to his satin bed and seldom reemerged. The house grew shabby and closed in. It was possible during his final years—that he died last February at the age of eighty—but it was a grotesque one during the days when the public came to view, under Sotheby's auspices, what he had left behind. Neighbors who for decades had longed to glimpse the Aladdin's cave queued to finger and to mock: boys in oversize rubber boots trampled the moth-eaten polar-bear rugs; and in the nursery wing, where the nannies that Tennant had so loved once held sway, groups of smart young people gathered to read aloud to one another letters whose engravings they found inexpressibly comic. They were a little shocked by what they found, by all the glitter, the outrageous pinks and silvers. "This is ludicrous, darling," they said to each other. "Like Christmas wrapping paper."

Walter has been to many sales in his life, he knows that quality and condition, and not appearances, are what count. As with a man buying a horse and checking its teeth, he tapped his possible purchases smartly all over, sounding out their state of health, their possible flaws. There was much to his taste;

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Stripes and checks break loose from plain geometry—irregular patterns, bold black-and-white motifs, and "fancy finger painting."

What's new about stripes and checks? Endless varieties, personal expressions, unmatched combinations—lots more than the traditional pinstripes, prison stripes, and checkerboards.

Fabric designers Sue Timney and Graham Fowler, who are known for their bold black-and-white motifs, juxtapose stripes and checks in their London shop. Denise Carbonell plays with stripes and checks in her fashion design and her Manhattan loft. English shoe designer Manolo Blahnik, now expanding into interior and furniture design, hand-painted the stripes himself on the library walls of his house in Bath.

Imperfections can actually enhance stripes and checks, says Scott Waterman, who specializes in painted finishes: "Because they are such simple motifs, they are open to variation." Brett Landenberger layers stripes and checks to add depth to the surface of his paste papers. Using a process he calls "fancy finger painting," he manipulates the patterns to update them and make each sheet unique. Waterman sums it up: "The closer they are to having been touched by the human hand, the better crafted and the more appealing they are."

Laurie Schechter
Personalized dressing has come out of the closet and onto the chair—"best dressed" can now apply to your furniture.

An ordinary metal chair is suddenly wearing a dress. A bench is outfitted in a "shirt" with buttons and cuffs. A straightback chair is draped in a Grecian toga.

Andrew Sheinman, president of Monte Coleman, says he "wanted to add a strong fashion element" to his cotton slipcovers for the Victoria chair designed by Mark Zeff. By gathering the back with elastic and offering them in two-color combinations, white with a black sash and black with a white sash, he gave these slipcovers day and evening looks. "The covered chairs are flexible, and they’re great for restaurants and parties," says Andrew Sheinman. "Not only are they festive, but they stack too."

When it came to slipcovering the furniture in her living room, interior designer Mariette Himes Gomez wanted one piece to be especially dressed up. The result, done in a cotton-ticking fabric, was a bench akin to a man’s dress shirt. The arms were wrapped to look like Fortuny-inspired chair, top, by Perucho Voll and Paul Siskin. Center: Estate chair by Gianfranco Ferré. Above: Mariette Gomez’s bench. Left: Cotton slipcover by Monte Coleman for Bergdorf Goodman, New York.

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Tassles and fringes call up images of dusty old Victoriana, but a fresh approach brings them out of the gloom and into the limelight.

Dan Friedman, a New York artist who makes furniture, uses raffia fringe in his work for its symbolism as well as for aesthetics. "I am interested in cultures where day-to-day things were done with a great deal of creative conviction," says Friedman. "I am trying to return to the notion of making objects for the home which are imbued with artfulness and usefulness."

A big Victorian sofa was nowhere to be found, so Judyth Van Amringe, an accessories designer, settled for a contemporary piece from Conran's. The sofa is now incognito under a seventeenth-century Turkish bedcover, and pillows in Chinese fabrics, unfinished needlepoint, rhinestones, ribbons, and Scalamandre tassel fringe. Judyth describes her role as being like a "cake decorator—I take a form and really change it." L.S.
CHANEL

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Ornate surfaces in fashion and interiors... the romantic Baroque... go broke for Verdura... oceanic motifs from head to toe

Seashells have washed up for spring in the designs of Gianfranco Ferré and Donna Karan. Karan's evening suits and cardigan sweaters were highlighted by Robert Lee Morris's shell earclips and charm bracelets. Ferré embroidered beaded starfish and seashells on his dinner dressing.

The Baroque touch-of-sea flora is unsurpassed in the jewelry of the late Fulco di Verdura. At Chanel he created enamel cuffs with Maltese crosses; Kenneth Jay Lane interprets them today. A clamsheel with brillantes and sapphires and a scallop with brillantes and peridots can be ordered from Verdura, New York. Shell carvings encrusted the eighteenth-century furniture of William Kent; in the manner of Kent is a circa-1735 sofa, from Christopher Gibbs Limited, London.

Glenn Bernbaum likes masses of sunflowers for his Fête de Famille to benefit AIDS research. For Slim Keith's birthday he filled topiary baskets with begonias. The women at New York charity evenings—Blaine Trump in Lacroix couture, Diandra Douglas in YSL's Rive Gauche bolero—are no clams on the half shell. Their dressing is as Baroque as a modern designer-clad lady can go.
Surreal style in fashion and decoration... whimsical designer fashion plates... New York by night. dining out for worthy causes... 

Upside-down shoes. mirror jackets, vase handbags, and all the magic of fashion, art, and Surrealism are captured in Richard Martin's book *Fashion and Surrealism* (Rizzoli, 1987) and the show he curated with Harold Koda and Laura Sinderbrand for New York's Fashion Institute of Technology. Highlights of the exhibit: telephone handbag by Lesage, and Jean Rémy Dumas paper lampshade hat.

Found at antiques dealer David Gill's Fulham Road shop in London: drums that look like a ceremonial bass drum—a favorite low table of the Duke of Windsor (whose drum came from the Welsh Guards). Diana Vreeland: "He used to serve me tea from his drum. He was mad about it." Gill's drums are from the Scottish Cameroonian.

London designers stamp their ideas on white china from Artplate; Manolo Blahnik, Silvana Mangano's stiletto heel; Rifat Ozbek, Islamic star and half-moon; also Vivienne Westwood, Jasper Conran, Zandra Rhodes, and hat designer Stephen Jones.

For the National Academy of Design evening honoring the photographer Norman Parkinson's birthday retrospective, board member Lee Radziwill in red strapless Giorgio Armani couture asked Bruce Newman of the Newel, New York antiques dealers, to lend First and Second Empire and eighteenth-century candelabra. Pale peach and yellow ranunculus were flown in from France by top-events florist Robert Isobell. In attendance: Debbie Hughes and Carolina Herrera's daughter, Carolina, both in short Herrera evening turnouts.

The other side of Trumpville: energetic charity fund-raiser Blaine Trump wears Bill Blass's chestnut suit as she charts her chores for raising money for the Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center. At a fashion show Blaine wears Scasai sequins and velvet. A.L.T.

From top: Ozbek, Blahnik plates; table at National Academy of Design; Lee Radziwill and Robert Isobell; Blaine Trump, solo; and with her husband, Robert. Above: Debbie Hughes and Carolina Herrera.
Introducing Yves Saint Laurent Fleur de Parfum.
romance as an influence on decoration leads off this issue—the first of a completely redesigned House & Garden. In this format you’ll find many new ideas in decoration, design, and architecture—ideas that often follow developments in fashion and the arts. We see romantic influences taking many forms; in our opening feature we show how-eighteenth-century art, particularly the paintings of Fragonard, has inspired the designs of Karl Lagerfeld and Christian Lacroix, who in turn are echoing a move in the decorative arts toward freshness, wit, color, and individuality. Part of this new mood is a general move away from the slavish re-creation of a single style to a less predictable mixture of simplicity and high decoration. See, for instance, the Lacroix studio with its antique-brass chandelier and unfinished painted blue walls, the Lapham apartment with its highly ornamented mirrors and tables set in a background of simple white rooms, and Arthur Andersson’s house in Texas with its combination of classic architectural elements and homespun materials. You’ll find greater attention to innovative personal styles in the new HG—ranging, in this issue, from the Rothschilds’ exuberant take on tradition at Château Lafite to Bette Midler’s merging of the Charleston style with the palette of Southern California, from the individuality and verve of Brian Murphy’s recently built “factory” for Dennis Hopper to David Hockney’s brilliantly colored house in the Hollywood Hills. In these and in subjects planned for future issues we find an original approach to design and decoration—one we intend to make the hallmark of this magazine. —Anna Wintour
romance

"It's a very French, yet unpretentious mood. You see it in all the Fragonard paintings, especially the exterior scenes. There's an open-the-door feeling of freshness in the air"—Karl Lagerfeld
Fragonard was as romantic as a man can be. But he was romantic in his own way and in his own time. Romance for him had nothing to do with pining and daydreaming, timidity and hesitation. He believed in instincts that were firm and peremptory, and he liked them to come as a happy surprise that demanded to be acted upon. In his art, that is. In life he would seem to have been secretive, unsure of himself, indecisive, and much given to whim and caprice.

Romance in his paintings is all thrust, all forward movement, all headlong energy. No sooner seen than coveted, the loved one was to be pursued until a bolt could be shot against all intruders and a big white soft bed thrown open and put to vigorous use.

In Fragonard's great scènes galantes, glance leads to glance, each one more inflammatory than the last. Wooing is not wooing if it does not involve the revelation of a fine leg, a promising bosom already a-heave with feeling, and parted lips, perfect teeth, and a darting teasing tongue. No one in Fragonard's romances is ever old, sick, stiff, shabby, or too fat. No one has second thoughts or indigestion or money troubles. All complexions are flawless, all flowers are fresh, all confidants are endlessly resourceful. And why not? Fragonard, the romantic, dealt in absolutes, and his young men and young women are love's acrobats, deserving only the best.

The great series of paintings called The Progress of Love, which is in the Frick Collection in New York, is the apotheosis and epitome of Fragonard's feelings in these matters, and it speaks for the dream of a first youth that will truly be, if not eternal, at any rate lifelong. If a young man sees a young girl that he fancies, he doesn't think twice. He writes a letter, gathers a bunch of flowers, borrows a ladder, and presto! there he is at the top of the wall. We are closer to the athletic soaring of the pole vault in the Olympic Games than to the traditional long haul leading to matrimony. All is joie de vivre, God-given energy, and plain speaking. Of introspection and self-doubt, never a trace.

Romance for Fragonard had a light, exuberant, unemphatic touch, and he spoke for an eighteenth-century aristocratic world in which happiness had not yet gone out of style. Or had it? It is one of the ironies of history that Madame Du Barry turned down The Progress of Love, which she had commissioned from Fragonard, on the grounds—so it would seem—that it was not modern enough. Yet to us his lovers, so tender and yet so pragmatic, so romantic and yet so resourceful, could not be closer to our own day. Rosamond Bernier

Now at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, through May 8, the first comprehensive exhibition devoted to Jean Honore Fragonard includes over two hundred of the eighteenth-century master's paintings and drawings.
Romance
The Spirit of Fragonard
He had a light, exuberant, unemphatic touch, and he spoke for a world in which happiness had not yet gone out of style.
The handbag, shaped like a freshly clipped bouquet, and dress from Lagerfeld’s spring collection are in the same fabric. “I went to Vilmorin, the do-it-yourself garden supplier in Paris, bought sachets of rose seeds, and cut out the cataloguelike photographs on the packets. Then I made a montage and painted over that with oils. I took it to Rainbow Fabrics, and they made the print.”

Romance

The Fun of Fashion

“It’s a fake classic rose print. We don’t live in the past, so it would be absurd to make a literal expression of it”
Romance
The Richness of Tapestry

The most modern thing in France is Louis XV.

The gilded Louis XV armchair, by Bora, is just one of many authentic museum-quality pieces from Karl Lagerfeld's Paris apartment. "My obsession didn't begin yesterday," he says.
Romance

The Splendor of Ornament

Decorative detailing
gives an unexpected
dimension to a
courtly tradition

Cast-iron garden pavilion at Schlöss Sanssouci, Potsdam, East Germany, by Georg Wenceslaus von Knobelsdorff for Frederick the Great, 1748. Opposite: Phantom of the Opera glazed cotton, printed with trompe l'oeil swags and passementerie, by Clarence House.
The Surprise of Color

Romance

"I wanted to achieve something that illustrates a garden look—naive, whimsical, with a sense of color that is at once acid but refined."

Sprouting bunches of flowers, Lacroix’s madcap floral hats from his new Luxe collection are worn with a series of his garden motif dresses.
On a gilt metal gueridon designed by Garouste-Bonetti, a special bouquet executed by the Paris florist Moulé Savart. The fuchsia cloque dress with 18th-century-style side bustles is from Luxe by Christian Lacroix. The hat from Lacroix, Paris.
In the salon vert the gild-framed bench and pair of tapestry-covered footrests are in the Second Empire style favored by the Rothschild family. Opposite: A painted metal sconce is in the grape and vine-leaf motif that appears in the château.
Modern Rothschild

Eric and Beatrice de Rothschild bring a new exuberance to a rich tradition. Roger Toll describes the style of Château Lafite, and André Leon Talley defines the style of the family.
Just west of the muddy Gironde estuary are not far from the windswept dunes of the Atlantic coast, a simple road winds north from Bordeaux through a region known as the Médoc. Marine mists slide across it in winter; in summer it basks in warm silver light. The earth is poor here—pebbles and gray dirt that looks like ash. There's nothing remarkable about the landscape either, just some softly sloping hillocks that roll down to the river. Nothing remarkable, that is, except for the châteaux bearing names known throughout the world for the lustrous red wines they produce.

The queen among them all, the “first of firsts,” is Château Lafite. As early as the American Revolution, it fetched the highest prices at London auctions. Not only was its wine served at the court of Louis XV but Napoleon Bonaparte specially requested a number of bottles to take with him into exile. Thomas Jefferson kept it in stock, and indeed an initial bottle of his was recently sold for £100,000 at auction. In fact, 250 acres of Château Lafite have been producing great wine ever since Monsieur Damosseau de Lafite began cultivating vines on the property in the fourteenth century.

Today the man in charge is Baron Eric de Rothschild, who runs the château and vineyard for the French branch of the family. It was the first of the French Rothschilds, Eric's great-great-grandfather Baron James, who bought Lafite in 1868 for what was then the enormous sum of 4,140,000 francs. At Château Lafite time flows back and forth through generations with hallucinogenic ease. A marble bust of the venerable Baron James greets guests in the salon rouge from its place on the mantel, and another presides over meals. The family talks of ancestors whose portraits hang on the walls as we today might speak of a recently departed houseguest. When a visitor demurs over what to say when invited to sign the guest book, Eric eases him out of his predicament with a family memory: “As my great-grandmother once said, ‘Just your name, Monsieur Proust, please no thoughts.’”

Little has changed since James's wife, the Baroness Betty, decorated the château's living areas downstairs and the eight bedrooms above in the opulent, if somewhat heavy, Second Empire style. When recently, for instance, Eric and his Italian wife, Beatrice, decided to replace the green damask that covers the salon vert's walls and furniture, a search produced a weaver in Lyons who could still duplicate the fabric.

Several acres of lawn, ponds, and trees stretch from the main road up to the house. In the middle of the park a large...
The property belongs to all of us equally," says Baron Eric. "I'm really just the caretaker, but one of the advantages of being caretaker is that you spend more time here."

garden provides flowers for huge bouquets that brighten most of the rooms; subtle aromas of magnolia blossoms, lavender, and yellow roses waft through the house. On visits from Paris the family sits in the salon d'été with its Louis XVI furniture and painted boiseries or on the terrace just outside. The château, more like a large country manor than one of the splendid monuments of the Loire, is a surprisingly harmonious blend of styles that date back to the fourteenth century.

Creepers of wisteria frame the French windows that lead from the terrace into the salon rouge. In this large living room, distinctive for the red brocatelle that covers its walls and furniture, hang paintings of four of the five sons of Mayer Amschel Rothschild, the self-made financier from the Frankfurt ghetto who, during Napoleon's time, sent his sons to settle in the great capitals of Europe to spread the family's name, wealth, and power.

Most of the furniture in the salon rouge came from Ferrières, a former family estate near Paris. In such a setting Eric's touch is often evident. "Let's not take any of this too seriously," it seems to say. In the salon vert, next to the framed list of Château Lafite wines taken by Napoleon to Saint Helena, two plastic dime-store King Kongs beseide the family's antique bronze replicas of Trajan's Column.

In his mid forties, lanky and fashionable in an understated offhand way, Baron Eric was one of Europe's most sought-after bachelors until his marriage four years ago. Although he was born in 1940 in New York—where the family lived during the war—Eric received his formative education at a British school. He speaks quickly, his words falling one over the other in an entirely international accent.

Baron Eric took over as managing partner of the château in...
A feast of richly detailed furniture and opulent textures, the salon-vert includes tufted silk-upholstered furniture, heavily fringed chairs, a leopard-print pouf, ormolu, and family portraits—all essential elements of *le style* Rothschild.
1975 from his uncle Baron Elie de Rothschild, whose wife, Liliane, was a major force in its restoration and decoration after the ravages of World War II. The dining room, a "rather sad affair before Liliane fixed it up," says Eric, is today light and attractive. It is here that the great wines of the château are tasted in their best setting of all—around a table among friends. "Drinking a fine wine should be like a wonderful conversation with an elderly aunt," says Eric. "You talk, you drink tea, you listen to fascinating stories from her past. But if you drink even a very good wine with boring people, then you'll be bored with the wine."

Meals at the château are prepared simply—an appetizer, a main course of sliced duck or beef, lightly boiled vegetables, a salad, cheeses, and a dessert of fresh berries or homemade ice cream—accompanied by two or three wines, or four when there are special guests. No flowers are put in the dining room to intrude on the bouquet of the wine. Just before the cheese comes the preeminent wine of the meal, perhaps a Château Lafite 1949, 1953, or 1961.

The oldest wines come from the caveau, a small vaulted cellar below the entrance hall. Among the cobwebs in the cool musty air sits one of the best and largest collections of priceless wines that exist today. Not only is the collection of Lafite complete back to 1797—when the first vintage wine was bottled at the château—but there are also most of the great vintages of the other grand crus of the Médoc.

Approximately 2,000 casks of second-year wine are stored in a round cellar, which is Baron Eric's latest innovation. To preserve valuable land, he decided to put it underground and plant the earth above with vines. For the design he called on Ricardo Bofill, the renowned Catalan architect.

Eric is enthusiastic about all his activities, whether he is shooting, taking care of his children, shopping with his wife at the local market, or seeing to his two main professional activities, investment banking and managing Château Lafite. But it is Lafite, with all that it means to the family, that seems to give him the greatest pleasure. "I was always interested in running the place because it's one of the only properties we have that has remained exactly as it was when the family started out. The property belongs to all of us equally," he says. "The others come when they want, which delights me. I'm really just the caretaker, but one of the advantages of being caretaker is that you spend more time here." —Roger Toll
In the salon rouge Mme. Gilbert Rockvam, wife of the estate manager, arranges a bouquet. Below: The wine cellar was designed by Eric's good friend, Catalan architect Ricardo Bofill.

Approximately 2,000 casks of second-year wine are stored in the Ricardo Bofill cellar.

Baron Eric's latest innovation
The salon rouge is the most formal of the reception rooms. The walls and furniture are covered in red silk brocatelle, after the original decor Baroness Betty installed when her husband bought Lotte in 1868. Opposite: The fringed confidante, or S-shaped sofa, is a quintessential Napoleon III piece.
When a visitor demurs over signing the guest book, Eric eases him out of his predicament: "As my great-grandmother once said, 'Just your name, Monsieur' Proust, no thoughts."
They met at a Rolling Stones concert in May 1976. Donna Maria Beatrice Caracciolo di Forino, born into a princely family from Naples, took six tickets. Eric came with her cousin. The next weekend Beatrice was invited to Lafite. "We got on quickly and became great friends," says Eric. "One day it seemed evident we would be together."

When she married Eric in December 1983, Beatrice chose a long skirt and shirt from her closet of well-preserved vintage Dior, Balenciaga couture, and custom-made clothes from a local dressmaker in Naples. For the wedding party they invited about twenty people down for a weekend at Lafite.

Today Beatrice and Eric arrive at Lafite in the same informal style. They come in from the Bordeaux airport, unload Glovetrotter valises and bolts of restored silks for cushions in the main hall, have predinner champagne in the salon rouge, and shuffle through the salon vert to dine in their traveling clothes.

Even in Paris, Rothschild family life has its informalities. Cocktail hour has been abandoned for the children's hour. In the living room with its four Balthus canvases, including a portrait of Eric's mother, Eric rolls around on the carpet with their two-year-old son, James, while Beatrice pours tea from a silver service laid out on a stack of books. It is here they meet with friends Thadée and Loulou Klossowski and their daughter, Anna, Beatrice's goddaughter. It is here too that Maria Brandolini joins them in jeans, bringing her daughter, Xenia, to play with battalions of battery-charged animals and paper-mâché puppets. As Thadée and Loulou supervise Anna's cookie intake, Eric considers a possible birthday gift for his son, a portrait of King George III's white stallion, Adonis, up for auction at Sotheby's.

In Paris, when they entertain, guests wander freely through the rooms arranged in enfilade. The grand salon leads to the dining room which leads to the bedroom where Eric and Beatrice both have to almost leap to get into the tapestry-covered lit of Madame de Maintenon—Eric is proud to reveal that the bed was owned by the dowdy mistress of King Louis XIV and hand-embroidered by the demoiselles of Saint-Cyr.

Beatrice slips in and out of Levi's seven days a week, except for formal dinners, when she wears short black skirts and romantic white silk shirts. She talks with all the shades and complexities of one who glides from English to Italian to French, speaking in a trio of languages to her son, James, who can respond in all three. She spends one day a week in life-drawing class but loves nothing more than clicking her rock-star heels across the kitchen tiles to check the boiling pasta or amusing herself by watching James and her infant daughter, Saskia, play.

The Rothschilds are a couple that believe in doing nearly everything together. A treat in Paris, Beatrice says, is "going to the cinema and Eric's favorite restaurant, Le Duc." When her friend Bernardo Bertolucci hit town, they accompanied him to a Goldoni play and a screening of his film The Last Emperor.

Behind the ease of her turtleneck-and-jeans daily routine is a woman who adheres to Rothschild tradition. A Catholic, she converted to Judaism when she married Eric. "Our children will be brought up knowing the fundamentals of tradition, knowing very deeply that they are Jewish," says Eric. Beatrice curls up in a Second Empire chair, glances toward Eric with a glowing smile, and reinforces his sense of form and tradition by saying: "Life couldn't be better. I couldn't be a happier mother and wife."

André Leon Talley
Facing the main driveway at Lafite is a giant elm topiary. Left: In Eric de Rothschild’s Paris garage a Bentley has a Lafite bottle replacing the winged emblem and a wall is covered with Andy Warhol Marilyn silk screens. Below left: In the largest guest suite, the chambre jaune, linens on the bed are embroidered with the family monogram—great back-to-back arabesques of Rs.

LE STYLE ROTHSCILD

SWATCH watches
English Marmite for breakfast
Sunday dinner in the kitchen
Snuff, after meals
Balthus family portraits
Tiaras with hair untouched by hairdressers
Yves Saint Laurent couture for black strapless dressing
Walking and shooting capes, from Casa Maritima, Lisbon
Shirts and suits from H. Huntsman & Sons, Savile Row
OshKosh for the children
Levi’s pinwale cotton-cord jeans
American-made stonewashed denim shirts
L. L. Bean duffles
Decorative Bette

Rhoda Koenig presents an inside view of Bette Midler’s colorful family and a house where Bloomsbury meets Southern California.

Bette Midler in her bedroom, opposite. Her passion for color reveals itself in the boldly painted fireplace and the chair, above, influenced by the Arts and Crafts paintings at Charleston.
Bette Midler was not in very good shape. A 6.1-scale earthquake had rocked her Los Angeles neighborhood the day before, the temperature outside was 103, and so was hers. The temperature inside was fierce, too. Her Mediterranean-style stucco and red-tiled-roof house has walls so thick that Midler and her husband, commodities trader Martin von Haselberg, had thought they wouldn’t need air-conditioning. Now, wearing only sunglasses and an ice-bag, she reclines under a sheet on her Charles Rennie Mackintosh–inspired bed while he asks their decorator to phone around for estimates.

I knew there was more to Bette Midler than her one-syllable jokes, her sandpaper voice, and the “pachangas” she has been known to flash at screaming audiences. After all, on her comedy album Mud Will Be Flung Tonight! she had dropped a reference to T. S. Eliot. “Not part of the usual stand-up comedian’s repertoire,” said the decorator, Jarrett Hedborg, with an approving nod. In her Broadway revue Clams on the Half Shell, she had adapted a remark from Boswell’s life of Johnson to Gerald Ford: “He was dull in a new way, and that made many people think him great.”

Midler’s wide-ranging tastes are evident throughout the house. What she and her husband have created, together with Hedborg and painter Nancy Kintisch, is a lighthearted, fantastical series of playrooms where grown-ups have been allowed to paint on the walls. There is also a feeling of having stepped into a weightless version of the English country house or a 1920s children’s book.

Having been told that Midler was inspired by Charleston, the Sussex farmhouse identified with the Bloomsbury group, I paid it a visit a few weeks before and saw the walls and furniture covered with Arts and Crafts–style paintings by Duncan Grant and Vanessa Bell. Looking around Midler’s bedroom now at the boldly painted fireplace surround and frieze, I could indeed see Charleston’s influence.

Although she has never been to Charleston, Midler is familiar with Virginia Woolf and others of the Bloomsbury group. Her taste was formed by her reading and her visits to Europe: “My first idea for the house was the work of Carl Larsson, who painted his own house and changed the idea of decoration in Sweden. Then a few years ago I was introduced to the Arts and Crafts school. I think Ruskin and William Morris and that lot were right.
What Midler and her husband have created is a lighthearted, fantastical series of playrooms where grown-ups have been allowed to paint on the walls
what’s important is not the expensive nature of the materials but the hand behind them.”

“Bette says she likes the feeling of all those little nuns just sewing away,” says the decorator.

“I love Kandinsky, Otto Dix, George Grosz, Burne-Jones,” adds Bette. “I’m a real sucker for the Pre-Raphaelites. Oh, I have plumbed the surface of certain things.”

My look has gotten lighter over the years,” Bette says. “In New York I had a kind of womb—dark blue, green, maroon. People in New York are accustomed to using electricity to light their world. Here the sun is liberating. I could live in any style anywhere as long as it was light.”

Bette’s decorating was also inspired by a childhood vision: “I always thought that if you had a home that looked as if it was decorated with love, you would have love in the home—all that Norman Rockwell stuff. I have to cook, I have to nourish someone. This house has allowed me to express that. It’s much more my creation than any picture or show I’ve ever done.”

As Bette’s enthusiasm increases, she leans forward, not noticing the sheet is sliding down to her waist. “Oh, sorry.”

At this point I excuse myself to tour the rest of the house, a 1927 four-bedroom villa that was built for Ted Cook, former “Talk of the Town” editor of The New Yorker. Bette bought the house from his now-elderly daughter, a picture of whom, standing on the front steps as a child, hangs in the kitchen.

In its new incarnation the house California-izes and gently parodies the various turn-of-the-century artists who inspired it. There are no curtains on the ground floor, but a painted drapery borders one window, and in the family sitting room the windows are etched with trailing leafy branches. In the living room a sofa and two chairs covered in three Rose Cumming chintzes face a fireplace decorated with imitation tiles—irregular squares and triangles of gold and silver leaf and bits of emerald Murano glass embedded in the plaster. Ornaments reflect an eclectic taste in art—there are cheerful rag rugs, Liberty silver boxes, and a Loie Fuller bronze. An Aubusson tapestry is filled with the tropical flowers of Bette’s Hawaiian background—lilies, orchids, and passionflowers. Instead of a formal family portrait, the room has an admonitory spirit—a 1932 study of Mary Pickford, past her glory days, looking petulant and bewildered, bruised by fortune. Across the room a grinning, no-problems Bette faces her, a jolly maharani sporting grape-cluster jewelry and a turban.
Light, bright colors dot the kitchen and dining room as well. On a door in the hallway three painted panels represent another borrowing from Charleston. Each panel shows the same bit of the house—a vase and a flight of steps—from a different angle. Turn the door, and there are three more panels, one showing a nude insouciantly floating down the steps.

The mood changes slightly in the bedroom belonging to Harry, as Midler’s husband is called (a part-time performance artist, he plays a character called Harry Kipper; he and his partner wear jockstraps and smear each other with chocolate). His room has a witchy and more surrealistic air. The drawer handles and the support for the bedside table are bunches of twigs, and the lamps are unnerving. An upright, upside-down broom has been converted into a torchere, and a decapitated lizard has been electrified, with a light bulb where the head should be. Above the doors and windows there are stenciled green beetles—“We call them space bugs,” says Hedborg. Harry is not without some decorations of his own. His left bicep is adorned with a flower-and-scroll tattoo bearing the name of his first wife. That has been crossed out and an identical tattoo repeated under it, but the scroll is blank. “Bette said that if I had it filled in, it might jinx the relationship.”

Colorful motifs—especially coral and turquoise—and a note of gentle whimsy twine around the outside of the house as well. Tiles have been painted here and there on the patio floor, and paint drippings underneath a lantern have been left to dry. A flower box holds pansies and strawberries, and at the door a Mexican primitive painting Bette was given at her baby shower depicts a woman on a delivery table seeing a manifestation of the Holy Spirit.

For someone who couldn’t get arrested a few years ago Bette is up to her eyeballs in work. In Big Business, the picture she was filming at the time of my visit, she and Lily Tomlin play two sets of identical twins who get mixed up at the Plaza. “They gave me a wig. I look just like Marie Hélène de Rothschild.” She is waiting for a script for her film biography of forties bandleader Ina Ray Hutton and has plans for Beaches, a tale of friendship between two women, and the Lotte Lenya story. She will also be producing two pictures for children. “Altogether, I’m swamped.”

Even so, Bette wants to emphasize that movies aren’t the most important thing in her life: “I’ll go to the ends of the earth for beauty. Beauty is all there is to live for.”

The next day at brunch I say, “I saw Bette Midler yesterday. All she was wearing was sunglasses.” The waiter then puts my order in front of me. It is eggs Benedict, each one centered with a slice of dark truffle. “Ah,” says Gore Vidal. “that must bring it all back to you.”

Decorating Editor: Joyce MacRae
"This house is much more my creation than any picture or show I've ever done."
Many young architects seize on their first built work as a way of demonstrating everything they’ve learned. Arthur Andersson thinks that’s a mistake and believes the smartest approach is for the neophyte to take it easy. “The most important thing a young designer can have is patience, rather than trying to do it all at once,” the thirty-year-old architect observes. “We shouldn’t try to be heroes. Maybe one or two architects in a generation can be, but it’s much more realistic for most of us to just calm down and do it.” He has achieved that, beautifully, in a small but impressive house for himself in Austin, Texas, part of a compound that includes a separate residence for superstar architect Charles Moore as well as the office and studio Moore and Andersson share.

An assistant of Moore’s during the building of the Wonderwall at the 1984 New Orleans World’s Fair, Andersson was asked by the elder architect after the exposition was completed to move to Austin and manage Moore’s new office there. Using the wooden board-and-batten farmhouses of the nearby Texas Hill Country as their basic source of imagery, the architects created a cluster of shed-roofed structures on the sloping 1.2-acre tree-shaded site. The three buildings, linked by covered pergolas, surround a lap pool that bisects a central courtyard. Moore’s house, to the north, is dominated by a sweeping curved corridor marking an arc of the Baroque elliptical ground plan. Putty-colored on the exterior, on the inside it is all saturated polychromy, ornamental intricacy, and

Although Arthur Andersson’s house is minuscule, the great room conveys considerable grandeur with its 18-foot ceiling and heroically scaled objects, including an 18th-century Irish Georgian pedimented door, a reproduction of Giambattista Nolli’s 1748 map of Rome, black-glazed Oaxaca pots, and Le Corbusier’s LC/4 chaise.
Beyond the Georgian portal, the designer-owner’s bedroom. Wooden venetian blinds behind the bed by Nanik, cotton dhurrie rug bought in New Delhi.

The strong use of fragments implies a space far grander.
illusionistic effect. Andersson's much smaller 770-square-foot house is evidence of his indebtedness to Moore but, even more, shows his determination to remain his own man even while living and working in close proximity to his mentor. The junior partner's dwelling is just as simple-looking on the outside, though far less complicated than Moore's on the inside. Nonetheless, it is rich and surprising too, albeit in a much more low-key manner.

Andersson was determined not to overload his space—which he describes as a "24-by-36-foot gable-ended box"—with so much architecture that living within it would become cramped. He makes it sound so easy. "I had a box, I built some shelves, and I put this thing in the middle of it." The "thing" is a diagonal freestanding wall that slices the 12-by-36-foot great room into two separate but unequal areas, for sitting at one end and dining at the other. Surmounted by a beefy arched pediment with a bull's-eye porthole, that partition wall is actually more of a frame, open from about the waist up. It breaks the space without screening it, a clever idea that perceptually enlarges the room. So does the exaggerated scale of the freestanding wall: Andersson borrowed the idea from the Italian Renaissance architect Bramante, who would place a large canopy in a small chapel to achieve an impression of magnificence.

Andersson's monochromatic white-on-white color scheme, not at all like the varied palette favored by Moore, further enhances this simultaneously exciting and relaxing interior. "I wanted the room and its details to seem like they were vacuum-formed," explains Andersson, referring to the white plastic relief models made by many architects. "The wall brackets near the ceiling were thought of as part of a Classical order buried in the wall, like the city of Petra in a way. The 'columns'—which I imagined but don't really exist—aren't visible, but these bits of entablature above them stick out." Atop those brackets are black-and-white photographic cutouts of great men in Texas history. Those two-dimensional busts are crowned with deer antlers, an irreverent touch that brings a bit of Rococo gaiety to the conceit, to say nothing of a marginally off-color reference.

Another historical allusion comes in the form of a handsome but unpretentious architectural found object: a weathered eighteenth-century Irish Georgian door, with a pedimented surround, leading into the owner's bedroom. The portal is only 6 feet 3 inches high—another strategy Andersson employed to make the 18-foot ceiling of the great room seem even higher—but the elegant proportions and noble demeanor of this antique fragment make one unaware of diminished scale. Although there is little furniture to clutter up the modest amount of floor space, shelves and ledges throughout are crammed with small objects. There are ranks of lead toy soldiers, carved-wood Mexican folk-art figures, as well as a number of superb English Art Nouveau and Art Deco pieces Andersson collected during his student days in London. The juxtapositions are delightful, making the funky stuff seem more substantial and the fine things less precious.

The same might be said of the Andersson house as a whole. Even though the architect has used humble materials—such
This house embodies Andersson’s belief that a young architect should “calm down and do it”
as galvanized tin walls for the tiny bathroom leading off from the single 12-by-12-foot bedroom—they have been installed with exceptional care. In fact, some components were detailed with a bit too much skill for Andersson's liking. For example, the 8-foot-long pine-plank flooring was painstakingly cut by the contractor to eliminate knotholes the architect would just as soon have retained, especially since that handwork added substantially to the construction costs. (These wound up at about $100 per square foot, high for a young architect building his own home in that part of the country.)

"Living and working in the same place has always appealed to me," notes Andersson, "and I guess what I had in mind here was a kind of mini-Taliesin." If not quite as grandiose as the domestic visions of many other architects, at the very least this clear, accomplished design marks a most promising debut. 

Architecture Editor: Elizabeth Sverbeyeff Byron

Ceiling of breezeway is painted with pattern and colors of antique Amish quilt.
HOCKNEY AT HOME

Henry Geldzahler

celebrates the powerful interplay between the artist's work and his surroundings in the Hollywood Hills

The Hockney house in Bradford, in which the five Hockney children tumbled about, was extremely modest—not unlike the sort one frequently sees on English sitcoms. But it was always warm and full of love and good solid English fare. When David left in 1959 on a scholarship to the Royal College of Art in London, the best he could do for himself the first year was a hut in back of a house, with no heat, kitchen, or plumbing.

David has ascribed his precocity with the etching medium to the fact that the printing studio at the college was always open and well heated in the chill English winter and supplies were on hand. It was with his remarkable portfolio of student etchings under his arm that Hockney in 1961 presented himself at the Museum of Modern Art during his first trip to America. To his great credit, William Lieberman immediately bought the lot for a few hundred dollars, enabling David to stay on in America another few weeks.

Hockney’s attraction to America proved lasting, and in 1964 he decided to move to California. Santa Monica was his ideal locale with the blue Pacific washing its shores, the dazzling Mediterranean light, and palm trees everywhere. There was even an English expatriate community in place, centered around the home of Christopher Isherwood and Don Bachardy. Missing the taste of home, David found a small food shop where he was able to buy a few imported English staples—Weetabix and Marmite (a vegetable spread). Another old favorite—bloater paste—was not imported, he was told.
Hockney’s vivid hues: in his art, in his house, and on his person, a penchant for brilliant color.
since it was considered "unfit for human consumption."

Shortly after arriving in Santa Monica, David moved out of his motel room into a one-and-a-half-room apartment. There he painted many of his now-famous swimming pools, palm trees, shower scenes, and architecture. But as was the case in London, David made no attempt at domestication; this was not home—it was a painting studio where he also slept.

It was not until the late sixties, when David returned to London from Los Angeles with Peter Schlesinger, that his lodgings—a gloomy suite of rooms at 17 Powis Terrace near the Portobello Road—took on any semblance of a household. I was in Europe several times a year learning about twentieth-century decorative arts, then part of my responsibility at the Metropolitan Museum. Together Peter and I visited galleries and dealers where he purchased a handsomely heavy Art Deco table and armchairs, a 1910 Russian painting of an ephebe à la Hiawatha, and several exquisite Lalique vases, soon to dominate the living room. Nevertheless, David's studio continued to spill over into the flat, and his pictures and those of his friends—R. B. Kitaj, Richard Hamilton, and Stephen Buckley—looked strange among Peter's purchases.

David later moved into the penthouse apartment at Powis Terrace and built a spacious studio on the roof, but by 1971 he was on his own again, and there followed several years of wandering during which he lived largely out of hotel rooms, like Matisse had before him. Back to Los Angeles in 1979, this time prepared to stay, he rented a house at the foot of the Hollywood Hills. Six months later he relocated further up in the Hills to Nichols Canyon to what would ultimately become his Giverny.

The biggest changes in Hockney's lifestyle came with this move, and they were the result of a few conscious decisions about where he wanted to work and live. His accessibility was at the root of his discomfort; there are two things David loves best in the world, and they are almost always in conflict— he loves to work alone in his studio, and he loves being surrounded by old friends and newly met enthusiasts of his art.

At the top of Nichols Canyon he built a wonderful studio full of light and space on the site of a paddle tennis court. David, assisted by Grinstein Daniels Architects, ended up designing the studio himself, after first approaching the architect Frank Gehry. Hockney explained what he wanted in great detail, and Gehry generously informed him that all he needed was a contractor—

not an architect. The idea was to have the studio right beside where he lived, enabling him to work with the least distraction and at odd hours between midnight and sunrise when the telephone and assorted drop-ins would not disturb him.

David had always been content to rent his shelter; it was only when the Nichols Canyon house was about to be sold from under him that he decided to buy it. And once he did, he took to decorating it in much the same way he paints a picture. Walls, floors, and ceilings were painted in different brilliant primary colors. The deck above the pool and the brick wall below were done in throbbing blues and reds. The pool was drained and painted by David with the now-familiar large undulating brushstrokes (using a broom).

Recently Hockney’s designs for the theater have influenced the way he lives. His house depends quite thoroughly on the two triple bills he designed for the Metropolitan Opera: the French—Satie, Ravel, Poulenc—and the Stravinsky—Le Sacre du printemps, Le Rossignol, and Oedipus Rex. In the wake of these operas came the bold coloring, the theatrical lighting, and the dramatic angled spaces that Hockney re-created in his house. Even Hockney’s wardrobe was not immune to this sudden infusion of color. During a rehearsal of Ravel’s L’Enfant et les sortilèges, several children from the production were talking about the scenery. “A red tree!” one of the children was overheard to exclaim. “That’s nothing,” said another. “You should see the designer.”

A sensuous delight in surfaces is always in evidence in Hockney’s house—as in his art. Brick, stone, plaster, wood, and glass are depicted in the 1980 oil painting Hollywood Hills House, which can be read from left to right as a guided tour of his house. At the extreme left the visitor descends the steps through the garden and enters by the kitchen table above which hangs a portrait of Laurel and Hardy painted by Kenneth Hockney, David’s father. A cozy fire burns in the hearth. Above the hearth are the many clippings Hockney keeps on his visual bulletin board as well as an actual postcard of a Renaissance portrait that Hockney has glued onto the canvas. In the foreground two working models for the opera stage—on the left Ravel’s L’Enfant, on the right Poulenc’s Les Mamelles de Tirésias—remind us of the prominence the stage has played in the artist’s creative life. The living room opens onto a patio with red floorboards. Finally in the far right panel we glimpse the pool, the brick wall, the exterior of the rest of the house, and the balcony to David’s bedroom. Your eye is forced to keep moving, scanning the surface of the picture as if your body were moving in space.

In the 1980s, Hockney’s conception of space changed radically as he sought to dispel the “lie” of one-point perspective, which he sees as cutting the viewer off from the world. By turning perspective inside out, as he does in Terrace Without Shadows (1984), the artist is seeking to reconnect the viewer with the space of the picture. “In this image, you are the vanishing point,” Hockney has said. “Instead of pushing you back, it draws you in. You become part of the picture.” After David had achieved such a complete breakthrough in his art, it seems sensible that he carry this new discovery through to his home and studio, occupying the space within his paintings.

A major international retrospective of David Hockney’s work celebrating the artist’s fiftieth year has been organized by the Los Angeles County Museum of Art, where it is showing now through April 24. In June the show travels to the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York.
He took to decorating his house in much the same way he paints a picture.
Off the living room, Hockney's mock aquarium holds painted fish that hang from trees and sway in the wind. At night, lights cause them to shimmer. Opposite: Behind the bright blue exterior, marked by a red-trimmed balcony, is the master bedroom.
Your eye is forced to keep tracing scanning the surface of the picture.
NEW FROM MILAN: BASIC BLACK IN LEGGY SILHOUETTES FOR BODY AND HOME

Chairs, left to right, by William Sawaya for Sawaya & Moroni; Luigi Serafini for Sawaya & Moroni; Negrello and Scagnellato for BBB/Over Meda-Italia; Kazuo Shinohara for Sawaya & Moroni; Arcanda from B&B Italia; David Palterer for Zanotta. Dresses, left to right, by Gianni Versace, Gianfranco Ferré, Ferré, Fendi, Krizia, Genny. All shoes from Maud Frizon Jewelry, Diegodallapalmaragneti. Hair, Edoardo for Coppola. Makeup, Fulvia and Maurizia for Diego Dalla Palma.

Little BLACK Chairs
Little BLACK Dresses
William Hamilton remarks on the mania for marble heads

Like museum guards, portrait busts generally stand around amid the art without getting noticed. Against the treasure colors of old masters, the gay woolly tones of the Impressionists, and even our modern garish acrylic abstractions, a white marble bust seems to come across something like an invisible man. However, busts are moving out of the shade of disregard. In West Virginia three of them notified me forcefully of their presence when I stepped into the high, spare, elegant entrance hall of Mr. and Mrs. William Howard Adams’ Hazelfield. With nothing but buff plaster and classically proportioned walls around them, the busts reigned.

From a wall perch a plaster copy of Houdon’s Thomas Jefferson regarded a majestic plane of moral abstraction about eight feet over my head. From its pedestal Chantrey’s Sir Walter Scott looked over my shoulder with a much more benevolent and avuncular expression than I remembered from the deck of Authors cards where we first met in my boyhood. On the stair landing, backlit by a window, a plaster of Volterra’s bust of Michelangelo Buonarroti seemed to be watching creation itself.

Portrait busts are at once civilization’s most ancient and freshest artifacts. Akhenaton, Nefertiti, Buddha, Homer, Socrates, Voltaire, and Beethoven are quickly, easily, and maybe mainly remembered as busts. By comparison pictures seem as transient and perishable as finger painting on a steamed window.

Reawakened to the presence of busts, I was delighted to find Alexandre Dumas fils in terra-cotta by Jean Baptiste Carpeaux coming up in an auction at Christie’s. The estimate of $3,000–$5,000 was too rich for me at the financial moment, but it was a fraction of the prices estimated for the paintings in the same sale—most of which were truly nerve-jangling examples of Belle Époque kitsch.

Maybe, I reasoned, it would go for less than the estimate because who, except for recent visitors to Hazelfield, looks for busts? No one at the exhibition much looked at it. They studied instead the simpering maidens, kittens in the yarn, and stultifying land, city, sea, and fruit scapes banging away like gongs from every wall.

I underestimated present bust consciousness, as did Christie’s. It went for $7,000. It turns out that busts are moving as briskly as old spaniel portraits did a few years ago. “They add so much class.” a decorator friend explained to me. “You get a sense of ancestors and education with a bust in the room.”

Peripherally busts were probably creeping up on me even before my visit to West Virginia. They’ve simply reappeared in our national decorative imagination. Soon I expect I’ll see the very bust of Dumas I missed at auction in one of those carefully staged old-family backgrounds in current garment advertising—maybe with a carefully flung tie showing its stripes around the old genius’s neck.
They add so much class,” a decorator friend explained. “You get a sense of ancestors and education with a bust in the room.”
Duane Michals’ Four Seasons

The photographer loves his garden. Here in pictures and words he records its seasonal changes.

My garden is next to an early-19th-century farmhouse found abandoned in the foothills of the Green Mountains where upstate New York touches the border of Vermont. Spring is always a surprise in the garden. All at once it is an Easter basket of blue forget-me-nots, purple grape hyacinths, white jonquils, pink wild columbine, red tulips, and grass greener than Ireland. We turn the soil, fertilize, start the pool fountain again, and plant the petunias, impatiens, and geraniums. In the morning twenty birds sing all at once, a babel of songs. The cherry tree grove in the garden is so thick with flowers that it looks like pink snow as viewed from the house.
The summer garden is full, ripe, and bountiful, an alphabet of flowers with everything from asters to zinnias. We stop cutting asparagus to eat and let them grow into green fountains. The urns are garnished with annuals and the yews pruned into their shape. Clematis climbs up and over the stone walls, its flowers looking like white and purple polka dots at a distance. Every inch of the garden is alive with erupting seeds, insects, birds, and bees.
In the fall the garden is a fireworks of color, a grand finale. The maples turn from gold to rust to red, and the firebushes blaze

The chrysanthemums do their thing, all purple, yellow, and rust, and the barn swallows have been gone for a month now. It seems suddenly quiet. A flotilla of leaves sails across the pool as we disconnect the pipe that feeds the fountain. Everything is cut back, the iris trimmed, the planting beds mulched with leaves. The snow fences are retrieved from storage and placed around the yews. Each week upon returning to the country, we wonder if we've had the killer frost.
We erect turrets of snow fencing to protect the yews from the sharp winds and the deers’ appetites.

The garden endures the January cold with a stoic silence, dreaming green dreams beneath the frost. The skeleton sticks of last summer’s plants punctuate the white, like Chinese calligraphy. Rabbit and squirrel tracks crisscross the garden everywhere. I miss the sound of the fountain’s splash as the pool has frozen gray to powder-sugar white. A blue jay sings a cappella. The garden looks like a black-and-white negative of its summer self, but it has a much more subtle beauty now. We can see the architecture of the cherry trees, which lean like flying buttresses. The garden hibernates and rests, unaware of my presence, while inside the house there is a blazing fire.
Our House

Is it a museum or a home?
In this election year
Christopher Hitchens
investigates the changing face
of the White House

The occupants of 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, who have about as many bedrooms as the average American suburbanite, are compelled to do many things with their home besides live in it. They have to maintain a national and international drawing room. They have to keep up a national collection of American art and furniture. They have to make some impression on the public taste while always being conscious that the public taste runs against scruffiness (Carter) or unworthy ostentation (Nancy Reagan). Until the Kennedys arrived, First Families could exercise their own taste on the public rooms—often with deplorable results. A president is entitled to ask the Congress for up to $50,000 for what Walter Annenberg would have called "elements of refurbishment," but that doesn't go very far anymore. The soliciting of private money and advice is the only alternative, but that too has its pitfalls (Nancy again).

An anonymous commentator defined the problem in 1834. Speaking of the White House, he wrote:
This is the only PALACE in the United States. The chief magistrate of the United States has justly a spacious house, while in office, at the charge of the nation, and for the honor of the nation; and yet we cannot but hope.
LBJ: a TV—or three—in every room

Pensive Pat

White French Provincial for the Nixons

Ride 'em, Lyndon

Hotel LBJ

Yellow Oval Room for Jackie by Sister Parish

Dick, Pat, and poodle at San Clemente

Pat's California patio look for White House solarium

Betty & Boehm bird

The White House is not a home
that as little of European parade and display, and especially of luxury or extravagance, will be found there in future, as in years past since our republic was founded. This is virtuous and republican stuff, but for generations it meant that the place was frankly dingy. The coming of television and visibility of the presidency put the tenants of the executive mansion on notice. How have they measured up to the task?

It is fair to start with the Eisenhowers, since the luckless Trumans had to vacate the place when it was noticed that chandeliers were rocking too freely whenever anybody traversed the floor upstairs. The Army Corps of Engineers made the building sound again, and the modern period of the White House began.

The Eisenhower image of America was as traditional and stolid as could have been wished, and the Eisenhowers themselves projected all the composure and assurance of the tame 1950s. Apparently true to form, Mamie Eisenhower brought a demure wifely touch to the national palace with a tame 1950s. Apparently true to form, Mamie Eisenhower brought a demure wifely touch to the national palace with a stress on homely decor and frills and a fondness for floral design in covers and draperies. Mamie Pink became the affectionate designation for her style. But she was a shrewder housewife than later innovations have allowed us to realize. I spoke recently with Clement Conger, the curator of the White House between 1970 and 1986. Conger has also been curator of the diplomatic reception rooms at the State Department since 1961 and was twice deputy chief of protocol. He knows whereof he speaks. He told me that it was under the Eisenhowers, not the Kennedys, that the first permanent collection of American antiques in the White House was inaugurated. Although the collection was limited, it was the foundation of Jacqueline Kennedy’s more ambitious project.

According to Conger, Mrs. Kennedy had at first a tendency toward Francophilia. This would not have been out of place in the nineteenth century, when James Monroe went to Paris for his furnishings as a deliberate slight to the English for their vandalistic burning of the White House in 1814. But by the early sixties the need was for designs and artifacts that were proudly American, and once Mrs. Kennedy had overcome her Parisian genes she was swift to see this point for herself. Her most enduring monument is probably the Scenic America wallpaper in the Diplomatic Reception Room on the ground floor. This wallpaper is antique and part of an original set from 1834. It was rescued from a house in Maryland, just before a freeway claimed it, and several artists worked long hours retouching the thousands of tiny tears. It still needs periodic repainting after the summer heat from the South Lawn meets the air-conditioning plant and results in condensation.

Mrs. Kennedy’s Blue Room, with blue-and-white fabrics set off against cream walls, replaced Mamie’s deep blue and gold. Jackie had Mrs. Parish redo the Oval Room in yellows. Informal mixers and evenings for performing artists replaced the Eisenhower’s long, formal receiving lines at state occasions. The Kennedy style—East Coast, youthful, exuberant—soon captivated the land. Women especially admired Jackie’s ball gowns, her pillbox hats, Oleg Cassini suits, JFK’s elegance in black tie. There was a sense that these Kennedys knew how to do things right. “The whole nation,” says Conger, “owes Mrs. Kennedy a debt of gratitude for insisting that we cease to treat the White House as a stepchild.”

With the unexpected arrival in the White House of the LBJs there was for a time a natural reluctance to change anything that their predecessors had done. The Johnsons felt awkward culturally and socially in comparison with the Kennedys and to insist on the need for “authenticity.” (Conger does not say so, but the need to be genuine in at least one respect may have had deep-seated roots.) They left the public spaces pretty much alone, and when Lady Bird chose, as First Ladies must, her own signature project, she chose the Beautify America program. An echo of this could be detected in her approach to the private apartments where green and yellow and other natural colors were employed.

The Johnsons never felt at home in the White House, and the president at least was aware that many Eastern types didn’t think he belonged there. His behavior in the building—brush and vulgar, as if seeking to make the place his own—was unconvincing. The chief legacy of the LBJs to the place was actually quite conservative. They gave an impetus to the founding of the Committee for the Preservation of the White House and established a permanent curator.

With the advent of the Nixons the gap between the predictable and the actual grew even wider. Nixon was famous for his lack of taste, his lack of small talk, his liking for flavorless food, and his reliance on a crowd of mediocre businessmen for friendship. His public style was low-rent, and his entertaining episodic. But according to Clement Conger, he and his wife, Pat, felt a real need to transform the White House and to insist on the need for “authenticity.” (Conger does not say so, but the need to be genuine in at least one respect may have had deep-seated roots.) They conscripted Conger from the State Department, invited him to look over the White House, and gave him a free hand to “make this the most beautiful house in the United States,” in Pat Nixon’s words.

Conger brought in Edward Vason Jones of Albany, Georgia. Jones was one of the few restoration architects and interior designers who is likely to be remembered by future generations. Going floor by floor, he remolded many of the 35 principal rooms of the White House. (Text continued on page 223)
F
or the past two months I have eaten nothing but microwaved fish.

My adventures in bistro cooking are on the back burner—the plump, crisply roasted chickens, the garlic sausage and potatoes browned in goose fat, sauerkraut braised for hours with pork, apples, onions, and juniper berries. Gone is the week I spent with twenty pounds of Idaho russets and five quarts of heavy cream seeking to recapture the gratiné potatoes we had last summer in Avignon. The perfect potato will have to wait.

It all began some months ago when the most stylish woman I know informed me that my cooking habits were hopelessly out-of-date. "We," she announced, speaking as always for a fashionable world that the rest of us strive to imitate but can never enter. "We have been doing oceans and oceans of microwaved fish. It's lite, it's quick, it's E-Z, and it's..." She reached for the perfect word. "It's fish."

I do not as a rule seek advice about food from thin people, but my friend's words had chastened me. I felt like a vestige of some gladly forgotten age. Worse, I felt like an outsider. It was then that I resolved to eat nothing but microwaved fish until I had learned to love it. But where to start?

Step one: the hardware. Judging from the last five years of *Consumer Reports*, a jungle of features and options awaits the first-time buyer of a microwave oven: cooking power and power consumption, digital readouts, temperature probes, moisture sensors, programmed defrost cycles, programmed roast cycles, programmed combination cycles, and devices like reflective blades, waveguides, and carousels to smooth the irregular energy pattern. All for two or three hundred dollars.

The microwave salesman in the department store sat forlornly amid fifty ovens arrayed on carpeted shelves. He telephoned other salesmen to negotiate his lunch hour. He was unable to explain the range of features, sizes, and power levels or even to remember their names. Doesn't he know he is part of a nationwide revolution in taste, texture, and time management? I resorted to consulting *Consumer Reports* and ordered two top-rated microwave ovens, the compact from G.E. and the giant size from Amana.

Solid facts are hard to come by in this brave new world. The Toynbee of the microwave has yet to set pen to paper, but it is generally agreed that in 1945 or 1946 a radar scientist at Raytheon labs in Massachusetts noticed that a Hershey bar had unaccountably melted in his pocket. If he had remembered that cocoa butter is liquid at 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit, we might all still be living in caves and cooking over peat fires. But our scientist guessed that radar waves had caused the mess in his pocket. He proceeded to pop some corn in a galvanized garbage can and then applied for a patent. There is no record of how the stain was removed.

Since then the garbage can has been reshaped into a metal box, and the FCC has assigned a frequency of 2,450 megahertz (million cycles a second) to microwave cooking, somewhere between marine radar and Channel 69 on your UHF television dial. Dividing the speed of light by 2,450 million cycles per second yields a wavelength of about four and three-quarters inches, which is supposed to explain why microwaves penetrate your food by about an inch and a quarter, unlike infrared radiation in conventional cooking with a wavelength only one fourth as long, which is pretty much absorbed at the surface where it causes the delicious browning reaction.

Step two: the software. While my ovens were in transit, I assembled a representative pile of twenty current microwave cookbooks, all I could find with substantial sections on fish. For the most part these are not books to curl up with on a wintry evening. There are no liter- (Text continued on page 219)
Dennis Hopper's

Designer Brian Murphy produces a startling new house
for the maverick actor. James Truman takes a look
Murphy describes the house as a "landlocked oasis": once you’re inside, the neighborhood recedes.
Here is no mistaking Dennis Hopper’s white picket fence. Planted on a crumbling street front in a run-down backwater of Venice, California, it sits like a row of newly polished teeth flashing a villainous grin. Its wholesomeness is willfully, perversely misplaced. The surrounding neighborhood is dominated by shabby timber-frame bungalows, garbage-strewn sidewalks, and lurid graffiti. The house that stands behind it encased in corrugated steel looks at first glance like an oversize, heavily fortified toolshed.

The house was built for Dennis Hopper by the young California designer Brian Murphy; the fence came with the site. When Murphy suggested retaining the fence Hopper enthusiastically agreed, savoring the irony. Of course, there had been an identical white picket fence in Blue Velvet, the movie that revived Hopper’s acting career after nearly twenty years spent continuously on the skids. The revival came in the form of Frank Booth, a drug-inhaling degenerate whose depravities were matched only by his desire to be a part of what he despised. What he despised was the normalcy represented by white picket fences. Hopper has never denied that his role was largely autobiographical. According to popular legend, he won it by calling the director, David Lynch, and announcing, “I am Frank.”

“Frank would have found this very...er...suave,” Hopper chuckles, surveying the newly finished interior, which has been divided into a performance and movie theater, exhibition gallery, living space, and open-air courtyard. In counterpoint to the boxiness of the building’s façade, the interior is softened by a roof that dips and swells like a rolling ocean wave. The effect is beguiling and unexpectedly sensual—it eradicates parallel lines and mutes the angular geometry of
Hopper’s New Wave

the exposed central staircase and movable exhibition panels. It was, explains Murphy, an idea that had long been in search of a willing client; Hopper’s shared enthusiasm finally got it built.

Other ideas were Hopper’s own and stemmed from the late fifties when he was a rising young actor living in Venice’s nascent bohemia. “My house overlooked the backyard of the old Charles Eames factory,” he recalls. “I became attracted to his idea of making things from common objects, readymades of a kind. He’d built a house around that time from things you could buy in a hardware store, just regulation doors and fittings. It gave me the idea to build a factory for myself from industrial materials.”

But before he could do so he had moved to Bel-Air with his first wife, Brooke Hayward, and when he left he was a disgraced Hollywood exile, and again single. Through most of the seventies he lived in Taos, New Mexico, submerged in the drink and drugs that would finally land him in a mental hospital. “Dennis was living under siege conditions,” says Dean Stockwell, his friend and fellow actor. “There were a lot of people in New Mexico who didn’t appreciate having a radical in their midst.”

Hopper remembers it more as farce: “I was living on the Mabel Dodge estate. The house had thirteen bedrooms, and each had a separate entrance. I would come down to breakfast and find twenty or thirty people in the kitchen, most of whom I’d never seen before. Being your basic paranoid, I didn’t want to go through that again. This time I wanted only one door.”

Studded with steel bolts and equipped with a surveillance system that flashes visitors’ faces onto every TV screen in the house, the entrance was a prime requirement that Hopper presented to Brian Murphy. The two had first worked together several years earlier when, returning to Los Angeles, Hopper had moved into one of three studios built by Frank Gehry on a site adjacent to the
Hopper's living quarters are upstairs; below are the gallery and a performance and movie theater. Opposite: Hopper and his daughter, Marin, behind the white picket fence.

“That home boy who lives there, he’s sick in the head, man. sick”
Hopper's New Wave

Hopper's new house. The space quickly proved inadequate for Hopper's growing art collection, so he returned to Murphy to help realize his factory idea. The studio, connected by a walkway, is now a guesthouse. And the other two studios now have a corrugated steel wall as their principal view (the plans were drawn up accidentally back to front, and Gehry decided to go ahead with them that way).

"Dennis requested a major studio for a minor artist with basic functional requirements, and we took it from there," says Murphy. "He wanted space to hang large canvases, rear access for delivery of large pieces of art, an open area where he himself could paint, and so on. I deliberately chose the cheapest materials available, in anticipation of the abuse they would probably take at the hands of the neighborhood and the occupant."

The house is more austere than many of Murphy's recent projects, but it contains several of his trademarks: the windows of shattered tempered glass; the glass fragments placed atop the dining-room chandelier and arranged in an orderly landscape bed around the matte black metal fireplace; the exposed pipes and conduits that in turn expose the inner workings of the house. Also the tree stumps topped with glass now functioning as coffee tables and a spectacular all-glass bathtub designed by Simon Maltby, a frequent collaborator.

Hopper's own contributions—an old candy-store counter he discovered on location and a dining table from the Mabel Dodge collection—appear equally inclined to be upstaged by the exhibited art. The notable collection of Pop and Op art that he built up in the sixties was relinquished in his divorce settlement. An instant Duchamp readymade—a hotel sign that Hopper impulsively snatched from the wall and asked the artist to autograph—survives and now hangs alongside larger pieces by Julian Schnabel, Richard Serra, Chuck (Text continued on page 224)
See how her date with the lifesaver went. Call Australia.

Emma's loved the beach for as long as you can remember. And she's had a crush on Mike even longer. So now that they've finally gotten together, you want to be the first to hear the details. Why not give her a call? With AT&T International Long Distance Service, it costs less than you'd think to stay close. So go ahead. Reach out and touch someone.

**AUSTRALIA**

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The right choice.
Most homes have the traditional pair of silver or glass candlesticks that are brought out to decorate the dinner-party table but little else in the way of candleholders. However, there are many options. Contemporary designers, aware of the dramatic and subtle effects that candlelight can create, are producing exciting new designs. Here is a small selection from the wide range available. Don’t be afraid to use these innovative shapes—most would look elegant in an antiques-filled apartment as well as in a Minimalist interior.

Amicia de Moubray

Blue-and-gold candlestick by Boris Bally, 9” high, $150 at Archetype, New York.

Helix table by Iris DeMauro, from GEO International, IDCNY, Long Island City.


Iron candlestand, left, by Jeff Goodman, 63" high, $450 at Rogers-Tropea, New York. Above: Rusted-steel candlestick by David Zelman, 28" high, 14" wide, $225 at Giles & Lewis, New York; Elements, Chicago; Design Express, Los Angeles; Limn, San Francisco.

ALL PRICES APPROXIMATE
RECIPE#1: Dinner At Dusk

“Salmon with Dijon Sauce”

2 salmon steaks, 1 inch thick
¼ cup sour cream
2 pearl earrings
3 Tbsp. GREY POUPON® Dijon Mustard
2 tsp. fresh lemon juice
1 Vivaldi concerto
2 Tbsp. melted butter or margarine
1 clove minced garlic
2 symphony tickets
¼ tsp. dry dill weed
2 orchids

Put on pearl earrings. Combine sour cream, Grey Poupon Dijon Mustard, dill weed, lemon juice and garlic. Mix well.

Place orchids: one at entryway, one on nightstand. Brush salmon with melted butter or margarine. Place symphony tickets beneath his napkin. Put on Vivaldi concerto. Grill or broil salmon steaks as desired. Maintain high heat with dining partner. Generously add Grey Poupon Dijon Sauce to give salmon steak new meaning. Illuminate orchids for when you return from the symphony. Bon appétit.
Doing Melrose
Finding the best of design, antiques and objects for the home on Los Angeles's famous strip

I bought my first Hawaiian shirt at a thrift shop on Melrose Avenue in 1972, when thrift shops were about as trendy as Melrose got. Tooling along the same stretch of the avenue today, I can hardly keep my eyes on the road—what with all the sleek concrete and glass-brick storefronts, the clever names and neon, the packs of pedestrians that range from postpunkers to well-heeled ladies from Hancock Park. Nowadays Melrose is a major barometer of L.A. style.

For visitors as well as residents who may not have kept up, here is an inside look at Melrose's best spots for unusual things for the home—plus tips on where to go for lunch or a tea break. The listing is divided into three major shopping districts and includes shops on and just off the avenue.

Melrose shops
DOHENY TO LA CIENEGA

Indigo Seas (616 North Doheny Dr.; 213/278-0609) is the new boutique of decorator-restaurateur Lynn von Kersting, the many-talented creator of the Ivy bistro in Los Angeles and the Ivy at the Shore in Santa Monica—both of which she manages with her partner, Richard Irving. At Indigo Seas Lynn von Kersting and decorator Michael Smith have assembled a unique collection of her favorite things—Venetian glasses from Harry's Bar, nineteenth-century paisley shawls that can be used as throws, handmade lampshades covered in Indian cottons, and 1920s furniture upholstered in rose-patterned chintzes. Indigo Seas has also opened another outlet at 123 North Robertson next to the Ivy.

Maxfield (8825 Melrose; 213/274-8800), with its great cement walls and no windows, is a landmark of Melrose Minimalism and a posh men's and women's clothing store. Carefully positioned among the racks of Azzedine Alaia ready-to-wear and heaps of Comme des Garçons sweaters are unusual pieces of furniture: a settee made from two battered black-leather bucket seats of a Land Rover; a glass coffee table on wheels by Gae Aulenti; a stackable table and bench in cracked granite by Rei Kawakubo of Comme des Garçons; an extraordinary concrete stereo—turntable, tuner, speakers ($5,200)—from English designer R. Arad.

Rabbitworks Flora (8808 Melrose; 213/276-4407) is the secret garden world of Rosemary Warren. Amid whitewashed fences and peeling-paint lattice, she sells one-of-a-kind straw hats with faded silk flowers and ribbons, romantic wreaths of dried flowers and found objects, sachets made of old damask and lace. There are rabbits, lots of them, in whatever materials and sizes she fancies. Open by appointment only.

Gregory Evans (509 North Robertson; 213/275-9040) specializes, as his card says, in teapots and textiles. Among the latter, Evans is the exclusive U.S. representative for Celia Birtwell's fanciful cotton and silk prints from London—pagodas, fantasy creatures, and patterns that look like the skins of wild animals. Evans also has an impressive collection of Depression-era quilts from Kansas ($175 to $1,200).

Formations (8746 Melrose; 213/659-3062) showcases three young L.A. designers—Richard Hallberg, Barbara Wiseley, and Daniel Cuevas. Their unique California-size furniture incorporates classic European shapes, styles, and finishes. Among current successes are neo-Empire pedestals, floor lamps with Corinthian-column bases, saber-leg ottomans, faux-marble sconces, and cast-concrete mantelpieces with a limestone look. To the trade only.

Pacific Design Center (8687 Melrose; 213/657-0800). César Pelli's famed Blue Whale clusters two hundred showrooms in one gigantic glass-walled building. An indication

A diamond is forever.

Before you buy, check for the Checkmate tag.
of the vitality of L.A.’s decorating world: a companion design center also by Pelli and its time in green glass is due to open this month.

Nomad (554 Huntley Dr.; 213/659-9334), where designer Helen MacGregor turns “ethnic” into an exciting late-eighties style, has fabrics from Africa and Central America; a new line of sectional furniture made of white adobe blocks; four-poster beds, chaises, and ottomans in green oxidized iron; one-of-a-kind iron floor lamps; hand-painted suede pillows, and more.

Umbrello (8607 Melrose; 213/655-6447) is four years old—old enough to have been on the cutting edge of the Southwest craze. DeWayne Youts carries some old furniture and accessories—Mexican, New Mexican, and Spanish Colonial—but half is new, including colorful carved Mexican animals, log lamps with perforated hide or bronzed metal shades, jewelry from Santa Fe.

Richard Mulligan (8471 Melrose; 213/653-2024) is where New Hollywood indulges its recent acquired taste for Early American 0204) is where New Hollywood indulges its recent acquired taste for Early American Director-style patio furniture, Côté Jardin’s vast high-ceilinged showroom also displays such outrageous (and outrageously expensive) antiques as a suite of Italian wooden garden furniture carved with vines, leaves, and leaping lizards at $48,000.

DeWayne Youts carries some old furniture and accessories—Mexican, New Mexican, and Spanish Colonial—but half is new, including colorful carved Mexican animals, log lamps with perforated hide or bronzed metal shades, jewelry from Santa Fe.

China from the 1920s and ’30s at Gregory Evans

the East Coast, picking up quilting tables, country cupboards, hand-hooked rugs, hearth chairs, stenciled mirrors, tin sconces, and antique clocks. Then—and here’s the trick—the Mulligans reproduce many of the painted and stenciled items so accurately that nobody—except maybe Barbra Streisand—can tell the difference. Open to decorators and their clients by appointment only.

Côté Jardin (8435 Melrose Pl.; 213 653-0204), a new division of Pierre Yves Bollude’s venerable La Maison Française Antiques, concentrates on European outdoor furnishings, antique mantels, floors. Besides an exclusive line of hand-blown solid-crystal hurricane lamps and dark green wrought-iron Directoire-style patio furniture, Côté Jardin’s vast high-ceilinged showroom also displays such outrageous (and outrageously expensive) antiques as a suite of Italian wooden garden furniture carved with vines, leaves, and leaping lizards at $48,000.

Thanks for the Memories (8319 Melrose; 213/852-9407). Deco, Deco everywhere—mostly the high-gloss, lacquered, and chrome-y stuff one sees in 1930s films. Some of the stand-out pieces here—the chrome sconces used in the original Topper, for instance—come direct from Old Hollywood.

phantom gallery (8251 Melrose; 213 653-0976) concentrates on the best of early Deco and comes up with many signed 1920s pieces from the fathers of the movement: Jacques Emile Ruhlmann, Sué et Mare, Jean Michel Frank. Also at Phantom: a new line of Deco-compatible furniture by L.A. designer Anthony Machado.

Patton/Duval (8215 Melrose; 213/852-1053). Designer John Patton returns to the solid cubic forms of fifties Moderne furniture and then takes off in a fashionable southwesterly direction by upholstering them with Navajo rugs, buffalo hides, and black-and-white calf-skin. Aluminum wallhangings, free-form tables, and showroom dogs named Spike and Zia complete the picture.

Wilder Place (7975½ Melrose; 213/655-9072) may well be L.A.’s ultimate gift shop, although browsers who wander in are likely to find something unusual and wonderful for themselves among Jo Wilder’s eclectic collection of “beautiful necessities and distinctive luxuries.” How about a cement telephone by Alex Locadia? Or one of Annie Kelly’s painted screens? Or a platter made of wire-reinforced safety glass by Paul Fischer? Or a colonial mansion in the shape of a birdhouse? It’s all here—and lots more.

Early Deco, investment teddy bears. Navajo rugs, buffalo hides. How about a cement telephone by Alex Locadia?

Off the Wall (7325 Melrose; 213/930-1185) advertises “weird stuff” and lives up to its promise. In a California bungalow Dennis and Lisa Boxes house twentieth-century
eccentricities, including Coke machines, jukebox selectors, a self-serve toasted-nut machine ($3.75), Art Deco brass-and-glass chandeliers from L.A.'s Wilshire Theatre ($3.50 each), Mickey Mouse clocks, rugs from the Queen Mary.

Harvey's & Tropical Sun Rattan (7365-67 Melrose; 213/857-1991) dates back to the street's pre-chic late 1970s era when owner Harvey Schwartz helped make vintage—mostly 1940s and '50s—clothing, furniture, and kitsch fashionable. Today rattan chairs and sofas—both 1940s originals as well as 1980s knockoffs—are what Harvey and his movie-star customers like best.

Territory (6907½ Melrose; 213 937-4006). Betty Gold, a former manager of the Atlantic Richfield Company's (ARCO) multimillion-dollar art collection, specializes in a little-known furniture category: made-in-L.A. Spanish Colonial–style pieces from the 1920s and '30s, much of it marketed under the name Monterey by the city's Barker Brothers department stores. Gold also handles antique Pendleton blankets, plein air paintings of the Old West, Mexican baskets and pottery, hand-forged iron flatware, and hammered copper plates and bowls.

Cosmopolite (654 North Larchmont; 213 463-0377). Just a few blocks west of Paramount Pictures, designer Larry Totah and his partner, Leyla Ayoubpour, and a small group of artisans are currently experimenting with exciting new ways of finishing woods and metals. Visitors to the to-the-trade-only atelier can see Totah's dining table made of a steel specially patinated with copper, his neomedieval wall sconces of oxidized copper and fiberglass "parchment," and his whimsical hardware—including tadpole- and snail-shaped door handles, and salamander levers, all in brass or bronze.

Melrose restaurants

The Best of the Lunch Bunch

Trumps (8764 Melrose; 213 855-1480). A landmark of Melrose chic: California cuisine, changing art, and a molded-concrete, basic-beige interior by L.A. design star Waldo Fernandez. Also a prime place for afternoon tea served between 3:30 and 5:30.

Le Chardonnay (8284 Melrose; 213 655-8880). The menu offers both classic French and nouvelle L.A. dishes: the Art Nouveau setting is a high-dazzle Hollywood version of Paris's Vagenende bistro on the boulevard Saint-Germain.

Border Grill (7407½ Melrose; 213 658-7495). The last word in auténtico mexicano: crab tacos, tongue-stuffed lettuce, green corn tamales, sautéed squid, and more.

Mel & Rose's (7313 Melrose; 213 930-0256). For breakfast on Melrose, this 1980s takeoff on a 1950s coffee shop can't be beat, especially if you order waffles with pecan syrup or pancakes with blueberries or bananas. Round-the-clock service.

Angeli (7274-76 Melrose; 213 936-9086). Morphosis—the Santa Monica–based design team of Thom Mayne and Michael Rotondi—created this trattoria's glass-brick and rusty-steel façade and its no-nonsense interior. Besides architecture, Angeli's main attractions are pizza, calzone, pastas, and salads.

Cucina (7383 Melrose; 213 653-8333). A traditional trattoria with a menu of antipasti and charcoal-grilled meat and fish which changes daily.

Citrus (6703 Melrose; 213 857-0034). Glamorous food—crab coleslaw, mahi-mahi with ginger, marinated baby salmon—and a big white glamorous patio to match.

Richard Alleman
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Telephone
Consider the seriousness of this video dilemma: II Trovatore is being broadcast live from the Metropolitan Opera House at the same time as the Wimbledon finals are being shown. Sixty Minutes is unveiling extraordinary corruption while a baseball game is tied in the tenth inning. The television screen becomes a battlefield of sitcom and scandal, sport and song—what to watch? Salvation was long in coming and first arrived in the form of Sony's Betamax, making time-shifting a reality. The VCR is now a common household peacemaker—tape one show, watch another. But the latest step goes further, and with a more eccentric swagger. Now you can watch two programs at exactly the same time by dividing the television screen and viewing the second program in an inserted picture. The Met proceeds along with the match, and the main portion of the screen can be swapped instantly from one picture to the other should a singer's phrasing lag or serves go awry. The unwanted image is simply relegated to a corner of the screen until it redeems itself.

The acronym was born with the technology. It was called PIP—Picture In Picture—and it first began appearing over a year ago in expensive monitors. The Sony KV-2786R ($1,600), a console television on a pedestal base that has become a standard of design for the industry, is one of the more extraordinary examples of its kind, its 27-inch screen offering a refined 450 lines of resolution (perfect for laser discs). But touch a button on the remote control and a small picture from any other channel (or video source) can then be projected on any corner of the screen, offering less resolution than the main image but more possibility. Sixty Minutes and the ballgame can be sampled at the same time, the opera can even proceed unhindered as the smaller picture scans through the channels to find lighter fare. The PIP can also be used to keep an eye on a second show as it is taped so that commercials can be effortlessly zapped from the VCR while the main program continues intact.

The Sony remote actually contains more controls than the TV set and allows all manner of other play with PIP; it is possible to freeze the action on the PIP as if a photo had been taken of a live broadcast so that, for example, those 800 numbers of late-night ads can be held in place until written down. Sony even allows more exotic adventures for those who wish to contemplate a particularly brilliant tennis swing; the PIP can divide and multiply and display three still pictures in stroboscopic sequence, either arrayed in a vertical line or distributed to the corners of the tube as the program proceeds in the center; and PIP can even be connected to a camcorder and trained on the kids playing in the other room. Thirtysomething's TV adventures with newborns can proceed in peace while the PIP shows what's going on in the real world.

But not everybody is ready to buy a special monitor simply for submersion in simultaneous video images. So VCRs and video processors are now being made that create PIP on ordinary televisions. Multivision's MV 2.1 video tuner ($299), like Rabbit Systems' "Double Play" ($249), will add PIP to any television set. The MV 3.1 model ($499) will add stereo sound as well, along with other PIP options. And many products go further still. Using the digital technology that makes PIP possible, they can allow stills to be frozen on the main screen or create "mosaic" television pictures and "solarized" color transformations.

The latest VCR from Sharp (VC-D800U, $599), for example, offers at a low price a moving PIP image of any live TV broadcast while a VCR tape is viewed (or vice versa). But more dramatically it can divide the television screen into a nine-part grid: still images then appear from different channels as snapshots of the broadcast universe are spread over an ordinary TV screen. More expensive machines, such as the forthcoming Hitachi VT-2700A ($1,200), promise twelve pictures on the screen at a time with one of them in live motion.

And because accoutrements proliferate in quest of the ultimate PIP, Multivision has introduced the MV 1.1 ($329), an "audio/video routing system"—a unit smaller than a VCR that treats the television as part of a linked system. It must be hooked up to a VCR but will then access PIP on any television and allow PIP or the main picture to come from any of four other audio/video sources; even the source of the sound can be selected. The remote can thus switch effortlessly between VCR, TV, FM radio, and laser disc. Using one remote, the audio from a stereo FM simulcast can, at a single touch, be combined with the picture from its television counterpart while the PIP shows yet another show being taped on a VCR.

There are other applications, but the primary thrill of the MV 1.1 is to allow instant electronic choice of image and sound, turning the once-cool medium of television into a hot one. The PIP turns into TOY. Viewers no longer just absorb, they play. The point is no longer television's content, but the screen's malleability. The medium becomes a massage. No wonder the networks are getting worried.

Edward Rothstein
Hand-painted porcelains from the foremost authority on culinary arts.

The great country houses of 17th-century Europe displayed a lovely new art form—hand-painted porcelain moulds.

This collecting tradition takes beautiful new form in six sculptured moulds of the finest porcelain. Lavished with hand-painted colors and French country charm from Le Cordon Bleu.

Even connoisseurs of the art have never seen porcelains of this quality—the first ever authorized by the world-leading culinary institute. Each is glazed to a lustrous finish, complete with its own specially created recipe from Le Cordon Bleu.

Culinary art to enhance every decor. Classics to complement your style...and good taste.
ne week after October 19, 1987, the day the stock market lost 508 points, Barbara Corcoran of Manhattan's Corcoran Group rallied her real-estate brokers for a pep talk. Business, she knew, was terrible. Clients who'd been on the brink of making offers had suddenly disappeared; responses to Sunday advertising had fallen sixty percent; new listings were down fifteen percent. Corcoran intended to deliver an upbeat message, but she made the mistake of first asking the brokers what they thought. Prophecies of doom came from every corner. "I crawled out of the room," she says. "I blew the whole meeting." "I made the mistake of first asking the brokers around the country fervently hoping that any long-term effects of downturns in the securities industry would be relegated to New York and the overheated Northeast and that there would be no serious nationwide recession. Still, the extent to which the crash had affected their industry wasn't easy to measure—closings take thirty to ninety days, and many regions were heading into their slow seasons, meaning that the true state of buyer confidence might not be evident until late spring.

Many brokers are optimistic, but not all. Corcoran, who has seen ad responses pick up and buyers return to the market, said she "would bet money on the fact that we have high appreciation through 1988." She has pushed ahead with plans to hire forty new salespeople. June Scott, a Beverly Hills broker, has taken a moderate course and has not expanded her advertising budget. LandVest has vowed to cut back on its visits to broker conferences and concentrate on income-producing opportunities. Merrilee Harnik of Sotheby's Greenwich office probably speaks for many brokers when she jokes that she's made her 1988 forecast with "three crystal balls and two Ouija boards."

NEW YORK
When the oil business collapsed in the Southwest, the real-estate market fell with it. New York is about to learn whether Wall Street, which has generated one of four new private-sector jobs in the city over the past ten years, plays a similarly critical role in determining the city's real-estate fortunes. The early signs were not good. Few buyers defaulted on signed contracts, but the uncommitted backed off—at least temporarily—in droves. Individuals returned their co-op contracts unsigned; tenants' committees halted negotiations on co-op conversion deals. Condominiums, a favorite purchase for investors and yuppies with high cash flow and few assets, began to look like risky business. Adele Dusenbury, a Long Island real-estate broker, was about to invest $320,000 in a Manhattan condominium. After the crash she lowered her estimates of rental income from $2,500 to $1,800 a month—not enough, so she canceled the deal. "I feel lucky," she said.

Prices dropped, but by how much? Barbara Corcoran reported that in November the average sales price for a two-bedroom apartment in Manhattan was $447,000, down only one and a half percent. LandVest, which markets properties starting at about $1.5 million, declared in December that its sale prices in the New York-New Jersey area (excluding Manhattan) and New England had slipped twelve percent. Informed by the press that real-estate prices were dropping, New York buyers began to demand discounts of as much as 25 percent. Sellers who, after initial panic, recovered much of their equilibrium refused. "There is almost a Mexican standoff," said Mary Rutherford of Brown, Harris, Stevens in December. The size of year-end bonuses from Wall Street firms, she said, would tell buyers and sellers "what they have to do."

GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT
After Greenwich real-estate values escalated by 42 percent in 1986 to an average of $660,000 per house sold, the fashionable explanation was the influx of investment bankers "with money to burn." In 1987 the average sales price went to $700,000, but now brokers prefer to emphasize the diversity of Greenwich's clientele. Says Empire Realty's Stanley Klein of the crash: "It will just turn out that there will be other people, that's all." There's some justification for his confidence: Greenwich has seen only six scattered years of "negative appreciation," as Klein artfully phrases it, since 1945. "The reason," he explains, "is that during bad times sellers at the high end have more willpower. They're willing and able to wait."

Greenwich saw its share of price slashing, even on million-dollar properties, but Klein, who publishes town real-estate statistics, says such reductions made no significant impact on his data. For houses priced below $400,000, however, there was a ten-percent decrease in the prices that sellers were willing to accept. That slight weakness may soon
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day he asked you about
the grandfather clock . . .
"Doesn't grandfather
want his clock?" You
smiled to yourself. He
was so young. But he
had already begun to
care.

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clock had come to be a
part of the family. You
bought it when he was
born. And since then, its
grand stature and deep
tone of its chimes had
marked the best of your
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be offset either by lower postcrash interest rates or by a new breed of investor. A handful of people looking for alternatives to the stock market have approached Klein recently, asking if he can find them moderately priced single-family homes to invest in.

LONG ISLAND
The crowds of buyers on the east end of Long Island have definitely thinned, but that's not all bad. "Things have been pretty wild, and they've been accelerating at a stupendous rate, so I think it's not unhealthy to have it go a little slower," says broker Tina Fredericks, who operates from East Hampton. David Kappell, who works the North Fork, has actually been heard to describe the crash as a "blessed event" because it shook sellers out of their stubborn demands for unrealistic prices. Kappell managed about eight deals in the month following October 19, even more than he did in the previous month.

Fredericks usually has twenty to thirty listings in the million-dollar range. "We have a couple of big ones that are not going to close until spring," she says. "I have a feeling everybody's in a sort of holding pattern right now." However, she has heard that rentals are moving more briskly than usual. "Possibly people might do more renting than buying at this time, just so they don't have as big a commitment," she says.

BOSTON
Until last spring the Boston area was the hottest real-estate market in the country with the top properties appreciating at up to thirty percent a year. "We were living in a little Shangri-la in the Northeast," says Wade Staniar of LandVest's Boston office. By December his elation had given way to frustration because "very few trades were taking place." The crash inspired five to ten percent price cuts by many sellers—the beginning of what Staniar predicts will be a ten to fifteen percent "correction" overall—but, even so, buyers are coming in with bids twenty percent or more below the asking price. The result? LandVest has well over $20 million worth of properties on which the buyer and seller are less than five percent apart and yet can't make a deal. Usually such gaps can be bridged with changes in financing—or by throwing in an expensive piece of furniture—but no longer. "The desire is not there, that's the main point," says Staniar.

MINNEAPOLIS
Midwestern brokers will tell you with just a hint of pride that heartland cities don't go in for rampant price inflation. There are excep-
HFIUеств: however, like the area around Lake Minnetonka, about forty minutes from downtown Minneapolis. According to broker Barry Berg of Merrill Lynch Realty, the neighborhood first broke the million-dollar barrier only a few years ago. Last summer several properties around the lake went for more than that. A number of these sites contained large old houses that were soon to be replaced with contemporary monuments to the new owners. "In terms of typical Midwestern values the prices being paid were ludicrous," says Berg. He thinks the deals were fueled by East Coast money. "I never took that market seriously in the first place."

LOS ANGELES
For three days the telephones in June Scott's 25-person office did not ring, and when she went for a stroll on Rodeo Drive, the stores were empty. "Then the consuming urge took hold once again," says Scott, who reports that she is now engaged in bidding wars as fierce as they ever were. Among the eager bidders for pleasure palaces worth $10 to $15 million are Germans and Japanese, whose buying power has been greatly increased by the postcrash declines in the dollar.

Another Westside broker, Mike Deasy, insists that the only jittery calls he got were from buyers who came from New York. They assumed that if New York was sluggish, so was Los Angeles—"which it was not." California, however, did have its casualties: "A few more properties, maybe five to fifteen percent, have come on the market, and we think that is attributable to the crash." It's too early to tell if these forced sales will result in any significant expansion of supply. If so, "it may affect prices. It may help stabilize the market," Deasy says.

COLORADO
"The second-home market is dead," says Manhattan real-estate attorney Richard Fischbein—but apparently not in Aspen. Of the 34 buyers that Aspen's Coates, Reid & Waldron had under contract, one defaulted and three delayed their purchase. Then after a ten-day lull, the market went back to full seasonal speed. Broker Brent Waldron is now anticipating a surge of buyers seeking shelter from the vagaries of Wall Street. "We're one of the few to benefit from this thing," he proclaims. In Boulder, Joel Ripmaster of Colorado Landmark has detected a sudden increase in the number of all-cash purchases, and he too suspects that the buyers are refugees from the stock market.

SOUTHWEST
Southwestern economies have been languishing for years, thanks to successive debacles in oil, banking, and commercial real estate. "I don't think stock prices have made a huge difference down here, but we were in such a depressed time we wouldn't really have noticed," says New Orleans broker Martha Ann Samuel. Ditto for Dallas and Houston, where residential real-estate values have dropped by as much as 25 percent since mid 1986. Even if it doesn't cause more pain, the stock market's troubles certainly won't help the recovery any. Says Wade Staniar of LandVest. "They were just starting to pull themselves up from the doldrums, then all of a sudden this hits them."

Postcrash deals
NEW YORK CITY
An apartment on Fifth Avenue in the 80s had a handshake deal at $4 million last October. After crash, contract was renegotiated at $3.65 million.

Before crash, buyer bid $2.1 million on a three-bedroom apartment on Park Avenue in the 70s but withdrew it. Postcrash bid was $1.75 million and was turned down by seller. Seller held firm, and the two parties were expected to settle at around $2 million.

BOSTON AREA
Last November 27, house in Dover, Massachusetts, went on market at $850,000. Saturday, November 28, buyer offered $825,000. Sunday, seller offered to split the difference, and they settled on $835,000. Monday, November 30, stock market dropped 77 points. Buyer backed off original bid of $825,000.

LOS ANGELES
An estate on the Westside had originally been put on market at $6.5 million. Several months before crash a bid of $6.1 million was rejected. Postcrash, seller accepted a $5.1 million offer.

CHICAGO AREA
Two deals for houses in Lake Forest, Illinois—one for $800,000 and one for over $1 million—fell through right after the crash because of lack of capital. As of December both were still on the market.
Outdoor furniture may be restful, but buying it isn't. Unless of course, you choose Tropitone. Then you can allow yourself to be carried away by compelling styles, delicious colors, comfort and luxury—and never give a moment's worry to construction. When we build our furniture, we build in an assurance that every detail's been taken care of.

This ratchet design is just one example, but a good one (fig. 1). Depending on the furniture style, we use either a locking nylon ratchet, which snaps into place, or a light, tough aluminum ratchet. Each one is engineered to support the chaise back without leaving its mark on the finish.

On some of our designs, we use mitred corners and joints like these (fig. 2). You've probably seen them before, on heirloom furniture. We make our mitres the same way that cabinet-makers do, with skillful cutting and hand-finishing.

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Building Records

A strong market develops for architectural plans and renderings

Architectural drawings and prints combine the aesthetic appeal of fine art with the historical significance of a document or manuscript. They harmonize with an assortment of decoration aesthetics and speak to a variety of collectors. Often, too, works by master builders, both old and new, can be had at reasonable prices. "The market for architectural drawings is picking up," says Charles Hind, Sotheby's London specialist in this area, "partly because they've become more fashionable with decorators and partly because more people seem to realize their scholarly value."

"There are two markets," says Jeremy Howard of Clarendon Gallery in London. "the Park Avenue decorator market for highly finished drawings and the museum private collector market, which is more interested in the historical side. The greatest discoveries are to be made in more academic prints where so many things are still undervalued."

Prices for better drawings and prints range widely from a few hundred dollars for plans by contemporary architects to more than $40,000 for prints or drawings by twentieth-century masters. Keith Struve of Struve Gallery in Chicago says, "The most reasonable buys are in works by contemporary architects. Presentation drawings (renderings presented to a client) are a good bet."

Several auction houses and galleries specialize in architectural renderings, and below is a list of sources here and in London and Paris.

David Lisi


Auction houses

Swann Galleries
Specialist Krista Rosenberg, 104 East 25 St. New York, NY 10010; (212) 254-4710
Sale of art and architecture books, March 10

Sotheby's
Specialist Charles Hind, 34-35 New Bond St., London W1A 2AA, England: 493-8080
Sale of architectural drawings and watercolors, April 28

Christie's
Specialist Nancy McClelland, 502 Park Ave. New York, NY 10022; (212) 546-1000
Sale of architectural drawings, May or June

Butterfield & Butterfield
Specialists Lynne Baer and John King, 220 San Bruno Ave., San Francisco, CA 94103 (415) 861-7500
Occasional sales of contemporary architectural drawings and prints

Art galleries

Barry Friedman, Ltd.
1117 Madison Ave., New York, NY 10028 (212) 794-8950

Clarendon Gallery
8 Vigo St., London W1X 1LG, England 439-4557

Galerie Daniel Greiner
14 Galerie Vero-Dodat, 75001 Paris, France 42-33-43-30

Hokin Kaufman
210 West Superior St., Chicago, IL 60610 (312) 266-1211

Kirsten Kiser, Gallery for Architecture
964 North LaBrea Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90038; (213) 876-7012

Raymond O'Shea Gallery
89 Lower Sloane St., London SW1 W8DA England; 730-0081

Max Protetch Gallery
560 Broadway, New York, NY 10012 (212) 966-5454

Schuster Gallery
14 Maddox St., London W1R 9TL, England 491-2208

Shepherd Gallery
21 East 84 St., New York, NY 10028 (212) 861-4050

Henry Sotheran, Ltd.
2-5 Sackville St., London W1X 2DP England, 434-2019
80 Pimlico Rd., London SW1 W8PL 730-8322

Stubbs Books & Prints
28 East 18 St., New York, NY 10003 (212) 982-8368
835 Madison Ave., New York, NY 10021 (212) 772-3120

Struve Gallery
309 West Superior St., Chicago, IL 60610 (312) 787-0563

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Telephone Bidding

Almost as good as being there—and better, if you want anonymity.

W hat shall we say, fifteen million to start?'' asked John Marion, Sotheby’s North American chairman, as he began the bidding on Van Gogh’s *Irises* in New York last November. Despite some initial bids from the room, the battle quickly became one of opposing telephones. The first was manned by David Nash, Sotheby’s implacable specialist in fine arts, the other by Geraldine Nager, who regularly fields bids by phone from major clients. When the hammer came down at $49 million—a world record for any object at auction—David Nash congratulated his victorious bidder (rumored to be bidding on behalf of Australian magnate Alan Bond). Only then did Geraldine Nager fully realize that the painting had set a new record, surpassing the price of Van Gogh’s *Sunflowers* by over thirteen million.

"Frankly I was so caught up in the moment—I had to pay such close attention to the bidding—the record hadn’t quite sunk in,” said Nager, a member of Sotheby’s elite bid department, which provides total customer service for select clients. Like her counterparts at Christie’s, Nager speaks several languages and is used to dealing with the unexpected. Nevertheless, even after six years with Sotheby’s, Nager admits she is still nervous when bidding on a client’s behalf. Barbara Strongin, assistant vice president of customer services at Christie’s, agrees. "It can be scary. People bid from planes or cars, and suddenly the signal can be lost at a crucial moment."

Even though telephone bidding has become fairly commonplace today, it was not always so. Telephone bids were often resent by bidders present in the room who doubted the authenticity of bidders they could not see. In the late sixties an extraordinary telephone bid involved a record price for an emerald at Sotheby’s. The stone was expected to bring around $100,000 and was sought by Carlo Ponti for his wife, Sophia Loren. He had sent his jeweler from Italy to purchase the emerald. Unknown to them, a well-known woman who wished to bid on the stone but had a lunch in Washington that day had made arrangements to call in her bids. "She was afraid to leave a fixed limit," recalls Ward Landrigan, formerly of Sotheby’s. The resulting contest bid the stone up to $265,000, exceeding all expectations. "Neither party believed the other existed," said Landrigan. "Each thought we were bidding against the other. Ponti’s representative kept shouting to the rest of the room, ‘Do you believe there is someone on that phone?’ Meanwhile, I was getting an earful from the lady who was sweltering in a phone booth on Pennsylvania Avenue. Finally the jeweler gave in, made a gesture, and left the room and the lady to her emerald."

Today, while telephone bidding allows parties from as many as six continents to bid simultaneously, it is not officially encouraged by the auction houses. Says Barbara Strongin: "It’s a service we reserve for our most important clients and our most important lots—generally those estimated at over five thousand, depending on the sale." The head of the bid department at Sotheby’s, Roberta Loucks, concurs. "We try to keep telephone bids away from the small-money lots." (Not all auction houses are as restrictive as the two giants: William Doyle Galleries in New York specifies a fifteen hundred minimum for telephone bids.)

The elite nature of the telephone bid is borne out by Christie’s and Sotheby’s major auctions. At the seasonal sales of Impressionist and Modern paintings, estimates for works by masters such as Degas, Cézanne, and Van Gogh range from six to seven figures, and invariably every lot engages activity from the smartly dressed young women who field calls at a battery of telephones to the right of the auctioneer’s podium. At Sotheby’s historic sale of the Windsor jewels in Geneva last April, a telephone battle developed between Elizabeth Taylor, calling from poolside at her Beverly Hills estate, and an undisclosed English bidder over the diamond-encrusted pin of the crown and plumes of the prince of Wales. The actress won, getting the pin for $623,327. It was only afterward that the identity of the competitor was revealed to be someone from Buckingham Palace—it was said Princess Diana herself—seeking to procure the crown and plumes for Prince Charles.

Even regular clients who wish to bid by telephone must register with the auction house from 24 hours to several days before the sale is scheduled. Bidders must have specific lots in mind, and the client representative will probably suggest the bidder leave a figure to be bid, rather than bid by phone. The credit references of a prospective client committed to bidding by phone will be checked. Then, on the day of the sale, about five to ten lots before the specified item is placed on the block, the client will be telephoned at a prearranged location and briefed on the status of the auction.

"We ask for the person by name and confirm it is he or she," says Barbara Strongin of Christie’s. "Then we advise them that the transaction is being recorded for both parties’ protection. When we get to the lot, the telephone representative will repeat the auctioneer. The bidding priority is the book [presented bids], the room, then the phone." Prospective clients who are interested in

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placing telephone bids can contact Barbara Strongin at Christie’s New York offices (212) 546-1127, Roberta Loucks at Sotheby’s in New York (212) 606-7414, or Brian Smith at William Doyle in New York (212) 427-2730, or the client services departments of other auction houses.

March sales

Butterfield & Butterfield
220 San Bruno Ave., San Francisco CA 94103; (415) 861-7500
March 15: Furniture and decorative arts
Christie’s
8 King St., St. James’s, London SW1 Y6QT, England: 859-9060
March 15: Botanical drawings: 18th- and 19th-century watercolors
March 28–29: Impressionist and Modern art
March 30: Contemporary art
Christie’s
502 Park Ave., New York, NY 10022
(212) 546-1000
March 1: Fine jewels
March 2–3: Stamps
March 11: American paintings and drawings
March 23: Old-master paintings
March 26: 19th- and 20th-century decorative arts, including Arts and Crafts, Art Nouveau, and Art Deco
March 28: 20th-century decorative arts, including Arts and Crafts, Art Nouveau, and Art Deco

William Doyle Galleries
175 East 87th St., New York, NY 10021
(212) 247-2730
March 2: Fine English and Continental furniture, decorations, and paintings
March 23: Belle Époque furniture, decorations, and paintings, including Art Nouveau and Art Deco

Grogan & Company
890 Commonwealth Ave., Boston MA 02215 (617) 266-4200
March 19: Furniture, paintings, and decorative works of art

Rosebery’s
3–4 Hardwick St., London EC1R 4RB England: 837-3418
March 8: Paintings, watercolors, and prints
March 29: Furniture, clocks, and works of art

Sotheby’s
1334 York Ave., New York, NY 10021
(212) 606-7000
March 16: Indian, Himalayan, Southeast Asian art, and Indian miniatures. Included are fine examples of Indian, Tibetan, Nepalese, and Indonesian sculpture, metalwork, jewelry, and artifacts.
March 19: 20th-century decorative arts. Among the lots are a Tiffany Oriental poppy floor lamp, a rare Tiffany Lava vase, and a G. Argy-Rousseau pâte de verre mask lamp
March 30: Old-master paintings
Fish without fire
(Continued from page 176) any excursions to that perfect little microwave shop near the market in Lyons. The recipes are short and telegraphic with apologies preceding those that require much explanation. The books are unanimous: "Once you have tried microwave-cooking fish, you may never cook it any other way... The fish stays moist and cooks through absolutely evenly." "Fresh fish is so tasty when cooked simply that a sauce may seem unnecessary." And on and on.

Many of these books are tall and thin, like skinny people with no time to read about food. Most were written by home economists with a minor in microwave, appearances on a local television show, or a consulting contract from a microwave manufacturer. Nowhere could I find a book called something like Cuisine Électromagnétique by Michel Guérard or Fredy Girardet. Next best is Barbara Kafka's admirable Microwave Gourmet, which tackles tricky classics like risotto, confit de canard, and country pâté, and includes an exhaustive dictionary of ingredients, techniques, times, and yields which alone is worth the price of the book. On a more quotidian level but no less comprehensive is Mastering Microwave Cookery by Cone and Snyder, with 75 introductory pages of guides, charts, and other sometimes useful information. The lower-end books teach you to create in your own kitchen sombrero party dip, casseroles of tuna and potato chips, fiesta burgers, and shrimp trees, "an attractive Christmas holiday centerpiece" in which peeled microwaved shrimp are affixed to a large green plastic cone. I could hardly wait for my ovens to arrive.

Step three: the shakedown cruise. The minute the G.E. compact model was delivered I had a powerful urge to toss everything into its cavity. The bratwurst split after 37 seconds and burst after 58; a Dove
I was successfully brought to eating without fire; cold dinner was brought to eating in its own little carton; cold coffee reheated less repulsively than usual.
unevenly cooked. Paupiettes of sole and salmon were gray, rubbery, dry, and almost tasteless, the very defects the recipe had railed against in oven-baked paupiettes; possibly I had the timing wrong, but I do not like paupiettes enough to give it a second try. Medallions of salmon were firm and tasty, but much of the taste came from the marinade of mustard, olive oil, and lemon, which was so good that, having grown weary of steamed fish, I broke the rules and grilled a salmon steak smeared with the marinade in my powerful salamander broiler. The results, I regret, were wonderful, better than most of what my microwave had produced.

Step five: the making of a microwave chef. The Wall Street Journal reports that forty percent of the efforts of this country’s largest food and flavor concern will be devoted this year to making microwavable convenience foods taste like real food. You will spend much of your time adapting favorite recipes. Salt leaves brown spots on vegetables and leaches out water, withering them. Flour or cornstarch must be used to thicken sauces because shorter cooking times make for less evaporation and intensity of flavor never develops. Quantities of garlic, ginger, scallions, fresh herbs, alcohol and wine, and spices like coriander and cardamom should be increased because their essential flavors are volatile. Pepper, dry herbs, nutmeg, and cinnamon should be reduced because their flavor has less time to mellow. Pieces of food should be regular shape (ideally three-inch cubes) and cooked with pieces of the same density, or you can mix smaller high-density pieces with larger low-density ones. Pieces should be arranged in a ring and separated from one another with thicker parts to the outside. By the way, did I warn you not to put recycled paper plates and towels in the oven? They may contain metal particles and cause a nasty fire.

Cooking times are very tricky. A recipe will need more or less time in the oven if your baking dish differs in size, shape, or composition from the one the recipe writer used or if the dispersion pattern of the energy in your oven differs or if your line voltage varies (common in urban areas) or if you cook more than 3,500 feet above sea level or if your fishmonger has a two-pound sea bass today instead of the one and a half pounder the recipe calls for. A thirty-
Second error can ruin your masterpiece. Cooking time can also be a problem with conventional methods, but then at least we are in closer contact with the food. We feel the heat, watch the surface of the food change in texture, color, and moisture. touch it, smell the changes. One or two microwave cookbooks suggest that you watch the food carefully, but the interior light is dim, the door is sealed, the window is small and shielded, and the food is covered with paper towels or waxed paper or steamy plastic wrap that seems to melt into the glass of the sizzling dish.

Undaunted, however, I chose three favorite fish dishes that should do quite nicely in the microwave, and went to work. I usually steam flounder with sweet and spicy sauce for fifteen minutes in a sixteen-inch bamboo steamer set over a large wok filled with boiling water, heat the thick dark red sauce of hoi sin, bean paste, soy, garlic, and ginger on a burner, pour it over the fish, and decorate it with slivered sealions. This time I microwaved the fish for seven minutes on a tightly wrapped plate with no liquid other than the shao-hsing wine rubbed into the flounder before cooking and let it stand while microwaving the sauce. It took three flounders to get it right. The results were more than merely edible, but no matter how I varied the microwave time, the flesh of the flounder never achieved that firm but tender consistency it does in a real steamer. Almost every microwave cookbook writer marvels at the pool of delicious stock that miraculously forms around a piece of fish cooked without liquid. Some consider this yet another free bonus from the microwave, but any child can tell you that when flavor leaves the fish, the fish loses flavor. Recipes that have you microwave a fillet or whole fish loosely covered with paper towels or waxed paper produce a drier, firmer, but less evenly cooked result than when you seal the dish tightly with plastic wrap. Odd as it sounds, how you cover the fish may be the key to how it comes out.

I can still remember the loup en papillote at a restaurant near Antibes. Steambaked instead of steamed, the whole fish—a type of sea bass—was stuffed with aromatic herbs and vegetables, wrapped in parchment paper, and baked until the paper had browned and puffed and the fish was infused with the perfumes of Provence. In my microwave version the paper remained a ghostly white but the fish was good. I unsuccessfully tried to concoct a browning liquid from soy and sugar just for the parchment, with the excuse that it would never touch the food. Moral purity disintegrates quickly at 2,450 megahertz.

Finally a scallop mousse microwaved in individual ramekins, unmolded, and surrounded by a sauce Joinville made with shrimp and tomatoes also microwaved. I had the naive idea that custards and timbales would cook to silky perfection in the microwave without scrambling or stiffening. Not true. The waves concentrate on the sides of the dish, leaving the center cool.

In my forthcoming monograph Microwave: Cult or Culture? I shall demonstrate that microwave fanatics share a culture—in the anthropological sense of a "trait complex exhibited by a tribe or separate unit of mankind"—that borders on a cult. Its members huddle around the values of progress, speed, health, and freedom from dishwashing. They are prophets of the 21st century, we are "unregenerate stove cooks" indulging in the "luxury" of conventional cooking with our archaic equipment. They ignore the fact that progress brought us ultrapasteurized cream and processed-cheese spread, and they ignore recent findings that conventional steaming keeps in as many vitamins as microwaving, which depletes phosphorus, iron, and riboflavin from meat. They are right, though, about dishwashing. Most microwave recipes are mixed, cooked, and served in one glass dish and some on paper plates or towels.

At its best my new microwave oven is a nifty tool to have at hand. Paraphrasing what the great eater A. J. Liebling was fond of saying about his writing, my microwave cooks better than anything that cooks faster and faster than anything that cooks better. In the pantheon of kitchen equipment it stands just below the food processor and just above the pressure cooker. To microwave fanatics, this may sound like faint praise. To my pressure cooker, it is praise enough indeed.
Our house

(Continued from page 175) The Fords took the view that warmth and folksiness were their only chance in renovating the image of the presidency, countering the image of misery and mistrust which had clung, restoration and design apart, to the Nixon White House. Gerald Ford seemed determined to illustrate the maxim that anyone can become president and had himself photographed by the press as he made his own breakfast.

Taking a look on the bright side, Betty Ford replaced Kennedy scenic wallpaper in the Family Dining Room with a cheerful “sunny yellow” (a move repealed by her successors with all convenient speed). There is something in the White House that discourages mere uplift of the Ford kind, and it is hard to find anything else distinctive in their tenure—as it is hard to recall the tinkling little notes of optimism that were struck by the First Family in their desperate efforts at “wound healing” and low inflation.

The White House also has a short way with scruffiness. Informality is one thing, as the Kennedys succeeded in showing. But Jimmy Carter had a genius for the wrong note and the corny gesture. As well as adjudicating the playing schedules on the White House tennis courts and thereby making people worry that there was something obsessive in his attention to detail, he tried to make the White House appear just like any other down-home house. This, of course, is just what it isn’t. It is also just what the public doesn’t want to think about its national palace. Rosalynn Carter did, however, put in some work on the long project of making the White House picture collection permanent: 34 American paintings were added to it during her tenure as First Lady.

In reaction to four years of embarrassing populism the Reagans came to the White House with the equivalent of a blank

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Hopper's new wave

(Continued from page 184) Arnoldi, and his own expressionist works.

Murphy describes the house as "a landlocked oasis": once you're inside, the surrounding neighborhood magically recedes. The neighbors have yet to be polled for their reaction, though Hopper recently learned something of their opinion of him: "It was from these two women on the street. I guess one of them had just seen Blue Velvet, and she was screaming about it, about how sick I was—'That home boy who lives there, he's sick in the head, man. sick!" (He still thrills to the memory of it.) The more puzzling question is why Hopper's house, a canvas custom-made for graffiti artists, located in an area of Venice noted for its ubiquitous and reputedly savage graffiti, has remained untouched.

Hopper, who became an expert on the subject while directing Colors, his film about L.A. gang wars, affects nonchalance. "The graffiti here is the same everywhere," he says. "It's just one gang boasting about rival gang members they've killed. They leave me pretty much alone...They know I'm a heavy dude," he adds with a dry snigger that sounds less like his being freakish than his being Frank.

Architecture Editor: Heather Smith MacIsaac
Showplace

How Lucky Roosevelt worked, worked, worked to renovate Blair House. John Duka reports

Selwa Roosevelt, U.S. chief of protocol, known formally as Mrs. Archibald Roosevelt to anyone forging a benefit committee, known simply as Lucky to her friends, was in her suite at the UN Plaza Hotel and decorously out of breath. Who wouldn't be? She'd just given a lunch for 128 people at the Museum of Modern Art and now. Southern accent in the room blooming with her perfume, she was reading aloud from a list of those who contributed $100,000 or more to the renovation of Blair House, the president's 115-room official guest residence. For the last year Lucky has spent so much of her time raising money to complete the project it has seemed as if Lucky has two jobs, as she herself will tell you.

"Whaa, it's like having two jobs!" says Lucky, when Nancy Reagan wisely selected to replace Leonore Annenberg as chief of protocol, realizing perhaps that Mrs. A, rich as she is, was not quite nine-to-five material.

"Whaa, my committee, headed by Anne Armstrong, and I have raised four-point-six something millions," says Lucky. "We've worked, worked, worked." And she doesn't want people to think that Leonore Annenberg, whose name will be on the wall of the new garden room in Blair House, donated more than anyone else.

"Lots of people have given much more," says Lucky. "The Arthur Rosses gave double what the Annenbergs did. Then there's the Douglas Dillons, Winton Blount, Brooke Astor, Ann Getty, Mrs. Ross Perot, Annette Reed—I mean you name it. And oh, oh yes, Mort Zuckerman. No one believes that, but it's true!"

Just as quickly Lucky rattles off the companies that have contributed their wares to Blair House: 150 sterling place settings from Tiffany, Lenox china from Lenox China, plumbing from American Standard, air-conditioning from Trane, rugs from Karastan, furniture from Baker, and on and on until it begins to sound like a list of game-show prizes. Lucky indeed!

Built in 1824, Blair House does not, of course, belong to Lucky Roosevelt. Consisting of four contiguous houses—Blair House and Blair-Lee House on Pennsylvania Avenue and two adjoining Victorian houses on Jackson Place—it belongs to the government. Yet at the moment, it is hers more than it is anyone's. When Congress tried to cut the appropriation for renovation from $8.6 million to $3 million, Lucky took on Congress alone. "If you only knew what I had to do to get the money!" says Lucky.

When Lucky learned that $8 million would hire only the cheapest contractors to add Blair House's new wing and would in no way cover the $4 million cost of decoration, she swallowed her pride and went to the private sector. She had definite rules, however, for who got hit for cash and who didn't.

"I could never ask someone I know socially," she says, "Take John Kluge. Now he really hides his light under a bushel, but it wouldn't have been kosher to ask him, especially since we were both on safari with Malcolm Forbes."

By comparison, the actual selection of interior decorators for Blair House could have seemed like so many small potatoes. Yet when Mark Hampton and Mario Buatta, New York's two most visible decorators, and some might say archrivals, were chosen, many expected the passmengers to fly. As it turned out, the two locked lampshades only when each requested the Blair House entrance. It was decided with the toss of a coin, which Hampton won.

Buatta took the outcome with typical good sportsmanship: "I got the Truman study and the rest of the Blair-Lee House and the new wing with the garden room and heads-of-state suite, so I got the prettiest rooms."

For her part, Lucky thinks the "decorators have been, whaa, wonderful!" When it came time to approve their plans, Lucky formed a kitchen cabinet of her own—including Clem Conger, curator of the State Department—to pass judgment on the shade of stain and swag.

No. Lucky doesn't own Blair House, but in seeing that the old structure is put to rights she has been the one thing that Mrs. Reagan must have noticed across a crowded dinner table—assiduous. And it has rubbed some people the wrong way.

One person working on the project says that Lucky has tried to take all the credit. "When Lucky was presented the Tiffany place setting at the Metropolitan Museum, she rhapsodized about everything she was doing, never once mentioning Mark and Mario, and Mark and Mario were right there. Lucky's become a monster down in Washington."

Perhaps sacré monstre is more accurate. Who but Lucky would see to it that Blair House has its own endowment? "You have to get an appropriation for a light bulb around here," says Lucky. "So I want the house taken care of permanently."

Who but Lucky should make sure that each room gets six coats of paint or that the staff would in no way cover the $4 million cost of decoration, she swallowed her pride and went to the private sector. She had definite rules, however, for who got hit for cash and who didn't.

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A
Playwright's
Style

THE ART OF STEVE MARTIN
OCK N' ROYALTY: PRINCESS GLORIA
E CLEAN TEAM
DESIGN OF THREE DYNASTIES BY BAKER. The ancient Chinese penchant for subtlety and refinement has given modern civilization a design legacy that harmonizes with many other styles and periods. Like good contemporary, Far Eastern design can be a foil for eclectic traditional themes including elaborate 18th Century French and English. This new collection by Baker, presented in softly figured elm veneers and other appropriate woods, features elements from the Chinese Tang, Ming and Ch'ing dynasties.
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A futuristic beginning to younger looking skin.
The playwright John Guare in his bedroom. On page 122, he and Adele Chatfield-Taylor write about their married lives in separate apartments—one chaotic, one neat. Photograph by Oberta Gil.

Princess Gloria von Thurn und Taxis as dressed by Lacroix. See page 106.

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THE BMW 735i.

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In Italy, where automotive design takes the status of an art, a jury of 11 carmakers presented the Turin/Piedmont sign Award to the BMW 735i for its impeccable styling.

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CONTRIBUTORS

JAMES TRUMAN

"After six years in New York [from London] I joined a growing number of New Yorkers who put aside their East Coast snobberies and moved to Los Angeles," says HG Contributing Editor James Truman, who wrote about director Joel Schumacher’s move into Rudolph Valentino’s house in this issue. The American editor of two British publications, The Face and Arena, he apparently does not regret his move west. "In art, in architecture, and in food Angelenos have an awareness of their environment and history that far outstrips that of the average European. Also there's an enthusiasm here that quickly becomes infectious."

CHARLES GANDEE

“It’s an ideal job to be a voyeur, to reveal people’s aspirations, illusions, and dreams," says Editor-at-Large Charles Gandee, who came to HG from Architectural Record where he was executive editor. His piece on the 1960s was a great chance to "scan the waterfront in terms of popular culture to see what was there. The more you focus, the more you begin to see. I compiled the evidence, and now readers make of it what they will". In future issues watch for Gandee’s profiles of the people in the world of design and architecture.

MARIE-PAULE PELLE

The die was cast—so to speak—when as a girl Marie-Paule Pelle visited a printer with her journalist father. It took two days to get the ink off, but the desire to report and create beautiful pages is still her driving force. "The stories I like to do are a mixture—like a mosaic—of history, art, everything," says HG’s creative director. She has recently moved from Paris to New York but still considers herself "a lady of nowhere" as she travels the world to direct and create features for HG.

As editor and photographer, Pelle has been at the creative center of many of the world's most striking publications: Architectur und Wohnen, Décoration Internationale, and Vogue Décoration where she was editor in chief for the past three years.
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Jeffrey Steingarten

"God has given me a wonderful gift, constant hunger," boasts writer and lawyer Jeffrey Steingarten, who contributes the monthly food feature to HG. He is a noted authority on the reheating of Chinese food. His unorthodox approach does have an ulterior motive: "to stem the pernicious trend among the slim and fashionable who insist on food as medicine instead of something to be relished."

Rosamond Bernier

Editor-at-Large Rosamond Bernier (here with husband John Russell, the art critic) is best known for her lectures at the Metropolitan Museum and across the country (a series on Matisse and Picasso will soon be out on videocassette). As Vogue's first European features editor, then as founding editor of L'Oeil, she has always had close personal contact with art and artists (see this month's article on Jennifer Bartlett). She sees her role at HG as "rounding up collections, collectors, artists and finding the unexpected."
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The china Claude Monet designed for himself

Monet is the hand-painted Limoges porcelain designed by the French Impressionist painter for his country home at Giverny. Shown with Century sterling silver flatware. Tiffany exclusives.

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With his estate at auction, another Warhol legacy—his impact on young artists—is under scrutiny this month, when Andy Warhol's collection of art and personal memorabilia is auctioned at Sotheby's, the world will see the corporeal consequence of years of compulsive shopping. The proceeds will fund a foundation for the visual arts, as decreed by his will. But the real testament, intangible and without estimable commercial value, is his creative philosophy. His posthumous stature hinges on his influence on younger artists and whether they promulgate his maverick ideology in a way that continues to affect the course of American art.

Kenny Scharf, Jean Michel Basquiat, and Keith Haring all illuminate singular visions within a Pop mold and were among the youngest in Warhol's protean pack of art fans and soul mates. Haring is closest to Warhol in both doctrine and artistic sensibility. But blinking through his geek chic glasses, he asserts that their granddaddy guru needed them as much as they needed him.

"Andy was very clever. He wanted to be part of the newest thing that was happening. He had a way of having his own fresh outlook, but he also got it through other people's eyes. He knew more about the coolest thing to do than people I know who are eighteen. Part of the way to know these things is to have younger friends. He needed fresh blood all the time—and inspiration. You never knew how serious to take it, but he would complain on the phone, 'Oh, I need some ideas.'
"With complete respect I would say that we kept him on his toes. There were times when you would catch a little something in his conversation and you knew he was jealous. But it was the kind of jealousy I long for. I want to be around other artists who provoke you so that you think they are doing something better. Usually he was too nice to you and would compliment you on your work. But the important times were when you felt it was really bothering him. Then you knew you were good.

"I only knew Andy in the last five years, and I don't know how much he had changed. If there was one word for the feeling I got from him, it was generosity. I never saw any other side of him."

Haring's Pop Shop in New York is, of course, the ultimate representation of Warhol's creed. He had wanted to open an Andymat where people could eat alone while watching television.

"Another thing I learned from Andy was my relationship to the art market. In terms of the market, Andy suffered by going into films and making multiples. Only now, after his death, are the prices starting to go back up."

Haring has found his own art freed by the Pop Shop. His new imagery, ink, gouache and collage on handmade paper, is angrier, more complex, and noticeably polarized from the grinning radios and Free South Africa T-shirts that populate the store.

Jean Michel Basquiat feels Warhol influenced neither his personality nor his art.

Warhol transmuted America's art world by forcing it to perceive itself differently, and the new artist will have to do the same. Ironically, however, he will also have to ignore the urbane facets of neo-Popism. As Duchamp wrote, "A creative lull occurs always when artists of a period are satisfied to pick up a predecessor's work where he dropped it and attempt to continue what he is doing."

Nevertheless the Pop Shop idea offers limitless possibilities. Says Haring, "Someone else is going to look at what I did and understand the next thing to do. It won't necessarily be a shop. It could be completely different."

The Day-Glo expressionism of Kenny Scharf's vibrant, accessible canvases reveals a devoted adherent to Popism. "I do miss Andy as a person to see," he says, "but I feel since he died he is more around than ever."

In 1985, Brooklyn bad boy Jean Michel Basquiat collaborated with Warhol to paint canvases where brash old Pop met disjointed new. Says the art star, a figure of acne-bitten charm and toothless smile, "Andy hadn't painted for years when we met. He was very disillusioned, and I understand that. You break your ass, and people just say bad things about you. And he was very sensitive. He used to complain and say, 'Oh, I'm just a commercial artist.' I don't know whether he really meant that, but I don't think he enjoyed doing all those prints and things that his stooges set up for him. There is work of Andy's that is definitely more Andy than other things that have his name on them."

This is not a conceptual ditch Basquiat plans to fall into. He would rather drive a cab, he notes, than put his name to a sportswear line. The man who sold the world was his best friend, but Warhol influenced neither Basquiat's personality nor his work. "If he hadn't been around, I would still have been everything I am right now. I think I helped Andy more than he helped me, to tell you the truth."

Jessica Berens
Art Listings

Premiering at the Saint Louis Art Museum, March 11-May 22, Frederic Remington: The Masterworks features a rare collection of 66 paintings, drawings, and sculptures, including The Outlaw, 1906, of bronze, below. Nearly eighty years after the artist’s death, his works still express a potent vision of the Wild West. The exhibition winds up its tour early next spring at the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

In the meantime, New Yorkers can enjoy the first of four exchanges between the Metropolitan, the Art Institute of Chicago, and the Soviet Union’s Hermitage and Pushkin museums. Dutch and Flemish Paintings from the Hermitage, on view from March 26 to June 5 in New York and from July 9 to September 18 in Chicago, is comprised of over fifty works by Rembrandt, Rubens, Van Dyck, Hals, Ruisdael, Jordens, and others.

Furniture design fans should see Bent Wood and Metal Furniture: 1850-1946, now at Michigan’s Flint Institute of Arts through May 1 before its fall finale at the Cleveland Museum of Art. More than a hundred pieces have been gathered by the American Federation of Arts to show the influence of mechanical bending on mass-produced design. Included are graceful Thonet bentwood pieces, furniture of the Eameses, and tubular steel designs of Breuer, Mies van der Rohe, and Le Corbusier.

In Washington, D.C., at the National Museum of Women in the Arts, Scents of Time: Reflections of Fragrance and Society reveals the connections between fragrance and popular culture since the eighteenth century. The spirit of each era is re-created by an array of posters, bottles, photographs, and furniture. Period perfumes are available to sample.

The Cable Gallery

Amid art world hype, a low-key gallery in downtown Manhattan establishes its prescience

For four years, the Cable gallery has filled a sizable chunk of white space on the third floor of Stanford White’s Cable Building at Broadway and Houston, overlooking the Carzapoppin’ car wash and the filling station across the street.

Even now that its neighborhood has heated up somewhat artistically, Cable, run by Nicole Klagsbrun and Clarissa Dalrymple, remains funky, unpredictable, and bohemian. It has the flavor of the undernourished art world of bygone decades when only a few people were artists and hardly any of them had money.

Like the Betty Parsons Gallery in the 1950s and Klaus Kertess’s Bykert in the 1970s, Cable has a reputation as a discoverer of artists. The first major show of Barbara Ess’s pinhole camera photographs happened there. So did important early shows of Clegg & Gutmann’s “corporate portraits,” and Alan Belcher’s photocollages. Cable introduced Haim Steinbach and Ashley Bickerton.

Some gallery owners stop looking once they have a full house or look only at one kind of thing. But Klagsbrun and Dalrymple see every show that goes up. They ferret out the overlooked unique thing that will become important in a year, two years, five years. They have an eye. They don’t have money. A rich gallery can lure artists with promises of stipends and higher sales figures. Few artists today can resist. Indeed, many of Cable’s artists have departed for palmier climes.

But Cable proceeds undaunted. Among this season’s people are Tyler Turkle, who makes poured acrylic paintings that stick to any clean surface; Ange Leccia, an artist who “arranges” objects of all sorts, even two Concorde jets; and sculptor Meg Webster, known to work in mud.

Says Dalrymple, “There’s a slight amateurishness about us. If we’ve had success, it belongs to that. It’s about loving things rather than figuring out how to make them financially rewarding. We’re both artists manqué.”

Gary Indiana

Fancy Footwork

Dutch architect Rem Koolhaas makes a stunning debut with his Netherlands Dance Theater

Ten years ago Rem Koolhaas was regarded as one of the most brilliant stars on the architectural horizon. Young, handsome, and possessed of an exhilarating vision of Modernism, the dashing Dutchman wowed students and colleagues alike during his 1973-79 teaching stint at New York’s Institute for Architecture and Urban Studies. With the 1978 publication of his provocative “retroactive manifesto for Manhattan” entitled Delirious New York, the cognoscenti agreed—Koolhaas would go far. Where he went, however, was home to Europe to join Greek architect Elia Zenghelis, with whom he had founded the London-based Office for Metropolitan Architecture (better known as OMA) in 1975. Time passed, but save for periodic reports of stalled commissions and ill-fated competitions, little was heard from Koolhaas. OMA admirers began to wonder about the wunderkind.

Happily, Koolhaas’s low-profile years have finally drawn to a close, and the 43-year-old architect is back in the professional spotlight again. OMA has sprouted branches in Rotterdam and Athens, and its thirty members have enough work—from villas in Paris to public housing in Amsterdam—to keep them all busy. An exhibition of architectural drawings at the Max Protetch Gallery in New York recently revealed that Koolhaas’s lightning-bolt hand is as remarkable as ever. More dramatically, the opening of the Netherlands Dance Theater in The Hague, contiguous to the new philharmonic hall, proves that he can, after all, make that tricky transition from two to three dimensions. With its warped and wavy roofline, conical restaurant tower, and billboard-scale exterior mural of dancers in motion (painted by OMA collaborator Madelon Vriesendorp, Koolhaas’s wife), the 1,001-seat theater is spirited testimony not only to Koolhaas’s agility in maneuvering in the “real” world of small budgets and large bureaucracies but also to his long-standing commitment to what he once dubbed an architecture of ecstasy.

Charles Gandee

often called the father of the California ranch house, Cliff May celebrates his eightieth birthday with a UCLA symposium on March 5 of the sort usually reserved for high-style architects who figure prominently in the history books. But although May has had no formal architectural schooling, he is far more than the hands-on builder he has modestly claimed to be. This resourceful San Diego native understands far better than most avant-garde professionals how to create houses responsive to California's sublime climate and relaxed way of life.

May's more than one thousand residences, from 1931 to several under construction today, reflect his belief that a house should be level with the ground plane, be made only of natural materials, and turn inward to patios and courtyards. Their informality and low-maintenance livability have won him a vast and varied clientele, including Shirley MacLaine, Lawrence Welk, Robert Mondavi, and Gianni Agnelli. His vintage works have become coveted treasures, including the 1939 rancho he built for himself in Brentwood and his masterpiece—the 1939 Blow house in Brentwood (now the home of Nancy and Zubin Mehta). May spends a fair amount of time authenticating houses attributed to him, but no questions exist about the latest May resale to hit the market. Mandalay, the architect's own 1953 estate in Los Angeles's Sullivan Canyon, is available with its twenty acres for a cool $20 million, which his fans consider to be nothing less than the going price for greatness.

Martin Filler

Cliff May, above right, in front of his own 1939 ranch house in Brentwood. Also from 1939 is his Blow house in Brentwood, with its court entrance, right, and entry hall, above.

Winds of Change

a fascinating new structure in Yokohama by Japanese architect Toyo Ito plays with our notions of architecture as the most substantial and static of art forms. Ito's seven-story-high Tower of the Winds is not a habitable building but rather an urban folly—a perforated aluminum oval cylinder open to prevailing breezes that activate a variable series of internal lighting effects depending on the direction and velocity of the wind, like an illuminated weathervane. It also indicates the time and noise level. Amid the raucous neon nightscape, this monochromatic apparition is as elegant and refreshing as a Bernini fountain in Rome. M.F.
Temple of the Tire

The Michelin Building is the latest London outpost of the retailing empire of Sir Terence Conran

The Michelin Building, which stands on the corner of Sloane Avenue and Fulham Road in London's Chelsea, is a robust and eccentric monument to vulcanized rubber—a temple of the tire. Two and a half years ago it was acquired by Sir Terence Conran, creator and head of the massively successful Habitat and Conran Design Group, and Paul Hamlyn, chairman of Octopus Publishing. The purchase was something of an old dream finally becoming a reality for Conran, whose first shop opened opposite the building: the original Habitat was housed on a neo-depressing block, and it was with envy in his eyes that Conran gazed across the street to the architectural equivalent of a giant Wurlitzer machine. In September 1987, after two years of renovation, the scaffolding and blue plastic sheeting were peeled away in a tantalizingly slow striptease. The doors to the Conran shop, restaurant, and oyster-bar complex opened to the public last November 27.

The story of the building goes back to 1904 when Dunlop's patent in London expired and the Michelin brothers—Edouard and André—crossed the channel from France to do battle with their rivals for the British tire market. François Espinasse, the Michelin engineer who designed the headquarters, managed to create one of the most exuberant buildings in London and among the first buildings in Britain to have a concrete frame. But what made it a cult with the public were the decorative details. Espinasse's design, which was finished in 1911, is a marvelous example of the Michelin brothers' outlook on advertising: they believed in fanfare and razzmatazz to tempt consumers. Tires grace each hubcap-shaped pediment; tiled picture panels along the length of the building portray stirring moments from the early days of motorcar racing; and everything is embellished with Art Nouveau oak-leaf foliage.

The Michelin man—Bibendum, to give him his proper name—looms large in both senses of the word. The Bibendum figure was inspired when the Michelin brothers noticed that a pile of tires looked rather like a fat man and asked the artist O'Galop to draw a tireman for their posters. The company motto, Nunc est bibendum (Now is the time to drink), applied to the tireman means that he can "drink" any number of sharp objects and remain unharmed.

With admirable restraint, Conran has...
not interfered with the pneumatic theme and has confined his logo to the new glass side entrance. He has replaced the three large stained-glass windows—illustrating the cigar-smoking hero riding a bicycle, doing a high kick to show the tire-tread sole of his shoe, and having a broken glass— which were removed for safekeeping during the war and then sadly lost. The glass Bibeendum-shaped cupolas, which light up at night, have also been completely remade from old plans.

In the entrance hall the mosaic Bibeendum, wearing a monocle, has been carefully renovated. On the left of the hall, where Michelin used to have its touring office, is the new oyster bar run by Conran's youngest son, Tom. Ever since the building opened, the bar has been packed. Conran has added engraved windows showing maps of French gastronomic centers to enhance the “Frenchness” of the building. In the restaurant upstairs the maps are printed on the blinds. The restaurant has been Conran’s baby. In the first few days of opening he rushed about like mother hen trying to iron out problems. Everywhere you look in this room—from the ashtrays to the chair legs—are Bibeendum references.

Downstairs a Conran shop three times as large as the old one is housed in the former tire bay. What decoration there is has been meticulously chosen: the floors are marble and oak, the service desks are polished cherry, and fresh flowers sit among the luxuriously spaced items.

In some ways it is a stroke of luck that the structure is there at all. During the postwar years misguided town planners wreaked destruction all over the surrounding area, and it was not until 1967 that the building's value was assessed and came under government protection.

The official spending figure on the building has been given as £8 million, but the real figure is widely rumored to be closer to £12 million. However, with the multitudes of curious visitors who come to look at the building but end up spending money, Terence Conran shouldn't feel out-of-pocket for long.  

Liza Campbell

It's the architectural equivalent of a giant Wurlitzer

Whatever one might imagine a Hollywood props factory to be, it is probably not this: an industrial-size complex of laboratories, workshops, and showrooms designed to the highest of high-tech specifications, staffed by a 22-person crew identically dressed in white Mission Control jumpsuits, and organized along some neo-Corbusian principle of environmental architecture, aspects of which are almost explained in a cryptically worded four-page company manifesto. The company is Modern Props—with a subsidiary, Modern Living—run by John Zabrucky and his partners, Steve and Michael Ladish. At first glance it appears to be a joint operation of the Bauhaus, NASA, and the CIA.

The largest part of the company head-quarters, located in the Marina del Rey—Venice area of Los Angeles, is given over to exhibition space for its huge inventory of movie props, divided between acquisitions and their own factory-made pieces. The former represent each decade of contemporary design from the 1920s to the present; the latter take it from there, describing a future that is already oddly familiar. Here is equipment that outfitted the starship Enterprise in Star Trek II; over there is the molded plexiglass phone booth that Harrison Ford used in Blade Runner; a few feet away is the rotating chair that energized the human/machine cop in Robocop; and everywhere there are computers with robotic arms, radar screens, microscopes with self-extend wing monitors—all of them looking so functional that one forgets that they don’t actually work. John Zabrucky, the company’s forty-year-old president, has little patience with this particular observation. Whether demonstra-
ing a laser cannon or previewing a suitcase with pop-out video screen and radar scanner, Zabrucky has the enthusiasm of a true believer and the sales patter of a fugitive arms dealer.

The competing philosophies behind Modern Props—scientific accuracy and design excellence—are his own. As a schoolboy in Ohio, he made his first prop in the seventh grade—a fully operational model volcano so successful that it set fire to his science teacher. After a spell as an art teacher he moved to California and launched a props-rental business from his garage which ten years ago became Modern Props. Modern Living was added a year ago, the result of a trip to the annual Milan furniture fair. Looking for new acquisitions for Modern Props, Zabrucky and an associate placed a sizable order with the Driade studio for Philippe Starck chairs and tables. The Driade people took one look at their sneakers and beach shorts and forgot about them—until their check cleared. Today Modern Living sells for Driade as well as a half-dozen stars of European design.

The work of Modern Props betrays a fascination with the science-fiction movies of the fifties. But more than that, it conveys irony with such deadpan finality that one wonders if the irony was ever intended. Surveying his model worker community with its mini-army of model workers—Zabrucky is all sincerity. "The environment here is central to what we do," he says. "People come here just to get ideas for movies." An Italian design executive even asked to be locked up in the showrooms for a weekend so he could reconsider the direction of his life.

"Props. I think, is a misnomer." Zabrucky adds. "I hate to be so precious as to call it art, but what the hell, that's pretty much the way I see it."

James Truman
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America that can't be "imberline roof."
Working at home, living alone, I have a rather simple daytime homelife in London. It consists mainly of reading, writing, and attempting to talk to people on the telephone. This last ambition is frequently foiled by the British telephone system, which seems to be, like take-away curry, one of the less successful imports from the countries of the empire. Dialing the telephone in New York, where they can get nasty if you're not Frank the plumber or Uncle Joe.) But if British Telecom is deeply inefficient, it is also, as befitts a corporation of the nanny state, highly solicitous. When I called to get my telephone changed for one compatible with an answering machine, I was told that the company would have to approve my model. "You see," the saleslady explained, "since it runs on electricity, it is considered a dangerous object."

Other people's homelives have a bit more texture, which, of course, means more complications. "How is your new answering machine working out?" I asked my friend Ann, who recently imported a French girl sight unseen, having been told only that she was very nice and was called Sheherezade. "Well," she sighed, "it's a bit like having another child. Come and see." The girl's name had led Ann to believe that she would be a fund of bedtime stories; unfortunately Sheherezade had only one story, the oldest in the world, which she tearfully confided to me soon after I walked in. "My boyfriend, he is with me four years, and then this other girl come and he go off with her. That is not nice, no?" When I rashly admitted that I sort of spoke French, she raced upstairs and came back with a sheaf of lined paper covered with small round handwriting and entitled "The World, Love, Woman, and the Thing." "Ce sont des poèmes en prose," she said firmly. I now know that French prose poems about l'amour perdu are just like the ones in English and, I suspect, in any other language. Sheherezade's cooking and cleaning are top drawer, however, and her profound Gallic misery has chastened Ann's upper-class behavior. But she knows—don't insult our guest. If I were sitting amongst them, I would quite rightly be offended at such low-class behavior. But she knows—don't you, darling—that wearing a shirt and underpants is upper class."

My other Hampstead friends have contentiousness as their daily meat. "Henry!" shrieked Sarah as I came through their French doors. "We have a female visitor!" Henry, a pudgy scholarly-looking fellow, continued to read his Telegraph. "My dear," he said, "I wouldn't dream of insulting our guest. If I were sitting here in my trousers and an undershirt, she would quite rightly be offended at such low-class behavior. But she knows—don't you, darling—that wearing a shirt and underpants is upper class." Henry chuckled with satisfaction. "Will someone please tell me," asked Sarah, "how I have managed to stay married five minutes to that man, let alone—what is it now—22 years? I can't believe it.

We told the East African lady that all London couples talked like this.

Dinner at the Pattersons' was more openly vicious, though the fury there was vented on an absent guest. Throughout the meal Angela, an ice-blond princess who swung an invisible riding crop, had shown the fine old scorn for conventional politesse that characterizes so many of the upper class. One lady, recently back from Paris, complained, "I wish the French wouldn't start speaking English in that superior way they have when I start speaking French—it isn't as if I didn't speak it very well." "Oh, do you?" dawled Angela. "Let's hear some." Not long after the brandy had been passed around, Angela made her excuses. Then the carving knives came out. "I must say," exploded her dinner partner, "nobody who arrives late wearing a peasant dress and no makeup has the right to behave like that." Everyone then had a go, contributing not only opinions but the most absorbing facts about Angela's finances, sex life, and medical history. "Why did you invite that awful woman?" the host was asked.

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**HOMELIFE**

“I don’t know, really,” he replied. “I suppose I felt sorry for her. You haven’t said anything, Rhoda. What do you think?”

“I think,” I said, “that I’ll be the last to leave.”

Physical, rather than verbal, mayhem was the subject of another local dinner—it was a family evening, so that explains it. The Feltons are boundlessly hospitable, inviting their friends to come over anytime for supper with them and their two children, but acceptances are limited, as Caroline upholds another upper-class English tradition, that of being an awesomely rotten cook. Dishes appear on their table which are not only obvious leftovers but don’t seem to be left over from anything that was ever in one piece. One of their more wicked friends once had a party invitation printed with the epigraph “Personally I always think the company is much more important than the food—Caroline Felton.”

Caroline—the Feltons are upper class only in origin, not income—has the same elevated attitude toward housekeeping, considering that a layer of dust gives the furniture a fine antique patina. She has approvingly quoted to me Quentin Crisp’s observation, “After four years the dust never gets any worse.”

William, however, has a more practical nature, which he was trying to implement the evening I took potluck. “What’s this, now,” he murmured, “eyeballs, fingers, toes . . .” I looked up in alarm, thinking he was enumerating the contents of that night’s remnant stew, but he was only scanning an insurance policy their daughter Violet had asked him to sign for her camping trip. “I say, you get quite a lot of money if you break an arm or a leg on this trip. And if you lose an arm or a leg, well, the sky would seem to be the limit.” Violet started to look a bit worried at her father’s growing enthusiasm. “You know, you could pay for two years at Cambridge if you lost your right foot on this trip. You wouldn’t like to help me out, would you, darling?” Violet began whimpering. I took advantage of her confusion to abstract a recognizable bit of meat from her plate. “Violet, stop that sniveling, and don’t be ridiculous. Daddy was only joking.” Caroline told her. “Mm, yes, pet,” said William. One last whimper subsided into resentful silence. “Actually you wouldn’t really miss your left foot, would you?”

I left the Feltons to their gruesome devices and went home, watching my step. A single woman has to look out for herself in these parts. After all, nobody will come rushing to save me if I electrocute myself with the answering machine.
This particular swatch comes to life every spring in Denmark, behind Ole Jacobsen's whitewashed, Sjaelland island farmhouse, just north of route E66 between Kindertofte and Skellebjerg.

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To acquaint you with my lecture life, it all started about twenty years ago at which time I couldn’t stand in front of more than five people without uttering absolute nonsense. Nowadays it is about the same except that I have become more at ease in front of an audience because of what an elocution teacher told me. “Think of them as cows in a pasture,” she said. It has helped to ease the pain.

The talks number about twenty to thirty per year, and I give them at antiques shows and meetings of garden clubs, to Junior Leaguers, and so forth. Traveling as much as I do, I’ve learned to treasure my favorite hotels in various cities.

LOS ANGELES
Arriving at the Beverly Wilshire is like entering the center of shoppers’ heaven. You walk through the lobby corridors past the world’s most luxurious shops and poke about and hobnob with a cinema star or two. Who can resist the palm trees, the sun-soaking and stargazing, the glamorous restaurants with equally glamorous plates of California cuisine artfully arranged?

The hotel is currently undergoing renovation, yet it still offers many styles of decoration—Mexican, French, Spanish, California avant-garde, English, and so on—apparently from warehouses that would put MGM to shame. Tonight it was to be à l’espagnole for me—not that I opted for the style, but the room was the only one available that had the view I wanted of the Hollywood Hills. The Wilshire is a dream house filled with rooms to fit every jetsetter’s mood: flamenco tonight, Italian opera tomorrow night, and so on. What a great way to decorate for an unassuming client.

NEW ORLEANS
The reception I got at the new and luxuriously appointed Windsor Court Hotel near the French Quarter was rather special. My suite wasn’t ready for occupancy, so the very courteous staff inquired if “Your Highness would care to have cocktails in the courtyard.” I replied with a puzzled “thank you.” Soon after, the assistant manager accompanied me to my room on the 22nd floor. On opening the door she said, “Princess Margaret, the Duchess of York’s father, and Eddie Murphy have recently been guests in this exact suite.” An enormous sitting room fitted out with splendid chintzes, Fortuny coverings, Scalamandre’s best stripes, and antiques from all over the world gave me the feeling I was in someone’s private hideaway in the sky. There were two terraces with views of every corner of this magical city. There were two bedrooms (mine had an English canopied four-poster draped in Brunschwig cotton), three baths, a music room fitted with a parlor grand and a comfortable sofa, a Poggenpohl kitchen. The next morning after a wondrous breakfast I ran off to give my lecture to 450 ladies at the Federal Fibre Mills building. Tout New Orleans was there, and they were a wonderful audience. On checking out of the Windsor Court later that day I asked the pretty assistant manager, “Why the royal treatment?” She replied, “You are the Prince of Chintz, are you not?”

PALM BEACH
The afternoon was sunny and bright, and only a faint memory lingered in my fuzzy brain of the snow left behind in New York. Returning to the Breakers after my lecture at the Norton Gallery, I felt swept back in time. The vast pink-colored pile in the old Palm Beach tradition—with a dash of Monte Carlo and Marbella—shimmered with old-style glamour. My oceanfront suite was palatial and reeked of Elsie de Wolfe—fern leaves and all. Wouldn’t Lady Mendl want to know...

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that she is the role model for so many young lady decorators today.

WASHINGTON, D.C.
The train is the most sensible choice for a trip from New York to Washington these days, as Amtrak offers great accommodations with service to match in its spiffy club cars. Arrival at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel was memorable. The style of the lobby is very English country house with English dogs (of the painted-on-canvas variety) hanging on almost every imaginable flat surface. (I even think they may have been on the ceiling as well, but that is probably wishful thinking.) My room was splendidly outfitted in chintzes from Brunschwig and carpeted from 'ere to 'ere in a geometric print that wouldn't show dog tracks. Unfortunately I had no dogs to contend with, though I don't think the Ritz-Carlton would have minded. John Coleman is in charge, and here, as in his other hotels, the attitude is Anglophile and everything more than civilized.

HOUSTON
One of the nicest, newest hotels in Texas is the Remington on Post Oak Park. Its name tells a lot: bronzes abound and the decoration takes its cue from the hinterlands. California desert-inspired interiors are lushly planted and appointed with paintings and other works of art. The dining room is also quite special, and the clientele very international: one has the feeling of being in the right place. Not far off is Dallas and its own larger brand of top hotel. Whether you're in Big H or Big D, you know you're in Texas!

DENVER
What would you have expected me to say when I arrived at the Denver airport and was greeted by a cowboy dressed to the tens and a couple of cheerleaders in—what else?—a whopping Rolls-Royce Silver Cloud? The cowboy was my driver and Sam and Jane my docents. How could I put my feet up at the Brown Palace Hotel when there was so much to see? I was here to speak to the Denver antiques show supporters the next morning, and at night the Manhattan skyline never looked more crystal clear. I headed down for Gordon Getty's Plump Jack premiere. The block party that followed at the Getty's topped off the first night. The next day it was a talk at the Museum of Fine Arts, some great antiques shopping in Jackson Square, a stop at Butterfield's to view the coming auction.

NEW YORK
Treated myself and decided to spend the weekend at the Carlyle. Frank Bowling is back, and things are looking up more than ever before—between Bobby Short on Friday night, and a long late Saturday sleep in my suite decorated in the look of English country (red dragged walls, chintz over here and under there, fitted carpeting, and lounge chairs you can actually lounge in). David Hicks would have loved it!

The view over Central Park was wonderful, and at night the Manhattan skyline never looked more crystal clear. I headed down for breakfast in the newly refurbished dining room, done up to the chintzes by Nelson Ferlita, only to find two of New York's most eager shoppers setting off for an antiques hunt around town. I was tempted and found it hard to say no, but then, I thought, I was here to get away from it all. I never left the confines of the Carlyle—it was too perfect.
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SOMETHING BEAUTIFUL IS ABOUT TO HAPPEN...
Isn't this the spring to push aside the latest glossy English gardening wish book and ask yourself, "But what's in this for me?" If this is the season when you're finally going to get down to doing something about the out-of-doors—or the year to figure out what's gone wrong with all your earlier disastrous English fantasies—why not turn to the expanding selection of American gardening books and see what they have to suggest?

Macmillan has been publishing the best of American gardening since the last century, so their major spring offering, Carole Ottesen's The New American Garden ($24.95), should arouse some interest. The subtitle, "A Manifesto for Today's Gardener," ought to warn the unwaried reader that propaganda lies ahead—Ottesen has some definite plans in mind for your backyard, and she says them loud and clear. To begin with, she wants the English out of our gardens and wants them out now. Lawns, too, have got to go. Let's have lots of paving but lots of meadow gardens, too. Death to foundation plantings and mixed borders. Let there be xeriscaping and native plants. Most of these ideas are very welcome, if not exactly new, and Ottesen may be right that the way to attract attention to the "new gardening" is to yell. This strident tone at times doesn't make her book a pleasure to read. But it seems clear Ottesen would rather be heard than liked.

The New American Garden is actually more a book of landscape architecture than of gardening. The idea of perennial flowers gets a lot of space, but when it comes to the specifics, Ottesen is prepared to recommend only a dozen plants. Most of the gardens shown have a strong feeling of design, but the plant material, in spite of its luxuriance, has little interest. The big exception to this is the ornamental grasses, and for this alone the book would be more than worthwhile. Ottesen is right that these plants can transform American gardens, and there will be lots of excitement as gardeners in the more temperate parts of the country play with this fascinating palette.

It is a frequent criticism that American gardens and gardening books contain too limited a range of plants. To those critics we can now say, "Let them read Charlesworth!" If you've been searching for a few words on Jeffersonia dubia or Arisaema sikokianum, Geoffrey Charlesworth's The Opinionated Gardener (David Godine, $16.95) is the book you need. Don't be intimidated by the title—if you have survived the polemical Ottesen, Charlesworth's opinions will hardly raise a hair. A few essays do address a fairly specialized audience, but most of The Opinionated Gardener is written with wit, insight, and humor about the most basic gardening themes: color, taste, the weather, seasons, friends, successes, and failures.

The real topic of Charlesworth's book is his all-consuming passion for growing plants. If a plant exists, he has probably tried to grow it—and probably succeeded. At least for a season. Last spring he sowed 1,900 packages of seed. This is gardening in the spirit of English craziness, and it should be said that once, long ago, Charlesworth was an Englishman. All his gardening has been done on our shores, however, and he now grows his thousands of species in a quintessentially American climate—western Massachusetts. Crazy or not, this is the kind of passion that gives energy and excitement to gardening.

It has been quite awhile since American gardeners have taken Richardson Wright to bed. This prolific writer was certainly popular in his day—his "day" extended from the early twenties through the late fifties—but even those of us shuffling through used-book piles may have overlooked his chatty and anecdotal works, preferring authors more horticultural and highly illustrated. Now The Gardener's Bed-Book (PAJ Publications, $20.95) is back, perhaps to win a new following in a period of awakening garden interest. Make no mistake: the bed he refers to is not a mixed border—no pop-up plans or color schemes here, just good sense, good humor, good writing.

Wright offers a brief essay for each night. These bedtime meditations usually—but not always—have to do with gardening. The author takes the generous view that gardening readers are interested in all questions of good taste and good living.

Wright was an established writer long before he turned to gardening, and he was equally well known as a bon vivant raconteur, well read, well traveled, and welcomed in many circles (he was editor of this magazine for 35 years). He became a gardener—as many of us do—when he bought his country place in Connecticut; most of his gardening was done as a weekender—albeit with the usual 1920s complement of servants—and most of the plants he discusses are sturdy old-fashioned perennial favorites, perfect weekend garden plants. Some of the horticultural information, as well as some of the botanical...
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BOOKS

American Garden Writing (edited by Bonnie Marranca: PAJ Publications, $23.95) is a well-researched and well-intentioned anthology that unfortunately suffers from too much material and too little direction. Are we looking for great American gardeners, many of whom can’t write, or great writers who happened to write occasionally about gardening? How about great Americans who may have been great gardeners (we will never know) but may not have been great writers? Bonnie Marranca has not wanted to lose a “great” by any reckoning, and her well-written notes make a case for each selection. But the bottom line has to be: can you stand to read it? Certainly in the case of Amos Pettingill—here typically arch and self-infatuated—the answer is a resounding no.

On the other hand, any book is redeemed by the presence of Elizabeth Lawrence, and perhaps the anthologized selection will prompt readers to seek out her Gardening for Love (Duke University Press, $19.95) published last year. It is an understated book from a university press and may escape notice. Don’t miss it. Elizabeth Lawrence goes straight into the lives of the true American gardeners and brings them to us with luminous prose and deep feeling.

The Art of the Kitchen Garden
by Ethne Clarke
illustrations by Sharon Beedon
Alfred A. Knopf, 168 pp., $24.95
Clarke discusses much more than just garden art, combining the history of the kitchen garden from the medieval period with planting information for gardeners and recipes for cooks. Illustrated with color photographs, drawings, and antique plates.

The Garden Border Book
by Mary Keen
Capability’s Books, 153 pp., $27.50
The colorful border plantings of thirty gardeners, including Lanning Roper, Rosemary Verey, and Peter Coats, are fully documented through text, photographs, diagrams, and lists of suggested plantings.

Garden Style
by Penelope Hobhouse
Little, Brown, 216 pp., $40
The doyenne of English gardeners, Penelope Hobhouse, has written a book that is part how-to, part armchair tour. She illustrates her ideas with photographs of over twenty gardens, from Blake in California to Villa La Foce in Tuscany, as well as a kitchen garden in Atlanta, Georgia.

Gabrielle Winkel
DOORS: One of a rare set of four Adam's concave painted doors, circa 1770.

CHAIRS: Pair of Adam's carved mahogany wheel-back side chairs, circa 1770.

SCONCES: Pair of George II mirrored and carved giltwood sconces, circa 1760.

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Mostly Mosel

Jason Cooper savors the off-season pleasures of German wine country

The Mosel-Saar-Ruwer is only one of Germany's eleven wine-growing regions, but it is one of its loveliest and produces some of its finest wines. Even if one avoids wine altogether, it's difficult to be disappointed by the landscape. I arrived for a few days late last autumn to find the drizziest, grayest of days brightened intermittently by bursts of sunshine that dazzle one with the beauty of the golden hills and gently winding river. There is also the attraction of a wine region steeped in a history that dates back well over two thousand years to when the Romans first began to plant vineyards here on a large scale. The most impressive collection of Roman remains lies in the city of Trier at the southern end of the valley, but the entire area is peppered with small market towns rich with the architectural inheritance of their past and as often as not of considerable charm. The great advantage of a visit in late autumn or early spring is that you are much more likely to have the place to yourself, and not swarming with Nike-clad and Nikon-clicking tourists who arrive by the coach-load every summer.

The first wines I tasted on my trip were those of H. H. Hieronimi, whose vineyards are clustered on the hillsides of the east bank of the Mosel and whose extensive cellars can be visited in Cochem. If your idea of wine cellars is one of dank and oozzy gloom where oaken casks await the turn of centuries, you may well be disappointed, as most fermentation here takes place in vast steel or fiberglass tanks, and the cellars themselves, with concrete walls and fluorescent lighting, hold little drama. Once inside the vaulted and more beguiling tasting rooms, however, things start to improve. I began with a couple of Spätlese (one of the five categories of wine headed by the all-important Qualitätswein mit Prädikat, or QmP qualification), the better of which was the 1983 Leiwener Klostergarten. This I found refreshingly clean and dry, indeed surprisingly dry, if a little short on interest. Still, since only five years ago a Spätlese would have been fairly sweet, its relative dryness is a good indication of how the style of German wine-making is responding to the demand for wines made for drinking with meals. The best wine I tasted at Hieronimi, however, was their 1983 Cochemer Conder Rosenberg Riesling Auslese. Despite the fact that this wine is in a category only one rank above Spätlese (the categories are, in ascending order of quality, Kabinett, Spätlese, Auslese, Beerenauslese, and Trockenbeerenauslese), I was staggered by the difference: it was gloriously full and sweet, and overall a steal at 12DM (about $20) a bottle. Just outside the center of Cochem is the Weingut Winzerhoff, where its proprietor, Rolph Haxel, with his wife, runs a small café-wine bar of great charm, each year creating an impressively comprehensive range of wines from a short line of cellars below. The gloom within the cellars creates a certain atmosphere, lines of flickering candles cast looming shadows upon the ceiling vaults, and the combination of an oddly conspiratorial shuffle in the candlelight and Herr Haxel’s considerable enthusiasm for his task leaves one strangely reminded of Frankenstein’s crypt. This time I began with a plain Qualitätswein (normally abbreviated QbA on the bottle), and I must confess I was rather impressed because the vast majority of QbA has precious little Q in it. (To be safe one should, as I have already suggested, always aim for the distinction of mit Prädikat if possible.) But Haxel’s Cochemer Pinnerkreuzberg Riesling-Trocken is not merely inoffensive; I found its quiet balance quite lovely and distinctly remember wanting to drink more. I then had a go at a Spätlese, his 1985 Cochemer Herrenberg Riesling, and thought its fuller, slightly sweeter style far more intriguing. Fragrant with fruit and with the slightest suggestion of apricots, this is great stuff at 8.50DM ($14) a bottle. However, if you ever get the opportunity, you should try the 1983 Cochemer Herrenberg Riesling Beerenauslese. Beerenauslese is picked even later than Auslese and made from individually selected bunches of grapes. Not surprisingly, this is hardly given away at 18DM ($30) for a half bottle, but the few sips allowed me of this nectar were aro-
Of all the vineyards I visited, certainly the most captivating was that of Schloss Landenberg, situated within a half hour of Cochem. The fifteenth-century castle is pure fairy tale. Here at last were ancient cellars that really looked the part: diminishing perspectives of oaken casks, tunnels black with moss and cobwebs, and wrought-iron gates that stood sentinel to passages of bottled treasure. I began with a 1985 Ediger-Ellerer Pfirsichgarten wine. Kabinett wines are the humblest and usually the driest of the sitt Prädikat wines, and unlike Spätlesen, which should really be left to age for at least three years, they are normally drunk almost immediately. I found this one oddly peppery but with a beautifully delicate cut to its lightness.

The most memorable of their wines were those of the Pfirsichgarten (peach garden) label, especially the 1979 Ellerer Pfirsichgarten Auslese—a most delicious, honeyed concentration of fruit with an overwhelming impression of the lushest, sweetest peaches.

Germany's not entirely undeserved reputation for cheap and watery liebfraumilch has damned the reputation of her finer vineyards for too long. It is high time we reassessed our notion of German wines in light of their considerable strengths. A wide selection of German wines from the Mosel-Saar-Ruwer region are available in this country. A few suggestions from Acker Merrall & Condit and Park Avenue Liquor Shop, both in NYC.

Kabinett
1983 Klöcknerbrüder Bruderschaft Riesling Kabinett $4.99
1985 J. J. Prüm Wehlener Sonnenuhr Kabinett $13.75

Spätlesen
1983 Erfurter Schloss Saarburg Schlossberg Riesling Spätlesen $8.99
1985 Wehl. Dr. H. Thanisch Bernkasteler Doktor Riesling Spätlesen $25
1983 J. J. Prüm Graacher Himmelreich Spätlesen $14.75

Auslees
1983 W. S. Prüm Wehlener Sonnenuhr Auslese Riesling $12.99
1983 Bischoffsheim Prätoriusseminar Erdener Pratting Riesling Auslese $10.99
1983 Vereinigte Hospitien Wiltinger Kupp Auslese $13.25

Beerenauslese,
Trockenbeerenauslese
Somewhat less available, they are also more expensive, the former from $15-$50 a bottle and the latter $25-$150 a bottle.
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The Grand Tour

A new crop of garden walks blooms every spring. Mac Griswold reports

Once I was asked to open my house and garden for a tour, and the attempt to create a life that looked exactly the way I thought it should—if only for a day—brought on a kind of mild paranoia. What was I doing and who for? Who but me would walk on the immense flagstones I had hauled to the farthest end of my swampy woodland garden? Would anyone notice the moss I had stuck in the cracks of those stones to make them look as though they had been there forever? In the bathroom I hung a brand-new nightgown, much lacier than the ones I usually wore—queen for a day!

Getting a house and garden ready for a tour often brings on such fits. Character traits become exaggerated: those who hate clutter prune obsessively; perfectionists spend their time wiring little rosebuds on the trees; the perpetually unready rent armies of geraniums. The brazen or the despairing—and it's sometimes hard to tell them apart—stick in plastic flowers. For my visitors I even "planted" an all-too-new sunken courtyard with cardboard cutouts of shrubs I wished were there—colored green and inscribed with their botanical names, of course.

The really prepared do not have these troubles. One fine old Maryland gardener, Mrs. Nicholas Penniman, when asked what she did to get ready for visitors, said serenely, "I mow the lawn and rake the leaves and let the devil take the hindmost."

Then there are the experienced. All over the South from Baltimore to Houston, spring house and garden pilgrimages have been going on for decades. They are often organized by local garden clubs or historical societies working with the city. The proceeds usually go to a church, hospital or other charity, or a conservation or preservation effort. These tours retain much of their original charm, thanks to people like Mississippian Ruth Ellen Calhoun, who on a peak afternoon greets all 1,200 visitors to her 1792 plantation house and 25-acre informal garden.

"In Natchez from the time you can wear a hoopskirt—five or six years old—you 'receive,' " she notes. "You dress your house up. There are flowers everywhere, and your friends come to celebrate for lunch or tea after the visitors leave. The only time it's a chore is in January or February, when you can't get the painter." Thirty Natchez houses and gardens are open, and all but six are family homes. The gardens are fine, but equally big attractions are the superb architecture.

For visitors I "planted" a sunken courtyard with cardboard cutouts of shrubs I wished were there—the slice-of-life quality—and the pardonable pleasures of legitimized snooping.

The truth is, no matter how happy visitors are to see your garden, what they are really riveted by are the intimate details of your life. Robert Dash, the painter whose garden in Sagaponack, Long Island, draws hundreds of people every year, remembers one visitor especially well. "Hmm," she said to her friend as they trekked through the bathroom after viewing his magnificent garden in silence, "three toothbrushes." Dash, however, says, "I have to honor the reason they are here—they've come to be enthralled." He takes the tours seriously, almost like an art form. He varies his route for his own pleasure—and so he won't find himself "by the same bush telling the same joke." His spiel also varies according to the state of his garden: "If things look desperate, I chat it up even more."

Mrs. Corydon Wagner of Seattle, now in her nineties but with a will of iron, takes stronger measures. Once when the tulips
Refreshing and enticing. That's my cocktail.

Campari and Orange Juice

Campari and Soda

Campari on the rocks

CAMPARI. THE SPIRIT OF ITALY.
getting ahead of the flowering cherries, she had truckloads of ice dumped around the bulbs to slow them up.

People size up gardens in different ways. Robert Dash always starts with a long look at the gardener. "I check the fingernails first," he says, since what matters to him is who does the work. When Mary Smith, a New York-based garden designer, steps into a garden, she asks herself, "What's the point here?" At first she is seduced by color, but the next step is getting beyond the flowers and on to the way plantings, garden, house, and landscape are all linked together." She adds, "It's funny how many gardens have no point at all.

Anne Mazlish of Serendipity Tours, a Cambridge, Massachusetts, travel agency specializing in gardens, says that "most people go for something intimate they could imagine creating for themselves—not big impersonal landscape parks or formal gardens." Plant collectors want to see gardens crammed with rare specimens, and care little about design integrity. Conservationists prefer nature’s gardens to man-made ones, heading off into the wild to catch native plants at home.

There are American garden tours for all tastes and budgets. Some are do-it-yourself, and others take care of every detail. The best general tours add the extra dimension of history and art to the basics of garden design and horticulture. Entrée to private gardens, knowledgeable guides, good food, and small hotels are generally part of the package. You can walk, ride, bike, or go by boat. On tours of private gardens a small group—fifteen to twenty—is best; in public gardens or on self-guided tours numbers don’t matter so much. Most major botanical and horticultural institutions sponsor day-long tours of private gardens and nurseries. Botanical study groups and walking tours have fewer frills, but for many the plants and landscapes make up for the missing four-star meal.

Perhaps the most elaborate garden tour this spring is sponsored by the Missouri Botanical Garden and the St. Louis Art Museum in conjunction with Yale University. During the first ten days of June one hundred passengers will travel on the comfortable ship Illiria to visit historic houses and gardens of New England, the Hudson River valley, and Canada’s Maritime Provinces.

The simplest tour is merely a map—distributed by the Highland Lakes Tourist Association in Austin, Texas—that tells you where, in the first two weeks of April, over a hundred miles of bluebonnets will flower along public roads. You can drive through some of the prettiest ranches in central Texas—including the LBJ Ranch—passing fields as large as 100 acres which are solid sky blue with Lupinus texensis and dotted with live oaks and the creamy candles of flowering yucca. Big stands of bluebonnets are silhouetted against weathered pink granite outcroppings, and if you come a little after bluebonnet prime, the blue fields will be splashed with the red and yellow of Indian blanket (Castilleja indivisa) and coreopsis. You feel as though a perfect world really were yours for a day.
May 14: **Four Long Island Edwardian Estates.** With garden historian Ellen Samuels. 45 people. CHM.
June 1, 7, 23: **Connoisseur’s Choice.** Half-day visits to private owner-designed gardens near Boston. 20 people. AA.
June 7, 12: **American Beauties: Stalking the Antique Rose.** 18th-century private house in Connecticut with c.1900 garden. Elizabeth Park in West Hartford. Includes lecture. 14 people. NYBG.
June 30: **Perennial Gardens and Nurseries in Connecticut.** McGourty Hillside Gardens and White Flower Farm. 47 people. NYBG.
July 8–11: **Gardens of High Summer.** Long Island. Private gardens, Old Westbury Gardens, Planting Fields. With Paul Martin Brown. 10 people. AA.

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Aug. 3: **St. Ann’s House Tour.** 5 houses and gardens in the Bridgehampton area, Long Island. (516) 537-1527.

**MIDDLE ATLANTIC**

Mar. 26: **Longwood Gardens.** Pennsylvania. Focus on ferns with lecture by Longwood’s fern curator. 47 people. NYBG.
April–August: **At-Home Series.** Philadelphia-area houses; owner-gardeners explain specialties. 15 people. PHS.
Apr. 24: **Ladew Topiary Gardens.** Monkton, Md. Opens for season. 15 acres include topiary, iris, rose, and Victorian gardens. English country house, carriage museum. (301) 557-9466.
Apr. 28: **Society Hill Gardens.** 10–12 private gardens. Reception follows at Pennsylvania Horticultural Society. PHS.
Apr. 30: **Winterthur Collections and Gardens.** Winterthur graduate Thomas Jayne, tour leader, lectures Apr. 18, 25. 45 people. CHM.
May 8: **Mother’s Day Gardens.** 6 private Chestnut Hill gardens. PHS.
May 25: **Three Gardens in Montclair, New Jersey.** Iris collection, 18th-century Israel Crane House and Gardens, private garden with owner-hybridized azaleas and rhododendrons. 47 people. NYBG.
June 19: **Father’s Day Gardens.** 7 private New Jersey gardens: Cherry Hill, Moorestown, Medford. PHS.
June 28: **Meadowbrook Farm.** Private display garden and nursery, late-afternoon wine and cheese. 150 people. PHS.

**SOUTH**

Mar. 12–Apr. 10: **Natchez Spring Pilgrimage.** Natchez, Miss. 30 antebellum houses and gardens. Confederate pageant, (800) 647-6742; in-state 446-6631.
Mar. 22–29: **A Botanical Study Tour of Southern Florida.** Fairchild Tropical Gardens, Vizcaya, the Kampong, With
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Department of a. Howard, authority on West Coast Floriculture. 20 people. AA.

Mar. 25-Apr. 11: Afton Villa Gardens. St. Francisville, La. At spring peak. 2 hours north of New Orleans; 1 hour south of Natchez. 45-acre garden and park: moss draped oak alley, old azaleas, 25,000 daffodils, peacocks. (504) 635-6330.

Apr. 8-24: Dogwood Arts Festival and Trails. Quilting and art exhibits, bluegrass trails. Society (617) 246-3575.


CHARLESTON
All garden tours include private city gardens, country plantations, good accommodations, local guides.


Mar. 26-Apr. 2: Charleston House and Garden Tour. 25 people. CBS. Apr. 4-10: Gardens in Savannah and Charleston. 25 people. PBS.

SOUTHWEST

Apr.-June: Texas Walking Tours at Henkel Square Restoration. Round Top, 65 miles east of Austin; grasses, wildflowers, Texas roses, herb and kitchen gardens. (409) 249-3308. 6 restored 19th-century houses available, meals, maid service. (713) 868-4654. Apr. 9-10, 16-17: Highland Lakes Bluebonnet Trail. Festivals in 7 Texas towns 50 miles west of Austin. By bus or self-guided car tour, all of April. (512) 478-9065.


MIDWEST

June 12: St. Louis Garden Tour. St. Louis, Mo. 10 private gardens, evening garden party. 1,200 people (members only). Missouri Botanical Garden (314) 577-9500.

ROCKY MOUNTAINS

WEST COAST

Apr. 16: Gardening as an Art. 3-4 Montecito-Santa Barbara estates with tea at Santa Barbara Botanical Garden. Ceanothus, fremontia, iris, lupines. 42 people. (805) 682-4726.


May 7: American Heart Association House and Garden Tour. Santa Barbara. Calif. 4 private houses and gardens. (805) 963-8862.

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Fabrics are a riot of color, abundant with fruit: figs ripe for eating, freshly sliced lemons, clusters of grapes. Fruit baskets imitate de Heem still lifes. Marble is carved and painted to look like the real thing. "People aren't going out as much. They want their interiors to be attractive and to have the pleasures of the garden all around," says Mario Buatta, who sees this fruit foray as part of the English country-house influence. It recalls, too, the way fruit was used in the past. In China the pear was an emblem of wise, benevolent rulers; at Versailles potted oranges were formal indoor plants; pineapples were carved over colonial doorways. "At the turn of the century, fruit was an exotic luxury. Perfect fruits were being sold in carriage-trade shops in Belgium, little fruit baskets were sold at Fauchon in Paris and Fortnum & Mason in London," explains Lee Grimsbo of Manhattan Fruiter whose baskets of fruit often resemble seventeenth-century Dutch still lifes. "It's not just exhibiting food," says Lee. "The fruit has to have the feel of flowers." Laura Ashley, well known for floral themes, recently introduced a collection of fruit wallpapers, borders, and fabrics. Nick Ashley says fruit is a "splendid alternative to flowers, for the formal living room as well as for the family breakfast room." L.S.

Top to bottom: Baker Furniture's fruit-pattern fabric; majolica reproduction plate from Mottahedeh; Culinarios series tiles from Lisbon, at Country Floors, NYC. Baskets at Manhattan Fruiter. Baker's wing chair with fruit compote. Plates by Bill Goldsmith for Site Corat. Marble figs and plums at Zona, NYC.
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L.S.

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Perfect bracelets for spring... Ebonized furniture... Cascades of fringe... Scaasi ball dresses take center stage.

Sixties update: Schlumberger enameled bangles—the favorite of women like Jackie Onassis and Nancy, Lady Keith—look right for the stark spring silhouette at Geoffrey Beene, Carolyne Roehm, Donna Karan, Ralph Lauren, Paulina Porizkova—in the news for her film debut in "Anna" and Esteé Lauder's image for the new fragrance Knowing—looks agog with original Jean Schlumberger bracelets. At Tiffany prices are steep; occasionally you can find them on auction at Christie's and Sotheby's. • Black creates drama in interiors as well as in extravagant dinner dressing. New York antiques dealer Niall Smith finds overscale Napoleon III ebonized furniture the look. At the Council of Fashion Designers of America awards gala Paloma Picasso wore Lacroix in black lace and waterfalls of fringe. • At La Grenouille restaurant Charles Masson designs exuberant floral fantasies inspired by Van Gogh, Monet, and Renoir. To celebrate the restaurant's 25th anniversary, his mother, Gisele Masson, threw a bash at New York's 4D nightclub. Francesca Masson, wife of Charles, was the star of the night with strapless short taffeta from Barra of Italy. • Award-winning Scaasi satin is worn to New York parties by Brooke Astor, Gaby Steinberg, Edna B. Morris. André Leon Talley.

Paulino, top left, with Schlumberger enameled bracelets. Left: A lacquered Napoleon III sofa with gargoyle arms from Niall Smith Antiques. Right: Paloma Picasso in Lacroix couture fringe.
GUCCI N°3
The New Classic
American's best-selling minivan*

Your first look tells you Aerostar is a superbly versatile mini-van, with a style all its own. Its design is sleek, modern, aerodynamic. The wind works for it, not against it. With luxurious touches throughout and its special options, Ford Aerostar is America's best-selling mini-van.

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This year there's a sporty model with dual front Captain's Chairs, special two-tone paint, unique interior appointments, and more. It's Aerostar with the good looks of the great outdoors!

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But Aerostar's success isn't based only on distinctive looks. Its standard 3.0L V-6 has multi-port Electronic Fuel Injection for easy starting and smooth running. It delivers spirited 145 horsepower. That's greater than any Chrysler mini-van. And it's powerful enough to tow an impressive 4900 lbs.**

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Aerostar's advanced styling gives you lots of useable space. It comfortably seats up to 7 people. Or remove both rear seats, and create 139 cu. ft. of cargo space. You can even convert Aerostar into a sleeper with a...

Nobody does it better... the 1988 Ford Aerostar.
coating seat-bed option.† All this in a mini-
that's a breeze to handle and park, prac-
ically anywhere, even inside your garage.
60,000-Mile Powertrain Warranty.
Covers major powertrain components for 6 years/
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apply. Also, participating dealers back their
customer-paid work with a free Lifetime
Service Guarantee, good for as long as you
own your vehicle. Ask to see these limited
warranties when you visit your Ford Dealer.
Fred. Best-Built American Trucks...seven
years running.
Based on an average of owner-reported
problems in a series of surveys of '81-'87
models designed and built in North America.
At Ford, “Quality is Job 1.”
*Based on manufacturer's reported model year retail deliveries through
July 31, 1987. **When properly equipped. Towing rating is reduced by
passenger and cargo weight in towing vehicle. †With optional rear
bench seat. Seat-bed optional on XL only.
Have you driven a Ford...lately?
Majolica treasure and chic garden tools...Classic sidesaddle...Ozbek olé—flowers and peppers for south-of-the-border mood.

People who shop at Niall Smith Antiques in New York: playwright Lanford Wilson loves his basalt candlesticks; Matthew Modine, star of Full Metal Jacket, bought a nineteenth-century bronze-and-iron standing lamp; Evangeline Blahnik, sister of shoe king Manolo Blahnik, takes lamps and lampshades from Smith’s shop onto the plane to London in place of carry-on luggage; George Malkemus of Blahnik satisfied his thirst with nineteenth-century faux-bois decanter and cups and bought a majolica garden seat. • Ideal gardening gifts are shears with horn or leather handles from Hermès, Paris. • At Breakfast at Tiffany, a frequent event showcasing table settings by designers and personalities: the Blaine Trump setting included all the frills of a Paris ballerina’s dressing room with extravagantly swagged columns from the Newel Art Galleries. • Sidesaddle takes the blue ribbon. The apron skirt, part of the strict classic habit, has often been a fashion influence. Annie Oakley wore it at a circus in Rome in 1890. Olivia Cox Fill rides in a sidesaddle class at the Dublin horse show. She won one ribbon and Kelly Klein three ribbons in last year’s Hampton Classic horse show. Klein says, “I would imagine sidesaddle is very difficult to do, but I think it’s very beautiful.” Olivia Cox Fill’s straw-colored wool habits are made to order at Bernard Weatherill. • London-based Turkish-born designer Rifat Ozbek re-created the Mexican look of his spring collection in flowers for his own apartment.

From top: Decanters and cups from Niall Smith; hot flowers with a dash of chili peppers by Rifat Ozbek; majolica garden seat; Hermès garden shears.
Fresh flowers always brighten up a city bedroom.
With this in mind, we have created the floral arrangement you see here. It is in our new lilac design called "Louise," found only at Laura Ashley shops.

Our Louise Collection provides all that the well-dressed bed and bedroom need.
Everything from sheets and pillowcases in 100% cotton to coordinating wall-coverings, fabrics, decorative pillows, pillow shams, comforters, dust ruffles and more.
To make an arrangement for your own bedroom, visit one of our shops or telephone 1-800-223-6917 (Canada 1-800-361-4473).

Until then, pleasant dreams.
styles of decoration shift inexorably. We now live with the glory of clutter, mixed patterns, and rooms full of stuff. But are things changing? It seems there is a return to the fun and sharp lines of the 1960s which first became obvious with last year's heightened hemlines. The editors of our '60s/'90s story show how arresting shapes, geometric patterns, Op and Pop are turning up in decoration, art, and interior design as well as fashion. In Rock 'n' Royalty, Gloria von Thurn und Taxis, with her Mary Quant hairstyle, short skirts, and guitar, also evokes memories of the period—against an improbable setting of the family's castles in Germany. And in a project that would fit the most idealistic of times artist Jennifer Bartlett and architect Alexander Cooper are joining forces to create a large public urban garden at the tip of Manhattan. In our lead piece a group of young designers take on New York's decorating establishment with a distinctive pared-down look. We call them The Clean Team. And we also report on living with birds, takeout food, and in His & Hers, on a married couple who have very different ideas of what is a tolerable mess. —Anna Wintour,
Gary Hager on the move, Rio de Janeiro.

The mantel in Stephen S. S.'s apartment supports 19th- and 20th-century photographs and pots of topiary rosemary. The tables stacked in front are Russian; a Hellenistic jar holds his working drawings.
Michael Boodro looks at five young New York decorators—Stephen Sills, Jed Johnson, Mark Zeff, Sam Blount, and Gary Hager—who are gaining visibility in the world of interior design. Each has a distinctive style, ranging from the poetically serene to the stripped-clean. But they share a desire to move beyond the traditional and the predictable—without succumbing to trendiness.
Don't expect false modesty when you speak to Stephen Sills. "I have a very persuasive way of creating an environment for my clients and making them think it's their idea and their taste," he confides. "I give them what they think they wanted, but it's always better than what they imagined."

His pride may even be warranted. His distinctive talent has taken him from Durant, Oklahoma (where he was born 33 years ago), to the grandest hôtels particuliers in Paris (where he worked on several of the legendary Renzo Mongiardino projects), to his accelerating career in New York. His clients now include broadcast executives, heads of advertising agencies, rising financiers, and other image-conscious, media-savvy Manhattan success- es. Yet any hint of hubris fades as this romantic slips into Proustian raptures over the curtains he once saw at the Brandolinas.

"What I offer is an original approach," says Sills, "a cleaned-up version of eighteenth- and nineteenth-century styles for a 1988 lifestyle." His spare Neoclassical look is enhanced by almost Surrealist juxtapositions of objects and his hallmark painted finishes, which can duplicate wood, wallpaper, or soft wisps of color. Even those might not be part of his repertoire forever, eager as he is not to bog down in the repetitiveness he finds among even the most established designers: "In another year I'll probably get out of that—or at least not do it in such a noticeable way.

As for high-style nineteenth-century furniture such as Biedermeier and Empire, he feels its current high prices are "just a trend decorators have created" and prefers relatively undervalued furniture of the eighteenth and early twentieth centuries—not that he's unduly budget-conscious or averse to making a profit. "It's just that I don't yet have those two-million-dollar jobs I want," he adds with a smile.

In Stephen Sills's studio apartment, left, a screen, found in a junk shop, stripped and draped with crumpled tissue paper. Opposite: Sills straightens up. For a client he created a serene setting with a painted mantel and striped wall treatment, set off by an American mirror, a Victorian side chair, and a 17th-century French tapestry screen.
Stephen Sills
Subtle Schemes
Jed Johnson, right, in his office in a converted factory building overlooking the Hudson, wields one of his most important design tools: his Rolodex. Top: In Johnson’s apartment superb groupings of English Art Nouveau clocks made for Liberty of London. Above: Richly colored American pottery by Fulper of New Jersey. All were acquired long before they become fashionable, attesting to the designer’s prescient eye.

Jed Johnson
A Zeal for Mission
He is so self-effacing that one has to strain to hear him, much as one did with his late mentor and longtime companion, Andy Warhol. But Jed Johnson obviously has a gift for what the French call placement. He managed to land himself in the quiet eye of the aesthetic storm that Warhol and his Factory crew unleashed in the late sixties.

His initial foray into design was the surprisingly Neoclassical house he decorated for Warhol a decade ago, followed by several projects for Peter and Sandra Brant and a Manhattan pied-à-terre for Pierre Bergé and Yves Saint-Laurent which presaged the vogue for late-nineteenth-century style. Now, after only six years, the firm Johnson formed with architect Alan Wanzenberg has attracted high-profile clients, including Mick Jagger, Carl Icahn, and the Sperone Westwater gallery for which he has created a spare new exhibition space.

Johnson still seems slightly surprised by his success. "I don't have a design background or any formal training," he demurs. "I look at all my various jobs as opportunities to learn. And I like to work in different styles. My work doesn't really have a signature to it." Even the extraordinary collection of Mission furniture in the apartment he shares with Wanzenberg was acquired largely after he decided the style was appropriate to the space.

If Johnson has no design dogma, it may be because he had early exposure to a wide range of tastes. Of his days in the Warhol entourage he remembers, "We were always so well received, always invited to the homes of collectors and social types. I saw a lot." He clearly picked up Warhol's astute instinct for what to buy when. "I rather like anything of great quality. Lots of people get obsessed with one kind of thing. I'm not that way."

Johnson's dining room is screened by leaded-glass pocket doors he designed. The room is an almost textbook example of the principles of Arts and Crafts leader Gustav Stickley, who designed the table, chairs, and chandelier. Photographs on the walls are late-19th-century portraits of American Indians and views of the West by Edward Curtis.
thought that in America, even if they
don’t have a tremendous amount of
culture, they certainly do have a tre-
mendous amount of guts.” That’s
what drew South African-born, London-
trained Mark Zeff to New York in 1982.
His spare, flexible schemes caught on
quickly, especially with people in the fash-
ion industry. Zeff is known for his emphat-
ic mixtures of unexpected modern classics
and new pieces of his own design; the fur-
niture is represented exclusively by Bar-
neys New York. He has a clear sense of
his role—and a philosophy that calls to
mind that of Andree Putman. “I’m reinter-
preting concepts in modern materials,
with a modern thought.” explains the 29-
year-old designer, who fearlessly drilled
a hole through the glass top of a $5,000 Le
Corbusier worktable so that the wires of
his VCR would fall less obtrusively.
Despite his Italian preppy style, Zeff has
a rebellious edge and rejects business-as-
usual in his profession. “Things don’t
have to be beautiful and expensive. Design
can also be reinventing. Spaces have be-
come smaller, people don’t have time,
there isn’t as much emphasis on detail.
Things have become more streamlined.”
Zeff’s propensity for innovation was en-
couraged during his training at London’s
Chelsea School of Art and, ironically
enough, by the paucity of work available in
that city during the late 1970s. “There was
no compromise.” Zeff says of the fanciful
projects he created on paper. “There was
no need for compromise because you knew
you were not going to get the job.” He
keeps himself open to experimentation by
not confining himself to interiors—or even
furniture. “It’s important to remember that
I’m not strictly a residential designer,” he
stresses. “I do enjoy every aspect of de-
sign. I’m an all-purpose designer. It’s dif-
icult for me to perform on a specialized
level, because I don’t think that way. I can
design somebody’s radio, and I can design
somebody’s home.”
Now that work is coming into MZD, his
four-year-old firm—from downtown lofts
to Park Avenue apartments and elements
of the redesign of New York’s Westbury
Hotel—things have become far less theo-
retical than they once were. “When I
work, the focus is not on Mark Zeff but on
the people who will use my designs. I do
have a style, a distinct way of doing things,
but with each client there’s a different way
of getting to the result—and the result is
not necessarily the same.”
Mark Zeff, left, on the ledge outside his midtown Manhattan office. Opposite: The spacious, flexible interior he created for a young photographer features low shelves, slipcovered metal chairs, and a club chair, all his own design. Eileen Gray rug from Ecart, rolling coffee table by Patrick Naggar. Top: A romantically deconstructed bathroom. Above: In his own apartment Zeff leans his terrace umbrella tied with a tassel.
Sam Blount
Regency Redux

In an apartment for a client, above left, Sam Blount assembled classic English furniture around a faux-pine mantel set off by pale walls. Left: A still life on the coffee table in the designer’s apartment shows his sensuous appreciation of objects. Above: Blount at his office seated in a child’s chair. Opposite: In his hall 18th-century architectural prints hang over a Regency table and side chairs.
Sam Blount’s favorite period is Regency. (“Isn’t everybody’s?” he says with a smile.) But there’s a world of difference between the way the 38-year-old designer uses it and, say, the way it’s handled by Sister Parish or Mario Buatta. A partner in the firm of Irvine & Fleming, Blount knows what makes his work distinct from the older generation’s. “I decorate in the same classic tradition of English and French design, but it’s filtered through a sharper and simpler eye. My style, perhaps, is more suitable for the complicated times we live in.”

In fact, if Blount’s work resembles that of any other decorator’s, it is the peerless Billy Baldwin’s. Blount has painted the hall of his Manhattan apartment in the glossy chocolate brown used by the master in his own flat and has extended its small size with floor-to-ceiling mirrors, a favorite Baldwin strategy. Blount also recalls Baldwin in his fondness for small-scale furniture—comfortable upholstered seating—and occasional unexpected touches, such as draping a piece of bright American Indian beadwork around the neck of a Neoclassical bronze floor lamp.

If Blount’s version of grand yet unpretentious style was formed during his idyllic Mississippi boyhood, it was forged by his rigorous training in interior design at the Ringling School of Art and Design in Sarasota, Florida. Indeed, his thorough background allows him to experiment within the bounds of tradition. Now his slightly offbeat approach to classic design is finding a ready audience in Manhattan.

Even Blount is somewhat surprised by the number of his clients, not to mention their youth. “There are more and more people in their early to mid thirties who want this couture level of design,” he says. “We have a lot of clients who, I think, are very young to be doing what they’re doing—really investing in antiques and art and interiors in a way that five or eight years ago wasn’t the case.” This influx of new clients has also precluded any competition with his better-known partners. “In the five years I’ve been here we’ve never not been very busy, luckily.”

Like his fellow Southerner Baldwin, Blount retains a gentlemanly modesty about what he is doing. “This field, perhaps more than any other, is full of people who are egotistical. I really do want to work hard at not having a tremendous ego. Obviously I find it unattractive. But I also think it hinders your creativity. It really does.”
Gary Hager, left, devised a modern and practical setting, above, for a collector of early-twentieth-century furniture, including Charles Rennie Mackintosh chairs, table by Charles Rohlfs, Dirk van Erp lamp, Gustav Stickley armchair. A Calder mobile provides a spark of color. Opposite: A Carlo Bugatti mirror reflects a rare Frank Lloyd Wright copper weed vase.
His driver's license became Gary Hager's entry ticket to the world of high-style decorating. He was hired by Parish-Hadley a decade ago at age 26 "because the chauffeur was on vacation." But what a glorified delivery boy he became, seizing the opportunity to view some of New York's grandest apartments. Hager has remained with the firm and developed an approach "less romantic, more tailored, and definitely more monochromatic," but it's clear that his major source of inspiration is Albert Hadley, whose skill in juxtaposing disparate objects with complete harmony is unparalleled. Hager's updated look is his major contribution. "But I'm not dogmatic. If the project calls for a more traditional look, I'm able to do that, too."

Decorating Editor: Carolyn Sollis
Rock’n’Royalty

John Richardson drops in on the Prince and Princess von Thurn und Taxis and finds high energy and humor amid the ancestral holdings
That ineffable magnifico and prankster Prince Johannes Baptista de Jesus Maria Louis Miguel Friedrich Bonifazius Lamoral von Thurn und Taxis is lying through his teeth. Of course he likes to boast. Given the dynastic treasure over which he presides, he hasn’t much alternative. True, Johannes says he is down to a mere six castles—from about a dozen before the war. But the surviving properties—notably the family’s principal seat at Regensburg (“I don’t like to boast, but it is bigger than Buckingham Palace”)—are crammed to the corbels with precious furniture, tapestries, and objects. Above all, objects: magnificent porcelain, gem-studded snuffboxes, dix-huitième jewelry, and enough antique clocks to require a full-time winder. There are also sufficient paintings to stock several museums—though mostly of ancestral rather than art-historical interest.

The Thurn und Taxis family, whose fortunes were, appropriately enough, founded by Franz the Rich (1459–1517), has traditionally acquired rare jewels and objets d’art—what Johannes calls “goodies” (“much easier to pack, my dear, when the barbarians come breaking}
Modern royal style: A contemporary sculpture, far left, by Brazilian artist Cristina Salgado stands guard at Regensburg. Left: A sketch by Christian Lacroix for a dress he created especially for the princess. Below: The family leaving church after celebrating Prince Johannes's sixtieth birthday.

“I'd rather do something badly,” says Gloria, “than nothing at all.”
Her towering hats, pouf dresses, and diamonds reveal that Gloria suffers from a deep-dyed dread of passing unperceived down the doors)—rather than unwieldy old masters. Many of his forebears were philistines. Johannes admits; nonetheless, he points with pride to his magnificent ancestral library at Schloss St. Emmeram with its vast holdings of medieval manuscripts, more than three thousand musical scores, and archives of the world's first postal service—it dates from the fifteenth century—which helped establish the Thurn und Taxis family as one of Germany's richest. Scholars have always been welcome to study there. "While on that subject, don't forget," says Johannes, "we feed several hundred poor people in the refectory every day."

"I don't like to boast..." Johannes's dynamic young wife, Gloria, born Countess Mariae Gloria Ferdinanda Joachima Josephine Wilhelmine Huberta von Schönburg zu Glauchau und Waldenburg, takes a no less dis-

**A rich ancestry:** Prince Johannes's grandmother, born an Austrian archduchess, dominated Schloss Taxis in the 19th century and now presides, left, over the Margarete Salon. Above: Princess Gloria displays a fondness for another kind of rock, a sapphire-and-diamond necklace with pearl pendant purchased in Paris shortly after the French Revolution by an ancestor of Prince Johannes.
Taxis, anachronisms manifest themselves at every turn

Ingenious line about her very different claims to fame. The towering witches’ hats she used to wear when she wasn’t sporting a punk hairdo aglitter with Marie Antoinette’s diamonds, likewise the pouf dresses puffed out like mammoth begonias that she has recently adopted, reveal that Gloria suffers from a deep-dyed dread of passing unperceived. But she puts her relish of the limelight to constructive ends. She is an inveterate life enhancer. Who but Gloria would succeed in persuading Prince—the rock-and-roll star, not her husband—to appear in a Munich nightclub and raise money for the burn clinic she has done so much to promote? Who but this actress manqué would take a leaf out of _Marat/Sade_ and try to rehabilitate the lunatics in the Regensburg asylum by getting them to act in avant-garde plays? (“Only slightly more difficult than training people to serve a meal properly,” Gloria recently commented. apropos a servant’s aleatory arrangement of a tea tray.)

And who but this misfit princess would have the gall, let alone the guts, to go to Harlem and belt out songs at the Baby Grand? Needless to say, she triumphed.

“’I’d rather do something badly,’” Gloria says, “’than nothing at all.’” In fact, she does most things extremely well, not least being a very responsible yet entertaining mother. Besides flirting with a career as a pop singer, she puts on satirical plays by the likes of Dürrenmatt and Max Frisch in the state rooms of Regensburg. She also encourages young artists to jazz up the stately walls of the castle with what the family jokingly calls Gloria’s school of Neo-Expressionism. Gloria’s school of Pop, Punk Kitsch might be nearer the truth. Whatever their category, her modern paintings and sculptures help take the curse off German pomposity. The princess is also a world-famous party giver. The only thing in which she claims to take little interest is decorating. She leaves this to others—to Mongiardino, whom she

(Continued on page 208)
Native American blankets in dark green designed by David James and Joel Schumacher. An old Santa Fe serving table is used as a desk. Styled by Jacques Dehornois.
James Truman talks to director Joel Schumacher about his remake of Rudolph Valentino's stables.
Rudolph Valentino bought Falcon Lair, a hilltop estate above a Beverly Hills canyon, in 1925. Thirty years old and at the height of his career, he swiftly transformed it into a suitable monument to his legend. The perimeter walls were extended and fortified to discourage interlopers, who interloped regardless. The stables were stocked with Arabian stallions and a large assortment of purebred dogs, and the house itself, an eighteen-room Spanish-style villa, was remodeled with marble floors, ornamental fountains, French and Oriental art and antiques, numerous portraits of the owner in theatrical costume, and a collection of medieval armor which, the fan magazines eagerly reported, had cost more than $100,000. If these foibles were a deliberate projection of Valentino's extravagant self-image, they were equally a reflection of the social ambition of his wife, Natasha Rambova. Falcon Lair was designed to be nothing if not socially competitive, but its advantages were never tested. Barred from the set of her husband's films, Natasha left him and returned to Europe. Within a year Valentino was dead, and with the death the full extent of his folly was revealed: Falcon Lair had virtually bankrupted him.

Baptized with the tragedy, the house went on to suffer the neglect and idiocy of several owners. By the mid 1930s, Falcon Lair had become uninhabitable, for the cult surrounding Valentino, far from dying with him, had grown to extraordinary proportions. Pilgrims arrived daily, scaling the walls, camping out on the grounds, all of them determined to penetrate the house and, in particular, Valentino's bedroom suite. There was the further liability of Valentino's ghost, heard stalking the corridors each night. Finally a real-estate company sealed the house, pulled up the floorboards, and unmasked the phantom: it was an elaborate sound-effects system that Valentino himself had installed shortly before his death. Nevertheless, the rumor persists that Falcon Lair is haunted.

The stables where Valentino once kept his four Arabian chargers had meanwhile been separated from the estate and converted into a single-story residence. Joel Schumacher, the Hollywood costume designer turned screenwriter and director, bought the building in 1984. Before making it into his home, he restored it as a stable. Although the original structure was intact, the interior had gone Beverly Hills: lacquer and paint hid what had once been unfinished wood: bookshelves,
"I wanted to feel as if I rode up to the house on a horse in 1922"
The singularity of the house is born of a truly rampant eclecticism.
Southwestern bias:
Schumacher keeps many favorite things, including a Mexican retablo, in the rough-hewn shelves over his desk in the living room. "I wanted to enjoy the house as I worked, to make it into a little oasis."
Opposite: In the guest room, a bomber jacket, saddle, old Santa Fe door used as a shelf, more blankets, and a Navajo pictorial rug.
Bold geometry: The guest room, left, holds an assortment of patterned rugs and pillows, old painted chests, an iron four-poster with chamois bedspread by Ralph Lauren. Opposite, clockwise from top left: Houseman Christopher Ely in skylit kitchen vestibule; entrance door to pool with cacti, native California grasses; in living room, more piles of blankets and rugs, a calfskin chair, and, through window, bamboo and ferns on the patio.
Playwright John Guare is hopelessly messy; Adele Chatfield-Taylor is impeccably neat. An eight-foot service hall keeps their apartments apart and their marriage together.
We decided to let HG photograph only the servants’ quarters of our fabulous fourteen-story triplex that runs from the eleventh to the thirty-fifth floor of the enchanting new Zekkendump Towers on the island beside Ellis Island. You know that sign you see when you’re sailing in on Malcolm Forbes’s yacht from a fireworks display and you’re in the brutal crosscurrent that flows around that island. (The island has the most fabulous history. It’s where those immigrants who arrived on Ellis with leprosy were sent: their descendants are here to this day and run errands and keep the windows clean and bring up croissants.) Adele and I passed Fiona Zekkendump’s review board and moved all our treasures—Precolumbian Impressionist/Avant-G Classics—and we live happily on Fiona’s time-share plan between here and Fiona’s mirror development in one of the newest gulags on the Nepalese border. We met Fiona in the laundry room, and she said she was going to get a place in the mountains. “The Berkshires?” we inquired. She looked at us aghast. “The Himalayas.” So that’s where we now spend half our time.

It wasn’t always like this. Once we lived in squalor in the Village. I lived on Bank Street—in what had been John Lennon’s apartment, and I would receive presents left outside the door virtually every day. the fans not knowing their idol had moved to the Dakota. Mid 1970s. I met Adele, who lived up the street. Love. Where would we live? Her apartment wasn’t big enough for one. My apartment, ninety feet long, was only two rooms and hard for two people who did a lot of work at home to find, as they say, their own space. The large apartment next door to Adele’s became available one magical night. I said farewell to Bank Street, and moved. Adele kept her apartment, but it’s not as if we had two apartments. What we have is Adele’s apartment and our apartment. Two apartments whose kitchens look across a service hall. Some people get disturbed by this. Adele’s mother said, “Well, are you going to knock the walls down?” We pointed out there were no connecting walls—only a service hall. She said it made no difference, we should knock the walls down anyway.

A friend, Leder Guerra (no relation, not The Guaregeist on the rampage. In his living room, above, a modern Jefferson chair, curtains by designer Elisabeth Draper, and bronze baby shoes coexist in the effusion. Opposite: Everything has its place in Adele’s living room where family pieces are arranged by design.
After I finally got married, my mother called me up one day and asked, "Now are you going to live with John Guare?"

"Certainly not," I replied, without hesitating. "Why let a little thing like matrimony ruin a big thing like good design?"

Frankly, cohabitation has never really come up. John and I have known each other and lived happily ever after for a number of years, but we have never actually lived together. We have two separate apartments, side by side, in a nice old apartment building in Greenwich Village. Thanks to the building code and an eight-foot-wide service hall, they are architecturally irreconcilable, and we have come to think that this is the secret to life and perhaps to happy marriage.

I was there first. And over the years my apartment—a tiny one-bedroom thing that is less like a house than a ship—has become my favorite place in New York. It took years to find a spot for everything, but once it got organized, the last thing in the world I wanted to do was move—especially in with someone for whom chaos is an operational necessity.

So when I was faced with the problem of Where to Put John, this second apartment solution was arranged by the gods, who one Sunday afternoon sent my neighbor around to announce that she was moving out and ask if I knew of anyone who needed an apartment.

My advice to anyone in this situation is annex, don't move, and your troubles will be over.

The separate apartment not only gave John a roof over his head and a space to work, it also completely solved the problem of how to deal with the fact that he and I are so different, a fact that has always obsessed our friends.

Actually, in the overall scheme of things, our differences have turned out to be minor. We each happen to have the one thing the other really cares about (punctuality), and the rest has been negotiable.

When you get right down to it, we even have a few things in common. We both like clutter. We both like having lots of things around to read and lots of places to lie down and read them. We both like cats and dogs. And we both inherited our inventory of worldly goods from respective family attics (in other words we have not exactly
HERS & HIS

chosen what we have; it has evolved down to us). John's things happen to be dashing Victorian and mine anonymous traditional, but somehow the objects are not dissimilar.

So what necessitates the two separate apartments is not the differences in the stuff, but our organization of it. And in this respect we are worlds apart, because John

wants his organized like a three-ring circus, and I want mine organized like a reflecting pool.

To begin with, the apartments had to be different to fit us architecturally. John likes big rooms with miniature things in them—strange miniature people from electric-train sets, Victorian dolls (the heads of which he found floating in the ocean), a twentieth-century plastic Chinese medical doll and an eighteenth-century ivory Japanese medical doll, a toy piano, and Rose and Louise, our pugs.

I, on the other hand, like small rooms but crammed with normal-sized things—as many sofas and chaise longues as possible, piles of books, silver anything, old family photographs, a bust of my great-grandmother, and her teapot.

John works at home and likes to move from room to room. He often works in bed on one project, for example, which means that it must be covered with books, loose-leaf pages and notebooks, detective stories, Bic pens, rolls of Scotch tape, a hole punch, scissors, staples, The New York Times, the mail, his Rolodex, the telephone, and the pugs. For another project he might work... (Continued on page 210)

Two organizing principles at work

Impeccable rows of Hermes scarves and jewelry, above left, are laid out for packing on her French bed. The antique bedspreud is from the South. Right: Ordered chaos in his bedroom next door—books, papers, pugs, and clothes.
actly where it is, sometimes for years at a time
The youthquake euphoria and graphic punch of the 1960s are back. Charles Candece reports

They say if you can remember the sixties, you weren't really there. But no matter how fuzzy your memory and no matter why, there are a sufficient number of signs now scattered throughout the cultural landscape to effectively bring back that turbulent time between Camelot and Woodstock.

Cynics might argue that a sixties revival was inevitable; that having snapped up the last boomerang-shaped coffee table and molded plywood chair the fifties had to offer, we now trudge dutifully on. But the current interest in the sixties is not limited, as it was with our acquisitive look at the fifties, to the memorabilia it offers. There is growing evidence that eager eyes now scan the rearview mirror to the sixties in search of inspiration, if not specific direction, for the nineties. A band of artists and designers appears intent on making its mark by reinvestigating, reconsidering, and reinterpreting that not-so-distant past. Predictably, and like the sixties itself, the products of their labors run the gamut from the welcome to the ridiculous.

Out on the streets, fashion's conspicuously rising hemline and renewed fascination with the sexy and sleek evoke fond—and precise—memories. No less riveting, though somewhat less exhilarating, is the use of vibrant color and pattern. Designer Stephen Sprouse has been mining the sixties vein since he first emerged in 1984. His current offerings include Day-Glo Mao-collared coats that Edie Sedgwick might have fancied and micro-mini sweater-skirts that would have worked for Ann-Margret in *Bye Bye Birdie*. As if to underscore the sixties motif, Sprouse drenched the entrance to his new Manhattan boutique in metallic silver paint. In Paris, Martine Sitbon recently sent bell-bottoms striding down the runway. The wide-eyed audience couldn’t help but take note of the freshly ironed neatness of the models’ hair as it streamed out of their Beatle caps. In Britain menswear designer Paul Smith conjures up Flower Power with shirts that sprout such quintessentially sixties flora as daisies.

Back in Manhattan, Carolyne Roehm’s variation on the fringed go-go dress took the over-thirty crowd back to the days of television’s *Hullabaloo*, and Michael Schmidt’s aluminum chain-mail sheaths no less emphatically recalled the time when Paco Rabanne wasn’t just a cologne. Geoffrey Beene bills the jumpsuit as “the most modern piece of clothing of today” and predicts a future in which both men and women will wear the unisex uniform. Beene also looks to the
A clear view of the clean lines of the sixties.
The Ghost chair by Cini Boeri and Tomu Katayanagi produced by Fiam for the Pace Collection provides a perfect perch for the resurgence of the decade’s styles—dress, gloves, and stockings by Geoffrey Beene; jewelry by Elsa Peretti for Tiffany; shoes by Manolo Blahnik. Hair, Christiaan. Makeup, Sonia Kashuk. Styled by André Leon Talley.
"déjà vu has become de rigueur,"

one critic noted of New York's
more progressive galleries
bold graphics of the sixties—"the polka dots, the stripes, the large-scale prints"—for their welcome clarifying effect.

"Déjà vu has become de rigueur," quipped one critic last November, referring to the reemergence of Op, Pop, abstraction, geometries, and the minimal in contemporary art. They call it appropriation, and its practitioners are a brazen pack of young artists who have stolen the spotlight from the early-eighties Neo-Expressionists by stealing from the sixties. Philip Taaffe has focused on Bridget Riley's dizzying Op canvases, for example. Richard Prince, using a process he somewhat unimaginatively labels rephotography, aims his lens at commercial images from the period.

Now, as before, the fascination with popular culture lives. Jeff Koons picks up such artifacts as inflatable rabbits and Bob Hope statuettes, which he then casts in stainless steel. Haim Steinbach cantilevers neat boxes off gallery walls, which he then stocks with such objects as Bold detergent boxes: Donald Judd meets Andy Warhol. As if to drive the point home, Columbia University, in conjunction with the Sonnabend and Leo Castelli galleries in New York, recently mounted an exhibition entitled "Similia/Dissimilia," which brought together 28 artists from the sixties and the eighties. Comparisons were invited.

Although the time it takes to raise a hem or cast a rabbit in stainless steel is appreciably less than the time it takes to design a room or construct a building, the winds of change do reach interior designers and architects. It just takes a little longer. It is too soon to tell whether the conversation-pit Michigan architect Gunnar Birkerts carved into the new Domino's Pizza corporate headquarters outside Ann Arbor or the Buckminster Fuller-like dome French architect Adrien Fainsilber erected at Parc de La Villette in Paris or the jazzy neon strips New Mexico architect Antoine Predock strung across his...
nostalgia, like memory, is highly selective. We pick and choose, reedit the script.
querque housing complex are isolated incidents or the promise of things to come.

Perhaps a more reliable source for gauging shifting currents in the design community is the annual Milan furniture fair. At last year’s exposition convincing arguments for a second look at the sixties were presented not only by newcomer Maarten Kusters, who introduced a sofa Laura Petrie might have loved, but also by veteran Cini Boeri, who introduced a chair formed from a ribbon of glass which would have been at home on the set of Stanley Kubrick’s 1968 classic 2001. For a while the search for things sixties required some minor sleuthing. You had to look on the back of the Talking Heads’ Little Creatures album, for example, to find the 1985 fab four all decked out in what looked remarkably like the 1967 Fab Four’s unforgettable Sergeant Pepper uniforms. Or you had to stay up late and descend into the... (Continued on page 213)

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Architect Adrian Fornellber’s new globe-shaped theater at Parc de la Villette in Paris brings back the future with echoes of Buckminster Fuller’s geodesic domes. Opposite: Richard Prince’s Untitled (Gang), 1982–84 is composed of sixties commercial images.
BIRDS OF A FEATHER

Living with birds can take off into an obsession, as Jennifer Conlin discovers.
Editor Lisa Love with daughter Nathalie and the volatile Golly. Opposite: Perched over his custom-designed cage by Patrick Naggar, Inc. surveys his realm.
Ten years ago Robert Woolley received a parrot as a gift. Suddenly the head of decorative arts at Sotheby's knew what to do with the four hundred pounds of Baccarat Art Deco mirrored glass he had collected. "I built an aviary," Woolley says matter-of-factly, referring to the fifteen-foot-long, six-foot-deep glass structure that now houses Rufus, his blue-and-gold macaw, and some eighty other birds.

Inca, on the other hand, can usually be found hopping down a lead staircase or sleeping in her custom-designed bronze and stainless-steel cage by Patrick Naggar. Rufus and Inca are the feathered fortunate—pets who have become their masters' birds of paradise. For their keepers birds are a source of beauty and entertainment, and unlike other pets, they can speak for themselves at cocktail parties.

"I can talk, can you fly?" asks Golly, a parrot owned by Lisa Love, Interview magazine's West Coast editor. One of the five birds belonging to photographer David Bailey has learned to imitate perfectly the ring of a telephone.

Many parrots, however, are uncomfortable speaking in front of strangers. Zara Metcalfe, assistant to movie director Susan Seidelman, worries about her parrot Oscar's upcoming movie audition. "He may scream a lot when the lights are focused on him," says Metcalfe.

It is hard for artist Hunt Slonem to ignore the sounds of his birds—a flock of feathered friends. Their communal nest is a 3,000-square-foot loft on the fringes of SoHo, which they share with two humans, two cats, a monkey, nineteen fish, and a small hedgehog. Although Slonem spends close to $5,000 a year on fruit and vegetables to feed his birds, he says they pay for themselves by inspiring the images of birds that populate his paintings.

Though parrots usually run in the thousand-dollar range, Lisa Love got her parrot Golly for a quarter the usual price. "He hated everyone," recalls Love, although Golly now loves his mistress.

Magazine editor Babs Simpson knows too well the problems of a jealous bird. Her bird, Tico, had the habit of dive-bombing any man that showed more than a casual interest in his owner.

Designer Fernando Sanchez has never had a problem with his cockatoos, parrots, and parakeets becoming too possessive of him. On the contrary, Sanchez seems to be running a bird brothel out of his New York apartment. "They all become couples," he explains.

Like Sanchez, artist Annie Kelly has also found herself the owner of passionate and productive parakeets. "I bought a couple that spread like wildfire," says Kelly, who lives in the hills of Hollywood with her photographer/writer husband, Tim Street-Porter.

Yet even though birds may be living, breathing objets d'art for many of their owners, any would-be bird keeper should think twice before making the commitment. Birds may be beautiful, but they are never so decorative that they are only seen—and not heard.
Center row from left: Editor Bob Simpson protected—as usual—by the jealous Tico; Karel Appel's evocative 1971 painting "Bird Sitting on My Shoulders;" Hunt Slonem's loft mixes birds in art and life; The Birds maestro himself, Alfred Hitchcock. Far left: A narcissistic parrot is given free reign over designer Fernando Sanchez's apartment. Center left: Cartier-Bresson's classic document of Matisse's lifelong love of doves.
The feathered fortunate are their masters' birds of paradise who live in a style to which their owners have become accustomed.
An aviary of abundant paint and feathers fills the downtown loft of artist Hunt Slonem. Opposite: Zara Metcalfe with Oscar, whose prospective film stardom has ruffled his feathers.
Collecting art is the actor's offscreen passion and he is as obsessive in his pursuit of paintings as he is in polishing his craft. Robert Hughes talks with Martin about stalking his quarries one by one. It's not just any painting he's after, but the perfect example of an artist's work.
The house does not look like much on the outside. It presents a closed, bland face to the street in Beverly Hills and makes no claim to style, which is just as well, given the usual mix of revivals—Hi-Concept Spanish Mission, Arbitrageur’s Tudor, Poodlebox Château—that surround it. Its whiteness, one might think, is the white inexpressive makeup on a mime’s face. No front garden or back one either: not the house of someone who likes mucking among the phlox and antirrhinums. Once inside, one realizes why. If ever a householder was fixated on Culture at the expense of Nature, it is Steve Martin.

For his fans (and count me among them), Martin is the great living American clown. If anyone at work today invites comparison with Buster Keaton, it is he. In his work, precision and a razor-sharp wit are refracted through a strange distanced sense of banality and gooniness to produce a mode of performance unlike anyone else’s. There is no standard Martin character for the audience to latch onto, nothing in common between C. D. Bales (his Cyrano de Bergerac in Roxanne) and Orin Scivello, DDS (the maniac dentist in Little Shop of Horrors). But behind each performance there is a passion for regularity, for the obsessive practice of technique. His genius as an actor is one of refusal, and this extends to his life offscreen, which he shields as best he can from the extortionate pressure to act like a star and be a consumable personality. And he does have a passion offscreen: he collects art. So does every true philistine in America, of course, but Martin is an extremely serious, not to say fixated, collector. Not for him the scattergun habits of so many hunters in these cultural wetlands, with their huge mixed bags of current fashion. Martin stalks his quarries one by one and is putting together one of the best small collections of its kind on the West Coast. His ideal is connoisseurship rather than stamp-collecting. “I don’t have a strong urge to complete a series,” says Martin. “The worst fear I have

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“I feel a need for the slightly edgy, different thing. America is full of collections on which enormous amounts of money have been lavished, and they all look the same because what is missing is the collector himself.”

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Roy Lichtenstein’s Ohhh... Alright, detail; painting shown on page 214. More from Martin’s collection on following pages and pages 214, 216.
I feel a need for an edgy, different thing. America's endless of collections on which enormous amounts of money have been lavished, and they all look the same because what is missing is the collector himself.

If one supposed the private life of a comedian would naturally be barnacled by weird, fanciful, or kitschy objects, one would be disappointed by the House of the First Amigo. Steve Martin's taste is so severe that it almost disappears behind the paintings; one can spend an evening in the house and scarcely remember a single piece of furniture the next day. No decorator has gone bananas in here. What isn't white is oatmeal-colored, and plain volume is all. Only Mary, the family cat, a hairy white Persian cloud ensconced on a small blue-checkered cushion, appears to be making some kind of textural statement. Martin does not go in for clutter, and things that might look like clichés in another setting—such as a basket of pearly, spiked, and speckled seashells from Africa and Australia—look exotic here simply because there are no other curiosities.

Steve Martin's education as an art collector began in the late sixties when he was majoring in philosophy at Long Beach State College in California. His income from TV writing—mainly scripts for the Smothers Brothers—enabled him to buy a few things, all long since gotten rid of: mostly contemporary work by California artists, including Ed Ruscha's print of the HOLLYWOOD sign, which he later sold in a fit of disenchantment with Hollywood itself. The habit of putting stray images on the wall turned into something more systematic in the early seventies, when Martin got curious about nineteenth-century painting and started buying the first art books in what is now a large and much-read working library. "My first experience as a collector," he recalls, "was very useful. I was had." He saw a painting in an antiques store on La Cienega Boulevard. The signature read John Everett Millais. The price was $750. "I thought the name sounded awfully familiar. So I ran back to the house, pulled out a book on Pre-Raphaelite painting, looked up Millais, and said, 'Holy smoke!' I ran back and bought it and took it home in triumph. Later I told an art-dealer friend about it, and he asked, 'Is it real?' " The question had never occurred to Martin. "'I don't know what you mean,' I said." He took it to another dealer.

"Good pictures grow with familiarity. They're the last luxury. An intellectual harem. A painting on the wall gradually peels off its masks and addresses you over time, not in some sudden flash. It's a permanent conversation."
who sent a transparency of the Millais to a colleague in London, Jeremy Maas, an expert on the Pre-Raphaelites. "Back came Maas's letter, and its first sentence began: 'This old thing ... ."

The much-circulated fake Millais was dumped, but the second dealer remained and became a fixture in Martin's life. He was Terry DeLapp, and over the years he helped Martin form the first stage of his collection. "Through Terry I got into nineteenth-century American painting. It was the mid seventies then—the prices were going up steeply, I wasn't earning enough, I was only just developing a feel for the stuff, so I never ended up with the paintings I could have gotten if I'd known more." What helped him develop an eye was working the college circuit between 1973 and 1976, "before I became a star."

Every American college had an art library by then, and not a few of them had collections, great or small, in which good examples of sometimes out-of-the-way work by nineteenth-century Americans could be seen. "I was touring all over the country. In every college I'd hit the library each day before the show; I was so fixated on the stuff—the way I get with the banjo or juggling or any other skill, really obsessed by it—that I began soaking it up."

The actor's retentive memory for lines worked visually, too. By the end of the seventies Martin had, as he self-disparagingly puts it, "a few good pictures and quite a few bad ones—not even bad ones by famous names but medium ones by people you'd need to be a specialist to have heard of—Edward Redfield, William Bradford." In fact, Martin's nineteenth-century collection was rather better than that. It included some fine work by Sanford R. Gifford and Inness, a Bierstadt landscape, and a delectable Winslow Homer oil, *Houses on a Hillside* (1879). The problem was that he had indeed come into the market too late to satisfy the picky instincts of a growing taste. There was no way Martin could hope to rival or even approach such long-developed collections of eighteenth- and nineteenth-century American art as the Ganz collection in Los Angeles. The good work was getting thinner on the ground.

Martin sidled into collecting modern art in 1978 when DeLapp sold him a 1935 landscape abstraction by Arthur Dove. To quit the nineteenth century and enter the twentieth was not a clear-cut decision, especially since...

(Continued on page 214)
Artist Jennifer Bartlett and architect Alexander Cooper collaborate on an ambitious urban garden for Manhattan's Battery Park City. Rosamond Bernier finds them in Paris as they complete the master plan.

Bartlett and Cooper's plan, right, for three and a half acres of gardens at the tip of Manhattan (see key page 206).
A BATTERY OF GARDENS
Not so long ago, the American painter Jennifer Bartlett and her husband, the German movie actor and writer Mathieu Carrière, bought a top-floor apartment in a landmark building in Paris. Located on a quiet street just north of the boulevard Montparnasse, it has a large flat accessible roof, huge and heady views of the city, and interior spaces on the scale of the grandest New York loft. Inside and out, it is a white-tiled island, in part her own making and in part the result of the pioneering spirit of Henri Sauvage, who designed the building in 1912.

That she should be integrated into Parisian life has never been one of Bartlett's ambitions. Nourished by last-minute calls to Fauchon on the place de la Madeleine and fired up by hour-long use of the telephone line to New York, she pads around the apartment in black and voluminous costumes of Japanese design. When faced with a new problem, she goes at it with teeth that were always ferocious but have now been ground—metaphorically, that is—to a very sharp point. She may well, in fact, be the most pertinacious person we shall ever meet.

And that is just as well, given the scale, complication, and social importance of the adventure on which she stumbled almost by chance over a year ago. This is a three and a half acre garden she is designing with Alexander Cooper + Partners for the Battery Park City Authority, headed by Meyer S. Frucher. The garden will occupy unshadowed ground at the southern tip of Manhattan and is part of some fifty acres of open park space running along the Hudson River and New York Harbor. In every way an ambitious project indeed, the garden has a vital part to play in the completion of what Paul Goldberger has described in The New York Times as "far and away the finest urban grouping since Rockefeller Center, and one of the better pieces of urban design of modern times."

At the time when ideas for the site were being solicited from artists, she had barely heard of Battery Park City and knew nothing whatsoever about gardening. It is true that some of her best-known work is based on a hideous and perfunctory garden in Nice. But that garden was used simply as a point of departure rather than as something to be admired or studied, let alone perfect-
ed. A real garden is something different—something in which nature takes a decisive role. Trial and error through many a season are part of it. The great gardeners are often sly, provocative ancients with a long patience. Bartlett’s methods are direct, headlong, and peremptory.

Besides, she didn’t want to get involved. “I knew nothing about the Battery Park City project except that it was a kind of competition. I wasn’t interested because I don’t like to compete in that way with other artists.

“They kept after me: ‘Please just come and look at the space.’ There was quite a large budget. It was to be a collaboration from the start. I hadn’t heard much about Alexander Cooper, the architect who’d been chosen. I really tried very hard to get out of it without being rude.

“When I finally went down just to look, there it was—a three and a half acre site right on the water with the Statue of Liberty behind it. It had been used as a helicopter pad. When I realized that it faced south and none of the buildings would cast a shadow on it, then I was sure—this has to be a garden. How many pieces of land are there in Manhattan that don’t have shadows?

“So I went to a big meeting of the Battery Park City people and told them that the only thing I was interested in doing was a very complicated garden, which would cost an enormous amount of money and be very expensive to maintain. I went on and on like that because I just didn’t care much what happened, and then I got a call to say I’d been chosen to do it. I learned later that they had all voted for me, not so much because they liked my ideas but because they thought I had plenty of them and would be flexible. Well, as we all know, I’m as rigid as the day is long. And relentless.”

What was being asked of her was not, as it happened, a solo act. Her ideas were not the only ones. As an ego trip, this

**Garden Variety**

Inspiration came to artist and architect from many sources. Bartlett’s visit to Monet’s garden at Giverny, opposite, helped germinate the sketch, left. Though not included in the final scheme, its ideas were the source for other gardens in the plan.
A plaid tiled floor is planned for a glass and anodized-aluminum house that will serve as a visitors center. Left: Grids, a Bartlett hallmark, also turned up in an early sketch of an herb garden. Opposite: Thyme lawns at Sissinghurst, an inspiration for the Battery Park herb garden.
project would rank low. Nothing could be more complete or more mutually enhancing than her working partnership with Alexander Cooper, who has been a guiding presence throughout the development not only of the garden project but of Battery Park City as a whole. Anyone who had doubts about that should have seen them at the end of a recent two-day working session in Paris. Where others might have left the handwork to assistants, Cooper and Bartlett could be seen bent over large sheets of drawing paper, hour after hour, coloring away like diligent children on one-quarter-scale drawings that were due for presentation.

Houses of one kind or another play a large part in Bartlett's iconography, but in this case it was for Bartlett and Cooper together to design the sequence of houses—each quite different in shape, size, materials, and function—that will articulate the garden. At the outset is a granite guardhouse. Next comes a glass house—not a house for plants but a structure of glass and aluminum, with a fireplace and some loose seating, which will become a visitors information and events center. Even the maintenance building—the largest of them—will have a dandified element with its board-and-batten copper roof and siding and its interior all of plywood. At one end there will be a pavilion made of Cor-Ten steel with a glass-block roof down which will come a cascading waterfall.

A longtime admirer of Jennifer Bartlett's work, Alex Cooper was stunned by her determination to be involved with every last detail of the work: “She brought up questions I had not thought about since my student days. I rethought them, through her.” Bartlett never shirks a question, old or new, but she realized that where gardens were concerned she was starting from way, way behind: “I’d never looked at a garden in my life. To me they were just an accompaniment to whatever building I was going to. So I called my friend Betsy Smith, the wife of the painter Richard Smith and a student of landscape architecture, and said, ‘I want to educate myself.’ She went out and bought me $4,000 worth of books. Within a day I was hooked. Obsessed! I liked everything so much—from three blades of grass growing through a piece of concrete to Le Nôtre’s gardens at Versailles.

“After that I went to see gardens all over the place—Hidcote and Stourhead and Sissinghurst, Kew Gardens and the Chelsea Physic Garden in London, Courances and Bagatelle and Vaux-le-Vicomte and Giverny in France, Bomarzo in Italy, Nymphenburg in Germany, Wave Hill and Central Park in New York. Old Westbury Gardens on Long Island, among others. I wanted to put all that experience—every bit of it—and much, much more into Battery Park City.”

With this in mind she and Cooper decided to have not a single garden but a series of 24 gardens, each one quite different from the other. Among others, there were to be—are to be—color gardens, hedge gardens, water gardens, an herb garden, a rose and perennial garden, a flower field, and a big orchard.

“I wanted something that was patrolled all the time and very well maintained, a protected space with incredible views which could be used all year round. We’re not a museum of plants, like the New York Botanical Garden. We’re combining plant material and architecture in a way that we hope will please people.

“That’s why this project is not Jennifer’s Garden. It’s a true collaboration between Alex Cooper and me with a landscape architect, David Varnell, as a consultant and with Alex’s associate, Richard Ashcroft, as the architect in immediate charge of the project. They’ve been wonderful to me and absolutely patient, to read a plan, to know what I’m looking at. When I give my ideas to Alex, he makes them better and finds solutions. Usually the solutions are technical and practical, and that’s what (Continued on page 206)

**Garden Power**

Hidcote and its hedge gardens, right, influenced the Battery Park City plan. Far right: Detail of drawing for one of two hedge gardens flanking the glass house. Left: Pastels in Bartlett’s Paris studio where she and Cooper made their final drawings.
"We want to provide an experience within the city which people couldn’t otherwise have"
I like it because it has the right mixture of people you might want to have dinner with and people you might want to avoid. Anyone who would go to such a desolate neighborhood where there’s the possibility of not finding a taxi to get out wants something a little bit more colorful than the usual soup du jour. Maybe the Canal Bar is interesting because it seems like it’s at the end of the world.

Ross Bleckner

For those of us who learned how to use a knife and fork at Odeon and chopsticks at Indochine, Canal Bar is just like home—waitresses who look and act like performance artists, pony-skin walls, food like Mom would have made if she’d studied under Wolfgang Puck, and all the usual suspects in their booths.

Jay McInerney
An old diner on the edge of SoHo gives its stellar young fans a new excuse to stay up late.
Jeffrey Steingarten predicts that by the year 2050
home cooking will mean reheating at 325°

N
o man ever gave up cooking because he
went back to work. Everybody knows that
today's takeout mania has two causes—
smaller households and working wom-

Item: By the year 2050 everyone in America will be living
alone.

Item: The average family size will be one person.

Item: All women older than eighteen will work outside the
home.

Item: All women will be older than eighteen.

Item: Everybody will eat takeout food at every meal.

Will you be ready when the year 2050 comes? I recently
devised a rigorous program of survival training, restricting
myself to upscale carryout food for a full month. First I
compiled a list of every crème brûlée joint and pâté mill
in Manhattan, 96 when I stopped counting. Then I method-
ically ate my way through them. I have seen the future,
and it gave me indigestion.

As a public service, I have distilled my
month of feeding on the run into seven
simple DOs and DON'Ts. Followed
scrupulously, they can ease your evolu-
tion into the total takeout future that
lies ahead.

DO something about your income.
Eating will be extremely expensive in
the year 2050. You will need an annual in-
come of at least $513,644 in current dol-
ars to get by. Grazing my way from one
end of Manhattan to the other, I found
that a modestly upscale takeout break-
fast, lunch, and dinner costs $40 plus $7
for a taxi. Department of Agriculture fig-
ures show that the average upscale family
of 3.2 persons spends 9 percent of its in-
come on food. The yearly food bill for
this family of 3.2 comes to $46,228, which calls for an income of $513,644.

I recently devised a
rigorous program
of survival training,
restricting myself to
upscale carryout food
for a full month.
I methodically ate my
way through every
crème brûlée
joint and pâté mill
in Manhattan

DON'T flaunt your home cooking. If you are hopelessly
out of step and insist on doing your own cooking, do it covert-
ly and tell your guests it's takeout. An enterprising publisher
has produced The New Carry-Out Cuisine cookbook with
300 recipes from 113 shops around the country so that you
can "entertain your friends in the manner to which they have
become accustomed."

DON'T go anywhere near a salad bar. There are two rea-
sons for this rule. First is hygiene. The squalid tenements of
imperial Rome looked like hospitals compared with a salad
bar at the end of a busy day. Unique among modern food-stor-
age methods, salad bars are unrefrigerated, uncovered, un-
guarded, and unregulated. There's no hard scientific
evidence as yet, but any month now I expect The New En-
gland Journal of Medicine to run an article called "Salad
Bars: The Silent Killer." The second reason is that salad bars
may include cold-pasta salad. In most parts of Italy they don't
even feed cold pasta to the animals. It is everything that pasta
should never be: inanimate, slimy, tasteless, rubbery, and
coated with congealed oil. Before the takeout mania struck,
nobody even imagined making cold pasta—the hot variety is
ready in a third of the time.

DON'T take reheating for granted. In-
terrogate every takeout chef, without
mercy if need be, about the perfect way to
warm up his masterpiece. If the answer is
at all vague, leave the place at once. Your
reheating should be the final step in his
recipe. You are about to cool it to room
temperature, refrigerate it until dinnertime,
and heat it up again by a hundred
degrees Fahrenheit, covered or uncov-
ered, in an oven or a microwave or on the
stove top at low, medium, or high heat for
fifteen minutes to an hour. Responsible
takeout chefs will adjust their ingredients
and methods with this torture in mind.
It's a scandal how few of them do.

Two places in Manhattan win my
award for Excellence in Reheating Phi-
losophy. Dinner from the Silver Palate,
warmed for

(Continued on page 211)
On a back alley close to the Pacific, the House of Collector Teresa Bremson shines like a diamond in the rough. Opposite the factory, the facades are visible from the beach one block away.
Against the gritty backdrop of Venice, California, architect Arata Isozaki creates a gleaming showcase for art.

Martin Filler takes its measure

When great architects go to foreign countries to carry out important commissions, they often take on smaller projects that under other circumstances they might not accept. In and around Tokyo, for example, are two houses and a school that Frank Lloyd Wright designed when he journeyed to Japan in 1916 to build the Imperial Hotel. Now Los Angeles can claim a superb small residence by Arata Isozaki that came about as a happy by-product of the Japanese architect's labors on L.A.'s Museum of Contemporary Art, which opened at the end of 1986. After it was announced that the Tokyo-based Isozaki had been chosen for the MOCA job, he was approached by Teresa Björnson, an ambitious young patron of the arts. She proposed an extraordinary scheme: a
The main room is a huge gallery for strong works including, from left, a Maria Merz assemblage with motorcycle, Richard Long's Mud Circle, and a Robert Rauschenberg assemblage with bathtub. Fluorescent ceiling fixture, table, and leather-upholstered wooden pallets were designed by Klaus Rinke.
The house is entered through a walled courtyard with sculptures by Richard Long, foreground, and Klaus Rinke, left. The NO SHOES sign on the glass-paned door was done by the owner's friend David Hockney.
In the master bedroom, left, a maple bed thirty inches tall—the same height as similar tables in the gallery and dining room—designed by Klaus Rinke. Paintings are Ed Ruscha’s Miniature Girls and a 1977 Andy Warhol, Female Torso Triptych. Flooring throughout the house is also maple, all laid in a north-south configuration. Top: Architect Arata Isozaki. Above: Collector Teresa Björnson in her dining room.

In stark contrast to the forlorn surroundings of the oceanfront community of Venice (which became popular with artists in the early eighties and has since grown fashionable), the pale gray stucco and glass-faceted Björnson house gleams like a diamond in a rough setting. The relatively small budget at the client’s disposal forced Isozaki back to the geometric purity that has always been one of his strengths as a creator of architectural form, and the virtual absence of detailing in this simple scheme must be seen as a major factor in its success. Japanese architects like Isozaki are familiar with the demands of having to build in cramped urban settings much like the back-alley lot this house occupies. But what made Isozaki an especially intelligent choice was his experience in designing art galleries. He has completed five so far, with several more under way, and has an unusual sympathy for the place of art within an architectural context.

The Björnson house, rectangular in plan, is essentially an elongated stucco box with three pairs of symmetrical triangular skylights. These angle down from the flat roof almost like eaves, and the resulting “gable” of the north elevation reads like a pitched roof. The combination of these oversize windows, symbolic of the artist’s studio, and the pitched roof, elemental sign of the house, neatly sums up what this structure is all about. Two thirds of its volume is given over to one vast gallery. Although four chamfered skylights cut its upper corners, this imposing room is a double cube, twice as long (48 feet) as it is wide (24 feet) and high (24 feet), a modern reinterpretation of a Classical architectural format. The harmoniously proportioned space possesses a commanding presence underscored by its Minimalist demeanor. Aside from a handsome wooden table and two chairs, the only furniture is a pair of leather-upholstered wooden pallets. There one can sit or, if so moved, recline while looking at works by Sam Francis, Richard Long, Mario Merz, Robert Rauschenberg, Ed Ruscha, and Robert Therrien. The more mundane functions of daily life take place in shipshape private quarters neatly fitted into the upper portions of the remaining third of the building. Those rooms are as meticulously but quietly finished as the rest of the house. The kitchen, baths, and bedrooms are of a spartan quality wholly unexpected in Los Angeles today. And although it is quite plain, the house is also subtly luxurious and more than a bit self-conscious in its simplicity. It is a private shrine to art, further evidence of the growing devotion in southern California to what has been called our modern religion.

Architecture Editor: Elizabeth Sverbeyeff Byron
There's a passion for color and decoration in this Tudor seaside house where Stephen Spender visits with painter Mark Lancaster.
month ago I went to visit my friend the painter Mark Lancaster, whom I have known for more than twenty years, at the house he had recently acquired in Kent on the south coast of England. "Why did you come back to England?" I asked.

He smiled in his slightly enigmatic way and said, "I don't think of it as coming back. I think of it, rather, as the most recent stage I have arrived at."

I used the words come back because I thought of him as settled in New York, where he had gone to live and paint in the early seventies. He took a studio in Greenwich Village and, for ten years beginning in 1974, worked as factotum for Jasper Johns. Mark also designed sets, costumes, and lighting for over twenty of Merce Cunningham's dances.

"Another reason why I don't think of this as coming back," he said, "is because the country here is so completely different from Yorkshire, the part of England where I was born and brought up. I worked there for five years in the family business—textiles. I am the first member of my family in four generations, in fact, to have abandoned this business. And when I studied art, it was at the University of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, also very different country from Kent.

"I saw this house advertised in a newspaper and was at once attracted to it, partly on account of its being in Kent. My family had gone to Kent for our holidays when I was a child. Apart from that there is something about the idea of Kent that appeals to me. The very name has a certain roughness that I like, whereas the name of the adjoining county, Sussex, has a coziness I don't like."

Mark Lancaster is right, of course, about Kent's roughness. Men of Kent are traditionally staunch defenders of England; their homeland is the nearest point of approach for continental leaders bent on invasion. In 1940, Hitler was expected to land here from sea and by parachute. The famous squat towers called martellos were built as watchtowers and fortifications against the threatened invasions of Napoleon.

Even the coatroom, opposite, with its 19th-century hall chair, Portland vase, and American clay pot is washed in color—an intense sea green. Above: A scene from Tudor seaside life, the conservatory has Lloyd Loom chairs and an American rocker.
The house where Mark Lancaster lives with his friend David Bolger, an American painter—and also with their gigantic Great Dane and Weimaraner—stands near a martello tower. It is built of ragstone and has a Kent peg-tile roof. The façade that faces the sea has bay windows surmounted by a crenellated parapet. This makes the house seem, in a toylike way, to play up the theme of a coastal fortress.

"The earliest date to which we can trace the house is 1840," says Mark. "It is built in the style I call Tudor Seaside and is the kind of house prosperous Victorian businessmen went down to for the summer with their families, like the places rich New Yorkers have on Long Island. Such houses were found in a book of architectural designs. You chose the picture you liked best and said to the architect, 'I want you to build me one like this.'"

The house stares through large windows across a patch of lawn with wiry green grass and a wind-whipped tamarisk tree at the center, which looks like an irate turkey-cock. The lawn ends at a wall; two steps below it is a seafront where walkers exercise their dogs; beyond this is a pebbly beach with breakwaters thrusting into the waves.

I said to Mark: "Oscar Wilde insisted that the horizon seen from the English side of the channel looks like a line drawn by an angry governess with a ruler across a blank sheet of paper."

"Well, it could hardly seem less like that today," said Mark. "But it changes every time you look."

"I can't imagine your ever leaving here," I said. "There is something so final about a house that seems stuck collage-like against the sea. It is a terminus—not a juncture between arrival and departure."

The interior is spacious and rather rambling. Upstairs, Mark and David have adjoining studios. On the walls of Mark's studio, where we were talking, I saw 150 small paintings, variations on Andy Warhol's famous image of Marilyn Monroe. Mark explained, "The shock of Andy Warhol's death got me going on these paintings. It seemed incredible. Andy was one of those presences that always stay with us. He helped me in America. I worked for Andy on my first visit there in 1964."

On the easel in Lancaster's second-floor studio is one of his Post-Warhol Souvenirs, a series of 150 paintings being shown at London's Mayor Rowan Gallery this spring. Opposite: Mark Lancaster, photographed on the window seat in the drawing room, which overlooks the sea. The sculpture is a 19th-century bronze cast of a 16th-century statue of Mercury by Giambologna.
The house stares through large windows—across a patch of lawn with wiry green grass.
We went downstairs to the ground floor. Drawing room, library, and dining room seem to open onto one another. Light inundates these rooms—from the sky and reflected from the sea—so that everything appears to float in colored air like Turner paintings of interiors bathed in light that makes furniture seem like splashes of vermilion, yellow, and blue.

"When I started painting here," said Mark, "the subjects seemed given." In several paintings he has set what is the "given" inside—Staffordshire china dogs, for example. Sometimes he paints the picture frames on the canvas, ornamenting them with images of pebbles. In a few of the rooms Mark's pictures are hung high up on the walls near the ceilings and have the hallucinatory effect of making objects within seem framed.

Paintings are prominent objects throughout the house—notably in the drawing room where there are three Duncan Grants. The largest and most important is of Vanessa Bell, Virginia Woolf's sister. The drawing room also has an ornate Adam-style chimneypiece that's been decoratively painted by David Bolger. Mark calls the style of this chimneypiece "false Adam or Adamant." On top there is a Roman-style marble bust of Napoleon, flanked by Jiaqing vases and—outflanking them—two English majolica vases.

Plates, vases, teapots, pictures, statues, and busts abound. The bronzes are mostly nineteenth-century versions of ancient Greek originals. The ceramics are Chinese antiques as well as contemporary and early-twentieth-century works. One is reminded of what seems to be a contradiction between the collection Andy Warhol kept at his home, which scarcely any of his friends ever visited, and the works emanating from his Factory. But perhaps there is no contradiction here. An artist's taste may reveal itself quite differently in the objects he gathers around him and in the work that he creates.

In this house there is not the faintest trace of the hand of the decorator. This is a house chosen and a collection made, arranged, and embellished by two friends—with a gusto that makes the objects gathered here the elements of a work of art.

Bloomsbury taste mixes with Victorian in this colorful and ornamental scheme. Clockwise from upper left: A 1986 table lamp by Quentin Bell, Virginia Woolf's nephew, sits on a Scandinavian satinwood chest; the drawing room's painted chimneypiece is "false Adam or Adamant," says Lancaster; a 1927 painting by Cedric Morris hangs above an Empire canapé; the pottery is Poole and Keith Murray Wedgwood; dining-room tables and chairs are turn-of-the-century pieces by George Walton; the sofa is covered in animal skins; an office cupboard holds books in the library.
reveals itself in the objects he gathers around him
Plates, vases, teapots, pictures, statues, busts abound.
Calling for Help

As more and more of us have less and less time, personal service may be the only way to get it all done.

I have a friend—and don’t we all?—who seems to have been put on earth expressly to make me feel incompetent. She’s one of those serene, unflappably elegant women whose lives run like Vacheron-Constantin timepieces, smoothly ticking along while mine seems to lose more time each day. Despite a demanding job, she maintains a flawless figure and an immaculate apartment, serves exquisite little dinners at the drop of a hat, and never has so much as a sagging hem or ragged nail to betray her as merely human. How does she do it? Where does she find the time?

The answer is that she finds time where most people might not even care to look: the ungodly hour of six-thirty in the morning sees her beginning a workout with her home-fitness trainer. Once showered and dressed, she leaves a note for her grocery-shopping service, and her bills and checkbook for her financial organizer. On her way out she meets her floral arranger, who is on his way up to her apartment, arms laden with fresh-cut blooms for her dinner party that night.

Between crises at the office she arranges to meet her hairdresser and manicurist at home, sets up a later appointment with her seamstress—who’s coming to review her hemlines in light of the return to bared knee-
Never settle for less.

“I looked for something different. And found myself with More. More cigarette. More pleasure. Adventure has its rewards.”

SURGEON GENERAL'S WARNING: Smoking Causes Lung Cancer, Heart Disease, Emphysema, And May Complicate Pregnancy.

17 mg. “tar”, 1.3 mg. nicotine av. per cigarette by FTC method.
When she returns home, her apartment has been transformed with bouquets of fresh flowers, her desk cleared, and her groceries stowed away. In the kitchen a trainee from the neighborhood cooking school is whipping up dinner for eight; in the bedroom her hairdresser waits, blow-dryer in hand. By the time the first guest rings the bell, all the elves have cleared out, leaving our heroine in triumph.

Nowadays the harried urbanite needs somewhere to turn. The result has been an explosive growth in home services—limited in scope only by the imaginations of their clients.

Despite this fact, it's not always easy to find what you're looking for: even a good friend may become uncommunicative if she thinks you're trying to steal her precious sewing woman. But if your friends fail you, you can turn to a professional service broker who will be the middleman to find you reliable services. You can also consult the service directories that have sprung up in major cities around the country. In addition there are hundreds of small businesses that provide specific home services or combinations of several.

Many of the services you're looking for won't be listed in the yellow pages, so it pays to be imaginative. One woman I know found a college student to catalogue her private library. Another advertised at the New York School of Interior Design for an art student to organize her massive collection of family photographs. You can hire an art-installation consultant, but if all you require is someone with artistic sense and a good hand with a hammer, you could ask a gallery or art school for a recommendation.

For broken chair legs or scratches or burns on furniture, some craftpeople are willing to make house calls for light repairs or refinishing. If you have chandeliers, you need occasional cleaning; there are heavy-duty cleaning services to handle this, or you can ask a multisevice company to tackle it for you. Free-lance consultants and tutors can help those baffled by computers, VCR's, and other electronic gadgets that seem to have become an inescapable part of homelife.

Most major cities have one or two full-service companies that can arrange just about anything a client could reasonably ask. These, for instance, excellent services that go by the unfortunate names of Rent-A-Wife, Rent-A-Mom, and Renta Yenta. For example, if you get bogged down around the holidays, Renta Yenta will find someone to trim your tree, provide carolers for a party, and even cook a traditional dinner for twelve. Similarly, New York parents faced with entertaining forty of little Serena's kindergarten cohorts will be glad to call on Marcia Cantarella of Mom's Amazing for help with this and other child-related dilemmas.

And today, the full-service building is making a welcome comeback, catering to its tenants' every need. Divna Vukanovic, the resident concierge of the New York building on Chicago's Lake Shore Drive, will arrange to feed pets; water plants; receive deliveries; schedule and oversee repair people; pick up and deliver dry cleaning and laundry; cater a romantic dinner for two complete with flowers and wine; find a maid; send a gift basket; get tickets to the symphony, theater, or any sporting event; hire a limousine; organize travel; and buy your groceries. Similarly in New York a luxurious new condominium building at 60 East 88th Street offers every service found in a first-class hotel, even—Oh, luxury of luxuries!—turning down the beds.

Caroline Berry

**Home Services**

**MULTISERVICE COMPANIES**

**F&L Associates** (212 752-2879). Based in New York, F&L refer to themselves as an independent concierge. Their motto is "We Do Just About Everything."

**The Intrepid New Yorker** (212 534-5071). New Yorkers can count on Kathy Bradstock to arrange for a wide variety of services in the home.

**Merry Pop-Ins** (312 235-1300). Chicago's Tom Bassman and his loyal staff will house-sit, tend pets, and care for your plants, but that's just the tip of the iceberg. Since 1949 he's also provided grocery shopping, unusual child care (including a "P.M. Package" of after-school help), and cleaning.

**Renta Yenta** (818 907-7807). Lila Greene and her staff will pick up your mail, water your plants, grocery shop, house-sit, and more, in all major cities.

**Service Service** (312 829-4559). Call Anne Jenkins, Chicago's "service broker," for help with almost any service request.

**HOUSE-SITTING, PET CARE, PLANTS**

**Canine Feline HomeCare** (312 248-3292). Chicago-based pet care in your home.

**Chicago House-Sitting and Pet Care** (312 477-0136).

**Complete Bird Service** (212 677-1631). In New York. Grooming and training consultations.

**Leslie Dougherty** (312 528-2209). Chicago cat therapist makes house calls.

**Greene Valley Pet Care** (213 453-2327). Suzanne Greene and George Kopek provide expert attention for pets, and plant care, in Los Angeles.

**Pampered Paws** (212 222-8041). Pam Sprosy of New York provides pet care in your home and delivers pet food, too.

**Pet and Plant Nanny** (213 278-3187). In Beverly Hills area.

**Pet Tender** (818 343-4308). Will look after your pets in the West Los Angeles-San Fernando Valley area.

**Carole Wilbourn** (212 741-0397). A cat therapist and author of *Cats on the Couch* and other books. Carole has traveled as far as Hawaii to make house calls on emotionally troubled felines. Her motto: "You have cat. I will travel!"

**FLORAL ARRANGEMENT**

**Anthony** (212 737-3303). This Upper East Side establishment provides New Yorkers with weekly floral installations, as well as special party flowers.

**Arboritum Flowers and Plants** (213 656-2700). Partners Dennis Tobin and Mark Rhoads do flowers for such Los Angeles clients as Bijan, Merv Griffin, and Linda Ronstadt.

**The Crest of Fine Flowers** (312 256-3900). Caters to what is still known in Chicago as the carriage trade. They will do weekly floral arrangements and special events.

**Daniels & Ferrar** (212 685-2878). Stacey
The Elegant Touch

New designs, crafted to give you accessible luxury
Corolle, Feuille, Pétale, Feuille, Pistil.

DURAND INTERNATIONAL
Wade Blvd., Millville, N.J.

Available in Canada
through Northdale Importing Inc.
Designs by Jody (312/234-0625). Jody Elling not only does weekly installations and party flowers for Chicago-area homes, she'll arrange for party linens, china, and rental furniture and send out the invitations.

Feast of Flowers (212/861-8900). New Yorker Ripley Golovin designs beautiful fresh and dried-flower arrangements.

Heap O' Fleurs (213/653-6923). Christie Mellor's and Gail Simon's Los Angeles floral design studio does weekly installations and special events, using fresh flowers or their own home-dried ones.

Michael Fenner (212/219-0099). Discerning New Yorkers have regular accounts with Michael Fenner for exquisite floral arrangements year-round. He and his staff also plan and maintain plant installations and roof gardens.

My Son the Florist (213/935-2912). For seven years Wilbur Davis has been providing wonderful weekly arrangements for Los Angeles clients. He will also deliver loose flowers for those who enjoy doing their own arranging.

A New Leaf (312/642-1576). This Chicago florist does weekly flower installation as well as special events.

Stamens and Pistils (212/593-1888). Owner Asa Ige consults with you to find the best floral arrangements for your home.

Grocery Shopping
Most multiservice companies will do grocery shopping (see above).

Groceries to You! (312/975-3518). In Chicago call Steve Martin for shopping at your preferred store. He delivers seven days a week anytime between 7 A.M. and midnight and will also do errands.

Grocery Express (415/641-5400). This all-delivery market, which provides groceries, fresh produce, and butcher-quality meats to clients in San Francisco, will be operating in the East Bay and Marin County next year. They deliver seven days a week between 8 A.M. and 10 P.M.

Bill Paying/Secretarial
Many multiservice companies provide secretarial, bill-paying services.

Dial A Secretary (212/348-8982). In New York, temporary secretaries for the home.

The Office Organizer (818/363-8444). In the Los Angeles area Deborah Sands will also come to your home to set up your filing system, do bill paying, organize your closets.

Private Secretaries (415/346-2157). Transplanted New Yorkers Staley, Cayce Sednaoui and her partner, Reese Willis, provide secretaries from their hand-selected staff on a part-time, day-to-day, or temporary basis to San Francisco and the Bay area. They can help with bill paying, invitations, Christmas cards, errands.

Secretaries Only (212/685-3355). In New York.

ART INSTALLATION
If you have a relationship with a gallery, ask for help or referrals.

Peter Butterfield Art Services (312/475-3805). Expert arrangement of fine art works in the Chicago area.

Terry Dowd (312/342-1808). Terry Dowd does art installation for museums and galleries and will also come to your home in the Chicago area.

Carl Nardiello (212/242-3106). In New York, for home consultations on placement and installation.

PERSONAL COMPUTER/ELECTRONICS
Audio Video Salon (212/249-4104). Will do in-home consultations in New York City for people with VCR difficulties or those who wish to purchase a VCR.

The Equalizer (914/337-2677). In New York area, eleven years of consulting experience to help solve your PC problems.

Ted Shapiro (212/787-3132). Will help you and your children with Apple computer programs and problems in New York City.

Furniture Refinishing/Polishing
Furniture Refinishing and Polishing (212/477-4210; eve. 675-1545). In New York. Will do repairs and treat burns and scratches in your home.


CHILDREN'S ACTIVITIES
Merry Pop-Ins (see above). Provides many child-related services in Chicago.

Mom's Amazing (212) 580-1495). In New York, Marcia Cantarella can organize a party for your child, screen prospective caregivers, and provide you with shopping lists for monthly meal planning.

Rent-A-Mom (212) 275-0055). In the Chicago area Rent-A-Mom will supply short-term (four hours minimum) nannies for working parents who can't stay home with sick children.

HOME-FITNESS TRAINING
Daren Black (213) 204-4609). Gives Los Angeles area patrons in-home workouts, designs individualized programs.

Body Design by Gilda. Gilda Marx's staff can bring workouts to your home. Call one of four New York salons to set up an appointment.

The Executive Body (212) 242-3900). Nancy Burnstein, author of 30 Days to a Flatter Stomach, will give personal fitness training in your New York home or office.

Tracy Frank (212) 627-3554). In New York. Fitness instruction, nutritional counseling, massage. Frank and staff will bring services to you, also make personalized exercise videotape.

Natalie Miller (213) 458-1515). Miller, a chiropractor, provides a wide range of personal fitness services in the Los Angeles area, including consultations for posture, back pain, nutrition, and massage referrals.

Pam Phillips Fitness (312) 441-8041). Phillips and her staff provide custom fitness training in Chicago's North Shore.

Pam Seastone (312) 327-3582). In the Chicago area she will come to you with a one-hour fitness training session.

Train with Laine (212) 794-1134). New Yorker Laine Jastram will bring her full-hour workout to your home with exercises specifically aimed at your problem areas.

Masseuses from the Chicago area will give personal fitness training in your New York home or office.

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What do you mean, no one looks at the ceiling?

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Creative Commodities

A tour uptown, downtown, and crosstown tracks the new wave of original wares in Manhattan

Before Ad Hoc, Turpan & Sanders (now D. F. Sanders), and the Museum of Modern Art gift shop redefined housewares, it was just a section in the local hardware or department store. Then came Zona (97 Greene St., 925-6750) and Clodagh, Ross & Williams (122 St. Marks Pl., 505-1774) with a range of inspired goods that moved far beyond the well-designed wastebasket. With the renaissance in the past two years of handcrafted, one-of-a-kind accessories for the home, more than a dozen new stores have sprung up in Manhattan to satisfy and spark the rebounding interest in the distinctive object. Shop hours vary, so call ahead. The area code for all numbers is 212.

CIVILISATION

We never knew cultural development could be so much fun until we got to Civilisation. There is no mistaking the art background of partners Evie McKenna and Mitchell Soble, who met in graduate school at New York University. In the mix of artist-made items that set one’s mouth a-grinning and head a-spinning are ceramics by Californians Tom Garson and Susan Pakele, jewelry by Linda Hesh, baby photo albums by Kathy Troup Greenberg, “toys” by David and Susan Kirk, witty stick-figure candleholders by Acme Robots, and so much more that you will never get through it all. (78 Second Ave., 254-3788)

ARCHETYPE

From March 24 for about a month, partners and designers Robert Gaul and Iris De Mauro will be presenting at Archetype their second annual work-in-progress show with thirty of their more than fifty artists represented. Everything at Archetype—glass, furniture, jewelry, lighting, ceramics—is handmade and one of a kind or a limited edition. And everything is chosen by Gaul and De Mauro to live up to the shop’s name: the perfect example of a type or group. New at the shop are wool rugs by Vlasta Volcano and Robert Gaul and overscaled torchères and sconces of spun aluminum by Clement Schlatter available in eight metallic finishes. (411 East 9th St., 529-5880)

JERRYSTYLE

Down a few steps below street level and safely tucked behind bars lies the treasure of Jerrystyle. Owner and designer Jerry Van Deelen fashions furnishings—mostly light fixtures and accessories—from bits and pieces, manufactures new limited editions, and enhances his collections with special finishes and a variety of bulbs—gray, gold, and white—that make the shop glow. For that special something with classical overtones, Jerry’s your man. (23 East 4th St., 353-9480)

SEE

Aside from its obvious message promoting thoughtful observation, SEE stands for Spatial Environmental Elements and is the creation of two architects, Leora Douek and Carolyn Walton. The furniture here comes mostly from Spain and Italy and is colored (as in black, white, and gray) and designed (meaning multifunctional) for urban living. A wood table by Robert Heritage and Roger Webb adjusts from cocktail to dining-table height. La Literatura bookcase by Vicente

From Nolte, top, horsehide chair by Eberhard Mueller; table, dish, and vase by Tarsten Neeland. Above: Tables and tableware at Giles & Lewis. Left: A wood cabinet by Doug Redmond, candleholder, from Archetype.
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SHOPPING

URBAN BOB-KAT
Kathy Flora and Bob Flora are the design team behind Urban Bob-Kat, and custom-made furniture is the name of their game. The Floras draw up a sketch based on a model chosen by the client from those in the showroom and then have the piece made up in plywood or composition board, disguised by any number of the dozens of paint finishes and veneers offered. Wall and entertainment units are their specialty, so go to Urban Bob-Kat, please, to hide that big-screen TV. (130 Spring St., 925-7170)

WALLENGREN/USA
Henry Wallengren believes Americans do not do enough to support their own craft artists, and he is making every effort to ameliorate the situation at Wallengren USA. Nine months ago he moved across the street to a space five times larger where he continues to mount monthly shows of mostly ceramic work intended for the collector of decorative art as opposed to the buyer of decorative accessories. A distinction of concern to this shopkeeper. Vessels predominate, though platters and chargers are an important part of the collection as are steel pedestals, aluminum-and-ebony consoles, and sculpture. (75 Thompson St., 966-2266)

DOT ZERO
Dot zero is the symbol used in mapmaking for point of departure. The stock of stuff at Dot Zero ranges from a mousetrap for $2.95 to a glass-and-steel table for $950. But it is especially worth detouring to this shop because owners Kevin Brynan and Harvey Bernstein followed the matte black road of good design by way of the fun house. For the nostalgia nut Dot Zero stocks the model kit of the Invisible Man, a mini movie viewer, Slinkys, Lava lamps, and astronaut ice cream. And for the too-serious gamesman and the class clown come basketballs painted to resemble the globe and dice the size of side tables. (165 Fifth Ave., 533-8322)

LAZY SUSAN
At the rate it is growing, Lazy Susan is perhaps a misnomer. Within the past six years seventeen stores in Japan and one in New York have opened, soon to be followed by a bigger and busier Susan on Madison Avenue. Although Lazy Susan's collection of glass from Italy, Austria, and Japan is handsome, the assortment of small gifts is the best reason to head to the automatic doors at Third and 62nd, where you'll find an unraveled selection of kits (tool, desk, manicure, shaving, sewing, shoeshine) and cases (cigarette, card, powder). For the desk set there are all manner of pens, clocks, frames, organizers, and notebooks, and for the romantic, perfume flasks. (1049 Third Ave., 355-3663)

ROGERS-TROPEA
Just over two years old, Rogers-Tropea has already moved once to a larger location, the better to accommodate the patchwork of "American craft for urban living," which is its essence and subtitle. Owner Cynthia Rogers focuses on smaller home furnishings—"strictly American and extremely contemporary—meaning anything from high tech, Postmodern, or new wave to Memphis-inspired or post-tech Flintstones." Rogers predicts that articles such as end tables with built-in lamps by Todd Nee and spoons and cheese knives of sterling silver with semiprecious stones by Mardi-Jo Cohen are the "heirlooms of the future." (1357 Third Ave., 249-8310)

ATMOSPHERE
There is little reminiscent of Italy on the Upper East Side unless one stumbles across Atmosphere, Riccardo Sirignano, an Italian architect, and his American business partner, Jeffrey Mechanic, offer everything from small manufactured pieces (of which ninety percent come from Italy) to custom design (a wall unit Riccardo designed for the shop has been adapted for domestic use) to interior design. Atmosphere carries lamps, chairs, and bookcases by Zeus and the new Maarten Kusters sofa for Edra which was a bright light at the dim 1987 Milan furniture fair. Among smaller items, an oil-and-vinegar dispenser and canes that conceal a fishing rod or flask are particularly clever and well chosen. (1724 Second Ave., 996-3500)

CONTRE-JOUR
The "longevity" of Bill Roach's two and a half year old shop on a street famous for retail turnover attests not only to his astute eye but also to the clarity and beauty of his presentation. Within a small space he has neatly arranged handmade and machine-made objects in elegantly simple steel-and-glass cases from France. Old (silver-plate reproductions of the Orient Express coffee service) and new (candlesticks of hydrastone and metal by Da Vinci) mingle with the witty (a bee clock by Dan Schnur and a record clock by Tim Eames) and the newly classic (the Delta vase by Matt van Schijndel). (190 Columbus Ave., 877-7900)

AVVENTURA
If glass is your passion, there is no more indulgent spot to head for than Avventura. Appropriately named, since owner Marc Hurwitz forsook law after discovering Murano glass on a trip to Venice, this store stocks all kinds of tabletop items including flatware and ceramics. But most of its rich wood display cases are devoted to glass—eighty percent Italian—from studios as well established as Venini to newcomer EOS. Avventura offers a bridal registry and prices so fair that customers have been known to buy a gift and tell the recipient it was hand-carried from Murano. (463 Amsterdam Ave., 769-2510)

GILES & LEWIS
The brevity of Giles Forman's philosophy toward his shop—"I like to buy"—accounts for the breadth of goods available at Giles & Lewis. Formerly a practicing physician, Forman now devotes himself to packing in a passel of designed and design-y objects encompassing furniture by Charles Jencks and Eileen and Eero Saarinen, objects from Swid Powell and Alessi, a smattering of appliances, and the uncommon: copper vessels by Cobre, snappy plexiglass bookends by Ron Fleeger, and a variety of tables by Christine Schilling, Jason Fort, and Will Stone. Not surprisingly, Giles & Lewis has run out of room at its present location and will be moving one block south. (464 Columbus Ave., 362-5330)

Heather Smith MacIsaac
FINALLY, a modest yet meaningful Lands’ End position in Swimwear.

(HIS, HERS, AND OURS)

Our first foray into the market was in men’s swim trunks back in the 70’s—your basic, no-nonsense trunks the men of that day actually swam in. They sold well, but in our preoccupation with marketing other Lands’ End items, we took our eye off the swimwear business.

Then later (dare we put it this way?) we dipped our toe into the water once more by introducing a tank suit for women which—for reasons too painful to recount—was a disaster.

Clearly, it was time to regroup. Following a long dry spell, we decided to try again. We formed a committee of three: a men’s buyer, a women’s buyer, and the representative of a quality swimwear manufacturer. And contrary to the history of most committees, this one worked.

For men, it defined the Lands’ End role as the source of the basic swim trunk, offered in a few sound styles, made of quality fabrics, in popular colors, and priced to reflect attractive value. Our catalogs bear witness to how well we’ve succeeded. (One trunk sells for just $12, believe it or not!)

For women, we were slightly more adventurous. But we wisely (we think) concluded that women don’t come to us for swimwear that will put them on the cover of that national sports magazine. No. They want something slightly less incendiary, that attracts but also fits well and wears well. Something they’d be comfortable including in a typical two or three swimsuit wardrobe.

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Speakers are surely the most vulgar part of an audio system. Their very name proclaims it. Like unwelcome guests unaware of their intrusion, they can inflict as much upon the eye as upon the ear. And they present a design challenge that has largely been solved by keeping them as much as possible out of sight. Today, however, with speakers available in many different shapes as well as materials and finishes one can obtain the best in audio without slighting aesthetics. The products of this new design awareness are not to be found in the average department store audio department or discount house. The finer home speakers are sold instead through specialized dealers and cost anywhere from $1,000 to well over $10,000. They require turntables and disc players and amplifiers of similar sophistication. I have chosen four designs, vastly different in price, size, appearance, and sound—but each deserving of consideration for a system more subtle than just plain loud.

The **Magneplanar MG-Ill**a ($1,995; Magnepan, 1645 9th St., White Bear Lake, MN 55110). These extraordinary speakers have no cabinets but are panels that stand 72 inches tall, 23 inches wide, and barely 2 inches thick, and come covered with off-white, black, or brown cloth. The tweeter—the source of the ethereally light and high-pitch frequencies—is a 60-inch vibrating ribbon two to three microns thick. The result is an intoxicating openness and clarity. Since they project sound backward as well as forward, these speakers are very sensitive to where they are placed, and the bass response can vary. But the result suggests that the room is creating the sound, not the speaker.

The **Celestion System 6000** ($4,600; Celestion, P.O. Box 521, Holliston, MA 01746). This British-made speaker system—its squat industrial-chic appearance in matte black belying the refined definition and simplicity of the sound—may be one of the most unusual-looking ever designed. It consists of two speakers put together: Celestion's ordinary-looking but subtle SL600s—small box speakers with cabinets made of black aluminum honeycomb—resting atop the System 6000's bass speakers, which are about a foot and a half in each dimension and weigh 76 pounds a piece with bulbous black-grill hemispheres protruding from the black metal frame. These speakers are expensive indeed,
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require two amplifiers to drive them, but are so revealing and musical that they are the ones against which I now measure all others—my reference system. Most subwoofers that reach as low as these are boomy, indefinite, and hyped, as though imitating the strident beat of a disco. These speakers, however, are well mannered, modest, and stirring in an unobtrusive manner. They are designed to acoustically dissolve the boundaries of the room. Celestions will even provide a custom computer printout displaying ideal sonic placement. These are not for the faint-hearted or budget-minded. They commit one to an elegant audio system and are among the speakers that define the state of the art.

The Thiel CS 2 ($1,550; Thiel Audio Products, 1042 Nandino Blvd., Lexington, KY 40511). If there were any justice, these speakers by a small American designer would displace scores of other models on dealers' shelves. Their appearance (similar to the higher priced and more sonically thorough Thiel CS 3.5) is unassuming: a 39-inch pillar of wood with a diagonal slice taken off the front. These speakers do not offer the bass of the Celestions or the expanse of the Magneplanars, but they are sweet and accurate and open, offering a clear window on the music. They create extraordinary imaging with the instruments arrayed before one in three-dimensional space as though each were a real object played by a real body, voices full and human, with no artificial emphases. In the high-end audio world the Thielers are known as a best buy.

The Meridian M30 ($1,950; Madrigal, P.O. Box 781, Middletown, CT 06457). These compact English-made speakers—15 by 7 by 12 inches—have some of the virtues of the Celestion's upper range and a surprising amount of bass, but they do sacrifice a bit of sonic transparency as the price for their small size. They can be placed on stands or shelves and are "active" speakers—they contain their own amplifiers and are themselves plugged into power lines. This means that a minimal system requires only a CD player (like Meridian's 207) with appropriate outputs plugged into the speakers. They are thus surprisingly versatile and flexible.

There are other small speakers worthy of note, such as the Pro Ac Tabletttes ($595), and other grand systems that perfectionists must hear to believe, such as the new $10,000 Infinity IRS Beta system with its four five-foot towers of polished wood. These speakers, like those mentioned above, make demands on interior design, but no one could ever think of them as vulgar. Edward Rothstein
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The desk lamp takes off in a variety of new shapes

Not so very long ago the modern desk seemed to have only one kind of light—some variation on the drafting lamp. But then, in 1972, Richard Sapper produced his now-classic black model, and a steady stream of designer lamps with halogen bulbs followed. What about today? Is it simply a case of “if I am to be fashionable, only a slick black lamp will do”? Not at all. Current designs vary in both shape and material, and there is a multitude from which to choose. Here is a small selection that can change the look of your workplace.

Amicia de Moubray

Lamp by Mario Villa, top, 26" high, $500 from Gallery of Applied Arts, NYC. Above: Tolomeo, 47" high, $335 by Artemide; for nearest dealer, call (516) 694-9292. Below: Gobbo, 18" high, $169.95 from Lee's Studio, NYC.

Torch lamp, 27" high, left, $250 from Furniture Club, NYC. Center: Lamp by Eileen Gray, 17" high, $1,600 from George Kovacs, NYC; Pacific Showroom West, San Francisco. Below left: Loop lamp, 34" high, $350 from SEE, NYC. Below: Precipice, 31" high, $660 from CyMann Designs, NYC; Boyd Lighting, San Francisco.

Background paper: Gold, Silver, Copper No. 208, $70 a panel (40" x 108") from the Moondust collection by Anya Larkin Ltd., NYC. Terra-cotta tiles (4" x 4") from Country Floors, NYC and L.A.
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The Canyons of L.A.

Multimillion dollar properties, bohemian bungalows, architectural landmarks—the canyons have it all

Canyon living can be treacherous. A few days of rain can trigger mud slides of epic proportions. Once everything dries out, it’s time for the summer fire season when raging Santa Ana winds can bring a sense of impending apocalypse. Milder misfortunes include poison oak and coyotes that howl during the night and devour neighborhood cats by day.

Still, the canyons of Los Angeles have considerable allure. They tantalize with the concept of country living in the city. They tempt by offering some of the region’s most enchanting architectural treasures. They seduce with prices that are considered a value compared with those on flatter terrain.

The canyons slice through the rugged Santa Monica mountains—starting at the westernmost point with Topanga Canyon—which rises above the Pacific Ocean. They run to the east along Sunset Boulevard (Santa Monica, Rustic, Mandeville, Sullivan, and Kenter canyons), curve through Bel-Air (Stone and Beverly Glen) and Beverly Hills (Benedict and Coldwater), and wind down in Hollywood (Laurel, Nichols, Beachwood, and Bronson). Except for the scruffy outreaches of Topanga, known to some as Woodstock for its large ex-hippie contingent, the Westside canyons have the higher-valued properties as a rule.

SANTA MONICA

RUSTIC/MANDEVILLE

Once considered wild, uninhabitable, and inaccessible, Santa Monica and Rustic canyons have attracted hearty individualists and earnest Who’s Who of Hollywood luminaries. Will Rogers built a weekend cabin and polo field above Rustic—which looks just like it sounds—and by 1928 he had the mettle to sell his house in Beverly Hills and move to the Rustic area permanently. (His estate is now a state historical park.) The rich and famous are still drawn there—agent Jeff Berg, rock star Kim Carnes, television producer Steven Bochco, actor Jeff Bridges, painter Sam Francis, to name a few—and the abundance of gated electronically guarded estates testifies to the continuing attraction of privacy.

Furthermore, the area has a cultural past. Gordon Davidson, artistic director of Los Angeles’s Mark Taper Forum, and his wife, Judi, recall the day seventeen years ago when they first stepped into their two-story English-style house in Santa Monica Canyon—which they have since embellished with "very modest" remodeling by Frank Gehry. "There was something kind of wonderful and mysterious about it," recalls Davidson. It turned out that not only did the house once belong to John Houseman, Davidson’s mentor, but in the 1930s and ‘40s it was the residence of actress-screenwriter Salka Viertel, who regularly hosted Sunday salons for the likes of Thomas Mann, Bertolt Brecht, Christopher Isherwood, and her dear friend Greta Garbo. "All those ghosts were in the house," says Gordon.

Then there are practical considerations. "It’s freeway-close, you can walk to the beach, it’s got the best air in town," says designer-builder Brian Murphy, who has built some twenty houses in the canyons, most in Santa Monica and Rustic. "The flats have all been built up, so that leaves only the steep hill-sides for new construction. But the more severe the site," grins Murphy, "the more severe the solution."

Indeed, one of the great attractions of Santa Monica and Rustic canyons is that since the thirties so many famous architects have come to live and work there that the canyons are known as "Architects’ Alley." "There’s so much Modern of significance," says architectural historian Robert Winter. "Neutra, Harris, Abell, Kappe." Ray Eames still resides in the house her husband, Charles, designed in Santa Monica Canyon; and architectural critic Charles Jencks lives nearby in a house designed by Charles Moore’s firm. Moore Ruble Yudell. Raphael Soriano built in the neighborhood, as did Craig Ellwood. Eero Saarinen, working with Charles Eames, designed his only house in southern California there. Nearby Mandeville Canyon offers less architectural excitement but is zoned for horses, and many of the homes sit on ranch property. The larger ranch houses sell for upward of $1.2 million. Cliff May, the canyon’s renowned resident ranch architect (see HG Notes, page 39) has put his own estate, Mandalay, on the market for $20 million.

STONE/BENEDICT/COLDWATER

For sheer elegance there’s Stone Canyon, in Bel-Air, without doubt the most consistently expensive gulch. Bursting with bougainvillea and the music of chirping birds. Stone is composed entirely of estate properties and the eleven and a half acre Bel-Air Hotel. Realtor Stan Herman is asking $6 million for his one-acre English-country mansion with...
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There’s one catch to living in the canyons of Beverly Hills: you may not really be in Beverly Hills. About halfway up both canyons the address technically becomes Los Angeles, even though the mail gets delivered by the Beverly Hills post office. Besides a serious dip in prestige, living above the dividing line in the Beverly Hills post office area does not include access to the acclaimed Beverly Hills cops or the school system. "But," says Joyce Rey, general manager and cofounder of Rodeo Realty, "there are those people who want to be up the canyon and prefer the privacy." She explains that Merv Griffin recently paid an astonishingly low price of $4.7 million for a 157-acre lot atop Benedict in the Beverly Hills post office district.

**LAUREL/NICHOLS/BEACHWOOD**

Laurel Canyon, exulted by Joni Mitchell in "Ladies of the Canyon," and neighboring Nichols Canyon are bargains compared with Beverly Hills. It’s still possible to buy a tiny prewar shack jammed against the hill for $200,000, and prices go up from there. The roads are tangled, the gardens unmanicured, and the houses offer a feeling of seclusion and a lack of pretension, that is, if you can ignore the satellite dishes stubbing the mountains. New stars like Michael J. Fox buy first homes in Laurel. Artistic David Hockney has long roosted above Nichols.

Actress Susan Ruttan of television’s L.A. Law recently bought a typical Nichols-style house, an adobe hacienda built in the forties, which she describes as "having a lot of oops." "What she means is—Oops, the walls don’t quite meet. Oops, the archway into the kitchen is short. Oops, the fireplace in the living room is off-center. But," she says, "it’s a house that suits me. It’s not perfect. It’s casual..."

Farther east is Beachwood Canyon, and it’s not likely to be found on many maps of the stars’ homes. Beachwood has traditionally attracted studio technicians, history buffs, and eccentrics, for it is one of Hollywood’s oldest neighborhoods, lying in the shadow of the landmark Hollywood sign, originally erected to lure buyers to the real-estate development undertaken there in 1923.

In Beachwood the narrow roads wind around like those in the mountains above Nice, while the architecture is such a charming hodgepodge—Hansel and Gretel cottages, medieval castles, classic Italian villas—that the entire canyon looks as if it belongs on a studio backlot. Price tags hover around $375,000. That’s a bargain for the hills, even when it rains.

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The estates of two idiosyncratic collectors—Andy Warhol and Liberace—go on the block this month

Mounted outside the boardroom in Christie’s Park Avenue headquarters is a Charles Addams cartoon from The New Yorker. In it an elderly woman addresses a butler while a gentleman, one guesses her husband, lies facedown on the parlor floor. “Perkins, you call my lawyer,” the caption reads, “and I’ll call Christie’s.” An exercise in black humor, perhaps, but also a reminder that since the eighteenth century—long before the auction fever of the past few years, the eight-figure paintings, the Wall Street-Tokyo new-money collectors who buy and sell Renoirs like children trading marbles—Christie’s and rival Sotheby’s have managed, catalogued, and disbursed the contents of many great estates of Europe and America. Addams may have exaggerated a bit, but he did not exaggerate much. The past few seasons have seen some fabulous collections come to the block: at Christie’s that of the Henry Mcllhenny estate and of the Doheny library, at Sotheby’s that of Baron Lambert. But none of these are as extensive as the sales this month when both Christie’s and Sotheby’s showcase the extraordinary collections of two celebrities of our age. From April 9 to 12, Christie’s, in association with Butterfield & Butterfield of San Francisco, will host the sale of Liberace’s estate at the Los Angeles Convention Center for the benefit of the Liberace Foundation for the Performing and Creative Arts. In New York from April 23 to May 3, Sotheby’s will have their sale of the estate of Andy Warhol—the most extensive single-owner sale the house has offered in New York—for the benefit of the Andy Warhol Foundation for the Visual Arts. Although both sales are exceptional not only for the number and quality of lots but also for their provenance, they do not differ in kind from the old-fashioned estate sale.

In the case of Liberace, an eclectic buyer and compulsive collector, there are 2,500 lots scheduled (the Mcllhenny sale of last year pales at a mere 936 pieces), from the contents of five homes in Las Vegas, Hollywood, Lake Tahoe, Malibu, and Trump Tower in New York City. The performer was known as an avid bargain hunter who frequently traveled incognito to antiques and garage sales because he feared his identity would inflate prices. An indiscriminate buyer, he bought to please himself and often purchased less-than-perfect items he would later fix himself. “If you had suggested years ago that Christie’s would present Liberace’s estate, I’d have said, ‘I think not.’” says Christie’s representative Jane de Lisser. “But this illustrates how the firm has moved into the twentieth century. Some of the pieces are unbelievable—and there’s so much of it. When we came into the houses for the first time, we found cupboards and closets absolutely jam-packed with things, many of them still wrapped.” In addition to what he called his “happy-happies,” the collectibles of which the performer was so fond, the

Two works included in the Andy Warhol estate auction at Sotheby’s April 23–May 3: Jasper Johns’s Light Bulb, top, is estimated at $40,000–$50,000, while Cy Twombly’s Untitled, above, may fetch $300,000–$400,000.
The Ralph Lauren Home Collection is available at:

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NEIMAN MARCUS
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sale features several custom pianos, including a Bluthner concert grand that employs four strings for each note and is the last of its kind in existence; a Baccarat crystal table reputed to have belonged to the Maharaja Bahadur Shah II of India; several custom automobiles; and, of course, many of Liberace's famous outfits. The sale is estimated to bring $3 to $5 million and will be the final, and perhaps grandest, performance of a grand personality of whom it was said, "If he loved something, he bought it."

By contrast, Sotheby's sales of the Andy Warhol collection over ten days in New York will show a side of the artist rarely glimpsed even by those who had known him for years. "When I first stepped into the house," recalls Robert Woolley, Sotheby's vice president and head of the decorative arts department, "the word that came to mind was unexpected. Everything was so un-twentith century. And this from the man who started Pop Art. People will be surprised." The sales, expected to bring in excess of $10 million, involve all of Sotheby's departments except Judaica, and lots include important American Federal furniture, folk art, Art Deco furniture, Wiener Werkstätte and Puiforcat silver, French art glass, antique wristwatch- es, American Indian art, and, of course, works by Warhol's contemporaries.

Like Liberace, Warhol was a bargain hunter who bought as he pleased. His eclectic taste, however, was combined with a passion for quality. Warhol would buy the absolute best examples of a period—especially nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century art and furnishings—but as soon as other collectors began to show interest he got out. According to his friend, critic John Richardson, who has written an introduction to the sale catalogue, "Despite the seemingly haphazard nature of the collection, there was a very definite pattern to the way Andy acquired. He possessed an innocent but canny eye which, coupled with the fact that he paid no attention to the dictates of fashion, kept him always ahead of the game."

In Warhol's house, hip-deep in merchandise, 26 departmental experts and four full-time specialists inventoried the more than 3,000 lots over several weeks. Sotheby's has not stinted on publicity either: besides view- ings in their New York showrooms and at the Warhol residence, the auction house has mounted a traveling exhibition appearing in Los Angeles, Chicago, Frankfurt, Cologne, London, and Tokyo. Sotheby's is betting people will line up to view—and buy—the relics of Pop's patron saint. "He had a special eye," notes John Marion. "It's fascinating to people to see the fruit of a lifetime of collecting."

Indeed this seems to be the nut of estate sales: heirs seek liquid capital, collections seek new homes, and buyers seek the benefits of the collector's acumen. To this end, both Sotheby's and Christie's employ specialized estates departments whose job it is to identify and cultivate potential clients, and, once the estate is to go on the block, they also coordinate appraisals and inventory items. "We are most often contacted by the executors of an estate," says Andrea Krahmer, assistant vice president in Estates and Appraisals at Christie's, "but when we become aware that an important collector has passed away or is disbursing his collection, we will contact the executor and present our services."

"Andy possessed an innocent but canny eye which kept him always ahead of the game." (Continued on page 203)
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jewelry, personal mementos, which are inventoried even if the family keeps them. With a grand person it’s especially poetic—McIlhenny, for example, was a great host, and everything spoke to that. Often it’s sad, too. But as one collector said, he was just the caretaker of these pieces, and it is exciting to see a collection disbursed to a new generation of buyers. It’s a stand against mortality.”

Certainly the sale of a great estate or collection is a memorable event, an odd combination of public reputation and private life in the form of a lifetime of accumulated artifacts. Their appeal is undeniable. This month Liberace and Andy Warhol will join the Windsors, McIlhennys, Goulds, Spiegels, and others whose lives have been catalogued for posterity. “Some sales will stay with me for the rest of my life,” says John Marion. “There’s certainly an emotional reaction for me. It’s bittersweet—sweet because the pieces are passed on and loved, bitter because the owners aren’t around to enjoy them.” Their presence, however, endures. Especially, as in the case of Liberace and Warhol, when the proceeds from the estate sales will benefit the arts for many years to come.

David Lisi

April Sales

Butterfield & Butterfield
220 San Bruno Ave., San Francisco
CA 94103; (415) 861-7500
April 9–12: Liberace estate
April 20: Contemporary paintings, California painters

Christie’s
502 Park Ave., New York, NY 10022
(212) 546-1000
April 6: Chinese works of art
April 9–12: Liberace estate
April 11: Silver
April 14: Magnificent jewelry
April 23: English furniture
April 26: Photographs

Christie’s
8 King St., London SW1Y 6QT
England; 839-9060
April 14: Important English furniture
April 22: Important old-master paintings
April 27: Jewelry
April 29: Bernasconi Collection: 19th-century Italian paintings

Christie’s
Palazzo Massimo Lancellotti, Piazza Navona
114-00186, Rome, Italy; 654-1217
April 18: Furniture, objets d’art, porcelain
April 19: Old master and modern prints, watercolors

William Doyle Galleries
175 East 87 St., New York, NY 10128
(212) 427-2730
April 6: Americana
April 13: Important estate jewelry
April 13: American paintings
April 27: Fine English and Continental furniture, decorations, and paintings

Grogan & Company
890 Commonwealth Ave., Boston
MA 02215; (617) 566-4100
April 21: Copley Society art auction: work by living artists
April 23: 1940–50s sale: retro furniture, objects

Guernsey’s
136 East 73 St., New York, NY 10021
(212) 794-2280
April 23: Carousel auction in San Francisco: fairground-related material

Hart Galleries
2311 Westheimer Rd., Houston, TX 77098
(713) 524-2979
April 8–10: Antiques and objects in Austin
April 29–31: Antiques, objects

Morton Goldberg
3000 Magazine St., New Orleans, LA 70115
(504) 891-8421
April 30: Estate sales, French and English furniture, decorations

Rosebery’s
3–4 Hardwick St., London EC1R 4RB
England; 837-3418
April 26: Ceramics and glass, silver and jewelry

Sotheby’s
1334 York Ave., New York, NY 10021
(212) 606-7000
April 6: English pottery and porcelain
April 7–8: Chinese works of art
April 13: Important silver
April 18–19: Magnificent jewelry
April 23–May 3: Andy Warhol estate

Sotheby’s
34–35 New Bond St., London, W1A 2AA
England; 493-8080
April 11: Oriental manuscripts and miniatures
April 13: Islamic art, carpets, and textiles
April 14: Jewelry
April 20: Old-master paintings
April 28: Architectural drawings

Swann Gallery
104 East 25 St., New York, NY 10010
(212) 254-4710
April 14: Books: Zeitlin & Ver Brugge inventory: history of science and medicine
April 21: Early printed books

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Power Trip

William Hamilton finds

there's much more to jeeps

than four-wheel drive

The first of man's creations to cause me infatuation was the jeep that suddenly appeared on the neighboring ranch. It was something a boy could behold and understand. It was open, like a tractor, but not as deformed-looking. It was so satisfyingly square and jaunty and male with its heroic war record and unadorned mug that I believed it might possess a soul.

Swinging in and out of a jeep was nothing like interring yourself in that bourgeois female monstrosity, the family car. A jeep presented a man as gallantly as did a horse— without none of the horse's hateful unpredictability. People did, of course, turn over in jeeps and break their necks, but not because they believed it might possess a soul.

Another jeep quickly showed up in my childhood, a yellow Willys postwar model regularly driven into town by my mother's friend Mrs. Mildred Kreider. Mrs. Kreider inevitably piloted this newcomer wearing white gloves, a silk dress, spectator pumps and upon occasion a hat, a hat with a veil ("Mildred's little touch of Newport" was how my mother explained this costume). I imagined this yellow jeep to be quite embarrassed when the older khaki one passed by carrying a keg of nails in the back or a freshly killed four-point buck.

These two jeeps, the neighbor's war veteran and Mrs. Kreider's postwar Willys, so clearly a male and a female of the same species, would seem to have bred prolifically, producing all manner of mechanical descendants, from the stunted postal worker you see feeding rural mailboxes to the lordly Range Rover in which a friend of mine who is, in fact, a landed English lord invited me for a look at his landed lands. He drove very fast. The power was so great and silent it seemed political or possibly criminal. The interior of the Range Rover was luxurious and finished, but it still retained something of its warrior forebear's bare-iron purpose. He turned off the road, causing a herd of cattle to part before us like the Red Sea opening to the Israelites. Hills and gulleys began to rise and fall before us like the North Atlantic in a storm. We shot through a muddy meadow without a slip and up a wet grass hill as steep as a wall. I was grinning like an idiot to affect confidence from the passenger seat. When I looked over at the pilot, I was startled to see his lordship on the phone.

This Range Rover of my friend's is the expensive descendant of the descriptively named Land Rover, founding sire of the British branch of the Jeep family. Like the khaki and epaulets of safari wear, the Land Rover was a veteran mustered out of the martial past into the glamour and swagger of African adventure. They introduced a whole new world of reference to four-wheel-drive fantasy, a spacious safari and sheep-station vision still full of adventure but disconnected from war.

As Land Rovers first nosed onto movie screens, with props like Mount Kilimanjaro in the background, engineers in America successfully crossed the jeep with the station wagon. Boys of all ages began to feel the pull of four-wheel drive, and market researchers in Coventry, Detroit, and Osaka noticed. Aren't males basically hunters, warriors, and explorers sublimating their way through a technological age? Of course we want Broncos and Blazers. We buy Wranglers, Wagoneers, and Cherokee Chiefs for primordial reasons. We crave Pathfinders, Eagles, Troopers, Vistas, and Raiders. The Daihatsu Company didn't call their four-wheel-drive vehicle Rocky only to refer to terrain. Neither the original bare-bones jeep nor the leather-upholstered Range Rover transports mere physical cargo.

In Society as I Have Found It, the self-created nineteenth-century socialite Ward McAllister describes how he rented herds of sheep and cattle from neighboring farmers for a half day to imply to his guests at Newport that he had more acreage than he really possessed. Today a mud-splattered Range Rover in the country-house driveway might serve the same purpose: only with four-wheel drive can the vast interior of these landholdings be penetrated.

A sheriff in West Hollywood tells me four-wheel drive is becoming as essential to the local psychosexual folly as leather and studs. These Hollywood jeeps are immaculate objects not even intended to suggest lands or expeditions. They are as ornamental as city cowboy boots, tokens as remote from their original purpose as is a bishop's crozier from herding sheep.

Instead of the obsolescence and oblivion awaiting the rest of World War II's surplus, the jeep is proliferating, diversifying, and flourishing all over the world. I knew this would happen the moment I saw my first one. Who could resist such a mischievous, off-the-road appeal—such a flaunt and outrage to the domestic order represented so oppositely by the sedan your mother drove? •
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"We wanted to provide an experience within the city which people couldn't otherwise have. I wasn't quite sure how to do it, but as always, when in doubt, I used a grid. Fifty feet seemed the smallest unit we could work with, so we chose that. I monkeyed about with it and tried to get a center and an entrance to the garden and go on from there." In the garden, as in everything else that Jennifer Bartlett has done, there is evidence of emotional drive that is the more powerful for being so subtly coded. A garden has to do with plans, long nurtured, that may or may not be fulfilled. To anyone who knows how to read it, it has universal implications. As Bartlett puts it, "I work from the kinds of things that make me weep in movies. I was the only person I knew who liked Out of Africa. I liked it and wept because it dealt with the frailty, the mutability, the poignancy of what happens in nature. The passage of time will always set me off. So will slow decay, lack of permanence, and the fact that everything is dependent upon something else."

The project is also full of the instinct for play. Fun for Bartlett, fun for her colleagues, and fun beyond a doubt for the five hundred or so people who can visit free at any one time, it is nonetheless a place of fierce feeling—all the fiercer, perhaps, for not being forced upon anyone. Even the seating has deep intentions behind it.

"We're going to have every kind of seating. Wooden benches, marble benches, deck chairs like in St. James Park in London, and chairs that you can drag around and put where you want. We don't want everything bolted down. I certainly didn't want to start with the idea that there would be vandalism, that the human being is basically a malicious, threatening presence."

The big orchard has been conceived in the same free-spirited way. "It will be all crab apple trees, with grass and wildflowers underneath. In spring when the blossoms come, the grass will grow high. Then, when the apples come, the grass will die down and need to be cut. In each of the square components of the orchard we'll have a seating area with Adirondack chairs, the kind that you'd ordinarily find in an orchard.

"One thing I always wanted was a grotto with a waterfall coming out of it. Alex didn't like the idea, but he didn't say no. It stayed in the plan for a year and a half, but finally he did say that it would be smelly. And when he described it as being like some sort of urinal in a railroad station made up of Disneyland rocks, it became truly horrifying to me.

"So then I got the idea of having a building there with a waterfall coming out of it instead of a grotto. It will be much cheaper, much more efficient, and much easier to build. The waterfall—twenty feet wide—will cascade down the glass roof of the building."

An outsider is not always welcome in a professional situation, and this project is no exception. "The landscape professionals don't like what I'm trying to do. When I gave a lecture at Harvard about our project, the president of the Battery Park City Authority, Sandy Frucher, got four phone calls the next day asking, 'How can you let this woman out?' I had told the audience not to give in too much to the client. You could compromise on 25 percent if you had to, but beyond that you just didn't have a project. They thought that was terribly radical.

"But our client—and in the end Sandy Frucher is our client—is wonderfully supportive. One thing I've learned about Alex and Sandy is that they are consummate negotiators. Negotiation is alien to me. So it is fascinating to watch the way they get things done by compromising as little as possible."

Some of Jennifer Bartlett's ideas are peculiar to herself. Who else would commission tiles patterned after three Stuart tartans? They correspond to Bartlett's long-running passion for plaids, which in turn relates to her even longer-running passion for the grid. But then the entire garden project, so unlikely at first thought and so endlessly and subtly provocative in its ramifications, seems destined to end up as a place where—and here I quote from what Carter Wiseman said in New York magazine about Battery Park City as a whole—"battered New Yorkers can now find in an orchard."

Architecture Editor: Elizabeth Sverbeyeff Byron

Photographs of all plan drawings and model by Don Cornish ESTO

CORRECTION: The following credit was omitted from Duane Michals' Four Seasons. HG March 1988: architect Frederick R. Gorree renovated the house and laid out the garden.
In commemoration of this tumultuous period of the Nation's history, Classic Collections have produced "Blues and Grays," a magnificent action-packed Collection of ten Civil War pewter figurines which salutes — with respect and in loving memory — our ancestral heroes who gave so much to ensure that every American would become a free citizen of the world's greatest and most powerful democracy.

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*Plus $5 per sculpture for shipping and handling, State Sales Tax will be billed if applicable.
Taxis is more to my romantic taste than Rests of Swabia. The result in certain rooms is a hint of Neo-classical minimalism, which is decidedly relevant to today’s taste. Great or small, the period interiors at Taxis evoke nothing so much as the nineteenth-century watercolors of rooms in German and Russian palaces which the recent reissue of Mario Praz’s An Illustrated History of Interior Decoration has greatly helped to popularize—above all, those watercolors that portray Schinkel’s sublime interiors for the Prussian court. Best are the rooms where colors are of the palest: white on white, white and gold, white and yellow. Even the objects at Taxis come in a gamut of white: alabaster urns and opaline vases and Neoclassical busts of Habsburgs and Wittelsbachs carved in marble of porcelain whiteness and set on columns of honey-colored scagliola. White muslin curtains, which would formerly have been chastely bordered or fringed with a touch of gold, are looped back to reveal distant forest views—romantically beautiful but redolent of Giselle’s menacing Willis.

Against wall after wall, in enfilade after enfilade, rows of stiff little Empire side chairs are reflected in floors that are kept waxed to a looking-glass sheen. Chandeliers of ormolu and rock crystal are likewise reflected to infinity thanks to misty mirrors hung opposite each other. In virtually every room a measure of coziness, albeit conceptual, is provided by huge white porcelain stoves, which are never lit since the family only visits Taxis in summer.

In these eerily unspoiled rooms it is all too easy to envision Johannes’s forebear, Karoline, queen of Bavaria, surrounded by her ladies-in-waiting busy at their embroidery frames. Witness the fruit of their diligence: the queen’s magnificent set of white-and-gold chairs in the White Drawing Room, each inscribed on the back with the name of the lady responsible for the workwork, each a riot of gentian, morning glories, and fritillaries. Underfoot is a no less colorful expanse of needlework that must have put a fearful strain on noble old eyes and noble old fingers. What a sleeping beauty of a palace Taxis is! All the more of a shock, therefore, when Gloria races in, dressed from top to toe in studded tweeds the English; L. L. Bean the Americans. A snappy Austrian outfit can only belong to Honeychile Hohenlohe. On the coat tree outside Gloria’s door, a maid has arranged a bouquet of multicolored dresses by Lacroix for her to choose from. In the spooky Gothic darkness they glow like giant Japanese lanterns.

At Taxis, anachronisms manifest themselves at every turn. That’s not one of Johannes’s ancestral carriages you see lurking in the depths of a coach house; that’s a Cadillac of the fifties—all chrome and fins and fenders—which Gloria has just added to her collection of automobiles only slightly older than herself. Wonders never cease. When it’s time to extricate myself from the Thurn und Taxis time warp, I ask Willy, the majordomo, where her highness is to be found. “In her study,” I am told. By now I know what to expect, but, as usual, I’m wrong. Gone is the eye-catching, ear-splitting guitar. Gloria’s hair is no longer teased into Mephistophelian horns but demurely brushed into a Buster Brown bob, and she is seated in a Neo-Gothic sitting room of early Victorian prettiness surrounded by three angelic children—the picture of Biedermeier bliss.

Hollywood Western

(Continued from page 121) A leather-and-chrome Mies bench was sandblasted. “It now looks like pigskin and rust,” Schumacher laughs. “It’s much more interesting.”

Though dominated by Southwestern and Native American art and design, the house’s singularity is born of a truly rampant eclecticism. Within a few square feet one can see a coffee table made from an old jet-engine casing, a donkey saddle serving as a magazine rack, a Russian rug, an Indian chief’s blanket, and an English brass table. “And in the dining room I have a zebra skin with a Persian rug and a Navajo rug on top. That’s my philosophy—throw it all together and it will work. As long as the individual pieces are pure, you can mix textures and patterns at will.”

It follows that the house has almost no closets or cupboards; everything is openly displayed, including the owner’s papers and desk, placed at one end of the living room. “A lot of writers hide themselves away in strange dark little rooms. I wanted to enjoy the house as I worked, to make it into a little oasis. This is a gentle house, and I think it’s because animals lived here.” And the ghost of Valentino is now absent. In the one unhappy year the star spent at Falcon Lair, riding provided rare moments of tranquillity. “That’s something I learned very quickly in this business,” Schumacher adds. “Stardom is a very dubious honor.”

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His & Hers

(Continued from page 126) on the dining-room table. And for a third project he might work on the Jefferson chair in the living room. Only the pugs and Rolodex travel with him; otherwise, everything stays exactly where it is, sometimes for years at a time.

I am interested in historic preservation, and my colleagues and I are thought to be in our business because we cannot bear to throw anything away. But John makes us all look like a bunch of amateurs. He accumulates not only important things; every day he tears articles out of the newspaper, reads dozens of books at once, and writes notes to himself. He is able to navigate through this sea and even live in it.

I like nice square classical stuff that has belonged to other people, and I also like high tech—computers, answering machines, speaker phones. I like flowers and piles of books. But most of all I like whatever is lying around to be organized. And neat drawers and closets are my gods.

To John a closet is like a jack-in-the-box—not only stuffed as though the authorities were on their way but stuffed with surprises that jump out at you when you open the door: books, socks, manuscripts, Christmas tree ornaments, beach towels, and undelivered wedding presents.

I like home to be soothing, and John likes home to be entertaining. I like to walk in and find things as I left them—solas freshly plumped, books glossy as pastries waiting to be undone, the cats. Jack and Lil, languishing in their places.

John likes to be surprised—and his apartment senses it. Tables and chairs look as though they are about to jump up and start doing the Virginia reel. Music blasts. Telephones ring. Guests and packages arrive. Rose and Louise run around in circles and bark. Everything sprouts, winks, or dodges. The room swims and so do I. So I go next door.

In truth, I spend a good deal of time in John’s apartment. But John seldom visits mine. It is too small, too pink, and too neat. When he does come over, my things and I go on red alert—the pictures plaster themselves to the walls, the rugs lie flatter, the chairs crouch down, and I hold onto my hat. We all fear that the Guare-geist will cause us to fly into a heap.

So the two separate apartments produce for the most part domestic bliss. And thanks to our respective safe havens, we have learned to compromise. When we have a dinner party, John now dresses for dinner (not black tie—clothes), and when I set the table, I no longer burst into tears—John just pushes everything to the south end, and I work with the north.

Only in certain matters have we had to go to extremes. One has to do with The New York Times. When John has finished reading it—which takes him about forty-five seconds since he is the fastest reader on earth—the newspaper looks like a pup tent. But he likes to read it first so he can spring the news on me.

I like to read the paper, too. but I am unable to face it unless it looks like a freshly ironed shirt. So after a complete standoff (“What’s the difference? I’ll tell you what it said”), we have taken two subscriptions to The New York Times, and there is no longer any problem. He reads his and destroys it, and I read mine and it looks untouched by human hands. And then, at about the same moment, both copies wind up in the service hall—the simplest of architectural devices—which is the agent for this marital bliss.

Decorating Editors:
Dodie Kazanjian and Beatrice Monti della Corte
Takeout Heaven

(Continued from page 156) twenty minutes uncovered in a conventional oven at 325 degrees F., least resembled last month's meat loaf. Barry Wine at the Quilted Giraffe gets around the problem by designing his takeout for consumption at room temperature. He stuffs his individual four-layered “bento boxes”—a version of those cunning Japanese lacquered lunch boxes—with composed salads of fish and meat and five tiny desserts. Some of the best takeout I've had.

DON'T ever order familiar food. If you bring home a tub of cassoulet from the place around the corner, you will probably be disappointed. Finding the best cassoulet in town can take months. With unfamiliar food you won't get caught up in endless comparative judgments. The novelty alone will delight you, at least the first few times.

In search of the unfamiliar, a friend and I recently voyaged aboard an astonishingly spotless and silent subway train to the thriving Russian émigré community in Brighton Beach, Brooklyn. All the signs and posters were in Cyrillic, except for an enigmatic billboard recruiting applicants for the job of Los Angeles deputy sheriff. A man furtively sold faded jeans and denim shirts for cash as though he were back in the black market in Odessa. Food was everywhere. Respecting my mother-in-law's guiding principle, “Never shop for food on an empty stomach,” we devoured a half-dozen piroshki sold on the street—deep-fried yeasty egg dough the size of a shoe, filled like jelly doughnuts with spiced meat, potato, or cabbage—and then, down the block, some hot ponechik, which were identical to piroshki except they were down the block.

After two hours of shopping in several vast carryout places where English only got us into trouble, we returned to Manhattan, our shopping bags stuffed with thirty paper-wrapped treasures, none of whose names we knew. Half turned out to be inedible, but ten became our feast. We began with eggplant a la russe on dark bread, spicy Hungarian salami, smoked herring (the Russians smoke in a conventional oven at 325 degrees F., least resembled last month's meat loaf), and marinated sardines, glittery silver skin around a blood-red interior. Soup was a dark, rich meat broth flecked with green and crammed full of diced tongue, ham, and sausage. Our main course was the skin of a chicken lined with strips of tongue, smoked pork, and chicken forcemeat rolled and baked; several cold eggplant dishes; and coils of sausage—herbed chicken or spicy pork—glistening with the tomato-flavored broth in which they were baked.

There is no telling whether a Russian would have enjoyed the meal as much as we did. Our ignorance had its own rewards. DO organize each day around a little challenge or contest. Two that always work for me are, How fast can I get my hands on an honest five-course meal? and How many au la russe on dark bread, spicy Hungarian salad—stuffs his individual four-layered “bento boxes”—a version of those cunning Japanese lacquered lunch boxes—with composed salads of fish and meat and five tiny desserts. Some of the best takeout I’ve had.

With unfamiliar food the novelty will delight you, at least the first few times.

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With unfamiliar food the novelty will delight you, at least the first few times.
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'60s/'90s

(Continued from page 135) depths of Manhattan's Palladium, where in the shag-carpeted basement you could bask in the black light and Day-Glo paint of artist Kenny Scharf's period playroom. Nowadays, searching for the sixties is a cinch. Like the patchouli oil that wafted through those days, whiffs of the sixties can be overwhelming. Even the peace sign has recently been put back into circulation: Prince appropriated the riveting icon for the poster announcing his new film, Sign o' the Times, as did the designers of a print ad for a French liqueur, adding a pair of defiant youths in Nehru jackets to hammer home the point. And just as Marshall McLuhan predicted, television is doing its part to spread the news throughout the global village. The jarring chords of Lennon and McCartney's 'Revolution' have been called into service by Nike. After the commercial there's Kate and her B-52s sporting beehives on MTV and—hey hey!—a return engagement by the Monkees. In Hollywood the assault on Vietnam has escalated visibly with Platoon, Gardens of Stone, Full Metal Jacket, Hamburger Hill, and Good Morning, Vietnam. We must also add the Barbie doll to the list of sixties revivalists, since that perennial bellwether just sold out in a special 'feelin' groovy' model.

For a truly blinding flashback, however, nothing quite matches last August's Harmonic Convergence, a two-day event requiring 144,000 people to convene—as all nine planets came into alignment—at specified 'power points' around the world and hum. Yes, hum. Could it be a new dawning of the Age of Aquarius?

If you thought you were safe from the sixties at home, think again. At such dealers as Have a Nice Day and Harry in Los Angeles and at Artery and Full House in New York, business is brisk in Joe Colombo plastic stacking chairs and Werner Panton swiveling cone-shaped dining chairs. Sotheby's recently set the value of a sixties inflatable clear-plastic armchair with poufs at $732, and at Christie's the auctioneer's gavel didn't fall until the bids had rocketed out of the $1,200-$1,800 range the catalogue listed for Eero Aarnio's space-age Globe chair. For those who prefer a more gradual reentry into the sixties, there is Zurich architects Trix and Robert Haussmann's Pop benday-dot porcelain place setting for Swid Powell. Guess who's coming to dinner? Roy Lichtenstein.

Nostalgia, like memory, is highly selective. We pick and choose. We reedit the script. We study the detail, not the big picture. What is being remembered and revived from the sixties is the surge of optimism and creativity that erupted in the early years when Eisenhower went home to his farm in Gettysburg and the youngest elected president in U.S. history ushered in a new day as different from the old as Jackie was from Mamie. It was a time when anything was possible, when we were heading for the moon.

Perhaps we should chalk up the allure the sixties currently holds for so many to the sobering experiences of the Me Decade and Reagan Era. We used to snicker at the idealism of the early sixties, but with Washington's scams and Wall Street's scandals, that snicker might be changing to envy. A breath of fresh air would be most welcome now, and the sixties might not be such a bad place to look for the open window. There was an exuberance about that youthful age which could come in handy as we head toward the next.

Credits (or '60s/'90s
Page 130—Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery
Page 131—Clockwise (from top left): Courtesy Kartell; Courtesy Paper; Jean Kallino, Courtesy Laura Hyman Publicity, Courtesy Christie's, Courtesy Jay Gorney Modern Art and Sonnabend Gallery, Jean Kallina
Page 134—Barboro Gladstone Gallery

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Top from left: David Hockney, *The Room*, *Manchester Street*, 1967, 95 x 95 inches; Georgia O'Keeffe, *Yellow Calla—Green Leaves*, 1927, 42 x 16.


Left: Cy Twombly, *Untitled*, *Bolsena*, 1969, 78 x 94.

(Continued from page 145) most dealers and auction houses in the seventies still treated the period 1870 to 1930 in American painting as one unit, a slide area between the historical and the modern. "You start to look at the edges of any period you're interested in—you creep forward." His next painting was a ravishing 1927 Georgia O'Keeffe still life of yellow calla lilies. At that point Martin realized that "nineteenth-century pictures of similar quality were too hard to get—I was offered fewer and fewer that I really liked."

Little did I know that good twentieth-century work was even more difficult to find." But he was able to secure some outstanding pictures: in particular, a 1938 Charles Sheeler of a silo, one of the works that sum up the whole enterprise of Precisionism and its relation, in Sheeler's painting, to photography, and more recently a rare 1916 Synchromist work by the pioneer American abstractionist Stanton Macdonald-Wright.

A penny dropped from heaven—at least as far as the 1950s and '60s were concerned—during a visit in 1978 to the Centre Pompidou at Beaubourg in Paris. Looking at the huge abstract paintings hanging in its contemporary galleries—a Kline, a Noland target, a Georges Mathieu—he realized that the rhetoric of size built into postfifties painting actually had meant something: 'The idea of the big picture dominates everything from 1945 for twenty years. Unfortunately people still think 'big picture' means 'good picture.' Now they're painted large as a matter of convention. But in those days size was very much part of the impact; the abstract canvas claimed importance with size, so you had to wonder what it was delivering. Kline, Diebenkorn, and Twombly painted big for a reason—you wouldn't want a little piece, which does not represent what they were about, though they did paint beautiful small paintings. Well, that was the beginning of my intellectual gearshift into modern painting.'

Martin's collection was still mainly nineteenth century and early Modern in 1979, when he moved into his present house in Beverly Hills. The paintings "looked like postage stamps on these large white walls. I was sitting in the living room one day thinking about Beaubourg and my belief in the relation between size and postwar painting, and I thought, 'God, this room would look great with eight-foot paintings in it.' " This thought had, to put it mildly, occurred to other California collectors by the end of the seventies, but the striking thing about Martin's collection is the care with which he pursued the exemplary work. Cyril Connolly, in one of his weary epicurean moods, remarked that there is only one moment in the life of a peach when it is perfectly ripe. Something of this belief, applied to the careers of artists, seems to have hovered at the back of Martin's mind—he is only half-joking when he calls his large Helen Frankenthaler, *Acres* (1959) "‘a beautiful picture but just a month too late.’ " His ideal is "‘a painting that epitomizes a certain moment,’ " and in the area of the sixties Color Field he found one in his Kenneth Noland target, *Flutter* (1960), with its hard tight ultramarine bull's-eye surrounded by halos of white, blue, green, pink, and pale ocher.

The Noland and the Frankenthaler are Martin's only Color Field paintings. Abstract Expressionism, of course, he almost missed completely: by the late seventies the prices of major de Koonings, Rothkos, or Newmans, let alone Pollocks, had gone so far through the ceiling as to be inaccessible. There were two exceptions: Philip Guston and Franz Kline, both relatively underrated figures. Martin was able to secure a 1952 Guston, a dense but airily woven palimpsest of gray and rose strokes, and a Kline, *Rue..."
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(1959), a thunderously gestural black-and-white image from his last years. Then came two more painters related to Abstract Expressionism—a big Cy Twombly and one of the best of Richard Diebenkorn’s magisterial series of Ocean Parks—and a 1967 de Kooning woman with a child. These five paintings in particular, Martin still feels, key the collection. “Every time you buy anything later, you wonder: Can it hang next to that Kline?”

Good pictures grow with familiarity, but once the quarry is in the house there is a certain risk of boredom and deflation. “The more difficult a painting is, the longer you can live with it,” says Martin. “The more layers, the more onion. Time is built into paintings. They’re the last luxury. An intellectual harem. A painting on the wall gradually peels off its masks and addresses you over time, not in some sudden flash. It’s a permanent conversation. And a painting addresses you differently on a private wall from the way it does in a museum. If you first saw that Kline on a museum wall, you might think, ‘What a violent, furioso sort of image. Only by spending time with it do you realize the subtleties that contradict the impression of violence.’”

Hockneys in southern California collections are as common as pigeons in Central Park, but there are not many better Hockney paintings than the two—and two only—Martin acquired, the huge Room, Manchester Street (1967), a portrait of his fellow English painter Patrick Procktor standing like a mildly awkward wading bird in sneakers between the high windows of his Regent’s Park studio, and the small study for one of Hockney’s well-known California images, The Little Splash (1966). Martin was also one of the first American collectors to get the point of the great English realist Lucian Freud. He bought Freud’s Naked Girl (1966) in a London gallery in 1985.

Like any collector, Martin is haunted by the “ones that got away.” “I couldn’t afford Bacon when his prices were three hundred grand, and now that they’re two million I still can’t. I never will. The same with Frank Stella and I guess with Anselm Kiefer.” But “if you had all the money in the world,” he reflects, “it wouldn’t be much fun; you’d have no parameters. I buy things because they’re the best I can get, not because they’re the best there are. If you had all the money in the world, I suppose the trick would be to arbitrarily limit yourself to one hundred paintings.”

Martin has not collected much from artists his own age, except for a fine “bad painting” Neil Jenney, Saw and Sawed: it balances the same painter’s Acid Story, a meticulously painted paysage moralisé he bought and has promised to the Los Angeles County Museum of Art, where he is a trustee and has endowed a gallery. He also has an early airship and three paintings by Bryan Hunt and several works by the Texan painter John Alexander. “I’m slow coming to artists, and I’ve always missed stuff that other collectors get simply by buying more. There are one or two Eric Fischls that are just so beautiful, but I don’t have them, and I certainly don’t just want a Fischl because his work is often sloppy. The contemporary scene is so fast that I can’t compete. I don’t mind paying a good price, but I need to see something over and over again. I have to know what the picture is.”

Martin, in fact, is repelled by the casino-like quality of the contemporary market in the eighties. “I don’t think the contemporary market relates to the rest of the art market. So few collectors of contemporary art are necessarily interested, as collectors, in other and earlier art. There has been a strange breakoff of memory. The contemporary collector tends to be the victim of a constructed canon. Mike Nichols once said to me, ‘Sometimes you end up looking like a victim of dealers.’”

Perhaps the best lesson in the education of a collector is discovering the pleasures of refusal. “I don’t have an encyclopedic mania.” Martin claims. “By now I know that the world is full of terrific things I’ll never have or never even want. If you feel envy every time you enter a museum, your life is bound to be unhappy. I guess a collector starts growing up when he finally learns to appreciate paintings he can’t own.”
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Then he tears into his list of pet loves. "Metal furniture—I have a madness for it (I p(ort)

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