The Manufactured House:
News...Techniques...Photos...Plans...Details
A NEW way to fascinate your women

Congoleum-Nairn's inlaid vinyl flooring
...a "custom look" at low cost

Smart builders have learned that the “extra” features of Congoleum-Nairn’s inlaid vinyl fascinate women—and help clinch the sale.

First, your prospects are attracted by the gleaming colors and lustrous surface—a luxury touch that costs you so little. And they can feel the comfort of the cushion back. Then they are completely sold by the easy cleaning reputation of this vinyl by Congoleum-Nairn. For 8 years now housewives have been learning that grime and dulling film wipe right off this floor, America’s most widely used inlaid vinyl.

And builders know that installations of this flexible, inexpensive floor are fast, easy, trouble-free.

Now there’s a new design—Picnic—a delightful decorator creation of gay color chips and marbleized backgrounds of the patterns include sparkling GOLDEN flecks!

Congoleum-Nairn’s Picnic vinyl is available by yard can be installed on or above grade, with or without heating. For samples and data, write Builders’ Service Dept., Congoleum-Nairn Inc., Kearny, New Jersey.

© 1958, Congoleum-Nairn Inc., Kearny, New Jersey
New #1600 NuTone Hoodfan

Fan housing is underneath hood
More shelf space inside the cabinet

HIGHEST CFM RATING IN ITS PRICE CLASS!

- AT LAST! A new low cost hoodfan with the fan housing concealed underneath the hood — to provide extra shelf space in the cabinet.
- Sparkling Beauty . . and Powerful Efficiency. Unmatched for quiet, trouble-free service. Discharges either vertically or horizontally.
- Built-in pushbuttons control "over the range" lighting . . as well as the speed of exhaust fan. Transition and filter included. U L listed.
- 4 "mirror-smooth" finishes to blend with the color scheme of any wood or steel cabinets. 30”— 36”—42” sizes. Only $51.75 to 71.95 list.
“KEYCORNER LATH makes LATH and PLASTER an even better buy”

says A. BERNARD OLSON, president, The Olson Lathing Co., Chicago, Illinois

“Nobody questions the superiority of lath and plaster where greater fire resistance, lower maintenance costs and lasting beauty are concerned,” declares A. Bernard Olson, one of the country’s leading lathing contractors.

“Keycorner helps make lath and plaster even better. Our job experience proves what tests* show—that Keycorner almost doubles crack resistance over other corner reinforcements,” he explains. “We know the Keycorner ability to fight cracks.”

“And Keycorner is easier to use. The preformed 4-foot lengths fit into place with no effort at all. There’s no time lost, no waste. The open mesh of Keycorner makes it easy to plaster over—assures full bond with plaster and a better job” “Keycorner gives this extra protection, yet a saving. That’s why we use Keycorner exclusively!” Olson exclaims. “It lets us give greater satisfaction on every job.”

*Tests with Keycorner, as well as other corner reinforcements, conducted by the Research Foundation, University of Toledo. Complete test report FREE from Keystone Steel & Wire Company.

KEYSTONE STEEL & WIRE COMPANY Peoria 7, Illinois

Keywall • Keycorner • Keybead® • Keydeck • Keymesh® • Welded Wire Fabric • Non-Climbable Fence

A typical quality Olson Lathing job goes into this 17-flat apartment building in Chicago. Many builders are switching back to lath and plaster because of the increased fire resistance, lower maintenance and permanent beauty that plaster walls provide.

Keycorner is simple to handle and use. This fact assures better workmanship, which adds still further to the superior job you get with Keycorner.

Keycorner gives a better plaster job. The open mesh assures full bond with plaster and gives the strong reinforcement that provides maximum crack resistance. Keycorner is also galvanized to prevent rust.
A. Bernard Olson uses Keycorner because it's part of "A better job at a lower price."
RCA WHIRLPOOL refrigerator-freezers are available in gas or electric models with a size to fit any kitchen need. The all-new, No-Frost models have no outside coils and can be built in flush to the back or side wall without special escutcheons.

Easy-to-install built-in ovens and surface units are also available in gas or electric models. The 17" and 24" ovens have automatic clocks, Bar-B-Kewers and dial controls. Surface units feature thermostatic burners, front-mounted controls.

Everything for MODE!

The complete line of RCA WHIRLPOOL appliances includes built-in and free-standing models in both gas and electric . . . every type of cabinet in wood, steel or all steel . . . to make modern kitchens complete. Each cabinet and appliance is engineered for simple, fast, economical installation. All are available one source . . . from one supplier ready to give expert planning and merchandising assistance, fast delivery. And, each product carries one name that is nationally known for quality, performance and dependable service . . . RCA WHIRLPOOL.
Lake City builder, Alan E. Brockbank, uses merchandising power and consumer acceptance of RCA WHIRLPOOL home appliances to help sell homes in South Cottonwood Acres.

Realizing that the quality of the whole house is so often judged by the quality of its appliances, Mr. Brockbank established the most rigid specifications for these important components. Each appliance had to have flexibility and versatility to complement the interior kitchen plans...quality and beauty to blend with the decor...plus, a name which be merchandised to the public...a name that would sell the quality built into these homes. Of all the brands considered, Mr. Brockbank selected RCA WHIRLPOOL appliances!

Successful was this combining of modern, functional homes with the sales power of WHIRLPOOL appliances that 84 tri-level homes, ranging in price from $16,800 to $20,000, were sold in 90 days! Shown below are the products chosen. The built-in range surface units were standard equipment. And, by offering the other appliances as optional equipment, this builder kept the basic cost of the home down while still offering test conveniences to his customers.

A, too, can add the sales power of RCA WHIRLPOOL appliances to the homes you build. Write or phone us today.

Alan E. Brockbank
The designer and builder of South Cottonwood Acres, Mr. Alan E. Brockbank, is a former president of the National Home Builders Association and was one of the pioneer organizers of the Utah Home Builders Association.

RCA WHIRLPOOL...America's first family of home appliances with one brand name.

Contract Sales Division
Whirlpool Corporation, St. Joseph, Michigan

Please send me complete information about the new RCA WHIRLPOOL kitchens and builder's merchandising aids.

NAME_________________________TITLE_________________________
FIRM NAME_________________________
FIRM ADDRESS_________________________
CITY_________________________ZONE __________STATE ________HH 6

ACTUALS

- 83" wide, this compact unit is a space washer and dryer. Featuring exclusive Filter-Stream washing action, a WHIRLPOOL washer-dryer combination is available in either gas or electric. Here is the perfect answer to laundry problems where space is a factor.

- RCA WHIRLPOOL dishwashers are only 24" wide, yet will wash, rinse and dry a complete service for nine. Easily installed, these dishwashers are available with either pump or gravity drains. Features include front-door loading and a safety switch which prevents dishwasher from operating when door is opened.

- RCA WHIRLPOOL food waste disposers are available in batch- or continuous-feed models. Imperial model has reversing switch to clear jams automatically.
Increased demand for new, higher quality, lower priced homes means that you as a builder must take advantage of every sales feature and every cost-saving idea if you want to get your share of business.

Are you getting the most for your window dollars? Compare the window you are now using with the new BILT-WELL Casement Window, point by point. Make certain you are using a window that combines sales-building features with minimum costs.

These BILT-WELL Casement Window Features Help Sell Your Homes:

- **Modern, Uncluttered Design**
  - No exposed hardware to rust, corrode or mar the clean, simple lines of the window, inside or out. Hinges, fastened to the frame, head jamb and sill, are completely concealed.

- **Fuel-saving Weatherlightness**
  - Two complete, independent systems of weatherstripping make the BILT-WELL Casement the most weathertight window on the market. Test figures prove that BILT-WELL Windows will cut the annual fuel bill on an average twenty-window home approximately $28.00 over competitive weatherstripped wood windows, and $44.00 over competitive weatherstripped metal windows.*

- **Finger-tip Operation**
  - Sturdy, trouble-free worm gear operator with cadmium plated operator arm with nylon fingers provide easy, quiet, maintenance-free operation.

- **90° Opening for Easy Cleaning**
  - The BILT-WELL Casement sash swings out to a full ninety degree opening to permit washing of outside and inside of the glass from the inside. Takes the drudgery out of window washing.

- **Simple, Convenient Storm and Screen Changing**
  - Lightweight storm and screen panels are designed to lock quickly and easily into the inside of the sash. Surrounds of both units have a neutral tan finish that harmonizes beautifully with surrounding woods.

- **Burglar-proof**
  - Absence of exterior hinges means that window cannot be removed by prowlers from the outside. An important sales feature.
These BILT-WELL Casement Window Features Help Cut Your Labor Costs:

Quick, Easy Installation
BILT-WELL's patented unitized frame construction eliminates the need for installing long, cumbersome sills. Each unit has its own sill and comes complete, with all interior stops and extension jambs applied, ready to set quickly into the wall opening. Vertical and horizontal combinations are readily accomplished.

Complete Design Flexibility
BILT-WELL's unitized sill makes it possible for you to change the appearance of your basic house plan economically by simply varying window arrangements. Units can be joined in any number of combinations without the need for special sills or extra framing.

Uniform, Precision Construction
BILT-WELL Casements are constructed with dovetailed joints to ensure maximum strength and dimensional stability during and after installation. This reduces installation time and eliminates costly call backs.

Fully Guaranteed
Every BILT-WELL Casement unit bears A.W.I. Seal of Approval and is fully guaranteed for the life of the building in which it is used. Each unit is precision manufactured from clear kiln-dried Ponderosa Pine, water repellent preservative treated and conforms to U. S. Commercial Standards 205.56.

Uniform, Precision Construction
BILT-WELL Casement Windows are competitively priced. Scientifically engineered for faster, less-costly production, assembly and installation, the BILT-WELL Casement offers unequalled window features at a reasonable price.

Complete Range of Styles and Sizes
Wide selection of styles and sizes of BILT-WELL Casements, with companion stationary units, permits you to solve any and every window arrangement problem with the same basic unit.

Competitively Priced
Scientifically engineered for faster, less-costly production, assembly and installation, the BILT-WELL Casement offers unequalled window features at a reasonable price.

the windows you are using can't match up to the New BILT-WELL Casement Window, mail the coupon below today for complete specifications, or ask your building supply dealer.


For complete information on BILT-WELL Products see Sweet's Architectural Fb/Cr and 24b/Cr, or Sweet's Light Construction Sc/Cr and 9a/Cr.

*Write BILT-WELL for complete project report No. 5820-6 covering fuel-saving tests on windows.

BILT-WELL WOODWORK
Box 608
Dubuque, Iowa

Please send me complete specifications on BILT-WELL Casement Windows.

Name ____________________________

Company ____________________________

Address ____________________________

City ____________________________ Zone __________ State __________

RADCO
Dubuque, Iowa (formerly Carr, Adams & Collier Company)

Manufactured by
Pushmatic® protection plus plenty of circuits

Look at all these appliances! From small toasters to modern electrical heating, BullDog Electri-Center® panels provide homeowners with all the circuits they need now... plus space to add new lighting and appliance circuits later.

In addition, exclusive Duo-Guard® Pushmatic breakers provide two-way circuit protection—guarding thermally against overloads, magnetically against short circuits. No fuses to change, either. When power is interrupted by an overload or "short", the simple push of a button puts the circuit back in operation.

Give your homes full HOUSEPOWER... maximum protection and convenience. Contact your electrical contractor or BullDog field engineer for complete details on BullDog Electri-Center panels.

BULLDOG DUO-GUARD PUSHMATICs fit any Electri-Center panel. Main disconnects for each 100 amps of service prevent overloading of service entrance conductors. And Electri-Centers compare in price with ordinary panels.

© Circuit breaker trademark registered by BullDog Electric Products Co.
YOUR CLINCHING SALES POINT
CAN BE IN THE BASEMENT (OR UTILITY ROOM)

A "hydronic" B&G Hydro-Flo Heating System puts any home in a class by itself... adds a genuine quality touch... assures the buyer that he is getting more value for his money. In thousands of installations, this forced hot water heating system has proved a sales clincher!

The B&G Hydro-Flo System endows a home with all the essentials of good heating... the right quality of heat... the right location of heat sources... accurate control of heat... operating economy... and long life of equipment.

It's cleaner heat—doesn't soil walls and draperies. It's quiet heat—no fan hum. If desired, the same boiler that heats the house can be equipped to furnish year 'round hot faucet water.

The Hydro-Flo System can be easily zoned—a particularly important advantage in heating split-level homes.

Send for booklet giving the complete story of the B&G Hydro-Flo System.

There's a revolution in home building. In siding, in windows, in sliding glass doors, in roofing, in hardware. Wherever you look (and often where you don't) there's aluminum—doing old jobs in a brand new way, better and more economically.

Aluminum stars in America's homes. And on December 28 and January 11, Kaiser Aluminum—through a series of eye-opening commercials on "Maverick"—will show over 33 million Americans how.

Kaiser Aluminum is out to boost public acceptance of aluminum products to new heights. For example, as a special feature on the December 28 and January 11 commercials, Mr. James Price, chairman of National Homes Corporation, will personally present their exciting "Viking" line of manufactured homes for 1959. In such ways as this, Kaiser Aluminum is working together with progressive American builders to provide home buyers with greater values through aluminum products. We invite manufacturers of residential building products, builders and architects to contact us for further information.

The future for aluminum has never looked so bright. Get in on it! Watch "Maverick," Sunday evening, December 28 and January 11, ABC-TV Network.

James Garner

Jack Kelly

Warner Bros. stars featured on "Maverick," the show that sells aluminum in homes

Kaiser Aluminum

Bright Star Of Metals
"I SOLD 15 HOMES IN ONE WEEK" OF HOMES' WITH PHILCO

NAHB Directors take time out from Second Annual Marketing Conference to visit Tom McGovern’s model home for the San Antonio “Parade of Homes.” McGovern (right) is shown demonstrating features of Split-Level double oven to NAHB Executive Director, John M. Dickerman (left), and to Director of Marketing Services and Sales, Bill Slemp (center). Throughout show, McGovern won a big audience for his kitchen by giving “live” demonstration of the Philco Split-Level oven. Roasts and turkeys were cooked in the counter-level meat oven, pies and casseroles in the counter-level baking drawer. Oven is finished on all sides for complete flexibility of installation. No special cabinetry or partitions needed. Fits over 24" wide, 28" high base cabinet.
It happened last June. I was about to sign an order for another brand of appliances when I saw the Philco Split-Level double oven in an advertisement. Then and there I cancelled the other order and made arrangements to put Philco Citation custom appliances in the model house we were building for the San Antonio Parade of Homes.

"During this show (Sept. 25 to Oct. 5), 10,000 visitors entered through our model house, and I sold 15 homes in 11 days—with a Philco Split-Level oven in every kitchen. Total sales? About $300,000!"

New sales action, for you, too! As Tom McGovern found out, kitchens with Philco Citation units can make an amazing difference in your sales.

Philco Citation kitchen appliances are big attention getters because they are so startlingly different. Women are instantly attracted by the stunning good looks of the Split-Level oven . . . and the ultra-thin design of Philco's surface cooking units. They are only 2 3/4" deep—permit full use of a storage drawer directly beneath.

You'll get more oh's, ah's and sales when you show home buyers Philco dishwashers and modern refrigerator-freezers installed vertically or horizontally. These units have snap-in panels which let you match any color or wood finish. And your buyer can change color schemes any time in the future. A great selling feature!

Helping you every step of the way is your Philco Citation distributor. He can warehouse your order to insure on-time, on-site delivery. He can obtain expert factory help for your advertising and publicity programs. In addition, he can supply you with the newest, most up-to-date ideas in kitchen layout and design.

Join the big switch to Philco today. Just mail the coupon and we'll put you in touch with your nearest Philco Citation distributor.
The Cedarbrook is another handsome and exciting home from Knox...designed by Painter, Weeks and McCarty, AIA, with the demands of today's family in mind.

**Knox Homes come in alternate exteriors**

- **This alternate of the Cedarbrook, with walled entry terrace, is perfect for the wide lot.**
- **A covered entry lends a smart, contemporary look to this alternate of The Cedarbrook.**

Let tomorrow's construction techniques put bigger profits in your pocket today!

When you build with Knox component panels, you get top quality lumber, name brand materials, and homes go up in days instead of weeks. Knox offers you outstanding design in homes ranging from $9,000 to $50,000—homes that are nationally advertised, with proven sales appeal.

Get bigger profits, faster turnover, many bonus benefits. Wire or write today!

**Knox Homes**

P. S. Knox, Jr., President
Thomson, Georgia

OUR PRESENT SALES TERRITORY COVERS GEORGIA, ALABAMA, FLORIDA, TENNESSEE AND THE CAROLINAS
and architects and builders who specify TOUCH-PLATE low voltage switching systems enjoy new benefits of

Leadership in design
Unmatched flexibility in lighting control
Upgrading their projects at low cost
Providing greater owner convenience and satisfaction in the use of electricity

NEW Catalog and Instruction Book Available. Write to Dept. 10

TOUCH-PLATE MFG. CORP.
P.O. BOX 1970 • LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA
As a leading builder publication says, "For the builder, the kitchen sells the home"—and Hotpoint sells the kitchen for the builder!

Give your kitchen the Custom Look with these HOTPOINT BUILT-INS

Launching your home selling campaign is this full-color LIFE ad in November—

Whether you're building, remodeling or simply replacing—you can choose the ideal Hotpoint cooking appliances for your needs and budget.

From Hotpoint—first name in electric cooking—comes the last word in modern, space-saving "built-ins." Completely automatic and superbly styled, the two 1959 units pictured here give you all the quick, clean convenience of Hotpoint automatic cooking. Here's what we mean:

Hotpoint Bi-Level Oven (Model SLG-702). Two complete ovens—each with its own bake and broil units and separate controls. So you can bake or broil while you barbecue or grill.

And what's more: Eco-level Control Panel, with a complete system of automatic temperature control, switches, indicator lights. . . . Recessed Thermometer . . . Recessed Grill Rotisserie . . . Insulated Panorama Window . . . Custom Cooker and Server—which you use as a fully automatic one on the Super-Matic unit, or as a timer in the oven. . . . And, last of all, long-life, sheath-type Carbon Bake and Broil units that distribute heat evenly for even baking and broiling.

Hotpoint 4-Unit Surface Cooking Section (Model RM-702). Fits over any standard 30-inch wood or metal base cabinet. Gives you all the luxury conveniences, all the automatic meal-tending, timing and controls, all the automatic succotash Hotpoint's finest top-of-the-range cooking features.

Visit your Hotpoint Dealer and see his complete line of 1959 Hotpoint Electric Ranges and Ranges.
Hotpoint exclusive DOUBLE-DECK WATER ACTION cleans as no other dishwasher can!

Everything goes into this Hotpoint— even fine china to pots and pans—and nothing comes out spottily clean. Hotpoint Double-Deck Water Action sees to that!

This exclusive Double-Deck action keeps sweeping fresh water from below back to every and over every surface in a thorough, spotless clean. Yet it's whisper quiet. Hotpoint double washes, with fresh cold water each time—then double rinses. Internal second time prevents water drops from spotting. Safe, sanitary, electric drying alike.

And only Hotpoint gives you Dual-Cycle—washing its新时代—another for ending smooth. Hotpoint Automatic Dual-Time does all in just 6 seconds. Big,在里面 load Roll-Racks hold a complete service for one—brakes racks and big platters, too.

Visit your Hotpoint Dealer—and see the attractive decorator colors and finishes.

Hotpoint

Hotpoint CO. (a Division of General Electric Company), CHICAGO 44, ILLINOIS
Specify Republic Steel Pipe for maximum economy in waste line service

The smart builder puts himself in his prospect's shoes in planning a home that will sell. By saving every cent possible on required materials, without sacrificing quality, he can put more into significant features with real sales appeal. The result is more value per dollar.

This reasoning, applied to waste line materials, makes Republic Steel Pipe your best choice. Not only is it lower in initial cost, but also its price and availability remain relatively stable. You encounter no profit-robbing construction delays or material cost variations.

Beyond these cost considerations, however, Republic Steel Pipe provides installation advantages. Its absolute uniformity means a high degree of workability. This characteristic, coupled with the years of steel pipe fabricating know-how developed by reputable plumbers everywhere, assure economical waste line systems—good for the life of the building. Moreover, since one grade meets all requirements, problems caused by misapplications are eliminated.

It will pay you to get full information on dollar-saving, steel waste line piping. Contact your Republic Pipe Distributor, or write Republic Steel Corporation, Department HO-5396, 1441 Republic Building, Cleveland 1, Ohio.
WHY FOLLANSBEE TERNE?

BECAUSE no other roofing material has so uniquely stood the test of time. (Many Terne roofs are still sound after a century.)

BECAUSE many leading architects, builders and roofers have recently discovered that modern seamless Terne is better adapted than any other metallic or shingle surface to the special requirements of contemporary design.

BECAUSE Terne allows a fair profit margin to both the builder and roofer.

BECAUSE Terne is a definite plus-value for any project, and thus a strong selling tool in itself. And finally . . .

BECAUSE Follansbee within the next few months will bring Terne's basic story to the attention of every major architect in America.

SEND FOR COMPLETE INFORMATION

FOLLANSBEE STEEL CORPORATION
FOLLANSBEE, WEST VIRGINIA
Build Bigger . . . Cut Costs!

Pease Space-Span Homes for '59 with new 32-foot Roof Trusses!

Now . . . you can build bigger homes without pricing them out of reach of the mass market . . . convert land inventory to profits faster! Exclusive new 32' roof truss offers Space-Span economy plus famous Pease quality in these new plans for '59.

Get the facts now! Write William Stricker, General Sales Manager, and arrange for a sales representative to call.

Visit Booth 241
NAHB Convention
Conrad Hilton Hotel
Chicago

New 3 bedroom, 2 bath Space-Span design with 1,380 sq. ft., has large utility-storage area plus dining-activities space.

New 4-bedroom 2 bath Space-Span design offers 1528 sq. ft. of living. Note size of rooms and abundance of storage.

PEASE HOMES
and Building Materials
911 Forest Avenue
Hamilton, Ohio

Don't Let Archaic Lighting Slow Up Sales of Your 1958-59 Homes!

LEARN HOW NEW "PLANNED LIGHTING" PROGRAM DRAMATIZES YOUR HOMES FOR FASTER SALES!

Even your most modern home seems shabby, and is harder to sell, if thoughtlessly chosen, commonplace lighting fixtures or old-fashioned lighting ideas mar its beauty. Several builders nationally known for their progressive, aggressive methods have helped develop Moe Light's terrifically practical Certified Inspiration-Lighting program. Its success in selling homes faster, more profitably, has been spectacular! To learn how YOU may benefit by this development, call your local Moe Light distributor or mail coupon TODAY!

Three-light cluster provides splendid general light for natural furniture grouping in foreground; perforated brass cones glamorize the pass-through snack bar; valance-lighting at window accents drapery texture; bullets on far wall concentrate light where wanted. All combine to make this home more saleable day or night!

Ordinary lighting does little to sell any home...

THOMAS INDUSTRIES INC.
LIGHTING FIXTURE DIVISION
Executive Offices: 410 S. Third St., Louisville 2, Ky.
Leaders in Creative Lighting

THOMAS INDUSTRIES INC., Lighting Fixture Division
410 S. Third St., Louisville 2, Ky., Dist. HH-12.
I want to learn about any really NEW program for selling homes! Send me full information and FREE BOOKLET about Certified Inspiration Lighting. No obligation.

Name _______________________

Company _____________________

Address _______________________

City __________________ Zone ___ State ___
Packaged chimney is safe, permanent masonry

The Van-Packer Chimney has a masonry flue that is acidproof — won't dent, corrode or deteriorate — safe even for incinerators. Prefabrication saves you up to 40% on installation costs — one man can install it in three hours. Attractive brick-design panel housing of asbestos-cement won't dent, rattle, rust or streak roof. See your Heating or Building Material Jobber listed under “Chimneys — Prefabricated” in Yellow Pages, or write Van-Packer for Bulletin RS-1-19.

Snap-on housing cap
Brick-design panel housing
Aluminum flashing
Masonry flue sections
Snap-lock drawbands

Van-Packer Chimney is ideal for prefabricated homes, as well as conventional homes.

Chimney comes completely packaged in easy-to-handle cartons, everything provided.

Van-Packer Company • Division of The Flintkote Company
1232 McKinley Ave., Chicago Heights, Ill.
Phone: Skyline 4-4772
Overflow protection?
Yes, with Lyoncraft's lower partition!

The recessed ledge and lower partition have long been the marks of quality sinks. And Lyoncraft extends these quality features... throughout its complete line of double-bowl sinks. Because of the lower partition, there's never a chance of water spillover on floor or counter from a Lyoncraft Sink. Too much water in one compartment simply runs over into the next. And the finest grade chrome-nickel stainless construction assures resistance to rust and corrosion under all water conditions.

**Disposo-Well®**

From Lyoncraft, too, comes another quality specialty, one no other sink can match. It's the Disposo-Well, a sink specially designed for disposer units. This exclusive sink features corner positioning of the drain hole to give more usable work room... plus immediate access to the disposer even when the sink is stacked with dishes.

**Redi-Rim®**

Another pacesetting Lyoncraft Sink is the Redi-Rim, a leader in self-rimming sinks. Because it drops into the cutout instead of fastening below, Redi-Rim gives tighter fit, is easier to install. Unsanitary, dirt-catching crevices are eliminated by the single-unit construction of rim and sink.

More reasons for buying Lyoncraft Stainless Sinks can be found in the detailed catalogue that is yours by filling out and mailing the coupon below.

*Patents applied for.*

See the Lyoncraft display at booths 739 and 740 at the Builder's Show!

**LYON STAINLESS PRODUCTS**
**DIVISION OF LYON INCORPORATED**
13881 W. Chicago Blvd., Detroit 28, Michigan

Automobile Wheel Covers • Prestige Tableware • Kitchen Sinks • Housewares
If you’re building low-priced homes, maybe you think of the “HOUSE OF EASE” package as a luxury... because it adds a little to the cost. But it’s a money-saving luxury! It makes the entire exterior of your house maintenance-free... and completely Reynolds-Wrapped for year-round comfort at lowest cost. That’s why “THE HOUSE OF EASE” is selling fast—right now—in the lower brackets. And in higher priced homes, it’s getting to be a new, accepted designation of superior planning, superior quality.

By using the Reynolds Aluminum “package” in the homes you build... and by featuring it in your advertising and promotion... you can capitalize on more leisure, less upkeep and higher re-sale value. These are what people want... these are the reasons they buy “THE HOUSE OF EASE”.

Remember, you’ve got a Star Salesman in REYNOLDS WRAP... greatest home demonstrator of aluminum...standard-bearer of the Reynolds name!

Consumer folder tells the story... supplied free to builders using the “HOUSE OF EASE” package. Reynolds Metals Company, Richmond 18, Va.
Here's the Complete Package that Transforms any Home-Design into a "HOUSE OF EASE". All items made by Leading Manufacturers using REYNOLDS ALUMINUM Products that Provide an Entirely Maintenance-Free Exterior:

- Aluminum Windows
- Aluminum Shingles
- Aluminum Gutters & Downspouts
- Aluminum Flashing
- Aluminum Exterior Trim & Soffit
- Aluminum Hardware
- Aluminum Sliding Glass Doors
- Aluminum Vent Flues & Chimneys
- Aluminum Thresholds & Weatherstripping
- Aluminum Shutters
- Aluminum Siding
- Aluminum Combination Windows & Doors
- Aluminum Awnings
- Aluminum Attic Vents & Louvers
- Aluminum Ornamental Railing
- Aluminum Screen Frames & Cloth
- Aluminum Nails
- Aluminum Doors

Plus these Money-Saving, No-Maintenance Interior Products:

- Aluminum Ductwork
- Aluminum Insulation
- Aluminum Wall Tile
- Aluminum Grilles & Registers
- Aluminum Hardware
- Aluminum Tub Enclosures & Shower Frames
- Aluminum Ornamental Railing
- Aluminum Screen Frames & Cloth
- Aluminum Nails
- Aluminum Doors
The New Custom Vanguard by Inland Homes

Now... the $10,000 Market is in the palm of your hand!

Sell the full-value, full-profit Custom Vanguard for $10,000 complete with lot.

No other low cost home gives you all these custom Vanguard selling features:

- Choice of 8 contemporary Ranch and Colonial designs.
- Natural finish flush birch doors throughout.
- 2 x 4 construction throughout.
- Factory-applied double-coursed cedar shakes or horizontal siding.
- Choice of aluminum or wood windows.

Makes term selling easy!

Visit, call or write P. R. Thompson, Vice President—Sales, Inland Homes Corporation, Piqua, Ohio (Phone: Prospect 3-7550)

Inland Homes Corporation
Plants in Piqua, Ohio and Hanover, Pa.
PLUS VALUES
that make buyers out of lookers

ALWINTITE sliding glass doors and aluminum windows add quality PLUS VALUES to new homes. Superbly engineered and smartly styled for today’s trend to indoor-outdoor living, they add visible sales appeal—the kind that helps clinch the sale. ALWINTITE’s many PLUS VALUES also mean savings of time and trouble for builders. Consistently better workmanship with careful attention to details means trouble-free operation and the elimination of costly service call-backs. ALWINTITE’s national distributor organization with factory-trained specialists is always at your service.

For the complete ALWINTITE story see your local distributor or write us direct.

ALWINTITE
by GENERAL BRONZE
GARDEN CITY, N.Y.

ALUMINUM WINDOWS · SLIDING DOORS
new Frigidaire Trans-Wall

SLIDES IN LIKE A DRAWER!
SLASHES INSTALLATION COST UP TO 50%!

ANOTHER FRIGIDAIRE FIRST! Installed For a Year at NAHB Research House

Here's a completely new concept in full-home air conditioning—the Frigidaire Trans-Wall System! New “slide-in, seal-in” Trans-Wall Units are now in production after being installed for a full year in an actual home—the NAHB Research House, Kensington, Maryland. With these new flexible Units—and the recent FHA ruling including air conditioning in new home valuations—you're all set for sales!

At the 1958 NAHB Convention, the Frigidaire Trans-Wall System was cheered as the simplest, most compact year-round comfort maker ever devised. Here's why! The complete all-in-one Trans-Wall Unit consists of an enclosed air-cooled condensing unit with twin Super Meter-Miser Compressors (only one operates during mild weather), plus a “wall-sleeve” that slides through wall to furnace, and a high-efficiency “inverted V” cooling coil that fits into a plenum attached to a Frigidaire Upflow, Downflow, Loor or Horizontal furnace. Cooling Coil Housing may be installed with furnace to give every prospect a chance of having air conditioning whenever he wants it.

Ready to Install—FAST!
All pre-wiring is done, refrigerant lines connected, system sealed and checked by the factory. Dampers or extra ductwork required for most homes. Trans-Wall utilizes the furnace blower. All you do is slide Trans-Wall in place, seal the opening, wire in. Electrical control box supplied with unit. Combination heating and two-stage cooling, thermostat, supplied optionally, controls comfort in summer and winter.

Get the full profit potential story from your near Frigidaire District Headquarters today!

While Others Dream of the Future—
LOW COST FRIGIDAIRE AIR CONDITIONING

Full-home air conditioner

PROVIDE FOR LOW COST AIR CONDITIONING NOW... FOR LATER—WITH EVERY HOME YOU BUILD!

- completely self-contained air-cooled package
- Minute-man installation
- no concrete base needed
- Factory-assembled
- Factory-sealed
- No additional dampers or ductwork
- plumbing for water supply
- refrigerant connections
- Two sizes: 000 and 35,000 BTU/hr.
- Twin compressors

BASEMENT TRANS-WALL SYSTEM
Trans-Wall Unit slides into plenum of Frigidaire Vertical Upflow type Furnace. Adaptable to Lowboy type.

SLAB TRANS-WALL SYSTEM
Trans-Wall Unit installs under Frigidaire Vertical Downflow Type Furnace in plenum.

CRAWL SPACE TRANS-WALL SYSTEM
Frigidaire Horizontal Type Furnace in crawl space. Trans-Wall Unit installs in plenum with duct added.

CRAWL SPACE TRANS-WALL SYSTEM
Trans-Wall Unit installs under Frigidaire Vertical Downflow Type Furnace. (Modified Slab hook-up.)

TRI-LEVEL TRANS-WALL SYSTEM
Trans-Wall Unit, bracketed above ground level, installs above Frigidaire Vertical Uplow Type Furnace.

ROUGH-IN NOW—INSTALL LATER
Prepare wall opening during construction and coil plenum above or below furnace. Slide in Trans-Wall Unit at any later date.

MINUTE-MAN INSTALLATIONS! AIAZ-240 TRANS-WALL UNIT SLIDES INTO WALL OPENING 14"x24"
Only 324 lbs. net weight, new Frigidaire Trans-Wall Unit is easily handled by two men, using ordinary tools. And look how easy Trans-Wall adds a full 24,000 BTU/Hr. of Dry-Cool Comfort in virtually any style home. 1. Rough-in opening. 2. Install coil plenum. 3. Secure outside mounting brackets (furnished). 4. Complete installation by sliding Trans-Wall Unit in place—add the control box and plug in. 35,000 BTU/Hr. unit, also available, weighs only 359 lbs.—requires slightly larger wall opening 17¾" x 24".

TRANS-WALL UNIT fits every type Frigidaire Furnace (or other conventional forced-air system)

FRIGIDAIRE GAS OR OIL-FIRED FURNACES—TYPE FOR EVERY NEED, A SIZE FOR EVERY HOME

Whatever size or style home you build, Frigidaire is the right heating equipment. It's all trimly compact, attractively styled in baked-on beige enamel finish, with smooth corners and safe, cool exteriors, to add extra salability to your homes. Extra value, too, because Frigidaire Furnaces are designed to am up perfectly with Frigidaire Cooling Equipment.

FRIGIDAIRE DIVISION,
General Motors Corporation, Dayton 1, Ohio
FOR THE FIRST TIME, top-quality Pool Packages at realistic prices under a single warranty — for Outdoor or Indoor installations — with new or older homes — and you, Mr. Builder, sell and install them as the Romar Dealer.

ONLY a few years ago, the residential swimming pool was an afterthought, a luxury addition to properties of the very wealthy. Today our Romar dealers are selling them everywhere as low-cost options — or integral equipment — properties in the $20,000 to $35,000 bracket.

Home swimming pools, outdoor and indoor, have arrived! No longer are they a solid and salable feature. Better class home buyers want them and pay for them (at $2,000 to $4,000 installed, including a tidy dealer profit). And now Romar, a pool industry pioneer, has established the policy of franchising Merchant Builders as its primary sales-installation outlets.

Consumer demand for the “packaged estate” — the property with a Romar as its built-in recreational and entertainment center — is based on realities. Crowded, public and private pools and beaches, crowded highways, high vacation costs, larger families, more youngsters and adults enjoying swimming and bathing — these and more are forcing families to stay at home, play at home.

What is more natural, then, than for middle-income families to regard a fully-equipped quality pool — sold and installed by their builder — as a good investment increasing property values? And what is more wise for you . . . seeking to increase your 1959 sales and profits . . . than to cash in on this rapidly developing market before your competitors do?

BUILDER BENEFITS with Romar Pools

1. Substantial profits on every sale: your installed cost $1,100-$2,400; your sales price $2,000-$4,000.
2. Single-source warranty: Romar gives one-year Manufacturer’s Warranty on all equipment of Romar manufacture.
3. Installed and shown with your model homes, a great new talking point for open house promotions and tie-in sales.
4. The “second sale”: go back and sell recent customers a Romar Pool . . . use your salesmen, crews and equipment in the off season.
5. Sell customers of others: where new or older homes have space for outdoor pools, sell them and add a department to your business.
6. Attract better buyers, people with more cash, by selling pool-equipped homes . . . step up out of the competitive rat race.
7. Romar Pool packages are complete: everything you need from filters to underwater lights, from liners to ladders (send for list).
8. Complete sales, installation and advertising aids . . . including the industry’s best installation manuals and tips on indoor/outdoor pool design.

Merchant Builders Get the Romar story personally from our president, Philip Roden, at the NAHB Convention and Exposition. See our display, Space 929, Chicago Coliseum or contact us at the Conrad Hilton.
Washington has the inside track to rolling door hardware profits

Washington’s new line of Rolling Door Hardware is a complete line. Every hanger, every piece of track in the Washington line has been redesigned for smoother operation, easier installation, and lower installed cost. You’ll recognize the NEW line in the black, white and blue cartons.

**UNIVERSAL STEEL TRACK NO. 611**

For all By-Passing Doors from 5/8” to 1 3/4”, Weighing up to 70 LBS.

- Corrosion-resistant zine-coated steel track with anti-jump hangers. Available in bulk and complete packaged sets with axle or ball-bearing hangers.

**UNIVERSAL ALUMINUM TRACK NO. 647**

For all By-Passing Doors from 5/8” to 1 3/4”, Weighing up to 50 LBS.


**ALUMINUM VALANCE TRACK NO. 648**

For By-Passing Door from 5/8” to 3/4”, Weighing up to 50 LBS.

- Textured valance surface provides better paint bond... won’t show scratches. Valance has attractive curved profile. Axle-bearing, anti-jump hangers roll smooth and trouble free. Available in packaged sets.

**ALUMINUM VALANCE TRACK NO. 649**

For By-Passing Door 13/16” Thick, Weighing up to 50 LBS.

- Similar to 648 track. Available in packaged sets with axle-bearing hangers.

**STEEL WALL POCKET PACKAGE WITH NO. 601 STEEL TRACK**

For Doors 1” to 1 3/4”

- No. 632 Steel Track package is a complete set with Jamb Stiffener, Floor Plate, Rubber Door Bumper and Floor Guide. All hardware necessary for a “built-on-the-job” wood wall pocket. No. 601 track, No. 651 axle or ball-bearing hanger and all accessories in this 632 package also available in bulk. Door weights up to 70 lbs.

- Axle-bearing or ball-bearing hangers, floor guides, finger pulls and bumpers packaged in each set. Also available in bulk.

**ALUMINUM WALL POCKET PACKAGE WITH NO. 639 ALUMINUM TRACK**

For Doors 1” to 1 3/4”


For more information see your dealer or write:

WASHINGTON STEEL PRODUCTS, INC.
Dept. H&H-9, Tacoma 1, Washington
A BIG PLUS FOR YOUR HOMES

CUPPLES

SINGLE-HUNG
ALUMINUM WINDOW WITH

removable sash

Note these other outstanding features

- Integral fin-trim—just 4 nails to install.
- Equipped with the finest mechanical balance, assuring whisper-soft operation.
- Weatherstripped with metal-backed fabric.
- Stronger, more rigid. Dust and draft-free.
- Never binds or sticks. Never needs painting.
- FHA approved. No service call-backs.
- Meets the specifications of the Aluminum Window Manufacturers Association.

This modern, practical window has won quick acceptance with both home builders and home buyers. And no wonder! It has all the features of Cupples popular single-hung windows ... PLUS REMOVABLE SASH.

Since it can be cleaned easily from the inside, you can use the Cupples new single-hung aluminum window in split-level and two-story homes as well as in single-story dwellings. And, because it is priced lower than any previously built, you make more money. It's good business to put this tested and proved window in all of your homes.

MORE OUTLETS WANTED! Write for Details.

Cupples PRODUCTS CORPORATION

2664 South Hanley Road • St. Louis 17, Missouri
LOW-COST MOISTURE-VAPOR CONTROL
that umbrellas the home from the foundation up

SPECIFY GER-PAK® Virgin Polyethylene BARRIER FILM

Name your need from attic to below grade. Dampproofing under concrete slabs? Dust-sealing over sub-flooring? Lining crawl spaces? Flashing? For over-all protection!

GER-PAK virgin polyethylene film fills the bill right the first time!

Only GER-PAK comes in every working size from 10 in. for flashing up to 40 ft. wide. Choice of BLACK, NATURAL, and opaque WHITE. And it's tough, lightweight, easy to handle and, yes,—inexpensive.

Specify versatility unlimited . . . specify GER-PAK film. At your dealer's. FREE samples and informative brochure yours for the writing.

DESIGNED TO MEET FHA REQUIREMENTS

GER-PAK—the short way to say superior polyethylene film

GER-PAK® Virgin Polyethylene Film
Virtually every inch of the exterior of the “Chateau,” showplace of the “Viking” Line, is safe-guarded by aluminum. Light, strong and practically immune to corrosion, Care-free aluminum keeps both roof and siding fire-safe, defiant of the elements and banishes both painting and repairs.

Dedicated to convenience, the kitchen appeals to women, with built-ins for every need—range, oven, refrigerator-freezer, dishwasher and waste disposal. Pass-through counter opens on family room.

Elegance keynotes the living room, made spacious even beyond its generous dimensions by ready access through sliding glass panels to the large p

For the home-building industry, the “Viking” shatters old-fashioned ideas, not only in construction practices, but in selling patterns, as well. The labor-saving simplicity of Alcoa-developed roofing and siding systems reduces erection and enclosure to a one-day job and permits completion within only 120 hours of carpenter time. The “Viking” is ready for sale in weeks instead of months.

And in the customers’ eyes, this home, with virtually every inch of its exterior safeguarded for life by aluminum, represents a house value unheard of until now. According to National Homes, Care-free durability saves an estimated $4,000 on painting and repairs during the first 20 years—enough to furnish the house completely, pay for a luxurious new car or send a child to college.

Roof tests show strength equal to a dry snow load 50 feet deep and resistance to uplift of hurricane winds at five times greater than normal design limits. Sound absorption prevents disturbing occupan

$4,000 Savings on Maintenance Drew 1,000 Prospects Daily for New “VIKING” Models

Ten Alcoa sales offices opened on September 24 to the buzz of clogged telephone switchboards. Only six days later, Pittsburgh headquarters had already tallied 6,089 inquiries—all on a product the general public couldn’t even see before January 1—and more were flooding in daily.

The product? National Homes Corporation’s new “Viking” Line. The reason for this record-smashing response? Alcoa’s 10-city newspaper announcement of the Care-free living these new homes make possible.
Framing for sliding glass doors to patio heads a long list of aluminum uses including covering on exterior beams, windows, screening, the fascia rain diffuser strip, thresholds and sheathing for slab doors.

...severest hail or rainstorm. Siding is equally outstanding for integration of aluminum sheathing, Fiberglas* insulation and aluminum foil vapor barrier into panels with insulating value equal to that of masonry. With all these advantages, the contributions of aluminum in fabrication and speed of assembly are such that the “Viking” model is sold profitably at no premium over ordinary homes.

Here will be a “Viking” accessible to almost every home builder, state dealer and financing agent in America for inspection early in the year. You may never spend a more profitable hour than the time it takes to see for yourself how Alcoa research and National Homes' experience have revolutionized your industry. Use the coupon at right to learn where and when you can see the “Viking” model nearest you, or how you may become an approved National Homes' builder-dealer franchise.

*Fiberglas is a trademark of Johns-Manville Corporation.
New WOVEN TONES
KENTILE® Vinyl Asbestos Tile

For rooms that call for the "new look" in vinyl. Only Kentile Floors offer you this new dimension in an over-all pattern ... with all the plus features of Kentile Vinyl Asbestos Tile.

- Long wearing, greaseproof
- Nonporous, nonallergic
- Easy-to-care-for color beauty

If you haven't yet seen Woven Tones ... inspired by the need for the luxury look of wall-to-wall carpeting at 1/4 the cost ... ask your Kentile Representative for samples.

SPECIFICATIONS:

Size: 9" x 9"
Thicknesses: Standard and 1/8"
Colors: Heather Beige
         Mesa Tan
         Canyon Rose
         Shadow White
         Dove Grey
         Cactus Green

AVAILABLE IN: VINYL ASBESTOS • SOLID VINYL ASPHALT TILE • CORK AND RUBBER TILE ... OVER 175 DECORATOR COLORS!
Roundup

'Make VA loans or government will', lenders warned

Will the new Congress try to coerce lenders into making more VA loans at its below-the-market 4⅝% rate by threatening to pump up direct lending schemes?

One indication is the new line Sen. John Sparkman (D., Ala.) is taking. The chairman of the Senate housing subcommittee warned the US Savings & Loan League convention in San Francisco that unless lenders provide more mortgage money for low-priced homes at reduced interest yields, the federal government will.

He laid it on the line ever so delicately. "I do not tell you this threateningly—but rather, matter-of-factly," he said. "To the extent that the price of private credit is beyond the reach of millions of underhoused American families, these families are certain to demand government credit from one level of government or another."

He suggested that S&Ls—the nation's No. 1 source of mortgage loans—allocate 5% of their annual loans to such hard-to-finance programs as those eligible for FNMA special assistance mortgages. "I believe you can do it without affecting your competitive position in your quest for new savings," he argued.

Replied Henry Bubb, Chairman of the US League's legislative committee who accompanied Sparkman to the latter's press conference: "We'll be more than happy to promote putting 5% of our assets into this type of thing if there will be no permanent (credit subsidy) programs...like FNMA purchases at par."

Mortgage prices stabilize; no early change expected

Relative calm has returned to the mortgage market. Discounts have ended their three-month long climb. Most mortgage men expect them to remain at present levels for the rest of this year and for at least a month in 1959. This means up to 4⅞ points on FHA 5⅝ s; 8⅞ points on 4⅝ s. Outlook for the winter: an adequate amount of money, but with no significant change in discounts (see p. 42).

Several unknowns could change the picture. A boost in the FHA rate could help FHA, but would probably kill VA with its frozen 4⅝%. The most chilling possibility is a struggle between a free-spending Democratic Congress and an inflation-conscious Federal Reserve Board. If the Fed applies credit screws to counteract Congressional spending, homebuilding could be caught in a tight money squeeze even more severe than that of 1957.

Census to take over housing starts statistics from BLS

Insiders at the Bureau of Labor Statistics and Commerce Dept. reported last month their fight over construction statistics is over. BLS' share of the job, mainly housing starts and public construction expenditures, will be turned over to the Bureau of Census. The final agreement was reached after the Bureau of the Budget warned it would limit funds for all construction statistics work until the matter was settled.

No federal responsibility to end segregation, says Cole

Public debate over segregation in housing is growing louder—and the housing industry, inevitably, is on the receiving end for some of the brickbats.

Last month, the Commission on Race & Housing revealed the results of its $400,000, three-year study financed by Ford Foundation money (see p. 57). It blamed realtors, builders and mortgage lenders for "translating prejudice into practice." The audit's findings included FHA and VA housing, too, except where state or local laws prohibit it.

By his hasty candor, the government's top housing man provided integration
Has homebuilding reached a plateau?
Slower house sales indicate it has

The 1958 surge in homebuilding shows signs of levelling off. The government statistics don't show it yet. On the contrary, BLS' seasonally adjusted rate of private starts soared to 1,260,000 in October—highest since September, 1955.

But from scattered cities across the US, reports of slower sales are now being heard. And in some instances builders complain the drop is more than seasonal.

If housing has indeed reached a plateau, it comes as no surprise to many well-informed persons. A Treasury spokesman predicted in October: "Housing is going to level off..." He contended demand is off because of unemployment, that as a result the vacancy rate in new units for sale has been climbing steadily this year. He expects it to reach 3% vs. 2.5% of early 1958.

Mortgage Broker-builder Tom Coogan finds: "Reports around the country indicate that the market for housing, except in the low and lower middle price range, is very weak. Interest is light and those wishing to buy cannot qualify."

Outlook for 1959

The tenor of the annual Commerce Dept.-BLS forecast of construction supports builder optimism. They predict 1.2 million public and private starts next year vs. the 1,170,000 they expect this year.

Commerce and BLS have a good record for accuracy on this forecast. A year ago they predicted 1,050,000 million starts for 1958—but added that if mortgage money eased, as it did, then the total could reach 1.1 million.

The prophecy is for an 11% advance in total residential expenditures, from $18.5 to $20.6 billion reflecting higher costs as well as more production. They expect a 13% ($1.7 billion) gain in outlays for private, nonfarm units. They also predict the proportion of multi-family units will decline as the apartment boom of the last two years tapers off. And they believe that among one-family houses, there will be a greater proportion of higher-priced units.

They expect mortgage terms on the whole will be less favorable in 1959 than in 1958. For that reason they predict the first half of the year will be better for builders than the second.

E. W. Dodge Corp is less optimistic about 1959, predicts starts next year will reach 1,160,000—the same figure it expects this year.

NAREB President H. Walter Graves of Philadelphia expects 1,200,000 starts this year.

Outgoing US S&L League President Joseph Holzka of New York City predicts starts will be between 1.1 and 1.2 million next year. The League's economist, Arthur M. Weimer, forecasts starts of around 1.2 million, adds: "Prices will be generally stable during 1959. Personal incomes will continue to advance. Retail sales should be good."

MARKET BRIEFS

'Agreements' a success

Agreements to insure, FHA's emergency substitute for conditional and firm builder commitments, have proven surprisingly successful.

Any danger they might be a milestone around homebuilding's neck is gone. They are being accepted almost universally now on the same basis as commitments.

FHA created the agreements as a means of conserving its dwindling insurance authority until Congress can give it more. In October, when the agreements were started, FHA had only $1.7 billion of insuring authority left. A month later it still had about $1.3 billion.

The Treasury removed the one real danger in the agreements. It told the national bank examiners to consider the agreements the same as commitments for 120 days. Because banks must show bona fide commitments as a basis for construction loans, there had been fear the agreements would be unacceptable to the banks.

The agreements have worked so well on existing houses that mortgage bankers have suggested FHA make them a permanent arrangement. This would overcome for good FHA's problem in committing for millions of dollars of insurance authority on existing houses though many of these houses are eventually financed another way.

FHA estimates 35% of existing house commitments are not used but mortgage bankers say it's as high as 75% in some cities.

Meanwhile FHA's efforts to recover insuring authority by canceling unused commitments is paying off. In one month it recovered almost $500 million.

Builders fight brokers' law

The right of Wisconsin builders to sell their own homes—without a broker's license—is being tested in court.

The state has filed a criminal charge against Builder Arthur Buch of Cedarburg, Milwaukee suburb, accusing him of 14 violations of the state's broker license law.

Buch, 58, has been building homes for 30 years.
LOCAL MARKETS:

Santa Barbara starts soar; Milwaukee maps study to find cause of poor sales

Santa Barbara: This coastal city (pop: 55,675; 80 mi north of Los Angeles is having its biggest homebuilding boom.

Starts for the first nine months of the year are up 30% from 1957. At the current rate, starts for the year should reach 1,866 vs the 1,402 of 1957. As recently as four years ago, starts in the Santa Barbara area totalled only 568.

Santa Barbara Mutual Building & Loan Assn conceeds starts are now outrunning population gain. Says its research department: "Much of our present demand for housing is based on a backlog caused when several large industrial research firms located in the area. It is clear that some of the present construction activity and plans are based on anticipated future growth and not only on prevailing demand."

Goleta Valley is the hottest area. Only 18 houses were started there in 1956. Last year there were 145 for the first three-quarters. In the same period this year: 526.

Milwaukee: Homebuilding continues in the doldrums with starts for the first nine months off 9% from 1957: from 8,281 to 7,527. The local builders assn is so mystified by the area's tendency to run counter to national trends that it is negotiating to have a thorough market analysis made of the entire met area.

Wisconsin real estate brokers, however, generally consider this a good year for them. At their annual convention in Milwaukee they reported sales good on existing houses with prices trending upward slightly. Among 250 surveyed by the Milwaukee Journal, there was no enthusiasm for what they described as an artificial "buy now" campaign, based on the argument that home prices are going up due to inflation and rising costs. Advised Philip Siegel, president of the Madison Board of Realtors: "Buy a house when you need it."

Charlotte: This should be the best year since 1955 for local builders. Starts through September reached 1,844 (including multi-family units) vs the 1,685 started in all of 1957. There were 2,648 starts in 1955.

Chicago: Homebuilding is still dragging behind last year's level despite an exceptionally good autumn. Bell Savings & Loan reports 28,549 starts in the met area for the first nine months vs 31,223 for the first three quarters of 1957 and 38,094 for 1956.

Single-family house starts are down from 24,275 last year to 22,284.

Pickets protest high rents in Cleveland renewal project

When top government housing officials came to Cleveland to help dedicate the city's first completed urban renewal project, they found pickets like these promoting a rent strike.

Rents in the 292-unit Longwood Village, an FHA Sec 220 project, range from $92 for a three-room apartment to $118 for a five-room unit—plus utilities. The rates are the minimum FHA will permit. Irate Negroes picketed in sandwich signs charging (untruthfully) that whites were getting apartments for $80 a month while Negroes were forced to pay $117.

As HHF Administrator Cole and FHA Commissioner Mason joined in dedicating a plaque at Longwood Village, dissidents cruised slowly by in a sound truck blaring complaints so loudly that Mayor Anthony Celebrezze asked them to keep quiet until the Governor was expected. Matti Timme, group leader at the Longwood Village Housing Association,Inc. }

News
Here are just a few of the military installations with Capehart Housing that feature Kelvinator Appliances:

- Yuma Test Station, Arizona
- Sandia Base, New Mexico
- White Sands Proving Grounds, New Mexico
- Webb Air Force Base, Texas
- James Conley Air Force Base, Texas
- Ft. Belvoir, Virginia
- Ft. Story, Virginia
- Tyndall Air Force Base, Florida
- Point Magu, California

Another Kelvinator installation has made the new:

Twelve hundred Kelvinator refrigerators have been selected for use for the families of Military Personnel at the U.S. Air Force Academy, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

And home builders, too, will find that Kelvinator appliances that are "Built Better to Serve Better" are their best selection because they get ready acceptance by new home buyers, provide exclusive product advantages available in no other line.

For full information on the complete new 1959 line of Kelvinator appliances, write Kelvinator Division, American Motors Corporation, 14250 Plymouth Road, Detroit 32, Michigan.
Results of last month's elections have a double-barreled meaning for housing. You don't have to be a post-graduate political pundit to see that overwhelming Democratic majorities in Congress will tilt the scales farther in favor of more federal aid to controversial programs.

The subtler point is that where Republicans survived the Democratic landslide, they generally backed housing programs that conservative GOP men decry. No. 1 in point is Nelson Rockefeller, Governor-elect of New York. He spelled out his housing policies in vast detail during the campaign. They have much in common with programs urged by Democrats in New York and elsewhere.

Rockefeller endorsed public housing and rent control. He calls the shortage of middle-income housing a "critical" problem in New York and adds: "It is a state responsibility to help assure that people have access to adequate housing at costs they can reasonably afford." To do this, he proposes a new state-FHA to guarantee loans to limited profit companies, plus stepped up activity under New York's Mitchell-Lama law which lets limited profit private firms borrow 90% of middle-income project costs from the state at 1% (flexible rate tied to rates for NYS and municipal bonds) for up to 50 years.

Rockefeller does concede direct lending has limits. "The state cannot assume a debt burden of the magnitude necessary to meet our housing deficit through direct state loans."

To encourage middle-income nonprofit companies, Rockefeller would set up a state fund to end money for land buying and planning.

**Millions for state housing**

How seriously should you take Rockefeller's campaign outline of his housing policies? "Not too literally," counsels one high-ranking GOP state official.

Rockefeller's pre-election experience in housing includes the presidency and chairmanship of family-founded International Basic Economy Corp, which aids economic growth in underdeveloped countries. It is the parent of IBEC Housing Corp, now developing a 2,000 house tract in Margate, Fla., 10 mi north of Ft Lauderdale.

**Governor-elect Rockefeller**

He's for public housing, rent control

But Rockefeller strongly endorsed three controversial propositions on the New York State ballot to boost public and middle-income housing. Two of them won by microscopic margins.

One authorizes a $100 million state bond issue for loans to limited profit firms building rental and co-op middle-income housing under the state's Mitchell-Lama Act. The second boosts state subsidies by $5 million a year to keep rentals down in new state-financed public housing. The third proposition, which won more decisively, calls for another $100 million state bond issue—$25 million for public housing and $25 million for urban renewal.

A few of the Governor-elect's ideas dovetail with those of major elements of the housing industry. For instance, he wants a big step-up in efforts to rehabilitate the state's 700,000 substandard units. "It would be as impossible as it is unnecessary to replace them all with new units," he says.

**Effect on Congress**

Congressional committees dealing with housing, labor, and agriculture will take on a much more liberal complexion, although moderates and conservatives will retain the chairmanships, which are the keys to power.

Take the Senate banking committee, for instance. In the first Congress it was divided eight Democrats to seven Republicans. But the one-vote Democratic margin was illusory because Sen A. Willis Robertson (D, Va) usually bolted to the Republicans on controversial items like public housing. Now, the committee will probably have five or ten Democrats to five or six Republicans. Southern Democratic leaders will find it much easier to get bills out of the committee which they couldn't drag out before.

In the House, the banking committee had a ratio of 17 Democrats to 13 Republicans. Predictions are that this will change to 20 to 10, or at least 19 to 11. With the defeat of Rep Henry O. Talle (R, Iowa), the Republicans lost their housing banking committee leader, another conservative. The next ranking Republican on the committee is Rep Clarence E. Kilburn of New York, a small town banker and solid conservative. But capitol hill observers do not expect Kilburn to replace Talle as minority leader on the Housing housing subcommittee. That job is more likely to go to Rep Gordon McDonough (R, Calif), who won re-election.

**Congress likely to act fast on FHA insuring authority**

It appears that the first move on next year's legislative checkerboard will be an emergency measure replenishing FHA's nearly exhausted insuring authority.

But tied to this, it seemed a safe bet last month, will be more money for urban renewal and college housing, enough to last each program until June 30. There seems little disposition in Congress to delay these moves. But the Administration's jittery lest Northern liberals tack on an amendment giving FNMA perhaps $1 billion more to buy houses priced under $13,500 at the market. Such an item (which realtors and lenders lepore and builders have voted to abstain from) would make a presidential veto almost sure. This would leave FHA in a real jam, although FHA Commissioner Mason now hints that his agency's hasty switch to "agreements to insure" (Nov, News) may keep FHA's commitment authority going through several months of next year.

What may come next in housing legislation concerns three principal matters: general housing bill. Indications are the White House will veto suggestions from the housing agencies for more new public housing authority. The Administration will probably ask that FHA's maximum for one-family homes be raised from $20,000 to $25,000 Administrative rationing of urban renewal will continue, but indications are the Administration will ask $250 million a year capital grants for six years.

Democratic majorities can be expected to raise the ante all along the line, in accord with Big Labor's demands. One possibility is that Democrats will ram through the omnibus housing bill that was almost enacted last summer. The strategy is to do so with almost no hearings, on the ground that the issues were thoroughly debated in 1958.

Rep Albert Rains (D, Ala), chairman of the House housing subcommittee, has told HOUSE he may reintroduce the omnibus bill that passed the Senate overwhelmingly last summer. "But I will wait to see if the Administration has some recommendations," he adds, "What I'd like to see is a general housing bill quick."

Some sources close to the housing subcommittee speculate that liberals like Sen Clark, Douglas and Humphrey may try to delay a bill to lay groundwork for a fight to override a presidential veto. If so, Sparkman expects to switch to a short-term measure giving FHA, URA and college housing more money. Sparkman wants to clear the legislative decks so his subcommittee can delve into the longer range questions of how to pump more mortgage credit into housing in the 1960s to finance the expected jump in demand for new homes. As a start, he has asked some 30 experts, mostly from private industry and lending circles, to give him written opinions on the gifts for special interests. Sen John Sparkman (D, Ala), head of the Senate housing subcommittee, has told HOUSE a HOME he may re-introduce the omnibus bill that passed the Senate overwhelmingly last summer. But I will wait to see if the Administration has some recommendations," he adds, "What I'd like to see is a general housing bill quick."

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MORTGAGE MARKET:

Outlook for winter: more money but no change in FHA-VA prices

Mortgage money for housing may be easier to get early next year—but it probably will be no cheaper than it is now.

Mortgage bankers and investors swapped intelligence last month at the MBA convention, found themselves in substantial agreement on this outlook for early 1959. But they also agreed there are many unknowns which could alter the picture.

Mortgage bankers told investors:

- Mortgage production will be down because house sales this winter probably will be off from this fall's pace even allowing for seasonal lag.
- Much current production is going to Fanny May's special assistance program for low-priced houses and an increasing volume to its secondary market.
- So there may be a shortage of FHA and VA mortgages by spring.

Mortgage bankers believe the Democratic election victory presages easier mortgage money, and probably a lot more for Fanny May's low-priced home program.

Investors told mortgage bankers:

- The want to invest as much in FHAs and VAs in 1959 as they have this year, possibly more. Many of them are disenchanted with the government bond market whose roller coaster behavior this year has played havoc with normal investment patterns.
- A trend has developed toward more private placement of corporate bond issues. This means that those lenders who don't get such offerings will turn to the mortgage market with more feverishness than usual.

Savings bankers report a record first nine months gain in savings—$1,797 billion, $498 million in the third quarter. This money must be invested quickly since most big banks are still paying 3 or 3/4%. Life insurance companies also report sales up, though it takes two to three years before this surge will reflect itself in more investable funds.

FHA Commissioner Norman Mason shares the optimistic viewpoint, says: "I am sure there will be more mortgage money within the next month." Large lenders, he contends, have been waiting to see where the market would settle after its fall plunge.

What no one knows

Just as no one is sure what the Democratic Congress may do about housing and mortgage finance, the outlook is equally cloudy as far as the Administration and the Federal Reserve Board are concerned.

FHA could end administrative controls over its interest rate (see next page), a step which lenders contend would benefit the FHA segment of the market tremendously.

But if Congress goes on a free spending binge over Administration opposition, then the Fed may tighten up credit even more to head off inflation.

The frightening result of a squeeze like this could be a homebuilding industry with its FHA-VA sector running almost entirely on Fanny May money.

FHA-VA share of home finance way up; conventional's down

FHA and VA are making major inroads on the once-dominant position of conventional loans in home finance.

This is one of the findings disclosed in the second volume of the 1956 Natl Housing Inventory of the Census Bureau. The new volume covers home financing, based on a sampling of 12,713,000 owner-occupied nonfarm mortgaged one-family dwellings.

In the six years since its 1950 survey, Census found that the percentage of owner-occupied one-unit properties with FHA and VA mortgages had increased from 31 to 44%. In terms of first mortgage debt (dollar volume), FHA and VA increased their share even more—from 45% to 55%.

In the same time the conventional share of mortgaged houses slipped from 69% to 56%. Its share of first mortgage debt dropped from 55% to 45%.

The survey shows that both FHA and VA activity have been concentrated heavily in the middle-income brackets. Among home buying families with incomes below $3,000, only 22% have financed homes FHA or VA. The comparable figure for families with incomes over $10,000 is only 34%, the rest conventional.

Median original amount of the mortgage types: FHA, $7,048; VA, $8,715 and conventional, $6,277. Median interest rate on FHAs and VAs was 4 1/2% and on conventional, 6%.

Census found little variation among FHA, VA and conventional buyers as to percentage of income needed to make monthly payments—the median, 12%. Details:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TOTAL PAYMENTS AS % OF INCOME</th>
<th>TYPE OF LOAN</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FHA</td>
<td>VA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Less than 10%</td>
<td>38%</td>
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<tr>
<td>10 to 19%</td>
<td>36</td>
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<tr>
<td>20% or more</td>
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</table>

More money for nonwhites

Census found that nonwhite families were getting nearly twice as many mortgage loans as they were in 1950. Almost 60% of the increase was accounted for by FHA and VA loans.

Four percent of all mortgaged properties were owned by nonwhite families. But 12% of the nonwhites also used second mortgages vs only 7% of whites. Other details:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NO. OF YEAR MORTGAGORS</th>
<th>FHA</th>
<th>VA</th>
<th>Conv</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1950</td>
<td>267,000</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>8%</td>
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<tr>
<td>1956</td>
<td>495,000</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>21</td>
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</table>

Median income of nonwhite home buyers was $4,052 vs $5,829 for white mortgagors. Median purchase price of VA homes was $11,070 vs $10,822 for FHA and $9,492 conventional (disregarding year of purchase).

But the Census study indicates market value went up an average of 5% per year from 1950 through 1956. Median value rose from $7,929 in 1950 to $10,566 in 1956. It was $13,023 for FHA loans, $12,697 for VA and $12,231 for conventional. The breakdown by types of mortgages:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MARKET VALUE</th>
<th>TOTAL FHA</th>
<th>VA</th>
<th>Conv</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Credit bid</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
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<td>$15,000-19,999</td>
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<tr>
<td>$20,000 or more</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6</td>
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</table>

More and more one-family homes are mortgaged on purchase, Census found. In 1955-56 86% used mortgage credit vs 81% in 1950-54 and only 63% before 1950.

The Census survey shows that first mortgage debt rose from $28 billion to $77.7 billion from August, 1950, to December, 1956. On the other hand second mortgage debt increased only from $0.9 billion to $1.7 billion. Total mortgage debt of $79.4 billion is about 54% of estimated market value of all mortgaged properties.

Fanny May in November was the source of the mortgage fraternity's leading mystery: why haven't the secondary market prices been cut?

Prices were last changed in June when money was much cheaper than it is now. Unless it cuts prices, cry lenders, Fanny May is not a secondary market; it is leading a primary market.

For example: the current market on minimum down 30-year FHAs in Texas is 96. But the Fanny May net price there is 97 (after figuring 1% recovery on the mandatory 2% stock purchase).

Because of these prices, offerings to Fanny May have soared—to 4,289 in October, more than offered in July, August and September combined. Admitted one Detroit mortgage man: "It almost approaches a dumping operation now.

Why haven't prices been cut? It's clear FNMA's able President J. Stanley Baughman knows they should be lower. Mortgage men believe prices are pegged above the market on orders from above—perhaps even from the White House.

The Administration may well want Fanny May to keep FHA-VA prices pegged up in the hope it will help keep homebuilding booming. Building is a key to economic recovery—a recovery which has shown signs of slowing down.

FHA-VA discounts level off

Except for minor adjustments in November, the upward trend of discounts on FHAs and VAs looks ended. This fact may prompt the Administration to withdraw the Fanny May crutch and let Baughman cut his prices to real secondary market levels.

Bottom of the FHA market is 95 1/2—though this is a distress price. The real volume is moving at 96. The VA bottom is 91 1/2 though here again the most common price is 92.
Flexible FHA interest rate closer, mortgage men believe

Mortgage bankers have been plugging for a free FHA-VA rate for years without the first sign of success. But last month in Chicago for their 45th annual convention they heard enough to give them real hope that a free rate—or at least a flexible rate—may become a reality, for FHA

No fewer than six speakers, led off by MBA's new president, Walter Nelson, dwelt on how frozen FHA and VA interest rates have made a roller coaster of this part of the mortgage market. The full effect of this rigidity has never been more dramatically illustrated than during 1958's two fast turnabouts in the money market, Nelson noted.

"Let the market prevail," he cried. "The evidence from the part of the mortgage market that is free [conventional] indicates that if this were done the violence of the fluctuations [in homebuilding] would be reduced and the variations in interest rates relatively modest."

**Free, not just flexible**

Most encouraging statements came from opposite ends of the political spectrum: from Dr Raymond Saulnier, chairman of the President's Council of Economic Advisers, and from Sen John Sparkman (D, Ala.), chairman of the Senate housing subcommittee. Said Saulnier: "We should never again place legal limitations on the ability of the federally-insured or guaranteed mortgage to adjust itself to changing credit and capital conditions through changes in its price."

The economist made clear that he favors a free rate—not simply a flexible one which might be tied to some other barometer like the market that is free [conventional] indicates that if this were done the violence of the fluctuations [in homebuilding] would be reduced and the variations in interest rates relatively modest.

ECONOMIST SAULNIER
"Flexibility is the key."

The path to a free rate is strewn with stumbling blocks. Will Sparkman try to persuade his recalcitrant liberal colleagues in the Democratic-controlled Senate to approve a free rate? Even if he will try, there's grave doubt that some of the senators, whose lack of insight into the facts of housing finance seems boundless, would go along.

The VA rate, moreover, is out of the hands of congressional housing leaders. In-deed, it is almost the private property of Rep Olin Teague (D, Tex.), chairman of the House veterans affairs committee. He has stubbornly fought boosts in the past. Most mortgage bankers fear he will not change now.

MBA leaders would like to see the FHA rate raised even if this means the end of VA with its 4% limit. One MBA past president frankly doubts that the Democratic Congress will do anything constructive about the rate. His suggestion: FHA should freeze its own rate now even though the 6% legal maximum would remain in effect. Thus the rate could be 5 1/4% in the East, 5 3/4% in the West—whatever the market demanded, up to 6%. FHA now pegs the rate administratively, with one rate for the whole country.

He explains: "Norman Mason should realize now he's got nothing to lose by freeing the rate. The politics of this thing have always been exaggerated. I don't believe voters would react against the Administration."

**Saulnier's program**

Saulnier's endorsement of a free interest rate was only one point in his program to maintain a high level of homebuilding. The others:

1. Housing laws should be reviewed to eliminate or correct provisions that impede the flow of private funds into home financing and thereby cause public funds to be substituted for private credit.
2. Government should avoid "like the plague" introducing inflexibilities and rigidities into home financing markets by laws that require federal purchase of mortgages at par, without regard to competitive market conditions.
3. Direct lending laws should be amended to prohibit federal loans on terms more attractive than for similar loans on the private market.

Noting that these ideas are advanced on a personal basis only (ie, not for the Administration), Saulnier added: "Flexibility is the key . . . flexible interest rates, flexible prices on federal purchases of mortgages and flexible prices in the private mortgage market. What could be simpler?"

Alternating feasts and famines which result from inflexibilities are no comfort to the Council of Economic Advisers, the economist told the mortgage bankers.

Referring to comments that some economists believe housing should be manipulated as an anti-cyclical balance wheel in the economy, he added: "I want to make it clear that neither I personally, nor anyone in the Administration, has a feeling of warmth for such a theory."

"Make commitments on your own,' mortgage bankers urged

Should mortgage bankers take a position in the mortgage market by issuing firm commitments to builders on their own financial responsibility?

Some companies do and William A. Lyon, president of the Natl Assn of Mutual Savings Banks told the MBA convention that more of them ought to. He suggested they should become, in effect, mortgage underwriters.

"It would mean, in a sense, taking a market position more widely and more often in the industry, as do investment bankers and government security dealers. It would mean that a ready source of mortgages could be created and be available for investors immediately— a sort of ever normal granary," he said.

Lyon, who is also president of the Dry Scale Bank, notes that if this were done the violence of the housing market that is free [conventional] indicates that if this were done the violence of the fluctuations [in homebuilding] would be reduced and the variations in interest rates relatively modest.

Buyers are "significantly reduced" because mortgages for which they commit are delivered late or never.

Lyon's speech, one of the most pertinent to the internal operation of a mortgage banking business, was made on the final morning of the meeting when three-fourths of the 3,000 registered members had apparently gone home or slept late.

Many mortgage men already take a position in the market, but usually with only a small slice of their often smallish capital. Others regard it as too risky. Many bankers can list in five figures the losses they took in 1956-57 when they were caught with big inventories as the bottom fell out of the FHA-VA market. The past year, however, speculative risk as they have done before.

Most companies have not made commitments on their own this year. Or if they have, they make them only on a market basis—agreeing to close at the prevailing market price at the time of closing. Most builders, of course, prefer a firm commitment price for their own protection.

Lyon took note of this problem, counseled the mortgage men to look for more investment outlets. "The bulk of all mortgage bankers apparently do less than 10% of their business with investors other than savings banks and life insurance companies," he pointed out.

As a result they are too dependent upon these investors and suffer when even one type
Good Design...Good Materials...Good Construction...and Good Names like CELOTEX

* Shown:
Richmond's
Glen Hill Model
...featuring
these famous
CELOTEX
brand materials:

Celotex Insulating Sheathing. Superior insulation value, greater structural strength, proved durability. Plus the famous CELOTEX Life-of-Building Guarantee Certificate that helps to close the sale.

Celotex Hardboard Sidings. Greatest advancement ever in home sidings! Classic appearance, plus durability and cost-saving ease and speed of application. Lap, shingle and panel sidings, factory-primed and back-sealed, in complete variety of types and sizes...low cost, weather-proof distinction for modern homes.

Celotex Triple-Sealed™ Asphalt Shingles. A complete line of "Color-Harmonized" blends and tones of unequalled beauty..."Triple-Sealed"...the mark of longer life.
Uniform state investment, redemption laws asked

The nation’s insurance companies would willingly make high ratio conventional mortgages if states would adopt uniform investment and redemption laws.

So says L. Douglas Meredith, executive vice president of the Natl Life Insurance Co. of Vermont. Meredith, well known for his liberal views on lending, was a pioneer in promoting package and open-end mortgages.

Conflicting laws limiting the loan to value ratio on conventional loans discourage this type of investment now, Meredith explains. His example: his company can make 80% loans in Vermont. But if another state in which his company does business demanded that the company conform literally with its law—which limits loans to two-thirds—then the company would be forced to stop making any 80% loans, even in Vermont, or stop doing business in the state which demands literal compliance or 3) exclude over 80% loans from its admitted assets in the states in which they are illegal. None of these alternatives is attractive, Meredith says.

“The time has come for a uniform code of life insurance investments to be adopted by each of the jurisdictions comprising the USA,” he suggests. “It is not unreasonable to think that the Natl Assn of Insurance Commissions drafting a uniform code which might be submitted to state legislatures.”

In the same way he proposes that states adopt laws giving lenders some way to repossess property quickly, if they have made a 90% or 95% conventional loan on it. Slow and expensive foreclosure procedures discourage high-ratio real estate financing in many states. Meredith suggests two quick recovery laws which would:

1. Use a sales contract under which possession could be obtained by peaceful surrender and release of the property to the seller.
2. Authorize a special type mortgage which would specify that until the loan was paid down to 66 2/3%, a deed and mortgage would be made.
3. Authorize a special type mortgage which would specify that until the loan was paid down to 66 2/3%, foreclosure could be carried out by simple summary procedures.

Meredith adds this warning: “If these things are not done sooner or later by the states, then we can expect the federal government to do it for us.”

MORTGAGE MARKET QUOTATIONS

(Sale by originating mortgage, who retains servicing.) As reported by Loans & Houses the week ending Nov 14, ’78

**FHA 5 1/4s (Sec 203) (b)**

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**Mortgage Market Quotations**

(Needs cover loans for delivery up to 13 months; future cover loans for delivery in 3 to 12 months.)

**Natl League studies plan for new S&L divisions**

A plan aimed at giving every type of S&L a forum of its own is under consideration by the Natl League of Insured Savings Assns.

The plan would create three new divisions in the association: 1) federals, 2) state-chartered mutuals and 3) state-chartered capital stock companies.

The division setup was devised by the League’s new president, James E. Bent, president of Hartford Federal S&L. It was discussed at the group’s convention in Phoenix in October, was referred to the executive committee for action in January.

Managing Director Harold P. Braman, in his report asked commercial banks to end “the increasing barrage of intertemporal attacks against the S&L business.”

He explained that banks in some areas are waging a vigorous fight for personal savings. “Competition is good for any industry. But, unfortunately competition in the financial field has become so intense in some areas that attacks have been launched on the savings & loan business in an effort to create doubts in the public mind,” he said.

*News continued on p 47*
Sam (right) and Morty Gorn have built over a thousand homes since they teamed up ten years ago. Each of the 226 “Wellwood” homes they’re now constructing near Baltimore contains 4 built-in telephone outlets like the one above.

“‘We feature concealed telephone wiring in all our homes’”—says Sam Gorn, Gorn Brothers, Inc., Baltimore, Maryland

“...Prospects naturally look for convenience and smart planning in a new home,” says Sam Gorn. “That’s why we always give special attention to interior details—and why we feature concealed telephone wiring in all our homes.”

“It’s a touch people appreciate,” adds Morty Gorn. “They’re quick to see how it will eliminate unsightly, exposed wiring, particularly when extension phones are installed. What’s more, it costs little and requires little effort on our part, thanks to the telephone company.

“And it does help sell homes.”

Your local Bell Telephone business office will gladly help you with concealed wiring plans. For details on home telephone wiring, see Sweet’s Light Construction File, 81/Be. For commercial installations, Sweet’s Architectural File, 32a/Be.

BELL TELEPHONE SYSTEM
MATERIALS & PRICES:

Lumbermen see big breakthrough in handling of unitized shipments

One day is not far off when most lumber will be sold in handy packages much the way one buys eggs or cigarettes.

Unitized shipments of lumber have been increasing, particularly in the Pacific Northwest, where lack of enough wide-door boxcars to handle the units has been a problem. Now a new packaging system invented by W. McCracken of Leechburg, Pa., promises many added advantages. McCracken has no counting problem, don't have to strap as at West Coast mills. This means less loss from pilferage, and get cleaner lumber. These units can be handled on the building site.

Advantages: 1) inventory can be taken within minutes, 2) packages need not be unpacked before delivery, 3) any boxcar can be used, 4) cars can be loaded and unloaded easily, 5) more lumber can be loaded in cars, 6) the units can be handled on the average delivery truck, 7) small forts can handle the units.

Unloading takes longer

There is one disadvantage: unloading a car with these units takes about 5 to 6 hours vs only about an hour for 4' wide units. But this contrasts with 16 hours to unload single pieces by hand. (McCracken reports his unloading costs have been cut to less than half the $65 he pays to have men unload unpackaged lumber by hand.) However the lumber industry agreed early last month to conduct tests in which six McCracken units will be strapped together as 4' wide packages for use when wide-door cars are available and dealers prefer to order this way.

50 mills try system

Mills shipping McCracken units in the past three months include Weyerhaeuser (from three mills), Willamette Valley, Boise-Cascade and Elk Lumber Co. The latter has converted entirely to shipping in these units. About 50 mills are reported experimenting with the system.

Says Stuart S. Caves Jr, chairman of the Natl Retail Lumber Dealers' materials handling committee: "We have made more progress in developing better methods for shipping lumber in the last year than during the entire previous history of the lumber industry."

'SHEDIAL BUILDING COSTS continued

Plywood production cut

Major plywood producers are cutting back production to shore up prices during the usual winter lag in demand.

Georgia-Pacific was the first to move. It trimmed output about 15%, later upped the cutback 5 to 10% more. President Robert B. Pamplin admitted that G-P hopes to avoid repetition of last winter's glut of plywood which sent prices into a long nosedive.

He added: "Autumn historically brings a moderate and temporary pause. This creates the need to produce plywood at a somewhat slower pace and we are recognizing the economic facts involved in curtailing production."

Within a week both US Plywood and Cascades Plywood announced they, too, were reducing production an average of 15%. So far most of the cutback has meant only an overall trouble.
Realtors attack 'bulldozer' approach to urban renewal

Realtors think too much federal money is being squandered on bulldozer-type urban renewal projects. They want the Administration to give priority to projects "based predominantly on rehabilitation or conservation." They want HHFA to tighten up its standards for city enforcement of housing codes as "a prerequisite" for federal grants for renewal.

At NAREB's 51st annual convention last month in San Francisco, what was notable about these attitudes and policy pronouncements was not so much that realtors said them, but the strong tone in which they were said right in front of HHF Administrator Al Cole and URA Commissioner Dick Steiner.

Items:
- "Grandiose ventures seeking to plow under large city areas" are "thwarting the natural growth of cities," charged Realtor-builder Fritz Burns of Los Angeles and Honolulu in one of the convention's major addresses. Such "politically glamorous moves," he cried, "can spell taxation ruin if we don't do something to curb part of this program we helped to start." Burns branded as a "fallacy" the widely held belief that renewal subsidies will be recaptured via more tax revenue. "These are the same buildings that won't be built somewhere else." Worse still, he noted, the basis of redevelopment land acquisition "appeals to the slum landlord." Why? "If he can just let his buildings get bad enough, the authorities will buy them. And condemnation awards are on a capitalization basis"—i.e., based on the bootleg profit in slum overcrowding and no maintenance. "The day of reckoning has got to come," said the former chairman of NAREB's rehabilitation-promoting Build America Better committee.

- "If urban renewal is limited to the bulldozer approach, blight will spread faster," warned NAREB President H. Walter Graves. "Unless we have a strong housing and building code honestly and forthrightly enforced we are not doing a job of renewal. It's the owner's responsibility to maintain property. That phase of renewal is often overlooked."

Cities that let residential neighborhoods decay are committing a "profligate economic waste no community can afford," said Harold S. Goodrich of Springfield, Ohio, in another talk. "Flagrant, non-conforming uses of our increasingly valuable urban areas are not the only reasons for waste and decay. There are just plain negligence and laxity in carrying out other municipal functions."

New formula for federal aid

In its policy statement, NAREB again backed shifting more of urban renewal's subsidy to state and/or local governments as President Eisenhower has urged. Last year, the President proposed gradually cutting the federal share of land write-down from its present 66% to 50%. Now, it was revealed by Presidential Assistant Howard Pyle, the Administration would "like to see the cost split one-third for the federal government, one-third for the states and one-third for the cities."

Three days after Pyle divulged this new formula to realtors, San Francisco's Mayor George Christopher, who is president this year of the American Municipal Assn, asserted it "would kill the program" because the states "simply would not do it."

Replied HHFA's Al Cole: "If our ideal is to do away with all slums and solve all urban blight problems, there never will be enough money in the federal Treasury to do the job." He insisted the need for federal aid is shrinking, thanks in part to groups like NAREB, ACTION, the US Chamber of Commerce and local foundations in such cities as Cleveland and Cincinnati.

Will HHFA tighten up its standard of housing code enforcement before giving cities federal handouts for slum clearance? Said Cole: "I'd like to lead—not drive—communities into further recognition of the fact that code enforcement is the basis they must work on."

Crack down on chiselers

A big obstacle to saving middle-aged neighborhoods through rehabilitation, warned URA Commissioner Steiner, is the "shabby practices" of "undesirable people in the real estate business." In one of the frankest statements on renewal problems from a high Administration official in years, he told NAREB's Build America Better committee:

"In many deteriorated areas we have to contend not only with shabby buildings but also with shabby practices . . . Here we find concentrated some of the most undesirable real estate activities. We encounter extravagant purchase-money mortgages with no sound relation to value and unacceptable sales contracts extending for years. We see exploitation of every possible loophole in zoning ordinances, housing codes and health regulations—as well as inflatation of racial prejudices and the deliberate stimulation of discord for the sake of fast profits. Those who try to correct this, through better codes of..."
better enforcement of existing codes, too often find themselves blocked—either directly or by more subtle means.”

Steiner acknowledged that the “vast majority” of real men “refuse to have business and social relations” with such “chiselers.” But he warned “we may never reach our goal” unless realtors take stronger action to “outlaw the evil and destructive practices” on the fringe of their business. Specifically, Steiner asked realtors to push state license commissions to revoke really licenses of people guilty of “the practices to which I refer.”

Realtors in politics?

Urban renewal problems grabbed a big hare of convention coverage in San Francisco now; many of the 5,100 delegates, the real Topic A was whether realtors shouldn’t get into local politics in a big way as a matter of self-preservation. The White House’s Pyle, a former governor of Arizona, urged realtors—as representatives of the business community—to “spread the word” about how the US economy works. Our future depends on the extent to which the real estate system is understood by our people,” he explained. NAREB responded with its strongest policy statement yet. It said: “We urge that every realtor interest himself in the activities of the political party of his choice to effect the election of the best qualified candidates.”

In its policy statement, NAREB:

- Urged FHA to extend its Certified Agency program to all states and all cities as fast as it can.
- Urged Congress to amend the Banking Act to exempt not only VA, but also FHA mortgages, from the limit restricting mortgage -s by national banks to 60% of their time and savings deposits.
- Plumped for “multiple and more intensive use” of costly community facilities, including schools, parks, playgrounds, auditoriums.” He aims to hold local taxes down.
- Urged Congress to make losses on a sale of a taxpayer’s residence deductible as a capital loss on income tax “since the gain on the sale of a residence is taxable.”
- Again urged that the value of structures abandoned to wipe out slums, plus the cost of demolition, be made tax deductible in one to five years, at the taxpayer’s option. Aim: “to encourage” owners to tear down blighted buildings. And NAREB added this new idea: “Costs of additions relating to sanitation or safety should be deductible as expenses.”

- Urged local realty boards to set up examination committees for membership, and counseled realtors to “accept responsibility for encouraging full-time employment and on-the-job training of salesmen.”

Sparkman housing policies peril nation, realtors told

Policies urged by the Senate Democratic housing leader could lead to inflation which would confiscate “all the capital invested in real estate.” This accusation comes from a fellow senator. Utah’s Wallace F. Bennett read the Realtor’s statement of Senator John J. Sparkman (D, Ala.): “I have questioned consistently the theory that housing production should be a principal victim of anti-inflationary monetary policies. My theory is that the production of housing should be based on the needs of the people. Of course, I realize that the only way we can satisfy this need is by having an adequate supply of mortgage credit available at all times.”

Warned Bennett: “This is a clear statement of an attitude which has helped produce the present inflation in housing.” (Bennett noted that retail prices have risen 110% from 1939, according to BLS, but construction costs are up 170% and land for new homes has soared 200%.)

It implies, he charged, that “housing should be protected from attempts to flight inflation”—which he called “our most serious domestic problem.” He accused Sparkman of being unconcerned with whether people “have worked hard enough” to deserve their own homes or “whether they can pay for it.” Sparkman’s statement means that “interest rates should be held down” even though this will discourage people from saving the money needed to finance the building in housing outputs in the mid-60s. “If the stupid savers wake up, then the government will have to take the money away from the equally stupid taxpayers,” said Bennett. “In the end that will destroy all the capital in real estate . . .”

Too many industries want what they can get out of Congress and let somebody else fight inflation.

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“Your inflation is already double other inflation,” (Bennett noted)
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Scattered sites, rehabilitated units to account for half of year's output

The revolution in public housing design that its friendly critics have been urging is now well underway.

Nearly half of the public housing units being planned for this fiscal year will be built on scattered sites or will be rehabilitated used housing.

Official figures from the Public Housing Administration in Washington show local authorities in 88 areas are planning 13,762 units of subsidized low-rent housing on 357 scattered sites. This is equal to 39% of the 35,000 federally aided public housing units authorized by Congress.

Rehabilitation plans cover 2,217 units in eleven cities. This comes to 6% of the program's total authorization.

Of the 13,762 units planned for scattered sites, the South and Southwest will get the biggest slice: 38% (see table, below). PHA's Chicago regional office accounts for 31%.

The scatter idea seems to be catching on fastest in PHA's Atlanta region, where the celebrated experiment with scattered sites at Cedartown, Ga. (March, News) attracted wide attention. Some 33 localities are now building or planning public housing on 168 different sites. Naturally, this means the number of units per project is small. The largest, in Altoona, Pa., consists of only 62 units (52 on seven sites for white occupancy, 10 in one place for Negroes). In all, 31 towns in Georgia—including Cedartown—have built or planned scatter-site projects.

**Problem over segregation?**

In Alabama, where seven communities have scatter-site plans, some realtors are trying to arouse political opposition on the basis that this will scatter Negro families into "white areas." What, if anything, will come of this it seems too early to tell. But it could confront Sen John J. Sparkman (D., Ala.), chairman of the Senate housing subcommittee and a supporter of public housing, with some difficult choices.

In the Southwest, scatter-site projects also tend to be small. Only six involve more than 100 units. The largest: 1,500 units in Denver (where Lee Johnson, longtime head of the National Housing Conference, is the new executive director of the housing authority).

Chicago is planning more scattered-site units than any other US city (New York City contemplates none, under PHA's classifications). Chicago is designing 1,850 units for 19 sites—high-rise, four-story row-on-row and two-story row dwellings. Cleveland will put up 1,795 units in five spots: high-rise, four-story row units and two- and three-story flats. How the program stands:

**Builders could build row units $6,500 cheaper, says FHA**

Philadelphia is putting up a public housing project which FHA says private builders could build $6,500-a-unit cheaper.

The project—19 two-story row houses—is one of the first in the nation to adopt the new public housing idea of small-size structures on scattered sites to avoid "the institutional look."

Philadelphia's Housing Authority expects to pay $17,000 each for the 19 units. This is the maximum permitted anywhere in the nation by the Public Housing Administration. But FHA cost analysts in Philadelphia say a private builder should be able to sell similar homes for only $10,500, **including profit**.

**Where rehabilitation is planned**

PHA's Chicago regional office accounts for 1,019, or 46%, of the 2,217 units planned across the country or for purchase of existing structures. Detroit has plans for 1,300 fix-up units, including 316 for elderly persons in a downtown apartment it may buy. Columbus, Ohio is thinking about buying a 16-unit FHA Sec 221 project for public housing. Williamsport, Pa. is considering the possibilities of buying a 16-unit FHA apartment which defaulted. But Chicago's Housing Authority has decided it will cost too much to remodel old buildings that form part of it Rockwell Gardens project (April '54, News) in Montgomery, Ala., public housers have bought a 184-unit FHA 608 apartment.

In San Francisco, the Housing Authority would like to convert two or three old homes into apartments for single elderly persons.

No. 1 tryout for rehabilitation is in Philadelphia. FHA has signed a loan contract with the Housing Authority for 200 rehab unit it plans to buy in West Philadelphia. Twenty five existing homes will serve as a test. PHA's executive director explained in a recent memorandum of the Housing Authority: "Delay is large cost, much of it unavoidable as a result of the complexity of the process of planning among many public agencies involved, an civic groups."

But all this still leaves $1,000 unexplained.

The houses which are the basis for the FHA estimate are 1,150 sq ft units with 5% room but no basement or garage. The Philadelphia authority expects to pay $13,165 each for them. But this doesn't include land, overhead, interest, architects' and engineers' fees, inspection costs.

FHA figures the same unit at only $7,12 a unit. That excludes land and profit. It also omits landscaping, walks, stoops and step refrigerator and laundry equipment that might add about $1,500 to the construction cost. With all these items included, the public housing authority expects to pay $17,291 it each unit. This is $291 more than the federal cost limit—so the specifications are to be trimmed.
LABOR:

Make-work decried by Cleveland labor leader; 'fake', cry builders

Construction workers in high-cost Cleveland have been scolded for featherbedding —by their own leader.

But home builders still complain that labor is all talk and no action when it comes to ending shirk-work practices.

"It behooves labor and management to do everything to affect economies in our industry," wrote Thomas E. McDonald, business manager of the Cleveland Building and Construction Trades Council, in the Building Trades Journal. "We in labor cannot continue to take from the industry without putting our own substantial interests in it."

McDonald bore down on oversized coffee breaks (no coffee break at all is allowed in contracts). He wrote: "Assume a house is being built and it requires 100 days for all the work required to complete the job. Let us also assume that for the 100 days, the job employed an average of six workers, starting with the excavators and ending with the decorators at an average hourly rate of $3.80. Now if each of these workers took a 15 minute coffee break each morning, the cost to the buyer would be $570 per day or $57,000 for the house. Some of our members will no doubt take the position that anyone who can afford to buy a house can afford the luxury of our members' coffee break. Nothing can be farther from the truth. We have yet to hear in mind that most home buyers need a mortgage to buy a house, and somewhere along the line at least a part of this $570 becomes a part of that mortgage. Now all we need to do is add on another 15 min that we cheated at starting or quitting time, and you can readily see how our indifference to our responsibility increases building costs."

Building trades contracts in Cleveland this year included for the first time a seven-point anti-featherbedding "understanding."

Since then, general contractors say they have been able to fire workers for loafing and make it stick. "We can't say how much, but we have indications that it is cutting our costs," says Contractor William J. Hunkin 2d. "And morale on the job has gone up."

Builders, long at odds with general contractors because builders have no voice in wage negotiations in Cleveland but must pay the scales the generals negotiate, say things are just as bad as ever. "That faker!" exploded one official of the Home Builders Assoc when a House & Home correspondent asked him about McDonald's statement. "What he says is a lot of ... He's acquainted with the practices by his people but he's never lifted a finger to do anything about it. All I hear from him is I should take it up with [President Richard] Gray [of the AFL-CIO building trades department]."

Adds Builder George N. Seltzer: "I have seen no improvement whatsoever. Here the plumber requires eight days to put in a fixture job. In other areas they do it in four. The plumber comes late and goes home early. If I buy a pre-glazed window frame from Detroit, I have to pay the glazers' union for a sticker to put on the glass. The sticker costs me as much as having windows glazed on the job. McDonald knows these things ... but he does nothing about them."

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Buffalo carpenters agree to cut lumber off-site

Buffalo's union carpenters, who have stubbornly fought off-site lumber cutting or fabrication of any kind, have agreed to lift the ban for a six-month's trial. They did not act in the interest of productivity and lower costs. They simply fear that if they don't allow local lumber mills to pre-cut and fabricate components in the yards they will lose jobs because prefabs will be shipped in from outside the area.

If the system cuts seriously into the number of on-site jobs, union and mill operators have agreed to return to the old method.

Herman F. Bodewes, president of the carpenters district council, adds: "There will continue to be restrictions."

Building in Buffalo, a notoriously high-cost city (sixth highest in FHA's 71 city building cost survey), home off-site work will continue to be prohibited.
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SEGREGATION:

Major study raps industry practices

Commission on Race & Housing asks Eisenhower to name committee to root out federal props to housing bias

The biggest study yet attempted of housing segregation has ended with a report accusing the building industry of helping to thwart the nation's efforts to overcome race discrimination in housing.

A three-year investigation by the Commission on Race & Housing, financed by $400,000 from the Ford Foundation's Fund for the Republic, singles out realtors, builders and mortgage lenders as leading roadblocks toward realizing what it calls "public ideals in regard to race."

The language of the 77-page report is temperate, its ideas crusading. It says: "The group prejudices of the white population provide a basis and support for the segregation of minority groups, but the actual controls and sanctions are administered largely by the housing industry. It is the real estate brokers, builders and mortgage finance institutions which translate prejudice into discriminatory action..."

In the main, the services of brokers, builders and mortgage financiers are extended to nonwhites only in limited measure and under special conditions. Spokesmen for the housing industry usually disclaim responsibility for their discriminatory practices, asserting that their actions are dictated by the prejudices of their clientele or the general public, or the imperatives of profit and loss. There is unquestionably some basis for this defense, but it is also true that members of the housing industry often lead rather than follow the public in housing discrimination..."

The report also states: "The unwillingness or inability of the housing industry to make its services fully available to the members of minority groups has had the effect of creating, for those groups, a separate housing market in which only a limited quantity and quality of merchandise is offered for sale."

Federal, state and local governments come in for sharp criticism, too. The commission estimates that one-sixth of the US population (27 million people) is now subjected to housing restrictions because of race, color or ethnic origin. Yet it notes pointedly that the 1949 Housing Act makes "a decent home and a suitable living environment for every American family" a goal of national policy. The very existence of such a law, says the study, when taken with the fact that minorities are largely confined to slum ghettos, creates "an expectation that government will act to help remedy the situation."

Instead, says the report: "Realization of these goals of national policy is seriously hampered by racial segregation and discrimination in the distribution of housing facilities and benefits provided under federal laws. Moreover, the policies of the federal housing agencies which encourage or permit racial distinctions in distribution of federal housing benefits are inconsistent with the US Constitution and the spirit of the housing acts of Congress..."

What the Commission says about industry

Real Estate Brokers, "with occasional exceptions, will negotiate sale or rental of property to minority persons only in areas considered appropriate for minority residence, usually in areas where minorities are already living. To do otherwise is considered among brokers an unethical practice..."

NAREB has substituted "some ambiguous statements" for its former ethical prohibition against introducing inharmonious occupancy into neighborhoods, "but from all indications the re-statement has made little change in actual practice."

"Real estate agents are typically convinced that to 'break' white neighborhoods would bring serious harm to their business. Damaging reactions are expected both from neighborhood residents and from colleagues. It is the latter which serves to maintain a high degree of uniformity in practice..."

The report concludes: "The spirit of the housing acts of Congress..."
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Builders urged to open all tracts to all races

continued from p 57

rac. Builders argue that "to admit non­whites would be a fatal handicap to sales." But "few builders have tested their assumptions" that builders of inter-racial tracts will be stopped by lack of mortgage money or obstacles thrown up by local authorities.

Lenders "have provided major support" for segregation by their "common policy" of ending to nonwhites only in nonwhite areas. Not one does "favor" nonwhites, but also "disadvantages nonwhites" because property in nonwhite areas is usually "inferior." The "racial areas" policy is upheld to avoid the wrath of property owners, brokers, depositors, policy holders and other lenders or 'helping' a white neighborhood."

FHA, PHA criticized

The commission tags "policies and actions" of federal agencies and officials as "among the principal influences sustaining segregation in housing." Minority groups for years have been trying to persuade the President and federal housing agencies to forbid racial segregation in sales of FHA and VA homes, but notes. But "this step the government has not been prepared to take. Officials offer various explanations but unquestionably one of the principal reasons is the power of the segregationist bloc in Congress. By endorsing private business and local authorities with unprecedented power to determine the racial posture in housing, and then taking no steps to control the use of this power, the federal government indirectly gives major support to perpetuation of racial segregation. It is to say that the segregationist group, through its power in Congress, is able to force its views upon the whole country." FHA, the report complains, makes no attempt to control racial segregation by builders, although it has abandoned its earlier doctrine that "minority of racial groups in residential areas was socially undesirable."

And public housing, even though "far in advance of the private field . . . has served, in the whole to sustain and probably intensify racial segregation." Reason: federal authorities, mindful of attitudes in the South, are left the question of segregation up to local housing authorities.

"Only government and law can be directly effective on a large scale" to curtail race discrimination in housing, asserts the commission. But at another point, it admits: "No single measure can produce a major change." Its No. 1 recommendation turns out to be that President Eisenhower should name a high-level committee of federal officials and private citizens to purge US housing programs of what support for segregation remains in them. It also offers 33 other suggestions. These range from the advice that more publicity for inter-racial subdivisions would be helpful to a demand that state governments repeal all laws requiring segregation. These recommendations involve the industry:

1. Realty boards should proclaim that "realtors should offer listed residential properties to any qualified purchaser or renter without regard to racial or religious distinction unless the principal has in writing directed limitation of a particular transaction to certain groups."

2. Housing trade groups should "drop color bars to membership."

3. Lenders should drop their "racial areas" policies.

4. NAHB and its locals should "take the lead in effecting an industry-wide policy to declare all new tracts open to all buyers of whatever race or religion. This would, explains the commission, lessen the disadvantage" builders feel they will suffer in taking individual action to admit nonwhites.

5. Builders, brokers and lenders should study the experience of financially successful inter-racial developments.*

The commission also calls for adoption of state and city laws banning discrimination in housing built with any federal public aid (such as FHA). It cites New York City laws against bias as models for the nation. It calls for more emphasis on rehabilitation in renewal areas undergoing racial transition, more public housing projects on open land, fewer public housing ghettos and more projects "away from slums." It also advocates higher income limits for over-income public housing families so they won't have to move.

State agencies enforcing anti-bias laws, says the commission, should be empowered to: 1) act on complaints, 2) investigate and start compliance proceedings without complaints, 3) make public results of complaints involving discrimination and 4) have authority and money enough to promote open occupancy via research, information, education.

Industry & federal reaction

Most of it has been pained, fumbling and—to anybody who had read the report—inept. At NAREB's 51st annual convention in San Francisco, reporters regularly braced dignitaries at press conferences with embarrassing questions about the findings, which were, by rare coincidence, announced the very day the realtors opened their sessions. "NAREB has no policy in this field . . . never has," said President H. Walter Graves after admitting he hadn't read the report. "We were among the first to comply with the Supreme Court's decrees against restrictive covenants." Asked if he could name any realtors who sell property on an open occupancy basis, Graves hesitated then said: "I've never studied that. Never considered it any of our business."

FHA Commissioner Mason, conceding he had read only part of the report on an airplane, insisted "I did not feel it was extremely critical of the government." He added that there had been "material changes" since the data was gathered "some time ago." HHF Administrator AI Cole was blunter. Federal housing agencies, he said, have "no responsibility" to prevent race segregation in private housing, even if it is financed by FHA or VA. (See Roundup for more details.)

At the US Savings & Loan League's convention the week next in San Francisco, Sen. John J. Sparkman, said he agreed. Sparkman, who is first a Democrat from Alabama, second the chairman of the Senate housing sub-committee, and who was Democratic vice presidential candidate in 1952, looked unhappy. "I don't feel the question should enter the housing program at all," he said. "Inter­acting race will have a disastrous effect both in the field and in legislation." If compulsory integration is written into housing laws, he conceded, public housing "would dry up."

The costly study, titled "Where Shall We Live?", is the result of three years research by social scientists at a dozen universities under the direction of Prof. Davis McEntire, professor of social welfare at the University of California. The report made public last month is only a fraction of the evidence the commission amassed. What Commissioner Chairman Schwust calls "a comprehensive report of the research," to be titled "Residence & Race," is scheduled to appear next year.

McEntire

Backimg this up are some 30 studies and research memoranda, most of which have been, are being or will be published. All are listed in an appendix to the first report.
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FHA MPS' S:

A remaining controversy: ‘local acceptable standards’

Will FHA’s new formula for “local acceptable standards” open the door to continuation of the very Balkan jungle of conflicting rules which its new Minimum Property Standards (Nov, News) are supposed to end?

Originally, LASSs were aimed at providing leeway on plot planning rules. But they wound up applicable to every rule in the 300-page book. If Washington approves, local FHA offices can waive minimum requirements on “an area of regional basis.”

FHA explains the proviso arose, among other things, because San Francisco builders complained they have been building FHA homes for years with masonry fireplaces starting on the second floor but supported on wood framing. This is specifically banned by the MPSs.

Here is what the eight top flight experts who helped FHA write the new national construction bible think of “local acceptable standards.”

Four experts call it a grave mistake

Architect Leonard Haeger, AIA, former research chief of NAHB:

“... a tragic mistake. There is, within the framework of the new MPSs, ample opportunity for use of special and alternate materials and methods stemming from differences in climate, geology, materials availability and from new techniques.

“A concept of locally acceptable standards” (which are different from the national standards) can only legalize parochial thinking and will, by adding the confusion of a variety of local standards, return to builders, manufacturers, mortgage bankers and American families alike all the former obstacles to the achievement of better homes at lower cost, and thus continue to hamper the growth of the building industry.”

Architect James T. Lendrum, AIA, chairman, architecture department, University of Florida:

“... an unfortunate addition to the MPSs and should be eliminated now. Control under leadership of [Neil] Connor will not be questioned but with different staff in Washington the way would be open to unlimited abuses of all types and, in effect, would make the work of the last three years useless.

“If complete substantiating data satisfactory to FHA are submitted and authorization is granted in Washington there is no valid reason why it should apply to a limited or specific area. It should become a national standard. If San Francisco builders have been at variance with the rest of the US for years it is no reason why we should have two standards. Someone is wrong.”

Irwin Jalonack, Long Island housing consultant and mechanical engineer:

“Washington’s promise of strict hold on local variations is worthless. Commissioner Mason has already demonstrated, as in the case of Denver uninsulated brick construction and insulation recommendations of the advisory committee, that he strikes his colors quickly when influence or pressure is applied. If a design or a material is adequate in one area, it is adequate in another, always of course subject to conditions such as temperature or phenomena peculiar to an area.

Fired equipment in Texas, the requirement for grade marked lumber in some but not all areas ... We have to place some faith in the administrators of the standard. If the administration does not justify faith, then there is no alternative but to change it.”

Three experts—all with building interests—defend the plan

Howard Vermilya, AIA, vice president, American Houses:

“A device similar to [local acceptable standards] is necessary to care for such construction as adobe, soil conditions as bentonite, building on tundra, etc. and for variations of conventional construction which may develop in the future or which have developed and have not been adopted nationally ... .

“It should not be used to provide a loophole for pressure groups to obtain approval of practices with local acceptance but which do not need the national standard. For us to open the door to multiple standards and practices. On the other hand, the provision may act as a device for establishing more progressive standards that could not achieve general acceptability at this time ... .

Architect Ed Fickett, AIA, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute school of architecture:

“The old local standards were completely out of hand. Now, it looks as if FHA has written back in what was there originally. It’s a mistake. This will open the door for considerable confusion at the local level. I’d like to see the MPSs without local acceptable standards. Try it and see if it works. Builders are strong enough to get things changed if necessary. If we open the door completely we’re going to make a mess of things.”

Dean Harold D. Hauf, AIA, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute school of architecture:

“I can see there is a danger of opening the door to multiple standards and practices. On the other hand, the provision may act as a device for establishing more progressive standards that could not achieve general acceptability at this time ... .

Builder Andy Place, chairman, NAHB research institute:

“It has been obvious for over a year that the bulk of the advisory committee’s work was to be abandoned in the interests of applying grease wherever there was to be a squeak.

“Neither Washington nor any local FHA office would employ even one person of advisory committee caliber, let alone eight, and it is sad indeed that the effort put in by the committee should now be, for all practical purposes, abandoned in favor of local election. There is no doubt that FHA will continue to be lost in the forest of local option, some options being exercised by people of mediocrity. This travesty is not of the architectural standards division’s making.”

continued from p 59
In Effingham, Ill., W. G. Best Factory Built Homes, Inc., has just racked up the biggest month in its history with July sales topping the like 1957 month by more than 100%. The firm has been working at capacity in recent weeks, and now is considering adding a second shift.

—From Wall Street Journal, August 7, 1958

Your best move is to BEST Homes

Builder-dealers throughout the middle west are discovering that Best Homes offer more. They offer the buyer, and consequently the builder-dealer, the best value that money can buy.

We invite you to visit our modern factory or talk to any of our salesmen to see for yourself the high quality, design and flexibility built into all Best Homes.

Write, wire or phone George H. Frederking, Vice President and General Manager—and find out how profitable it is to become a Best Homes builder-dealer.

5 NEW HOMES IN TOPPER SERIES

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W. G. BEST, President

W. G. BEST HOMES

Effingham, Illinois

THE BEST COMMUNITIES OF TOMORROW ARE BUILT WITH BEST TODAY!
New Congoleum-Nairn chief maps
cost control, market expansion plans

Congoleum-Nairn Inc, second largest of the
smooth floor-covering producers (behind
Armstrong), has tapped its young and ag­
gressive sales chief to take over as president.
Frederick H. Cook, 43, also becomes chief
executive officer. He succeeds F. J. Andre
in both jobs. Andre moves up to board chairman.

Before Cook joined C-N in 1955 as vice
president for sales, he had spent his entire
business career selling Armstrong products.
He worked first for Armstrong, itself. After
he joined an Armstrong distributor in Boston.

In Dade City, Fla. He graduated from the
University of Indiana in 1936.

Money. Cook admits.

Capacity (i.e., print enamel and linoleum)
main problem is that older, more traditional
products are floor coverings (i.e., vinyl and new-type rolled goods). These
newer ones will do well in the future, we are
confident. But we realize we have not
achieved complete cost efficiency yet. What
we are trying to do now is to build up our
sales volume in these new products and at
the same time continue to improve our
costs.

To expand its markets, Congoleum-Nairn
is looking two ways. It hopes to get a bigger
share of the commercial building market and
more of the new house market.

"We will become much more aggressive in
the homebuilding field," says Cook. "We
expect to be of much more help to builders
in the future."

Cook is emphasizing research at C-N. But
the firm's new products, now nearing pro­
duction stage, are floor coverings. Diversifi­
cation is not part of C-N's immediate plans.

Explains Cook: "We will be interested in
diversification only when we get our present
business on a sounder operating basis."

MBA revamps committee system; adds new officer

The Mortgage Bankers Assn has beefed up
to leadership ranks and reshuffled its com­
mittee system. Purpose: to give more continuity to MBA
administration and policy.

New President Walter Nelson, 48, of Min­
neapolis, blueprinted the changes. He now
has two vice presidents to help him instead
of one. Besides B. B. Bass of Oklahoma
City, first vice president and president-desig­
nate by custom, there is now a second vice
president.

First man elected to the job is Atlanta
Mortgage Banker Robert Tharpe, 45. MBA
siders predict he will move up to the presi­
dency after Bass.

Bass and Tharpe have also been assigned
liaison duties between the MBA executive
committee and all standing committees.

Members of these committees will now be
named for three-year instead of one-year
terms. Thus two-thirds of each committee
will carry over to the next year.

MBA traditionally vests much of its ad­
inistrative power, as well as policy-making
authority, in its elected officers.

For genial and earnest Wally Nelson, this
is many ways will be his second term as
MBA boss. He performed many of the
stunts without the title in the past year or
John Hall of Birmingham, whose wife's
ilness kept him home most of the year.

Long hours of hard work will be no new
outline for Nelson. He was a lamplighter
in his hometown of St Paul when produc­
in school. He had to work to help support his
family (five brothers and a sister) and after
radiating from high school at 16, worked

Like many other mortgage bankers, Nelson
came into the business through the side
door of real estate. He got a taste of real
estate shortly after high school, decided then
to make a career of it. He bonded up on
the business, landed a job with the Equitable
Life Assurance Society. He moved quickly
into the loan department.

He became an expert appraiser. In 1939
he was able to help the Eberhardt Co in
Minneapolis become an Equitable corre­
spendent. Eberhardt made him a vice presi­
dent. He has been president and sole owner
since 1951.

He was more active in realtor and appra­
sal doings than MBA for many years.

In fact, he first attended an MBA meeting 15
years ago to lecture on appraisal. Now, he
devotes most of his own business time to
the mortgage business, though Eberhardt Co
is still one of the biggest real estate firms in
Minneapolis. His firm originates $5-6 million
in mortgages a year, serves $20 million.

Vice President B. B. (for Boylston Bowby)
Bass, 53, is president of the American Mort­
gage & Investment Co of Oklahoma City.
Like Nelson, he was originally in the real
estate business. He entered it after graduat­
ing from the University of Oklahoma with a
BA in business administration. He also has
a law degree but has never practiced.

In 1947 he set up a mortgage banking
business after serving as a colonel in World War 2. He worked
for the late Gen Raymond S. McLain, once
his commander in the Oklahoma National
Guard. When McLain died, Bass moved up
to the presidency.

Tharpe is a native of Moultrie, Ga. and a
graduate of Georgia Tech. (He was captain
of Tech's 1933 football team and an all-
Southeast Conference tackle.)

After graduating, he worked until 1946 in
the mortgage loan department of Metropoli­
tan Life Insurance Co, except for three
years in the naval air force. He retired as
a lieutenant commander.

In 1947 he set up a mortgage banking
business with his brother-in-law, J. L. Brooks
with but one account. The firm now is
the largest in Georgia, will originate
$12 million this year and serves $65
million.

Tharpe won MBA's distinguished service
award for his work as chairman of its liai­

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- Compile sales figures broken down by product category.
- Draft standard estimating forms.
- Standardize financing terms and conditions.
- Help codify and enforce Federal Trade Commission regulations against unethical notices.
- Lobby for the industry in Washington.

Western lumberman succeeds
outherner as NLMA head

*est Coast Lumberman Robert M. Ingram, Jr., is the new president of the Nail Lumber manufacturers Assn.

Ingram, president and general manager of E. C. Miller Cedar Lumber Co of Aberdeen, Wash., was elected at NLMA's annual rector meeting in Washington. He succeeds Floyd McGowin, president of the W. T. nth Lumber Co of Chapman, Ala.

A graduate of the University of Washington, Ingram was president of the West Coast lumbermen's Assn last year. He is also a president of the Western Red Cedar Lumber Assn.

Lumbermen attending the NLMA meeting sized optimism over their 1959 outlook. One 42% expect lumber output to beat that of 1958. The rest believe it will equal 1958's paced 32 billion board feet. They called the market's economic item most likely hamper their business.

exas HBA's J. J. Terrell
lected head of EO council

Jn J. (For Jeff) Terrell, 45, who will take "er as president of NAHB's executive offices' council next month, is a Texas-born promotion man who started his business career in newspaper circulation. He worked 13 years for the Austin American-Statesman and the San Antonio Express before becoming assistant director for the Texas Motor Transportation Assn. For the last four years he has been executive vice president of the Texas Home Builders Assn, headquartered at Austin. He exceeds S. A. (Sonny) Dansbury of Miami.

Elected to serve with Terrell: Clifford M. Clair of Columbus, Ohio, first vice president; Clyde E. McGrath of Youngstown, Ohio; Joseph A. Martin of Seattle, sevice director; and these vice presidents: Irving Brinton of Wilmington, Del; Robert J. Sutter of St Louis; John C. Donovan of Jaffa; Gordon Neilson of Houston and Jorge O. Prussell of Los Angeles.

continued from p 62

CA:

Record 153,000 starts forecast for '58 and '59

Soaring starts 133,500 in the first ten months vs 102,197 in the same period last year) indicate this will be the best housing year ever. But the boom seems ready to level off in 1959.

Public Works Minister Howard Green, the government's official housing spokesman, predicts 153,000 starts and over $2 billion outlay in 1958. Previous best year: 1955, with 138,276 starts. Green made his optimistic forecast after the annual level of starts soared to 180,000 last spring. More FHA loans were made in the first nine months than in all 1957.

Big boost came from a recession-countering program under which government money was lent for low priced homes through approved lender agents (they charge a 1% fee and have an option to buy the mortgage later).

Direct government loans were up too—a whooping 120% in the first nine months. In all, the government has pumped over $500 million into homebuilding in ten years (vs only $16 million in 1955).

"This was done when funds from private lenders were in short supply," points out Jack Hodgson, executive director of Central Mortgage & Housing Corp (Canada's HHFA, FHA & FNMA rolled into one). He adds: "The federal government is concerned with keeping the homebuilding industry in a healthy state."

Now Hodgson makes the guarded guess that "we have no reason to expect that next year's starts will go beyond 1958's." Tight money will probably apply the brakes. "The outlook is for a more or less chronic shortage of mortgage money," warns G. A. Golden, superintendent of mortgages for Sun Life, "unless new sources can be found . . . It would seem most undesirable that we look to government for too large a percentage of this money."

Builders step up research
for ways to cut costs

Five experimental homes will be built this winter by Nail House Builders Assn's research committee to see how far new construction techniques can lower costs. The first will be unveiled at NAHB's annual convention in Montreal next month (Jan 13-15).

The houses will be in St John's, Newfoundland; Montreal; Ottawa; Preston, Ontario; and Edmonton, Alberta. All will have the same basic 30' x 24' floor plan as a first research house built in Preston last year. It cost $8,000, including a $500 lot. And it conformed to Canada's Nail Building Code. The new houses will use experimental techniques not allowed by the code*. "This way we will get a direct comparison with last year's house," explains Builder-engineer Bill McCance.

McCance is already looking forward to building another group of houses that will be a "little more fantastic than anything developed yet."

* Samples: fixed windows (fresh air comes through perforated eaves soffits, via ceiling ducts, crawl space plenum and baseboard diffusers, also used for warm air heating); simple roof trusses with 2x4 members and a single, central heating duct (in use in the Netherlands).
the Highland Meadows  
split level - 3 bedrooms  
activities room

the Fiesta  
3 or 4 bedrooms - 2 baths - patio styled

the Holiday  
4 bedrooms - 2 baths - 1200 sq. ft.

SCHOLZ NORTH AMERICAN HOMES for moderate incomes

the Knollwood  
3 bedrooms - 2 baths

the Montclair  
3 bedrooms - 2 baths - family room

the Imperial Woods Custom  
tri-level...

with lower level family room

the Lincolnshire  
3 or 4 bedrooms - family room

SCHOLZ CALIFORNIA CONTEMPORARIES and AMERICAN COLONIA

the Cherry Hill  
4 bedrooms - 3 baths - maid's quarters

the Monticello  
up to 5 bedrooms - family room - dining room and nook

the Imperial Woods DeLuxe  
3 bedrooms - 2½ baths - 30 ft. liv

Young Modern House of Ideas  
3 bedrooms - 2 baths - window walls - family room

SCHOLZ CALIFORNIA CONTEMPORARIES and AMERICAN COLONIAL
the Winston Court 3 spacious bedrooms 1½ baths

the Cape Cod up to 5 bedrooms - and 2 baths

Highland Shores up to 4 bedrooms - family room - 2 baths

the Northbrook 4 bedrooms - 2 baths - covered porch

middle incomes

the Avon 4 bedrooms - 2½ baths

the Deerfield 3 bedrooms - 2 baths family room

the Valleybrook

just a small foretaste

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Please forward a copy of the new SCHOLZ DESIGN COLLECTION and have your field representative call on me to explain the Scholz Project Participation Program.

BUILDER'S NAME (please print)
Congratulations for your fine September issue, which so well describes and illustrates "How to design a nd detail to build better for less."

You and your collaborators, Place and Lendrum, have done an outstanding job.

CLARENCE A. THOMPSON
Lumber Dealers Research Council

... the best thing yet. It had the most pertinent data I have ever seen in one issue of any home building magazine. We like on the whole l like the new titles "How to design a nd detail to build better for less."

Through the many times, and have profited greatly from it. I would like six copies for our key personnel.

W. STRICKENBURG PREYER
Lendrum, Pusey & Assoc
Utah, Ill.

... an excellent presentation. All your efforts are well repaid by the end results.

E. GEORGE STERN,
Lumbers Dealers Research Council

What you said about brick reminds me of the cow that gave fine milk and then kicked over the pail. This could have been a great article except for 1) a completely misleading headline and 2) mention of a nail-on cement panel that isn't brick at all, and 3) a stupid, dogmatic statement under No. 2 at the top of page 121.

Whoever wrote... "cavity walls made sense before we had insulation; today, they make no sense at all..." just doesn't have the fuzzyest concept of what cavity wall construction is all about.

We are in the brick industry and architecturally, we know this to be a superior method of construction that provides utterly dry, weather-proof masonry and extra space. At the same time it offers beautiful, maintenance-free brick or glazed tile interior decorative treatment. Insulation is a secondary value.

E. F. WALSH, director of promotion
Structural Clay Products Institute
Washington, D.C.

All concerned with your September issue are to be congratulated for a significant and timely contribution—meaty material, exemplary reporting.

W. STEWART PUSEY
Lendrum, Pusey & Assoc
Utah, Ill.

... an outstanding job. I have read it over many times, and have profited greatly from it. I would like six copies for our key personnel.

PAUL R. BICKFORD
Hampton, Va.

Congratulations on assembling so much useful know-how in one place.

One of our industry's most crying needs is a library of knowledge that can be depended on. A magazine such as you publish is a fine beginning towards that end.

T. P. JACOBS
Dallas, Texas.

Congratulations on a job well done; we as builders are grateful.

JAMES A. STRAUSS
Fine Homes
Lincoln, Neb.

... complete coverage of a very important subject. Well done, and it gave me helpful ideas.

J. W. UNDERWOOD, president
The Underwood Companies
Jackson, Miss.

I have just finished reading your September issue. I cannot say that I did not enjoy reading it, but some of the cost savings claims border on the ridiculous. I refer particularly to "Don't kid yourself that basements are cheap." It is regrettable that you chose to quote people, eminent as they may be, who have been outspoken in their prejudices against basements.

I think the only really accurate quote is by my friend Clayton Powell of Savannah, who says, "From a builder's point of view, they are highly undesirable." With this, I agree.

I frankly think you have made a big "blooper." You may take comfort in the knowledge that people who do not make "bloopers" generally aren't doing anything.

ERNEST G. FRITSCH
Columbus, Ohio

I spent at least three hours reading it, and I am convinced that it should be worth more than $1,000 to every builder.

As I have advised you before (at least five years ago), your publication is a leader of the industry rather than one which merely reports the facts.

FREDERICK C. KECK,
executive vice president
General Contractors Ass'n of Contra Costa County
Lafayette, Calif.

Advice No. 16 was beautiful. It hit the Painters union—the biggest factor in the high cost of painting—squarely between the eyes.

CLARENCE REED
Reed Painting Co
Redondo Beach, Calif.

After reading this issue, we decided to buy a subscription for all of our construction superintendents.

EDWARD F. FISCHER
Fischer & Frichtel
St Louis County, Mo.

Tom Coogan's guest editorial

His editorial (Aug, 1959) is a statesman-like summation of how to go a long way toward curing many of our chronic ailments.

DAVID D. BOHANNON,
builder
San Mateo, Calif.

More assistance from the government in the housing field is no answer to our problem. The American Bar Association [should make] an effort to get more unity into the various states' mortgage and foreclosure laws, as well as a better agreement on title approval.

If things of this sort could be smoothed out, many financial institutions could sell participating mortgages, which would be just as acceptable as mortgages now insured by the FHA and VA.

H. DUDLEY MILLS,
president
First Federal S&L
Meriden, Conn.

I agree we need to work for greater economy of construction cost. I do not agree... that private housing should be governmentally controlled.

W. L. CARTER, Jr.,
executive vice president
Southern Life Insurance Co
Greensboro, N.C.

If builders would prepare themselves better financially, maybe build a few less houses and not depend entirely on the government for 100% financing, they could solve many of their problems themselves.

A. B. BEDDOW, realtor
Austin, Tex.

... excellent ... I am afraid the demand for cabinet status is so long-range that we will not see it achieved for many years.

I would like to see a determined fight to make FHA and its related agencies independent. Now the heads of these agencies appear to be nothing more than order-takers.

JOHN BONFONTE, builder
Pueblo, Colo.

I suppose Mr Coogan realizes that to successfully attack costs that are pricing homes out of the market he will have to stop the government's option of building houses all over this country and lick it. That will take some doing.

We do not need cabinet rank for housing ... State governments have a business in housing at all and ought to get out of it.

We do not need security against this money... For years, I have had the impression that many builders want nothing down, government guaranteed loans solely to be able to sell houses to every Tom, Dick, or Harry who comes along whether he should have a house or not, and fantastic profits.

We do not need a stronger FHA. What we do need is a Congress that will kill FHA out of existence. It has already been too many incompetent, self-seeking, nitwit, socialist politicians and bureaucrats in the housing business.

The idea of a central mortgage bank all right, but not one set up and operated by the government. If the people of this nation are to remain free, they have got to stop running to the government to have their satisfactions of all their wants and beg again to do things for themselves. They must again become self-reliant and quit sucking pop from a nursermaid government.

W. R. YOUNGQUIST,
president
First Federal S&L
Minneapolis.

How anyone could take issue with so incontrovertible truths is inconceivable.

GRACE PRINGO, realtor-builder
San Francisco

"Situations wanted" Why don't you have a classified depart- ment wherein persons such as I may see new situations... or wherein we may advertise our qualifications for prospect employer consideration?

There is no doubt about your magazine being the most carefully studied and loved in the industry.

ARTHUR L. DAHL,
Cortland, N.Y.

How many subscribers think they might interested in running a "situation want ad in Iowa if we were to start a class... page for you"—ED.

Home Loan Associates

What HAT (Nov News) says about problems ahead is all true. This is not best market in which to launch a par

However, the folks who are selling 5% mortgage bonds at 90 must take a 1 1/16 loss, and that does help build up our assets for having some par value investments when the market does change.

Some types of investors have a spare interest in seeing money get into high loans. We will sharpen our teeth on it while we wait for the market to change.

BEN H. HAZEN,
president
Home Loan Assoc.
Portland, Ore.
Imagine how well this new Classic Cushiontone ceiling tile would look throughout your model house.

**Announcing Classic Cushiontone**

Other new Armstrong ceiling that soaks up noise and gives your houses today's smart new look.

Classic Cushiontone comes at a time when interest in acoustical ceilings is higher than ever. In fact, a recent survey showed that more than nine out of ten prospective home buyers are dissatisfied with plaster ceilings that crack and peel, bounce back noise, and do nothing for a room's appearance.

With Classic Cushiontone, you can promise every buyer a quieter home. And since Classic Cushiontone was created by professional ceilings designers, you can be sure it is smart looking, practical, and in the best of taste.

Appropriate for all rooms, Classic Cushiontone is available in 16" x 16" size as well as 12" x 12". This larger size speeds installation.

Plan to use Classic Cushiontone in your next model house. The Armstrong Bureau of Decoration will show you how you can create striking effects along with color-harmonized rooms. There is no charge for this service.

For information, write to Armstrong Cork Co., 3912 Sixth Street, Lancaster, Pa.
"We build full HOUSEPOWER homes because they sell faster..."

reports Henry C. Bennett, Monogram Homes, Dallas, Tex.
"Customers are more satisfied with them. Homes with full HOUSEPOWER do not 'grow old electrically.' That's a big selling point with prospects here in the Southwest where all-electric living is becoming more and more popular."

Gerald Vineyard, Vineyard Homes, Detroit, Mich., says:
"There's a definite sales impact in Certified Wiring. That's why I make sure every one of my homes qualifies for a Certified Adequate Wiring Certificate. I've found that full HOUSEPOWER instills confidence in my customers. They regard it as a symbol of a fine quality home."

The wiring design standard followed by alert builders like Messrs. Bennett and Vineyard is now an American Standard. All builders who install wiring systems designed in accordance with this standard can give assurance that the homes they build have full HOUSEPOWER. And that's a valuable claim... because full HOUSEPOWER homes sell faster, are easier to finance, build repeat business.

Make sure you specify that the wiring in your homes is designed and installed in accordance with ASA C91.1-1958 (official number assigned by American Standards Association). To get your free copy of "American Standard Requirements for Residential Wiring" contact your local Wiring Bureau, electrical contractor, or utility. Or write us and we'll see that you get your copy by mail.
GET THE GENERAL IDEA FOR 1959!

TOTAL PREFABRICATION . . . PLUS TOTAL FINANCING AND TOTAL DEALER SERVICE = TOTAL SUCCESS!

General Homes is the only manufacturer of homes offering Total Prefabrication including: wiring, heating, plumbing, decorating, exterior painting, sheet metal work and complete kitchen unit—in addition to walls and roof. Savings in time and field labor are sensational. Only General Homes provides Total Financing: entire cost of house package plus construction money plus mortgage. Our dealers make big-builder profits on little-builder capital. General Homes' Total Dealer Service covers every operation from land planning to final sale. We follow through with you, for you! 1959 can be a Total Success for you—get the General Idea!

CAPACITY DOUBLED WITH ALL-NEW PLANT, most modern in the Industry. Latest "Minute-Man" house, complying with '59 FHA requirements, undersells and out-values anything in field. Dealerships open within 450 miles of Fort Wayne. Write or wire Wm. B. F. Hall, President, for complete particulars.
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JOHNS-MANVILLE TILE FLOORS

The Custom look of
Johns-Manville Tile
gives floors home-buyer appeal

You'll give that touch of glamor
to your new homes and help them
sell faster with floors of beautiful,
luxurious Terraflex® vinyl asbes­
tos tile or attractive, low-cost
Johns-Manville Asphalt Asbestos
Tile.

In both of these long-wearing
floors there's a color, a pattern, a
style for any room in the house.
By varying floor designs you per­
sonalize each house and give it a
custom-built appearance.

Full-page ads in Life, This Week,
Saturday Evening Post, Better
Homes and Gardens continuously
tell your prospects about fashion­
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You'll convert this awareness
and acceptance into buyer appeal
when you install Johns-Manville
floors in your new homes. For full
details write to: Johns-Manville,
Box 111, New York 16, New York.
These GLIDE-ALL Features Offer YOU More* in Sliding Door Panels

- Easier to Install and Adjust
- More Storage Space
- Lower First and Final Cost
- Lasting Quality • Smooth, Quiet Operation

GLIDE-ALL Doors are available in principal cities throughout the United States and Canada. For complete information write Plant nearest you.

- HEAVY STEEL TRACK: easily installed, and formed to prevent rollers from "run off." Notched or quick panel installation.
- ROLLER ASSEMBLY: Smooth-rolling nylon wheel assembly permits quick, simple installation and adjustment that is permanent.
- FOUR POINT CONTACT: assures stability, prevents panel rock or twist. This feature is achieved with the two upper rollers and two lower guides.
- RIGID STEEL TUBES: Used for stiles and rails, they give panel stiffness but allow it to "float" to compensate for expansion, contraction and prevent warpage.
- LOWER GUIDES: Specially designed steel bracket with polyethylene sleeve—adjusting screw allows ¾” movement up or down ... locks in permanent position.
- STURDY PANEL: Hard, smooth hardboard with great structural strength takes any finish to walls.
- ALUMINUM THRESHOLD: Decorative and sturdy, it is simply attached to floor. Grooves receive bottom guides to assure panel stability.

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GLIDE-ALL Doors are packaged, ready to install, with built-in adjustment features ... and 6'8" heights, flush or recessed types ... in special sizes for custom jobs. See "ets" or write for complete details.
UTAH BUILDER
CUTS PLUMBING COSTS 16%
WITH COPPER

CANNON-PAPANIKOLAS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, Salt Lake City, Utah, knew copper tube plumbing never rusts, resists corrosion. So they turned to their plumbing contractor, Roy Gandrè Plumbing Company — told them to put copper hot and cold water lines in one house, rustable pipe in its identical neighbor — and to keep detailed track of the costs of both installations.

Results PROVE that copper — the top quality plumbing material — can be used in any house. Here's the record:

“A” HOUSE — installation completed Spring of 1958. Total cost of copper, including materials and labor was $115.58. Total cost for galvanized, rustable lines was $115.45. Note that this was the first time the plumbing contractor had worked with copper tube plumbing lines.

Result of this striking side-by-side comparison is that Cannon-Papanikolas is using copper in all future homes they plan. You too can take advantage of copper for its greater—and more sellable—value in the homes you build.

“But to be sure of getting the best in copper tube, insist on tube made by Chase. It’s clearly marked “Made in U.S.A.”—and carries the Chase® trademark on every length —your double assurance of quality.

Savings like these come naturally with copper or the job. Copper tube plumbing fits into construction easily without furring out or other costly extra carpentry. Long lengths of tube can be easily handled by one worker; sections are joined by strong, leak-proof and easily-made solder joints. And the smooth, clean, won’t-rust interior of copper tube means greater flow of water.

“B” HOUSE — a smaller residence in the same development. Total cost of copper $52.00. Total cost of identical system using rustable pipe was $62.00. TOTAL SAVINGS 16% on job cost.

Larger of these two houses is first home equipped with copper tube plumbing in Cannon-Papanikolas development. Copper cost 13¢ more. Smaller home saved 16% using copper plumbing.

The Nation’s Headquarters for Aluminum, Brass, Copper and Stainless Steel

Atlanta Baltimore Boston Charlotte Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Denver Detroit Grand Rapids Houston Indianapolis Kansas City, Mo. Los Angeles Milwaukee Minneapolis Newark New Orleans New York (Maspeth, L.I.) Philadelphia Pittsburgh Providence Rochester St. Louis San Francisco Seattle Waterbury

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Letter from The Publisher

in New York, Executive Editor Norcross begins the trip that covered 13,000 miles, half the US (see map).

Carl Norcross: editor on the move

Dear Subscriber:

you wonder how we got all the facts for our report this month on the manufactured house, I can tell you. We traveled for them.

This map shows you the places where just one of our editors journeyed this fall. The travelogue of Executive Editor Carl Norcross sounds like a miniature “Around the World in 80 Days.” For example:

On one stretch of his travels, Carl set some kind of record covering 14 towns in 14 days. He was able to move fast, he says, by getting help from his friends. In Louis, he was met at the airport by Gerry Mefferd of Modular Homes who found him a place to stay, showed him divisions and his factory operation, turned him over to Clarence Wilson of Wilson Homes. Later came the question how to get speedily to out-of-the-way Effingham, Ill. “I’ll fly you over,” said pilot Wilson, “and you’ll save over 1 day.” In his Piper Apache, which he keeps tied down behind his factory, the trip was made in an hour.

At the Effingham airport was Best Homes’ General Manager George Frederking. Five minutes later Norcross was in his Piper Apache, which he keeps tied down behind his factory, the trip was made in an hour.

To his rescue came Mrs Best. After a fast trip to the railroad station, she argued a reluctant ticket agent into stopping the Florida-to-Chicago train. As Norcross climbed aboard, the porter was properly impressed. “This train never stops here before.”

Other legs of his trip were made in chartered Cessnas or manzana, long car rides with prefab officials, or in rental cars. Airlines made the longer hops possible. Carl Norcross visited two home manufacturers during the day, flew another city in the evening, saw two more firms the next day. A former editor of Aviation magazine, he likes to fly, which is fortunate for us.

By working six weekends in a row, he got to see a lot of prefabbers or builders when they were in a relaxed mood. For instance, when Carl phoned ahead to Kingsberry Homes at Ft Payne, Ala., he learned that everyone would be at a Saturday picnic. “Come and join us at DeSoto State Park,” they told him. In a car rented at the Chattanooga airport, Norcross eventually found the picnic grounds, spent half a day at volleyball and horseshoe while talking housing.

During his travels, he talked to the top management of 26 home manufacturers in cities scattered from Georgia to Wisconsin and from Connecticut to Texas. In his spare time, as he puts it, he made on-the-spot studies of both NAHB research houses which we will be reporting next month, and interviewed builders at 12 of the Parades of Homes we reported last month. There were also side trips to meetings of NAHB at San Antonio and of the Home Manufacturers in Washington.

The one thing I know for sure is that you can’t edit a magazine like House & Home without fanning your staff out all over the country to find out what architects, builders, dealers, manufacturers, and lenders are doing. It is the only way to get the important stories we are always after.

Sincerely,

Editor & Publisher
Colorful General Electric Textolite®
used as door facing on steel kitchen cabinet

United Metal Cabinet Corp., bonds Textolite to steel—provides extra-strong, easy-to-clean kitchen surfaces in luxury 19-story apartment building

Here’s a selling idea that really works: these rugged steel cabinets, built by United Metal Cabinet Corp. of New York City, have bright, easy-to-install, Textolite surfacing on doors, end-panels, and counters.

Standard in every kitchen of this luxury apartment building, it’s one of the most talked about features offered. Wives especially appreciate the practical advantages of Textolite: cleaning ease . . . scratch- and stain-resistance . . . years of fresh, fade-proof beauty for their kitchens.

Why not put General Electric Textolite to work for you? See the full line of patterns in Sweet’s Light Construction File, Cat. 7e/Ge. For expert advice on specific applications, call your Textolite dealer (listed in the Yellow Pages under "Plastics"); or write to Laminated Products Department, Section HH-1258, General Electric Co., Coshocton, Ohio.
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HOUSE & HOME'S 6th Annual Report on Prefabrication:

Prefabbers had a better year than conventional builders

Home manufacturers will end 1958 with production seven percent ahead of last year.

As the chart shows, that is a better showing than the two percent increase for homebuilding as a whole.

HOUSE & HOME's survey of 125 home manufacturers (see Directory p 110) found that the fabricators shipped a total of 67,000 houses this year. The 1958 figure is 4,300 more than last year's 62,700.

Despite its gain this year, the manufactured house still accounted for only 7.5 per cent of the year's estimated total of 890,000 "single-family, non-farm starts."

One big reason prefabrication did better was the spectacular success of National Homes

This one firm boosted sales 38%. Its gain of 6,500 houses more than accounted for the industry's total gain of 4,300.

This means that the rest of the industry suffered a net loss in sales this year, even though many individual firms (including Scholz, Lesco, Kingsberry, Crawford, Knox, Harnischfeger, General, Inland, and Best) had gains ranging from 20 to 100 percent.

National's sales record had a controlling effect on home manufacturing statistics because in 1958 there really was no "next-biggest" firm: National sold 23,500 houses, nearly ten times as many as the second largest manufacturer. Actually, National sold more houses than the next 20 manufacturers added together. This means National sold more than one-third of the total for the whole manufactured-house industry. (But to put National's sales in perspective, 23,500 houses is only 2.6% of the year's single-family non-farm starts.)
The second big reason prefabrication did better as it cashed in fast on easy terms and Fanny May

Until Congress came to the rescue in April, business was dead for even the best and smartest prefabricators. The worst winter weather in years teamed up with the worst recession psychology since World War II to produce a truly dismal first quarter.

For example, National Homes’ sales were off 10% for the first three months; and its stock, which sold as high as $25 in 1957, fell to a low of $17 in January. (It hit $34.50 in mid-November.)

But when Congress passed the emergency housing act, with its very easy terms and its billion dollars of FNMA money at par, the home manufacturers saw their big opportunity—and snatched it.

Since the legislation favored houses at $13,500 or less, prefabbers dusted off their lower-price house plans, sent their salesmen scurrying to give every possible help to builder-dealers. To take advantage of the government mania, builders needed land at the right price, needed FHA or VA approvals, needed construction and mortgage money. And they needed them fast. Package-house salesmen were able to save builders weeks of waiting for processing because many package houses had previously been approved and were familiar to FHA-VA officers and mortgage men.

The package-house salesmen had plenty of low-price packages ready, and the builders snapped them up: about 62% of all fabricated homes built this year sold for $15,000 or less, including land.

National estimates that 90% of its sales were at $15,000 or less, and that 75% were for $13,500 or less. General Homes reports that 98% of its houses sold for $15,000 or less; Lesco says 88%; Knox says 85%; Inland, 82%; Wilson and Richmond, 80%; Best, 75%; American, 60%; Kingsberry, 56%; Crawford, 50%. Only 25% of all manufactured houses sold this year at between $15,000 and $20,000, only 13% sold for over $20,000 (see chart p 91).

The fact that the home manufacturers were able to help their dealers (and themselves) so quickly and effectively points to an important advantage of prefabrication: ability to react quickly to market changes. Says Builder Al Kaufman of Chicago: “Starting with raw land which needed fill, we got six prefab houses finished and furnished in only 23 days. We could do that only with prefabs.”

But not all the news was good: sales were down for one out of three prefabricators

About a third of all makers of manufactured houses were unable to pull far enough and fast enough out of their first quarter doldrums to end the year ahead of 1957.

Prefabbers whose sales lagged often were firms short service “extras” (see pp 88-91) and unable to help their dealers take quick advantage of the market upturn.

The varied fortunes of the prefabbers resulted in much shuffling of the positions of the leaders.

For example, little-known Lesco, a Martinsville, Va. manufacturer, is now in the top 10 along with American, Crawford, Inland, Knox, Kingsberry, National, Pease, Scholz, and Thyer. But some of the leaders who used to be clustered around the 3,000-house-a-year mark are now grouped around the 2,000-house mark.

Some of the market shuffling was geographic, as prefabrication gained strength in new areas. Three of the bright spots were the records set by Crawford in the mid-south, Kingsberry and Knox in the south-east. Kingsberry and Knox set out to test Atlanta as a market, staged big promotions there, and both more than doubled their 1957 sales. Both expect to double there again next year (see p 90). In Chicago, after years of dabbling about, prefabbers this year "probably have 40% of the market under $16,000" says Chicago mortgage expert Bob Wilson. Success in Chicago is encouraging home manufacturers to go after other rich markets like Cleveland, Washington and Baltimore where they have had only a mild success, and Detroit where they have had no success whatever.

A look ahead . . .

. . . other important news about the manufactured house is that the prefabbers are:

Offering money help for land and land development . . p 88
Providing more and more extras .................. p 89
Taking headaches out of builders' sales programs ........ p 90
Financing the entire costs of furnished model houses . . p 91
Developing packages for “finish-it-yourself” houses .... p 92
6. Giving builders a more nearly complete house package . . p 93
7. Moving gradually closer to an industrialized house . . . p 94
8. Doing more research than at any time in prefab history p 95
9. Turning out an attractive collection of new houses . . . p 96
10. Leading the way to lower field labor costs . . . . . . . . p 106
Out in the open: several prefabbers offer builders money help for land and land development

When last September National announced it was offering "financing . . . to qualified builders . . . for land procurement and site development," it called attention to what has been an open secret for some time: More and more house manufacturers are helping their builder-dealers finance land.

Richmond Homes, like several other fabricators, "helps a few builders buy land."
Kingsberry has a special budget to buy land with builders "on an experimental basis."
Pease is now developing one tract (and is planning others), making lots available on easy terms to independent dealers "who have specialized in building Pease Homes."

And it is no secret that several manufacturers have landed big builder prospects by furnishing them with land or the money to buy it in the last two years. Many industry observers feel this is probably the ultimate in service "extras".

Publicly-owned National is financing its program with a $14-million issue of debenture bonds (see H&H News, Nov.).

Small Business Investment Act may help prefabbers set up loan companies to finance land purchase

The Small Business Investment Act of 1958 permits establishment of loan companies with $300,000 capital, half of which may sometimes be raised by selling subordinated debentures to the Small Business Administration. The SBA can then lend the loan company another $150,000, giving the company a working capital of $450,000.

Home manufacturers will probably be among the first to take advantage of the new act, because they believe it may be just the financial shot in the arm they need; fabricators can, without such outside aid, raise the large chunks of capital required to buy and develop land.

Inland Homes is assembling a group of investors to form such a small business loan company. Says President Gene Kurtz: "Although our company would be restricted to 40% or less of the investment in such loan company, we hope to get other investors to work along with us. Part of our object is to use some of these funds to help builder-dealers buy land or develop land they already own."

General Homes has similar plans. Says President I. Hall: "We intend to make application to form a small loan company. Part of the money would be for land development purposes."

Both Kurtz and Hall pointed out that the first loan companies to get into operation under the new law will probably be wholly financed by private sources (will not sell debentures to the SBA). "Undoubtedly," says Hall, "the loan companies will have to have a broad investment program, including projects other than land development. Nonetheless, we hope to get loans for equity capital to our dealerships and for land development."

The manufacturers disagree over just how far they should go in financing land.

Several are privately grumbling over the prospect. "The house package as we have developed it is good enough to stand by itself," says one manufacturer. "We should not have to rely on land financing and promotions to put the house across."

Companies with plans for land-financing schemes tend to side with National Homes' Jim Price, who says, "The business is getting to be more and more a matter of more engineering."
Most builders choose their prefabber on the basis of the extras that go with the package

Today most home manufacturers offer a sound, complete, well-designed, fairly priced house package. So many builders now find it easier to choose between manufacturers on the basis of the “extras”—the services they offer—rather than just on the basis of the house package itself.

Many other builders who scorned the prefab package because “I can build the same house myself for less money” are now turning to fabricated houses because, they say, the sales are turned by the “extras” that now come along with the house package.

What are the extra services the manufacturers are offering? For example:

6. FHA and VA processing. This is one of the biggest helps builders had from the prefabbers this year. The salesmen or plant representative assumes the burden of getting plans through the FHA or VA office. Builders get as many sets of working drawings as they need, filled-out specification sheets (so they have proper values). And often it is the salesmen who walks the plans into the right FHA office. “All the builder has to do is sign his name,” says John King of New Century.

7. Accounting help. More firms are adopting a standard bookkeeping system which they urge builders to use; most send accounting experts to help set it up. Crawford goes even further: It actually keeps the books, writes checks, handles payrolls and does the whole accounting job for $50 a house (minimum of three houses a year).

8. Overall planning. A number of firms have worked out a day-by-day program for their builders, including a money flow chart showing how much cash they need for a specific number of houses during different weeks, and a complete calendar of activities.

9. Help with subcontractors. Some prefabbers help builders find subcontractors who will do a good job at a reasonable price. “Our salesmen help builders cut an average of 25% off original bids,” says one prefab president. By knowing what a job is worth, and what dealers in other towns are paying for it, prefab salesmen can pass on helpful information. Often they help convince a sub that working on a component house is faster than working on a conventional house.

10. Built-in design. Oldest and still one of the most important advantages of buying manufactured homes is the variety of good design offered. Builders are almost wholly freed from the problem of plan and design. Architects retained by prefabbers can afford to spend plenty of time working out every detail of their design, have the advantage of extensive market and product research by the prefabber and, say, 50 or 100 builder-dealers.

The manufacturers can afford to offer the work of well-known architects like Bruce McCarty, Emil Schmidlin, Royal Barry Wills, Quincy Jones, Henry Norris and L. Morgan Yost. Dealers can get houses to fit almost any site, any buyer’s taste or pocketbook. (For a look at some of the designs, see the portfolio beginning on p 96.)
Trend No. 3

Biggest service: “We aim to take all the headaches out of our builders’ sales programs”

This statement by Harnischfeger President Fred Samerdyke shows how far the home manufacturers have come since the days when a prefabber tossed a “how-to-sell” booklet to his dealers and wished them luck.

Today most house manufacturers help their builders with almost every type of merchandising aid. They help builders prepare signs, displays, and brochures. Most set up their builders’ advertising campaigns. The manufacturers’ salesmen, or specialists from the home office or the firm’s ad agency, work with local papers to prepare special sections, line up cooperative ads. They also coach builders on how to get favorable publicity, whom to invite to preview openings, how to keep publicity stories flowing to newspapers and radio and TV stations after openings.

Both Midwest and Harnischfeger, for instance, have their salesmen fill out a detailed 8-page questionnaire which is used as the basis for a specially designed merchandising program.

Many manufacturers also provide training for builders’ own salesmen or their realtors, offer actual sales help in model houses on opening days, arrange demonstrators for special features in the houses.

Samerdyke’s comment is typical: “If a builder follows our plan, he will get traffic and traffic of the right kind.”

To help develop these merchandising programs for the builder-dealers, more and more home manufacturers have hired outside consultants.

Crawford Homes, for example, hired Merchandising Consultant Stanley Edge on a continuing basis. Crawford also uses Merchandising Expert Jim Mills’ home buyers’ guides. Kingsberry hired the country’s largest advertising agency, J. Walter Thompson Co. General Homes retained the Applegate Agency, which is experienced in prefabricated-house advertising. Harnischfeger works with Fulton, Morrissey of Chicago, an agency with many accounts in the building products field.

Best’s General Manager George Frederking sums up the attitude of many smart home manufacturers: “When we get a good project builder, we live with him.”

Atlanta sales prove the power of merchandising

Both Knox and Kingsberry ran all-out merchandising campaigns in Atlanta this year, and for both companies the results were outstanding.

Before this year neither had done more than a token business in Atlanta, and both firms decided to treat the city as a test area to find out how many sales could be scored with concentrated effort.

Pete Knox moved his sales manager and promotion people to Atlanta, pulled in some of his best district men, opened a downtown retail store, and really went after business. He lined up 15 builder-dealers, helped them with sales and advertising, bought a lot of advertising on his own budget, and will end the year with some 500 sales. “Now we know that if you beat the bushes you can get results,” says Knox. “Next year we’re aiming at 1,600 sales in Atlanta. And we’ll soon move into Birmingham and Orlando.”

Kingsberry chose five builder-dealers, each of whom had 25 FHA commitments and 100 lots ready for the town.

With J. Walter Thompson, Kingsberry worked out a complete advertising and merchandising campaign; trained salesmen in furnished models, prepared sales and demonstration areas (for details see November).

“Orade sales and we proved the effectiveness of good merchandising,” says Board Chairman Fred Trask. “We’ll soon be repeating our program in Birmingham, Jackson, and Mobile.”
Many home manufacturers now help their builders to finance the model house

The furnished display house has become the focal point of the home manufacturer's merchandising help.

Because the model house is the place most builders' leases must start, a growing number of companies now go long way to help small builders get at least one furnished display house. Larger builders get help to set up three to five model houses.

The small builder (and most home manufacturers' dealers are small builders) seldom has enough money to build, furnish and keep a display house open for a month or more. To help him, manufacturers are offering construction loans that pay for building and finishing the house. They also let the builder defer payment on the house package until he no longer needs a model, sells the house.

Going a big step further, a number of prefabricators are now offering model-house furniture packages for sale on credit or sometimes for rent on easy terms.

For several years, National, Scholz and General Homes have offered a furniture package for sale or rent. For its new houses this year Harnischfeger brought out several packages suited to houses of different architectural designs, all selected and arranged by a large Chicago store. One of the best of the new packages is the one offered by Crawford Homes (see p. 109). Scholz's new Mark 59 program includes financing a $1,500 furniture-furnishings package to dealers for $80 to $95 a month for 24 months.

Here is a statistical picture of prefab builder-dealers

DEALERS result from new and steady sales effort the home manufacturers.

DEALER-SIZE STUDY shows that when 100 typical dealers are divided into four groups by size, smallest-volume group averages 4 houses a year; largest, 41. Over-all average: 17 houses a year.

FEW BIG BUILDERS erect half of all fabricated houses sold, do much to hike industry totals.

CENTRATION OF DEALERS is heavy around home manufacturers' plants. This makes sense because of shipping costs and because plants are located in high-cost areas where prefabs do well.

EMPHASIS ON LOWER PRICE this year was caused by terms of emergency housing act. Dealers will probably resume trend to higher-price houses when general market moves up again.
Trend No. 5

House manufacturers design new packages for the “finish-it-yourself” market

Two big names—Inland and National—made big news this year by announcing that they were reaching for a market most prefabbers have sniffed at for years: the “finish-it-yourself” market.

The first news came from Gene Kurtz of Inland

Last summer he told H&H editors that in December he would announce some “finish-it-yourself” houses. They will be built by special Inland dealers on scattered lots and builders will finish them to any point the buyer wishes.

“This will be a closely controlled operation,” said Kurtz. “It is a legitimate market for prefabrication and to carry it out we'll get many new dealers. The house will be turned over to the buyer in three or four days, perhaps painted and the inside completed. The action will be so fast that little or no construction money will be needed. Financing will be at 5 1/2% or 6% interest, all conventional. This program will not hurt our regular dealers.”

The first to show models was National

In September Jim Price announced National’s entry into the “finish-it-yourself” field, showed the first model to dealers, and started taking orders. “We'll be different from the rest of them,” says Price. “Many ‘shell’ operations have been a gyp. We’ll have houses with plumbing, kitchen sinks, wiring. A family could move into our house right away. The parts we leave out can be easily finished, and our houses will be in good style designed by our regular architects.”

All of National’s “finish-it-yourself” houses will be sold to dealers who will handle only this type of house for erection on scattered lots. A separate subsidiary (Kahler-Craft, headed by Herman Winkler), a separate sales organization, a separate acceptance corporate are available, and even a separate delivery system will handle the houses.

The new houses will be sold in eight different models with Masonite or aluminum exteriors, will range in price from $3,626 to $4,802 plus 50¢ a sq ft for erection. A special design with lower cost materials will be distributed throughout the South.

How big is the finish-it-yourself market?

Jim Walters of Atlanta and Swift Homes of Elizabeth Pa., are each reported to sell over 7,000 finish-it-yourself houses a year, and there are dozens of other firms that do several hundred.

For several years, GBH-Way Homes has been catering to the rich farm market with houses that are completed as far as the owner wishes. And Fairhill, Inc has a “Leisure Lodge” house which, in a sense, is a “finish-it-yourself” house as it is normally sold as a summer cottage, can be left unfinished.

A number of the companies listed in the Directory (p 110) sell shells but also sell panelized houses to builders. However, well over 90% of shells cannot be counted in manufactured houses because they are put together with conventional methods from bundles of pre-cut lumber. Nearly all are built on the buyer’s own lot.

Even though more complete, ’58 packages were smaller

Reason: almost every prefabricator produced a smaller, lower-priced house and therefore a smaller, lower-priced package.

Excluding National Homes, the firms listed in the H&H directory (p 110) turned out an average of 366 house packages this year. The average package sold to builder-dealers for about $3,700. This compares with a figure between $14,000 and $15,000 which the builder-dealer received for the completed house, including land.

Many home manufacturers have found that they cannot make the money they were just from selling house packages, and they continue to build houses themselves. Several manufacturers are their own best customers.
Manufacturers take another step towards the complete prefab package

A few years ago the typical prefabber simply shipped all panels, precut rafters and a few other items. Today's package may include just about everything except the electrical system and plumbing—and a few packages even include that.

This means that dealers and ultimate home buyers pay less for more house for two reasons: 1) on-site labor is saved and 2) materials cost less because manufacturers get quantity discounts that more than make up for extra shipping costs.

The package has grown until today a manufacturer like Holz lists as many as 171 items on some of its shipping lists.

When an Inland truck leaves the factory with a typical load for its “Standard Vanguard” it has these parts: 10 exterior wall sections with insulated sheathing applied, notched in diagonal corner bracing, 2x4 double top plate. Weather stripped, glazed windows are in the panels. Exterior doors are installed. Un-painted red cedar double-course shingles or factory primed siding are installed, plus prime painted rake moulding. The package also includes roof trusses, roof flashing, roof shingles, exterior trim, cornice and corner boards, window shutters, screen doors, partitions, interior trim, linen closet, bedroom closets, insulation, steel cellar posts, basement stairs and hand rails rough floor materials, kitchen cabinets.

This year has seen important innovations in the package. A number are shown in drawings beginning on p 106.

Place makes its doors to fit either left- or right-hand openings.

1. Many fabricators now deliver both interior and exterior doors ready-hung, with split jambs.
2. Many fabricators now deliver both interior and exterior doors ready-hung, with split jambs.
3. Several firms have combined soffit and cornice parts for the first time. Fairhill, for example, now makes soffits for a house in ten sections, half as many as it used to ship. Best now combines its cornice detail with a built-in and screened ventilator.
4. Harnischfeger has designed its window locations to minimize half-bricks around openings.
5. Nearly all firms now prime-paint parts in the plant, eliminating one field coat.
6. Many cut roof sheathing to fit, eliminating handsawing.
7. Many now offer wall panels with factory-applied shakes or siding that fit together with a minimum of piecing on the site.
8. Some firms are making end walls and rear elevations the same for several models, which helps crews work faster because they learn the job quicker. And some fabricators have also standardized gable ends for different designs.

And more and more manufacturers are including more items like the furnace, bathroom accessories, kitchen cabinets, ventilating fans, lighting fixtures, counter tops, window screens, built-in appliances, hot-water heaters and plumbing.

Here is telling evidence that packages are getting more and more complete: Roy Roberson, head of Prefab Transit Co, which delivers house packages for some 25 manufacturers, says he now frequently needs to use 40' trailers. The longest trailer he had a year ago was a 36-footer.
ALUMINUM-SKIN HOUSES have roof and wall panels that can be made only on heavy presses, may mark beginning of new trend.

Trend No. 7

Industrialized house comes nearer with a prefab carpenters can't duplicate

For the first time since Lustron went out of production in 1952, a home manufacturer is commercially producing a house that can't be duplicated in local shops or on the site.

National's new Viking line of aluminum-skin houses (see photo above and H&H Oct) is basically different from a conventional house because it takes advantage of:

1. A material that can only be fabricated in a shop, and
2. Building techniques that can only be used in a plant.

The aluminum cladding of the new houses must be formed on a rolling mill, applied to panels in heavy presses.

This house is an important step in the direction of the truly industrialized house—a house that will be cheaper for value, than a conventional house because it takes maximum advantage of fast and efficient in-plant production. There are many other developments in metal houses (see Technology, p 141) that are naturals for prefabrication and may be adopted by one or more prefabbers. And there are plenty of other developments. For example:

US Steel Homes has shipped its last wood-frame house plans to produce only steel-framed houses, says Roger M. Blough, Chairman of the board of US Steel.

BIG PRESSES at Pease plant make truss connections.

STEEL FRAME PANELS for US Steel Homes are plant-made.
More home manufacturers are doing more research than at any time in prefabrication's history

Trend No. 8

Most of the larger fabricators are studying metals, plastics, and plastic-coated materials as well as searching for better ways to use wood and gypsum.

While more firms hide their research in the back room, there is enough talk to suggest some of the things to come:

1. At least two firms, and probably more, are experimenting with mechanical and utility cores. Some, taking a note on “the mobile home,” are trying to work out a package that includes a complete kitchen, baths, heating, and of the wiring. Any number of living and bedroomings could be hooked onto this central core (see H&H, p 94). Lytle Modern Homes’ “Add-a-wing” (see photo) is a step in this direction.

2. Some firms are known to be experimenting with houses that could be field erected and completely finished in one day. One firm promises to show “results in the near future.”

3. At least half a dozen firms are either selling prefabricated plumbing now or experimenting with it. Place Home's above-the-floor plumbing system is one example of this important trend.

4. W. G. Best experimented with plastic pipe, believes it could save up to $200 a house. And the plastic pipe in the Knoxville NAHB Research House (see H&H next month) will undoubtedly encourage further experimentation.

5. Pease Homes has been working with geodesic domes, plans to market a plywood prefabricated unit (see photo). The first units will be strictly a shell for use as garages, barns, and utility buildings. Panels for a 26' dia structure will sell for under $600. Later production will be for summer cottages and temporary housing. A 500 sq ft dome with kitchen and bath might sell for around $3,200, company officials say. Coming soon: a 900 sq ft model.

6. Nearly every home manufacturer is working to improve its trusses and to cut truss costs. A score of prefabbers are now using Sanford, H-Brace, Gangnail or Teco connectors and most have already made substantial reductions in costs. At Midwest, for example, three men now make a truss in 6½ minutes. Clarence Wilson is trying out a new metal connector which he hopes will cut truss costs in half. Pease, Knox, and LFI-Kingsberry have cut their truss costs so much that they sell trusses as separate components to builders. They are convinced they can beat any nearby competition.

/END

THE LARGER THE COMPANY, THE HIGHER THE PRODUCTIVITY

AVERAGE OUTPUT per man (including all employees) rises as firms grow from small size (at left) to giant National Homes, at right.
The new models offer greater variety of design than ever before

On the next 10 pages you will see almost every type of house from a low-slung contemporary (photo, right) to a two-story colonial (p 102).

Every house shown is a stock model selected from the biggest catalogs home manufacturers have ever offered. A glance at these models shows how manufacturers are using their large-scale resources to meet a wider and more demanding market:

They are adding new lines—especially in the lower price brackets. One company now produces 100 different models.

They are improving their designs by retaining well-known architects like Bruce McCarty and L. Morgan Yost. The new models tend to be trim and not extreme. Many are planned for outdoor living. Impressive entrances and bay windows are often used to add sales appeal.

They are offering fuller packages. More packages now include complete plumbing and other new labor-saving components (p 98). And some manufacturers are even offering furniture for use in display models (p 105).

Not all manufacturers (see Directory, p 110) are represented in this sampling which is simply a cross section of the choice of models offered to builder-dealers for 1959. Prices quoted are for finished houses without land.
Knox Homes' Holly Hill: $28,500

This 2,000 sq ft house is the first (and largest) of a new series designed by Architects Painter, Weeks and McCarty. There is a rear porch off the living room, and a terrace off the master bedroom. The terrace is hidden from the street by a brick screen (at right in photo above). Ceilings are pitched with the roof over the living room wing. The fireplace is included in the price.

Knox has 30 other models, including one-story, two-story and split-levels in colonial and contemporary elevations.
National's Fairwood 82: $10,900

This Cape Cod includes several of the many new construction ideas National is introducing this year.

It has, for example, a new Sanford truss that aligns the walls accurately; aluminum shingles on roof and sidewall (see p 106), a two-coat paint job inside. The house has Yale & Towne hardware. The Fairwood shown here has 1,046 sq ft and is available in many elevations.

Besides having the widest range of houses in the industry National offers one of the most complete packages. For example, the plumbing assembly shown at left is optional with 26 models—and National reports that 65% of orders for these models call for the plumbing package.

Brad’s 3502: $11,100

Most popular of this Canadian manufacturers’ 27 houses, this model (rear view shown in photo) has 1,294 sq ft of living area, is built on slab with perimeter hot-air heating. Designed for Canada’s climate, it has 4” ceiling insulation, 2” wall insulation, and 1/2” drywall. Price includes all kitchen equipment. Brad’s architect is W. G. Cook; most of the firm’s production goes to government agencies and mining group...
arnischfeger’s Foreston: $9,500

This is Harnischfeger’s newest (and smallest) model. It fits three bedrooms into its 902 sq ft, and has a full basement. Morgan Yost is the architect.

Variations of this model offer hip and gable roofs, left- and right-hand plans, and one- or two-car garages. The Harnischfeger line has 75 different models available this year, including two-story duplexes.

BH-Way’s Prairie Lady: $18,000

Early 10,000 people a day visited this 2,600 sq ft split level when it was first shown in September. Montgomery Ward, who decorated and furnished the house, helped in the promotion as did several materials suppliers.

Intended largely for the rural market, eight of the first 10 sales were, nevertheless, to non-farm families. The house is designed by Eric Jauch and Architect John McLane.

S Steel’s Beacon: $9,000

Designed for the lower-cost market, this is US Steel’s lowest ice model. Built on a slab, it has 900 sq ft of living area, and is available in several exterior facings.

The Beacon is one of six houses in US Steel’s “Steelstyle” line, which incorporates a number of steel components, including angle framing in the panels, steel trusses in the roof, and steel sheet soffits.
General's Super-Scotsman: $11,000

This 1000 sq ft model is the latest version of General's bestselling house. The plan provides a large (12' x 16') kitchen-dining room with a pass-through into the living room, a full attic for storage, and one-and-a-half baths. The price includes a washer-dryer in the kitchen. Like most of the new models in the lower-price ranges, it is built on slab with extra storage space accessible from outside.

Many variations of exterior treatment are available with a choice of siding or stone or brick facing.

Best's Topper: $9,450

Most popular features in Best's fastest-selling model are the open living area (which incorporates the kitchen in a 20' long room) and the abundant storage.

The Topper line (Best's lowest-priced houses) offers five different plans, each with one of several types of exterior treatment—colonial, contemporary, Cape Cod, ranch, or "Midwestern."

Best has many other models in its higher-priced lines, including a split-level.

Inland's Vanguard: $8,150

The utility room (rarely found in smaller manufactured homes) is an unusual feature of this 1,000 sq ft model. If an optional divider is left out, the utility room has direct access to the backyard.

Eight types of exterior treatment are available, ranging from contemporary with large windows, to traditional colonial styling with shutters and a decorative cornice.

Inland has 20 other basic house models (from 787 sq ft to 1,200 sq ft), each with many variations.
Modular's Ridgewood: $16,000

Gis contemporary, together with available variations, accounts for one-third of Modular's sales. Variations include a lower level for hillside sites (with a daylight recreation room and additional storage) and various locations of the entrance and windows.

The Modular line also includes larger, more expensive models, all designed by Architect Ralph Fournier.

Modular's houses are delivered complete with hardwood trim and cabinets like these shown below. Also included in the kitchen package are the appliances—countertop range, vent fan and hood, oven, and dishwasher. Plastic-laminate countertop has an inset chopping block. Completely equipped kitchens, designed by experts, are also standard in most other manufacturers' lines this year.

**RIDGEWOOD KITCHEN** is fully equipped. It opens to dining area, with cabinets (included in package) between. Ceilings follow roof slope.
Early sales indicate this Cape Cod will be the bestseller in Richmond Homes' lower priced line. Its 932 sq ft includes three bedrooms and a 12' x 14' family room-kitchen. Richmond uses a prefabricated joist-rafter system (instead of trusses) in this house to gain 700 cu ft of storage in the attic. The garage is optional.

Richmond has 39 other models, including a longer version of the one shown here. The longer version is available in colonial and modern styling.

**Pease's Highwood: $23,500**

This is the only 2-story house among Pease's 18 product models. They report it is selling well.

The modified center hall plan has a breakfast room next to the kitchen, a large dining room, and four bedrooms upstairs. There are 1940 sq ft of living space.

Optional features, all included in the house shown here, include a full basement, two-car garage, porch off the living room, and the fireplace.
This house illustrates many of the principles that have made Don Scholz one of the important figures in home building, and have influenced both other manufacturers and conventional house builders. It has: 1) an L plan, with one wing balanced against another to give a big-house look; 2) an informal kind of design that mixes familiar features with contemporary; 3) a lot of curb appeal—the result of careful placing of the house on the lot, saving trees and landscaping, and a curving front driveway.

This new keynote model is smaller (1740 vs last year’s 2,000 sq ft) and less expensive (the Mark ’58C had a $40,000 price tag). But it still has many luxury features like two fireplaces, a good-sized family room, and a rear terrace.

There are three other houses in the Mark ’59 Series, ranging from $12,000 to $25,000 erected but without land.

As he did last year, Scholz is introducing the new models with plenty of fanfare, including publication in several consumer magazines, and joint promotions with local department stores and many utility companies.
Crawford's Suburban: $15,700

This new model has two porches—an open one in front with brick piers, and a screened one off the living room in back. There are 1470 sq ft inside the house.

The Suburban started as a conventionally-built house in Baton Rouge development. It sold so well that Crawford put it into production. The price includes the carport and the porches, does not include kitchen appliances or air-conditioning (but air-conditioning is roughed-in).

This year Crawford also offers dealer-builders a complete model house furnishing and decorating service. This includes furniture (see opposite page), rugs, drapes, lamps, accessories, and advice on color coordination. There are three basic packages priced at $2,000, $3,000 and $4,000 each, usually a lot less than a builder would spend to furnish the model from local stores. With the package goes supervision: a trained decorator travels to the model home to supervise location of furniture, installation of draperies, and placement of accessories. Several other home manufacturers also offer this type of service.
COMPLETE FURNISHING PACKAGE for model house includes everything shown in this Crawford living room, even the shutters on windows at left. Matching wall colors are chosen by consultant.

CAREFULLY MATCHED PIECES for bedroom are also part of furniture package. Crawford package was selected for each model in the line by Model Interiors Inc, a decorating service in Baton Rouge.

LIVED-IN LOOK is prime objective of the furnishing service. In this child's bedroom the teddy bears and tea cups help make the model house look home-like. Package price includes insurance for one year.
Here are 21 details designed to cut field labor costs

Home manufacturers are making a bigger-than-ever effort to cut on-site labor costs.

Few fabricators any longer just concentrate on producing exterior wall panels and roof trusses (which many critics label “the cheapest part of the house to build”). Most fabricators now include many new component parts in their packages so that today’s manufactured house goes up much faster than yesterday’s. For example:

Best Homes is shipping snap-on aluminum trim for door and window casing to eliminate much of the labor and skill needed to case the inside of windows.

Place Homes is making a cornice assembly that combines soffit, fascia and even the dentils for colonial-style houses.

Knox Homes has standardized on several types of pre-assembled gable ends and storage walls to make simpler erection work for field crews.

Every known idea—no matter how small—is being used by the house packagers in their drive for better ways to build for less. Several companies are nailing the blocking for kitchen and medicine cabinets directly to walls or partitions. Almost all makers are assembling aluminum sliding track t-headers. Completely cased and weatherstripped exterior doors and pre-hung interior doors are becoming standard.

On this and the next three pages you will see 21 of the home manufacturers cost-cutting details—each one selected because it cuts field labor costs.
Louvered closet front by Kingsberry Homes runs from or to ceiling eliminating the normal header above the track. 6 1/2” door height and the labor to nail, tape and paint drywall above it. 7. Closet front by Crawford Homes is two 3’ x 8” doors also hung from the ceiling, but Crawford hides the track behind a deep fascia which keeps staggered shelves out of sight. 8. Divided closet front by Craft Way is pre-assembled into built-up headers, milled tracks, blocking.

Aluminum threshold by Kingsberry Homes for houses in basements or crawl spaces requires no tedious field labor make a sill cutout: the bottom of the door sill is set directly onto the subfloor top to speed on-site erection time.

Sill for slab houses is slightly varied from wood-floor sill, requires no forming in slab to receive sill. Kingsberry estimates the time saved using either type of sill is 1 man-hour for two door units.

1. Rake detail for sloping ceiling in Knox Homes (like Small Homes Council detail after which it is modeled) consists of a roof “ladder” panel with factory applied soffit and vent screen. Time saved: 4 to 6 man-hours per house.

10. Gable end, factory-built by Wilson Homes (for brick veneer walls), eliminates the time spent to cut small pieces of lumber and siding to make the gable end and the time spent blocking out to extend the gable beyond the brickwork.

12. Continuous vent strip running the length of the rake in gable end walls on National Homes is standard on both high and low pitched roof models. The built-in vent cuts the time-consuming, tricky job of applying screen vents on-site.
13. **Heel block** for Inland Homes is applied on jack rafter assemblies (to deepen overhanging left) or directly to trusses, right, acts as a guide to plumb front or rear walls. Jig-built block assures plumb in one wall once other wall is plumb.

14. **Split ring connector** is used at the joint of rafters over sloping ceilings in American Houses to provide perfect alignment of rafters and to establish the width of the house with less effort in the field. Detail is approved by Engineers Corps.

15. **Aluminum louver** (used in Modular Homes' post-and-beam sloping-ceiling houses) is adjustable to varying rafter spacing, reduces cutting and fitting time by more than half. Louver costs less than wood, need not be painted.

16. **Flat soffit** for American Houses had a beveled header and rabbeted ledger which are nailed to rafter tails of trusses. Beveled header follows rake of the roof. A 2 x 2 ledger is plant-applied to walls at the proper height to cut field labor.

17. **Corinice and soffit** detail for Harnischfeger homes consists of a rabbeted fascia board nailed to the rafter tails and a precut plywood soffit. Edge of the plywood is supported in the grooved fascia. Time saving: 6 man-hours.

18. **Preassembled frieze blocking** on Midwest Houses for space over brick veneer walls saves time cutting many small pieces of wood to block out from the wall. Precut fascia and preassembled soffit panel save more time.

19. **Frieze board assembly** is workable for 2½ and 4 in. 12 pitches for Kingsberry Homes, cuts the time-consuming practice of applying elaborate blocking behind the frieze board, saves 3 to 4 man-hours per 120 lineal feet of frieze.
Hip-roof trusses for Midwest Houses (above) are detailed for sloping soffits. All hip assemblies are assembled, wood precut to fit. Hip trusses provide interior economies. Gable-end trusses, take only 6 man-hours longer to erect.

Hip-roof trusses for Pease Homes (similar to Midwest's, above) are detailed for flat soffits. Both companies state that houses with trusses can be closed in faster and interiors worked in more efficiently without load-bearing partitions: men and materials can be organized inside the one room formed under the trusses without regard to the other. Hip-roof trusses allow builders to provide a greater variety of elevations.
Listed below, alphabetically by state, are 125 manufacturers who sell house packages through builders or dealers. Under the head Models is the complete range of houses they market: by style, size and price. Prices quoted are average selling price of house without lot but include builder's profit, overhead, transportation charges, financing and selling costs. When the home manufacturer has his own mortgage or acceptance corporation, this is noted.

The typical package includes exterior and interior walls, doors, windows and roof system. Some offer much more. To find out just what any one manufacturer offers, circle the appropriate number on the coupon, page 151.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Models</th>
<th>Financing/Note</th>
<th>For full data circle item No. on coupon, p 151</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alabama</td>
<td>Kingsberry Homes</td>
<td>about 100 1-story models with elevations of various architectural styles. Financing through its own mortgage corp. For full data circle item No. 1 on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lumber Fabricators, Inc</td>
<td>Models: about 100 1-story models with elevations of various architectural styles. Financing through its own mortgage corp. For full data circle item No. 1 on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Fort Payne</td>
<td>Models: all custom houses or to builders' plans. For full data circle item No. 2 on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>Idaco Lumber Co</td>
<td>16 floor plans but 90% of houses are fabricated to builders' plans. For full data circle item No. 3 on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Oakland</td>
<td>Models: 16 floor plans but 90% of houses are fabricated to builders' plans. For full data circle item No. 3 on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>International Homes</td>
<td>Redwood City Models: 1-story, $8,000-$25,000; additional styles in 1959. For full data circle item No. 4 on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>South Norwalk</td>
<td>Model: Product is primarily special order wall and roof panels made to architect or builder specification. For full data circle item No. 8 on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Structural Fabricators, Inc</td>
<td>Whittier Models: 14 types, all completely variable, up to 2,400 sq ft. For full data circle item No. 5 on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Decoto</td>
<td>Models: variety of &quot;conventional California&quot; designs, 1,000-1,800 sq ft, $10,500-$25,000. Financing through an affiliated mortgage corp. For full data circle item No. 6 on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>Bogue Homes Inc</td>
<td>Boise Models: 4 series of ranch designs: 1,046 sq ft at $11,000; 1,118 sq ft at $13,000; 1,228 sq ft at $14,500; 1,530 sq ft at $25,000. For full data circle item No. 7 on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<td>Dist of Columbia</td>
<td>Barber &amp; Ross Company</td>
<td>Washington Models: 7—ranch, 1½-story at split; 860-2,000 sq ft; $8,000-$25,000. For full data circle item No. on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<td>Florida</td>
<td>Trendline</td>
<td>St Petersburg Models: 25 ranches, 650-1,400 sq ft, $8,000-$15,000. Sell components separately. For full data circle item No. on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Knox Corp</td>
<td>Thomson Models: 30—ranch, split, and story; 850-2,500 sq ft; $8,750-$35,000. For full data circle item No. on coupon, p 151.</td>
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<td>Illinois</td>
<td>Auburn Homes Inc</td>
<td>Rockford Models: 13 ranches, 940-1,800 sq ft, $11,800-$23,400; 4 splits, 1,200 sq ft, $15,400 to $28,000; 2-story, 1,434 sq ft at $18,200. For full data circle item No. on coupon, p 151.</td>
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I. G. BEST HOMES CO

Models: a wide variety in ranches and splits that sell from $8,500 to over $20,000. Best seller: 908 sq ft, $9,500 to $13,000 with lot.
For full data circle item No. 16 on coupon, p 151.

RAFT WAY, INC

Models: 5 ranches, 960-1,730 sq ft, $10,000-$30,000; 7 splits, 1,300-2,360 sq ft, $12,500-$35,000. New model will be French Provincial.
Financing through its own mortgage corp.
For full data circle item No. 17 on coupon, p 151.

JUGLAS HOMES CO

Models: 13 ranches, 3 splits and 1½-story; 816-2,200 sq ft, $10,000-$38,000.
For full data circle item No. 18 on coupon, p 151.

JONYM BUILDINGS INC

Models: several ranches ranging from 1,000 sq ft to 1,400 sq ft, any of which are designed for ms.
For full data circle item No. 19 on coupon, p 151.

JH-WAY HOMES, INC

Models: 7-ranch, 1½-story, 2- and split; 768-1,800 sq ft; $2,000-$22,000.
For full data circle item No. 20 on coupon, p 151.

JLD STAR HOMES, INC

Models: 35 in 3 lines of ranches and splits-levels, $11,800-$30,000.
For full data circle item No. 21 on coupon, p 151.

YLCRAFT HOMES, INC

Models: 5 floor plans, 15 elevations of 1- and 1½-bath, 1- and 2-car garage, basement and crawl space; $11,900-$25,000.
For full data circle item No. 22 on coupon, p 151.

URO-BILT HOMES

Models: 2 splits, 10 ranches; 936-1,000 sq ft, $12,000-$20,000.
For full data circle item No. 23 on coupon, p 151.

diana

LEN INDUSTRIES INC

Models: 23 ranches, 936-1,484 sq ft, $8,000-$19,000; 2 splits, basic 1,464 sq ft, $15,000 and up.
For full data circle item No. 24 on coupon, p 151.

CASTLE HOMES, INC

Models: 10 ranches, 864-1,250 sq ft, $8,000-$19,500; 2 splits, 1,040-1,500 sq ft, $16,000 to $19,500.
For full data circle item No. 25 on coupon, p 151.

COLPAERT HOMES, INC

Models: 12 ranches, with 864-1,280 sq ft at $9,300-$17,000; a 1½-story with 1,184 sq ft at $12,000.
Financing through its own mortgage corp.
For full data circle item No. 26 on coupon, p 151.

GENERAL HOMES

Models: all houses $10,000-$15,000 with land. Best seller: 1,000 sq ft, $11,000-$12,600. Newest model: 900 sq ft, about $10,500 with built-in kitchen.
Financing through its own mortgage corp.
For full data circle item No. 27 on coupon, p 151.

MID-WEST MILLS, INC

Models: 7-1-story and split, 936-1,144 sq ft, $9,125-$15,500.
For full data circle item No. 28 on coupon, p 151.

NATIONAL HOMES CORP

Models: the greatest variety in the industry. Houses from $7,600 to over $50,000. This year it introduced aluminum-skin houses and shell houses. Shell houses are handled through a separate dealer organization.
Financing through its own mortgage corp.
For full data circle item No. 29 on coupon, p 151.

NEW CENTURY HOMES, INC

Models: Ranch and 1½-story houses selling at $11,200 with lot to over $20,000, most with attached garages.
For full data circle item No. 30 on coupon, p 151.

PLACE HOMES, INC

Models: 7-ranch, 1½-, and 2-story, 912-1,408 sq ft; $9,000-$13,000.
Financing through its own mortgage corp.
For full data circle item No. 31 on coupon, p 151.

Hodgson's Darien: $22,500

This 1728 sq ft garrison house is the newest model offered by the oldest firm in the business. The small window panes, and narrow clapboards stained brown are all traditional to New England. Other Hodgson models are colonial design.

Ford's Cottage: $5,500

The vacation house market is the prime target of this 640 sq ft (plus carport) cottage. Ford reports it is being shipped as far as Florida. Price includes plumbing package. Ford has several other models, including splits and two-story houses.
Today, 80% of new houses built are built for sale. As the industry has become more and more sales-oriented, more and more builders—even the largest in most cities—have turned to realtors. Not just for help in the actual selling, but also for advice and counsel on what kinds of houses to build and what selling features to include to make the houses easier to sell. This article about Boston Realtor Martin Cerel (below) and his clients tells you how a good realtor works with builders to mutual profit.

"They are working with realtors because no organization can do two things really well," says Realtor (and one-time Builder) Martin Cerel. "If a builder can sell better than we can, he should. But most often builders are better at building and we are better at selling."

Builders say: a realtor lets you build more houses, make more profit

"We'd rather multiply our production by concentrating on building, and leave the selling to someone else," says Builder Noah DeMattia. "By paying Cerel a 5% commission to do our selling, we can build twice as many houses—and we end up with more profit."

"Using Cerel let us expand," adds Henry Berry of Berry & Molloy. "Selling for ourselves, we didn't have enough time either to sell or to build. Both my partner and I used to supervise building and did some of the selling, and we found our hours getting longer and our costs getting higher. Watching bulldozers at 7 am and trying to close a sale at 10 pm is a tough routine."

Realtors say: many builders are looking for sales specialists

That's how Cerel sums up the big opportunity for realtors in handling new-house sales. "Many builders don't like to sell, or feel they can use their time to better advantage building rather than selling. Others have found that a good realtor who specializes in new-house selling offers selling talent they couldn't provide within their own organization without piling up a big overhead. And many builders want to keep their sales expense flexible, depending on the price and number of houses they build, and they are able to get this flexibility by using a realtor."

But these are only some of the reasons why some 20 builders turn over 2,500 to 3,000 houses each year to be sold under Martin Cerel's "MC Means Confidence" trademark. For other reasons, turn the page.
1 He cuts sales cost below the do-it-yourself level, say Cerel's clients

Big (1,000-house-a-year) Builder Mike Campanelli says: "I tried to set up a sales organization. After buying cars for salesmen, spending $40,000 a year for a sales manager and top notch personnel, I found it didn't pay. With a sales agent, we have fewer headaches."

Adds 200-house Builder Paul Livoli: "I build in four or five or more locations. I found that my own sales organization—which I've had for years—wasn't large enough to handle this many communities. So I decided to see what a realtor could do. Results on the first project Cerel handled for me were wonderful."

"Several years ago we tried to set up our own sales organization and found it didn't work," says Noah DeMattia of DeMattia & Son, which builds 50 for-sale houses and about 10 custom houses a year. "It would have cost too much money and effort to enlarge our organization and do a good selling job—the kind of selling job Cerel does."

2 He saves you from making costly mistakes, say Cerel's clients

Cerel (like any good realtor) has contact with more prospects than any single builder in the area. So he can steer all his builder clients away from what he knows are design and construction mistakes. For example, his clients are warned not to build a house without sufficient insulation, or a house without a full complement of built-in appliances.

"And quality of product and workmanship must be up to the high standards of New England," says Cerel. "People don't want junk. We can't sell something without quality, so we insist on it."

3 He takes over the details that use up so much time, say Cerel's clients

A good realtor can help you find and buy land

Says Builder Campanelli: "It is almost impossible to find 1,000 lots a year in the Boston area. We sure like Cerel's help on leads to places where we can build."

"I'm undercapitalized to buy all the land I need," says Sam Farese, who builds 35 to 40 houses a year. "MC helps me."

Noah DeMattia adds: "Cerel opens up a book and puts us in line with a piece of ground when we need it."

... help you work with FHA and VA

"Even though we're big enough to process our houses through all the local and government agencies, we find it is a tough job when we're building in so many different places," says Mike Campanelli. "Cerel knows the communities, fights our battles for us."

... help you with financing

Builder Farese points out: "Planning boards want builders to put in all the streets, all the sewers, and all the water before even one customer moves in. I can't put my hands on all the money it takes to do all that development. Martin Cerel helps me find it. And he usually knows a bank that can lend me construction money."

"Although I do my own financing," adds C. Robert Rolde, "I know Cerel can get financing for me if I get stuck. He gets commitments from banks a year ahead." (Rolde is senior partner in R & S Construction Co, which builds hundreds of rental apartments, built 40 single-family houses this year.)

... take over your model house work

Says Builder Paul Livoli: "Building in a lot of locations means a lot of model houses. Cerel's help in getting models furnished is invaluable. Keeping up models in all these areas would keep a couple of our men busy."

Henry Berry of Berry & Molloy (50-house builders) confirms: "Model houses used to take a lot of our time. We had to line up furniture, keep the houses clean, make sure they were staffed all the time. We don't have those problems today."

... handle your advertising

"We used to run our own ads and spend hours with the Boston newspapers," says Builder Berry. "Now Cerel does all of that for us. We know for a fact that anyone who works on advertising all the time is going to better at producing ads than we are. His ads for us are better than any we did for ourselves, and we don't have to sweat over them."

... plan your promotions

"Cerel held an opening for one of our 20-house developments," says Noah DeMattia. "He ran the ads in the Boston papers, put up the turnpike signs, put in the rig amount of effort to do the job right. And six hours after we opened we were sold out—all 20 houses."

... screen your buyers

Says Builder Campanelli: "Cerel gets the credit reports every buyer. We don't have to worry about which sales are good and which sales are duds. Cerel turns prospects into buyers if there is any way of doing it."

And, adds Sam Farese: "If a customer needs help getting a mortgage, Cerel's organization sees to it."

... help you handle your call-back problems

"Cerel is organized to package all the complaints and handle them to me in one fell swoop," says Builder Slotnick. "Don't have a lot of people calling on me to fix this fix that."

A good realtor doesn't just sell houses
A good realtor sets high standards

Cerel will accept as clients only builders with a good product and a good reputation for quality and honesty.

Builder-Client C. Robert Rolde explains: "People trust Cerel's name and what he is selling. So if he doesn't like what a builder is building, he won't sell it. He really screens builders he'll sell for, because he knows that customers demand quality even in no-down-payment houses."

Cerel insists on having a full set of specifications for each house his builders plan. These specifications are checked against his knowledge of what the public is demanding. After the house is built, his staff checks the specifications against the actual model house. Either before or after the house is built, Cerel's organization often suggests changes in design or equipment to make the house more saleable.

Realtor Cerel makes these demands on his builder-clients because his organization stands behind the house. "When you buy a Ford automobile from a dealer, who do you look to for service? Ford? No, the dealer. The man who sold you."

Cerel explains: "A good realtor has a good team behind him. Interchanged for thorough training and experience. To let the salesmen concentrate on selling:"
A good realtor makes the most of a model

Cerel makes sure that prospects see every detail of his carefully planned models to best advantage. One way he does it is by following the rules outlined below. The other way is to use the best salesmen he can get. Most of Cerel’s salesmen are professional—and professional-looking—people. He has an ex-lawyer, and ex-teacher, and ex-Navy Commander on his staff. “People will not tolerate ‘sharpies’ when they are buying a house.”

Here are Cerel’s rules for setting up his clients’ models

Outside:
1. “We maintain the site so it sets off the house to best advantage. I learned from Abraham Levitt years ago that the one sure way to give a house appeal was to surround it with flowers, trees and shrubs. Good landscaping means good community to buyers, and it does a lot for future sales.
2. “We put up a sign telling what hours the model is open. If a prospect comes when the house is not open, he will at least know when to come back.
3. “We show the name of the Paine Furniture Co. Why? Paine’s is a prestige name, and we buy its furniture for our houses. It makes good sense to tie in their prestige.”

Inside:
1. “We keep the scale of furniture in scale with the house. You should use underscaled furniture only in small houses.
2. “We buy the furniture for every model and decorate each differently. We spend $5,000 to $7,000 per model and sell the furniture when the model is closed.
3. “We have a professional decorator do the houses. They know best how to make a good presentation, and what is new.
4. “We keep fresh flowers in the house. Nothing makes a house more homey.
5. “We keep the house neat. Our maintenance crew cleans the models several times a week, but we expect our salesmen to dust and empty ashtrays.”

In the all-important kitchen:
1. “We equip every kitchen completely women can see how convenient and attractive a work place a kitchen can be. A room gets looked over more carefully.
2. “We use signs and directional arrows to show people the features they see and how they should go through the house. We try to start prospects in the living room, have them finish in the kitchen, and then route them to the garage, which is set up as an office.
3. “When they get to the garage, show them the community features, most models, we use four-color photographs to show nearby churches, schools, parks and playgrounds to their best advantage.”
And a good realtor keeps prospects coming

Cerel opens his builders’ developments with big advertising campaigns and with big promotions.

Big opening day advertisements in Boston’s metropolitan newspapers are followed up with smaller displays and classified advertising until every house is sold. His promotion staff tries its best to make every campaign different from any other and establish a ‘character’ for the community. Cerel’s rules for advertising are outlined just below.

Cerel also believes in promotions. “You’ve got to give people a reason to come out. You need crowds because you’re dealing in percentages all the time. Don’t worry about attracting too many lookers. The more who come out, the more will come back to buy, and the more word-of-mouth advertising you will get.”

Here is what Cerel thinks should—and should not—be in an ad

- Keep the design of the ad or brochure simple. We try to keep ads uncluttered, group information into sections where it fits, and use plenty of white space so the ad has a clean-cut look.
- Show honest renderings of the houses. Don’t put in trees that don’t exist. Don’t stretch out the house to look twice as big as it is. When the prospect confronts the real thing and doesn’t recognize it, he’s disappointed. On the other hand, if your budget doesn’t allow you to use a rendering, you surely should use at least an attention-getting symbol, figure, or art orm. About 60% of the ads we prepare do not have house renderings.
- State the price.
- ‘List all your features.’
- Give explicit directions how to get to the model house. Route people the prettiest way, not necessarily the shortest way. If necessary, we even paint houses along the route to keep the approach route from looking drab.
- Include the model house hours.
- Put your trademark in the ad. Our ‘MC Means Confidence’ goes into everything we do, helps build prestige and recognition for all the houses we sell.

And here are his ideas on the importance of shows, and how to do them

Cerel believes a big show on opening weekend is a must for any group of 30 or more houses. And he believes that you must promote your houses and community as soon as the first display models are ready, or wait until the whole development is built. When you do have a show, Cerel suggests:

- ‘Be consistent in your theme. Make your promotion consistent with 1) the price of the houses, 2) the area in which they are built, 3) the season in which they are introduced, and 4) the general character of the buyers you expect to reach.
- ‘Entertain the whole family. In the Boston area, the whole family visits models on opening weekends. At Lakewood, we put on a fashion show to entertain mothers and girls and displayed motor boats to interest fathers and sons.
- ‘Don’t charge for anything. If you provide soda pop or hot dogs or coffee, don’t try to get dimes and quarters for them.
- ‘Give something away. You never make enemies by giving something away. We always give something that is worth at least $1 retail, that is unique and not available elsewhere.’ Example: hunting caps for children.
- ‘Make sure you have plenty of staff help on hand at openings. They must be readily identifiable so people can ask questions. Never use professional women models; wives resent them.’

UNDOUBTS OF PROSPECTS were attracted by show arranged by Cerel at opening of Builder Paul Livoli’s Millwood development.
Two sales are better than one

Two markets are better than one; two sales are better than one; and a $20,000 sale should be twice as profitable as a sale at half that price.

So let’s get our two heads together and see what we can do to make twice as many sales by opening up a second market—a second market few builders have been able to sell in quantity, a second market bigger than the market to which the builders have already sold 10 million homes.

All markets are local, and this year’s sales record shows beyond all doubt that there are many cities where lower prices, bigger values, easier terms, and cheaper money can still sell a lot of houses. If you are building in a city where you can still sell low-priced homes in competition with the low prices now available in used houses more power to you.* Sell as many as you can while you still can.

But don’t get too sales-happy in the cheap house market. Don’t blind yourself to the rich new second market that is just opening up for you—the great new market for quality homes.

Says Housing Economist Miles Colean: more than 23 million families can now qualify FHA to pay $12,500 or more for a house, but only 8 million existing houses are priced that high; more than 11 million families can qualify FHA to pay $17,500 or more, but less than 3 million existing houses are priced that high.

So here is our second market—more than 15 million families who can now afford to trade up to houses priced above $12,500, more than 8 million families who can now afford to trade up to houses priced above $17,500!

We can’t sell that second market unless we pack our houses with new ways to live better and so make those 15 million prospects dissatisfied with their present homes. We can’t sell that second market if we strip our houses of every sales appeal except low price. Neither can we sell that second market unless we offer buyers more for their money than they think they can get from other industries competing for the same consumer dollar.

This is a tough job, but HOUSE & HOME believes it can be done because . . .

The quality house lets us offer the most for the least

Says Rudard Jones of the Small Homes Council: “All your costs come down as the floor area goes up.” Labor to install quality products costs not a penny more than labor to install minimum materials. So look how little it will cost to offer prospects a whole lot more of what they want.
take the matter of space:

Everybody wants more space, and more space is the cheapest living you can add to a house. Basic space in a small house costs at least $10 a sq ft, but added space should cost less in half as much. (Builder Bob Schmitt, the NAHB Research Institute Chairman, adds space for $3.27 a sq ft, including 5% for overhead and profit.)

Or take the question of design:

Well-planned, well-designed house should actually cost a bit less to build. The right architect should be able to earn his fee three times over—once in more eye appeal, once in better living, once in lower costs.

Consider the bathroom:

A one bath is very poor economy, because it costs so little add a second bath back-to-back. Says Builder Andy Place, chairman of the NAHB Research Institute: "One bath at least $1,200, for you have to charge the first bath for your sewer connection, your water supply, your heater, or vent and, say, $250 for the rough plumbing. All the second bath adds to these basic costs is another $10 for a water heater and another $50 on the rough plumbing (ApSCO's 7- to-back quotation). "So the second bath costs only $60 plus the fixtures and the ice—or less than half of what the first bath costs."

Consider indoor-outdoor living:

Cheapest living space you can add to a house is planned outdoors for indoor-outdoor living. It costs less than a sq ft for paving, fences, and a little planting, something $1 a sq ft for screening. Isn’t it foolish to sell only the expensive space indoors when you can add so much appeal outdoors for so little money?

Consider appliances:

Built-in appliances cost far less to install while the house is being built. Home buyers can save hundreds of dollars by having their appliances as part of the house; under the package they can buy for so little less than 5% with 30 years to pay at low interest; and FHA now requires no more income to buy a $12,000-or-more house fully equipped than FHA requires to buy the same house without the appliances (H&H Jan., p 150). So what sense does it make not to offer all the labor-saving equipment the buyer will eventually need to take the drudgery out of housework?

Or take the matter of quality:

For example, roofing. For a 1,500 sq ft house, roofing manufacturers say, a 270 lb self-sealing asphalt roof costs only $40 more for materials and almost nothing more for labor than the cheapest roof FHA will approve, but it will last half again as long. Replacing the cheapest roof will cost the home buyer at least $300? What sense does it make not to provide the better roof?

Or take the matter of bathroom fixtures:

Lavatories, for example. A bathroom costs a builder at least $1,200 for a first bath, at least $450 for a second bath. That works out to $150 to $400 per fixture. A lavatory so small you can’t wash your face in it without getting water all over the floor costs a builder only $6 less than a good 8 x 20 lavatory that can add real sales appeal. Why are so many builders penny-wise, pound-foolish about buying fixtures too cheap to be practical?

Or consider insulation:

Insulation manufacturers say "Adequate insulation costs not more than $1,000 more. Says FHA Commissioner Norman Mason: "Within a few years any house that is not air conditioned will be obsolescent." When air conditioning offers so much for so little, and when air conditioning costs so much more to add later on, what sense does it make not to include air conditioning in all new houses except in the far north?

In brief, what sense does it make to offer anything less than adequate space when added space is so cheap, or anything less than adequate insulation when adequate insulation costs little or nothing more, or anything less than adequate wiring when adequate wiring costs so little more, or anything less than a good roof when a good roof costs so little more, or anything less than a fully equipped kitchen, or anything less than two full baths with anything less than adequate fixtures?

So what earthly sense does it make to build anything less than a quality house—especially since there are so many good new ways to cut costs without cutting value and so many good new ways to build better for less (see HOUSE & HOME, Sept.).
From eight big consumer magazines

Here are eight houses to help homebuyers raise their sights ...

These are uncommon houses. They look different from most houses and you would find them different to live in.

Some are big and expensive, some dramatic and colorful, some small and imaginative. But regardless of their size or cost, their style or location, all of them share these qualities: spaciousness, distinction, and the ability to enrich their owners’ lives.

Houses like these eight give people new ideas, change their taste, influence their goals—make them reach out for something better than they now have. That is why it is important to remember that millions of readers saw these houses this year in the consumer magazines.

All of these readers are being pre-sold a new house—a new house that is different and better, a new house that may be smaller and less expensive but still a new house that shares the qualities that make the magazine houses so appealing.

HOUSE & HOME chose the eight houses presented on the next 20 pages because they best show the kind of ideas your clients and buyers will hope to find in the houses you offer them in 1959.
ormal facade is blank except for limited glass area and second-story screen. Screen surrounds house, hides windows and master bedroom's huge terrace.

...A house to startle the imagination

It is completely different from any house most people ever see or dream of—and it is almost shockingly glamorous. It is decorated by entire walls of delicate screens—screens that, in TIME's words, "hide Pompeian splendor within." It is finished with luxurious materials like the marble-faced floor of the dining island. It is so big you could put ten good-sized houses in it. It is a house that opens readers' eyes to another world and makes their own world seem much more ordinary... and harder to go back to.

Plan (left) has 15,000 sq ft. Dining island (below) lies between foyer and living area.
A house to give the spirit a lift

As House Beautiful points out, a house like this “helps make commonplace things—like cooking, eating, sitting in front of the fire—seem like something special.”

Nobody who saw the 50 colorful pages HB devoted to this Honolulu mountainside house could fail to have housing sights raised or fail to appreciate how much good design can add to the pleasure of living. This house seems almost alive to the six people who live in it—or rather, they insist, “live up to it.”

Few houses can have the magnificent site this one has, many can offer what this house embodies. There is first and foremost an all feeling of beauty, because the shapes and forms are pleasant to look at, proportions and scale are good, and colors harmonize subtly. This is not just shelter against the elements; nature is made part of the house.

Builders who can evoke such feeling for houses they build of whatever size, will find a ready market because of demand created by houses like this.
Architect: Vladimir Ossipoff

Published in July 1958 issue of "The Beautiful."

The area's walls are all glass, so room gets benefit of view and changing light. Care-chosen colors of furnishings fit perfectly with natural colors and finishes of stone fireplace, wood beams and ceiling.
Plan meets basic requirements of all good houses: takes full advantage of view and has a room arrangement that relates to prevailing winds and cycle of the sun.

Living room's pitched ceiling, open beams, and glass walls give it added space.
flat ceiling of dining room makes it small and intimate. Restraint of color and lack of clutter give room great serenity.
...A house to open a new way of living

It is a way of living that comes from having, for once, more than enough space. So there's no feeling of being cramped because the rooms are too small, of being crowded because the plan is complicated, or of being lost in clutter because there's not enough storage. In this house people can move differently. The rooms are few, but well planned and sized; there's storage for every room, all of it in the walls; the plan is straightforward and simple.

It is a way of living that comes from having plenty of space outside the walls, too. The long lines of floor and extend beyond the walls to form a sheltered veranda on four sides. Everyone in the house has equal access to outdoor space because all rooms, except the baths, open onto the veranda.

And it is a way of living that comes from an aesthetic sense of space. The center part of the house has a high ceiling with a band of glass on all four sides, so the ceiling seems to float. Low divider walls between foyer, kitchen, and living room keep these areas from seeming tiny or closed. The walls along the length of both foyer and living are glass, so the eye is never stopped at the end of a room.

Plan balances bedrooms on either side of big (32'x30') central square; house is perfectly symmetrical around central axis. Simple plan has no unnecessary jogs, stairs or halls. Living area is also center of family activities.
Big roof's thin, elegant line gets rhythm from supporting columns. Roof spreads on all sides over wide veranda. Center of house is covered by raised roof which adds visual interest.

Living area seems even larger than it is because of wide veranda; furniture location is flexible to suit varied uses of room. Clerestory brings in light, air, space from all sides.
...A house to show
the fun of family life

Here is a house that takes family life out of all its old routine ways and ideas.

It is a house that shows how a family can let its individual members go their individual ways, but still have a happy meeting ground for everyone. And it is a house in which all the members of the family can be comfortable.

It is all this because it was planned to be. Everyone has a place to retreat to: parents in one wing, and children in another. And everyone has a common place to gather in: the dining room, the kitchen, or the family room.

And it is a house that is not too formal and yet not too casual. Its rooms are large, so they won't seem crowded when all the family is together. But they are not oversized, so no one feels lost when he's alone. Its materials and colors are warm and pleasant. And its design, though contemporary, still uses such comfortably familiar things as the hip roof and brick veneer.
Living room gets extra space because framing of hip roof is exposed, so ceiling can be just that much higher. Skylight is overhead, out of photo. Small study area is at lower right. Living room’s colors, though muted, are warm.

Plan was divided into four wings for better separation of functions. Parents’ wing is at left; children have dormitory room in right wing. Utilities are far from living room. Family-shared rooms are at center of plan.
House opens to three terraces—one at left off living room, another at right off dining room, and a third, not shown in photo, off kitchen-family room. Dining room has floor-to-ceiling sliding glass doors.
...A house to whet the taste for two-story space

It has broad appeal because it combines traditional two-story spaciousness with contemporary design and planning.

Four stone bearing walls divide the house into three modular bays. The second-floor siding is vertical plywood paneling. The roof pitch is low; glass gable ends run right up to the ceiling. The casement windows are grouped—both across the end walls and between the bays. The split-level entrance takes advantage of the gently sloping site. And there are terraces on three sides for outdoor living.
Garden wall extends from kitchen wing, left, around to bedroom wing, right. Wall panels are asbestos-cement left in a natural grey color and framed with redwood. Exterior walls of house are vertical redwood siding.
...A house to show
the appeal of privacy

This house happens to be surrounded by plenty of land, but it could be on a small suburban lot—and there its built-in privacy would be doubly welcome.

Privacy is created by the wall that encloses a large garden at one side of the house. It is made particularly appealing by the decorative treatment of the wall—the light-colored panels that contrast with the redwood framing, the adaptation of a Shinto shrine gate, and the attractive planting around the outside. The style of the house—heavily influenced by traditional Japanese design—is carried to completion in the garden wall.

How does the privacy of this house strike the reader who sees it in a magazine? He probably compares it with the lack of privacy in his own house. And then, if he stops to think, he probably realizes he could have something like it—even on a smaller lot.

continued on next page
Living room (left) has highest of house four roof levels. Rafters, on traditional Japanese module of 3', are exposed; rafter ends are painted white. Living room ceiling extends out to form veranda roof.

View from garden (left) is of informal dining area in kitchen, left, and of family room center. Screens open family room to sun deck. Bedroom wing is at right. Garden, southeast, gets ample winter sun.

Decoration in living room (right) was kept to a minimum, to follow Japanese scheme. Entry is behind fireplace, which separates from living room. Up-down lighting is behind elmwood valance.
Street side is blank except for living room window, right, and glass gable ends. Closed gables are finished with ceramic tile.

...A house to dramatize indoor-outdoor living

Architects: Garber, Tweddell and Wheeler
Published in May 1958 issue of McCall's.

Living room opens off entry hall (rear). Here you see how changing plane of ceiling adds interest, how glass gable ends add light. Kitchen is beyond wall at right. Study is on far side of entry hall.

Here is the outdoors brought indoors—a garden in the center of the house (photo, right).

Thousands of McCall's readers who would like a place for year-round gardening, no matter what the weather, are sure to be intrigued by this house. The inside garden opens the kitchen and living room, gets natural lighting from a skylight and artificial lighting from the spotlights.

More conventional indoor-outdoor living is provided by a large patio opening off the dining room and hidden from street by the garage.

In other ways, too, the house stimulates desire for something new and better:

For excitement inside and out and for added ceiling height, the unusual roof is made up of a series of triangles.

For privacy, windows are used sparingly on the street side, which, nevertheless, gets light through glass gable ends.

Plan pays special attention to indoor-outdoor relationship. Garage screens large patio with its own garden, from street view; dining and family room open to it. Rest of house is around the indoor garden.
The garden is open to the living room, can be closed off by curtain. Stepping stones, rear, cross from family room to master bedroom.
House bridges stream with 47' living-dining room. Glass walls emphasize bridge effect, also give a view of brook, both upstream and down. Balconies parallel both sides of bridge. Three vaults add a sense of motion.
...A house to start people dreaming

It stands for all the romantic fairy-tale houses most people see only in their dreams—and those who have not yet dreamed are likely to start after seeing this.

It has a magical setting, a beautiful woodland site. To make the setting even more magical, a brook runs, not just through the site, but under the very center of the house.

It has a light, playful feeling because the three vaults over the center bridge give it a lifting, airy quality. Even the color of the walls is light and playful.

But in spite of its romantic quality—or perhaps because of it—it is a modern house that is formal without being overbearing. It has grace and distinction; it has restfulness and charm. It is, altogether, the kind of a house that leaves people dissatisfied with the ordinary, the mediocre, and the dull.
Vaulted ceiling adds softness to modern lines, emphasizes room's rich classic qualities. Ceiling is gold leaf; floor, grey-black terrazzo.
Metal producers, designers, and fabricators have no intention of letting traditional homebuilding materials run away with the boom of the 1960's.

On drawing boards and in the labs, new structural systems, new panels, and other new developments are being perfected to win a bigger share of the homebuilding market for metal.

For years, metal producers have tried to break into homebuilding by offering metal as a substitute for other materials that go into a house.

But in many cases, this attempt to "substitute" simply proved that metal building materials are likely to be expensive unless they are designed to make the most of every advantage metals have over other materials. So...

**New components will take advantage of metal as metal**

To be competitive, the metal industry realizes that a metal house must be different from a conventional house. Most metal houses will not look exactly like today's house—they will reflect the character and precision of metal. Most will not work structurally like a conventional house—they will take advantage of metal's strength and light weight and forming properties. Most will not be built like a traditional house—they will necessarily be prefabricated, and will not be assembled with the traditional hammer and nail.

Metal producers have made a beginning with metal products—like shingles and siding—that resemble the familiar form; now they are just starting to produce panels that take metal a step further. Producers are proceeding a step a time to gain acceptance a step at a time.

And the 1960's look wide open to them. One of the reasons: homebuilding has been moving in the direction of more shop fabrication—both to cut costs and to anticipate labor shortages in the years ahead. And while one of metal's drawbacks is that it cannot be cut and fitted in the field, one of its strong points is fast and easy fabrication in a plant.

To see a new concept in building with panels... see p 142
To see what is ahead in aluminum houses.... see p 154
To see what is developing in steel.... see p 156
This panel system is a brand-new idea in homebuilding

The design of this new (but still experimental) panel uses metal in ways that take particular advantage of metal's properties.

The result? According to the designer (Consulting Engineer Paul Kratzmaier, of Neoteric International, Ltd, Nassau) a house erected of the panels would:

1. Cost less than half of the cost of a comparable conventional house (including "fixed" utility costs).
2. Be erected in about 60 man-hours.
3. Need no nails, screws, welding, or riveting. The three basic shapes (see opposite for details) slide together to form a sturdy, precise, and ingenious system that interlocks.
4. Need no gasketing, adhesives or covering strips.
5. Be completely fire-, termite-, rodent-, and rot-resistant.
6. Take only 1/25th (100 cu ft) the shipping space of a conventional manufactured house.
7. Weigh 1/16th (7 tons) as much as a conventional house.
8. Require a much lighter foundation.
10. Exceed the performance requirements of basic code.

All the shapes for a house shell could be turned out in a rolling mill in 1½ minutes. They could be fabricated of aluminum, or any material that could be formed like metal.

Panels are now being tested and studied

Tests with full-size panels have turned up no asser difficulties, says the designer. But no full-scale houses have been built with the new panels, so unsuspected prob may show up. The only foreseeable problem: heat transfer through the connection between panels.

Engineers of a half dozen of the large metal prod are studying the system. If any one of them decided to duce it, the panels could be on the market in a year.
Panel faces with crimped-over edges are joined by "C" beam, which, when pushed into place, holds edges so that faces cannot move in or out.

Panels can be shipped knocked down.

Any kind of insulation can be installed in panels as they are put together at the site. A paper honeycomb, for instance, could be glued to inside of panel face before faces were joined by "C" beam.

Wood paneling, melamine or any other interior or exterior surface can be built into panels. As shown schematically above and to the right, the alternate facing material is held solidly between a panel flange section and the "C" beams.

Ordinary metal panel faces can be painted or have baked-on acrylic or porcelain enamel finish. Aluminum can be anodized in colors, or embossed.

Key shape in the panel system is the simple rolled X shape shown above right. When inserted between abutting panels, it holds their edges together and grasps the "C" beams and the panel edges.

The whole connection serves as a very strong beam (for roofs) or columns (for walls), can serve as duct or chase. Heat flow through this connection can be cut by plastic coatings on the metal members.

A few bolts anchor system

Detail above shows how tie rod through bottom of panels is gripped by a threaded anchor bolt and clip. Anchor bolts could be run all the way up through wall panels to grasp roof panels as in drawing at right, tying the whole structure together.

Tie rods, through roof edge and top of wall, are gripped together by threaded anchoring bar. Metal fascia finishes edge of roof panels. Doors and windows are simply fitted into openings cut in panels, or made as panels themselves.

Key shapes for the system would be angled s like that shown above. These panel are formed with "C" beams (just lat panels) that hold corner stiffener ace and make panels rigid. Corner s joined to wall panel with X beam.
EXTERIORS UNLIMITED — Not only does each individual pattern of California redwood siding produce its own pleasant wall texture...it can be used to harmonize or contrast with other redwood patterns...other building materials...to provide a rich visual interest and textural variation on any home exterior.

CALIFORNIA REDWOOD ASSOCIATION • 576 SACRAMENTO ST. • SAN FRANCISCO 11
NEW WAYS TO BUILD BETTER
A monthly report on home building ideas, products, and techniques

Starting here

New products

rapezoid windows, here used to open up a gable end, can be made to fit our house in any pitch up to 6-in-12. xtruded aluminum frame has narrow profile but will take insulating glass.

These windows can be combined with other Maco windows. Full length keys join sections horizontally, vertically.

Maco Corp, Huntington, Ind.
For details, check No. 1 on coupon, p 188

arpet for builders is now available ith an integral foam backing. Luxor’s lagnolia (above) is a tweed pattern, ith a deep-loop pile of viscose rayon, gray, green, turquoise, and tan. Foam permanently bonded to carpet. Mag­nolia is sold on a direct-to-builder basis, mes in 12‘ widths to reduce cutting id fitting.

Luxor Carpet Co, Akron.
For details, check No. 2 on coupon, p 188

And on the following pages

Technology

Three slabs to solve soil problems...
An H-bomb shelter you can build in...
Short tips on using two-layer drywall, H-brace trusses, strip flooring...

What the leaders are doing

Luxury model sells the whole line...
This light basement saves money...
Adjustable door frame cuts callbacks...
Five ways smart builders cut costs...

Publications

How to use lightweight concrete...
Quick guide to heating costs...
Decorating with glass screens...
New ways to heat with electricity...

More New products

New developments in the use of gas...
What appliance makers are showing...
New components key together...
INDIANA CONTINUED

PLYMOUTH HOMES CORP
Plymouth
Models: 2 ranches, 2 splits and a 2-story; 900-1,500 sq ft; $9,000–$13,000.
For full data circle item No. 32 on coupon, p. 151.

PRECISION HOMES
DIV OF ACME BUILDING MATERIALS INC
Indianapolis
Models: 14 ranches, 904-1,430 sq ft, $8,895-$20,000. Financing through its own mortgage corp.
For full data circle item No. 33 on coupon, p. 151.

RICHMOND HOMES INC
Richmond
Models: 40 in 3 lines, 900-2,000 sq ft, $9,000-$20,000.
For full data circle item No. 34 on coupon, p. 151.

IOWA

KOZY MANUFACTURING CO
Exira
Models: 20—1-story and split, 500-1,500 sq ft, $3,000-$20,000. Also custom designs available.
For full data circle item No. 35 on coupon, p. 151.

KANSAS

STANDARD HOMES CO
Kansas City
Models: 9 ranches, 2 splits; 880-1,817 sq ft; $9,500-$18,500 and a 395 sq ft cabin at $5,400.
For full data circle item No. 36 on coupon, p. 151.

KENTUCKY

TRU-BILT CORP
Louisville
Models: 25 ranches, 2 splits, a 2-story; 840-1,800 sq ft; $8,500-$25,000.
For full data circle item No. 37 on coupon, p. 151.

LOUISIANA

CRAWFORD CORP
Baton Rouge
Models: 20 basic ranch models, 900 to 1,800 sq ft, $9,500 to $40,000 with lot; many variations in carpents and porches. Financing through its own mortgage corp.
For full data circle item No. 38 on coupon, p. 151.

MARYLAND

MORGAN C. ELMER, INC
Rockland
Models: All homes are shells made to order.
For full data circle item No. 39 on coupon, p. 151.

MARYLAND HOUSING CORP
Baltimore
Models: 4 splits, 3 ranches, 2 2-stories, 2 1½-stories; 800-2,000 sq ft; $11,000-$20,000.
For full data circle item No. 40 on coupon, p. 151.

PRECISION QUALITY BUILT HOMES
Baltimore
Models: 8—ranch, 1½-story, split and 2-story; 686-2,088 sq ft; $8,500-$26,000.
For full data circle item No. 42 on coupon, p. 151.

Massachusetts

ASSEMBLED HOMES, INC
Winchester
Models: 18—ranch, split and 2-story, conventional and contemporary styles; 864-1,250 sq ft; $9,000-$17,990.
For full data circle item No. 43 on coupon, p. 151.

FRANKLIN HOMES INC
Franklin
Models: more than 15 lines of ranch, Cape Cod, split and Garrison 2-story houses from $8,500 to $22,000.
For full data circle item No. 44 on coupon, p. 151.

GILBILT LUMBER CO, INC
Burlington
Models: 3 ranches, 960-1,200 sq ft, $9,500-$15,000, and a Cape Cod of 1,000 sq ft at $10,000.
For full data circle item No. 45 on coupon, p. 151.

HODGSON HOUSES, INC
Dover
Models: 22 ranches, 4 splits, 2 1½-stories and a 2-story; 856-1,800 sq ft; $8,000 to $30,000.
For full data circle item No. 46 on coupon, p. 151.

PRE-BILT CONSTRUCTION CO, INC
North Dartmouth
Models: 16 ranches, 760-1,600 sq ft, $8,000-$20,000; 30 summer cottages, 400-960 sq ft, $3,800-$7,000; 1 hurricane house, 1,200 sq ft, $12,500; 12 motels, 1,920-8,000 sq ft, $20,000-$75,000.
For full data circle item No. 47 on coupon, p. 151.

TECHBUILT INC
Cambridge
Models: 7—stories, 8 2-stories, 3 splits, 3 cottages; 526-3,500 sq ft, $5,000-$35,000.
For full data circle item No. 48 on coupon, p. 151.

Michigan

A. J. COOK LUMBER CO
Holland
Models: no set designs but do custom work.
For full data circle item No. 49 on coupon, p. 151.

LYTLE MODERN HOMES, INC
Dearborn
Models: 3 ranches, 910-1,040 sq ft, $8,000-$14,000; 3 splits, 1,250-1,642 sq ft, $10,000-$17,000.
For full data circle item No. 50 on coupon, p. 151.

MANUFACTURED HOMES, INC
Marshall
Models: 12 basic with 67 plans for ranch, colonial, hillside and "studio contemporaries," $8,700 to $15,500.
For full data circle item No. 51 on coupon, p. 151.

MICHIGAN LUMBER FABRICATORS, INC
Elkton
Models: 16 ranches, 2 splits, 2 1½-stories, a 2-story, 864-2,250 sq ft; $10,000-$30,000.
For full data circle item No. 52 on coupon, p. 151.

RYCENGA MANUFACTURED HOMES
Grand Haven
Models: 25 ranches, 864-1,600 sq ft, $9,850-$22,500; 4 splits, 1,200-1,700 sq ft, $14,000-$22,500.
Financing through its own mortgage corp.
For full data circle item No. 54 on coupon, p. 151.

UNIVERSAL HOMES, INC
Milan
Models: 16 ranches, 820-1,678 sq ft, $8,000-$26,000; 1 split, 1,650 sq ft, $19,000.
For full data circle item No. 55 on coupon, p. 151.

MINNESOTA

CONVENTIONAL BUILT HOMES, INC
Litchfield
Models: over 500 different plans, 484 ranches, 10 splits, 6 1½-stories; 960-2,000 sq ft; $10,000-$80,000.
For full data circle item No. 56 on coupon, p. 151.

PAGE & HILL HOMES, INC
Minneapolis
Models: 4 different lines of ranch, two-level, split and contemporary houses, $11,000 to over $25,000.
Financing through its own mortgage corp.
For full data circle item No. 57 on coupon, p. 151.

Missouri

HILL-BEAN LUMBER CO
St Louis
Models: no stock plans. All houses designed to builders’ plans.
For full data circle item No. 58 on coupon, p. 151.

HOME BUILDING CORP
Silver dollar
Models: 6 ranches and 2 splits; 700-1,250 sq ft; $10,000-$13,000. Complete bathrooms or kitchens can be purchased with packaged houses.
For full data circle item No. 59 on coupon, p. 151.

MODULAR HOMES, INC
Kirkwood
Models: varied contemporary, provincial and English designs, $16,000 to $35,000. Next year a lower cost line will be introduced to sell at $15,000 and up including lot.
For full data circle item No. 60 on coupon, p. 151.

READY MADE BUILDINGS INC
Joplin
Models: Houses are fabricated to builders’ plans.
For full data circle item No. 61 on coupon, p. 151.

WILSON HOMES INC
Robertson
Models: about half are standard models and half are panelized versions of builders’ own models. Typical model, 1,000 sq ft, $10,000-$12,000.
For full data circle item No. 62 on coupon, p. 151.

continued on p 148
there's built-in housewife appeal in the Trotwood!

...and building efficiency, too!

There is just one way to sell homes successfully — give them what they want! There is no mystery about the features women desire. Surveys have pointed that out for years. Check these features and see for yourself why the Trotwood will do this job.

- A large master bedroom — large enough to have a lounging area
- Large walk-in closet-dressing room off master bedroom
- Two bedrooms large enough to accommodate twin beds
- A well defined entrance foyer
- Walk-in storage area or ½ bath in hall
- Well defined formal dining area
- Large family area and informal dining area off kitchen
- Sink under window
- Excellent wall area distribution for varied furniture placement.

P.S. The smart builder will also see that a minimum amount of concrete work is required, plumbing costs will be low and the living area will have the illusion of much greater space!
Continued on page 150.
THE P&H VERMONT—Combines informal New England beauty with more usable family living area for greater selling appeal than any other home in its price class. PROOF: The first model shown sold 21 duplicates the first weekend in an average midwest community.

The Vermont is so far beyond the young family's conception of the size home they can buy with minimum down payment, that their search ends at the gate. And purchase arrangements will begin inside, once you show them the livable family-planned rooms, baths and storage space. It's a 1½-story home with two bedrooms and a bath downstairs—and space for two additional rooms and second bath upstairs. Finishing is optional with the buyer, according to purchase price. But, you offer 1245 square feet of livable area, whether completed now or later.

The Vermont is the result of painstaking research by the noted architect, L. Morgan Yost, F.A.I.A., of Yost & Taylor and the staff of Harnischfeger Homes, Inc. The Vermont, like other P&H homes, includes such top-quality construction and materials as: plant-applied gypsum walls; primed wood double-hung windows; 2x4 framing members in exterior walls; high-quality, name brand accessories and hardware; and other salable features. Write today for information!

Select dealerships available in Wisconsin, Iowa, Indiana, Illinois, northern Kentucky, Michigan, eastern Minnesota, Missouri and Ohio.

Harnischfeger Homes, Inc.
DEPT. HH 1258 PORT WASHINGTON, WIS.

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Rhode Island

AFCO HOMES
Narragansett
Models: 9 1-stories, 560-1,500 sq ft, $7,500 and up. Custom contemporary, any size, $10,000 and up, for sale through lumber companies. Financing through its own mortgage corp. For full data circle item No. 102 on coupon, p 151.

Tennessee

FAIRHILL, INC
Memphis
Models: 15 series in contemporary and colonial, 900 sq ft up, $7,500 to over $20,000. Also a new "Leisure Lodge" for $3,000 to $10,000. For full data circle item No. 103 on coupon, p 151.

Texas

FABRICON
Austin
Models: 4 ranches, 720-3,000 sq ft, selling up to $30,000. For full data circle item No. 105 on coupon, p 151.

HOLIDAY HOUSE
MANUFACTURERS CORP
Fort Worth
Models: 9 ranches, 808-1,856 sq ft, $7,500-$20,000. Financing through its own mortgage corp. For full data circle item No. 106 on coupon, p 151.

SOUTHWEST AMERICAN HOUSES INC
Houston
Models: wide variety in 4 styles, 1,000 to 1,600 sq ft, $10,000-$20,000. For full data circle item No. 107 on coupon, p 151.

Utah

INTERMOUNTAIN PRECISION BILT-HOMES
Ogden
Models: 8 ranches, 900-1,400 sq ft, $11,000-$17,000; a 2-level, 2,000 sq ft, $17,500. For full data circle item No. 108 on coupon, p 151.

Virginia

CONTINENTAL HOMES, INC
Boones Mill
Models: 19 ranch, 700-2,000 sq ft, $6,500-$35,000. For full data circle item No. 109 on coupon, p 151.

LESNO HOMES
LESTER BROTHERS, INC
Martinsville
Models: 34 ranches, 2 splits; 720-3,310 sq ft, $6,650-$39,500. For full data circle item No. 110 on coupon, p 151.

Washington

BRIGGS MFG CO
Tacoma
Models: 47 in five lines from $10,000 to $40,000. For full data circle item No. 111 on coupon, p 151.

FARWEST HOMES
WEST COAST MILLS
Chehalis
Models: conventional and contemporary designs, 797-1,600 sq ft, from under $10,000 to over $20,000. For full data circle item No. 112 on coupon, p 151.

LOCTWALL CORP
Lynnwood
Models: hillside, ranch and contemporary designs, 800 to 1,800 sq ft, $12,000-$30,000. For full data circle item No. 113 on coupon, p 151.

LOXIDE STRUCTURES
Tacoma
Models: about 20—ranch, 2-story, and split; 960-1,800 sq ft; $9,950-$29,500. For full data circle item No. 115 on coupon, p 151.

Wisconsin

CUSTOM ENTERPRISE HOMES
Stoughton
Models: 10 ranches, 936 to 1,504 sq ft, $9,000 to $16,000; 5—split, 2-story and 1½-story, 1,200-2,500 sq ft, $10,200-$22,500. Financing through its own mortgage corp. For full data circle item No. 116 on coupon, p 151.

GREAT LAKES HOMES, INC
Sheboygan Falls
Models: one-family and multi-family houses in ranch, split, Cape Cod and 2-story-colonial designs; 1,270-2,500 sq ft; under $10,000 to $25,000. For full data circle item No. 117 on coupon, p 151.

HARNISCHFEGER HOMES, INC
Port Washington
Models: 69 1-stories, 902-1,580 sq ft, $5,000-$30,000; 4 1½-stories, 792-1,245 sq ft, $13,500-$18,500; 2 2-story duplexes, 1,005 sq ft each floor, $18,500-$24,500. Financing through its own mortgage corp. For full data circle item No. 118 on coupon, p 151.

MARSHALL ERMAN & ASSOCIATES, INC
Madison
Models: 6 ranches, 980-2,200 sq ft, $12,000-$30,000; 3 splits, 1,000-1,800 sq ft, $15,000-$28,000; ar a bi-level of 1,000-2,000 sq ft, $20,000-$25,000. For full data circle item No. 119 on coupon, p 151.

Alberta

ENGINEERED BUILDINGS LTD
Calgary
Models: range from 900 to 1,400 sq ft, prices up to $16,000. For full data circle item No. 1 on coupon, p 151.

Ontario

CARDINAL HOMES, LTD
Toronto
Models: houses for builders and consumers, $10,000 to over $30,000, brick veneer construction. For full data circle item No. 1 on coupon, p 151.

COLONIAL HOMES LTD
Toronto
Branch plant at St Petersbu Fla.
Models: range from 450 sq cottage ($3,500) to over 1,600 ft ($25,000). Best seller: a 1½ sq ft house, $13,000.
Financing through its own mortgage corp. For full data circle item No. 1 on coupon, p 151.

GREENLANES HOMES LTD
Hawkesbury
Models: 35 ranches, 2 splits, ½-2,000 sq ft, 300-460 sq ft, $0-$17,500. For full data circle item No. 1 on coupon, p 151.

THE HALLIDAY CO LTD
Burlington
Models: 35 ranches, 3 ½-stor 5-2-stories, 2 splits; 800-2,400 sq ft, $8,000-$28,000. For full data circle item No. 1 on coupon, p 151.

N. O. HIPEL LTD
Preston
Models: range of models from 800 to 1,400 sq ft. For full data circle item No. 1 on coupon, p 151.

Quebec

BRAD INDUSTRIES LTD
Montreal
Models: 24 bungalows, 800-1,500 sq ft, $9,100-$13,000; 3 split, 1,100-1,500 sq ft, $11,000-$14,000. For full data circle item No. 1 on coupon, p 151.
Want more information?
Use this coupon

Circle key numbers of prefab manufacturers (below)

- Newberry Homes
- Modern Homes & Equipment Co
- daco Lumber Co
- International Homes
- Structural Fabricators Inc
- Western Pacific Homes
- ogne Homes Inc
- fabricators Inc
- Federal Homes Corp
- Wel Homes Inc
- Woodcrest Lumber & Millwork Co
- Barber & Ross Company
- nom Inc
- Modern Homes & Equipment Co
- arber & Ross Company
- ed Homes Inc
- Townline Homes Inc
- Transamerican Construction Corp
- Span Homes Inc
- Hancock Homes Inc
- Independent Lumber Co
- Inland Homes Corp
- Midwest Houses Inc
- The Pana Homes Inc
- Pease Woodwork, Co
- Scholz Homes Inc
- Skill-Craft Inc
- Thyer Manufacturing Corp
- Weikley Manufacturing Co
- Southern Mill Homes Co
- Studio Homes
- Western Homes Inc
- Admiral Homes Inc
- American Houses Inc
- Clifton Builders Supply Co
- Cottman Builder's Supply Co Inc
- Crestwood Homes Co
- Franklin Thrift Homes Inc
- Geyer Homes Inc
- Hog Island Lumber Co
- Main Line Lumber & Millwork Co
- per Homes Inc
- Northern Homes of Pa, Inc
- Swift Homes Inc
- US Steel Homes
- AFCO Homes
- Fairhill Inc
- Unique Homes Inc
- Fabricon
- Holiday House Manufacturers Corp
- Southwest American Houses Inc
- Intermountain Precision Built-Homes
- Continental Homes Inc
- Lesco Homes
- Briggs Mfg Co
- Farwest Homes
- Loctail Corp
- Lemon Structures
- Virginia Lee Homes Inc
- Custom Enterprise Homes
- Great Lakes Homes Inc
- Harnischfeger Homes
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- Engineered Buildings Ltd
- Cardinal Homes Ltd
- Colonial Homes Ltd
- Greenlane Homes Ltd
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is coupon is good only until March 31, 1959. If you write directly
manufacturers, please mention House & Home's directory of

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occupation ................... Title .......... Firm .........
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she loved her new home
...until she "cooked" in the kitchen!

Nothing wrong with the appliances. It's the temperature. Up
one minute, down the next. Hot and cold all day long.
"Automatic heat, domatic heat!" she mutters.
Upset? YOU BET! But not with the heating contractor...
with you! You built the house.

Temperature controls are our business. We engineer and
manufacture quality controls for heating, air conditioning
and refrigeration equipment. Until your house is sold, our
controls are an intangible sales feature. Then it's amazing
how real the comfort becomes ... and the appreciation. You'll
find White-Rodgers controls do a remarkable job of keeping
the sale closed and enhancing your reputation as a builder.

For a lifetime of good building...
specify White-Rodgers temperature controls
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Most Modern Thermostats
New floors over old—Armstrong Cushion-Eze Underlayment makes replacing resilient floors a quick, easy job. The Underlayment is installed directly over the old resilient floor (as the mechanic is doing here). Then the new Armstrong floor—tile or sheet—is put down over the Underlayment. That's all there is to it!

Extraordinary flooring luxury—As you can see from this cross-sectional photograph, the thick layer of foam in Cushion-Eze Underlayment "gives" underfoot. This makes floors luxuriously comfortable and quiet. It also prevents dirt from ground into the surface, so floors are easier to clean. All these advantages are excellent sales points.
Underlayment recently developed for Armstrong floors greatly simplifies residential remodeling jobs and cuts labor time and costs. Armstrong Cushion-Eze Underlayment, it enables you to install resilient floors over old. It also gives both remodeled areas and new extraordinary luxury. Composed of springy foam bonded to felt, Cushion-Eze Underlayment “gives” underfoot... making floors extra comfortable. And it helps sound-condition interiors by reducing transmitted through floors to rooms below. You can use Cushion-Eze Underlayment on all suspended subfloors... under Armstrong Naan, Sheet Vinyl Corlon, Linoleum Tile, and Linotile.

Advantages over old replacement methods

The foam rubber in Cushion-Eze Underlayment compensates for surface irregularities in old resilient floors, traditional replacement are now obsolete. No longer is it necessary to rip up the old floor, sand the subfloor, or nail down hardboard. Instead, Cushion-Eze Underlayment is applied directly to the old floor with the specified adhesive. The new resilient floor is then installed right on top of the Underlayment. Simple as that!

Cushion-Eze Underlayment can be used over all old resilient floors, except asphalt and vinyl-asbestos tile installed on strip wood flooring. Because Cushion-Eze Underlayment is inexpensive, and can be quickly installed, this new replacement method usually costs less than the old. And home owners get exceptional underfoot luxury at no extra cost.

Armstrong Services to Builders

Armstrong will provide merchandising and promotional programs geared to your individual needs. The Armstrong Bureau of Interior Decoration will be glad to work with you or your color consultants. For more information on these and other Armstrong builder services, contact the Architectural-Builder Consultant at your Armstrong District Office or write to Armstrong Cork Company, 1412 Sixth Street, Lancaster, Penna.

Simplifying remodeling jobs... one of a series of informative ideas from the Armstrong Architectural-Builders Service to help increase your volume and profits.

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THE MODERN FASHION IN FLOORS

LINOLEUM • SHEET VINYL CORLON • EXCELSION (Vinyl-Asbestos) TILE
CUSTOM CORLON (Homogeneous Vinyl) TILE • OPALESCO VINYL TILE • RUBBER TILE
CORK TILE • CUSTOM VINYL CORK TILE • ASPHALT TILE • LINOTILE
Aluminum research efforts are showing up at the site of Reynolds House of Ease, aluminum siding, roofing are featured.

This year producers have diverted excess capacity to homebuilding.

Cutbacks in defense contracts have caused aluminum companies to concentrate more and more of their efforts on homebuilding's big and growing market.

Reynolds Aluminum, in its House of Ease program, is showing builders how to use a whole host of new products ranging from sills and siding to insulation and interior trim.

National Homes introduced its new Viking line (see Oct p 112) with an all-aluminum skin that is glued to roof and wall panels, has a new type of finish. And National has started offering on other models a new aluminum wall shingle adapted from Reynolds's roof shingle (see p 94 and May p 215).

Alcoa has worked out two new aluminum roofings for the NAHB research houses, due to be unveiled in January.

Kaiser is producing new Diamond-Rib aluminum sheet in panel sizes. They are being used in scores of ways such as patio screens and fences, carport roofs, and the like.

Fabricators are turning out many new products that take advantage of aluminum's light weight, corrosion resistance, and appearance (for example see H&H May, p 214).

For the years ahead, producers have bigger plans based on new components.

To make a still bigger dent in the homebuilding market, the big producers are trying to develop entirely new building systems, instead of just finding ways to substitute aluminum for some other homebuilding material. Whole new families of building parts are now in the laboratory stage and may soon be introduced.

Kaiser has plans for dome systems that are dramatized by an aluminum-domed auditorium in Honolulu (photo, below). The dome is made of diamond-shaped, inward-curving panels, each with a strengthening aluminum strut. Kaiser also has on its drawing boards plans for integrated roof and wall panel systems of aluminum.

Alcoa is fast completing studies and tests, at Pennsylvania State College, on experimental panels for homebuilding. When ready, the panels will be tested in a research house.

Several fabricators are developing economical roof and floor decking systems. One firm, Roedter Products of Hamilton, Ohio, already has on the market a system of interlocking sections that can be used to make cellular walls, floors, or roof panels. Cost of these panels is expected to be about 70¢ a sq ft installed. For an especially exciting new building system, see opposite.
500 houses are being built with aluminum wall and roof panels in Tampa’s new Stelling Village.

The simple sandwich-panel houses can be built in a day. They sell for $10 a sq ft. The house without carport or screened porch has 600 sq ft of living space and sells for $5,990 with lot. Carport and screened porch add $1,000.

Construction is fast and simple. A 4” concrete slab is topped with a non-skid terrazzo surface. Aluminum channels, ke sills, are fastened to edge of slab, and panels are set into channels. Extrusions form connecting splines between panels. Jalousie tracks are built right into panel—see photo top.) Roof panels are fastened to walls with aluminum angles. H-shaped extrusions are slid into place between roof panels and fastened with screws to hold panels together. A fascia strip on edge of roof panels completes the job.

Panels were designed by V. E. Anderson Co, are fabricated by Bellaire Products (both of Bradenton). John Stelling of Tampa is the developer; Norman Six, AIA, designed the houses.

**Aluminum sandwich panels are getting first big test**

**SCHEMATIC SECTION** of wall and roof shows how sandwich panels are connected with angle and H-shaped aluminum extrusions.

**FINISHED HOUSE** has clean, panelized look; the precisely manufactured structure tells at glance how it was built.

**FLOOR PLAN** shows combined living-sleeping area. Houses are for elderly couples who need minimum space at minimum cost.

**INSIDE,** aluminum extrusions used for panel connections do double duty as trim. Panels are faced with wood-grained melamine.
CONTINUOUS RIGID FRAMES form basic structure of experimental house. I-beam purlins will carry roof decking.

More steel fabricators are looking at homebuilding

The big news in steel is that the biggest steel producer has announced that its US Steel Homes—from now on—will produce only steel-framed houses (see p 99), is discontinuing its line of houses with part-wood frames. "The metal house" idea got other boosts from smaller producers whose experimental structures could prove important for the future:

To show the advantages of using steel bents as the framework of a house. R. G. Varner Steel Products (Pine Bluff, Ark) built the experimental house shown in frame above. The framing system, which was left exposed in the contemporary design, helped cut construction time of the 1,300 sq ft house to 11 working days after the slab was set. Most construction was complete in 6 days, finishing took another 5 days. Cost: "... less than standard fram construction for an open-plan custom house of this type. The purlins were spanned with fiber board roof decking and a lot of glass, wood paneling and brick were used with the exposed steel.

Union Tank Car Co has dramatized the strength of steel with a relatively light-weight, highly engineered geodesic dome that spans 38'4. The dome is made of hexagonal sections of sheet steel working structurally with a geodesic framework of steel members just outside the "skin."

Standard steel structural members may be scaled down for residential work

I-beams and other members basic to industrial and commercial building are being studied by producers and designers to see whether they can be adapted for homebuilding. A few architects like Quincy Jones, Craig Ellwood, and Pierre Koenig now use I- and H-beams in post-and-beam construction of custom homes. And we may see more such use of rolled shapes, long- and short-span joists, and wire joists:

Macomber Company of Canton, Ohio reports it is selling its V-lok framing system for custom houses. These prefabricated systems of welded wire joists have proved economical in school construction in the last few years.

Jones & Laughlin is developing plans for a more integrated steel flooring system based on its "junior beams."

And weather-resistant steels, in more forms, are getting cheaper

The need for painting exposed steel has held back its acceptance. This problem is being solved by better protective paints and coatings, and by cheaper non-corrosive steels. Items:

Electromet Division of Union Carbide has announced: 1) a process for producing stainless, in colors, that will withstand weather and chemical atmosphere, and 2) a new low-nickel stainless that will be competitive with aluminum in some homebuilding applications.

Steel assemblies can now be porcelainized with new frits that fuse at lower temperatures. This eliminates the problem of dimensional distortion through warping.

Terne metal roofing in newly designed sheet forms is staging a major comeback in custom houses, reports the Follansbee (W. Va.) Steel Corp. Terne is a time-tested tin- and lead-coated steel that will last, exposed to the weather, almost indefinitely.

more technology news on p 158
Here's why so many home manufacturers and builders select Masonite exteriors

1. They're tough! You can prove to yourself how strong Masonite® exterior panels really are. Place a section on a flat surface. Hit it with a hammer—hard! What other exterior material shows so much resistance to sudden blows and other surface hazards!

2. They're wood—without its disadvantages. Masonite exterior products have all the warmth and charm of wood, but they won't split, splinter or crack, nor will they rot away.

3. Out-weather the weather. Wind and rain, heat, cold and snow won't affect the protective qualities of these rugged, stable hardboards. They have no grain to rise and disturb the beautiful finishes they take.

4. Your favorite designs. Unlimited variety—horizontal or vertical patterns—textured or smooth faces. And all are available from one source, in one shipment.

5. Easy to work and apply. On the job or in the factory, Masonite exterior panels cut and fit with regular woodworking tools. There's minimum waste, too; without knots, grain or split ends, every square inch is usable.

6. They help sell more homes! Manufacturers and builders know that Masonite's broad line of exterior panels offers more design interest, more solid protection and more inherent value to home buyers. And the costs are definitely in line.

Get the facts now! Talk to your Masonite representative or write Masonite Corporation, Dept. HH-12, Box 777, Chicago 90, Ill.
Here are two new slabs for problem soils

You can use them on a wide variety of sandy loams and clays, and experience proves they will prevent settling.

Instead of changing your design with each new site problem, you can take advantage of good basic foundations like these designed to handle a wide range of soil, climate, water, and slope problems. For others, see p 160 andNov & Sept, p 134; Sept '55, p 160; and Aug '53, p 142.

**WEDGE-SHAPE EDGE FORM** is hung from slab edge form which is held by stakes. Wedge shape is pulled when backfill is fully tamped.

**INTERMEDIATE GRADE BEAM FORM** is shown here pulled to backfill, which is covered by vapor barrier and mesh, ready for pour.

**SECTION** of finished slab shows positioning of three 1/2" reinforcing rods in grade beams. In old foundation system, designed by trial and error, six 1/4" rods were needed in each edge beam, and 1/2" rods set transversely 30" oc in haunch of beam and slab.

### New grade beam slab for sandy loam cuts material costs

Wedge shaped grade beams, formed by well tamped soil, are the basis of this slab system used by Builder Raleigh Smith in Houston.

The sandy loam found in that area is an unstable material which often causes houses to settle and crack. In the past FHA and VA have required Houston builders to use a heavy slab with intermediate grade beams under both load-bearing and non-load-bearing partitions. But the engineered solution above saves Houston builders 500' of 3/8" reinforcing, 540' of 1/2" reinforcing and 4 yds of concrete per house.

Here is how it is built: Wooden soil forms for the grade beam are staked and strapped in place. Soil that the slab rests on is tamped to 90% density in 4" layers around between wood forms. Forms are lifted out, to be used as and vapor barriers are placed for both grade beams and reinforcing and wire mesh, specified in drawing above placed and the job is ready for the pour.

Consulting Engineer J B Dannenbaum designed the
Virginia clay, piers set on undisturbed soil and spaced centers carry the mesh reinforced slab, detailed below, by Washington Builder Edward Carr. Rolling sites with clay soil, like the one above, the clay is rarely adequate to support an ordinary slab. The clay that has been dug up, moved, and set down is very difficult to tamp back into an undisturbed condition. But in time the clay will settle back to an undisturbed and a house may settle with it.

Builder Carr’s solution to clay soil simply by-passes the backfill. The slab is carried by piers with footings down in solid bearing soil, and has enough reinforcing to span between piers when the backfill settles (leaving an insulating air space between slab and ground).

Builder Carr finds pier slabs cost him $12.50 less per house than the old system of costly compaction of backfill and an ordinary slab. The new FHA MPS effective Jan 1, 1959 will okay pier slabs for certain soil conditions.

LS of pier slab show how 16” square piers are founded on bed soil. Non-compacted backfill will actually settle clear of slab in time, leaving an insulating air space between the non-capillary gravel and the slab that will help insure a dry and comfortable floor.
READY FOR POUR, impregnated boxes will form a 15" deep concrete grid with a 3" mesh-reinforced slab top. Boxes will, in time, disintegrate, their job done.

**Corrugated boxes form "floating" slab**

For a house built on filled waterfront land off San Francisco Bay, Architect Joseph Esherick, AIA, designed a lightweight, waffle slab. Formwork (above) was a series of paper boxes on a sand bed. Half-inch reinforcing rods resist bending in the 3" ribs formed between boxes. "Eggcrates" inside boxes (Fibreboard Paper Prods, San Francisco) prevented crushing during pour.

**Design for survival**

If you were in the reinforced core (heavy lines) of the house above when a hydrogen weapon hit in the area, you would have a 9-in-10 chance to live.

The design, by Structural Clay Products Research, was developed from data obtained during "Operation Plumbbob" nuclear tests in Nevada last year.

The reinforced core would, SCPR says, add $1,000 to the cost of a house. The core plus reinforced structural walls for the rest of the house would boost costs 16% to 18%.

**Technology briefs**

If you use two layers of drywall for interior finish in custom houses, you can now fasten the first layer with air- or mallet-driven staples. FHA bulletin UM 25 approves galvanized staples for the underlayer, but not the finish layer (since the paper surface of drywall is often cracked open by staples). The finish layer is usu glued and held, until glue sets, with few nails. Hammer-operated staples are not approved by the ruling because of the difficulty of spotting the staples. The new ruling is said to speed up top layer drywall application.

Plastics that can stand high heat—and thus gain a bigger share of the building market—are being developed. Latest is a high-temperature phenolic plastic that can take temperatures up to 4,500°F for a few moments, 500°F for 100 hours. That makes it more resistant than steel, which will burn around 2,500°F. The new plastic, Plyophen, can be reinforced with steel fibers or asbestos. Made by Reich Chemicals, the new material is given as rugged a test as any man can get: it is being tried out as a cone in a missile.

If you use strip oak flooring screeds, over a slab, the National Flooring Mfg Assn urges you to use two vapor barriers—one below and one above the slab. The reason? Slabs, new plaster, will hold moisture for eight months after pouring; even if there is a good tight vapor barrier beneath the moisture in the concrete can swell the floor. NOFMA recommends a mopped asphalt with 15-lb saturated felt on top of the slab, between the two vapor barriers. A polyethylene barrier can also be used, but a mastic must be used on top of it: set-up time is necessary before screeds can be placed.

**H-brace trusses will be cheaper under a new FHA ruling that permits fewer nails. Allowable stresses on used with this connector have been raised from 135 psi to 175 psi. H-brace trusses use 8d hardened steel clinch nails in double shear; the nails go through the brace's gussets on both sides of the truss member, thus doing double the job. The limiting factor is the strength of the wood, not the nail or brace. A important factor in the new stress is the use of a thin sheet of fiber on one side of the brace. The boar as a spacer to let the nail form it clinch when it strikes a steel plate.**
Selling Homes is much easier when...

the Gas furnace cools in summer, too!

Now at new low cost for Builder and Buyer!

ARKLA-SERVEL SUN VALLEY* All Year® Gas Air-Conditioner

Show them a home that's heated in Winter by clean, silent Gas. Show them they can set a simple thermostatic dial—and the Arkla-Servel Sun Valley* circulates gentle warm air to every room. Tell prospects there's no worry about fuel deliveries either. Dependable Gas is piped right into the home. And both you and your buyer are protected by Arkla's five-year performance warranty. Choice of two models: the 3½-ton 500 and 5-ton 750.

Show them a home that's cooled in Summer by a simple change-over that turns the Gas furnace into a Gas air-conditioner. Dust-free, pollen-free, dehumidified air automatically circulates through the house. Clean, healthful, comfortable—even on muggiest days. With Sun Valley*, offer buyers a home cooled in Summer, heated in Winter—at lowest cost.

AMERICAN GAS ASSOCIATION

ONLY GAS does so much more...for so much less!

1. **subfloor-underlay**

2·4·1 is the new 1½" plywood that makes possible the revolutionary "panel and girder" floor construction system that saves from fifty to five hundred dollars per house.* It also gives you markedly superior construction. You save on both framing costs and application time. And because 2·4·1 has structural strength plus smooth surface, it serves as both subfloor and underlayment. More savings!

*Actual savings reported by builders vary with local wages, size of house and type of floor construction previously used.

3 ways to get **DOUBLE VALUE**

2. **Texture One-Eleven® siding-sheathing**

Here's another way to sharply cut costs by doing two jobs with one material. With Texture One-Eleven siding, you can eliminate sheathing. This new vertical shadow-line Exterior plywood adds crisp good looks to any style home. Panel is ⅝" thick, with ¼" deep grooves, leaving a full ⅝" thickness under grooves, meets FHA MPRs for combined siding-sheathing.

For complete information about 2·4·1, Texture One-Eleven and Overlaid plywood write for free "Plywood Light Construction Portfolio." (Offer Good USA Only). Douglas Fir Plywood Association, Tacoma 2, Washington.
New 2'4'-1 serves as both subfloor and underlay, spans 4' girder spacing. Inset 2x4 blocking supports panel edges. Finish floor may be hardwood, tile, carpet.

Girders set flush with footings lower house about 12". Result: important savings in labor and materials plus a visual bonus achieved by giving house attractive "low-lying" feeling.

3. Overlaid Plywood siding-sheathing

Overlaid fir plywood also has the "plus" structural strength to serve as both siding and sheathing. The smooth, durable resin-fiber overlay is permanently fused to Exterior fir plywood to provide the perfect base for smooth, long-lasting paint finishes. Overlay eliminates checking, grain raise. Available in standard sizes, thicknesses. May be used as flat panel, board and batten or lapped siding.
Now the Hawaiian influence has reached Long Island

This house was a crowd puller (50,000 visitors) and a good seller (eight sales in six months at an average of $57,000) for Long Island Builders Morris and Sidney Weniger. And it helped them sell their less expensive traditional and split-level models too.


Here’s a faster way to get a daylight basement

If your customers prefer walk-in basements, you can make them light and attractive by using bigger windows. Builder Bob Moran, Creve Coeur, Mo., does just that and saves time and money doing it. Photos above show how quickly he installs a window frame that acts as its own pouring form. Moran figures he saves $7 per opening and about two hours which he formerly spent forming and blocking for prime windows.

The window shown being install a Kewanee slider type buck window comes in various sizes to fit various wall thicknesses.

continued on p
PUT McCOBBS* ON YOUR JOB...

With this kitchen-hider-divider of Blue Ridge Patterned Glass!

Here's an original house feature no prospect will overlook!
World-renowned designer, Paul McCobb, created it to hide the kitchen for formal dining ... or expose it for convenience ... to use the breakfast bar as a server or buffet. To help you sell houses!
It's easily constructed with Blue Ridge Patterned Glass, and extruded aluminum framing. The hinged panels glide open and shut on tracks set in floor and ceiling.
This is just one of eight great home-selling ideas that Paul McCobb has created for you with Blue Ridge Patterned Glass. And they're all in our new 20-page booklet. FREE! Send coupon today.

*Paul McCobb, whose designs in furniture, fabrics, wallpaper, floor coverings and lamps have won international awards, now turns his talents to Blue Ridge Patterned Glass.

Patterned Glass by Blue Ridge

BLUE RIDGE GLASS, Kingsport, Tennessee
SOLD THROUGH LIBBEY·OWENS·FORD DISTRIBUTORS AND DEALERS

Please send me free booklet showing Mr. McCobb's Decorating Ideas with Blue Ridge Patterned Glass.

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LIBBEY·OWENS·FORD GLASS CO., Dept. B-7128
608 Madison Ave., Toledo 3, Ohio
Portable dictating machine saves time and mistakes

Ott Cloud, construction vice president for Builder Bill Beck of Odessa and Midland, Tex, uses a lightweight machine to dictate orders to foremen, suppliers, and subcontractors as he makes the rounds checking progress on each house. “By using the machine,” says Cloud, “I can spend more time in the field, I don’t have to rely on my memory or on notes. Memos and reports get out faster, and we avoid slip-ups that could delay work on a house for days.”

The machine operates five hours without a battery change; records hold 30 minutes of dictation on each side.

Simple scaffold speeds many building operations

Using a scaffold made of 4x4s long enough to reach the roof line of the house, Strauss Brothers (Lincoln and Omaha, Neb) cut down time required for sheathing, roofing, painting, and installing and cleaning windows. The tall posts are equipped at the top with metal straps that fasten to the roof framing. Scaffold brackets clamp to the 4x4s at any height.

Says Jim Strauss: “We set the scaffold up as soon as the house is framed. From then until the house is painted and windows cleaned, it’s a big help.”

With this adjustable frame—no stuck doors or loose doors

If a door in one of Burt Duenke’s new St Louis houses swells or shrinks, all the buyer has to do is get out his screwdriver and make the door opening bigger or smaller with a few twists of his wrist.

Here’s how the adjustable frames work: frame and trim are made as three one-piece units—two sides and a top. Attached to each side unit and the stud are three arched 20-gage steel spring plates (see drawing right); between the top piece and the header are two spring plates. Countersunk screws hold the frames and spring plates against the studs and header. When the screws are tightened, the spring plates flatten, and the door opening is enlarged. And, of course, vice versa when the screws are loosened.

Cost Cutters

Every month smart builders are boosting sales by cutting costs. Last month cost-conscious builders suggested these dollar savers to H&H:

“Give texture to basement walls by using prominently grained or swirl-type plywood for concrete forms. When stripped, the wall has an interesting and attractive wood-grain look. We sometimes stain or varnish the walls to match the partitions of below-grade recreation rooms. You can even clean the plywood carefully and use it for these interior partitions with no added cost except the labor.”—Dick Hudson, Montclair, NJ.

“Cut finishing costs on natural woodwork by using a sealing-type stain with a pigmented base. This allows you to do a two-coat instead of a three-coat job. The first coat is the sealing-type pigmented stain, the second coat is a dull gloss or satin finish varnish. The stain, instead of penetrating the wood as most stains in the past have done, seals the wood the same as a coat of shellac.”—Ralph O Taylor Jr, Kansas City.

“We finish doors faster by arranging about 50 sets of hinges on a wall, and then hanging the doors on these hinges with loose pins—so they look like the leaves of a book. Next we spray finish the doors while they are hanging. After they are dry, we stack them up with wax paper between. As soon as the floors are finished in a house, we hang the pre-finished doors in place.”—Do Decker, Ralston, Neb.

“Compare your estimates with costs—you’ll find it will save money. For every phase of building we put our estimated costs in one column of a ledger and our actual costs in an adjoining column. I have saved literally thousands of dollars by discovering 1) methods that are uneconomical, 2) twice-paid bills, and 3) delays in building. This comparison method is our key to finding almost any trouble spot in our entire building operation.”—David Augustus, Indianapolis.

“A few good supervisors with incentive pay are better than a lot of ordinary supervisors. Once maps have been recorded, our supervisors take full responsibility for getting bids, subletting contracts, and overseeing cost accounting. They operate under a prescribed budget—mutually agreed upon—which covers all carpentry and labor work just as if these operations were subcontracted. And they get a dollar for each two dollars they save us under the budget. So far they’ve always gotten at least some bonus.” — Ray Cherry Hadley-Cherry, Los Angeles.
AIR CONDITIONING SOLD THIS HOME!

Comfort sells prospects the minute they step into our air conditioned homes” says Mr. T. V. Cooper, Community Manager, Mississippi River Development Corp., New Orleans, La.

When prospective buyers walk into one of our homes, there’s nothing like the feeling of comfort that air conditioning gives to nch the sale,” says Mr. Cooper. “We’re building 264 homes in an area between Baton Rouge and New Orleans, Louisiana, called Chalmette Community. Forty-six are finished and sell at an average price of $18,000 to $9,000. Each includes central air conditioning. Air conditioning has been one of our best important factors in selling.

“Two-ton Frigidaire units charged with Freon-12 refrigerant cool these homes,” continues Mr. Cooper. “All details of installation are handled by our air conditioning engineers—the Frigidaire Sales Corporation. The equipment has operated without trouble since our first home was built.

“Central air conditioning in this area is becoming as common as central heating in the North. We’re on the edge of an era where homes without it will be obsolete.”

Always insist on units charged with “Freon”—today’s best-known refrigerant

Well-known brand names such as Frigidaire and “Freon” can help you sell homes. “Freon” helps assure the efficient, trouble-free performance your buyers expect. It is acid-free, dry and safe.

In a recent poll of owners of home air conditioning, 35% of respondents named “Freon” as the refrigerant in their units. “Freon” was the only refrigerant known by name—an impressive measure of its widespread acceptance.

To learn how air conditioning helps sell homes, send for “What Successful Builders Think of Home Air Conditioning”. Write: E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. (Inc.), “Freon” Products Division 1412, Wilmington 98, Delaware.

FREON® premium quality refrigerants

5 T. V. Cooper shown with 2-ton Frigidaire Trans-Wall air conditioner unit. Condensers and evaporators are mounted.

REG. U.S. PAT OFF.
An old fuel makes big news

Gas entrance lights, revived last year by Arkl, have proved so attractive to home buyers and so promotable by homebuilders, that six manufacturers, including Arkl, showed a wide variety of styles in Atlantic City. Most call for piped gas but some can use Lp gas.

For details check the following numbers on the coupon, page 188: 11 (Arkl), 12 (Bruest, Inc.), 13 (Equitable Gas Co), 14 (Falcon Mfg), 15 (Hadco Aluminum), 16 (Modern Home Prods).

Thanks to AGA—and its development program—the gas industry is offering new ideas in cooking, washing, drying, refrigerating, air conditioning, and waste disposal.

Several of the new ideas shown at this year's AGA convention are already incorporated into product lines and are shown on these two pages. You'll see them in 1959 lines by broad-gauge manufacturers like Caloric, Chambers, Norge, Philco, Roper, Tappan, Whirlpool, etc. Others were announced earlier in the year; i.e. Sunray's all automatic range (H&H, May) and Dixie's fold-away top burners (H&H, July). Still other ideas presented at the AGA show are not yet in production. Some of these will be reviewed in H&H's Technology section in coming months. Among them: a new pulse-combustion boiler that delivers 100,000 Btu per hour but is so efficient its exhaust gases can be vented through a 2" plastic pipe.

For further details check the following numbers on the coupon, page 188: 4 (Caloric), 5 (Chambers), 6 (Norge), 7 (Philco), 8 (Roper), 9 (Tappan), 10 (Whirlpool).

Gas cooking is quicker than ever, and even more controlled. For example, the Hardwick Micro-Ray broiler (left) uses ceramic burners to get almost immediate heat-up and cool-off, cooks with 50% savings: a steak that would take 32 minutes, 8417 Btu, in a standard broiler takes 11½ minutes, 3038 Btu. All AGA-approved ovens in 1959 must have automatic oven controls like the Robertshaw unit shown in drawing above: when burner is turned on, a 100-Btu pilot lights a bigger pilot that opens the valve, ignites the burner.

For details check the following numbers on the coupon, page 188: 17 (Hardwick), 18 (Robertshaw).
More gas incinerators keep coming on the market. The first models to be built to the AGA’s new smoke and odor standards have already been reported by H&H (Mar). Joseph Goder (see photo), an established manufacturer of commercial units, and Queen Products Div of King-Seeley have introduced new smokeless-odorless units, and Majestic has added a utility smokeless-odorless burner to its original appliance-styled deluxe unit. These AGA developed units handle all household waste except cans and bottles.

For details check the following numbers on the coupon, page 188: 21 (Goder), 22 (Queen Prods), 23 (Majestic).

Gas refrigerators, formerly made only by Servel, are now made by Whirlpool (above), Norge, and Norco. All are quiet and cheap to run, come with sizes and features to match the market.

For details check the following numbers on the coupon, page 188: 19 (Norco), 6 (Norge), 10 (Whirlpool).

Gas bids for air conditioning with two types of unit. Above, in Comfortemp’s model a gas-fired engine powers a compressor-expander system. In units by Arkla and Bryant, the cooling section works on the absorption principle used in gas refrigerators. Both types operate at a cost advantage in natural gas areas like Texas, can compete with electrical systems where electricity costs are high. Gas systems suffer from somewhat higher original costs than the more widely used electrical systems.

For details check the following numbers on the coupon, page 188: 11 (Arkla), 24 (Bryant), 25 (Comfortemp).

Laundries go undercounter (left). This Philco combination washer-dryer fits neatly beneath the work space by locating its controls on the wall apart from the working parts. O’Keefe & Merritt’s undercounter combination (not shown) will put all controls, plus lint trap and detergent feeder, under the counter lip so workspace is unbroken.

For details check the following numbers on the coupon, page 188: 7 (Philco), 20 (O’Keefe & Merritt).
REFRIGERATORS still look built-in, but net pattern, rounded handles soften square lines.

NEW OVEN LINER pulls out to make cleaning easy. Broiler element lifts out so housewife can get at back and sides. Controls have been “fragmented” to make them easier to use.

Frigidaire shows 1959 line

These new appliances are aimed right at the housewife: their looks have been softened, they’re easier to clean, easier to control. More variable controls and more automatic controls are found on everything, but functions have been separated (fragmented is the word this year) so that they can be more readily understood. Surfaces are smooth and interior corners rounded to ease cleaning but looks remain crisp and architectural. Line includes refrigerators, freezers, freestanding and built-in cooking equipment, home laundries, dishwashers, and air conditioners.

Frigidaire, Dayton.

ALUMINUM FOIL covers bottom, back, and sides of kelvinator ovens.

CHEST FREEZERS still make up 44% of market. This one is 20 cu ft, holds 686 lbs.

UPRIGHT FREEZER is squared off flush to wall. It vents through floor-level louvers.

TRIM ROOM UNITS give zoned air conditioning in a window or through a wall.

Here’s what Kelvinator offers

New appliances from Kelvinator include six new ranges (three 30”, three 40”), seven refrigerators (9.5 to 14 cu ft), seven freezers (four uprights, two chests, 10 to 20 cu ft). All Kelvinator ranges have disposable foil liners, deluxe models have automatic controls, come in a choice of colors. The refrigerators also come in colors, feature a lot of specialized storage space. The chest freezers and 18-cu ft upright have compact insulation and wrapper-type condensers to save space, smaller uprights have cold-to-the-floor refrigeration.

Kelvinator, Detroit.

For details, check No. 27 on coupon, p 188

continued on p 172
Micro-Tongue

for Faster Laying . . . Perfect Fit

Micro-Groove

How your carpenters can save hours per house

Every strip of Long-Bell Oak Flooring is carefully processed by precision tooled machines. Every strip quickly taps into perfect, hairline fit. The edges and ends of every strip are machined to the most exacting standards. They readily join to form a splinter-free surface.

make your next move a Long-Bell floor

Homeowners prefer the classic warmth of Long-Bell Oak Flooring. They have made it the First Choice in Residential Construction.

Yes, Long-Bell Oak Flooring gives you a wonderful selling tool... for it is the best flooring money can buy.

Produced in Volume... For Lower Unit Cost.

INTERNATIONAL PAPER COMPANY

Long-Bell

DIVISION

Kansas City, Mo. Longview, Wash.
NEW REFRIGERATORS are 4° colder (37°F vs 41°F), offer more specialized storage.

BUILT-IN DISHWASHER handles service for ten, has separate cycle for pots and pans.

WASHERS AND DRYERS have added cycles to handle new fabrics, condensing vent systems.

Hotpoint gives you lots to choose from

For 1959, Hotpoint offers builders a choice of five ovens and five surface sections in its built-in line. Plus six freestanding ranges, three dishwashers (one built-in), ten refrigerators, seven freezers, five washers, four dryers, three water heaters, and one new disposer. Among the built-in range features: a double oven that installs as one, roasting thermometers to control cooking, rotisseries, remote control surface units. Refrigerators and freezers have offset hinges to allow boxes to be built in.

Hotpoint, Chicago.

For details, check No. 28 on coupon, p 188

GE shows new ideas in built-ins

Two new ideas in built-in ranges and two new lines of room air conditioners highlight the GE appliance line. One new budget range mounts in a countertop; a deluxe model offers surface units controlled from an eyelevel range hood. Regular and Thermaline air conditioners (H&H, June) fit an opening two stud spaces wide, six bricks high, have concealed vents indoors, louvered vents outdoors. Also new: a full line of refrigerators, freezers, washers, dryers, Disposals, freestanding ranges, window air conditioners.

General Electric, Louisville.

For details, check No. 29 on coupon, p 188

continued on p 17-
Build extra "Sales Appeal" into your homes with Vina-Lux® floors

No question about it—the right resilient flooring in a home can make the difference between indecision and buying action in a potential homeowner's mind. But how can you make sure your floors have the qualities your buyer wants?

42 Colors — 5 Styles — 3 Thicknesses

The answer is simple—specify Vina-Lux vinyl asbestos tile. Vina-Lux is smartly styled and better made...easy cleaning and long wearing...agreeably low in cost. Investigate Vina-Lux...ask your flooring contractor to show you samples.
Designed and built in conformity with MODULAR'S reputation for producing America's finest manufactured homes, the new modest priced SUBURBAN LINE offers unprecedented value and style in a complete range of models.

Style...Yes!
Value...TREMENDOUS!
Quality...NATURALLY!

SUBURBAN HOMES are the homes all America will be seeking in 1959. Be the first to show them in your area.

If you build in the Mid-West write for complete details on models and prices. Sold through dealers exclusively.

SPLINES JOIN PANELS at head, foot, and sides to give built-in alignment. Shown here on a sill, they can readily be used on slab. Sections at AA, BB, and CC, shown below.

You can put these panels up fast and easy

These house parts were designed for the Swedish do-it-yourself market but are redesigned to meet the strictest US codes. They go up with a minimum of supervision and skilled labor.

The parts are being assembled in the US by ASA Houses, a subsidiary of a big Swedish fabricator. Six houses have been put up in Florida, and a model is about to go up outside Jacksonville.

The panels detailed above show the construction: 2x4 grid, mortised 2x4 joining members, fiberboard, build paper, and 1" t&g siding. Ten 8'-h units are offered—three solid par 4', 32", and 16" wide; six wind panels 8' to 16" wide with opening from 6' to 32" high, 7'4" to 16" wide and one 4' door panel—with the splir plates, and double 2x4 corner post. Or panels can be built to your specifications made to your pitch and sp

ASA Houses, New York City

For details, check No. 30 on coupon, p

SECTIONS at side, corner, and sill (see also drawing, top) show how ASA panels are assembled. Joints between panels are concealed by a t&g cap strip which matches the siding.
THIS ROOM, decorated in Contemporary American (left) and in French Provincial, is paneled in random plank style with Weldwood prefinished walnut V-Plank® and Weldwood Hardwood Trim.

Whether your buyers want modern or traditional—Weldwood paneling fits in with their decorating ideas.

Weldwood walnut V-Plank, prefinished to cut your installation costs, retails for only 75 for a 12' x 8' wall.

See above how Weldwood paneling lets you build sales-winning luxury into your ones—and lets your buyers decorate as they wish. Weldwood's choice hardwoods—warm, inviting, and rich in varied grain patterns—adapt to any setting.

Installation's no problem. Prefinished at the factory, this Weldwood paneling can go up over furring strips on any wall or studs. And the easy-care fine furniture finish is a real sales-clincher—so luxurious you can actually feel the difference, it guards the wood's beauty and makes housekeeping easy. Weldwood paneling is guaranteed for the life of the building.

See over 70 types of Weldwood paneling at your Weldwood lumber dealer's or any of our 115 branch showrooms. New York Showroom: 55 W. 44th St. In Canada: Weldwood Plywood, Ltd.
Leviton is First with QUIET SWITCHES in the combination duplex line

THE 3 MOST VERSATILE COMBINATION UNITS YOU'VE BEEN WAITING FOR! New Leviton Quiet Switches are mechanical switches, precision-balanced with heavy special silver contacts, magnetic arc-snuffing action. The movement is so quiet you can hardly feel it! AND YOU GET ALL THESE FEATURES TOO!

* POWER OUTLET has bronze double-wiping contacts for longer life and pressure grip.
* PILOT LIGHT takes standard S-6 candelabra lamp that's easily removable. Nickel-plated protective hood over lamp.
* RUGGED CONSTRUCTION! Base molded of brown phenolic...covers of either brown phenolic or ivory thermosetting plastic. And heavy gauge rust-proofed underslung steel strap is riveted through cover and body to form a permanent assembly.
* EASY TO INSTALL! Large head No. 8 terminal screws have deep milled slots for easy wiring. Accommodate up to No. 10 conductors. Wiring diagram furnished with unit. Wide plaster ears on strap make wall alignment easier.
* ECONOMY! Save installation costs—no extra box and wall plate necessary. Save wall space, too—single gang wall plate replaces double gang.

WRITE FOR FULL DETAILS TODAY!

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For full details, write on your own letterhead to Dept. HH:

**Ford Factory-Built Homes**

Manufactured by IVON R. FORD, INC., McDonough, N. Y.

---

**In-ceiling Heater** made for room use by Thermador puts out 4,000 Btu per hour. Air is heated by a quiet 6½” fan. To combat condensation from moist bathroom air, the unit is made of stainless steel, the grille reflector of aluminum. Unit is 14⅓ ft. long, extends 3½” below ceiling. A neoprene gasket fits it snugly to the ceiling. It works on 120-v, 60-cycle current, approved for surface mounting in a 3” or 4” junction box. Suggested price: $24.95. Thermador Electrical Mfg, Los Angeles. Details, check No. 34 on coupon, p 188

**Diffuser** for residential air conditioning as a built-in damper to control the flow of air. The hub of the diffuser forms a piston which is raised or lowered by an outside knob to let less or more air into the room. Despite the movement of the piston, air is always in a smooth pattern. Kno-Draft diffusers to fit 12” ducts are available. Also available are diffusers with built-in light instead of a fan.

Knorr Engr Corp, Danbury, Conn. Details, check No. 35 on coupon, p 188

**In-ceiling heater** from NuTone, designed especially for bathrooms, can be surface mounted in any standard 3” or 4” junction box. The aluminum reflector and grille oxidized and guaranteed not to rust or corrode. The 12” wide bowl is suspended 8½” from the ceiling, is fitted with a 1,000-w element that produces 4,000 Btu per hour, more than enough to chill off a cold morning. Retail $18.95. NuTone, Cincinnati. Details, check No. 36 on coupon, p 188
In any work projects that involve partitioning, the advantages of the Bestwall Hummer Systems..."A" modified, "B" modified, and "C"...benefit architects, builders, and customers alike. The facts are worth investigating.

The Bestwall Hummer Systems of drywall construction can be adapted to any partitioning need. By using strips instead of a complete back layer of wallboard, the Hummer System gives the advantages of high quality, laminated construction without the extra costs.

Three basic problems of wallboard construction are eliminated—nail popping, joint beading and delayed shrinkage. In addition, Bestwall Hummer Systems provide more strength; reduced sound transmission; and better fire protection.

From a housing development to a skyscraper, Bestwall Hummer Systems are the superior drywall construction method. Write for complete information or contact your nearest Bestwall sales office.

Your best buy is BESTWALL

Penguin sliding windows are weather stripped to resist 25 mph winds, 50 lbs. rains. Windows are glazed flush with frame to make washing easier, but vinyl muil-strips installed between the prime and storm give a traditional small-pane effect. Window extrusions are .062" aluminum (at the sill) fastened with stainless screws. Locks are claimed to be tam-proof, screens and sash easy to remove. Peterson Window Corp, Ferndale, Mich. For details, check No. 37 on coupon.

Door closers don't have to be shaped. Modern air-conditioned home use modern closers, like this new one Sargent, to save on cooling costs while pleasing the eye. Sargent's new series of surface or concealed mounting interior or exterior doors are only 1 1/4" thick, project only 1/4" from the surface or be installed in 1 3/4" wood or metal. Field tested since 1956, closer is guaranteed for 1,000,000 cycles. Sargent & Co, New Haven. For details, check No. 38 on coupon.

Countertop light is less than 1" can be used under cabinets without ing space. Units are 12 1/2" long, 5" can be mounted end to end to cover counter length. Lamp uses a single 1 (8-w) fluorescent tube to give 40 ft c at 15". Diffuser is a non-discoloring plastics, metal parts are white ename Stainless steel. Each unit has an outlet. List prices: $13.35 to $15.2 Alco Mfg Co, Chicago. For details, check No. 39 on coupon.
Be sure to catch

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Plant: DOVER, MASS. • Serving the Northeast U.S.A.

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PROVEN 66% BETTER THAN RECOGNIZED AIR INFILTRATION STANDARDS

To gain real savings in air conditioning and heating operations you want to use a truly weather-tight window. All Watson windows feature thick wool pile weather-stripping, vinyl glazing and rugged aluminum design which make them 66% better than recognized standards as proven by actual air infiltration tests by a Texas College. Precision engineered of troublefree aluminum . . . adapted to brick, frame or masonry construction . . . come glazed and ready to install—Watson windows, in a variety of styles and sizes, are guaranteed 5 years. See SWEETS or write today for complete catalog!

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THERE'S A YEOMANS LOW-COST
SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEM

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   loans.
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   no backup.
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   posers, detergents from automatic
   washers, ALL modern home appli­
  iances.
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   ter price.
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12 Models for all home sizes.
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   turer and installer.
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   network.

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ALL YOU NEED TO KNOW ON
HOME SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Published especially for builders, this fast-reading booklet gives the solution to any problem you might meet in home sewage disposal. Covers single-home systems, central plants, temporary facilities, connection to municipal lines, different types of terrain, lift stations, and health considerations for one to 1500 homes. Not technical! Forty pages, full of helpful illustrations. Fill out this coupon for your free copy of “The Homebuilder's Guide to Effective Sewage Disposal.”

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Insulated duct for year-round conditioning systems is made of rigid Fiber insulation bonded to a thick aluminum vapor barrier with flame resistant adhe.

Duct is shipped in the round or as prescored lengths ready to be folded rectangular sections. Fiberglas acts insulation against heat and an acosto damper on system noises. Aluminum as a tough finish, a vapor barrier, reflective insulation. Only a knife, sta and pressure sensitive tape are neede install the ducts.

Owens-Corning, Toledo.

For details, check No. 40 on coupon, p

Hydronic zone control is ther.

As temperature falls, motor

valve opens to allow hot water to flow to radiators; when temperature reaches r heat, valve closes. Slow opening (45 prevents hammer, avoids sudden ch<

in temperature. Valves are available 3/2", 1", 1 1/2" pipe, can be used a a boiler or in the zone and in any pos White-Rodgers valves meet FHA rec

White-Rodgers Co, St Louis.

For details, check No. 41 on coupon,

Low-voltage valve for zoning we

systems draws electricity only when

ing or closing on signal from its own mos tat. Valve includes a position ind and auxiliary set of controls, can b erated manually when necessary. Ava in 3/2", 1", 1 1/2" sizes. Regent zone -

are timed to operate slowly to avoid den changes in temperature.

Regent Engr Co, Wood Dale, Ill.

For details, check No. 42 on coupon,
**minum clapboard** in white and four colors is made by Wisco, Inc. Panels are 12'6" long with 8" exposure, are edged with two layers of baked enamel on the outside face, with an acid-resistant film on the inner face. Vent holes y 16" on bottom edge let moist air out. Nailing slots 5/16" wide are ed 2" oc along the top edge. Wisco is complete with all aluminum trim accessories.

Wisco, Inc., Detroit.

Details, check No. 43 on coupon, p 188

**Panels** combine siding and hinging. Panel-Lock panels are 4' long, a 14" exposure, can be cut and fitted to direction to fit around doors or windows. Shake, backer board, and interlocking strips are held together with nails. The panels are installed the joints between panels are staggered from course to course to prevent "rivers." Shakes may be bought with either striked or sanded face, and may be primed for custom painting on the job. Interiors-finished in many colors.

**Electric shoe polisher** for your model house electric shoe polisher, complete with brush and polishing bonnet. Com-power unit is toe operated, gives a sional shine in 60 seconds. Suction hold it firmly to the floor or it can mounted on a table to polish silver, r goods, sports equipment, or anything that needs buffing.

**Powers** specialists in THERMOSTATIC CONTROL SINCE 1921

This man wanted bathing comfort, his wife, smart styling and simplicity. Both wanted a safe bathroom for the children. The answer was a Hydroguard Tub-Shower Control.

Yes, the Hydroguard with its 100% thermostatic protection, delivers water only at the exact temperature desired and maintains it regardless of other running water in any part of the home. Its sleek, single-dial control enhances the tub area with distinctive simplicity and the appeal of convenience. Children can be trusted to operate it — for even when turned to maximum "hot", water temperature is held within the limit of complete safety.

When Mr. and Mrs. ——— ask about bath accessories, be sure to tell them about the comfortable, stylish and safe Hydroguard. You'll have added another touch to make their home a more appreciated home.

Get all the facts about Hydroguard. Fill out and mail coupon.

**POWERS**

**I'm Glad We Were Told About HYDROGUARD® For Our Tub and Shower**


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**Tub Accessory Coupon**

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Dept. 1258, Skokie 20, Illinois
I would like specific information about the Hydroguard Thermostatic Tub-Shower Control.

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I would like specific information about the Hydroguard Thermostatic Tub-Shower Control.

Name __________________________
Title __________________________
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Bob Schmitt checks application of Insulite Primed Siding. It looks like wood, works like wood... but has no knots, no splits, no grain. Half inch thick. All lap siding 12" wide, and 8', 12' or 16' long. Grooved or plain panels in easy-handling 4' x 8' size. Every piece is prime coated at factory on all sides, ends, edges and grooves.
Looking for money-making ideas? See how Bob Schmitt uses Insulite Primed Siding!

Last fall, a national magazine had this to say about Bob Schmitt, head of Fred Schmitt Construction Co., Berea, Ohio: "He has what may be the most efficient system for small builders in the country. It's the answer to a builder's prayer."

Since its introduction, Insulite Primed Siding has been a regular part of Schmitt's system. He was the first builder in his area to use it. It is now the only lap siding he applies. And with vertical grooved Primed Siding, he has worked out a two-tone painting method which has proved highly attractive to buyers.

Schmitt builds about 70 houses a year, in every price range from $15,000 to $50,000. He is widely respected for top-quality building, ingenious engineering and many cost-saving innovations.

About Insulite Primed Siding he says: "First, it makes really beautiful homes. We use all three types—horizontal, vertical grooved panels, and plain panels with battens. That gives us an endless variety of patterns and textures, in a single material, from a single source of supply. Also, Primed Siding cuts application and painting costs remarkably."

Want more information on this new way to build? Write us—Insulite, Minneapolis 2, Minnesota.

Bob Schmitt says: "Primed Siding is invaluable for bad weather work. We can finish up fast; then go back and paint later."

"Application cost? Very low, indeed. With vertical grooved Primed Siding panels, we apply 1,000 ft. in 20 man-hours."

"We've cut our waste to an absolute minimum, with Primed Siding. Those reversible edges save a lot of scrap on gable ends."

build better, save labor, with

NEW Insulite Primed Siding

Insulite Division, Minnesota and Ontario Paper Company, Minneapolis 2, Minnesota

Award winning home shown at left was the first job on which Schmitt used Insulite Primed Siding. Today, in the same development, every one of his fine, distinctive homes is sold before completion, to a buyer on the waiting list.
"I think the only effective photograph that can be made of architecture is three dimensional."

"In the kind of architecture I represent, it's the third dimension—depth—that gives it quality and effect. And stereo photography is the only way you can get that third dimension," says world-famous architect Frank Lloyd Wright.

"Now it is possible to get a photograph of a building that gives you a feeling of being in that building."

Realism of Realist stereo—a strong sales aid. Regardless of what phase of construction you are in, Realist stereo can be a valuable sales tool.

The natural colors and depth of Realist stereo slides show buildings, remodeling or decorating handiwork with life-like realism—hold the undivided attention of prospective client or buyer.

A Realist stereo camera and hand viewer are all the equipment you need to put this effective sales aid to work for you.

To learn how Realist stereo can help you sell faster and with greater ease, fill in and mail the coupon below, today.

Slide duplicating—Realist, Inc. makes duplicate stereo and 35 mm. slides with amazing accuracy. Order 1 slide or 1,000 with the assurance each will be a clear-cut copy of the original. Mounted in cardboard, ready for viewing. New low prices to industry. Fast delivery.
For profitable apartments
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compact kitchens by Dwyer

FREE CATALOG gives you full particulars and specifications on the entire Dwyer line. Models from 39 to 69 inches in width, gas or electric. Mail coupon today.

Dwyer Products Corporation
Dept. H-1512, Michigan City, Indiana

Please send new catalog on Dwyer compact kitchens.
Name
Address

For insulation
A booklet from Minnesota Mining tells you what to use and how to use it to help seal insulation. Products specified: brous mats, sheet cork, rock wool asbestos, asphalt, and blanket-type as to metal ducts, drywall, sheathed other surfaces, or seal joints in locity air-duct systems. 4pp.

For sales accessories
Hewton Hardware offers an 8-page catalog of their cast-aluminum mailboxes, vanes, house and lawn signs, door locks, and free selling displays. List are included. Hewton Hardware, New York City.

For Lu-Re-Co walls
Stainless steel windows made by F. C. to fit into Lu-Re-Co's panel system are shown: three sliders, two hung, two stacked models. All are wide, to fit within a 4' Lu-Re-Co. Net less-than-truckload prices run $24.35 to $45.75.

For figure heat costs
A slide calculator developed for the Division of Robbins & Myers you quickly calculate the heat loss from room and the amount of electricity to offset it. The Estimator contains a two-part slide rule and a chart for temperatures for 152 US cities. List obtained agree with operating cost development by the National Electrical Manufacturers Assn.

For plate with glass
Fused glass in several styles is shown potential use in a 20-page brochure by Mississippi Glass Co. The glass is for skylights, entrance ways, wind room dividers, partitions, as well windows, doors, bath enclosures, etc. Company makes over 20 types of plate and structural glass.

For wood kitchen cabinets?
A twage brochure from the trade association fourth ten advantages in factory-cabinets that will help you sell kitchens. The pamphlet is designed as a mailer to your prospective National Institute of Wood Kitchen Chicago.

For build shop storage
Steel has replaced its old Dexion Angle with a new knockdown stor stem called AIM Brand Slotted Steel. The new product is described in the folder that suggests uses for the and ways stock lengths of the on can be cut and assembled. Sugg- es: sheet racks, work tables, pal- cabs, catwalks, tool cages, etc.

Dwyer Steel Co, Chicago.

FREE CATALOG gives you full particulars and specifications on the entire Dwyer line. Models from 39 to 69 inches in width, gas or electric. Mail coupon today.

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Dept. H-1512, Michigan City, Indiana

Please send new catalog on Dwyer compact kitchens.
Name
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a quick switch...

...of this RAM SPREADER attachment with the bucket of the "PAYLOADER" tractor-shovel and you have an economical asphalt paver that lays down hot or cold mix in strips up to 8-ft. wide in a single pass. Use it to place new pavement, to resurface or patch streets, driveways, alleys, sidewalks, playgrounds or parking lots.

Operator has convenient control lever to adjust for thickness and width. Sliding gates are removed for 8-ft. width, or adjusted for widths to 48-in. Spreader features 2-cu. yd. capacity hopper, independently suspended on 4 pneumatic tires, and a separate air-cooled gas engine that provides pressure for the hydraulic motor drive of twin 8-in. diameter augers and all hydraulic control cylinders.

Attached to the highly maneuverable "PAYLOADER" this machine can work in close quarters where pavers and trucks can’t operate. Get more details from your Hough Distributor on this spreader and the many other interchangeable attachments that multiply the unusual work-ability of "PAYLOADER" tractor-shovels.

The Frank G. Hough Co., 839 Sunnyside Ave., Libertyville, Ill.
to use glass screens

2d photographs of the wide range of
designs and patterns available in Glas-Wich
innovative decorative safety glass—are
in Dearborn Glass' new 16-page
booklet. Among the natural materials
depicted: leaves, ferns, butterflies, bambooonic patterns and shapes, and metallic threads and shapes, in 15 colors, 10 metal-olors, 7 translucent and 9 transparent backgrounds. Booklet suggests ways to use various patterns for use in en-

trusts, soffits, room dividers, etc. Dearborn Glass Co., Bedford Park, Ill.
your check No. 65 on coupon, p 188

red lead paint

ical Letter No. 13 from the lead
association reports on a new rust-

seal paint formulated for new, or weathered metal surfaces.
ap Industries Assn, New York City.
your check No. 66 on coupon, p 188

new heating bulletins

in 1000 from Chromalox tells how
to use electric heating cable, tape, and
to stop freeze-up problems. Water
gutter, walk, driveway, and flower
stallations are described.
your check No. 67 on coupon, p 188

n F-1614 tells how to use Chroma-infrared heaters, in ceiling mounts, to heat large open
in the shop or on the job or to
spoil heating problems.
in L. Wiegand Co., Pittsburgh.
your check No. 68 on coupon, p 188

o skylight catalog

age of Marcolite custom-line sky-
and roof panels, MP economy sky-
nits, manual and automatic ventila-
ylights, lighted or insulated fire vents
of scuttles, as well as custom shapes,
now in this 12-page catalog. Sizes,
cations, installation details, etc, are
cluded.
co Co., East Orange, NJ.
your check No. 69 on coupon, p 188

to use lightweight concrete
akers of Durox, a 30 to 45 lb per
cement, offer three publications
their product: a 4-page folder de-
g the types of units they produce;
specifications for Durox roof slabs;
species for Durox wall panels. Durox Corp, Englewood, Colo.
your check No. 70 on coupon, p 188

rs, casings, and screeds

laster grounds of all sorts are
now in a new 4-page catalog from Cas-
cing, casing beads, corner beads, and
creeds are detailed as to type, cross-
n, dimensions, materials, packaging.
ings, Inc., Milwaukee.
your check No. 71 on coupon, p 188

booklets from Haskelite

envelope-stuffer gives factual data
skelitite solid and hollow-core doors,
ng specifications.
your check No. 72 on coupon, p 188

4-page technical catalog sheet de-
d the types of units they produce:
ral, and aircraft plywood, backed and un-
oralite plastic laminates, Plymell
aced laminated panels, Hasklite Mfg Co, Grand Rapids, Mich.
your check No. 73 on coupon, p 188

“Business is booming...”
says Marty Braun

“...because folks know we pay
attention to details...such as using

X-PANIM SHELVES

in our homes!”

Martin Braun is a highly respected
name in the home building industry.
Besides heading up his own firm, he
is president of the Home Builder's
Association of Chicagoland, and has
a well-earned reputation for building
quality homes. That's why he chose
X-Panda Shelves for his 400-home
development in Martindale.
Here's the way he feels about
X-Panda Shelves: "Now we can open
our closets and be proud of them.
Every shelf is perfect and beautifully
finished—no splinters, no warping.
We figure total costs are less, too—
and we're getting a much superior
product. X-Panda Shelves are one of
those extra features you can talk
about—they help us build integrity
into our homes."

There's no argument with success
—Marty Braun is enjoying the best
year of his career. Attention to de-
tails—including X-Panda Shelves—is
helping him.
You, too, can give your homes an-
other "plus" value that helps sell
them—X-Panda Shelves.

WRITE FOR FREE BOOKLET TODAY

HC Sales Co.
3300 N.E. Adams Street, Peoria, Ill.
Please rush me literature on X-Panda Shelves.

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Address_______________________
City___________________________
State__________________________

CHECK THESE FEATURES:
• Telescoping shelf, pole and accessories in a
  package
• Install in 5 minutes, nothing to cut, fit or
  paint
• Save 80% on total labor, 10% to 20% on
  total installed costs
• Closet can be painted before installing
• Shelves and accessories for every need—
clothes closets, linen closets, wall shelves, etc.
Millions of people are being told that these “evils” never occur in homes that are Plugmold-ed. Give your homes the hallmark of extraordinary convenience—put in Plugmold and watch your closings soar.

* Saturday Evening Post

Paint spraying equipment

Campbell-Hausfeld’s new catalog shows air spraying equipment for all types of service from small portable units to big tank models. Also shown: air compressors, spray guns of all types, pressure gauges and regulators, filters, valves, respiratory couplings, hose assemblies, tanks, carts, etc.

For copy, check No. 75 on coupon below

A guide to Azrock floors

A new four-color booklet from this manufacturer shows all current colors and patterns in Azrock asphalt tile, Vina-Lux vinyl asbestos tile, Azphlex vinylized tile, and Duraco vinyl industrial tile, plus rubber base coves and Vina-Lux feature strip. Composition, special characteristics, and specifications are included for each product.

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21. Joseph Gorder incinerators
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24. Bryant air conditioner
25. Comfortemp air conditioner
26. Frigidaire 1959 appliances
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28. Hotpoint 1959 appliances
29. General Electric 1959 appliances
30. ASA Homes prefab components
31. Slow portable heaters
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33. Morris-Pelmet portable heaters
34. Thermadue ceiling heater
35. Kno-Draft air diffuser
36. Nu-Tone ceiling fan
37. Peterson Penguin windows
38. Surgen door closer
39. Alko counter light

PUBLICATIONS

40. Fiberglas insulated duct
41. White-R Rodgers zone valve
42. Regent zone valve
43. Wico aluminum siding
44. Mississippi patterned glass
45. Cabinet Institute brochure
46. Acme A.M. shelving
47. Sears drill/anchor catalog
48. Moe guide to modular lighting
49. Har-Vey door hardware
50. J. I. Case forklift brochure
51. J. I. Case ’dozer’ brochure
52. Merkis color kit
53. Leigh vents and range hoods
54. GE heating controls
55. L.O.F. Golfing invasion
56. Dearborn Glass-Wich
57. Lead industries bulletin No. 11
58. Chromalox heating tapers
59. Chromalox infrared heaters
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